

Stack and Queue Implementation

1614. Maximum Nesting Depth of the Parentheses

i C++

Autocomplete

```
1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     int maxDepth(string s) {
4         int i=0;
5         int max=0;
6         int len=0;
7         string l,m,n;
8         m="(";
9         n=")";
10        for(i=0;i<s.length();i++)
11        {
12            l=s[i];
13
14            if(l.compare(m)==0)
15            {
16                len++;
17            }
18            if(l.compare(n)==0)
19            {
20                len--;
21            }
22            if(len>max)
23            {
24                max=len;
25            }
26        }
27        return max;
28    }
29 };
```

1021. Remove Outermost Parentheses

i C++ • Autocomplete

```
1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     string removeOuterParentheses(string s) {
4         string str="";
5         int count=0;
6         for(char c:s)
7             {if(c=='(')
8                 { if(count++)
9                     {
10                         str=str+c;
11                     }}
12                 if(c==')')
13                     {if(--count)
14                         {
15                             str=str+c;
16                         }}
17             }}
18         return str;
19     }
20 }
21 };
```

897. Increasing Order Search Tree

```
i C++ Autocomplete
10 *};
11 */
12 class Solution {
13 public:
14     void pushall(TreeNode* root, stack<TreeNode*>& s)
15     {while(root->left)
16      {root=root->left;
17       cout<<root->val;
18       s.push(root);}
19     return;}
20     TreeNode* increasingBST(TreeNode* root) {
21         if(root==NULL)
22             return NULL;
23         stack<TreeNode*> s;
24         s.push(root);
25         pushall(root,s);
26         TreeNode* newroot=s.top();
27         TreeNode* prev=NULL;
28         while(!s.empty())
29         {TreeNode* temp=s.top();
30          s.pop();
31          if(temp->right)
32          {s.push(temp->right);
33           pushall(temp->right,s);}
34          if(prev!=NULL)
35          {prev->left=NULL;
36           prev->right=temp;}
37          prev=temp;}
38         prev->left=NULL;
39         prev->right=NULL;
40         return newroot;
41     }
42 }
43 };
```

1475. Final Prices With a Special Discount in a Shop

```
i C++ Autocomplete

1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     vector<int> finalPrices(vector<int>& prices) {
4         vector<int> ans;
5         int b,i,j,cur,flag;
6         for(i=0;i<prices.size();i++)
7             {cur=prices[i];
8
9             flag=0;
10            for(j=i+1;j<prices.size();j++)
11            {
12                if(cur>=prices[j])
13                {
14                    ans.push_back(cur-prices[j]);
15                    flag=1;
16                    break;
17                }
18                if(j==(prices.size()-1))
19                    ans.push_back(cur);
20            }
21            ans.push_back(prices[prices.size()-1]);
22            return ans;
23        }
24    };
}
```

682. Baseball Game

i C++

• Autocomplete

```
1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     int calPoints(vector<string>& ops) {
4         stack<int> s;
5         for(auto it: ops)
6         {
7             if(it=="+")
8             {int a=s.top();
9              s.pop();
10             int b=s.top();
11             s.pop();
12             s.push(b);
13             s.push(a);
14             s.push(a+b);
15         }
16         else if(it=="D")
17             s.push(s.top()*2);
18         else if(it=="C")
19             s.pop();
20         else
21         {int a=stoi(it);
22          s.push(a);}
23     }
24     int sum=0;
25     while(!s.empty())
26     {
27         sum+=s.top();
28         s.pop();
29     }
30     return sum;
31 }
32 };
```

1047. Remove All Adjacent Duplicates In String

```
i C++ ▼ ● Autocomplete
2 ▼ class Solution {
3   public:
4 ▼   string removeDuplicates(string s) {
5     // stack<char> st;
6     // string ans="";
7     // for(auto curr:s) {
8     //     if(st.empty()) st.push(curr);
9     //     else if(st.top() == curr) st.pop();
10    //     else st.push(curr);
11    // }while(!st.empty()) {
12    //     ans += st.top();
13    //     st.pop();
14    // }
15    // reverse(ans.begin(), ans.end());
16    // return ans;
17
18    stack<char> st;
19    string ans="";
20    for(auto c:s)
21    {if(st.empty())
22      st.push(c);
23      else if(st.top()==c)
24        st.pop();
25      else
26        st.push(c); }
27    while(!st.empty())
28    { ans+=st.top();
29      st.pop();
30    }
31    reverse(ans.begin(),ans.end());
32    return ans;
33  }
34 }
35 };
```

