

ai_impact_analysis

February 8, 2026

1 Global AI Content Impact Dataset Analysis

This notebook provides a comprehensive analysis of the Global AI Content Impact Dataset, examining how artificial intelligence adoption affects various industries and countries. The dataset contains information about AI adoption rates, economic impacts, social effects, and regulatory environments across different regions and sectors.

1.1 Dataset Overview

The dataset contains the following columns:

- **Country**: The country where the data was collected
- **Year**: The year of data collection
- **Industry**: The industry sector
- **AI Adoption Rate (%)**: Percentage of AI adoption in the sector
- **AI-Generated Content Volume (TBs per year)**: Volume of AI-generated content
- **Job Loss Due to AI (%)**: Percentage of jobs lost due to AI
- **Revenue Increase Due to AI (%)**: Percentage increase in revenue due to AI
- **Human-AI Collaboration Rate (%)**: Rate of collaboration between humans and AI
- **Top AI Tools Used**: Most commonly used AI tools in the sector
- **Regulation Status**: Regulatory environment (Strict/Moderate/Lenient)
- **Consumer Trust in AI (%)**: Level of consumer trust in AI
- **Market Share of AI Companies (%)**: Market share held by AI companies

1.2 Analysis Objectives

1. Understand the global landscape of AI adoption
2. Examine the economic impact of AI adoption
3. Assess the social implications of AI implementation
4. Identify trends in AI tool usage
5. Evaluate regulatory approaches to AI across countries
6. Discover correlations between different AI impact metrics

```
[113]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from datetime import datetime
%matplotlib inline
```

```
[114]: # Load the dataset
df = pd.read_csv('Global_AI_Content_Impact_Dataset.csv')
```

```
[115]: # Display basic information about the dataset
print("Dataset Shape:", df.shape)
print("\nColumn Names:")
print(df.columns.tolist())
print("\nDataset Info:")
print(df.info())
```

Dataset Shape: (200, 12)

Column Names:

['Country', 'Year', 'Industry', 'AI Adoption Rate (%)', 'AI-Generated Content Volume (TBs per year)', 'Job Loss Due to AI (%)', 'Revenue Increase Due to AI (%)', 'Human-AI Collaboration Rate (%)', 'Top AI Tools Used', 'Regulation Status', 'Consumer Trust in AI (%)', 'Market Share of AI Companies (%)']

Dataset Info:

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

RangeIndex: 200 entries, 0 to 199

Data columns (total 12 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Country	200 non-null	object
1	Year	200 non-null	int64
2	Industry	200 non-null	object
3	AI Adoption Rate (%)	200 non-null	float64
4	AI-Generated Content Volume (TBs per year)	200 non-null	float64
5	Job Loss Due to AI (%)	200 non-null	float64
6	Revenue Increase Due to AI (%)	200 non-null	float64
7	Human-AI Collaboration Rate (%)	200 non-null	float64
8	Top AI Tools Used	200 non-null	object
9	Regulation Status	200 non-null	object
10	Consumer Trust in AI (%)	200 non-null	float64
11	Market Share of AI Companies (%)	200 non-null	float64

dtypes: float64(7), int64(1), object(4)

memory usage: 18.9+ KB

None

```
[116]: # Display first few rows
df.head()
```

```
[116]:   Country  Year    Industry  AI Adoption Rate (%) \
0  South Korea  2022      Media          44.29
1        China  2025      Legal          34.75
2         USA  2022  Automotive          81.06
3       France  2021      Legal          85.24
4       France  2021     Gaming          78.95
```

AI-Generated Content Volume (TBs per year) Job Loss Due to AI (%) \

0		33.09	16.77
1		66.74	46.89
2		96.13	10.66
3		93.76	27.70
4		45.62	17.45

	Revenue Increase Due to AI (%)	Human-AI Collaboration Rate (%)	\
0	46.12	74.79	
1	52.46	26.17	
2	45.60	39.66	
3	78.24	29.45	
4	1.05	21.70	

	Top AI Tools Used	Regulation Status	Consumer Trust in AI (%)	\
0	Bard	Strict	40.77	
1	DALL-E	Strict	35.67	
2	Stable Diffusion	Moderate	54.47	
3	Claude	Moderate	51.84	
4	Midjourney	Strict	41.77	

	Market Share of AI Companies (%)
0	18.73
1	35.02
2	22.76
3	1.93
4	21.41

```
[117]: # Summary statistics
df.describe()
```

```
[117]:      Year  AI Adoption Rate (%) \
count    200.000000    200.000000
mean     2022.315000    54.265850
std       1.825496    24.218067
min      2020.000000   10.530000
25%     2021.000000   33.222500
50%     2022.000000   53.310000
75%     2024.000000   76.220000
max     2025.000000   94.760000
```

