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CSE260

Section: 02

Ans no 1

a)  $(4693.23450)_{10}$

2	4693	
2	2346	-1
2	1173	-0
2	586	-1
2	293	-0
2	146	-1
2	73	-0
2	36	-1
2	18	-0
2	9	-0
2	4	-01
2	2	-0
2	1	-0
2	0	-1

$$(4693)_{10} = (1001001010101)_2$$

$$0.23450 \times 2 = 0.469$$

$$0.469 \times 2 = 0.938$$

$$0.938 \times 2 = 1.876$$

$$0.876 \times 2 = 1.752$$

$$0.752 \times 2 = 1.504$$

$$(0.23450)_{10} = (0.00111)_2$$

$$\therefore (4693.23450)_{10} = (1001001010101.00111...)_{2}$$

$$b) (4976.250363)_{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2 \overline{) 4976} \\
 2 \overline{) 2488} - 0 \\
 2 \overline{) 1244} - 0 \\
 2 \overline{) 622} - 0 \\
 2 \overline{) 311} - 0 \\
 2 \overline{) 155} - 1 \\
 2 \overline{) 77} - 1 \\
 2 \overline{) 38} - 1 \\
 2 \overline{) 19} - 0 \\
 2 \overline{) 9} - 1 \\
 2 \overline{) 4} - 1 \\
 2 \overline{) 2} - 0 \\
 2 \overline{) 1} - 0 \\
 0 - 1
 \end{array}$$

$$(4976)_{10} = (1001101110000)_2$$

$$0.250363 \times 2 = 0.500726$$

$$0.500726 \times 2 = 1.001452$$

$$0.001452 \times 2 = 0.002904$$

$$0.002904 \times 2 = 0.005808$$

$$0.005808 \times 2 = 0.011616$$

$$(0.250363)_{10} = (0.01000)_{2}$$

$$(4976.250363)_{10} = (1001101110000.01000)_{2}$$

Ans no 2

$$a) (8712)_9$$

$$= 8 \times 9^3 + 7 \times 9^2 + 1 \times 9^1 + 2 \times 9^0$$

$$= 5832 + 567 + 9 + 2$$

$$= (6410)_{10}$$

5		6410	
5		1282	- 0
5		256	- 2
5		51	- 1
5		10	- 1
5		2	- 0
		0	- 2

↑

$$\therefore (8712)_9 = (201120)_5$$

$$b) (234.256)_9$$

$$= 2 \times 9^2 + 3 \times 9^1 + 4 \times 9^0 + 2 \times 9^{-1} + 5 \times 9^{-2} + 6 \times 9^{-3}$$

$$= 162 + 27 + 4 + \frac{2}{9} + \frac{5}{81} + \frac{2}{243}$$

$$= (193.2921811)_{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 5 & 193 \\ \hline 5 & 38 - 3 \\ \hline 5 & 7 - 3 \\ \hline 5 & 1 - 2 \\ \hline & 0 - 1 \end{array}$$

$$(193)_{10} = (1233)_5$$

$$0.2921811 \times 5 = 1.4609055$$

$$0.4609055 \times 5 = 2.3045275$$

$$0.3045275 \times 5 = 1.5226375$$

$$0.5226375 \times 5 = 2.6131875$$

$$0.6131875 \times 5 = 3.0659375$$

$$(234.256)_9 = (1233.12123 \dots)_5$$

Ans no 3

$$a) (\underline{101010101010})_2$$

$$= (A A A)_{16}$$

$$(b) (\underline{110101110111} \cdot \underline{11101010101111})_2$$

$$= (\underline{110101110111} \cdot \underline{1110101010111100})_2$$

$$= (D77 \cdot EABC)_{16}$$

Ans no 4

$$a) (\underline{101010101010})_2$$

$$= \underline{5242}$$

$$= (5252)_8$$

$$b) (\underline{110101110111} \cdot \underline{111010101011110})_2$$

$$= (6567 \cdot 72536)_8$$

Ans no 5

$$a) (38A)_{13}$$

$$= 3 \times 13^2 + 8 \times 13^1 + 10 \times 13^0$$

$$= (621)_{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \overline{) 621} \\ 7 \overline{) 88} - 5 \\ 7 \overline{) 12} - 4 \\ 7 \overline{) 1} - 5 \\ 0 - 1 \end{array} \quad \uparrow$$