496. Next Greater Element I

```
i C++ Autocomplete i {} ↺ ⚙

1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     vector<int> nextGreaterElement(vector<int>& nums1, vector<int>& nums2) {
4         unordered_map<int, int> mpp;
5         stack<int> s;
6         vector<int> ans;
7         for(int i=nums2.size()-1;i>=0;i--)
8         {
9             // {if(s.size()==0)
10            // {
11
12            // }
13            if(!s.empty() && s.top()>nums2[i])
14                mpp[nums2[i]]=s.top();
15            else if( !s.empty() && s.top()<nums2[i])
16            {
17                while(!s.empty() && s.top()<nums2[i] )
18                {
19                    s.pop();
20                }
21                if(!s.empty())
22                    mpp[nums2[i]]=s.top();
23            }
24            s.push(nums2[i]);
25        }
26        for(auto it: nums1)
27        {
28            ans.push_back(mpp.count(it) ? mpp[it] : -1);
29        }
30
31        return ans;
32    }
};
```


1700. Number of Students Unable to Eat Lunch

```
i C++ Autocomplete i {} ↺  
1 class Solution {  
2 public:  
3     int countStudents(vector<int>& students, vector<int>& sandwiches) {  
4         int student_count = students.size(), circular_stu=0, square_stu=0;  
5         for(int i=0; i<students.size(); i++){  
6             if(students[i] == 0){circular_stu++;}  
7             else{square_stu++;}  
8         }  
9         for(int i=0; i<sandwiches.size(); i++){  
10            if(sandwiches[i] == 0){  
11                if(circular_stu > 0){  
12                    student_count--;  
13                    circular_stu--;  
14                }  
15                else{return student_count;}  
16            }  
17            else{  
18                if(square_stu > 0){  
19                    student_count--;  
20                    square_stu--;  
21                }  
22                else{return student_count;}  
23            }  
24        }  
25        return student_count;  
26    }  
27 };
```

1598. Crawler Log Folder

i C++

Autocomplete

```
1 class Solution {  
2 public:  
3     int minOperations(vector<string>& logs) {  
4         int x=0;  
5         for(auto it: logs)  
6         {  
7             if(it=="../")  
8             {  
9                 x++;  
10                if(x>0)  
11                    x=0;  
12            }  
13            else if(it!="../")  
14                x--;  
15        }  
16        return x>=0 ? 0 : -x;  
17    };  
};
```

20. Valid Parentheses

```
C++ Autocomplete
1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     bool isValid(string s) {
4         stack<char> st;
5         for(auto it: s)
6         {
7             if(it=='(' || it=='[' || it=='{')
8                 st.push(it);
9             else
10            { if(st.empty())
11                return false;
12                else if(st.top()=='(' && it!=')')
13                    return false;
14                else if(st.top()=='{' && it!='}')
15                    return false;
16                else if(st.top()=='[' && it!=']')
17                    return false;
18                else
19                    st.pop();
20            }
21        }
22        if(st.empty()==0)
23            return false;
24        return true;
25    }
26};
```

921. Minimum Add to Make Parentheses Valid

```
C++  Autocomplete

1  class Solution {
2  public:
3      int minAddToMakeValid(string s) {
4          stack<char> st;
5          int ans=0;
6          for(auto it: s)
7              {if(it=='(')
8                  st.push(it);
9                  else if(it==')')
10                     {
11                         if(st.empty())
12                             ans++;
13                         else
14                             st.pop();
15                     }
16              }
17          ans=ans+st.size();
18          return ans;
19      }
20  };
21
22
```

1963. Minimum Number of Swaps to Make the String Balanced

```
i C++  • Autocomplete

1  class Solution {
2  public:
3      int minSwaps(string s) {
4          stack<char> st;
5          int count=0;
6          for(int i=0;i<s.size();i++)
7          {if(s[i]=='[')
8              st.push(s[i]);
9              else
10             {
11                 if(!st.empty() )
12                     st.pop();
13                 else
14                     count++;
15             }
16         }
17         return (count+1)/2;
18     }
19 }
20 };
```

1111. Maximum Nesting Depth of Two Valid Parentheses Strings

```
i C++ Autocomplete  
1 class Solution {  
2 public:  
3     vector<int> maxDepthAfterSplit(string seq) {  
4         vector<int> ans(seq.size());  
5         int a=0;  
6         for(int i=0;i<seq.size();i++)  
7         {if(seq[i]=='(' )  
8             ans[i]=a++;  
9             else  
10            {  
11                ans[i]=--a;  
12            }  
13  
14  
15        }  
16        return ans;  
17    }  
18 };
```