	AI-Generated Content Volume (TBs per year)	Job Loss Due to AI (%)	\
count	200.000000	200.000000	
mean	46.07260	25.788250	
std	29.16122	13.901105	
min	1.04000	0.090000	
25%	20.32250	14.995000	
50%	44.32000	25.735000	

```
75%                                71.62000          37.417500
max                                 99.06000          49.710000
```

```
Revenue Increase Due to AI (%)  Human-AI Collaboration Rate (%) \
count                           200.000000          200.000000
mean                            39.719450          54.102150
std                             23.829545          19.247079
min                            0.140000           20.210000
25%                            17.907500          37.770000
50%                            42.100000          54.515000
75%                            58.697500          69.402500
max                            79.550000          88.290000
```

```
Consumer Trust in AI (%)  Market Share of AI Companies (%)
count                           200.000000          200.000000
mean                            59.425150          26.569550
std                             17.319668          14.023729
min                            30.120000           1.180000
25%                            44.755000          14.052500
50%                            59.215000          27.390000
75%                            74.885000          38.432500
max                            89.880000          49.280000
```

```
[118]: # Check for missing values
df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Country                           0
Year                             0
Industry                          0
AI Adoption Rate (%)            0
AI-Generated Content Volume (TBs per year) 0
Job Loss Due to AI (%)          0
Revenue Increase Due to AI (%)  0
Human-AI Collaboration Rate (%) 0
Top AI Tools Used               0
Regulation Status                0
Consumer Trust in AI (%)         0
Market Share of AI Companies (%) 0
dtype: int64
```

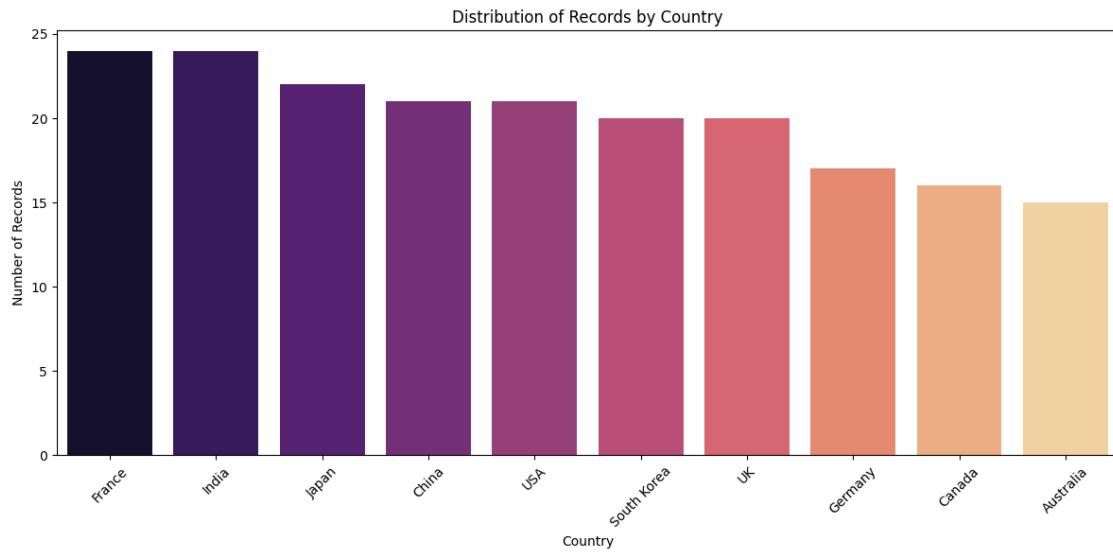
```
[119]: # Distribution of countries
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
country_counts = df['Country'].value_counts()
sns.barplot(x=country_counts.index, y=country_counts.values, palette='magma')
plt.title('Distribution of Records by Country')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.ylabel('Number of Records')
```

```
plt.tight_layout()  
plt.show()
```

/tmp/ipykernel_692781/632759182.py:4: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

```
sns.barplot(x=country_counts.index, y=country_counts.values, palette='magma')
```

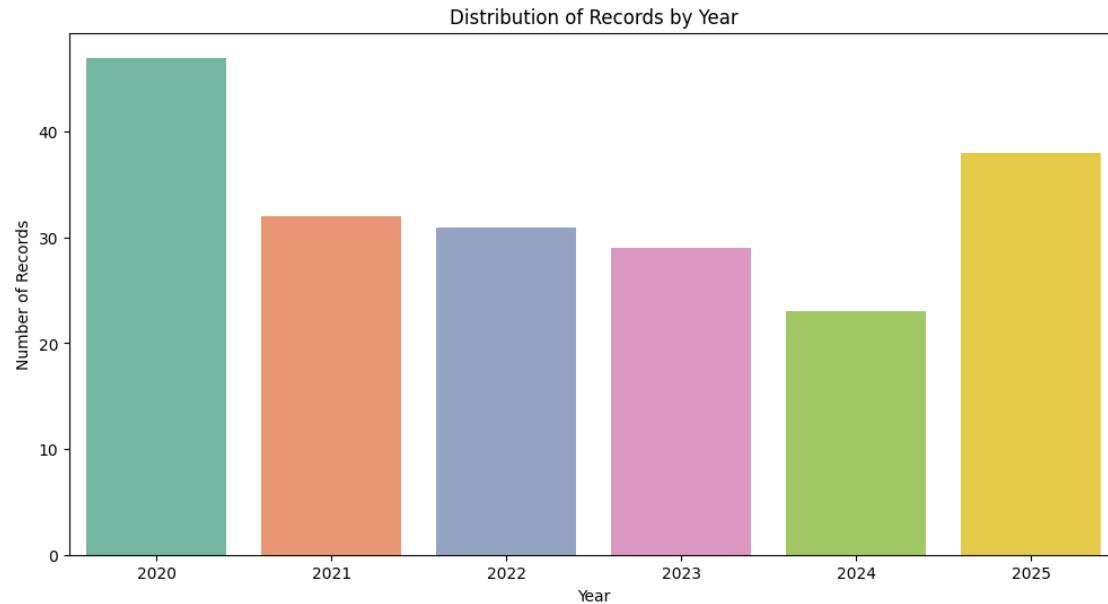


```
[136]: # Distribution of years  
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))  
year_counts = df['Year'].value_counts().sort_index()  
sns.barplot(x=year_counts.index, y=year_counts.values, palette='Set2')  
plt.title('Distribution of Records by Year')  
plt.xlabel('Year')  
plt.ylabel('Number of Records')  
plt.show()
```

