The Describer

Describe your image

Ecosystème d'aide aux personnes malvoyantes

Un projet innovant pour un monde compris de tous!

01.

Projet

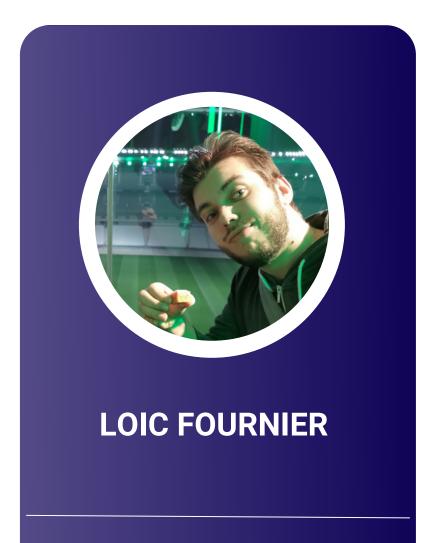
Création d'une intelligence artificielle capable de décrire une image et son contetxe

Objectif

Rendre accessible à tous la description d'image sur nos outils numériques

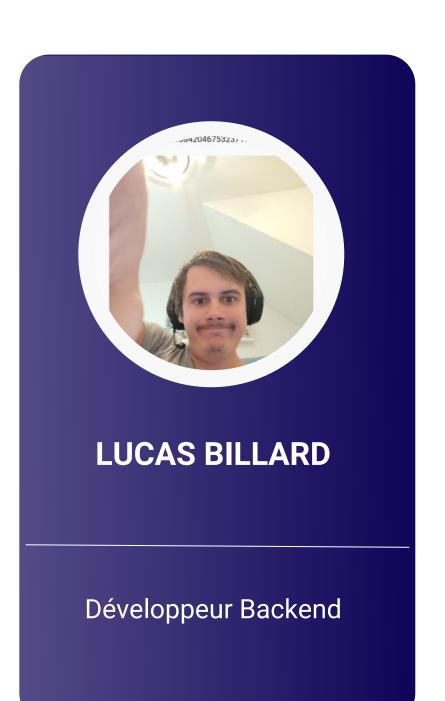


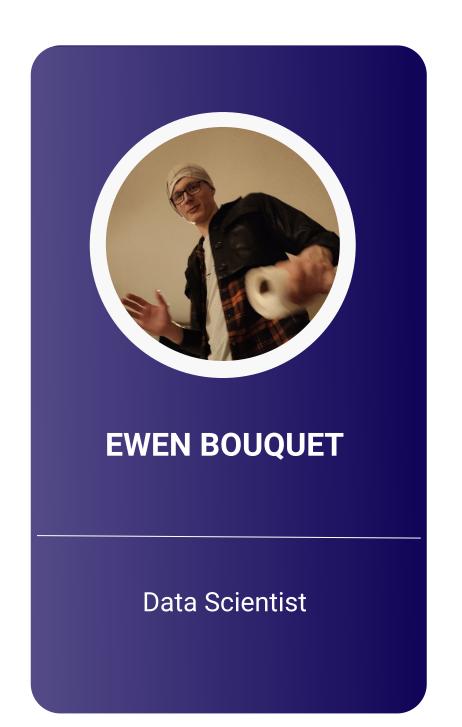
L'équipe



Administrateur Système





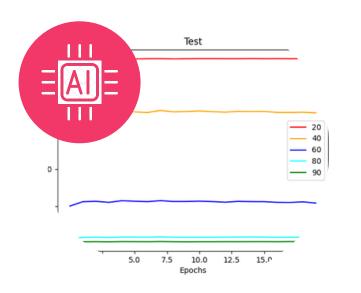


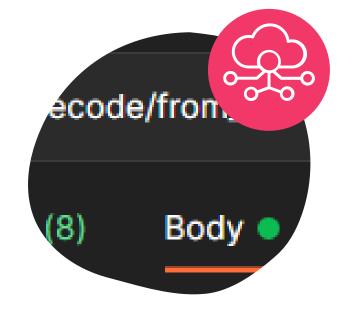
L'écosystème The Describer

Un écosystème riche, développé étape par étape L'intelligence artificilee

Intelligence articielle

Intelligence articielle capable de décrire des images





API de prédicitons

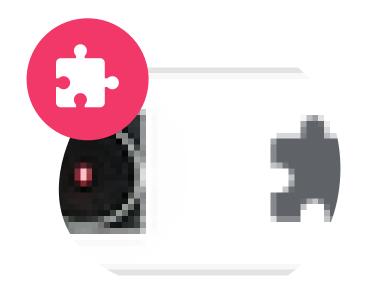
API permettant d'obtenir les prédictions de notre IA