739. Daily Temperatures

i C++

• Autocomplete

```
1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     vector<int> dailyTemperatures(vector<int>& t) {
4         stack<pair<int, int>> s;
5         vector<int> ans(t.size());
6
7         for(int i=t.size()-1;i>=0;i--)
8         {if(s.size()==0)
9             ans[i]=0;
10
11             else if(s.size()!=0 && s.top().first>t[i])
12             {
13                 ans[i]=s.top().second-i;
14
15             }
16             else if(s.size()!=0 && s.top().first<=t[i])
17             {
18                 while(s.size()!=0 && s.top().first<=t[i])
19                 {
20                     s.pop();
21                 }
22                 if(s.size()==0)
23                     ans[i]=0;
24                 else
25                     ans[i]=s.top().second-i;
26             }
27             s.push({t[i], i});
28
29         }
30
31     return ans;}
32 }
```

2104. Sum of Subarray Ranges

C++

Autocomplete

```
1 class Solution {  
2 public:  
3     long long subArrayRanges(vector<int>& nums) {  
4         int maxi;  
5         int mini;  
6         long long sum=0;  
7         for(int i=0;i<nums.size();i++)  
8         {  
9             maxi=nums[i];  
10            mini=nums[i];  
11            for(int j=i+1;j<nums.size();j++)  
12            {  
13                maxi=max(maxi, nums[j]);  
14                mini=min(mini, nums[j]);  
15                sum+=maxi-mini;  
16            }  
17        }  
18        return sum;  
19    }  
20 };
```


1541. Minimum Insertions to Balance a Parentheses String

```
i C++ Autocomplete

1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     int minInsertions(string s) {
4         stack<int> st;
5         int count=0;
6         for(int i=0;i<s.size();i++)
7             {if(s[i]=='(')
8                 {if(!st.empty() && st.top()==1)
9                     {count++;
10                        st.pop();}
11                        st.push(2);}
12                 else
13                 { if(st.empty())
14                     {count++;
15                        st.push(1); }
16                     else if(st.top()==2)
17                     { st.top()--;
18
19                     }
20                     else if(st.top()==1)
21                     {
22                         st.pop();
23                     }
24                 }
25             }
26         while(!st.empty())
27         {
28             count=count+st.top();
29             st.pop();
30         }
31         return count;
32     }
33 };
```

853. Car Fleet

```
i C++ Autocomplete i {} ↺  
1 class Solution {  
2 public:  
3     int carFleet(int target, vector<int>& position, vector<int>& speed) {  
4         vector<pair<int, double>> car(position.size());  
5         for(int i=0;i<position.size();i++)  
6         {  
7             car[i]={position[i], (double)(target-position[i])/speed[i]};  
8         }  
9         sort(car.begin(), car.end());  
10        reverse(car.begin(), car.end());  
11  
12        int ans=1;  
13        double tt=car[0].second;  
14  
15  
16        for(int i=1;i<car.size();i++)  
17        {  
18            if(car[i].second>tt)  
19            {  
20                ans++;  
21                tt=car[i].second;  
22            }  
23        }  
24        return ans;  
25    }  
26 };
```

456. 132 Pattern

```
C++ Autocomplete i

1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     bool find132pattern(vector<int>& nums) {
4         stack<int> s;
5         int prev = INT_MIN;
6
7         for (auto it = nums.rbegin(); it != nums.rend(); it++) {
8             while (!s.empty() && s.top() < *it) {
9                 if (prev > s.top())
10                    return true;
11                prev = s.top();
12                s.pop();
13            }
14            s.push(*it);
15        }
16        return !s.empty() && prev > s.top();
17    }
18 }
19
20
```

895. Maximum Frequency Stack

```
C++  Autocomplete  i  {}

1  class FreqStack {
2  public:
3      int max_frequency;
4      unordered_map<int, int> freq_mp;
5      unordered_map<int, stack<int>> freq_stack_mp;
6  FreqStack() {
7      max_frequency=0;
8  }
9
10 void push(int x) {
11     ++freq_mp[x];
12     if(max_frequency<freq_mp[x]) max_frequency = freq_mp[x];
13     freq_stack_mp[freq_mp[x]].push(x);
14 }
15
16 int pop() {
17     int curr_top = freq_stack_mp[max_frequency].top();
18     freq_stack_mp[max_frequency].pop();
19     --freq_mp[curr_top];
20     if(freq_stack_mp[max_frequency].empty()) {
21         freq_stack_mp.erase(max_frequency);
22         --max_frequency;
23     }
24     return curr_top;
25 }
26 };
27
28 /**
```