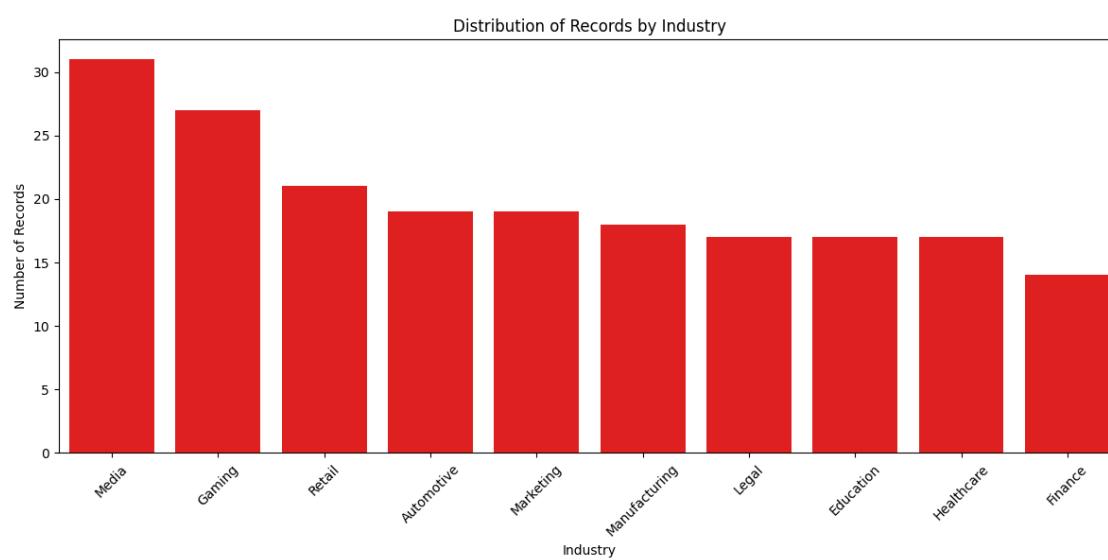
/tmp/ipykernel_692781/321646476.py:4: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

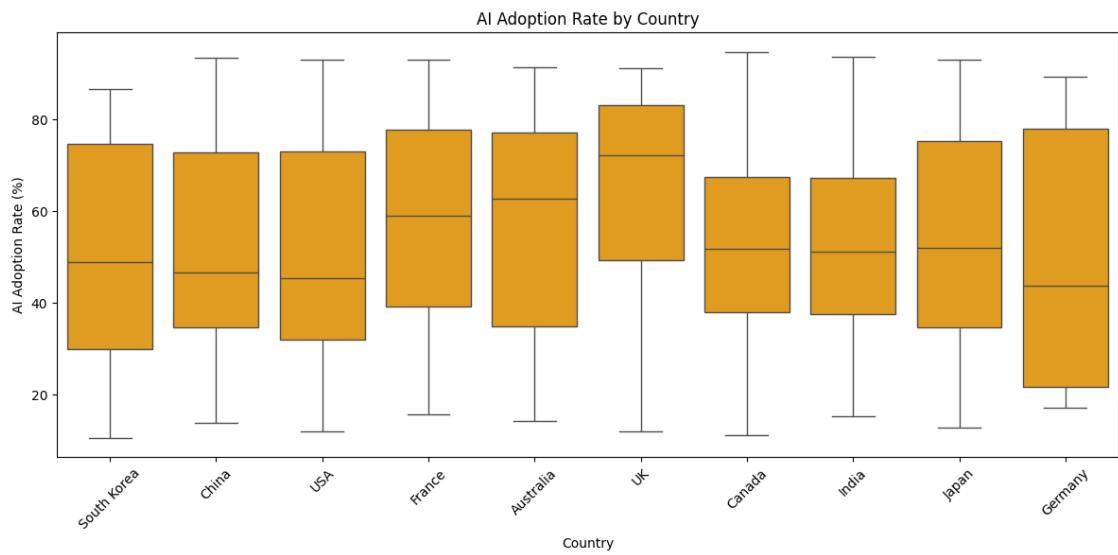
```
sns.barplot(x=year_counts.index, y=year_counts.values, palette='Set2')
```



```
[155]: # Distribution of industries
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
industry_counts = df['Industry'].value_counts()
sns.barplot(x=industry_counts.index, y=industry_counts.values,color='red')
plt.title('Distribution of Records by Industry')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.ylabel('Number of Records')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
[140]: # AI Adoption Rate by Country
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Country', y='AI Adoption Rate (%)', color='orange')
plt.title('AI Adoption Rate by Country')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.ylabel('AI Adoption Rate (%)')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

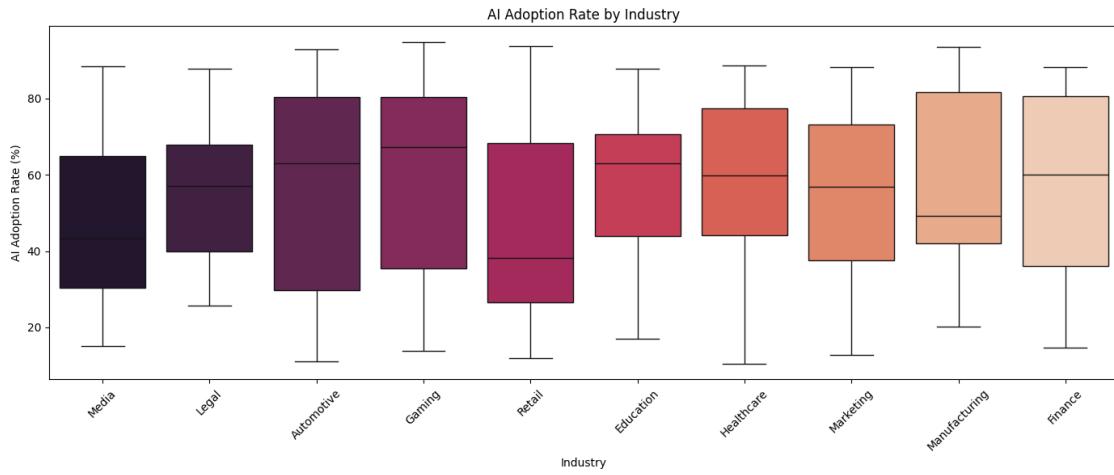