$$\therefore (38A)_{13} = (1545)_7$$

$$b) (10110111)_7$$

$$= 1 \times 7^7 + 0 \times 7^6 + 1 \times 7^5 + 1 \times 7^4 + 0 \times 7^3 + 1 \times 7^2 + 1 \times 7^1 + 1 \times 7^0$$

$$= 823543 + 16807 + 2401 + 49 + 7 + 1$$

$$= (842808)_{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \overline{) 842808} \\ 4 \overline{) 210702} - 0 \\ 4 \overline{) 52675} - 2 \\ 4 \overline{) 13168} - 3 \\ 4 \overline{) 3292} - 0 \\ 4 \overline{) 823} - 0 \\ 4 \overline{) 205} - 3 \\ 51 - 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \overline{) } \\ 4 \overline{) 12} - 3 \\ 4 \overline{) 3} - 0 \\ 0 - 3 \end{array}$$

$$(10110111)_7 = (3031300320)_4$$



$$(c) (0011)_{BCD} = (?)_5$$

$$= (3)_{10}$$

$$5 \overline{) 3} \\ 0 - 3$$

$$\therefore \cancel{3} (0011)_{BCD} = (3)_5$$

$$d) (0011)_{10}$$

0	0	1	1
+ 3	3	3	3
3	3	4	4
↓	↓	↓	↓
0011	0011	0100	0100

$$\therefore (0011)_{10} = (0011001101000100)_{\text{excess 3}}$$



$$e) (1100011)_{10}$$

1	1	0	0	0	1	1
+ 5	5	5	5	5	5	5
<hr style="width: 100%;"/>	<hr style="width: 100%;"/>	<hr style="width: 100%;"/>	<hr style="width: 100%;"/>	<hr style="width: 100%;"/>	<hr style="width: 100%;"/>	<hr style="width: 100%;"/>
6	6	5	5	5	6	6
↓	↓	↓	↓	↘	↘	↘
0110	0110	0101	0101	0101	0110	0110

$$\therefore (1100011)_{10} = (01100110010101010101100110)_{\text{excess 5}}$$

⑥

Addition

$$\begin{array}{r} 513 \\ 335 \\ \hline (1050)_8 \end{array}$$

Subtraction

$$\begin{array}{r} 513 \\ 335 \\ \hline (156)_8 \end{array}$$

### Division

$$\begin{array}{r} 335 \overline{) 513} \text{ (001)} \\ \underline{0} \\ 51 \\ \underline{0} \\ 513 \\ \underline{335} \\ 156 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Remainder} = 156$$

$$\text{Quotient} = 1$$

### Multiplication

$$\begin{array}{r} 513 \\ \times 335 \\ \hline 3167 \\ 17410 \\ 174100 \\ \hline (216677)_8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \overline{) 15} \mid 1 \\ \underline{8} \\ 7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \overline{) 25} \mid 3 \\ \underline{24} \\ 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \overline{) 9} \mid 1 \\ \underline{8} \\ 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \overline{) 14} \mid 1 \\ \underline{8} \\ 6 \end{array}$$

$$8 \overline{) 9} \mid$$

### Verification

$$(513)_8 = 5 \times 8^2 + 1 \times 8^1 + 3 \times 8^0$$

$$= (331)_{10}$$

$$(335)_8 = 3 \times 8^2 + 3 \times 8^1 + 5 \times 8^0$$

$$= (221)_{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 331 \\ + 221 \\ \hline (552)_{10} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 8 & 552 \\ \hline 8 & 69 - 0 \\ \hline 8 & 8 - 5 \\ \hline 8 & 1 - 0 \\ \hline & 0 - 1 \end{array} \quad \uparrow$$

$$\therefore (552)_{10} = (1050)_8$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 331 \\ - 221 \\ \hline (110)_{10} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 8 & 110 \\ \hline 8 & 13 - 6 \\ \hline 8 & 1 - 5 \\ \hline & 0 - 1 \end{array}$$