L'écosystème The Describer

Un écosystème riche, développé étape par étape Accessible depuis le web

Extension de navigateur

Extension de navigateur pour décrire les images des sites





Site web

Site de démonstration et de description de services

L'écosystème The Describer

Un écosystème riche, développé étape par étape Accessible depuis votre téléphone

Application Mobile

Application mobile pour nous aider dans notre quotidien





Bot Discord

Bot Discord décrivant automatiquement les images dans les conversations

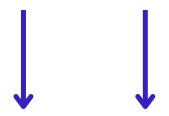
Démonstration

Describe your image

La topologie du réseau

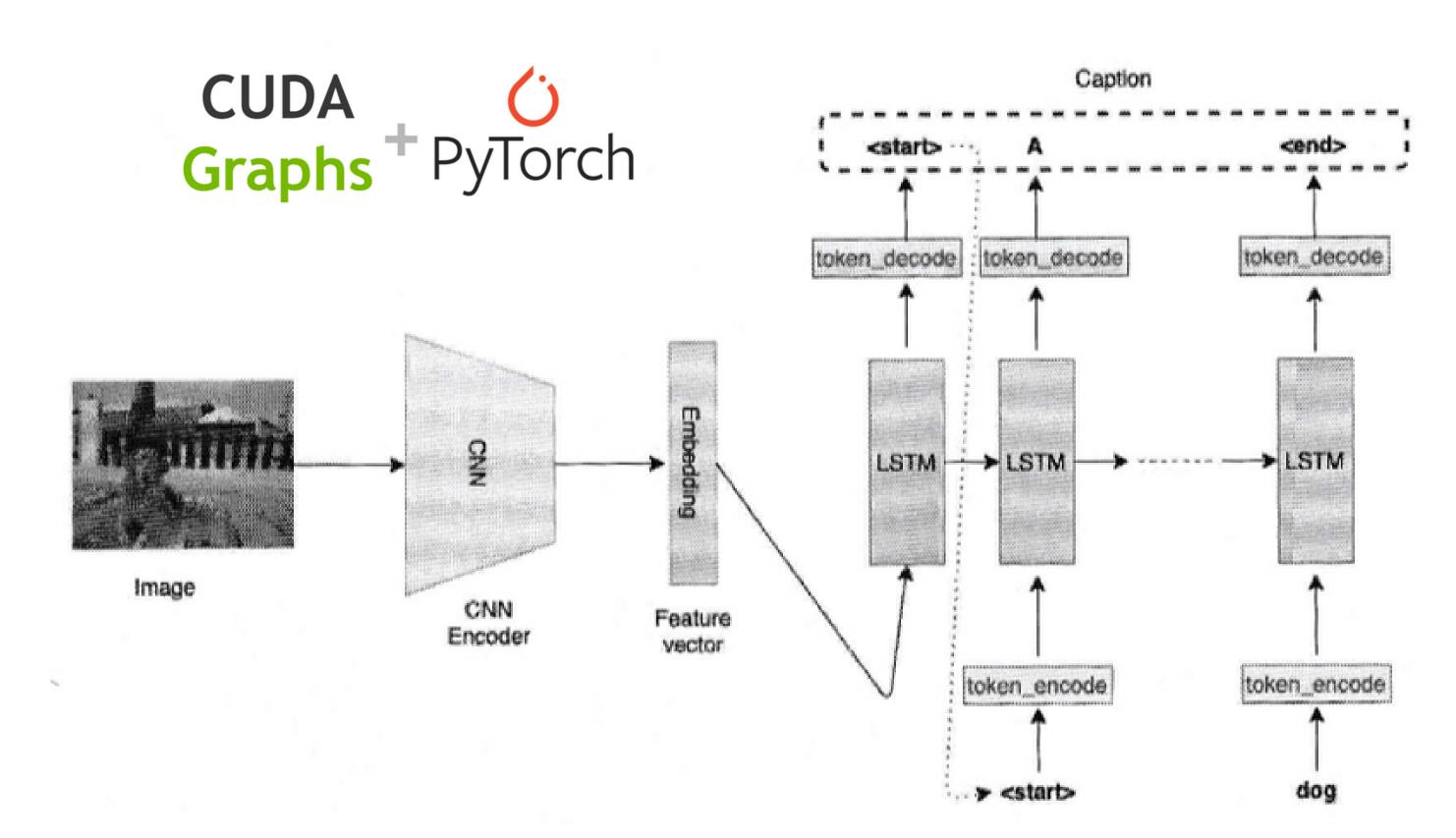
Encodeur

Transforme l'image en une liste de catégories.



