Sri Lanka Institute of Information Technology



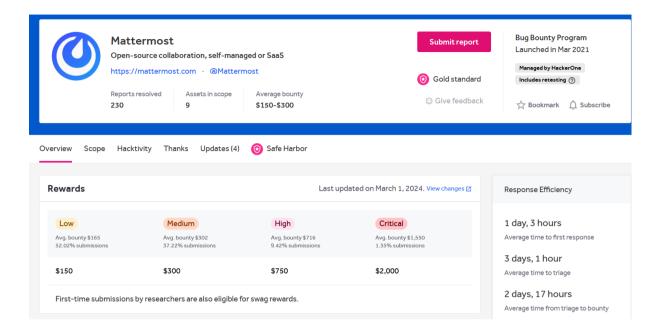
WEB SECURITY (IE2062)

BUG BOUNTY
REPORT 7

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B.Sc. (Hons) in Information Technology Specializing in cyber security

Overview of the website



Mattermost is an open-source substitute for proprietary communication systems. It is a flexible and safe messaging platform made for contemporary teams. Mattermost facilitates successful collaboration among organizations while upholding data sovereignty, all while emphasizing privacy and control. Teams may improve productivity and optimize communication by integrating it seamlessly with current workflows and systems thanks to its flexible architecture. With the greatest levels of security and compliance guaranteed, Mattermost offers a central hub for teams to connect and interact, whether it is for project management, file sharing, or real-time chat.

Scope

• InScope

Mattermost Plugins Jira Plugin Zoom Plugin GitHub Plugin GitHub Plugin Calls Plugin Playbooks Plugin Playbooks Plugin Documentation and setup instructions are available in the README of the repository. General documentation: https://docs.mattermost.com	Source code	In scope	C ritical	§ Eligible	Mar 1, 2024	8 (3%)
978516833 Latest IPA can be downloaded from here: https://github.com/mattermost/mattermost-mobile/releases	iOS: App Store	In scope	Critical	§ Eligible	Dec 20, 2023	1 (0%)
Other publicly-released plugins This asset is for plugins that Mattermost doesn't officially support. As informational only, we accept reports about important security issues with community plugins. Mattermost will handle contacting the plugin author and will provide guidance for the community member to implement a fix.	Source code	Inscope	C ritical	§ Ineligible	Aug 16, 2022	0 (0%)
customers.mattermost.com	Domain	In scope	— Critical	S Eligible	Mar 9, 2023	9 (4%)
h1-*your-own- instance*.cloud.mattermost.com Create your own free instance by signing up at https:// customers.mattermost.com/cloud/signup Important Notes Remember to prefix your instance name with h1- so that it's easily identifiable. Please use your own cloud instance for testing. Never use any other cloud instances. Please adhere to the Program Rules as mentioned in our Program Policy.	Wildcard	In scope	C ritical	§ Eligible	May 15, 2023	61 (27%)
Mattermost Desktop The Mattermost Desktop App is an Electron wrapper around the web app project. The source code is available in GitHub. The desktop app runs on Windows, Linux, and macOS. Installation instructions available here	Executable	In scope	C ritical	S Eligible	Aug 16, 2022	3 (1%)
Mattermost Source Code Server Webapp Mobile Deploy your self-hosted Mattermost instance via Docker via Tar Detailed setup instructions for individual components are available here: Server Webapp Mobile	Source code	In scope	C ritical	§ Eligible	Dec 20, 2023	42 (18%)
*.mattermost.com	Wildcard	In scope	Medium	S Ineligible	Dec 20,	18 (8%)

• OutScope

mattermost.(com/org) We don't accept reports for our website here.	Other	Out of scope	None	S Ineligible	Mar 1, 2021	0 (0%)
about.mattermost.com We don't accept reports for our website here.	Domain	Out of scope	None	§ Ineligible	Mar 19, 2021	0 (0%)
integrations.mattermost.com We don't accept reports for our website here.	Domain	Out of scope	None	S Ineligible	Mar 19, 2021	0 (0%)
docs.mattermost.com We don't accept reports for our website here.	Domain	Out of scope	None	S Ineligible	Mar 19, 2021	0 (0%)
academy.mattermost.com We don't accept reports for our website here.	Domain	Out of scope	None	S Ineligible	Mar 1, 2024	0 (0%)
developers.mattermost.com We don't accept report for our website here.	Domain	Out of scope	None	S Ineligible	Mar 1, 2024	0 (0%)
forum.mattermost.com We don't accept report for our website here	Domain	Out of scope	None	S Ineligible	Mar 1, 2024	0 (0%)