```
[151]: # AI Adoption Rate by Industry
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 6))
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Industry', y='AI Adoption Rate (%)', palette='rocket')
plt.title('AI Adoption Rate by Industry')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.ylabel('AI Adoption Rate (%)')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

/tmp/ipykernel_692781/3762641706.py:3: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

```
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Industry', y='AI Adoption Rate (%)', palette='rocket')
```

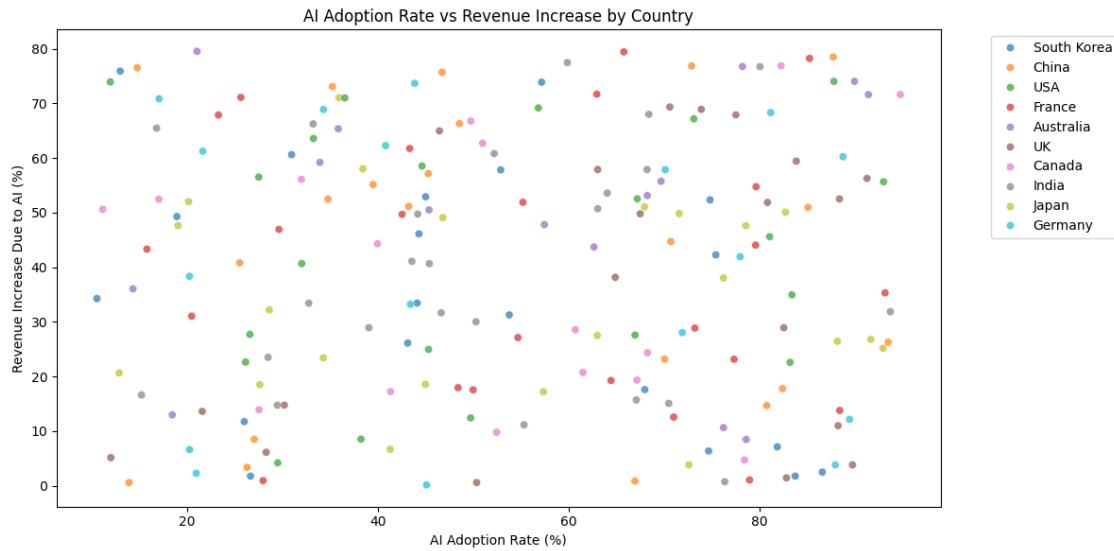


```
[143]: # Correlation matrix for numerical variables
numerical_cols = [
    'AI Adoption Rate (%)',
    'AI-Generated Content Volume (TBs per year)',
    'Job Loss Due to AI (%)',
    'Revenue Increase Due to AI (%)',
    'Human-AI Collaboration Rate (%)',
    'Consumer Trust in AI (%)',
    'Market Share of AI Companies (%)'
]

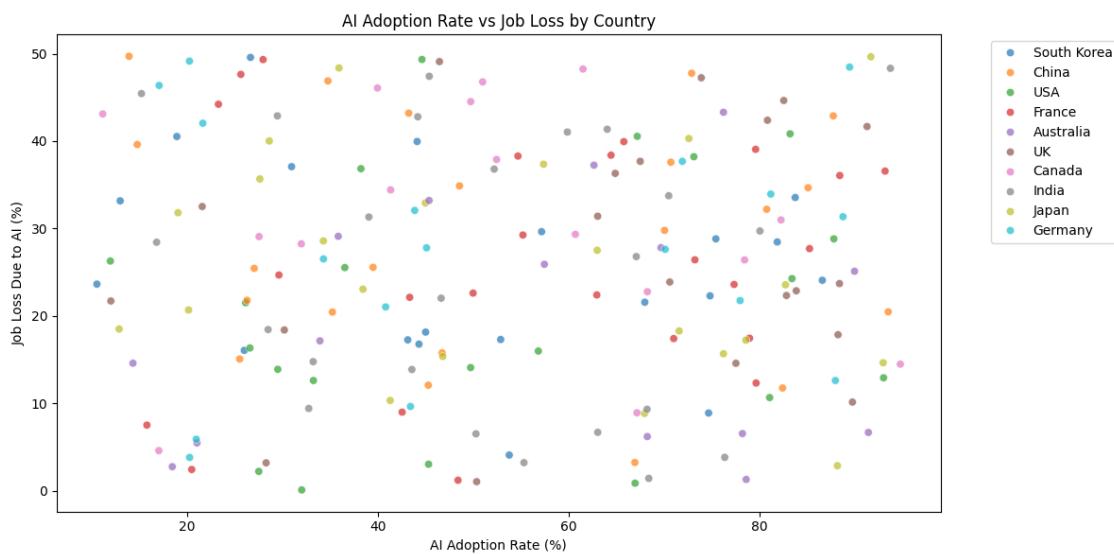
correlation_matrix = df[numerical_cols].corr()
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 10))
