

Directions: In this question, a part of the sentence is made bold. Below are given alternatives to the bold part at (A), (B), (C) and (D) which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case no replacement is needed, mark (E) as your answer.

1. Researchers have developed a process **to using magnetic** with brain-like networks to program and teach devices.

A. to using magnetical

☒ B. to use magnetics

☒ C. for using magnetic

D. to be used magnetic

E. No correction required

2. Nala pakam is a term **which originated from** King Nala's proficiency in cooking.

A. that originated of

B. which has been originated off

☒ C. which has originated from

D. that has the origin off

☒ E. No correction required

3. Poverty is too much with us and its presence across vast stretches of our country **disturbed our conscious.**

A. disturbed our consciousness

B. disturb its conscience

C. disturbs our conscious

☒ D. disturbs our conscience

E. No correction required

4. For **decade company which** make soap, lotions and perfumes have relied on a chemical called Bourgeonal.

A. decades company that

B. decade companies which

☒ C. decades companies that

D. decade the company which

E. No correction required

5. As far as I know them, they all are atheist **and** they observe fast during the Navratre.

A. because

☒ B. but

☒ C. yet

D. so

E. No correction required

6. Whenever you enter someone else's living room, good manners suggest that you should **take out** your shoes.

- A. put off
- ✓ B. take off
- C. take back
- ✓ D. wear off
- E. No correction required

7. There is nothing **quite depressing** than low level of unemployment in India.

- A. as depressing
- B. this depressing
- ✓ C. more depressing
- D. as depressing as

8. All the matches of Cricket World Cup **will be broadcasted** on Start Cricket.

- A. will broadcast
- B. are going to broadcast
- C. going to be broadcasted
- D. will be broadcast
- ✓ E. No correction required

9. After a few hours the kids who fell from the second floor of the building began to **come out**.

- A. come round
- B. come on
- C. come with
- D. come to
- ✓ E. No correction required

10. He did not mention how old he was or **what is his gender**.

- ✓ A. what was his gender
- B. what gender of his was
- ✓ C. what his gender was
- D. what the gender of him is
- E. No correction required

FIND ERROR IN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES:

11. He has spent a lot (A)/ on the education of his children (B)/ but ~~neither~~ of his three children (C)/ has performed well. (D)/ No error (E)/

12. The local team had been practising (A)/ for over an year (B)/ and so it was a surprise (C)/ to see them loose the final match. (D)/ No error (E)/

13. The driver lost control of the truck (A)/ and hit a stationery bus (B)/ which then rolled down the slope (C)/ and sank into the lake. (D)/ No error (E)/

14. The principle motive of the company (A)/ is to keep the wages of workers low (B)/ so that they do not stay long enough (C)/ to claim retirement benefits (D)/ No error (E)/

15. Ravi and Mukesh started the test (A)/ together but after an hour (B)/ Ravi had attempted (C)/ five less problems than Mukesh (D)/ No error (E)/

16. Everyone like the items (A)/ served by the restaurant (B)/ down the lane but (C)/ I like it's coffee the most. (D)/ No error (E)/

17. The affects of Government's monetary policy (A)/ are evident from the fact (B)/ that more and more people (C)/ have begun filing tax returns. (D)/ No error (E)/

18. Just before his retirement (A)/ John decided to divide his property between his four children (B)/ and also nominate his eldest son (C)/ as the Chairman of the company. (D)/ No error (E)/

19. The lame deer, when chased by the hunter, (A)/ jumped into the river (B)/ and being unable to swim (C)/ sank in its rapid waters. (D)/ No error (E)/

20. On the orders of the Supreme Court (A)/ and having failed to obtain (B)/ a pardon from the President (C)/ the criminal was finally hung in the Central Jail. (D)/ No error (E)/

CLOZE TEST :

The founders of the Indian Republic 21._____ the farsightedness and courage to commit 22. _____ to two major innovations of historical significance in nation-building and social engineering: first, to 23._____ democratic and civil 24._____ society among illiterate people and, second, to undertake economic development 25._____ democratic political structure. Hitherto, in all societies in which an economic takeoff or an early industrial and agricultural 26._____ had occurred, effective democracy, especially from the working people, had been extremely limited. On the other hand, 27._____ the beginning, India was committed to 28._____ democratic and civil libertarian political order and a representative system of government 29._____ on free and fair elections to be conducted on the basis of universal adult franchise.