Information Gathering

Security researchers and ethical hackers must first gather data through bug bounty programs in order to identify vulnerabilities in a target system or application. This step's objective is to learn as much as you can about the target, including its technologies, architecture, known vulnerabilities, and potential weak points. Open-source intelligence gathering (OSINT), network scanning, fingerprinting, and asset enumeration are typically required to give a complete view of the target's attack surface.

Since it enables ethical hackers to identify potential points of entry and focus their search for system security flaws, efficient information gathering is the cornerstone of a successful bug hunting operation.

Subdomains for Hunting

The process of listing sub-domains for one or more domains is called sub-domain enumeration. This is a critical stage in the reconnaissance process. Finding vulnerabilities is made more likely by sub-domain enumeration, which can identify several domains and sub-domains that are part of a security assessment.

Seen through cryptic, abandoned sub-domains, programs may have dangerous bugs.

The same weaknesses are frequently found throughout numerous domains and applications within a single organization.

• Sublist3r

Sublist3r is an open-source program used for efficient subdomain enumeration. Penetration testers, security experts, and ethical hackers utilize Sublist3r to locate subdomains linked to a target website. It accomplishes this by using methods like search engine scraping and DNS requests. Sublist3r only needs to know the target domain to begin searching for relevant subdomains. It then provides useful information that can be utilized for vulnerability discovery and security assessments.

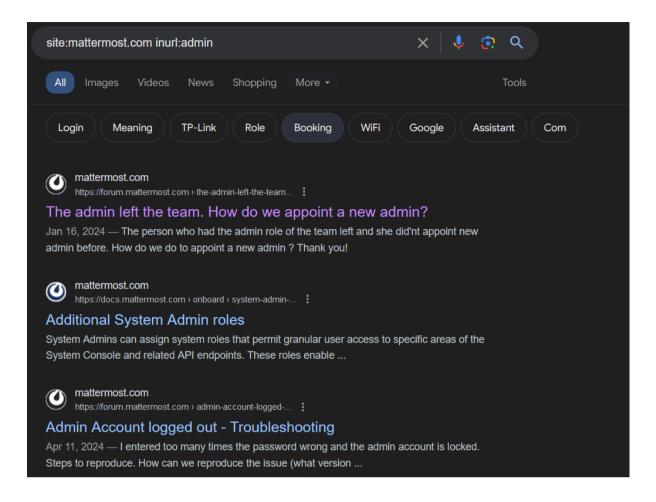
```
mobile-e2e-testing-ee-95+1.test.mattermost.com
mobile-e2e-testing-ee-96-1.test.mattermost.com
mobile-e2e-testing-ee-96-3.test.mattermost.com
rfga-cloud-1.test.mattermost.com
rfqa-cloud-6.test.mattermost.com
```

• Google dorking

Use this search method to help the search engine find sensitive and significant website information.

Site refers to the request that Google show only results from a particular website. By doing this, you'll be able to find the most trustworthy source on the topic with ease.

Inurl: This is a useful technique for locating vulnerable pages on a certain website. For example, we could look up admin, email, password, login, etc. It will provide us with private information.



Dnsdumpster

Block addresses, emails, domain names, and other kinds of DNS-related data can be gathered using an online passive scanning tool called DNSdumpster.

