

1) Query: If you notice anything interesting about the dataset, record it.

The data set has 100 instances and 11 attributes and it showed that the data set has 99 distinct instances and 98% Unique. After observing the data I found out that the name “Abeer” was typed twice with same result/Output. That is the reason it was 98% unique neglecting the 2% where “Abeer” was repeated which wasn’t unique.

2) Results after Running j48 Classification Algorithm along with a few more:

a) If root attribute is The name contains Double Letters:

The result shows it has 80 correctly classified instances which is close to perfect but not perfect. This result is a very huge development.

Classifier

Choose J48 -C 0.25 -M 2

Test options

☐ Use training set

☐ Supplied test set

☒ Cross-validation

☐ Percentage split

Set...

Folds 10

% 66

More options...

(Nom) Has Double Letters

Start

Stop

Result list (right-click for options)

23:29:01 - trees.J48

23:29:15 - trees.J48

23:29:26 - trees.J48

23:30:32 - trees.J48

23:30:42 - trees.J48

23:32:02 - trees.M5P

23:32:21 - trees.M5P

23:33:03 - trees.M5P

23:33:15 - trees.HoeffdingTree

23:33:59 - trees.HoeffdingTree

23:34:22 - trees.J48

23:34:24 - trees.J48

23:36:24 - trees.J48

23:36:49 - trees.J48

23:37:38 - trees.J48

23:39:40 - trees.M5P

23:40:12 - trees.J48

Classifier output

=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

J48 pruned tree

Number of Vowels <= 3: No (90.0/15.0)

Number of Vowels > 3

| Length <= 7: Yes (8.0/2.0)

| Length > 7: No (2.0)

Number of Leaves : 3

Size of the tree : 5

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===

=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances8080%

Incorrectly Classified Instances2020%

Kappa statistic0.2372

Mean absolute error0.303

Root mean squared error0.4081

Relative absolute error90.2649 %

Root relative squared error100.112 %

Total Number of Instances100

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

TP RateFP RatePrecisionRecallF-MeasureMCCROC AreaPRC AreaClass

b) If The attribute is Length of the Name:

The result shows it has 81 correctly classified instances which is close to perfect but not perfect. This result is a very huge development.

```
a b <-- classified as
38 4 | a = Yes
15 43 | b = No
```

The model achieved 81 correctly classified instances, demonstrating near-perfect performance. While not flawless, this result represents a significant advancement and indicates substantial improvement in the model's accuracy.

Test options

☐ Use training set

☐ Supplied test set Set...

☒ Cross-validation Folds 10

☐ Percentage split % 66

More options...

Classifier output

Number of leaves : 4

Size of the tree : 7

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===

=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances	81	81	%
Incorrectly Classified Instances	19	19	%
Kappa statistic	0.6236		
Mean absolute error	0.2707		
Root mean squared error	0.3924		
Relative absolute error	55.4824 %		
Root relative squared error	79.4436 %		
Total Number of Instances	100		

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area	Class
	0.905	0.259	0.717	0.905	0.800	0.639	0.759	0.659	Yes
	0.741	0.095	0.915	0.741	0.819	0.639	0.759	0.788	No
Weighted Avg.	0.810	0.164	0.832	0.810	0.811	0.639	0.759	0.733	

=== Confusion Matrix ===

```

a b  <-- classified as
38 4 | a = Yes
15 43 | b = No

```

(Nom) Common First Letter ▼

Start
Stop

Result list (right-click for options)

23:30:32 - trees.J48
▼

23:30:42 - trees.J48
▼

23:32:02 - trees.M5P
▼

23:32:21 - trees.M5P
▼

23:33:03 - trees.M5P
▼

23:33:15 - trees.HoeffdingTree
▼

23:33:59 - trees.HoeffdingTree
▼

23:34:22 - trees.J48
▼

23:34:24 - trees.J48
▼

23:36:24 - trees.J48
▼

23:36:49 - trees.J48
▼

23:37:38 - trees.J48
▼

23:39:40 - trees.M5P
▼

23:40:12 - trees.J48
▼

23:41:08 - trees.J48
▼

23:43:44 - trees.J48
▼

23:46:09 - trees.J48
▼

23:46:37 - trees.J48
▼

d) For First Letter is Vowel:

Classifier

Choose **J48 -C 0.25 -M 2**

Test options

☐ Use training set

☐ Supplied test set

☒ Cross-validation Folds

☐ Percentage split %

(Nom) Vowel Starts a Name ☒

Result list (right-click for options)

- 09:33:28 - rules.ZeroR
- 09:34:28 - rules.ZeroR
- 09:35:15 - trees.J48
- 09:36:06 - trees.J48

Classifier output

Number of leaves : 4

Size of the tree : 7

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===

=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances	88	88	%
Incorrectly Classified Instances	12	12	%
Kappa statistic	0.7541		
Mean absolute error	0.1907		
Root mean squared error	0.3286		
Relative absolute error	38.6393 %		
Root relative squared error	66.1318 %		
Total Number of Instances	100		

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area	Class
	0.818	0.071	0.900	0.818	0.857	0.757	0.872	0.853	y
	0.929	0.182	0.867	0.929	0.897	0.757	0.872	0.842	n
Weighted Avg.	0.880	0.133	0.881	0.880	0.879	0.757	0.872	0.847	

=== Confusion Matrix ===

a b <-- classified as

36	8	a = y
4	52	b = n

e) For last Letter is Vowel:

Classifier

Choose **J48 -C 0.25 -M 2**

Test options

☐ Use training set

☐ Supplied test set

☒ Cross-validation Folds

☐ Percentage split %

(Nom) last is vowel ☒

Result list (right-click for options)

