

RUI GUAN

www.ruiguan.work | rui.guan@upf.edu | +34-93-542-2672

Universitat Pompeu Fabra, Department of Economics and Business,
Carrer Ram3n Trias Fargas 25-27, 08005 Barcelona, Spain

Prof. Libertad Gonz3lez, *Placement Director*
Marta Araque, *Graduate Coordinator*

libertad.gonzalez@upf.edu, +34-93-542-2610
marta.araque@upf.edu, +34-93-542-2226

EDUCATION

Ph.D.,	Economics, Universitat Pompeu Fabra	2017- 2022 (expected)
	Visiting Student, Zhejiang University	June-September 2021
M.Res.,	Economics, Finance and Business, Universitat Pompeu Fabra	2017
M.Sc.,	Economics and Finance, Barcelona Graduate School of Economics	2016
M.Sc.,	Economics, London School of Economics	2013
B.A.,	Economics, Sun Yat-sen University	2012

REFERENCES

Prof. Jose Apesteguia
Universitat Pompeu Fabra
jose.apesteguia@upf.edu
+34-93-542-2521

Prof. Francesco Cerigioni
Universitat Pompeu Fabra
francesco.cerigioni@upf.edu
+34-93-542-2268

Prof. Rosemarie Nagel
Universitat Pompeu Fabra
rosemarie.nagel@upf.edu
+34-93-542-2739

TEACHING AND RESEARCH FIELDS

Microeconomics, Behavioral Economics, Experimental Economics

TEACHING EXPERIENCE

Barcelona Graduate School of Economics (Graduate):
Microeconomics II (2017, 2018), Microeconomics I (2017), Advanced Macroeconomics III (2017)

Universitat Pompeu Fabra (Undergraduate):
Microeconomics I (2019), Markets and Derivatives (2017, 2018), Econometrics I (2017), International Marketing (2017), Economics and International Finance (2017)

RESEARCH EXPERIENCE AND OTHER EMPLOYMENT

K2 Partnering Solutions
Associate Consultant

2014 – 2015

PRESENTATIONS

Zhejiang University (2021), UPF management breakfast seminar (2020), Barcelona GSE PhD Jamboree (2020)

HONORS, SCHOLARSHIPS, AND FELLOWSHIPS

FPI Fellowship, Barcelona GSE	2019-2021
Teaching fellowship, Universitat Pompeu Fabra	2016-2019
Merit based full tuition waiver and scholarship, Barcelona GSE	2015 - 2016

SKILLS

Technical Skills	MATLAB, STATA, Python, R, LaTeX
Languages	Bilingual in Mandarin and Cantonese Chinese, Fluent in English and Japanese

RESEARCH PAPERS

Improving Individual Consistency under Cognitive Limitations: The Effect of Sequential Elimination
(Job Market Paper)

I study individual consistency with preference maximization by examining two choice procedures: namely, the direct procedure, where people choose directly from the menu, and the sequential elimination procedure, where they sequentially eliminate alternatives until only one survives. In a limited attention framework, I show that, in sequential elimination, the choices made by a decision maker faced with at least two available alternatives are consistent with preference maximization, whereas this is not necessarily the case in the direct procedure. To test empirically whether sequential elimination facilitates consistency, I implement an experiment in which subjects are randomly assigned to a risky decision-making task involving one of the two procedures. I find evidence that sequential elimination leads to an economically meaningful improvement in the consistency of subjects with low cognitive ability. Next, I explore the factors that influence individual preference for sequential elimination. Finally, I investigate the impacts of sequential elimination on risk preferences and individual satisfaction.

Making Decisions by Seeing or Hearing? The Role of Senses on Economic Rationality (with Fadong Chen)

Human choice behavior primarily depends on two basic senses: seeing and hearing. However, there is little research on whether the economic consequences of making decisions with these two senses differ. This paper examines this question with respect to economic rationality. We design and implement a randomized controlled experiment where subjects are randomly assigned to make decisions by hearing or by seeing. We find that making decisions by hearing, compared to seeing, leads to severe impairment in economic rationality. We also find that subjects spend more time making decisions when hearing

the options than when seeing the options. Furthermore, subjects, especially females, reveal lower risk aversion when making decisions by hearing than by seeing. Our results highlight the importance of basic senses in economic decision-making.

WORK IN PROGRESS

Dynamic Stochastic Consideration

I study stochastic consideration in the context of dynamic choice problems. I introduce new axioms to the framework of Manzini and Mariotti (2014). The decision maker chooses from the consideration set of the decision problem by maximizing a preference relation. The consideration set is constructed according to a monotonic function, which requires that the probability of an alternative being considered in a given period increases if it was chosen in the previous periods. I propose sufficient conditions on a dynamic stochastic choice data set to uniquely identify both the preference relation and the dynamic stochastic consideration. I also propose an experimental design to test the implications of the model.