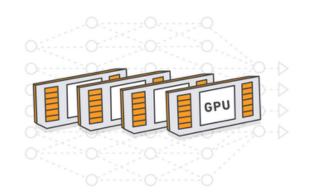
Décodeur

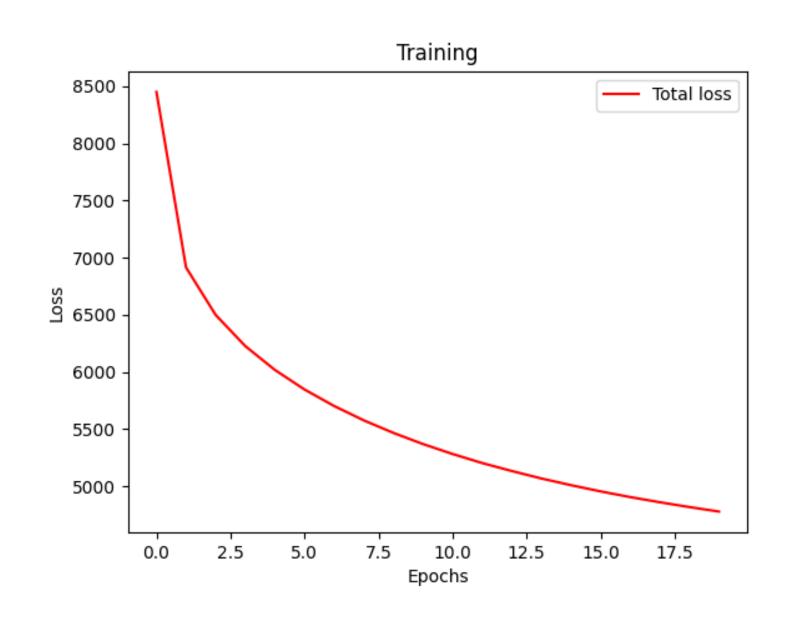
Transforme les catégories en une phrase complète.

