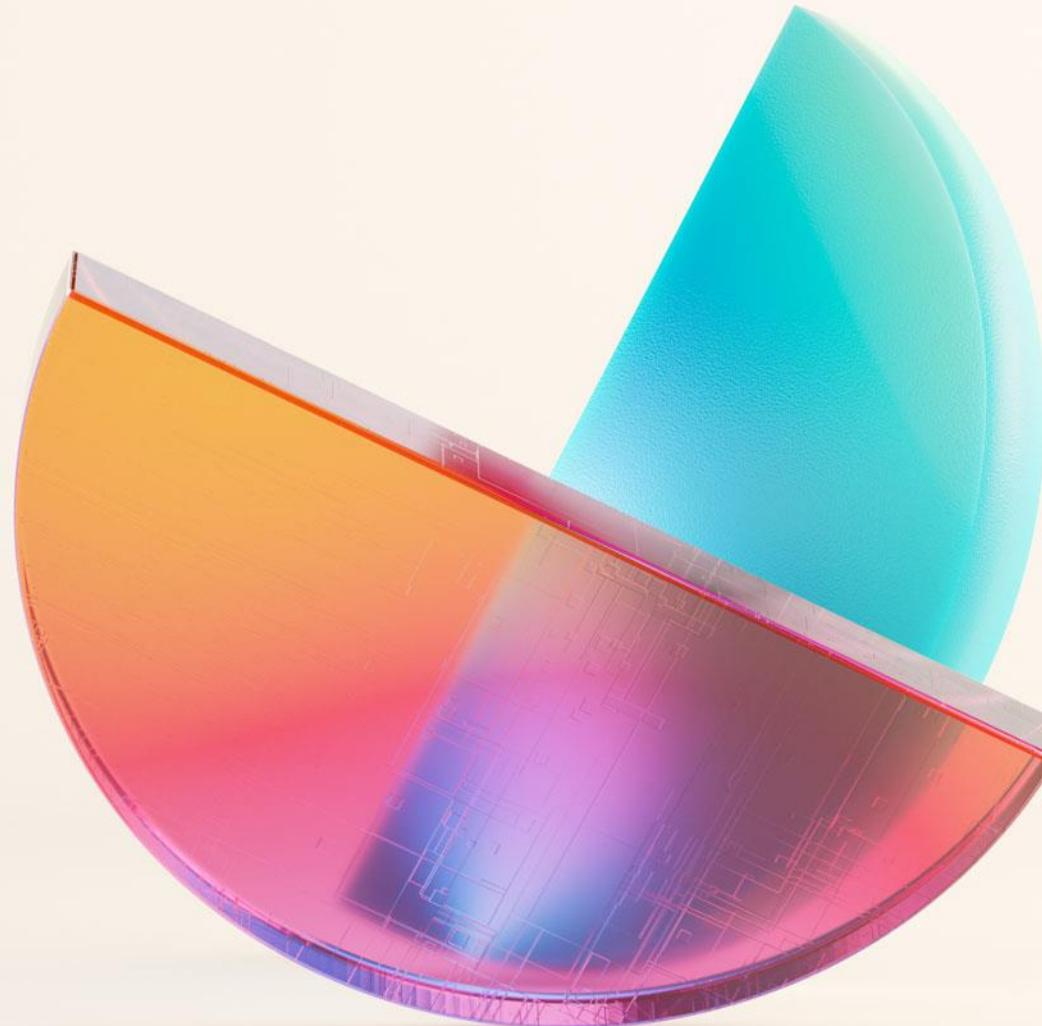
A minimalist, abstract background featuring a large, translucent pink triangle on the left and a series of overlapping, semi-transparent rectangular planes in shades of cyan, green, and blue. A single, smooth sphere sits atop one of the blue-green planes.

# Microsoft Fabric

## COMMUNITY CONFERENCE



# Azure SQL and SQL Server: All Things Developers

# Davide Mauri

Today's Speaker

- Joined Azure SQL group on mid 2019
  - SQL Server / Azure Data MVP for 12 Years
  - Worked in consulting services for 20 years
- Still a developer at heart!
  - Now Azure SQL PM
- Focus on Azure SQL & Developers
  - Very active in the Community, Conference Speaker
  - Website: <http://davidemauri.it/>
  - DevBlogs: <https://devblogs.microsoft.com/azure-sql/>
  - Twitter: @mauridb



# We need your feedback!

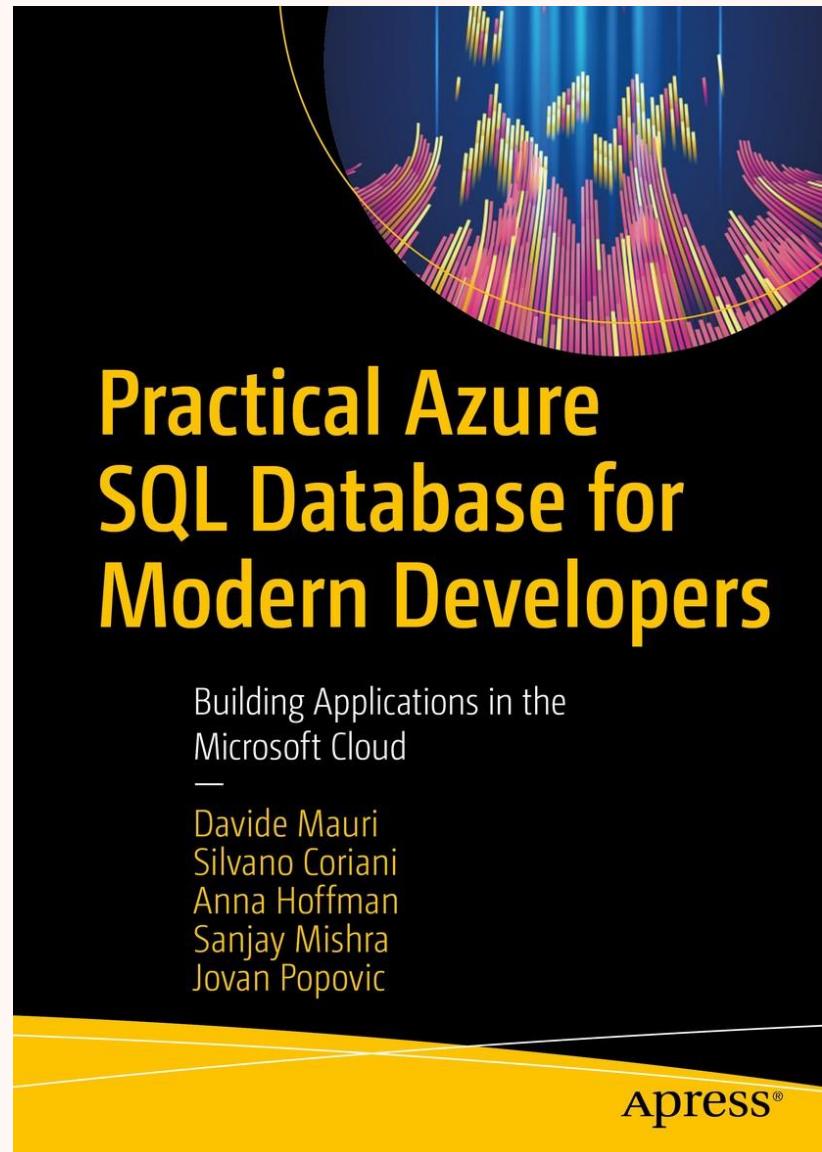
How can we improve Azure SQL and SQL Server?

- **<https://aka.ms/sqldevsurvey>**
- It will help us to define the goals and the priorities



# Resources

- Awesome Azure SQL list
  - <https://aka.ms/awesome-sql>
- Azure SQL + AI
  - <https://aka.ms/sqlai>
  - <https://aka.ms/sqlaisamples>
- Practical Azure SQL Database for Modern Developers



# Getting Started: Day Schedule

- Morning Break
  - 10:00am
- Lunch
  - 12:00pm-01:-00pm
  - Chairmans Ballroom (363-370)
- Afternoon Break
  - 02:30pm
- End of Day
  - 04:00pm

# Agenda

- Workshop Overview
- Workshop Tasks
- Various Breaks and Lunch

# Workshop Goals

- Get comfortable with new development tools
  - Local and cloud
  - New CLIs
- Expose you to REST/GraphQL
- Get started with Azure SQL Database
- Developing with Azure
- Expand your thinking about app development
- No marketing – all hands on

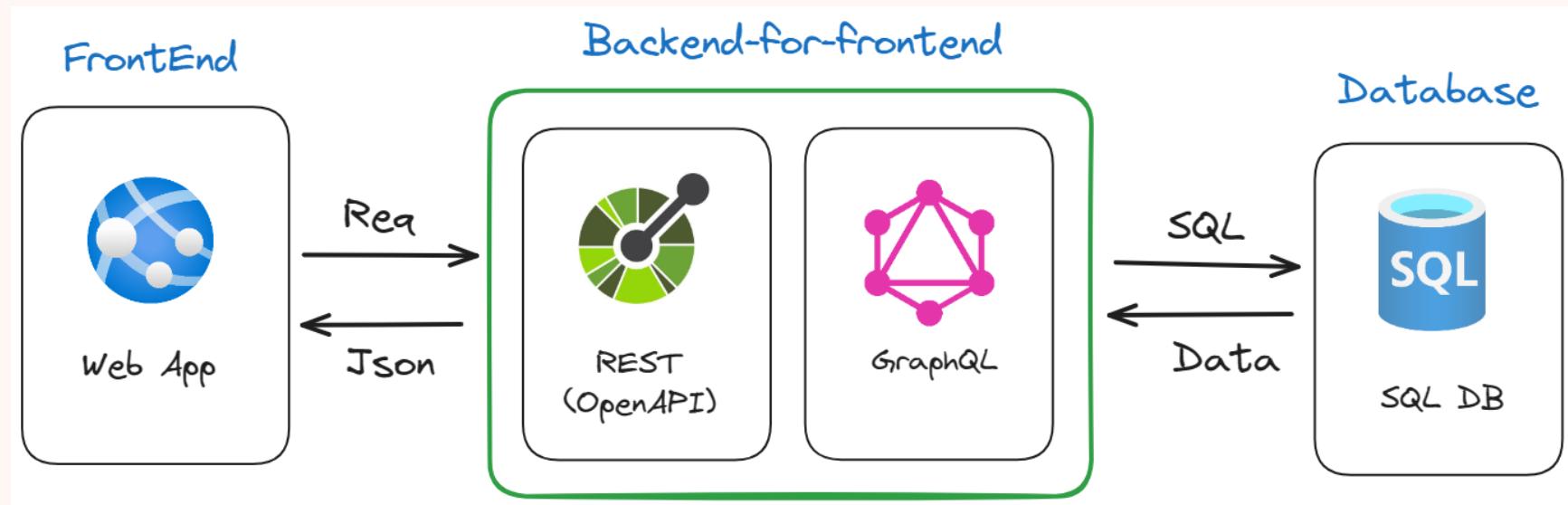


# Workshop Overview

# Workshop Overview/Tasks

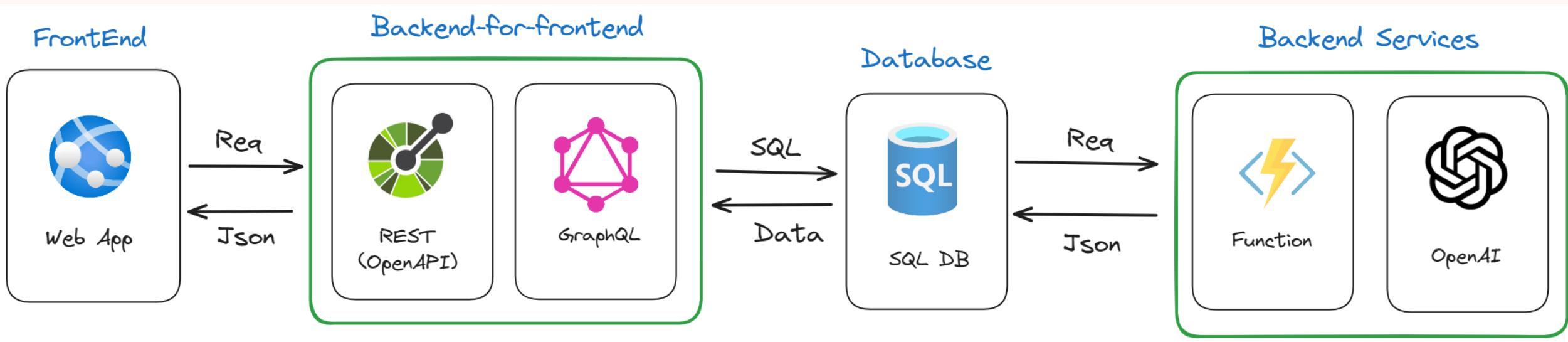
- Setup your environment
- Create database and objects
- Use Data API builder
- Applications with SWA
- Deploy to Azure SQL Database
- Invoke REST endpoints in the database
- Create a change data stream
- CICD with GitHub Actions