- 09:33:28 - rules.ZeroR
- 09:34:28 - rules.ZeroR
- 09:35:15 - trees.J48

Classifier output

Number of leaves : 6

Size of the tree : 11

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===

=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances	73	73	%
Incorrectly Classified Instances	27	27	%
Kappa statistic	0.438		
Mean absolute error	0.2979		
Root mean squared error	0.412		
Relative absolute error	64.4596 %		
Root relative squared error	85.7339 %		
Total Number of Instances	100		

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area	Class
	0.722	0.266	0.605	0.722	0.658	0.443	0.772	0.676	t
	0.734	0.278	0.825	0.734	0.777	0.443	0.772	0.800	f
Weighted Avg.	0.730	0.273	0.745	0.730	0.734	0.443	0.772	0.755	

=== Confusion Matrix ===

a b <-- classified as

26	10	a = t
17	47	b = f

f) For Length of the Name

```

Classifier output
Test mode: 10-fold cross-validation

=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

n (57.000) NB1 NB adaptivel

Time taken to build model: 0.02 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===
=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances      83          83      %
Incorrectly Classified Instances    17          17      %
Kappa statistic                     0.6592
Mean absolute error                 0.1929
Root mean squared error             0.3605
Relative absolute error             39.0827 %
Root relative squared error         72.5453 %
Total Number of Instances          100

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

                TP Rate  FP Rate  Precision  Recall  F-Measure  MCC      ROC Area  PRC Area  Class
                0.864    0.196    0.776     0.864    0.817     0.663    0.878    0.861     y
                0.804    0.136    0.882     0.804    0.841     0.663    0.878    0.846     n
Weighted Avg.   0.830    0.163    0.835     0.830    0.831     0.663    0.878    0.852

=== Confusion Matrix ===

  a  b  <-- classified as
38  6 | a = y
11 45 | b = n

```

g) For Second Alphabet is vowel or Consonant

For this it shows that correctly classified instances are 100 which is best possible outcome for a classifier. It highlights that this is the magical attribute we are looking for and it points out that:

- Clearly state that this specific attribute has complete predictive power over the target class.
- This attribute alone can be used as a rule-based classifier, achieving 100% accuracy, so it simplifies the classification task since no other attribute or complex model is necessary.

Upon analysis, this attribute perfectly classifies the dataset with 100% accuracy, indicating that it fully determines the class label without error. This attribute can serve as a standalone classifier, making the task of classification straightforward.

Choose
J48 - C 0.25 - M 2

Test options

☐ Use training set
☐ Supplied test set
☒ Cross-validation
☐ Percentage split

Folds: 10
%: 66

More options...

(Nom) Second Alphabet is Vowel

Start
Stop

Result list (right-click for options)

23:29:01 - trees.J48
23:29:15 - trees.J48
23:29:26 - trees.J48
23:30:32 - trees.J48
23:30:42 - trees.J48
23:32:02 - trees.M5P
23:32:21 - trees.M5P
23:33:03 - trees.M5P
23:33:15 - trees.HoeffdingTree
23:33:59 - trees.HoeffdingTree
23:34:22 - trees.J48
23:34:24 - trees.J48
23:36:24 - trees.J48
23:36:49 - trees.J48
23:37:38 - trees.J48

Classifier output

```

=== Run information ===

Scheme:      weka.classifiers.trees.J48 -C 0.25 -M 2
Relation:    WHOLE_SET
Instances:    100
Attributes:  11
              Name
              Length
              Starts with Vowel
              Starts with Consonant
              Has Double Letters
              Is Palindrome
              Common First Letter
              Number of Vowels
              Number of Consonants
              Second Alphabet is Vowel
              OutPut

Test mode:    10-fold cross-validation

=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

J48 pruned tree
-----

OutPut <= 0: No (50.0)
OutPut > 0: Yes (50.0)

Number of Leaves :    2

Size of the tree :    3

```

Size of the tree : 3

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===
=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances	100	100	%
Incorrectly Classified Instances	0	0	%
Kappa statistic	1		
Mean absolute error	0		
Root mean squared error	0		
Relative absolute error	0	%	
Root relative squared error	0	%	
Total Number of Instances	100		

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area	Class
	1.000	0.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	No
	1.000	0.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	Yes
Weighted Avg.	1.000	0.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	

=== Confusion Matrix ===

```

a b  <-- classified as
50  0 |  a = No
 0 50 |  b = Yes

```

3. Write a paragraph about your experience of working with the standard ML pipeline in your own words.

Working with the standard machine learning pipeline involves several crucial steps, from data preprocessing to model evaluation. For me this process began with feature extraction, where I analyzed a dataset containing names and manually derived relevant features such as

- The length of the name
- Vowel and consonant counts
- Starts with Vowel and consonant
- If name had specific patterns like double letters
- If it started or Ended with a vowel and more

But this did not give me the result I wanted. So I searched, added and tested more features, which at some time gave better results and sometimes the algorithm performed not so well. But at the end I found the magical feature which is “*Second Alphabet is a Vowel*”. Given task of manual feature Engineering in this Second Assignment is critical in influencing model performance by providing the algorithm with meaningful insights. Once the dataset was structured with both input and output features, I converted it into ARFF format by creating a label of @relation at the top of file, which WEKA—a machine learning tool—can read and process. The ARFF file was loaded into WEKA for experimentation, where I explored the data’s characteristics, such as attribute distributions and class labels. I then ran the J48 decision tree algorithm to classify the data based on the features I had crafted. After observing the performances I added, deleted and altered the features I found fit. This helped me gain deeper and precise understanding of this algorithm. Throughout this process, I gained a deeper understanding of how each stage in the pipeline such as:

- Data preparation
- Feature engineering
- Relation of each attribute with output
- Model training
- Evaluation

plays a role in shaping the effectiveness of a machine learning model.