CSE 4308

Database Management Systems Lab

Lab 10

Intro to PL/SQL

Anonymous Blocks, IF Statements, Functions



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PL/SQL Anonymous Block & Syntax

```
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
-- Declaration Section -- (Optional)
DECLARE
--variable_name datatype [NOT NULL] [:= initial_value];
Name VARCHAR2(30) := 'xyz';
-- Name VARCHAR2(30) DEFAULT 'xyz';
Amount NUMBER(10,3) NOT NULL := 5000;
Portion NUMBER(10,3) := Amount/3;
-- Execution Section --
BEGIN
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Welcome to the Thunderdome, ' | Name);
DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE( 'Your portion of the salary is, ' || Portion);
-- Exception Section (Optional)
  EXCEPTION
     WHEN ZERO_DIVIDE THEN
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE( SQLERRM );
END;
```

```
SQL> SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
SQL> --Declaration Section-- (Optional)
SQL> DECLARE
3 --variable_name datatype [NOT NULL] [:= initial_value];
5 Name VARCHAR2(30) := 'xyz'; -- Name VARCHAR2(30) DEFAULT 'xyz';
6 Amount NUMBER(10,3) NOT NULL := 5000;
7 Portion NUMBER(10,3) := Amount/3;
9 --Execution Section--
10
11 BEGIN
12
13 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE( 'Welcome to the Thunderdome, ' | Name);
14
15 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE( 'Your portion of the salary is, ' || Portion);
16
17
   --Exception Section (Optional)
18
19
         EXCEPTION
20
              WHEN ZERO_DIVIDE THEN
21
                   DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE( SQLERRM );
22 END;
23
24 /
Welcome to the Thunderdome, xyz
Your portion of the salary is, 1666.667
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
SQL>
```

```
SQL> SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
SQL> --Declaration Section-- (Optional)
                                                                 File Edit Format View Help
SQL> DECLARE
                                                                  --variable_name datatype [NOT NULL] [:= initial_value];
    --variable_name datatype [NOT NULL] [:= initial value Name VARCHAR2(30) := 'xyz'; -- Name VARCHAR2(30) DEFAULT 'xyz';
                                                                  Amount NUMBER(10,3) NOT NULL := 5000;
                                                                 Portion NUMBER(10,3) := Amount/0;
 5 Name VARCHAR2(30) := 'xyz'; -- Name VARCHAR2(30) DEF
 6 Amount NUMBER(10,3) NOT NULL := 5000;
                                                                  -- Execution Section--
 7 Portion NUMBER(10,3) := Amount/0;
    --Execution Section--
                                                                 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE( 'Welcome to the Thunderdome, ' || Name);
10
                                                                 DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE( 'Your portion of the salary is, ' || Portion);
11 BEGIN
12
                                                                  -- Exception Section (Optional)
    DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE( 'Welcome to the Thunderdome,
14
                                                                         WHEN ZERO DIVIDE THEN
15 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE( 'Your portion of the salary is
                                                                              DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE( SQLERRM );
16
17
    --Exception Section (Optional)
18
19
          EXCEPTION
20
                WHEN ZERO DIVIDE THEN
21
                     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE( SQLERRM );
22 END;
23
24 /
DECLARE
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-01476: divisor is equal to zero
ORA-06512: at line 7
                                                                                                                                                                                          Ln 14, Col 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                          100% Windows (CRLF)
SOL> edit
```

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Wrote file afiedt.buf

```
SQL> SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
                                                                 afiedt.buf - Notepad
SQL> --Declaration Section-- (Optional)
                                                                  File Edit Format View Help
SQL> DECLARE
                                                                  --variable_name datatype [NOT NULL] [:= initial_value];
    --variable_name datatype [NOT NULL] [:= initial value Name VARCHAR2(30) := 'xyz'; -- Name VARCHAR2(30) DEFAULT 'xyz';
                                                                  Amount NUMBER(10,3) NOT NULL := 5000;
                                                                  Portion NUMBER(10,3) := Amount/3;
 5 Name VARCHAR2(30) := 'xyz'; -- Name VARCHAR2(30) DEF
 6 Amount NUMBER(10,3) NOT NULL := 5000;
                                                                  --Execution Section--
 7 Portion NUMBER(10,3) := Amount/0;
    --Execution Section--
                                                                  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE( 'Welcome to the Thunderdome, ' || Name);
10
                                                                 DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE( 'Your portion of the salary is, ' || Portion);
11 BEGIN
12
                                                                  -- Exception Section (Optional)
    DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE( 'Welcome to the Thunderdome,
14
                                                                          WHEN ZERO DIVIDE THEN
15 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE( 'Your portion of the salary is
                                                                              DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE( SQLERRM );
16
17
    --Exception Section (Optional)
18
19
          EXCEPTION
20
                WHEN ZERO DIVIDE THEN
21
                     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE( SQLERRM );
22 END;
23
24 /
DECLARE
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-01476: divisor is equal to zero
ORA-06512: at line 7
                                                                                                                                                                                           Ln 7, Col 33
                                                                                                                                                                                                           100% Windows (CRLF)
SOL> edit
```

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Wrote file afiedt.buf

```
SQL> edit
Wrote file afiedt.buf
 2 --variable_name datatype [NOT NULL] [:= initial_value];
 3 Name VARCHAR2(30) := 'xyz'; -- Name VARCHAR2(30) DEFAULT 'xyz';
4 Amount NUMBER(10,3) NOT NULL := 5000;
5 Portion NUMBER(10,3) := Amount/3;
6 --Execution Section--
8 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE( 'Welcome to the Thunderdome, ' || Name);
9 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE( 'Your portion of the salary is, ' || Portion);
10 --Exception Section (Optional)
11
         EXCEPTION
12
              WHEN ZERO DIVIDE THEN
                  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE( SQLERRM );
14* END;
```