Result of mattermost.com

dns recon & research, f	ind & lookup dns recor	ds			
mattermost.com	Search >				
DNS Servers					
ns-1187.awsdns-20.org. ② → 	205.251.196.163	AMAZON-02 United States			
ns-2017.awsdns-60.co.uk. ② → 	205.251.199.225	AMAZON-02 United States			
ns-358.awsdns-44.com. ② •⊃ ≭ •> ◆	205.251.193.102	AMAZON-02 United States			
ns-517.awsdns-00.net. ② → ≭ ় ॎ • ◆	205.251.194.5	AMAZON-02 United States			
MX Records ** This is where email for the domain goes					
1 aspmx.l.google.com.	172.253.122.27	G00GLE United States			
10 alt3.aspmx.l.google.com. Ⅲ 女 ◆ ⊹	142.250.27.26	G00GLE United States			
10 alt4.aspmx.l.google.com. Ⅲ ☆ ② ◆	142.250.153.27	G00GLE United States			
5 alt1.aspmx.l.google.com. Ⅲ ☆ ② ﴿	209.85.202.26	GOOGLE United States			
5 alt2.aspmx.l.google.com. Ⅲ 本 →	64.233.184.26	GOOGLE United States			
TXT Records ** Find more hosts in Sender Policy Framework (SPF) configurations					
"MS=ms87796249"					
"ahrefs-site-verification_790ea9d1fa7df7bb79ecb01475bbd3a2af899af172f9822a21e777b54405d4db"					
"apple-domain-verification=vBZgwPL4UydXcsr0"					
"atlassian-domain-verification=RZDq/y7zdkcxaTHPiQ0C380+nmga2WANU5gtYZX6d7SIDE3ekH3yeQi3cK6Ja07T"					
"ca3-82e664ed1fc24cebbbb05a1a313a2599"					
"docusign=c1011fa8-6799-4bbd-ad54-4de0133fd846"					
"google-site-verification=fpg75vrAAEIJT0BiDewR1HEH5611FtlQ5KRxsy58Ggc"					
"onetrust-domain-verification=e49f201a265c4f8390f60e1f36563927"					
"pardot_339921_*=63b0e49c64dbef65c59685c5a82ade44fa3f8e43385555e89a12cd4265b44b4d"					
"pardot_339921_*=f4d50871fea05db4cc87a9e9aa231286dce8b2856b2328a328f2197e092be1e9"					
"reachdesk-verification=DqKUFJh3GNqCB9J9jncSb3egiPcJmot64fCeQTzn7n7ZLryKJd0lAxIFxir9WrG5"					
"rippling-domain-verification=33f949edf69a79ac"					

"v=spf1 include:_spf.google.com include:amazonses.com include:servers.mcsv.net include:mail.zendesk.com include:mailsenders.netsuite.com include:_spf.salesforce.com include:sendgrid.net include:mailgun.org include:mktomail.com include:spf.mailjet.com -all"

• DNSrecon

"stripe-verification=59bc3855e68c5b907a2df3e1af10b366644e91a66e9ad6d948be17752bdbf7ff"

For DNS enumeration and reconnaissance, an open-source tool named DNSRecon is utilized. The purpose of gathering information is to assist with penetration testing and security evaluations by providing details on DNS servers, domains, subdomains, and DNS records.

```
(tharusha® kali)-[~/PwnXSS]
 -$ dnsrecon -d mattermost.com
[*] std: Performing General Enumeration against: mattermost.com...
   DNSSEC is not configured for mattermost.com
        SOA ns-517.awsdns-00.net 205.251.194.5
        SOA ns-517.awsdns-00.net 2600:9000:5302:500::1
        NS ns-517.awsdns-00.net 205.251.194.5
        NS ns-517.awsdns-00.net 2600:9000:5302:500::1
        NS ns-358.awsdns-44.com 205.251.193.102
        NS ns-358.awsdns-44.com 2600:9000:5301:6600::1
        NS ns-1187.awsdns-20.org 205.251.196.163
        NS ns-1187.awsdns-20.org 2600:9000:5304:a300::1
        NS ns-2017.awsdns-60.co.uk 205.251.199.225
        NS ns-2017.awsdns-60.co.uk 2600:9000:5307:e100::1
        MX aspmx.l.google.com 74.125.24.26
        MX alt1.aspmx.l.google.com 173.194.202.27
        MX alt2.aspmx.l.google.com 142.250.141.27
        MX alt3.aspmx.l.google.com 142.250.115.26
        MX alt4.aspmx.l.google.com 64.233.171.26
        MX aspmx.l.google.com 2404:6800:4003:c11::1a
        MX alt1.aspmx.l.google.com 2607:f8b0:400e:c00::1b
        MX alt2.aspmx.l.google.com 2607:f8b0:4023:c0b::1a
        MX alt3.aspmx.l.google.com 2607:f8b0:4023:1004::1a
        MX alt4.aspmx.l.google.com 2607:f8b0:4003:c15::1b
        A mattermost.com 141.193.213.21
        A mattermost.com 141.193.213.20
        AAAA mattermost.com 64:ff9b::8dc1:d515
        AAAA mattermost.com 64:ff9b::8dc1:d514
        TXT _dmarc.mattermost.com v=DMARC1; p=reject; pct=100
   Enumerating SRV Records
   No SRV Records Found for mattermost.com
```