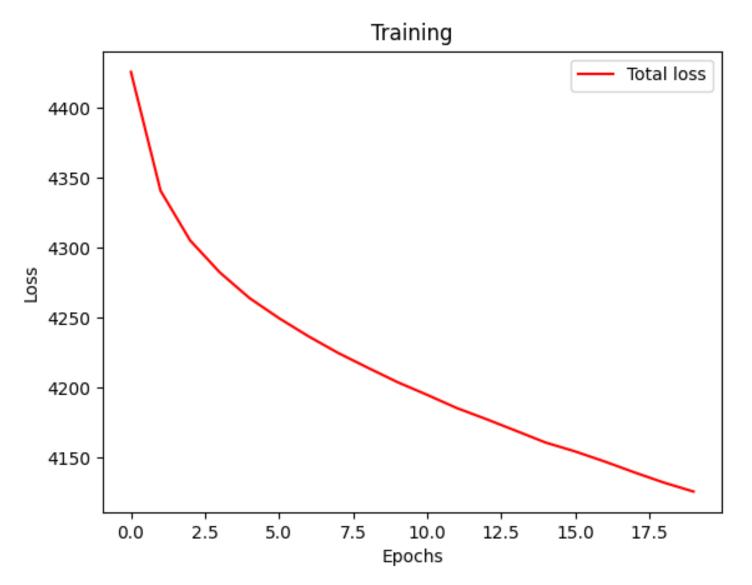






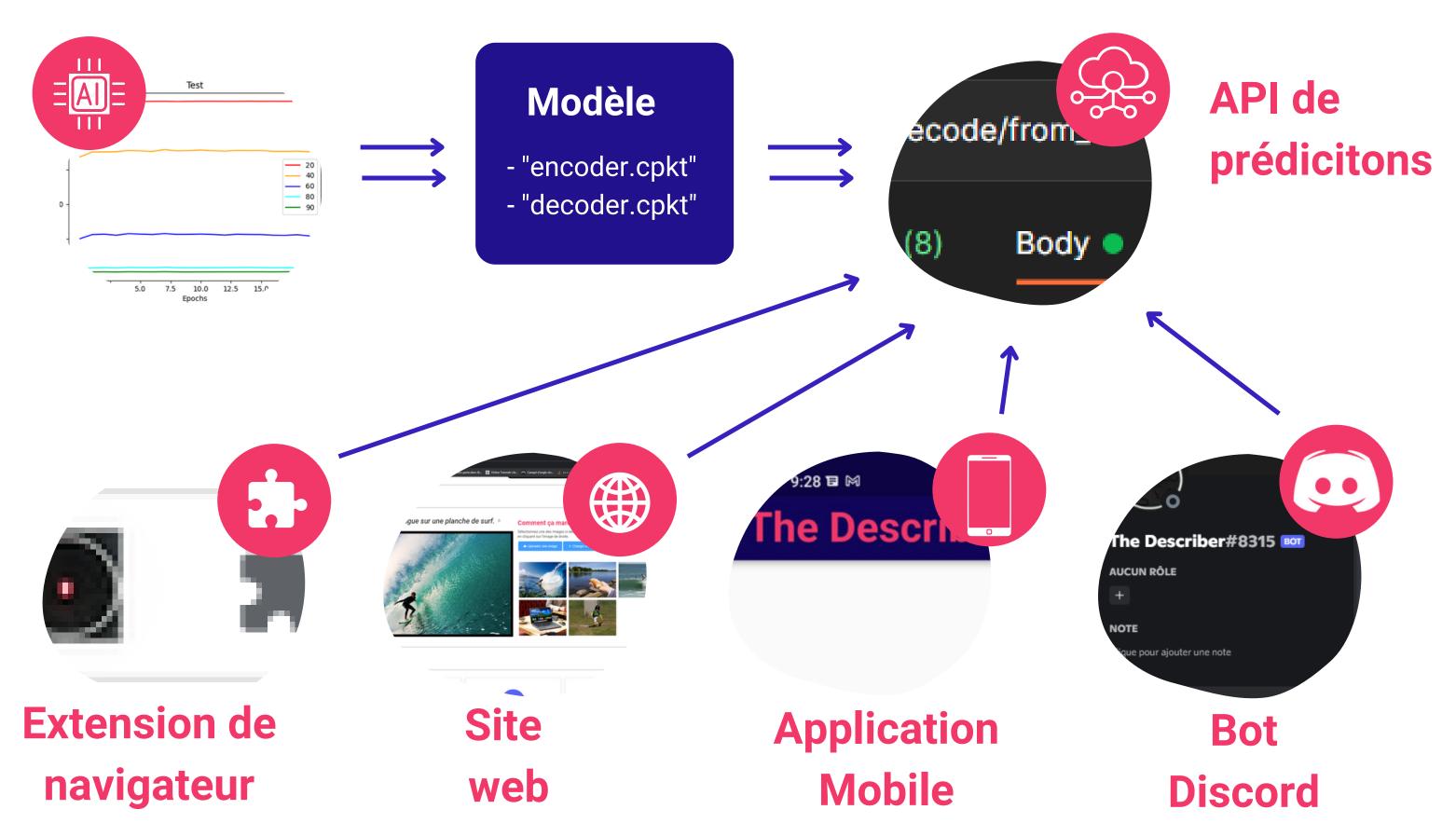






L'organisation de l'écosystème

Intelligence articielle



Merci pour votre attention!

