



Some Important Array.reduce() Examples

- 1. Flatten Arrays.
- 2. Counting Instances
- 3. Grouping Objects by property
- 4. Function composition enabling piping
- 5. Function composition enabling piping

Part - 02







Flatten Arrays

```
. . .
                            Flattening array with reduce
const flattened = (arr) => {
  const someArr = arr.reduce(
  (previousValue, currentValue) => {
    if(Array.isArray(currentValue)){
        previousValue = previousValue.concat(flattened(currentValue))
    }else{
        previousValue.push(currentValue)
    };
      return previousValue
  },
  return someArr
}
// flattened is [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 45, 88]
console.log(flattened([[0,1], [2,[3]], [4,[5,6,8],[10,[45],[88]]]]))
```





Counting instances of values in an object

```
const names = ['Alice', 'Bob', 'Tiff', 'Bruce', 'Bob', 'Alice']

const countedNames = names.reduce((allNames, name) => {
   allNames[name] = allNames[name] ? allNames[name]+=1 : 1;
   return allNames
}, {})

// countedNames is:
// { 'Alice': 2, 'Bob': 2, 'Tiff': 1, 'Bruce': 1 }

console.log(countedNames)
```





```
Grouping objects by a property
const people = [
 { name: 'Saif', age: 21 },
 { name: 'Ray', age: 20 },
 { name: 'John', age: 20 }
];
function groupBy(objectArray, property) {
  return objectArray.reduce(function (acc, obj) {
   let key = obj[property]
   if (!acc[key]) {
      acc[key] = []
    acc[key].push(obj)
   return acc
 }, {})
let groupedPeople = groupBy(people, 'age')
// groupedPeople is:
// {
// 20: [
// { name: 'Ray', age: 20 },
    { name: 'John', age: 20 }
//
    ],
    21: [{ name: 'Saif', age: 21 }]
// }
```

Grouping objects by a property





Map using reduce

```
if (!Array.prototype.mapUsingReduce) {
    Array.prototype.mapUsingReduce = function(callback, initialValue) {
        return this.reduce(function(mappedArray, currentValue, currentValue, array) {
            mappedArray[currentIndex] = callback.call(initialValue, currentValue, currentIndex, array)
            return mappedArray
        }, [])
    }
}
[1, 2, , 3].mapUsingReduce(
    (currentValue, currentIndex, array) => currentValue + currentIndex + array.length
) // [5, 7, , 10]
```



Function composition enabling piping

```
. . .
                       Function composition enabling piping
// Building-blocks to use for composition
const double = x \Rightarrow x + x
const triple = x \Rightarrow 3 * x
const quadruple = x \Rightarrow 4 * x
// Function composition enabling pipe functionality
const pipe = (...functions) => initialValue => functions.reduce(
    (acc, fn) \Rightarrow fn(acc),
    initialValue
// Composed functions for multiplication of specific values
const multiply6 = pipe(double, triple)
const multiply9 = pipe(triple, triple)
const multiply16 = pipe(quadruple, quadruple)
const multiply24 = pipe(double, triple, quadruple)
// Usage
multiply6(6) // 36
multiply9(9) // 81
multiply16(16) // 256
multiply24(10) // 240
```



And That's it!!!

Did you find it useful?



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Array.reduce()

1.Reduce Intro
2. Parameters
3. Edge Cases
4. When to not use reduce()?

Part - 01

Follow for more!!