# Simple Sample Application Architecture



<https://jamstack.org/>

# Final “ToDo” Application Architecture



# Getting Started: Accounts Needed

- GitHub account
- Azure account
  - Free Azure SQL Database

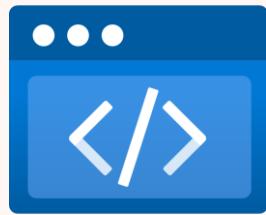
# Getting Started: Development Environment



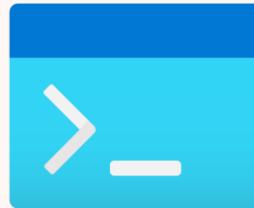
**GitHub**



**docker**



Static  
Web Apps  
&  
Data API Builder

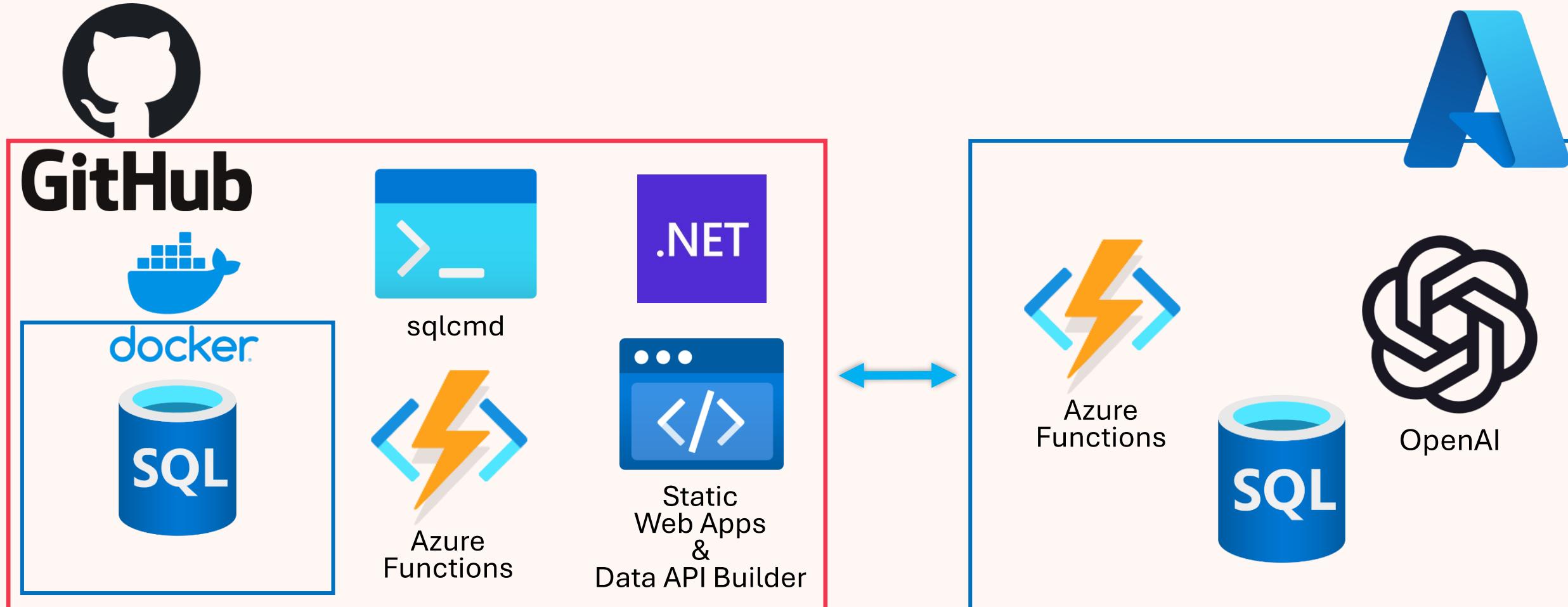


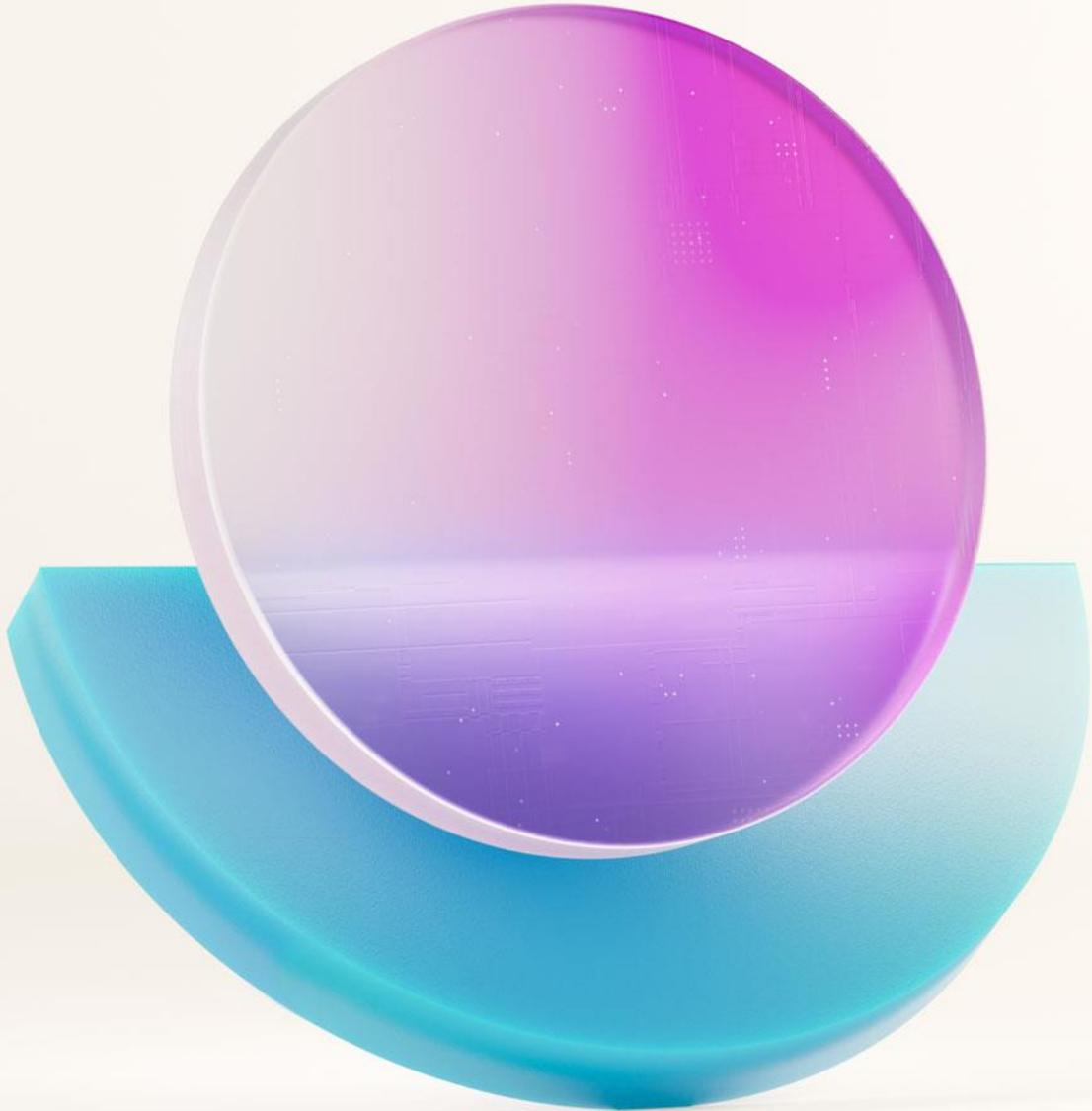
**sqlcmd**



Azure  
Functions

# Getting Started: Development Environment





# Chapter 1: setups

# Chapter 1: Setups

- You can use
  - A barebone machine with all the needed software installed and running
  - VS Code + Docker
  - GitHub Codespaces
- Recommended: Create the Codespace
  - Codespace is free to use for up to 120 vCore/hours a month
  - You'll be given a VM with 2vCores
  - <https://github.com/features/codespaces>
- Fork the repository

**[HTTPS://AKA.MS/DEVWORKSHOP](https://aka.ms/devworkshop)**



Azure-Samples / azure-sql-db-developers-workshop



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Actions

Projects

Wiki

Security

2

Insights

Settings



azure-sql-db-developers-workshop

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main

1 branch

3 tags

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Add file

&lt;&gt; Code

## About



A workshop for developing with the Azure SQL Database and Azure Services

Readme

MIT license

Code of conduct

Activity

3 stars

72 watching

20 forks

Report repository

## Releases 3

v1.5 Latest

6 minutes ago

+ 2 releases

## Packages

| Brian Spendolini and Brian Spendolini v1.5 |  |              |
|--|--|--------------|
| .devcontainer                              | v1.5                                       | 2 weeks ago  |
| .github                                    | .github/PULL_REQUEST_TEMPLATE.md committed | 5 months ago |
| app  | v1.5                                       | 3 weeks ago  |
| client                                     | v1.5                                       | 3 weeks ago  |
| docs                                       | v1.5                                       | yesterday    |
| labFiles                                   | v1.5                                       | 2 weeks ago  |
| scripts                                    | v1.5                                       | last week    |
| CHANGELOG.md                               | v1.5                                       | yesterday    |
| CONTRIBUTING.md                            | v1.5                                       | last week    |
| LICENSE.md                                 | LICENSE.md committed                       | 5 months ago |
| README.md                                  | v1.5                                       | 2 weeks ago  |
| swa-cli.config.json                        | v1.5                                       | 3 weeks ago  |

# Repository Contents

- .devcontainer - <https://containers.dev/>
  - - Development Containers configuration
- app
  - - contains the sample JavaScript test application for use with Data API builder and SWA, used to kick the tires
- client
  - - contains the Todo application for use with Data API builder and SWA
- docs
  - - Has all the chapters/lessons of the workshop
- scripts
  - - Installs all the needed dev tools
- labFiles
  - - contains files to be used with the workshop in various chapters

# GitHub Codespaces

- A development environment that's hosted in the cloud
- Each codespace is hosted by GitHub in a Docker container
- Browser based environment
- Config files are contained in the repository
- VS Code extension available

[main](#)

1 branch 0 tags

[Go to file](#)[Add file](#)[Code](#)[About](#)

This branch is up to date with Azure-Samples/azure-sql-db-developers-workshop:main.

[Contribute](#)[Sync fork](#) JetterMcTedder v1.5

eadcad5 yesterday 167 commits

|  |  |              |
|--|--|--------------|
|  .devcontainer         | v1.5                                       | last week    |
|  .github               | .github/PULL_REQUEST_TEMPLATE.md committed | 4 months ago |
|  app                   | v1.5                                       | 5 days ago   |
|  client                | v1.5                                       | 5 days ago   |
|  docs                  | v1.5                                       | yesterday    |
|  labFiles              | v1.5                                       | 5 days ago   |
|  scripts               | v1.5                                       | 2 days ago   |
|  CHANGELOG.md          | v1.5                                       | 2 days ago   |
|  CONTRIBUTING.md     | v1.0                                       | 4 months ago |
|  LICENSE.md          | LICENSE.md committed                       | 4 months ago |
|  README.md           | Updated README                             | 3 weeks ago  |
|  swa-cli.config.json | v1.5                                       | last week    |

[README.md](#)A workshop for developing with the  
Azure SQL Database and Azure Services[Readme](#)[MIT license](#)[Activity](#)[0 stars](#)[0 watching](#)[21 forks](#)

## Releases

No releases published

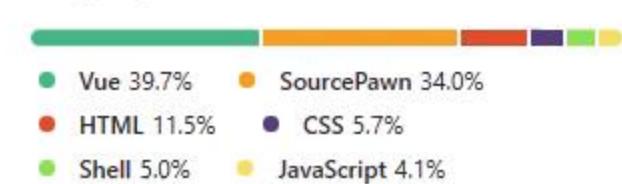
[Create a new release](#)

