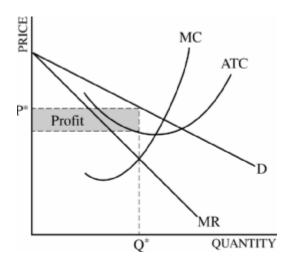
AP® MICROECONOMICS 2007 SCORING GUIDELINES (Form B)

Question 1

12 points (4 + 2 + 2 + 1 + 1 + 2)



(a) 4 points:

One point is earned for a correctly labeled graph with a downward-sloping demand curve and a marginal revenue curve below the demand curve.

One point is earned for showing the profit-maximizing Q^* at MC = MR.

One point is earned for P^* on the demand curve above MC = MR.

One point is earned for showing the correct area of profit, (P* - ATC)Q*.

(b) 2 points:

One point is earned for stating that it is price elastic (or "No").

One point is earned for the explanation that MR is positive so that TR rises if P is decreased.

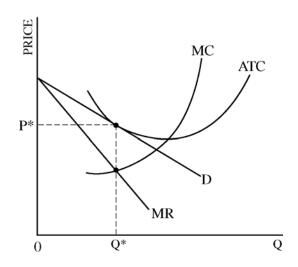
(c) 2 points:

One point is earned for stating that the demand curve for the typical firm would shift to the left.

One point is earned for the explanation that the entry of new firms reduces the market share of existing firms.

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Question 1 (continued)



(d) 1 point:

One point is earned for showing that long-run equilibrium occurs at the tangency of ATC and the demand curve at the profit-maximizing quantity.

(e) 1 point:

One point is earned for stating "No."

(f) 2 points:

One point is earned for stating "No."

One point is earned for the explanation that at the long-run equilibrium, P > MC.

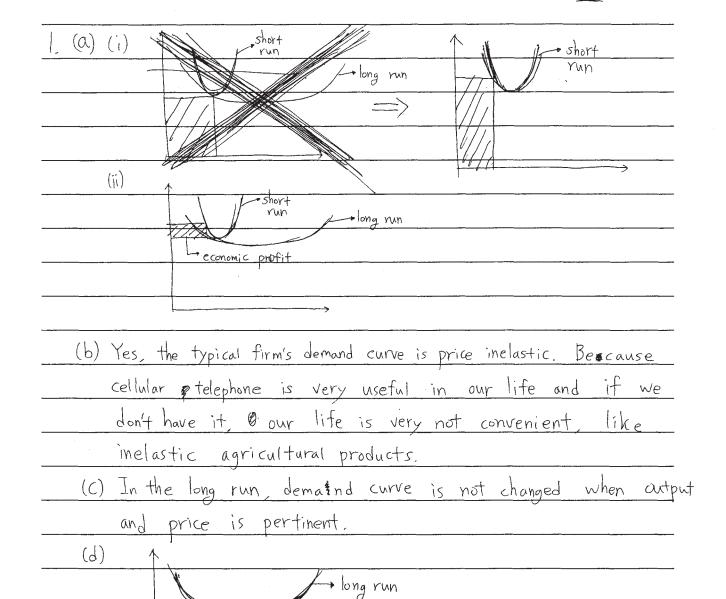
Price:	0	Vrite in the box the number of n this page as it is designated i	n the exam.	nswering 1 A
(a) 1	MC(Cost)	(i) Q* is the profit-m	aximizing output	
	ATC (Avenue)	and px is the profit - m	aximizing prof. pric	l,
in White	<i>I</i> X	(ii) The shaded area		
	Marginul D (domo	4)		
	MK Revenue)			
	R*			
(b) No, it wou	ld he price elastic	since MR>0.		
(C) Because a	t the entry of other	firms, Demond Curve more	the 4. to left until it	is tunyeut
		,	to the ATC	· ·
(d) Price	MC			
	ATC	Q* is the profit-maxim	izilar Out	
p*		and px is the profit-maxim	(Man 10	
	0	TO THE WINDER PROPERTY OF	mizing price.	
	MR)		
	¢*	Ruuntity	·	
	1		Curv	
(e) No, the	irm produces an out leve	d output level which is th	he point where Dis	
				in the long run
(f) No.	² >M C		·	
			-	
<u> </u>				
	· · ·			

1B,

Write in the box the number of the question you are answering on this page as it is designated in the exam.	1.C. 1B
As the existing firm is able to	o earn economie
profits, now thms owe attract	
the market, decreasing demand	
firms product and causing their	
to shift inwards until no econ	romie profits
could be earned	
	and the state of t
	3 · · ·
	- Land
	1000
	1800
	- <u> </u>

1.d.	Write in the box the number of the question you are answering on this page as it is designated in the exam.
Drice of	MC, ATC.
collular	
telephone	
	MR Quantity of collular telephone
	Collular telephone
The Ammen	approxies of the profit moinimainer for pol
nihere MR	experates at the profit-maximaing level =INC, with output Q, and price
Pr.	
·	
·	
<u> </u>	

Write in the box the number of the question you are answering on this page as it is designated in the exam.	1.4.
No. Though the firm operates	nt the lack
where P=ATC so no economie	profits one
made tot, PIMC out this point	t and the firm
does not sperate where AT	C is out its
Minimum.	
·	
·	



(f) Yes, it does. Because it have an eye for future (long run).

So. the typical firm produce the allocatively efficient level of output.

AP® MICROECONOMICS 2007 SCORING COMMENTARY (Form B)

Question 1

Sample: 1A Score: 12

The student earned all points in this question.

Sample: 1B Score: 9

The student lost both points in part (b) for incorrectly stating that demand is "inelastic." The student lost 1 point in part (f) because the answer does not properly explain allocative efficiency as price exceeding marginal cost at the long-run equilibrium.

Sample: 1C Score: 1

The student earned 1 point in part (e) for correctly asserting that the typical firm does not produce an output level that minimizes its ATC in the long run. The incomplete statement "Only maximize" was ignored.