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', center=0,
            square=True, fmt='.2f')
plt.title('Correlation Matrix of Numerical Variables')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
[144]: # Relationship between AI Adoption Rate and Revenue Increase
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.scatterplot(data=df, x='AI Adoption Rate (%)', y='Revenue Increase Due to AI (%)',
                 hue='Country', alpha=0.7)
plt.title('AI Adoption Rate vs Revenue Increase by Country')
plt.xlabel('AI Adoption Rate (%)')
plt.ylabel('Revenue Increase Due to AI (%)')
plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
[145]: # Relationship between Job Loss and AI Adoption Rate
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.scatterplot(data=df, x='AI Adoption Rate (%)', y='Job Loss Due to AI (%)',
                 hue='Country', alpha=0.7)
plt.title('AI Adoption Rate vs Job Loss by Country')
plt.xlabel('AI Adoption Rate (%)')
plt.ylabel('Job Loss Due to AI (%)')
plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

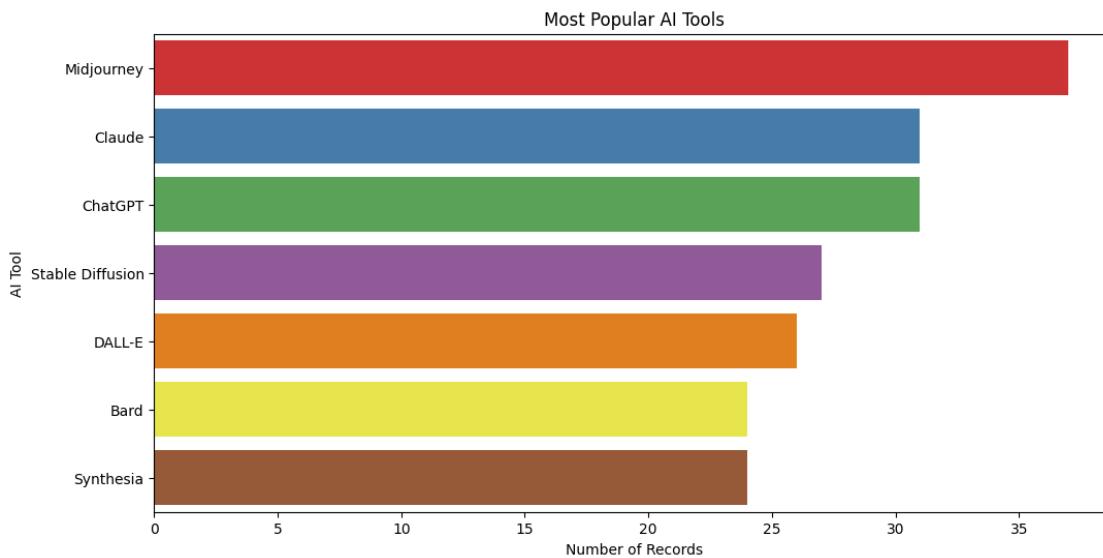