21. a) had b) has c) has d) had were

22. a) them b) themselves

c) the people d) the course

23. a) build b) building c) constructing d) built

24. a) libertarian b) liberation c) liberating d) liberty

25. a) with a b) within a c) for the d) without a

26. a) breakthrough b) breakout

c) breaking d) investment

27. a) with b) from c) within d) for

28.a)few b)some c)a. d)an

29.a)basing. b)basis of. c)based. d)function

Directions (Q30 -Q 39) Read the following passage to answer the given questions based on it.

Some words/phrases are printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions. Keshav and Yash lived in neighboring villages. Once, a fair was held nearby and they set off from their homes hoping to do some business there. Keshav filled his sack with cheap cotton, overlaid it with a layer of fine wool, and set off for the fair. Meanwhile Yash, collected some old clothes, put a layer of sheer cotton on top and made his way to the fair. Each stopped to

rest under tree and got to talking. "I have the finest wool in my sack," boasted Keshav. Not to be outdone. Yash said, "I have cotton of the most superior quality.

The two struck a deal. They would exchange their goods and since wool was more expensive, Yash would pay Keshav an extra rupee. But Yash had no money on him. So after agreeing to pay Keshav later, they went home, laughing at each other's folly. It did not take them long to discover that they had been duped. The next day, Keshav landed at Yash's house, "You cheat! Give me my rupee at least." Yash was untroubled by Keshav's word, "Of course. But first help me find the treasure at the bottom of this well. We can divide it." So Keshav went into the well. But each time Yash, hauled up the bucket Keshav had filled, he said, "Oh! No treasure here. Try again." Keshav soon realised he was being used as free labour to clean the well. So he gave a loud shout, "Here is the treasure! Watch out it's heavy !" Yash was amazed that there actually was treasure in the well. As soon as he pulled up the bucket he threw away the rope so that Keshav could not come up. But, what did he find in the bucket? Keshav covered in mud! They began fighting again. Soon it got too dark to continue and they left for their homes. But Keshav did not give up easily. He arrived at Yash's house a few days later. Yash stopped him and told his wife, "I will pretend to be dead. Keshav will have to give up." But when Keshav heard Yash's wife wailing, rushed out to gather the villagers. "My friend has died. Let's take his body of cremation." Yash's wife got scared, "Go away. I shall arrange for cremation Myself !" But the villagers thought she was too grief stricken. Once they reached the cremation ground, Keshav told the villagers, "It is getting dark. I shall watch over him during the night." When the villagers had left, Keshav said to Yash, "Stop pretending. Give me my money !" Now, a gang of thieves came upon them and seeing one figure seated on the funeral pyre and another standing next to him talking, they assumed them to be ghosts and dropped their bag of stolen goods and left at top speed. The two, saw the bag full of gold and silver ornaments and divided it between themselves. Keshav made sure he got an extra gold coin and the account was settled at least!

29. What made the two young men decide to visit the fair?

- A. They thought they could get jobs and support themselves.
- B. They wanted to trade their goods at the fair and earn some money.
- C. To sell the produce they had grown for a handsome profit
- D. Being unemployed they thought they could entrain people at the fair.

E. Not clearly mentioned in the passage

30. What were Keshav and Yash quarrelling about?

- A. The cost of wool
- B. The interest on the loan Yash had taken
- C. Dividing the thieves' treasure equally
- D. The money Yash owed Keshav
- E. The wages for digging the well

31. Why were the two men happy despite not going to the fair?

- A. They had managed to buy whatever they needed on the way
- B. They had got a good deal in exchange for a rupee
- C. They had become fast friends and had made a lot of money in the bargain.
- D. Each thought he had got the better deal and had swindled the other.
- E. None of these

32. Why did the villagers gather at Yash's house?

- A. Yash's wife was very upset seeing Keshav and her husband arguing
- B. To help Yash's wife carry Yash's body home as night had fallen
- C. To give Yash's wife the news of her husband's death
- D. They wanted to keep watch over Yash's wife during the night
- E. Villagers gathered to cremate Yash.

33. Why did Yash request Keshav to go down into the well?

- A. He knew Keshav was smart and would clean it thoroughly
- B. He was in search of treasure that he had buried.
- C. To trick Keshav into cleaning it.
- D. His wife had refused to help him.
- E. To make Keshav earn the extra gold coin.