Wafw00f

An open-source program called Wafw00f is used to identify and fingerprint Web application firewalls (WAFs). Web application firewalls (WAFs), security solutions, defend against SQL injection, cross-site scripting (XSS), and other attacks.

We can see that Cloudfront WAF is protecting mattermost.com.

• Netcraft

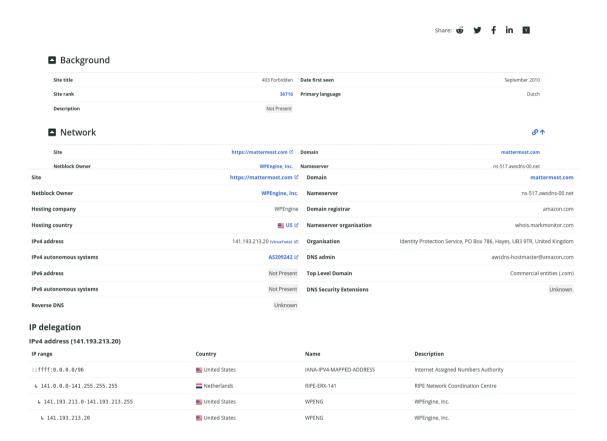
Based in Bath, Somerset, England, Netcraft provides internet services. A variety of industries are served by the company's cybercrime disruption services. I learned useful knowledge from this website. Like backdrop, IP delegation, SSL/TLS, Network, and Transparency of Certificates.





Site report for https://mattermost.com

► Q Look up another site?



• Using nmap, open port enumeration

Open port enumeration is a method for locating and classifying the open network ports on a target machine or network using the Nmap (Network Mapper) program. Nmap is an effective open-source tool for network scanning and host discovery that provides extensive information on the services and statuses that are running on various ports. This process involves sending specially made packets to a target system and analyzing the responses in order to determine which ports are open and what services are using them.

Nmap is a popular tool for network administrators and security specialists to assess system security, identify potential security flaws, and enhance network configurations due to its abundance of features and versatility. It's a helpful tool for enhancing security and computer network administration in general.

```
(tharusha®kali)-[~/PwnXSS]
 -$ <u>sudo</u> nmap -sS mattermost.com
[sudo] password for tharusha:
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-05-10 07:49 EDT
Nmap scan report for mattermost.com (141.193.213.20)
Host is up (0.0068s latency).
Other addresses for mattermost.com (not scanned): 141.193.213.21
Not shown: 995 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT
        STATE SERVICE
25/tcp
        open
               smtp
        open http
80/tcp
443/tcp open https
8080/tcp open http-proxy
8443/tcp open
              https-alt
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 5.16 seconds
```

Using Nikto to scan for vulnerabilities

One method to check for vulnerabilities in Kali Linux is to use the powerful open-source tool Nikto web scanner, which is part of the popular operating system for penetration testing and ethical hacking. Nikto is specifically designed to identify and assess server and web application vulnerabilities.