$$\therefore (110)_{10} = (156)_8$$

$$331 \times 221 = (73151)_{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 8 \overline{) 73151} \\
 8 \overline{) 9143} - 7 \\
 8 \overline{) 1142} - 7 \\
 8 \overline{) 142} - 6 \\
 8 \overline{) 17} - 6 \\
 8 \overline{) 2} - 1 \\
 0 - 2
 \end{array}
 \uparrow$$

$$(73151)_{10} = (216677)_8$$

~~$\therefore$  Verified~~

$$\begin{array}{r}
 221 \overline{) 331} ( 1 \\
 \underline{221} \\
 110
 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Quotient} = (1)_{10} = (1)_8$$

$$\text{Remainder} = (110)_{10} = (156)_8$$

$\therefore$  Verified.

⑦

$$\begin{array}{r} 214 \\ + 115 \\ \hline (333)_6 \end{array}$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{r} 6 \overline{) 9} (1 \\ \underline{6} \\ 3 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 214 \\ - 115 \\ \hline (055)_6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 214 \\ \times 115 \\ \hline 1522 \\ 2140 \\ 21400 \\ \hline (25502)_6 \end{array}$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{r} 6 \overline{) 20} (3 \\ \underline{18} \\ 2 \\ \\ 6 \overline{) 6} (1 \\ \underline{6} \\ 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$6 \overline{) 8} (1 \frac{6}{2}$$

$$6 \overline{) 11} (1 \frac{6}{5}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 115 \overline{) 214} \quad (001 \rightarrow \text{Quotient} \\ \underline{0} \\ 21 \\ \underline{0} \\ 214 \\ \underline{115} \\ 55 \rightarrow \text{Remainder} \end{array}$$

Verification

$$(214)_6 = 2 \times 6^2 + 1 \times 6^1 + 4 \times 6^0$$

$$= 72 + 6 + 4$$

$$= (82)_{10}$$

$$(115)_6 = 1 \times 6^2 + 1 \times 6^1 + 5 \times 6^0$$

$$= (47)_{10}$$

$$82 + 47 = (129)_{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \overline{) 129} \\ 6 \overline{) 21} - 3 \\ 6 \overline{) 3} - 3 \\ 0 - 3 \end{array} \quad \uparrow$$

$$(129)_{10} = (333)_6$$

$$82 - 47 = (35)_{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \overline{) 35} \\ 6 \overline{) 5} - 5 \\ 0 - 5 \end{array}$$

$$(35)_{10} = (55)_6$$

$$82 \times 47 = (3854)_{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \overline{) 3854} \\ 6 \overline{) 642} - 2 \\ 6 \overline{) 107} - 0 \\ 6 \overline{) 17} - 5 \\ 6 \overline{) 2} - 5 \\ 0 - 2 \end{array} \quad \uparrow$$

$$(3854)_{10} = \cancel{(20552)}_6 (25502)_6$$

$$\cancel{82 : 47 = (174468)_{10}}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \overline{) 1} \\ 0 - 1 \end{array}$$

$$\cancel{0.74468}$$

$\therefore$  Verified.

$$\begin{array}{r} 47 \overline{) 82} (1 \\ 47 \\ \hline 35 \end{array}$$

$$\therefore \text{Quotient} = (1)_{10} = (1)_6$$

$$\text{Remainder} = (35)_{10} = (55)_6$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \overline{) 35} \\ 6 \overline{) 5} - 5 \\ 0 - 5 \end{array} \quad \uparrow$$



$$\textcircled{9} (101010101000011)_2$$

$$010101010111100$$

$$+1$$

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$$010101010111101$$

$$= 1 \times 2^{13} + 0 \times 2^{12} + 1 \times 2^{11} + 0 \times 2^{10} + 1 \times 2^9 + 0 \times 2^8 + 1 \times 2^7 \\ + 0 \times 2^6 + 1 \times 2^5 + 1 \times 2^4 + 1 \times 2^3 + 1 \times 2^2 + 0 \times 2^1 + 1 \times 2^0$$

