

Sorting

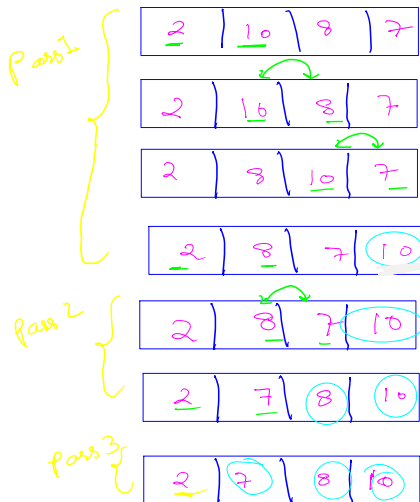
1) Bubble sort

Arrays → Merge



→ Comparison based sorting

pass ✓ 1 ✓



$n = 4$

pass → 1 element sort

$n = 4$ pass = 3

$n - 1 = \text{pass} \checkmark$

Brute force :-

for $i = 0 \rightarrow n - 1$

for $j = 0; j < n - 1; j++$

if $(arr[j] > arr[j + 1])$

swap

→ sorted

Approach 2: optimized: $O(n)$

Drawback: Time Complexity / Comparison

1 | 2 | 3 | 4 sorted

Bubble Sort 1 | Sort 2 :- $O(n^2)$

swap = ~~true~~ false

1 2 3 4
 _ _ _ _
 {
 {
 {
 {

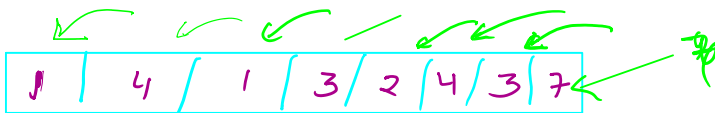
part 2

$if(arr[i] > arr[j])$
 sw

swap value

to

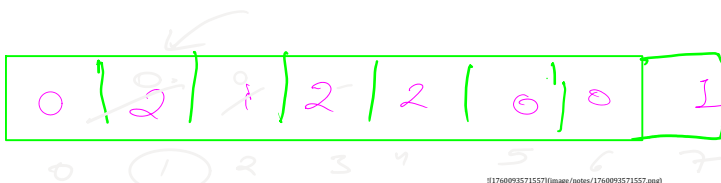
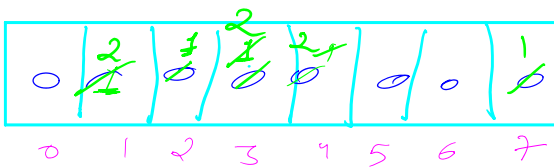
Counting Sort:-



max = 7

$arr_freq[] = \underline{\text{max} + 1}$

Integer ~~to~~ Positive integer ✓



0	2	1	2	2	0	0	4
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

1	1	2	3	3	4	4	7
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Merge Sort :-

si = 0

mid = 2

6	3	9	5	2	8
0	1	2	3	4	5

si = 0

ei = mid

6	3	9
0	1	2

6	3
0	1

9

Size

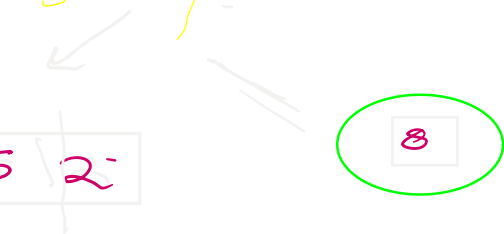
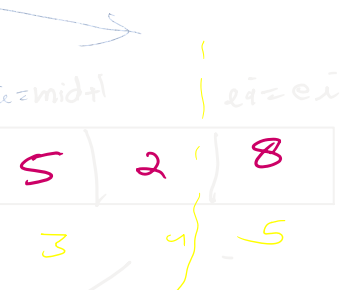
6

3

i = 5



$s_i = 0$
 $e_i = 5$
 $mid = \frac{0+5}{2}$ *integ*



3 | 6

9



3 | 6 | 9

main() {

arr ✓

s i = 0

e i = n - 1

2/5

8

+

2/5/8

Addition
+
conquer

~~mid = (si + ei) / 2~~ ✓

MergeSort(arr, si
}

MergeSort(arr, si,

// Base Case

if (si == ei) return

mid ✓

MergeSort(arr,

MergeSort(arr,

Merge(arr, si, r

, ei)

, ei)

si, mid)

// left



mid+1, ei)

// right



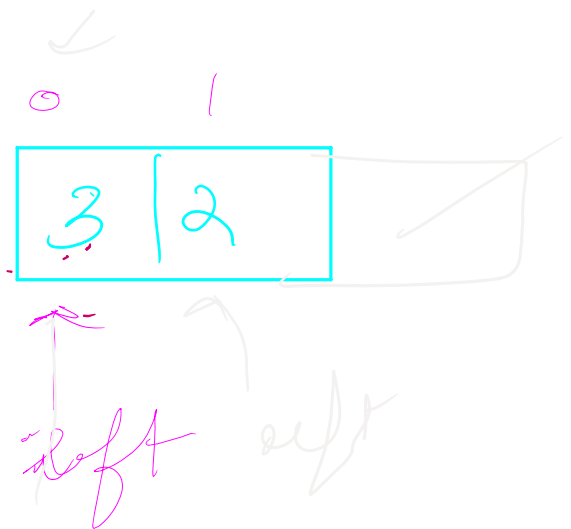
mid, ei)

merge(arr, ...)

merge(arr, si, m)

temp[] =

0



in don



... ..)

d, e, i) } // Important ✓

5e + 1



↑ right
↑ right

reverse ✓