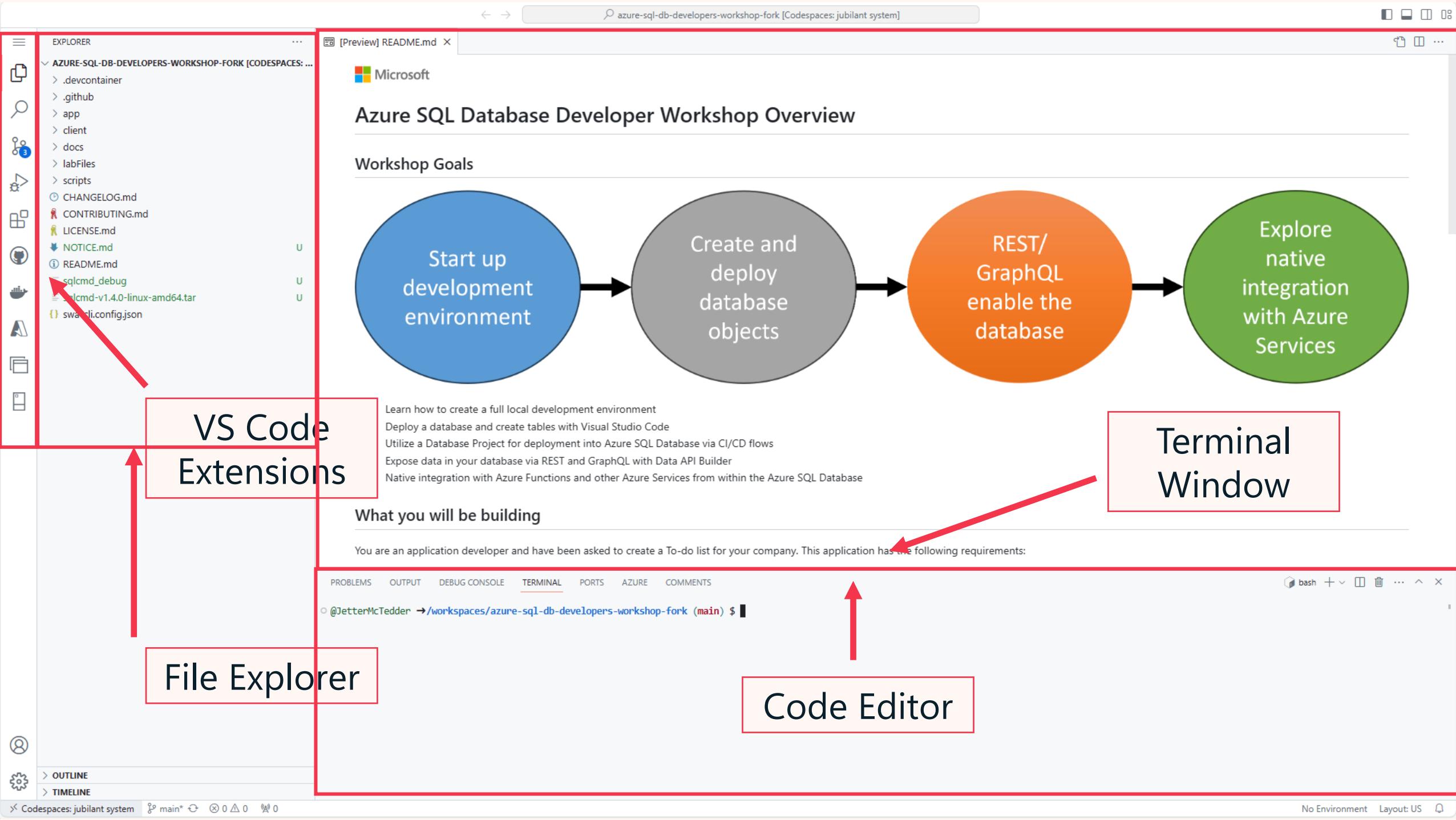
## Packages

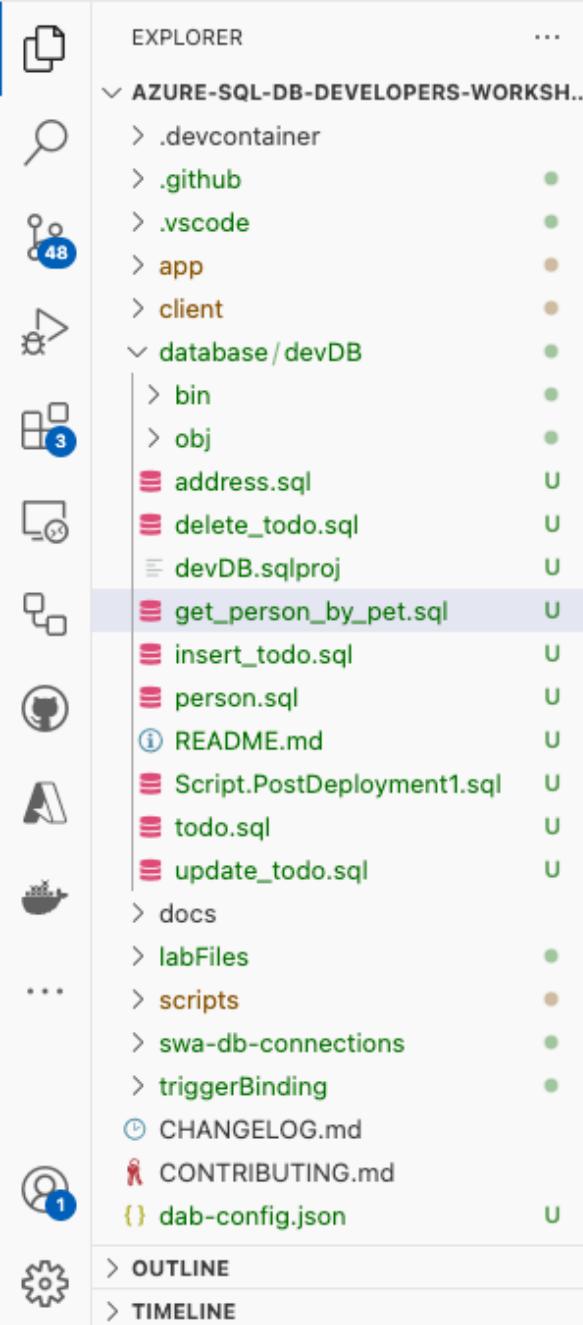
No packages published

[Publish your first package](#)

## Languages





get\_person\_by\_pet.sql U X

database &gt; devDB &gt; get\_person\_by\_pet.sql

```
1 CREATE PROCEDURE dbo.get_person_by_pet
2     @pet nvarchar(100)
3 AS
4 BEGIN
5     select *
6     from dbo.person
7     where pet_preference = iif(NULLIF(@pet, '') IS NOT NULL,@pet,pet_preference);
8 END;
9 GO
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS AZURE

- @JetterMcTedder → /workspaces/azure-sql-db-developers-workshop (main) \$ dab --version  
Microsoft.DataApiBuilder 0.8.52+c69925060e1942d28515b9c4b89ea24832da0c7c
- @JetterMcTedder → /workspaces/azure-sql-db-developers-workshop (main) \$

bash + ↻ ✖ ... ^ x

# Utilities Check

Checks to run once the post-build scripts are finished:

Functions Core Tools

- `func --version`

Data API builder

- `dab --version`

`sqlcmd`

- `sqlcmd --version`

Static Web Apps

- `swa --version`

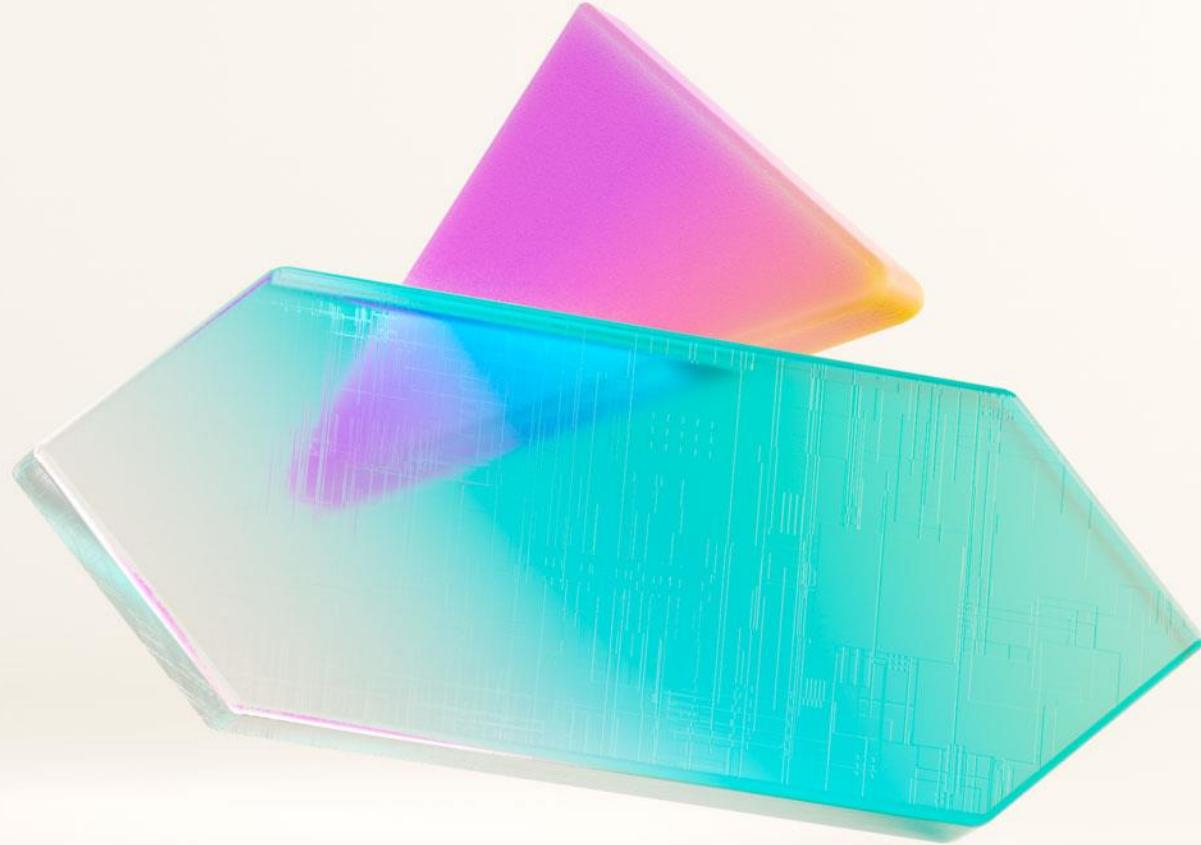
# Knowledge Check

What cloud-based development tool are you going to use today?

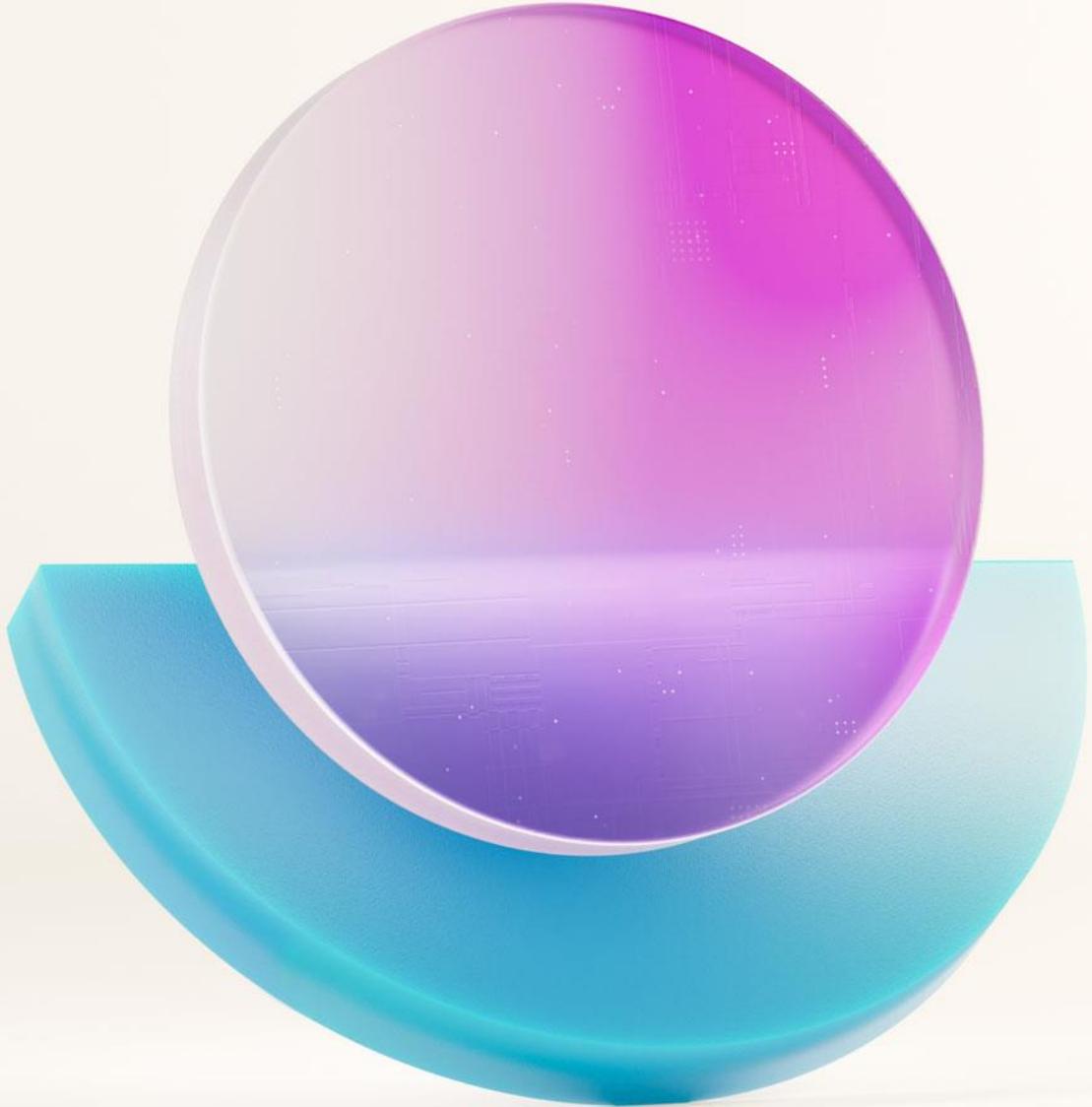
- A. GitHub CICD
- B. Azure DevOps
- C. GitHub Codespaces
- D. Microsoft Teams
- E. A and D

# Chapter 1: Setups

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Start  
Chapter 1  
Activity



# Chapter 2:

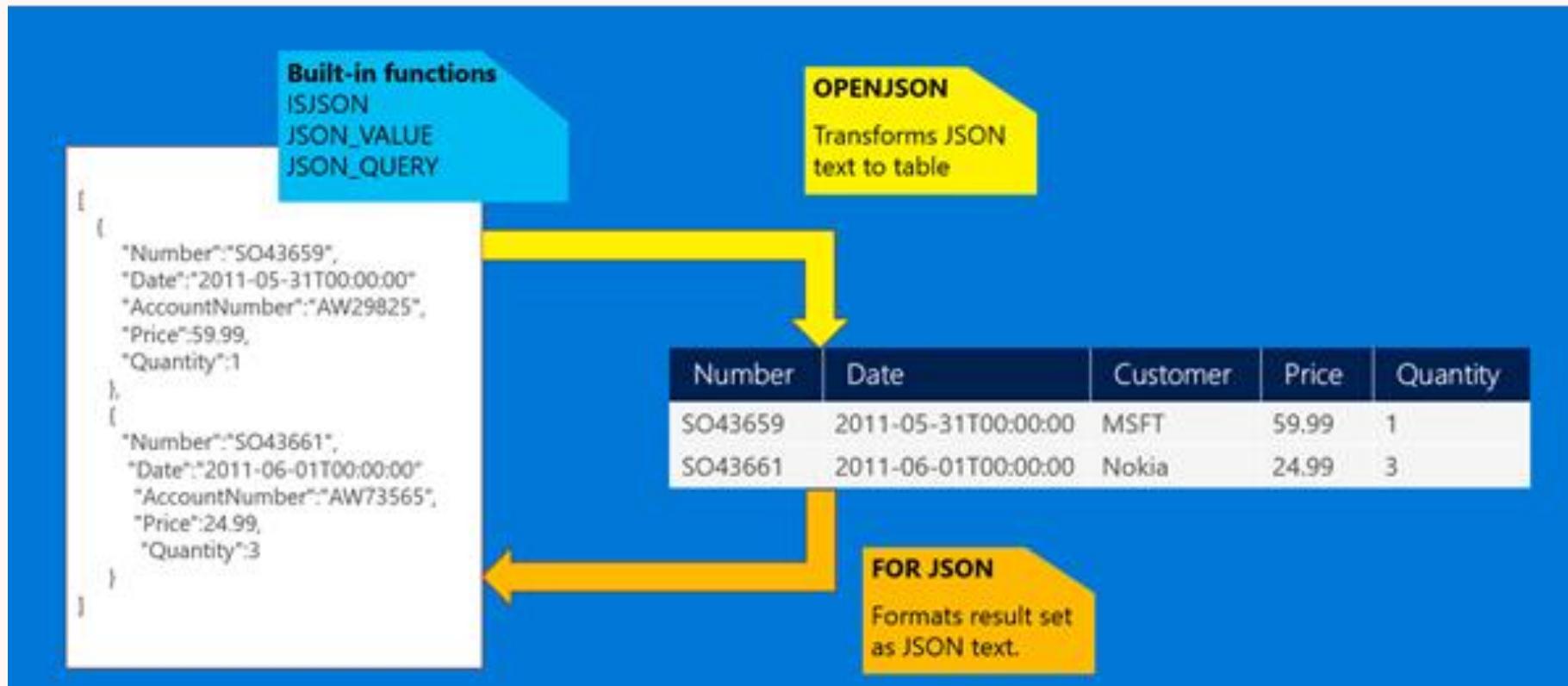
## Create a database and objects

# Azure SQL Database

- Features for developers
  - Multi-model support
    - Relational, JSON, Graph, Geospatial, XML
  - Row-Store and Column-Store
    - On the same table
  - Full Security
    - Object-Level Security, Row-Level Security, Encryption, Auditing, Ledger Tables
  - Concurrency
    - Lock Management, Row-Versioning, Multi-Versions Concurrency Control (MVCC)
  - Change Detection
    - Triggers, Change Tracking, Change Data Capture
  - Replicas / High-Availability / Scale-Out / Scale-Up

# JSON Support

Azure SQL fully support storage, manipulation and creation of JSON documents



# JSON Support

- **ISJSON**: Tests whether a string contains valid JSON.
- **JSON\_PATH\_EXISTS**: Tests whether a specified SQL/JSON path exists in the input JSON string.
- **JSON MODIFY**: Updates the value of a property in a JSON string and returns the updated JSON string.
- **JSON\_VALUE**: Extracts a scalar value from a JSON string.

[New in SQL Server 2022 and Azure SQL](#)

# JSON Support

- **JSON\_QUERY**: Extracts an object or an array from a JSON string.
- **JSON\_OBJECT**: Constructs JSON object text from zero or more expressions.
- **JSON\_ARRAY**: Constructs JSON array text from zero or more expressions.
- **FOR JSON**: Converts SQL Server data types to JSON types.
- **OPENJSON**: Converts JSON text into a set of rows and columns.

# JSON Support

