实验0 - 配置环境

所用设备及系统: Macbook Pro M2 Max, MacOS Ventura 13.5.2

因为我有魔法, 所以省略了各种镜像源配置相关步骤 😜

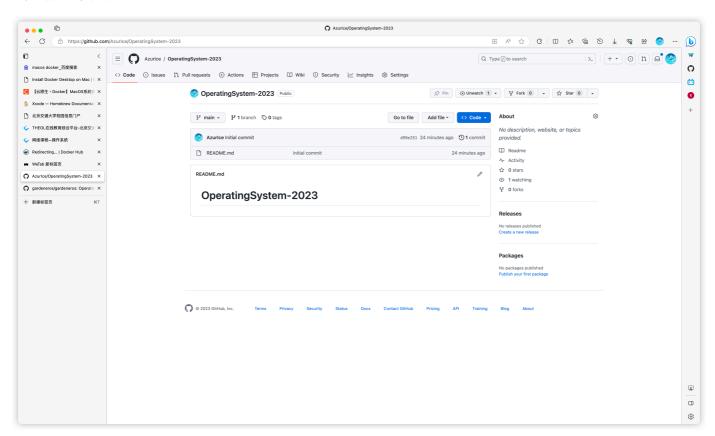
一、安装 docker

https://www.docker.com/

二、创建容器及项目

https://github.com/AzurIce/OperatingSystem-2023

首先创建一个项目:



获取 openeuler 的 docker 镜像:

1 docker pull openeuler/openeuler

```
azurice@AzurIceMBP:~
Last login: Fri Sep 15 10:31:59 on ttys002
~ docker pull openeuler/openeuler
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from openeuler/openeuler
bcc2413ed6ae: Pull complete
e58cc12745e9: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:0cd21cfb78e6f949ec1fc9f34ee07d6e36185df38002b3dbf5f284bf3fc0d57a
Status: Downloaded newer image for openeuler/openeuler:latest
docker.io/openeuler/openeuler:latest
What's Next?
 View a summary of image vulnerabilities and recommendations → docker scout quickview openeuler/openeuler
```

进入到项目目录, 创建容器并启动:

- 1 | git clone git@github.com:AzurIce/OperatingSystem-2023.git
- 2 cd OperatingSystem-2023
- docker run -it --mount type=bind,source=\$(PWD),destination=/mnt openeuler/openeuler

```
exit

Dev cd OperatingSystem-2023

OperatingSystem-2023 git:(main) docker run -it --mount type=bind,source=$(PWD),destination=/mnt openeuler/openeuler

Welcome to 6.3.13-linuxkit

System information as of time: Fri Sep 15 03:07:36 UTC 2023

System load: 0.00

Processes: 5

Memory used: 5.7%

Swap used: 0%

Usage On: 4%

Users online: 0
```

然后便进入了 openeuler 环境,并可以通过 /mnt 目录访问到项目文件夹。

三、开发环境配置

1. 必要软件

1 | dnf install curl vim gcc git

2. Rust 开发环境

```
1 | curl https://sh.rustup.rs -sSf | sh
2 | source
```

可以直接在这一步选择 nightly 版本,或之后再通过下面命令设置:

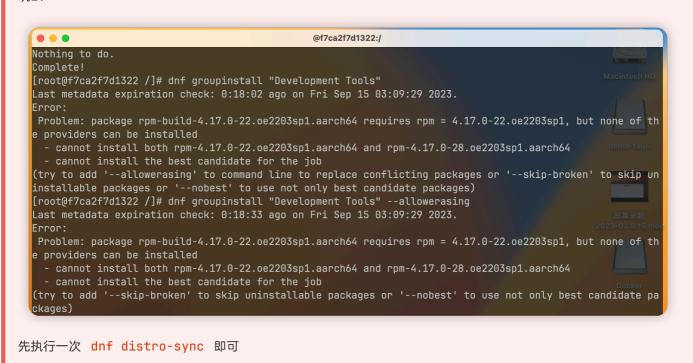
- 1 rustup install nightly 2 rustup default nightly
- 1 rustup target add riscv64gc-unknown-none-elf
- 2 cargo install cargo-binutils
- 3 rustup component add llvm-tools-preview
- 4 rustup component add rust-src