$$= (-10941)_{10}$$

$$\textcircled{10} (01001010101111)_2$$

$$= 1 \times 2^{13} + 0 \times 2^{12} + 0 \times 2^{11} + 1 \times 2^{10} + 0 \times 2^9 + 1 \times 2^8 + 0 \times 2^7 \\ + 1 \times 2^6 + 0 \times 2^5 + 1 \times 2^4 + 1 \times 2^3 + 1 \times 2^2 + 1 \times 2^1 + 1 \times 2^0$$

$$= (+9567)_{10}$$

$$\textcircled{11} (101010101000011)_2$$

$$010101010111100$$

$$= 1 \times 2^{13} + 0 \times 2^{12} + 1 \times 2^{11} + 0 \times 2^{10} + 1 \times 2^9 + 0 \times 2^8 + 1 \times 2^7 \\ + 0 \times 2^6 + 1 \times 2^5 + 1 \times 2^4 + 1 \times 2^3 + 1 \times 2^2 + 0 \times 2^1 + 0 \times 2^0$$

$$= (-10940)_{10}$$

$$\textcircled{8} (01001010101111)_2$$

$$= 1 \times 2^{13} + 0 \times 2^{12} + 0 \times 2^{11} + 1 \times 2^{10} + 0 \times 2^9 + 1 \times 2^8 + 0 \times 2^7 + 1 \times 2^6 \\ + 0 \times 2^5 + 1 \times 2^4 + 1 \times 2^3 + 1 \times 2^2 + 1 \times 2^1 + 1 \times 2^0$$

$$= (+9567)_{10}$$

$$(12) \quad 27 - 13 = 27 + (-13)$$

$$27 = 11011$$

$$+27 = 011011$$

$$= 0011011 \quad (7 \text{ bit})$$

$$13 = 1101$$

$$+13 = 01101$$

$$= 0001101 \quad (7 \text{ bit})$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1110010 \\ +1 \end{array}$$

$$-13 = (1110011)_{2s}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0011011 \\ 1110011 \\ \hline 1000110 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Ans} = 0001110$$

No overflow.

According to the rule, if we add two different sign number, it represents no overflow.

$$(13) \quad 98 - 45 = 98 + (-45)$$

$$98 = 1100010$$

$$+98 = 01100010$$

$$= 000001100010 \quad (12 \text{ bit})$$

$$45 = 101101$$

$$+45 = 0101101$$

$$= 00000101101 \quad (12 \text{ bit})$$

$$11111010010$$

+1

$$-45 = (11111010011)_{2s}$$

$$000001100010$$

$$11111010011$$

$$\hline 1000000110101$$

$$\text{Ans} = 00000110101$$

No overflow.

According to the rule, if we add two different sign number it represents no overflow.

(14)

$$13 + 27$$

$$13 = 1101$$

$$+13 = 01101$$

$$= 001101 \text{ (6 bit)}$$

$$27 = 11011$$

$$+27 = 011011$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 001101 \\ 011011 \\ \hline 101000 \\ \text{↳ diff sign} \end{array}$$

Yes, overflow.

According to the rule, add two same signed number if answer has different sign represents overflow.

$$(15) \ a) \ 91 - 499 = 91 + (-499)$$

$$91 = 1011011$$

$$+91 = 01011011$$

$$= 0000001011011 \ (13\text{bit})$$

$$499 = 111110011$$

$$+499 = 0111110011$$

$$-499 = (\cancel{1000001100})_{15}$$

$$= 000011110011$$

$$-499 = (1111000001100)_{15}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0000001011011 \\ 1111000001100 \\ \hline (1111001100111)_{15} \end{array}$$

$$+499 = 0000111110011$$

$$1111000001100$$

$$+1$$

$$-499 = (1111000001101)_{25}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0000001011011 \\ 1111000001101 \\ \hline (1111001101000)_{25} \end{array}$$

In both case, we add two different sign number, so no overflow.

$$b) \quad 379 + 98$$

$$379 = 101111011$$

$$+ 379 = 0101111011$$

$$= 0000101111011 \quad (13 \text{ bit})$$

$$98 = 1100010$$

$$+ 98 = 01100010$$

$$= 0000001100010 \quad (13 \text{ bit})$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0000101111011 \\ 0000001100010 \\ \hline 000011101101 \end{array}$$

~~yes~~<sup>no</sup> overflow.

Here we add two same sign number and got same sign ans that represent no overflow.