

STA SIA ROUTE

Working with Multidimensional Array

Session Goals





By the end of this session, you will be able to demonstrate how to:

- Declare multidimensional Arrays
- Initialize multidimensional Arrays
- Access multidimensional Arrays elements

Context Setting



	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Row 1	x[0][0]	x[0][1]	x[0][2]	x[0][3]
Row 2	x[1][0]	x[1][1]	x[1][2]	x[1][3]
Row 3	x[2][0]	x[2][1]	x[2][2]	x[2][3]

Let Us Try to Find Out

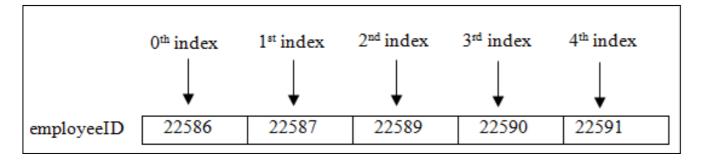


- What is multidimensional Array?
- Why do we need multidimensional Arrays?
- How do we use multidimensional Array in program?

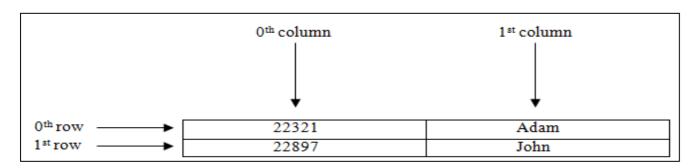
Types of Arrays



- Different types of Arrays
 - One-dimensional array:



Multidimensional array



Creating Multidimensional Arrays



- Syntax for creating multidimensional Arrays
- arraytype arrayname[][] = new arraytype[rowsize][columnsize];
- String[][] words = new String[4][2];

Accessing Multidimensional Arrays



Syntax for accessing multidimensional Arrays

```
arrayname[row][column]]
   String[][] jumbledWords = new String[][]
               {"elapp", "apple"}, {"argneo", "orange"},
   {"agrspe", "grapes"}};
   System.out.println("Elements stored in array are: ");
   for (int i=0; i<2; i++)
      for (int j=0; j<2; j++)
         System.out.print(jumbledWords[i][j]);
```

Accessing Multidimensional Arrays Contd.



Syntax for accessing multidimensional Arrays using for loop

```
int a[][] = {{1,2},{4,3}};

for(int i=0; i<a.length; i++)
{
   for(int j=0; j<a[i].length; j++)
       System.out.println(a[i][j]);
}</pre>
```

Accessing Multidimensional Arrays Contd.



Syntax for accessing multidimensional Arrays using advance for loop

```
int a[][] = {{1,2},{4,3}};

for(int i=0; i<a.length; i++)
{
    for(int j=0; j<a[i].length; j++)
        System.out.println(a[i][j]);
}</pre>
```

Creating and Accessing Multidimensional Arrays Demo



```
public class TwodimensionalArray {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[][] num = {
            {1, 2, 3},
            {4, 5, 6, 7},
            {9},
  for (int i = 0; i < num.length; ++i)
               for(int j = 0; j < num[i].length; ++j)
                  System.out.println(num[i][j]);
```

Creating and Accessing Multiple Dimension Arrays Demo



```
public class TwodimensionalArray {
    public static void main(String[] args)
        int[][] mynum = {
            {1, -2, 3},
            {-4, -5, 6, 9},
            {7},
        };
         for (int[] innerArray: mynum) {
             for(int mydata: innerArray) {
                System.out.println(mydata);
```

Key TakeAways



At the end of this session, you should be able to demonstrate how to:

- Declare multidimensional Arrays
- Initialize multidimensional Arrays
- Access multidimensional Arrays elements



Thank You!