Assignment #01: Setup Course Tools & Git Fundamentals

DUE: Wednesday, 2016-09-17 before class.

- 1. Create an account on GitHub (https://github.com).
- 2. Download and install git at https://git-scm.com. We will be using Git Bash, not a GUI client.
- 3. Setup an SSH key to seamlessly push/pull to/from your GitHub repositories: https://help.github.com/articles/connecting-to-github-with-ssh/
- 4. Download and install python3 at https://www.python.org/. Be sure to install Python 3.6, not Python 2.7. Note that if you are using Windows, you should consider either:
 - Installing and using the Ubuntu Linux Subsystem (Windows 10), and running python3 from within that environment, or
 - Install Conda python from https://www.continuum.io/downloads.

Using "vanilla" python on Windows can have challenges with importing some packages, such as numpy, which do not exist in compiled wheels for Windows.

- 5. You will want a code writing environment that makes life easier for you as your projects get more complex. Options include:
 - VIM [http:\www.vim.org] (ideal for terminal usage)
 - GitHub Atom [https://atom.io/]
 - Visual Studio Code [https://code.visualstudio.com/]
 - PyCharm [https://www.jetbrains.com/pycharm/] (full-featured IDE)
- 6. Never used git before? Start with these resources:
 - https://try.github.io/
 - https://www.codecademy.com/learn/learn-git
 - https://www.git-tower.com/learn/cheat-sheets/vcs-workflow
 - http://gitimmersion.com/
 - https://www.atlassian.com/git/tutorials/comparing-workflows#feature-branch-workflows#feature-b
- 7. Familiar with git (or just completed the exercises above)? Give this a try: http://learngitbranching.js.org/
- 8. Having trouble? We'll be reviewing some of these tools in lecture on Thursday. Also checkout the Duke Co-Lab, which hosts regular office hours and has an online Slack team: https://colab.duke.edu/ We have a specific channel on there for this class, including:
 - #git
 - #python
- 9. Learning Objectives:
 - Create a git repository on your local computer.
 - Create a local file, then add and commit it to your local repository.
 - Edit your local file, adding and committing those edits.

- Create a remote repository on GitHub that has the same name as your local repository.
- Add the remote repository (origin) URL to your local repository.
- Push your local repostiory to GitHub.
- Create a local branch, create/add/commit a new file.
- Merge new local branch commit(s) into local master.
- Push updated master branch to GitHub.