PL/SQL Anchored Declarations

```
DECLARE
--variable_name table_name.column_name%TYPE
Var_Name Boys.Name%TYPE;
Var_Semester Boys.Semester%TYPE;
BEGIN
                                                                  Boys
SELECT
                                                                      ID
                                                                                               Semester
                                                                                   Name
  name, semester
                                                                                Aflan
                                                                                              7th
 Var_Name, Var_Semester
                                                                                Saidul
FROM
                                                                                              8th
  Boys
                                                                                              8th
WHERE
                                                                                Anas
  Boys.ID = 2;
DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('Name of student: ' || Var_Name);
DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE( 'Semester of student: ' | Var_Semester);
END;
```

Anchored Declaration Demonstration

```
SQL> SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
SQL> DECLARE
 3 Var_Name Boys.Name%TYPE;
 4 Var_Semester Boys.Semester%TYPE;
6 BEGIN
8 SELECT
       name, semester
10
11
       Var_Name, Var_Semester
12
       Boys
14
     WHERE
       Boys.ID = 2;
16
17 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Name of student: ' || Var_Name);
18 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE( 'Semester of student: ' || Var_Semester);
19
20 END;
Name of student: Saidul
Semester of student: 8th
```

PL/SQL IF Statements

```
--General Syntax for IF statements

IF condition1 THEN
    statement1;

ELSEIF condition2 THEN
    statement2;
.

ELSE
    else_statement;
END IF;
```

PL/SQL IF Statements

```
DECLARE
Var_Name Boys_Marks.Name%TYPE;
Var_Marks Boys_Marks.Marks%TYPE;
Grade VARCHAR2(5);
BEGIN
SELECT name, marks INTO Var_Name, Var_Marks
FROM Boys_Marks WHERE Boys_Marks.ID = 2;
IF Var_Marks > 79 THEN
 Grade := 'A';
ELSIF Var_Marks > 69 AND Var_Marks < 80 THEN
 Grade := 'B';
ELSE
 Grade := 'C';
END IF:
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Name of student: ' || Var_Name);
DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE( 'Grade of the student: ' | Grade);
END;
```

Boys_Marks

ID	Name	Marks
1	Aflan	70
2	Saidul	85
3	Anas	60

IF Statement Demonstration

```
SQL> DECLARE
 3 Var_Name Boys_Marks.Name%TYPE;
 4 Var_Marks Boys_Marks.Marks%TYPE;
 5 Grade VARCHAR2(5);
 7 BEGIN
    SELECT name, marks INTO Var_Name, Var_Marks
10
    FROM Boys_Marks WHERE Boys_Marks.ID = 2;
11
12 IF Var_Marks > 79 THEN
       Grade := 'A';
14
     ELSIF Var_Marks > 69 AND Var_Marks < 80 THEN
       Grade := 'B';
     ELSE
16
       Grade := 'C';
18 END IF;
20 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Name of student: ' || Var_Name);
21 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE( 'Grade of the student: ' || Grade);
22
23 END;
Name of student: Saidul
Grade of the student: A
```

PL/SQL Functions

```
--General Syntax for writing functions
CREATE [OR REPLACE] FUNCTION function_name (parameter_list)
  RETURN return_type
IS
/*Declaration Section*/
BEGIN
/*Execution Section (Function body)*/
-- Exception Section (Optional)
END
--General Syntax for deleting or dropping functions
DROP FUNCTION function_name;
```

PL/SQL Functions

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION get_total_sales (in_date DATE)
RETURN NUMBER
total_sales NUMBER(10,3) := 0;
BEGIN
  -- get total sales
  SELECT SUM(Quantity * PPU)
  INTO total_sales
  FROM Orders, Order_Items
  WHERE Orders.Order_ID = Order_Items.Order_ID AND Order_Date = in_date;
  -- return the total sales
  RETURN total_sales;
END:
--Calling the function from an anonymous block
BEGIN
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(get_total_sales(to_date('15_07_2020','dd__mm_yyyy')));
END;
-- Calling the function in an SQL statement
SELECT get_total_sales(to_date('15_07_2020','dd__mm_yyyy')) FROM dual;
```

Orders

Order_ID	Client_ID	Order_Date
1	23	22-JUN-20
2	32	15-JUL-20
3	43	15-JUL-20

Order_Items

Order_ID	Name	Quantity	PPU
1	Bananas	6	9
2	Apples	10	5.5
2	Oranges	15	5
3	Coffee	50	6.5

Obj: Write a function that takes a date as parameter and returns the total money earned in sales on that date.

(10*5.5 + 15*5 + 50*6.5 = 455)

Function Demonstration

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION get_total_sales (in_date DATE)
 2 RETURN NUMBER
 3 IS
 4
    total_sales NUMBER(10,3) := 0;
 6
 7 BEGIN
 8
 9
        -- get total sales
10
11
        SELECT SUM(Quantity * PPU)
        INTO total_sales
12
13
        FROM Orders, Order_Items
        WHERE Orders.Order_ID = Order_Items.Order_ID AND Order_Date = in_date;
14
15
16
        -- return the total sales
17
        RETURN total_sales;
18
19
20 END;
Function created.
SQL> BEGIN
 2 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(get_total_sales(to_date('15_07_2020','dd__mm_yyyy')));
 3 END;
```

Thank You!