```
[146]: # Top AI tools used
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
tool_counts = df['Top AI Tools Used'].value_counts()
sns.barplot(x=tool_counts.values, y=tool_counts.index, palette='Set1')
plt.title('Most Popular AI Tools')
plt.xlabel('Number of Records')
plt.ylabel('AI Tool')
plt.show()
```

/tmp/ipykernel_692781/3483395137.py:4: FutureWarning:

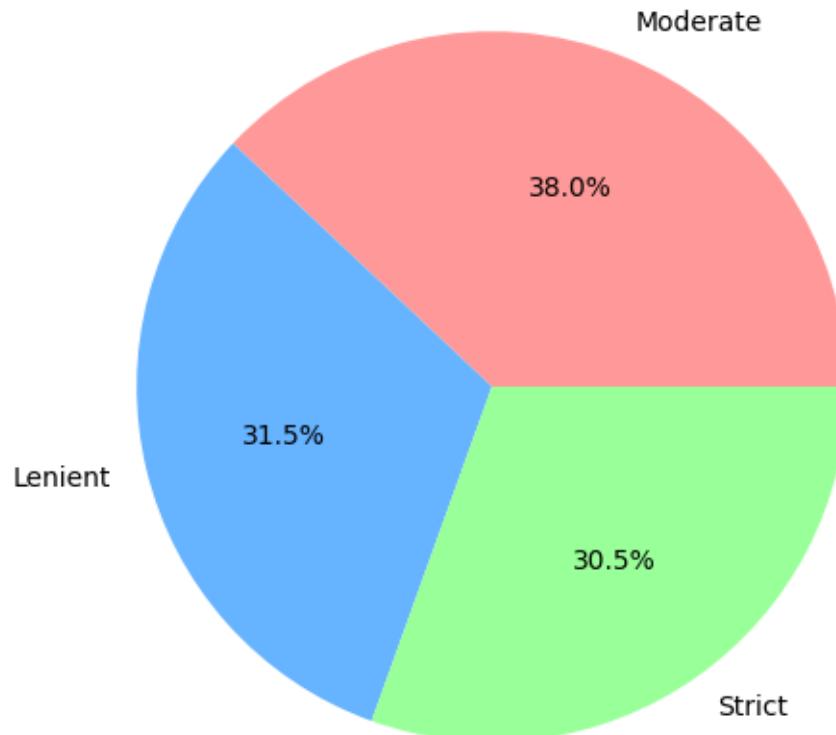
Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

```
sns.barplot(x=tool_counts.values, y=tool_counts.index, palette='Set1')
```



```
[147]: # Regulation Status distribution
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
regulation_counts = df['Regulation Status'].value_counts()
colors = ['#ff9999', '#66b3ff', '#99ff99']
plt.pie(regulation_counts.values, labels=regulation_counts.index, autopct='%.1f%%', colors=colors)
plt.title('Distribution of Regulation Status')
plt.show()
```

Distribution of Regulation Status

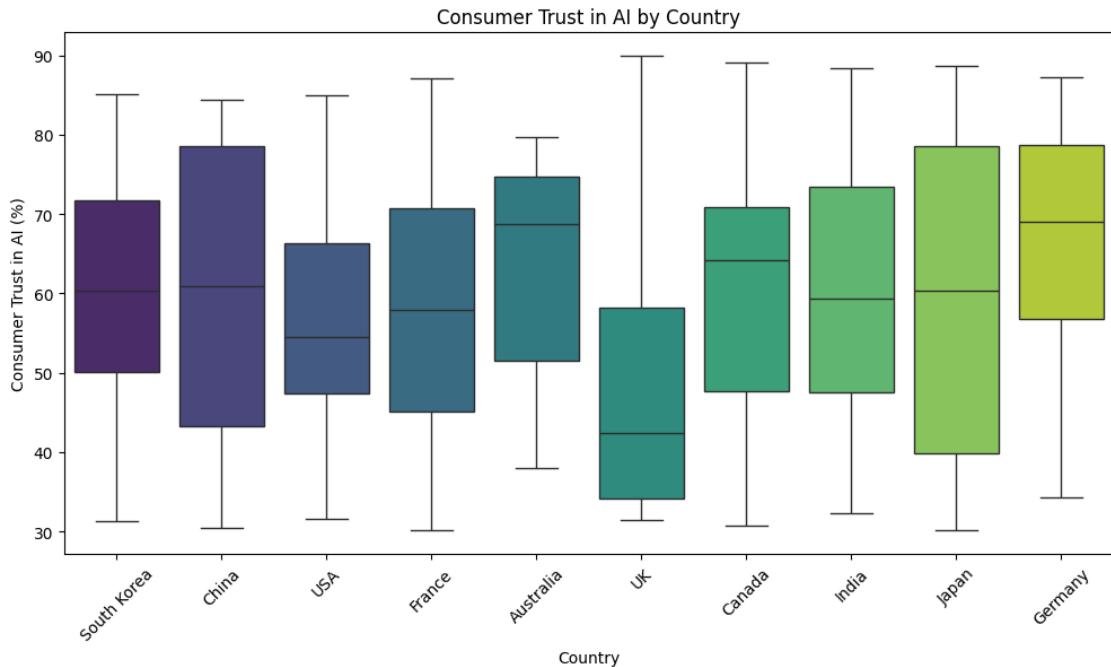


```
[156]: # Consumer Trust by Country
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Country', y='Consumer Trust in AI (%)', palette='viridis')
plt.title('Consumer Trust in AI by Country')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.ylabel('Consumer Trust in AI (%)')
plt.show()
```

/tmp/ipykernel_692781/4098806775.py:3: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