When checking target web servers for known vulnerabilities, common security issues, and misconfigurations, Nikto can be used from the Kali Linux command line. Nikto searches for issues including outdated software, possibly unsafe scripts, security headers, and other online vulnerabilities. It helps ethical hackers and security professionals understand and reduce such threats by providing comprehensive information on the vulnerabilities discovered.

```
(tharusha@kali)-[~/PwmXSS]
$ sudo nikto -h mattermost.com
- Nikto v2.5.0

**Multiple IPs found: 141.193.213.21, 141.193.213.20

**Harget IP: 141.193.213.21

**Farget Nostname: mattermost.com
**Farget Port: 80

**Start Time: 2024-05-10 07:56:30 (GMT-4)

**Server: cloudflare
**/: IP address found in the 'set-cookie' header. The IP is "1.0.1.1".

*/: IP address found in the 'set-cookie' header. The IP is "1.0.1.1".

*/: IP address found in the 'set-cookie' header is not present. See: https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Headers/X-Frame-Options header is not present. See: https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Headers/X-Frame-Options

*/: An alt-svc header was found which is advertising HTTP/3. The endpoint is: ':443'. Nikto cannot test HTTP/3 over QUIC. See: https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Headers/X-Frame-Options

*/: Tha X-Content-Type-Options header is not set. This could allow the user agent to render the content of the site in a different fashion to the MIM sing-content-type-header/

**Content-Type-Options header is not set. This could allow the user agent to render the content of the site in a different fashion to the MIM sing-content-type-Options header is not set. This could allow the user agent to render the content of the site in a different fashion to the MIM sing-content-type-Options header is not set. This could allow the user agent to render the content of the site in a different fashion to the MIM sing-content-type-Options header is not set. This could allow the user agent to render the content of the site in a different fashion to the MIM sing-content-type-Options header is not set. This could allow the user agent to render the content of the site in a different fashion to the MIM sing-content-type-Options header is not set. This could allow the user agent to render the content of the site in a different fashion to the MIM sing-content-type-Deader/

**All Cold directories 'Goudf', use '-C none' to test none
```

Dirsearch

open-source program that gives users the ability to execute advanced web content discovery using a variety of wordlist vectors, excellent performance, high accuracy, complex connection/request settings, and state-of-the-art brute-force techniques.

There are a few "blacklist files" in the folder or database. These files will not appear in the scan results if the paths within them have the same status as the filename indicates.

For example, if the admin.php file is added to the database or blacklist of files, it will be screened during each scan and produce a 400 status code.Derrfefd

Uniscan

Uniscan is a free penetration testing program. This application is used to scan web applications for vulnerabilities. This scan allows us to examine the target online application for vulnerabilities related to web shells, SQL injection, PHP injection, remote file inclusion (LFI), remote command execution, and backup files.

These are mattermost.com's scan findings.

```
(tharusha@kali)-[~/PwnXSS/dirsearch]
$ sudo uniscan -u https://mattermost.com/
# Uniscan project
# http://uniscan.sourceforge.net/ #
V. 6.3
Scan date: 10-5-2024 8:23:37
  Domain: https://mattermost.com/
  Server: cloudflare
  IP: 141.193.213.20
  Directory check:
  Skipped because https://mattermost.com/uniscan248/ did not return the code 404
  Skipped because https://mattermost.com/uniscan669/ did not return the code 404
  Check robots.txt:
  Check sitemap.xml:
  Crawler Started:
  Plugin name: External Host Detect v.1.2 Loaded.
  Plugin name: Timthumb ≤ 1.32 vulnerability v.1 Loaded.
  Plugin name: FIMCHUMD & 1.32 Vulnerability V.1 Lo
Plugin name: FCKeditor upload test v.1 Loaded.
Plugin name: Web Backdoor Disclosure v.1 Loaded.
Plugin name: Upload Form Detect v.1.1 Loaded.
  Plugin name: Code Disclosure v.1.1 Loaded.
Plugin name: E-mail Detection v.1.1 Loaded.
[+] Crawling finished, 1 URL's found!
  External hosts:
  Timthumb:
  FCKeditor File Upload:
  PHPinfo() Disclosure:
  Web Backdoors:
  File Upload Forms:
```

```
Dynamic tests:
Plugin name: Learning New Directories v.1.2 Loaded.
Plugin name: FCKedior tests v.1.1 Loaded.
Plugin name: Timthumb ≤ 1.32 vulnerability v.1 Loaded.
Plugin name: Find Backup Files v.1.2 Loaded.
Plugin name: Blind SQL-injection tests v.1.3 Loaded.
Plugin name: Local File Include tests v.1.1 Loaded.
Plugin name: PHP CGI Argument Injection v.1.1 Loaded.
Plugin name: Remote Command Execution tests v.1.1 Loaded.
Plugin name: Remote File Include tests v.1.2 Loaded.
Plugin name: SQL-injection tests v.1.2 Loaded.
Plugin name: Cross-Site Scripting tests v.1.2 Loaded.
Plugin name: Web Shell Finder v.1.3 Loaded.
[+] 0 New directories added
FCKeditor tests:
Skipped because https://mattermost.com/testing123 did not return the code 404
Timthumb < 1.33 vulnerability:
Backup Files:
Skipped because https://mattermost.com/testing123 did not return the code 404
Blind SQL Injection:
Local File Include:
PHP CGI Argument Injection:
Remote Command Execution:
Remote File Include:
SQL Injection:
Cross-Site Scripting (XSS):
```