```
SELECT
    [Name],
    Surname,
    JSON_VALUE(jsonCol, '$.info.address.PostCode') AS PostCode,
    JSON_VALUE(jsonCol, '$.info.address."Address Line 1"'') + ' ' + JSON_VALUE
    JSON_QUERY(jsonCol, '$.info.skills') AS Skills
FROM
    People
WHERE
    JSON_VALUE(jsonCol, '$.info.address.Town') = 'Belgrade'
AND
    STATUS = 'Active'
ORDER BY
    JSON_VALUE(jsonCol, '$.info.address.PostCode');
```

# JSON type aggregates in Azure SQL Database

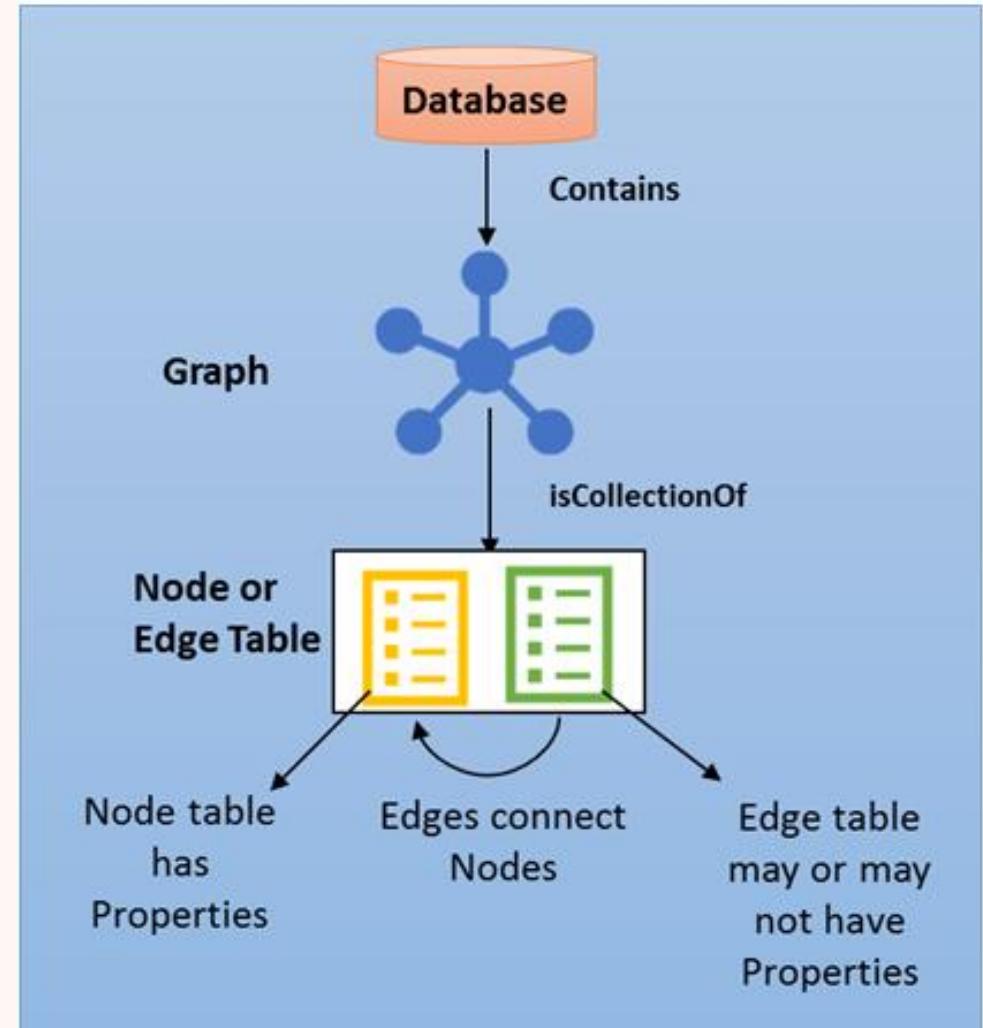
- We are excited to announce the private preview of native JSON type and JSON\_OBJECTAGG & JSON\_ARRAYAGG
- Private Preview
- <https://aka.ms/json-preview>

# Regular Expression Support

- Azure SQL Database is adding native support for Regular expressions following POSIX standard.
  - REGEXP\_LIKE
  - REGEXP\_COUNT
  - REGEXP\_INSTR
  - REGEXP\_REPLACE
  - REGEXP\_SUBSTR
- Private Preview
- <https://aka.ms/regex-preview-signup>

# Graph Models

- Create EDGE and NODE objects
  - For simplicity they look like tables
- Use MATCH to find rows that satisfy some relationship condition
  - Syntax is close to Cypher language (supported by Neo4J)
- Getting started:
  - <https://aka.ms/azuresqlgraph>



# Graph Models

```
CREATE TABLE Person (
    ID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
    Name VARCHAR(100),
    Age INT)
AS NODE;
```

```
CREATE TABLE Friends (
    StartDate date)
AS EDGE;
```

```
--Find friends of John
SELECT Person2.Name
FROM Person Person1,
Friends,
Person Person2
WHERE
MATCH (Person1-(Friends)->Person2)
AND Person1.Name = 'John';
```

# Graph Models

The screenshot illustrates a graph database interface with the following components:

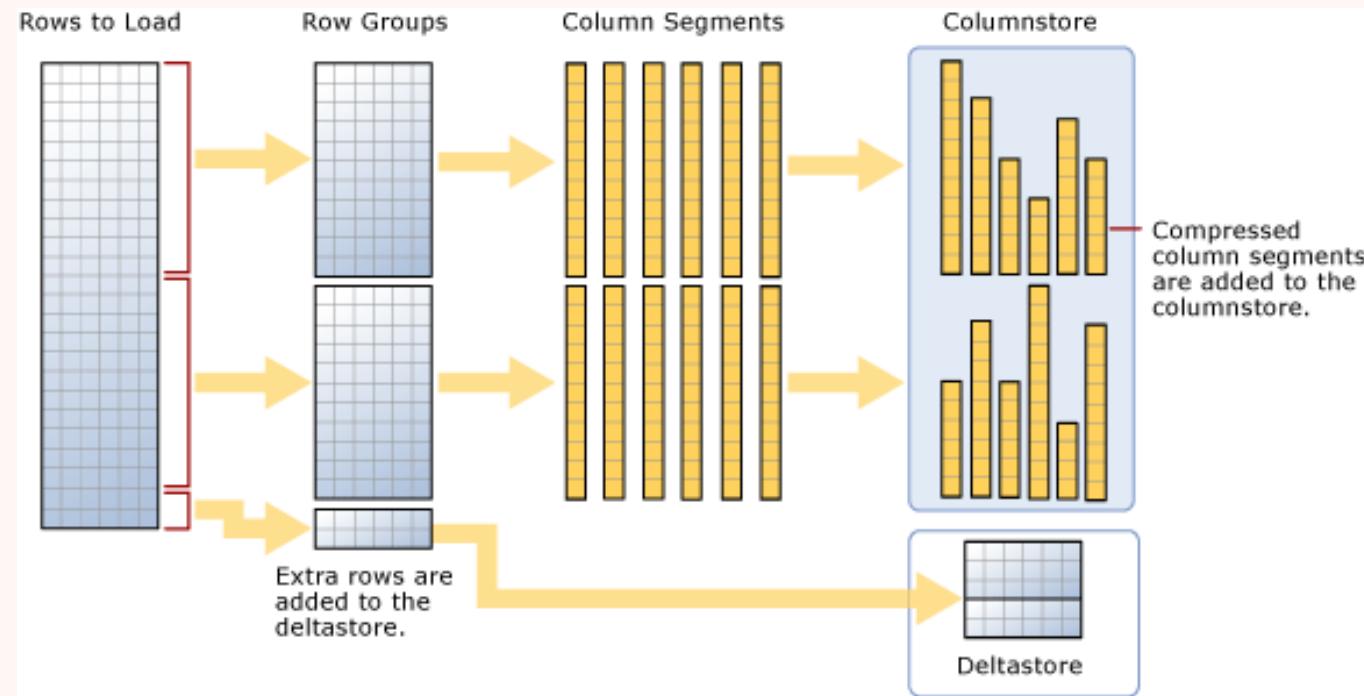
- Node Properties:** A section at the top left containing the text "SELECT Person2.Name Untitled-2".
- Nodes that this edge connects:** A section in the middle showing the results of the query.
- Edge Properties:** A section at the top right.
- Code Area:** The main workspace where the Cypher query is written:

```
1 SELECT Person2.Name
2 FROM Person Person1,
3      friendOf,
4      Person Person2
5 WHERE MATCH(Person1-(friendOf)->Person2)
6 AND Person1.Name = 'John';
```
- RESULTS:** A table on the right side showing the output of the query:

|   | Name |
|---|------|
| 1 | Mary |
- Person Node Table:** A blue bar at the bottom left.
- Friends Edge Table:** A blue bar at the bottom right.

# Columnstore

- Store data by columns instead of by rows
- Great for analytical queries
  - Aggregations / Projections
- Columnstore is updatable
  - available from 2016
  - “Deltastore”



# Reasons for Columnstore Indexes

- Columns store values that commonly have similar values, which result in high compression rates.
- High compression rates improve query performance by using a smaller in-memory footprint
- Queries often select only a few columns from a table, which reduces total I/O from the physical media.

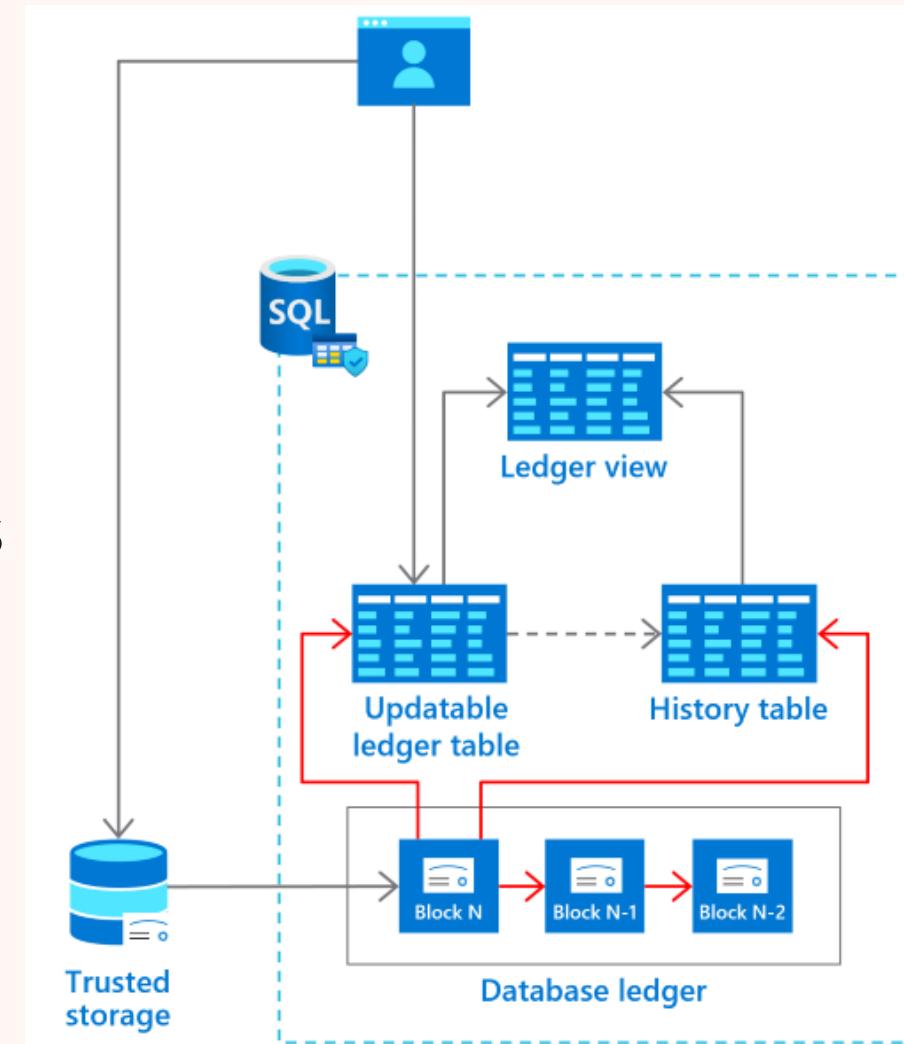
# Ledger Tables

## Updatable ledger tables

Updatable ledger tables are system-versioned tables on which users can perform updates and deletes while also providing tamper-evidence capabilities.

When updates or deletes occur, all earlier versions of a row are preserved in a secondary table, while the latest version of the row remains in the ledger table.

Ideal for systems/tables where auditing and record accuracy are vital.



# Ledger Tables

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[HighScores]
(
    [ScoreID] INT IDENTITY,
    [PlayerID] INT NOT NULL,
    [FirstName] VARCHAR (50) NOT NULL,
    [LastName] VARCHAR (50) NOT NULL,
    [Game] VARCHAR (50) NOT NULL,
    [Score] INT NOT NULL,
    [Date] DATE NOT NULL
)
WITH (
    SYSTEM_VERSIONING = ON (HISTORY_TABLE = [dbo].[HighScoresHistory]),
    LEDGER = ON
) ;
```

# Ledger Tables

```
INSERT INTO [dbo].[HighScores]
VALUES      (1, 'Steve', 'Wobble', 'Horse Monkey', 11099912, GETDATE()) ,
            (2, 'Bill', 'Mickelson', 'Horse Monkey', 11099911, GETDATE()) ,
            (3, 'John', 'Hill', 'Universe Invaders', 218870, GETDATE());
```

# Ledger Tables

| CommitTime             | UserName | Score | PlayerID | FirstName | LastName  | Game            | Score    | Date       | Operation |
|------------------------|----------|-------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|----------|------------|-----------|
| 2023-04-20 23:13:47... | sqladmin | 1     | 1        | Steve     | Wobble    | Horse Monkey    | 11099912 | 2023-04-20 | INSERT    |
| 2023-04-20 23:13:47... | sqladmin | 2     | 2        | Bill      | Mickelson | Horse Monkey    | 11099911 | 2023-04-20 | INSERT    |
| 2023-04-20 23:13:47... | sqladmin | 3     | 3        | John      | Hill      | Universe Inv... | 218870   | 2023-04-20 | INSERT    |

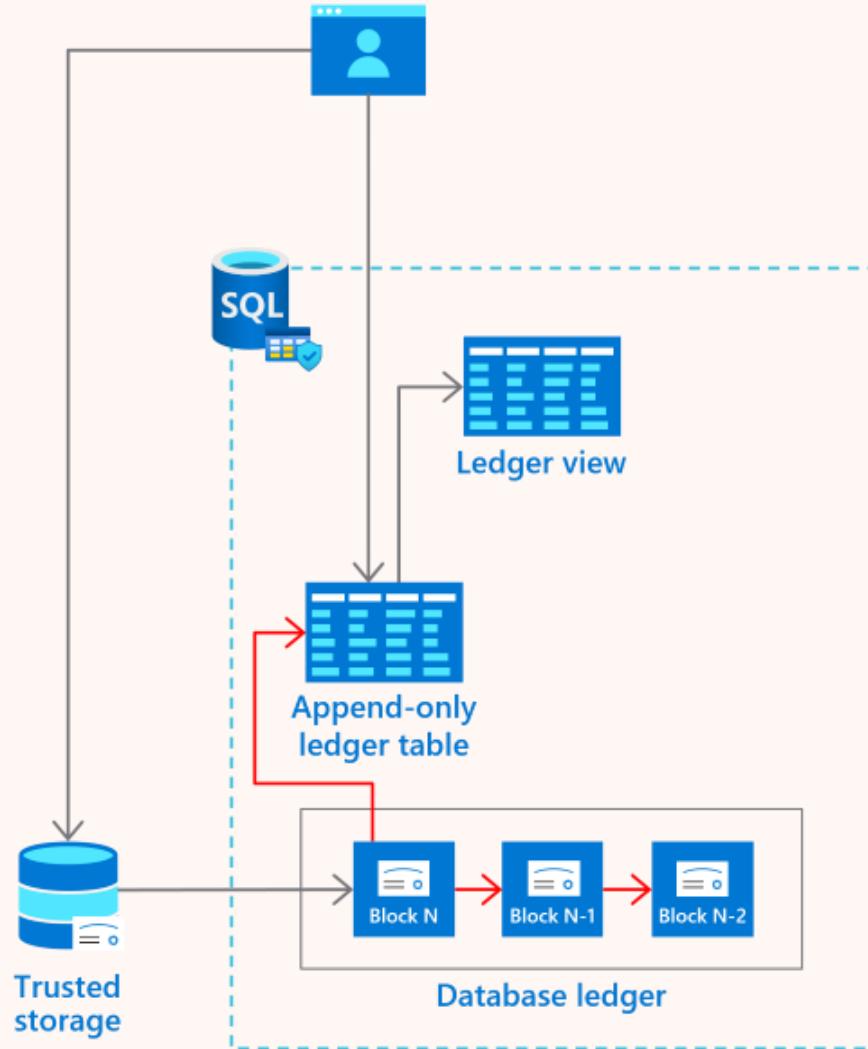
| CommitTime             | UserName | Score | PlayerID | FirstName | LastName  | Game            | Score    | Date       | Operation |
|------------------------|----------|-------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|----------|------------|-----------|
| 2023-04-20 23:20:49... | bill     | 2     | 2        | Bill      | Mickelson | Horse Monkey    | 11099913 | 2023-04-20 | INSERT    |
| 2023-04-20 23:20:49... | bill     | 2     | 2        | Bill      | Mickelson | Horse Monkey    | 11099911 | 2023-04-20 | DELETE    |
| 2023-04-20 23:20:35... | sqladmin | 1     | 1        | Steve     | Wobble    | Horse Monkey    | 11099912 | 2023-04-20 | INSERT    |
| 2023-04-20 23:20:35... | sqladmin | 3     | 3        | John      | Hill      | Universe Inv... | 218870   | 2023-04-20 | INSERT    |
| 2023-04-20 23:20:35... | sqladmin | 2     | 2        | Bill      | Mickelson | Horse Monkey    | 11099911 | 2023-04-20 | INSERT    |

# Ledger Tables

## Append-only ledger tables

Append-only ledger tables allow only INSERT operations on your tables, which ensure that privileged users such as database administrators can't alter data through traditional Data Manipulation Language operations.

Ideal for security information event and management systems such as badge in/out or ID readers.