```
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Country', y='Consumer Trust in AI (%)', palette='viridis')
```

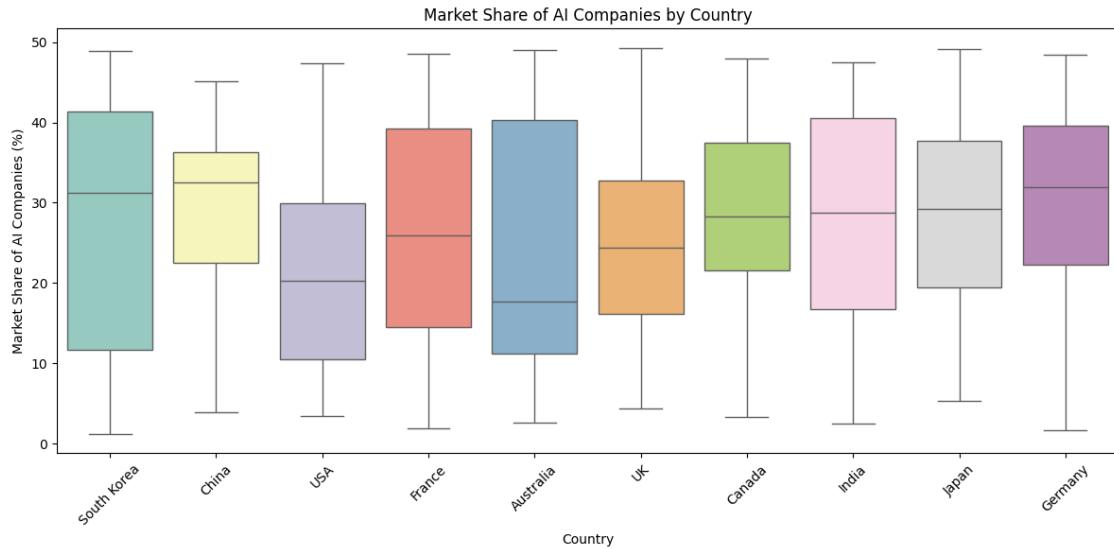


```
[150]: # Market Share of AI Companies by Country
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Country', y='Market Share of AI Companies (%)', palette='Set3')
plt.title('Market Share of AI Companies by Country')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.ylabel('Market Share of AI Companies (%)')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

/tmp/ipykernel_692781/1605442204.py:3: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

```
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Country', y='Market Share of AI Companies (%)', palette='Set3')
```



```
[131]: # Average metrics by country
country_metrics = df.groupby('Country').agg({
    'AI Adoption Rate (%)': 'mean',
    'Revenue Increase Due to AI (%)': 'mean',
    'Job Loss Due to AI (%)': 'mean',
    'Consumer Trust in AI (%)': 'mean',
    'Market Share of AI Companies (%)': 'mean'
}).round(2)

print("Average Metrics by Country:")
country_metrics
```

Average Metrics by Country:

Country	AI Adoption Rate (%)	Revenue Increase Due to AI (%)
Australia	56.08	49.70
Canada	52.19	38.75
China	52.89	42.60
France	56.52	39.55
Germany	51.46	40.58
India	51.81	40.08
Japan	54.21	34.61
South Korea	50.56	34.25
UK	64.69	36.12
USA	52.08	43.52

Country	Job Loss Due to AI (%)	Consumer Trust in AI (%)
---------	------------------------	--------------------------

Australia	18.82	63.58
Canada	30.99	62.15
China	29.09	60.32
France	26.48	58.44
Germany	28.10	64.95
India	25.23	59.92
Japan	25.51	61.00
South Korea	25.54	60.02
UK	27.13	50.14
USA	20.71	56.20

Market Share of AI Companies (%)

Country	Market Share of AI Companies (%)
Australia	23.69
Canada	28.28
China	27.06
France	27.19
Germany	30.46
India	28.34
Japan	27.15
South Korea	27.33
UK	25.14
USA	20.98

```
[132]: # Average metrics by industry
industry_metrics = df.groupby('Industry').agg({
    'AI Adoption Rate (%)': 'mean',
    'Revenue Increase Due to AI (%)': 'mean',
    'Job Loss Due to AI (%)': 'mean',
    'Consumer Trust in AI (%)': 'mean',
    'Market Share of AI Companies (%)': 'mean'
}).round(2)

print("Average Metrics by Industry:")
industry_metrics
```

Average Metrics by Industry:

```
[132]:          AI Adoption Rate (%)  Revenue Increase Due to AI (%) \
Industry
Automotive           54.89                  46.48
Education            57.03                  39.54
Finance              55.76                  36.26
Gaming               60.42                  33.23
Healthcare            55.73                  38.59
Legal                 56.08                  41.82
Manufacturing         57.01                  42.81
Marketing             54.24                  36.81
```

Media	47.26	43.72
Retail	47.91	37.68

Industry	Job Loss Due to AI (%)	Consumer Trust in AI (%)	\
Automotive	28.92	61.24	
Education	26.14	51.65	
Finance	27.79	56.18	
Gaming	27.20	61.34	
Healthcare	25.58	60.16	
Legal	28.23	57.79	
Manufacturing	32.75	58.27	
Marketing	19.58	58.67	
Media	22.75	61.76	
Retail	21.85	62.73	