然后在 项目目录下心间 rust-toolchain 文件,写入 nightly-2022-10-19 来固定我们到时候将要使用的 rust 版本

3. 安装一些基本的软件包

```
dnf groupinstall "Development Tools"
dnf install autoconf automake gcc gcc-c++ kernel-devel curl libmpc-devel mpfr-devel
gmp-devel \
glib2 glib2-devel make cmake gawk bison flex texinfo gperf libtool
patchutils bc \
python3 ninja-build wget xz
```

坑1:



4. 从源码安装 gemu

```
wget https://download.qemu.org/qemu-5.2.0.tar.xz
tar xvJf qemu-5.2.0.tar.xz

cd qemu-5.2.0
    ./configure --target-list=riscv64-softmmu,riscv64-linux-user
make -j$(nproc) install
```

安装完成后可以通过如下命令验证gemu是否安装成功。

```
1 | qemu-system-riscv64 --version
```

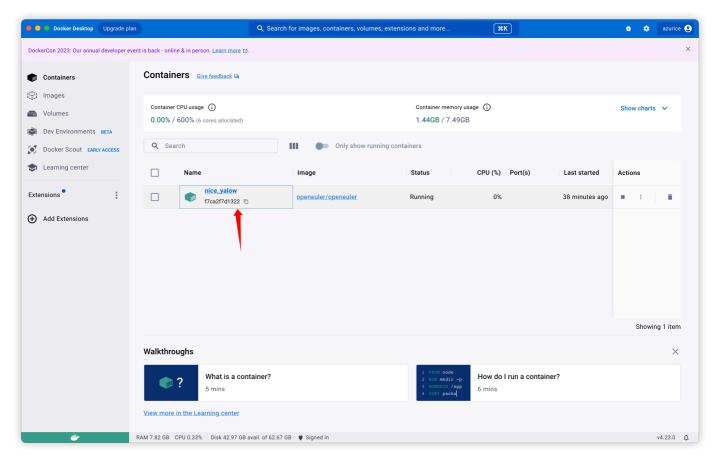
2 | qemu-riscv64 --version

四、保存配置到 docker 镜像中

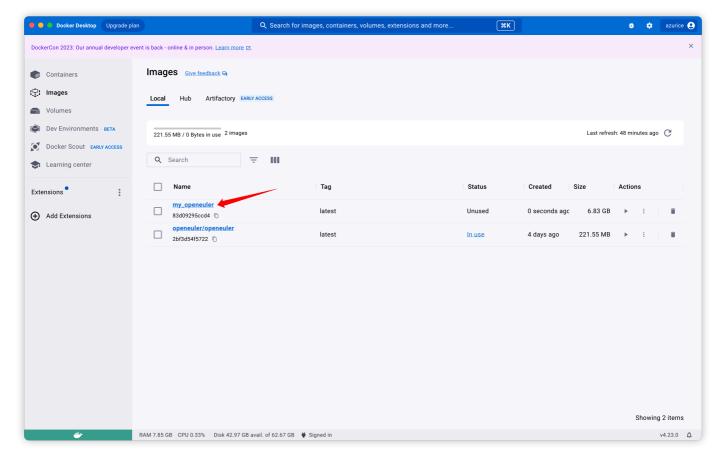
在docker外(自己的操作系统中)的终端内运行:

docker commit -m "Configured environment" -a "AzurIce" f7ca2f7d1322077670897839a7a68e5954d5530338117fac026abc6395003405 my_openeuler

那一大长串hash字符串来源于这里:



然后可以在 Images 中看到我们刚刚创建的镜像:



可以使用

```
docker run -it --mount type=bind,source=$(PWD),destination=/mnt my_openeuler
```

来用刚才的镜像创建一个容器并运行, 其环境正是刚才保存时的环境:

@09e58a6c7ea9:/

Last login: Wed Sep 20 12:31:35 on ttys009

→ ~ cd Dev/OperatingSystem-2023

→ OperatingSystem-2023 git:(main) docker run -it --mount type=bind,source=\$(PWD),de stination=/mnt my_openeuler

Welcome to 6.3.13-linuxkit

System information as of time: Wed Sep 20 05:12:55 UTC 2023

System load: 1.16
Processes: 5
Memory used: 7.4%
Swap used: 0%
Usage On: 28%
Users online: 0

[root@09e58a6c7ea9 /]# qemu-system-riscv64 --version

QEMU emulator version 5.2.0

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[root@09e58a6c7ea9 /]# qemu-riscv64 --version

qemu-riscv64 version 5.2.0

Copyright (c) 2003-2020 Fabrice Bellard and the QEMU Project developers

[root@09e58a6c7ea9 /]#