# Ledger Tables

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[ArcadeRoomAccess]
(
    [AccessID] INT IDENTITY,
    [PlayerID] INT NOT NULL,
    [AccessEvent] NVARCHAR (100) NOT NULL,
    [Timestamp] Datetime2 NOT NULL
)
WITH (LEDGER = ON (APPEND_ONLY = ON)) ;

INSERT INTO [dbo].[ArcadeRoomAccess]
VALUES
    (1, 'IN', DATEADD(HOUR, -5, getdate())),
    (1, 'OUT', DATEADD(HOUR, -3, getdate())),
    (2, 'IN', DATEADD(HOUR, -15, getdate())),
    (2, 'OUT', DATEADD(HOUR, -10, getdate()));
```

# Ledger Tables

```
UPDATE [dbo].[ArcadeRoomAccess]
SET Timestamp = GETDATE()
WHERE AccessID = 4;
```

Msg 37359, Level 16, State 1, Line 1  
Updates are not allowed for the  
append only Ledger table 'dbo.ArcadeRoomAccess'.

# Azure SQL DB Hyperscale

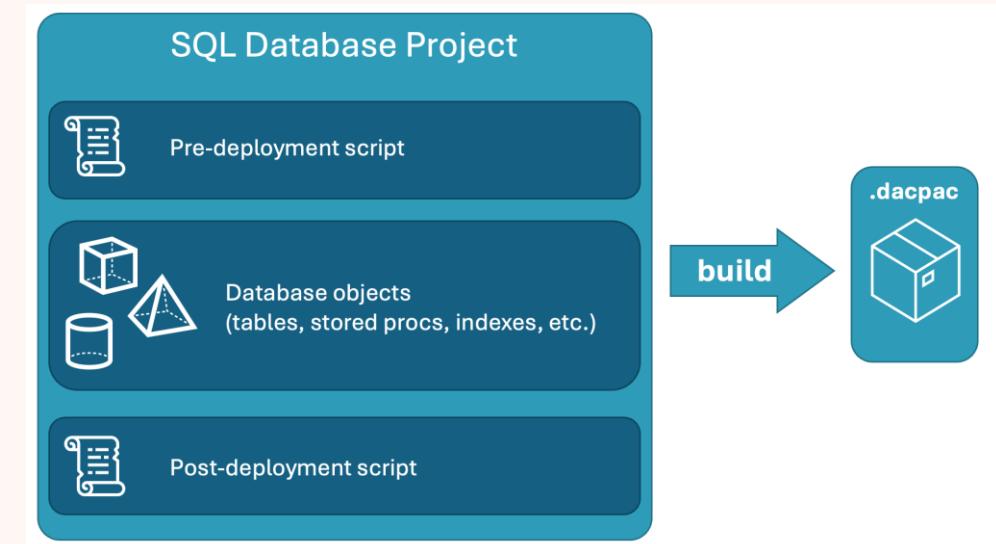
- Azure SQL Database Hyperscale provides the flexibility and performance modern applications require:
  - Independently scalable compute and storage, without sacrificing performance
  - Rapid, auto-scaling storage support up to 100TB
  - Low latency, high throughput
  - Snapshot-based backups that do not impact query performance
  - Available serverless compute and resource-sharing elastic pools
- 
- Now with lower pricing – save up to 35%

# Chapter 2: Database Tasks

- Create a SQL database project
- Create a SQL Server 2022 database in the codespace
- Create database objects
- Publish objects to the local SQL 2022 database

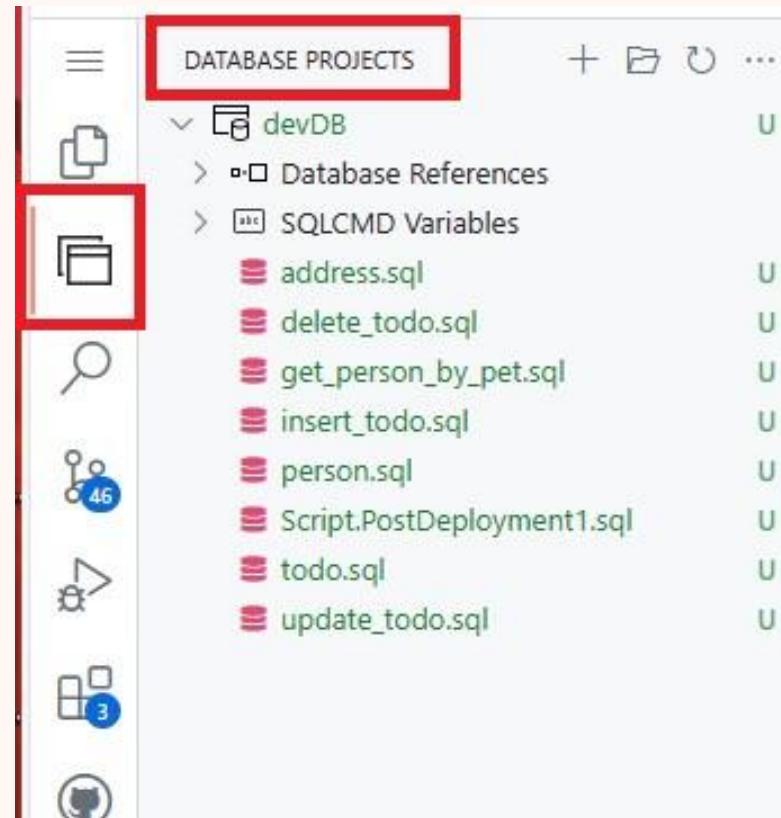
# SQL Database Projects

- An Azure Data Studio and Visual Studio Code extension
- For developing SQL databases and objects in a project-based development environment
  - <https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/azure-sql-blog/microsoft-build-sql-the-next-frontier-of-sql-projects/ba-p/3290628>
- Update/Create project from database
- Compare schemas
- Publish all or just changes
- Participate in CI/CD flows
- Deployment time configurations



# SQL Database Projects

```
dotnet new sqlproj -n "devDB" -tp "SqlAzureV12"
```



# Create a SQL Database

- SQLCMD CLI
  - Now written in Go
- Use the go-mssql driver
- More Azure Active Directory (Entra ID) authentication options
- New commands
  - `sqlcmd create mssql --using https://url.com/backup.bak`

# Create a SQL Database