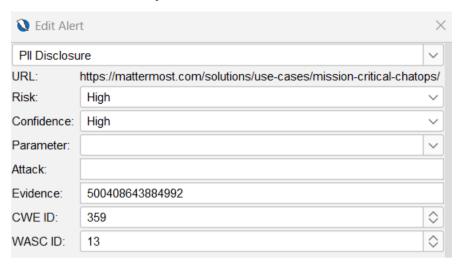
```
Timthumb < 1.33 vulnerability:
 Backup Files:
 Skipped because https://mattermost.com/testing123 did not return the code 404
 Blind SQL Injection:
 Local File Include:
 PHP CGI Argument Injection:
 Remote Command Execution:
 Remote File Include:
 SQL Injection:
 Cross-Site Scripting (XSS):
 Web Shell Finder:
  Plugin name: Local File Include tests v.1.1 Loaded.
 Plugin name: Remote Command Execution tests v.1.1 Loaded.
Plugin name: Remote File Include tests v.1.1 Loaded.
 Local File Include:
 Remote Command Execution:
 Remote File Include:
Scan end date: 10-5-2024 8:26:12
```

Vulnerabilities detect when Scanning

In order to process and find problems and vulnerabilities that are based on the OWASP top 10, I used tool like OWASP ZAP.

OWASP ZAP is a testing tool that may be used to identify potential security gaps in internet applications. OWASP ZAP can be used to find common vulnerabilities such as SQL injection and cross-site scripting (XSS).

1. Vulnerability Title



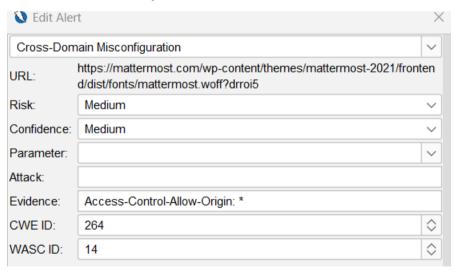
Vulnerability Description

The response contains Personally Identifiable Information, such as CC number, SSN and similar sensitive data.

How to mitigate

Check the response for the potential presence of personally identifiable information (PII), ensure nothing sensitive is leaked by the application.

2. Vulnerability Title



Vulnerability Description

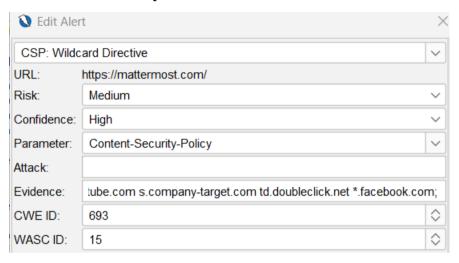
Web browser data loading may be possible, due to a Cross Origin Resource Sharing (CORS) misconfiguration on the web server

How to mitigate

Make sure that no unauthenticated access to sensitive data exists (for example, by employing IP address white-listing).

To enable the web browser to enforce the Same Origin Policy (SOP) more strictly, configure the "Access-Control-Allow-Origin" HTTP header to a more restricted set of domains, or delete all CORS headers altogether.

3. Vulnerability Title



Vulnerability Description

One additional security layer that aids in the detection and mitigation of specific attack types is Content Security Policy (CSP). include, but not restricted to, data injection and Cross Site Scripting (XSS). Data theft, malware dissemination, and site defacement are just a few of the uses for these attacks. Website owners can specify which content sources, such as JavaScript, CSS, HTML frames, fonts, images, and embeddable objects like Java applets, ActiveX, audio, and video files, are acceptable for browsers to load on their page by using the standard HTTP headers provided by CSP.

How to mitigate

Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is properly configured to set the Content-Security-Policy header.