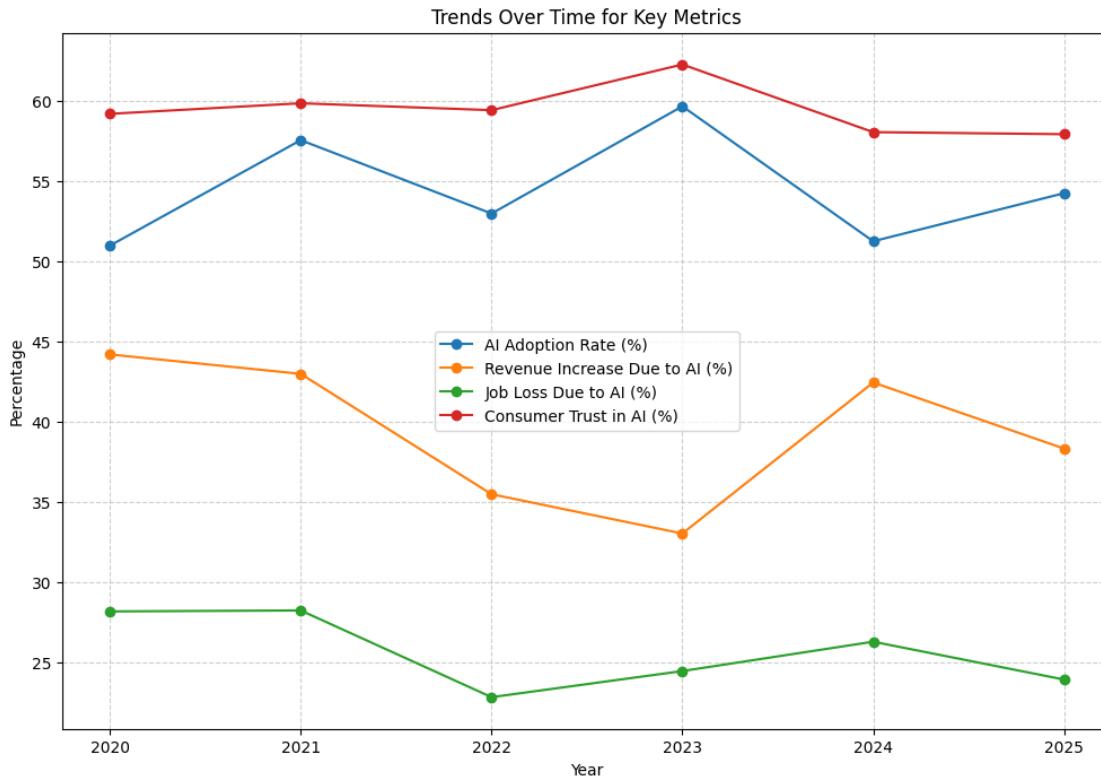
Market Share of AI Companies (%)

Industry	Market Share of AI Companies (%)
Automotive	29.59
Education	22.84
Finance	29.00
Gaming	24.06
Healthcare	29.64
Legal	20.24
Manufacturing	25.96
Marketing	28.68
Media	30.03
Retail	24.60

```
[133]: # Trends over time for key metrics
time_trends = df.groupby('Year').agg({
    'AI Adoption Rate (%)': 'mean',
    'Revenue Increase Due to AI (%)': 'mean',
    'Job Loss Due to AI (%)': 'mean',
    'Consumer Trust in AI (%)': 'mean'
}).round(2)

plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
for col in time_trends.columns:
    plt.plot(time_trends.index, time_trends[col], label=col, marker='o')

plt.title('Trends Over Time for Key Metrics')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.ylabel('Percentage')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True, linestyle='--', alpha=0.6)
plt.show()
```



```
[134]: # Summary of findings
print("\nSUMMARY OF KEY FINDINGS:")
print(f"1. Dataset contains {df.shape[0]} records across {df['Country'].nunique()} countries, "
      f"{df['Industry'].nunique()} industries, and {df['Year'].nunique()} years"
      f"({df['Year'].min()}-{df['Year'].max()})")
print(f"2. Most popular AI tools: {', '.join(df['Top AI Tools Used'].value_counts().head(3).index)}")
print(f"3. Average AI adoption rate: {df['AI Adoption Rate (%)'].mean():.2f}%")
print(f"4. Average revenue increase due to AI: {df['Revenue Increase Due to AI (%)'].mean():.2f}%")
print(f"5. Average job loss due to AI: {df['Job Loss Due to AI (%)'].mean():.2f}%")
print(f"6. Average consumer trust in AI: {df['Consumer Trust in AI (%)'].mean():.2f}%")
print(f"7. Countries with highest average AI adoption: {', '.join(country_metrics.nlargest(3, 'AI Adoption Rate (%)').index)}")
print(f"8. Industries with highest average revenue increase from AI: {', '.join(industry_metrics.nlargest(3, 'Revenue Increase Due to AI (%)').index)})")
```

SUMMARY OF KEY FINDINGS:

1. Dataset contains 200 records across 10 countries, 10 industries, and 6 years (2020-2025)
2. Most popular AI tools: Midjourney, Claude, ChatGPT
3. Average AI adoption rate: 54.27%
4. Average revenue increase due to AI: 39.72%
5. Average job loss due to AI: 25.79%
6. Average consumer trust in AI: 59.43%
7. Countries with highest average AI adoption: UK, France, Australia
8. Industries with highest average revenue increase from AI: Automotive, Media, Manufacturing