```
sqlcmd create mssql -u devDB --accept-eula  
sqlcmd config connection-strings
```

- @JetterMcTedder → /workspaces/azure-sql-db-developers-workshop/database (main) \$ sqlcmd create mssql -u devDB --accept-eula  
Downloading mcr.microsoft.com/mssql/server:latest  
Starting mcr.microsoft.com/mssql/server:latest  
Created context "mssql" in "/home/vscode/.sqlcmd/sqlconfig", configuring user account...  
Disabled "sa" account (and rotated "sa" password). Creating user "vscode"  
Creating default database [devDB]  
Now ready for client connections on port 1433

## HINT:

1. Run a query:                   sqlcmd query "SELECT @@version"
2. Start interactive session:    sqlcmd query
3. View sqlcmd configuration:  sqlcmd config view
4. See connection strings:     sqlcmd config connection-strings
5. Remove:                        sqlcmd delete

# Create Database Objects

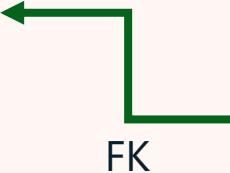
- Tables
  - ID columns
  - Foreign/Primary Keys
- Table APIs - Stored procedures for
  - Insert
  - Update
  - Delete

## Person

| Name           | Data Type      |
|----------------|----------------|
| person_id      | int (IDENTITY) |
| person_name    | nvarchar(200)  |
| person_email   | nvarchar(200)  |
| pet_preference | nvarchar(100)  |

## Address

| Name       | Data Type      |
|------------|----------------|
| address_id | int (IDENTITY) |
| person_id  | int            |
| address    | nvarchar(200)  |



## Todo

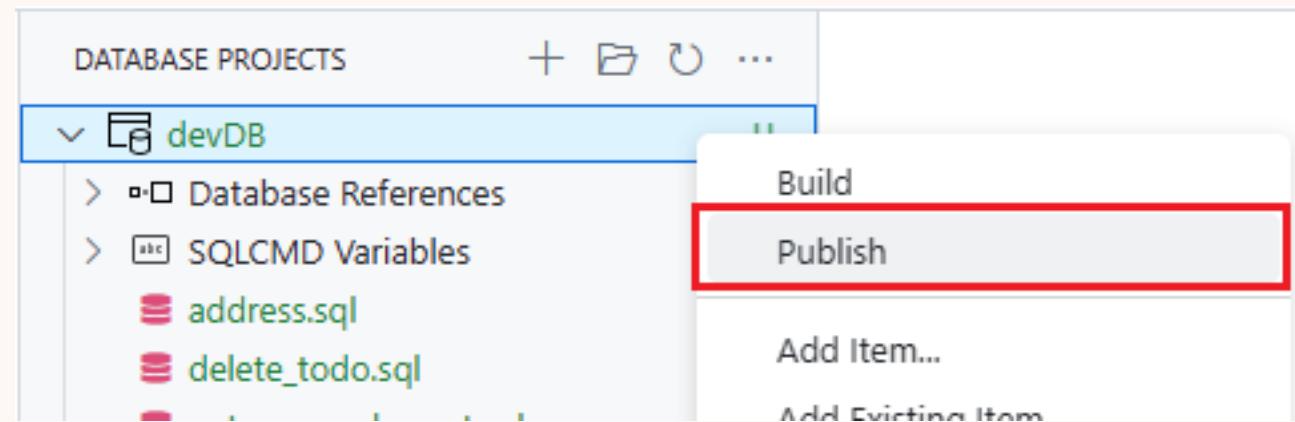
| Name      | Data Type        |
|-----------|------------------|
| id        | uniqueidentifier |
| title     | nvarchar(1000)   |
| completed | bit              |
| owner_id  | nvarchar(126)    |
| position  | int              |

## Products

| Name         | Data Type      |
|--------------|----------------|
| product_id   | int            |
| product_name | nvarchar(1000) |
| ListPrice    | money          |

# Publish objects to the local database

- Use SQL Database Projects
  - Publish to the local database created with sqlcmd
- Deploy the tables, stored procedures and run a post deploy script
- Verify the deployment



# Knowledge Check

Which of the following can be used in Azure SQL Database

- A. JSON
- B. XML
- C. Geospatial
- D. Graph
- E. All of the above

I have an application that logs cars entering and exiting a secured area, which ledger table should I use?

- A. Updatable
- B. Insert Only
- C. Append Only
- D. Delete Updatable
- E. A, B, and D

# Knowledge Check

Are SQL Database Projects good for CI/CD?

A. Yes

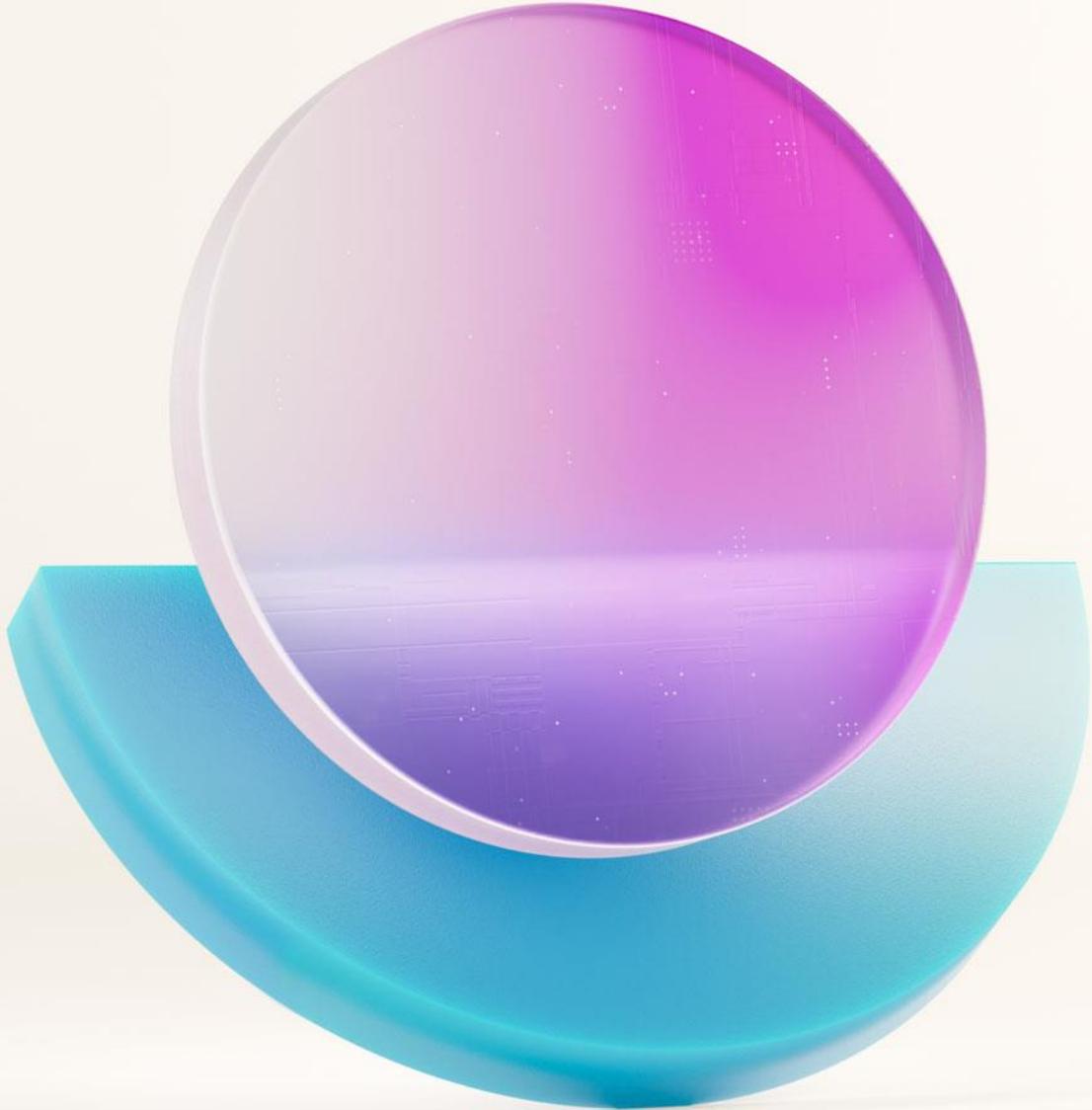
B. No

# Chapter 2: Database Tasks

- Create a database SQL project
- Create a SQL 2022 database in the Codespace
- Create database objects
- Publish objects to the local SQL 2022 database



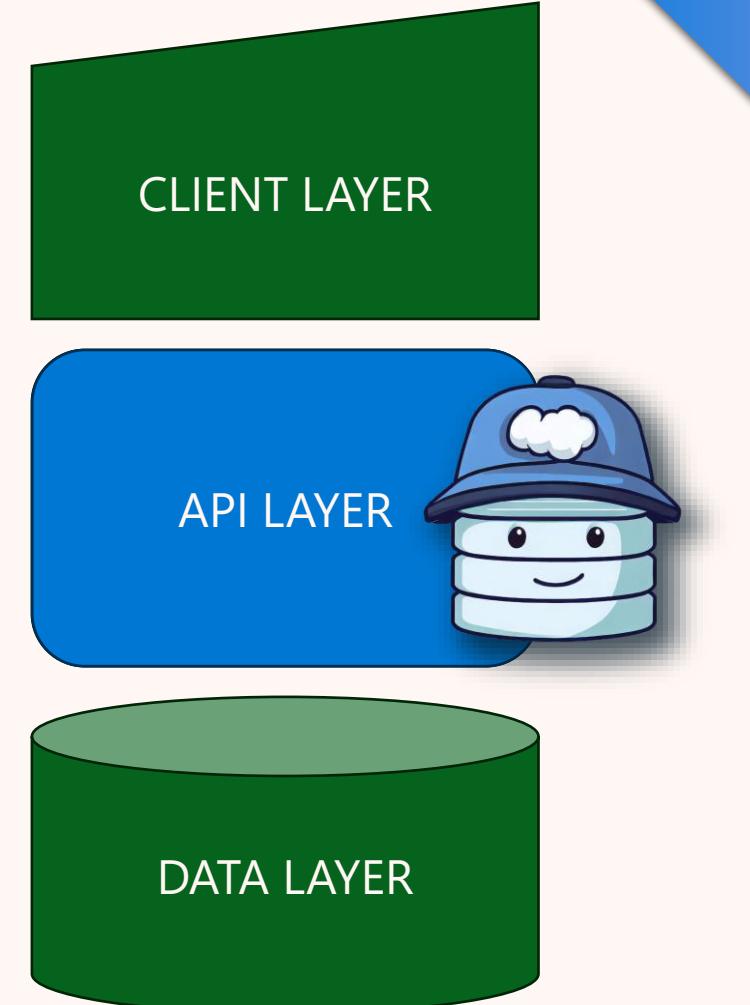
Start  
Chapter 2  
Activity



# Chapter 3: Data API builder

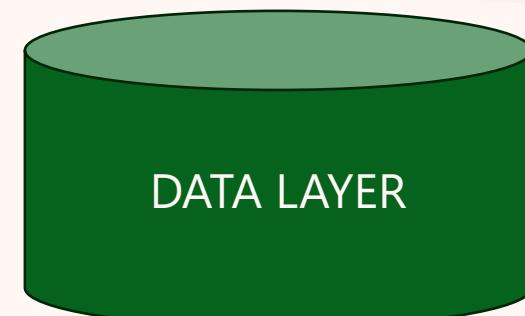
# Data API builder

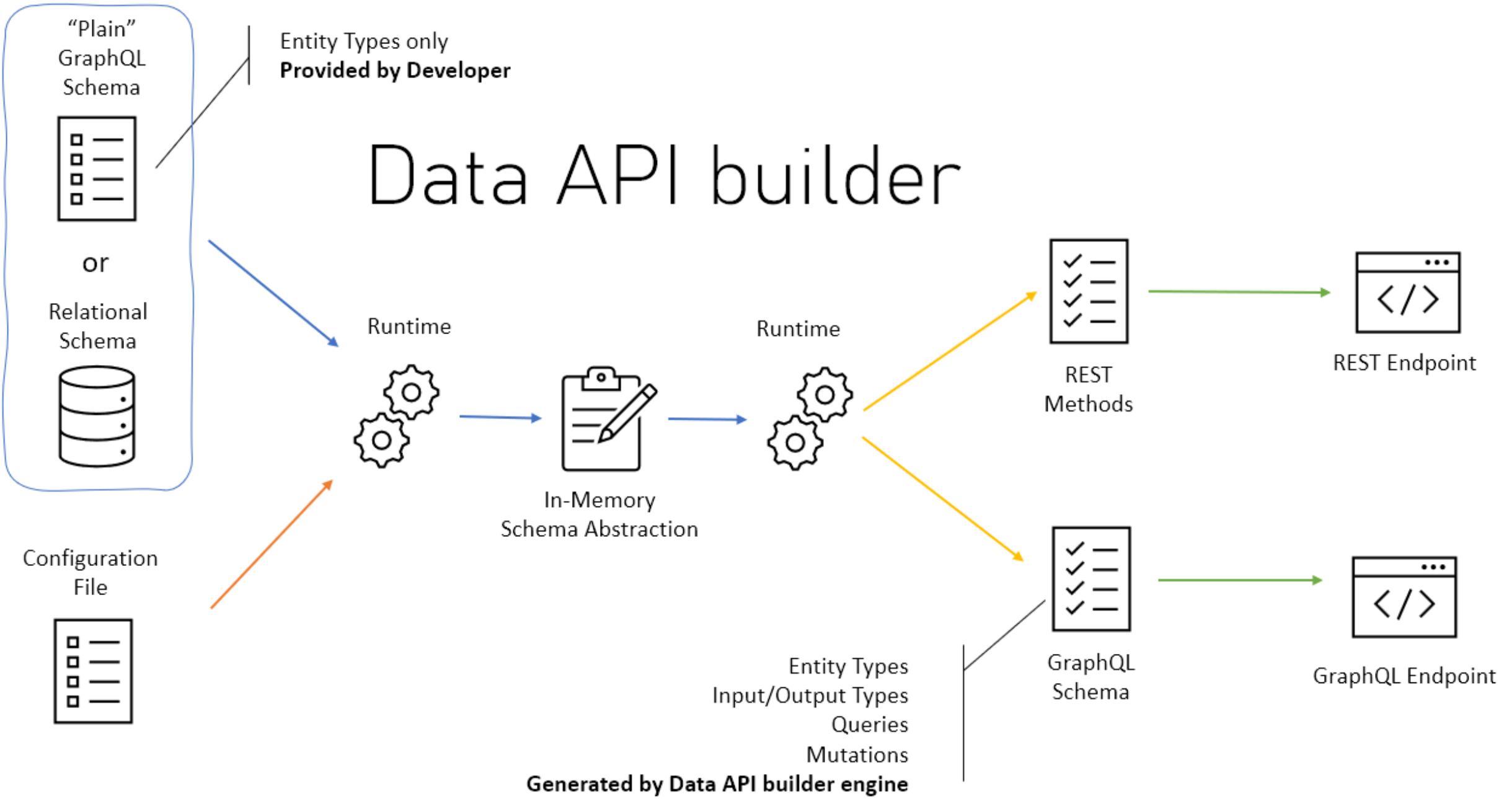
- **Open Source** and **Free** (<https://aka.ms/dab>)
- Container-based, Stateless
- Zero code
  - Configuration-driven
- Supported authentication:
  - EasyAuth, EntraID/AAD, JWT tokens
- Supported endpoints:
  - REST API (OpenAPI), GraphQL
- Supported databases:
  - Azure SQL DB & SQL Server
  - Cosmos DB (document)
  - PostgreSQL
  - MySQL



# Data API builder

- Built in developer tools and clients
  - OpenAPI, Swagger, Banana Cake Pop
  - DAB CLI
- Database Objects Supported
  - Tables
  - Views
  - Stored Procedures
- GraphQL Relationships
  - Foreign Keys
  - One-to-Many/Many-to-One/Many-to-Many
- Authorization
  - Database Context
  - Role-based authorization using received claims
  - Item-level security via policy expressions





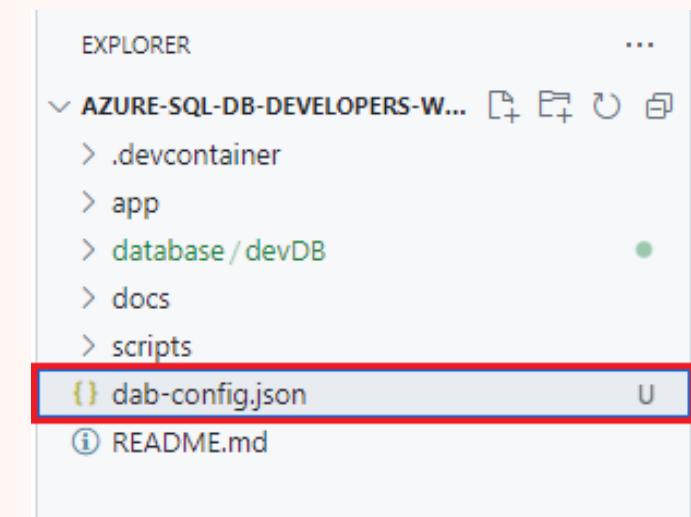
# Chapter 3: Data API Builder

- Setup Data API Builder
- Create REST/GraphQL entities
- Test the endpoints

# Setup Data API Builder

- Create the Data API Builder initialization file

```
dab init --database-type "mssql" --connection-
string "Server=localhost;Database=devDB;User
ID=vscode;Password=
'''XXXXXXXX''';TrustServerCertificate=true" --host-
mode "Development" --rest.path "rest"
```



# Create REST/GraphQL entities

- Use DAB CLI to add the tables, stored procedures, and relationships to the `dab-config.json` file

```
dab add Person --source dbo.person --permissions  
"anonymous:/*"
```

```
dab update Person --relationship addresses --cardinality  
"many" --target.entity Address
```

```
dab add GetPersonByPet --source dbo.get_person_by_pet --  
source.type "stored-procedure" --source.params "pet:" --  
permissions "anonymous:execute" --rest.methods "get" --  
graphql.operation "query"
```

# Test the endpoints

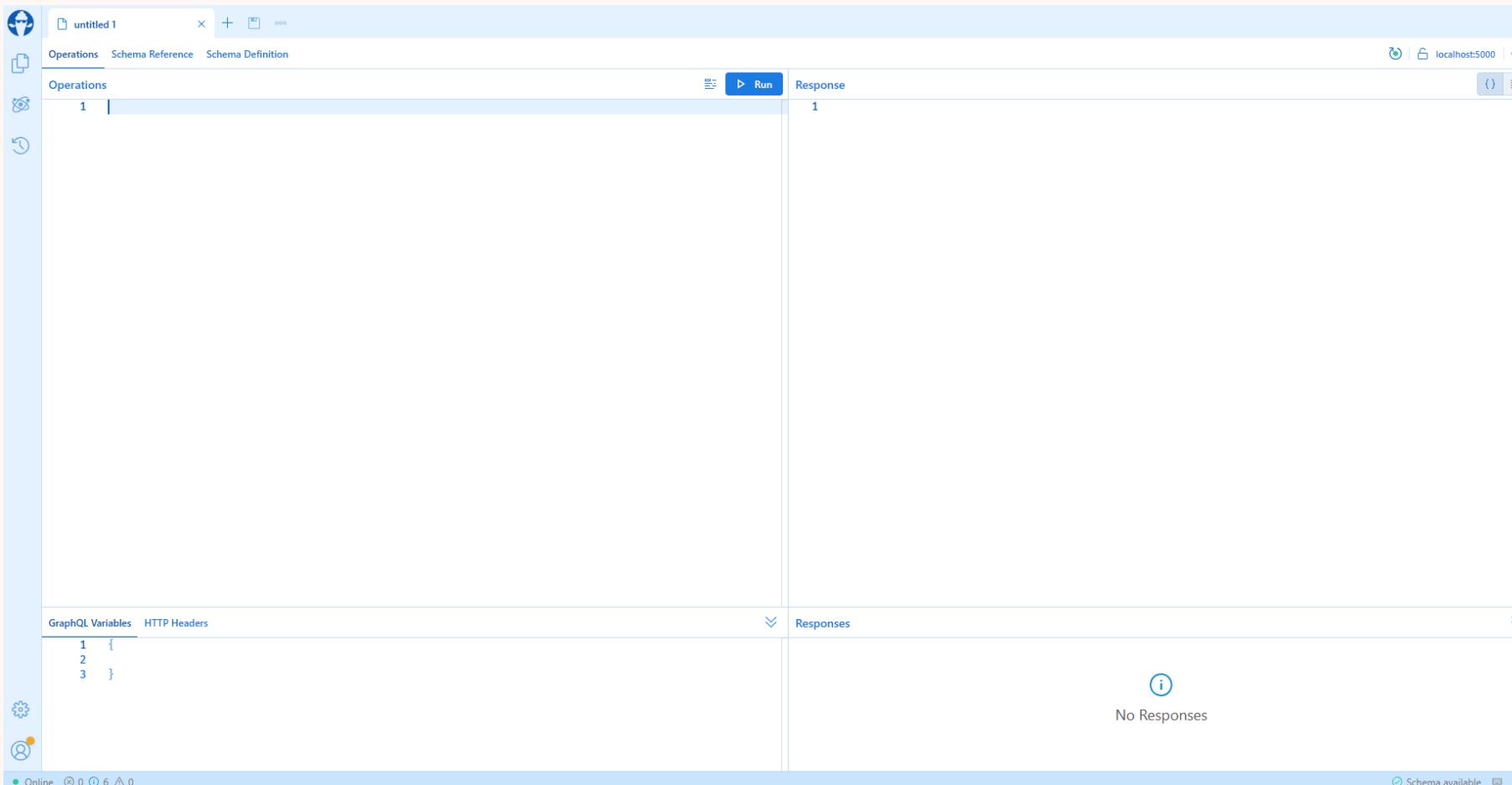
- Use codespaces to test your REST/GraphQL endpoints

The image shows a screenshot of a web browser interface. On the left, there is a request panel titled "testing.rest" with a "Send Request" button and a URL input field containing "http://localhost:5000/rest/person". On the right, there is a response panel titled "Response(185ms)" showing the HTTP headers and the JSON response body.