Describe your image

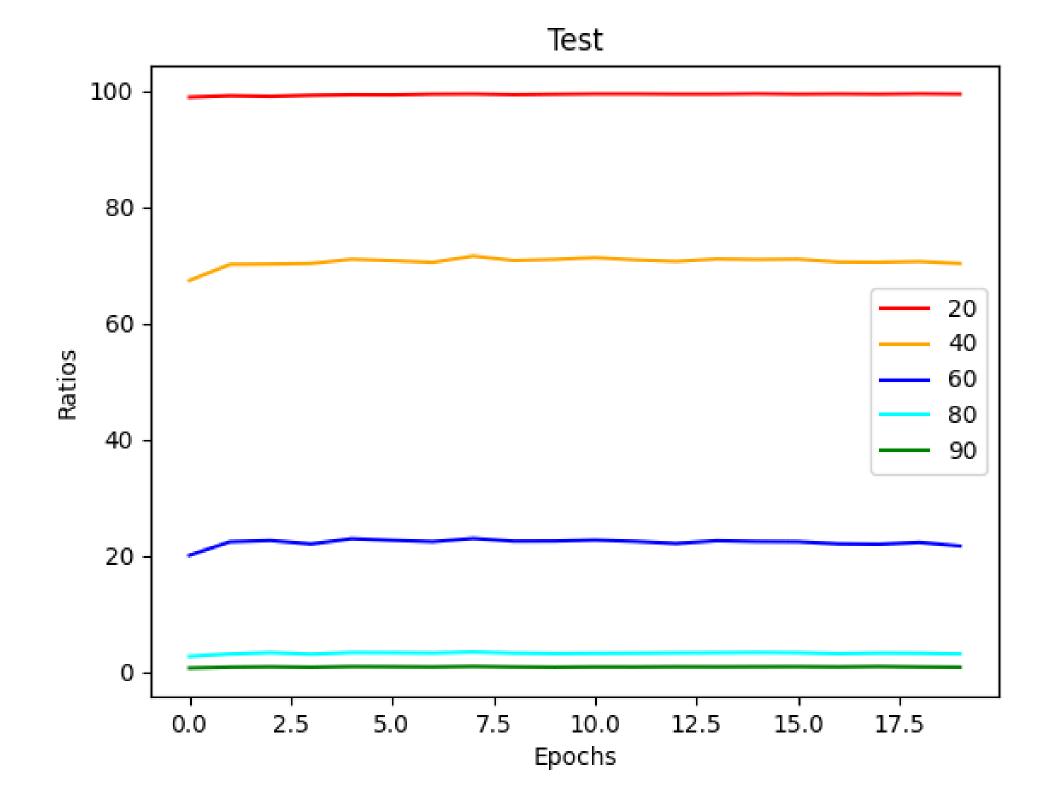
https://the-describer.netlify.app/

Annexes

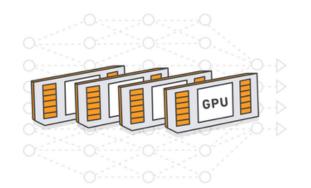
Describe your image

https://the-describer.netlify.app/

Les scores du réseau







Le réseau "encodeur"

```
class CNNModel(nn.Module):
def __init__(self, embedding size):
    super(CNNModel, self). init ()
    # We use a pre-trained CNN model available under the PyTorch models repository: the ResNet 152 architecture
    # We remove the last layer of this pre-trained ResNet model
    resnet = models.resnet152(pretrained=True)
    module_list = list(resnet.children())[:-1]
    self. resnet module = nn.Sequential(*module list)
    # Replace it with a fully connected layer
    self.__linear_layer = nn.Linear(resnet.fc.in_features, embedding_size)
    # Followed by a batch normalization layer
    self.__batch_norm = nn.BatchNorm1d(embedding_size, momentum=0.01)
def forward(self, input images):
    """Extract feature vectors from input images."""
    # We don't train the ResNet model because it is pretrained
    # The output of the ResNet model is K x 1000-dimensional, assuming K number of neurons in the penultimate la
    with torch.no_grad():
        resnet features = self. resnet module(input images)
    resnet_features = resnet_features.reshape(resnet_features.size(0), -1)
    linear_features = self.__linear_layer(resnet_features)
    final_features = self.__batch_norm(linear_features)
    return final features
```

Le réseau "décodeur"

```
class LSTMModel(nn.Module):
def __init _(self, embedding size, hidden layer size, vocabulary size, num layers, max seq len=20):
    super(LSTMModel, self).__init__()
    # Embedding layer
    self.__embedding_layer = nn.Embedding(vocabulary_size, embedding_size)
    # LSTM layer
    self.__lstm_layer = nn.LSTM(embedding_size, hidden_layer_size, num_layers, batch_first=True)
    # self. lstm layer = nn.GRU(embedding size, hidden layer size, num layers=2, dropout=0.8, bidirectional=True)
    # Fully connected linear layer
    self.__linear_layer = nn.Linear(hidden_layer_size, vocabulary_size)
    # Max length of the predited caption
    self. max_seq_len = max_seq_len
def forward(self, input_features, captions, lens):
     """Decode image feature vectors and generates captions."""
    # We apply the embedding layer
    embeddings = self. embedding_layer(captions)
    embeddings = torch.cat((input_features.unsqueeze(1), embeddings), 1)
    lstm_input = pack_padded_sequence(embeddings, lens, batch_first=True)
    # We apply the LSTM layer
    hidden_variables, _ = self.__lstm_layer(lstm_input)
    # We apply the fully connected layer
    model_outputs = self._linear_layer(hidden_variables[0])
    return model outputs
```

Le réseau principal

```
class FullModel(nn.Module):
 def __init__(self, device, image_shape, vocabulary):
     """Combine the CNN and LSTM models."""
     super(FullModel, self). init ()
     # Build the models
     self.__encoder_model = CNNModel(image_shape[0]).to(device)
     self.__decoder_model = LSTMModel(image_shape[0], image_shape[0] + image_shape[1], len(vocabulary), 1).to(device)
     # Loss and optimizer
     self.__loss_criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
 def forward(self, images, captions, lens):
     feats = self.__encoder_model(images)
     outputs = self.__decoder_model(feats, captions, lens)
     return outputs
 def sample(self, image):
     feats = self.__encoder_model(image)
     return self. decoder model.sample(feats)
```