34. Which of the following can't be said about the two young men?

- I. They were lazy and made their wives work.
 - II. They were a match for each other in shrewdness.
 - III. They were dishonest and tried to swindle each other.
- A. only I B. only I and III C. only II and III D. all I, II and III E. none of these

35. Why did Keshav get an extra gold coin from the thieves treasure?

- A. as payment for digging the well
- B. it was the amount Yash owed Keshav for protecting him from the thieves.
- C. as repayment of the rupee that Yash owed him
- D. it was his idea to spend the night at the cremation ground
- E. he had proved to be cleverer than Yash

36. What was Keshav's reaction to Yash's presumed death'?

- A. He immediately sent for the villagers to comfort Yash's wife.
- B. He was very upset because he realised that he would never recover his money.
- C. He paid for all Yash's funeral arrangements.
- D. He could not be consoled and kept watch over Yash's body all night.
- E. He knew Yash was pretending and decided to trick him too.

37. What frightened the thieves?

- A. The sight of what they thought were the spirits of the dead.
- B. The realisation that the villagers would soon return.
- C. Someone had discovered their hiding place.
- D. Their loot had been stolen by other thieves.
- E. The villagers had lit a funeral pyre for them.

38. Which of the following NOT TRUE in the context of the passage?

- A. Keshav was persevering by nature.
- B. There was no treasure buried in Yash's well.
- C. Keshav guarded Yash's body because he knew thieves lived there.
- D. Yash's wife supported her husband in his crooked dealings.
- E. Neither Keshav nor Yash could be trusted to keep his word.

39. Choose the word that is most SIMILAR in meaning:

DISCOVER

- A. Invent B. Explore C. Locate
- D. Realise E. Research

Sentences of a paragraph are given below in jumbled order. Arrange the sentences in the correct order to form a meaningful and coherent paragraph.

40.

- A. A panther is reported to have broken into a house yesterday in search of food and shelter.
- B. The villagers heard his cries and ran to the house but the scared animal had run away through the window by then.
- C. It secretly slouched into a room where a young man named Johnny was sleeping, who suddenly woke up and realised that the beast was roaming around his bed.
- D. Just as the panther was about to leap on him, he swiftly shot out of bed and hid in a closet.

A. ABDC B. BDCA C. ACDB D. DCAB

41.

- A. They also wore felt caps to cover their ears.
- B. They wore trousers tucked into leather boots.
- C. This place was famous for its skilful archers and horsemen.
- D. In the 5th and 4th centuries BC, today's south Ukraine was known as Scythia.

A.BCDA B.CBDA C.ABCD ☒ D.DCBA

42.

While physical movement

- P. activities may not require physical
- Q. is important for children, all learning
- R. the part of teachers and students
- S. movement and facial expressions on

A.PRQS B. RSPQ C. QSRP ☒ D.QPSR

43.

- P. Main source of water for Wular Lake is River Jhelum.
- Q. Wular Lake is also said to be a remnant of Satisar Lake that existed in ancient times.
- R. This lake also has a small island in its centre called the 'Zaina Lank'.
- S. This island was constructed by king Zainul-Abi-Din.

A.RPQS ☒ B. PQRS C. QSRP ☒ D.PRSQ

44.

Jobseekers are not

- P. being unemployed are a test of faith
- Q. self-purification, where the difficulties of
- R. relentlessly to a pilgrimage of
- S. fatalistic but reapply themselves

A. SPQR B.PQSR ☒ C.SRQP D. RPSQ

In each of the following sentences, there is a blank space. Below each such sentence, there are five options with one word each. Fill up the blank with the word that makes the sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

45.As we drove up to the fort of Bhangarh in Alwar district of Rajasthan, from the Sariska Tiger Reserve, we by the Ajabgarh fort. Since entry into Bhangarh is restricted after sunset, we were in a hurry. I didn't climb up the Ajabgarh fort, but I its base.

- A crossed, embraced
- ☒ B passed, explored
- C.survived, regret
- D.passed, catered
- crossed, handled

46. Though it was midday, it quite lonely, and a long walk, so we hired a local guide. Guides after all tell the most colourful tales and gossip!

- A. appeared, hybrid
- B. seemed, huge
- ☒ C. seemed, sensational
- D. appears, sentimental

47. The more of cricket followers sometimes pause to ask the question: what kind of a national team do we want? In Australia, after the recent ball-tampering row and the ban on their top players, an official into the culture of the game there examined that very question.

- ☒ A. sensitive, enquiry
- B. obsessed, encroach
- C. delicate, implication
- ☒ D. fans, prosecution

48. An middle class with disposable income, demand from non-resident Indians, celebrity endorsements and the mushrooming of matrimonial event companies have led to the growing popularity of destination weddings, to the study.

- (a) affluent
- (b) amazing
- (c) management
- (d) functioning
- (e) according
- (e) facing

- A. ABC
- B. DEF
- ☒ C. ACE
- D. BDF
- E. ADF

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