

Introduction : This document provides the guide to setting up the DHIS2 core software. The machine on which the setup was performed successfully has following specifications :

OS :Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS

CPU :Intel Pentium G3240 @ 3.10 GHZ

CPU Cores :2

Memory :7.6 GB

Drive :Hard Disk Drive

The following softwares were required to install on the machine during the server setup :

PostgreSQL : 14.9 (In other words PostgreSQL-14)

Java :OpenJDK 11.0.20.1 (In other words JDK-11)

Tomcat :9

PostGIS :3

*Note : Some help was sought from the following official DHIS2 installation guide

<https://docs.dhis2.org/en/manage/performing-system-administration/dhis-core-version-master/installation.html>

Linux commands

Create a new user called dhis by invoking:

```
sudo useradd -d /home/dhis -m dhis -s /bin/false
```

Set User password

```
sudo passwd dhis
```

creating the configuration directory

```
sudo mkdir /home/dhis/config
```

```
sudo chown dhis:dhis /home/dhis/config
```

Setting server time zone and locale

```
sudo dpkg-reconfigure tzdata
```

PostgreSQL is sensitive to locales so you might have to install your locale first. To check existing locales and install new ones (e.g. Norwegian):

```
locale -a
```

```
sudo locale-gen nb_NO.UTF-8
```

PostgreSQL installation

Install PostgreSQL by invoking:

```
sudo apt-get install -y postgresql-14 postgresql-14-postgis-3
```

Create a Postgresql user

```
sudo -u postgres createuser -SDRP dhis
```

Create a postgresql database

```
sudo -u postgres createdb -O dhis dhis2
```

Add postGIS extension

```
sudo -u postgres psql -c "create extension postgis;" dhis2
```

Some additional extension

```
sudo -u postgres psql -c "create extension btree_gin;" dhis2
sudo -u postgres psql -c "create extension pg_trgm;" dhis2
```

Restart PostgreSQL by invoking the following command:

```
sudo systemctl restart postgresql
```

Java installation

```
sudo apt-get install -y openjdk-11-jdk
```

Check your java version

```
java -version
```

DHIS2 configuration

```
/home/dhis/config/dhis.conf
```

A configuration file for PostgreSQL corresponding to the above setup has these properties:

```
# -----
# Database connection
# -----

# JDBC driver class
connection.driver_class = org.postgresql.Driver

# Database connection URL
connection.url = jdbc:postgresql:dhis2

# Database username
connection.username = dhis

# Database password
connection.password = xxxx

# -----
# Server
# -----

# Enable secure settings if deployed on HTTPS, default 'off', can be 'on'
# server.https = on

# Server base URL
# server.base.url = https://server.com
```

Install tomcat9:

```
sudo apt-get install -y tomcat9-user
```

This package lets us easily create a new Tomcat instance. The instance will be created in the current directory. An appropriate location is the home directory of the **dhis** user:

```
cd /home/dhis
```

Create tomcat instance

```
sudo tomcat9-instance-create /home/dhis/tomcat-dhis
```

Give the user to the access of the instance directory

```
sudo chown -R dhis:dhis /home/dhis/tomcat-dhis/
```

Edit the setenv.sh file :

```
sudo nano /home/dhis/tomcat-dhis/bin/setenv.sh
```

Replace the setenv.sh file code with the following code :

```
#!/bin/sh

#

CATALINA_HOME=/usr/share/tomcat9

# Find the Java runtime and set JAVA_HOME

. /usr/libexec/tomcat9/tomcat-locate-java.sh

# Default Java options

if [ -z "$JAVA_OPTS" ]; then

    JAVA_OPTS="-Djava.awt.headless=true"

fi

JAVA_HOME='/usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-amd64/'

JAVA_OPTS='-Xms4000m -Xmx7000m'

DHIS2_HOME='/home/dhis/config'
```

Edit the server.xml file :

```
sudo nano /home/dhis/tomcat-dhis/conf/server.xml
```

Replace the code of file (which is look like the following code) with the following code :

```
<Connector port="8080" protocol="HTTP/1.1"
connectionTimeout="20000"
redirectPort="8443"
relaxedQueryChars="[]" />
```

Click the following link and download the DHIS2 with the version 2.40.1 :

<https://dhis2.org/downloads/>

Move the downloaded example.war file to the dhis user files :

```
sudo mv /home/zmq183/Downloads/dhis2-stable-40.1.0.war
/home/dhis/tomcat-dhis/webapps/ROOT.war
```

Edit the startup.sh file :

```
sudo nano /home/dhis/tomcat-dhis/bin/startup.sh
```

Replace the code of startup.sh with the following code :

```
#!/bin/sh

set -e

if [ "$(id -u)" -eq "0" ]; then

echo "This script must NOT be run as root" 1>&2

exit 1

fi

export CATALINA_BASE="/tomcat-dhis"

/usr/share/tomcat9/bin/startup.sh

echo "Tomcat started"
```

Running DHIS2

```
sudo -u dhis tomcat-dhis/bin/startup.sh
```

DHIS2 can be stopped by invoking:

```
sudo -u dhis tomcat-dhis/bin/shutdown.sh
```

Assuming that the WAR file is called ROOT.war, you can now access your DHIS2 instance at the following URL:

<http://localhost:8080>

Set the permission to dhis directory

```
sudo chmod -R 777 /home/dhis/
```

Some special command used in setup and installation of tomcat server, dhis2 tool

1.Command for apache server

```
sudo service apache2 start
```

```
sudo service apache2 status
```

```
sudo service apache2 stop
```

2.command for tomcat9

```
sudo systemctl start tomcat9
```

```
sudo systemctl status tomcat9
```

```
sudo systemctl stop tomcat9
```

3. command for postgresql

```
sudo systemctl start postgre
```

```
sudo systemctl status postgre
```

```
sudo systemctl stop postgre
```

Running Dhis2 Dashedboard

```
sudo -u tomcat /home/dhis/tomcat-dhis/bin/startup.sh
```

```
sudo -u tomcat /home/dhis/tomcat-dhis/bin/shutdown.sh
```

Set permission to the directory

```
sudo chmod -R 777 /path/
```

Create a file

```
sudo touch file_NAME
```

create directory

```
sudo mkdir dir_name
```

```
sudo rmdir dir_name
```

Read ,write and Edit file

```
Sudo nano dirname/file_name
```

Clean the configuration file

```
sudo rm -rf /dir_name/file_name
```

Update your package list

```
sudo apt-get update
```

```
sudo apt-get upgrade
```

Remove server

```
sudo apt-get remove --purge server_name
```

Identify package name with their corresponding version

```
dpkg --get-architecture | grep packag_name
```

Check version

```
java -version
```

```
psql -version
```

```
node -v
```

```
yarn -v
```

Create and delete user

```
sudo adduser user_name
```

```
sudo passwd password_nfl
```

```
sudo deluser user_name
```