```
1  HTTP/1.1 200 OK
2  Connection: close
3  Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-
8
4  Date: Thu, 19 Oct 2023 21:06:45 GMT
5  Server: Kestrel
6  Transfer-Encoding: chunked
7  x-ms-correlation-id: 28f732dc-081d-41b9-b809
-ee655d33c3b5
8
9  {
10  "value": [
11  {
12    "person_id": 1,
13    "person_name": "Bill",
14    "person_email": "bill@contoso.com",
15    "pet_preference": "Dogs"
16  },
17  {
```

# Test the endpoints

- For GraphQL you can also use the interactive playground



# Knowledge Check

Data API builder lets you REST/GraphQL enable?

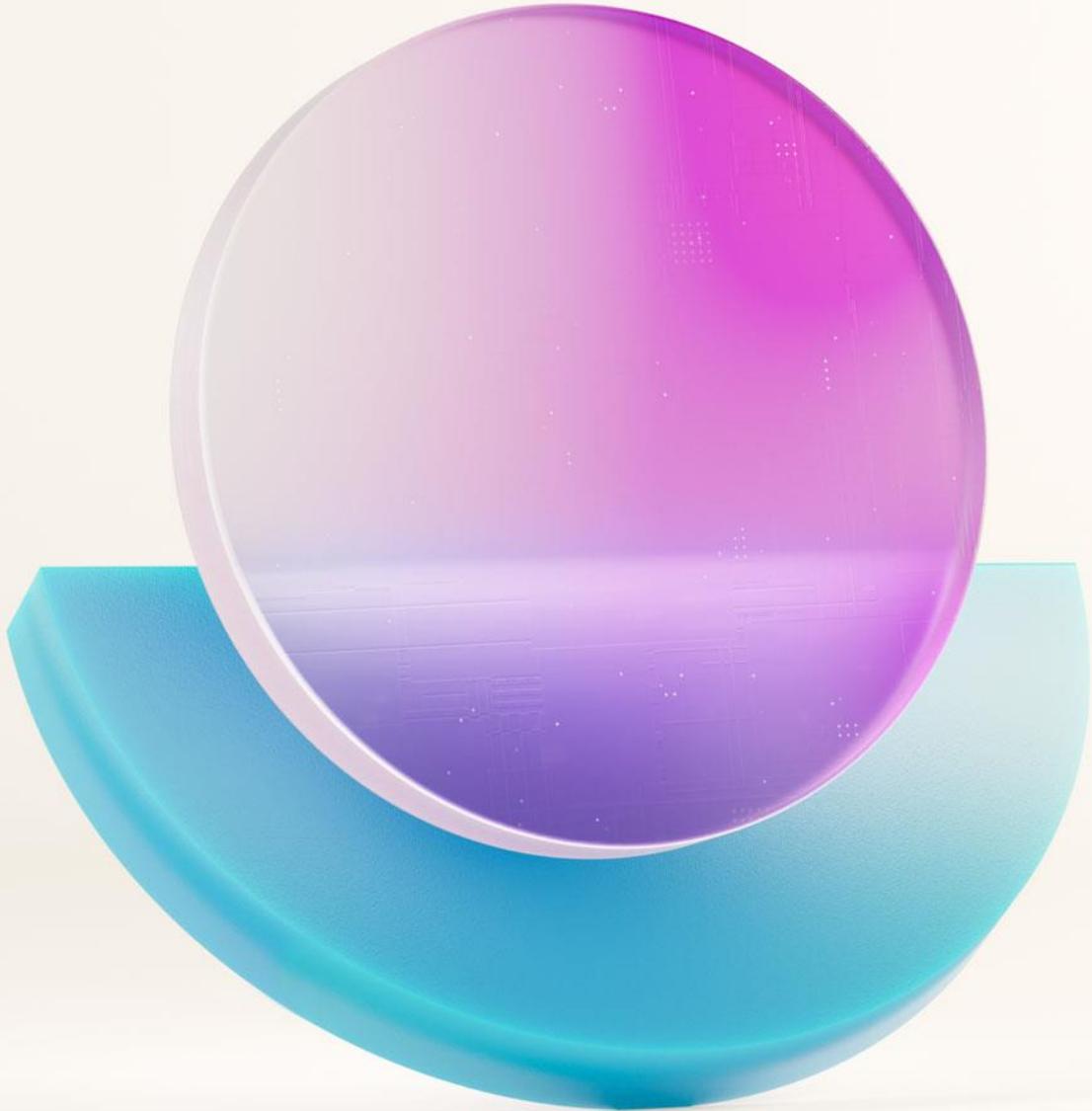
- A. Tables
- B. Views
- C. Stored Procedures
- D. A and B
- E. A, B, and C

On average, how many lines of code do I need to write to GraphQL-enable a database object with Data API Builder

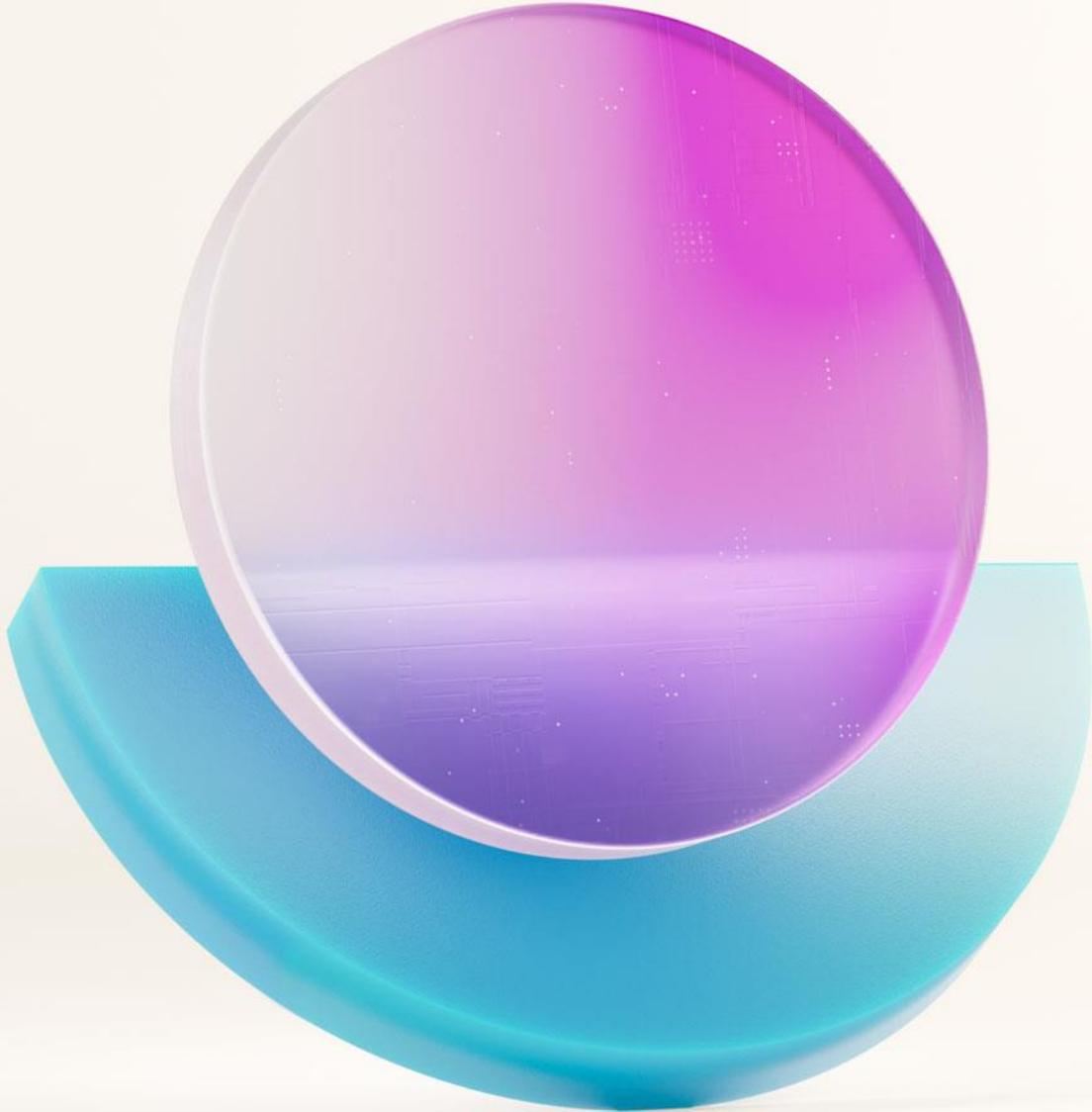
- A. 77
- B. 4000
- C. None
- D. 4 or 5

# Chapter 3: Data API Builder

- Setup Data API Builder
- Create REST/GraphQL entities
- Test the endpoints



**Start  
Chapter 3  
Activity**

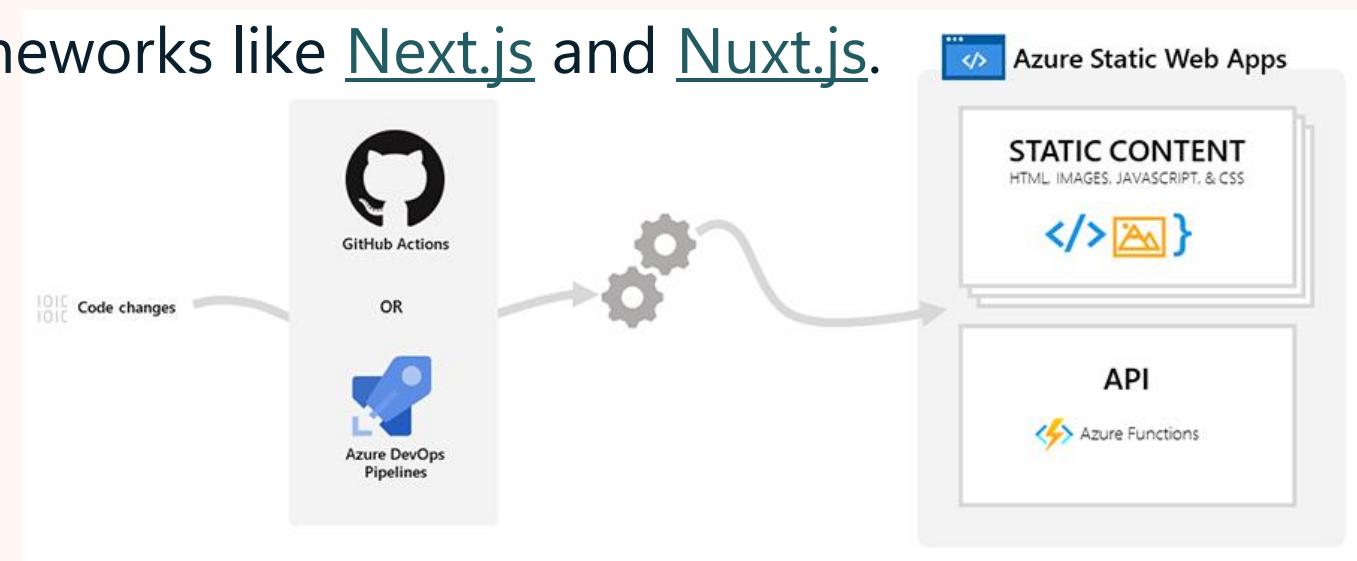


# Chapter 4:

# Azure Static Web Apps

# Azure Static Web Apps

- Automatically build and deploy full stack web apps to Azure from a code repository.
- Build modern web applications with JavaScript frameworks and libraries like [Angular](#), [React](#), [Svelte](#), [Vue](#), or using [Blazor](#) to create WebAssembly applications, with an [Azure Functions](#) back-end.
- Publish static sites with frameworks like [Gatsby](#), [Hugo](#), [VuePress](#).
- Deploy web applications with frameworks like [Next.js](#) and [Nuxt.js](#).



# Key Features

- **Web hosting** for static content like HTML, CSS, JavaScript, and images.
- **Integrated API support** provided by managed Azure Functions, with the option to link an existing function app, web app, container app, or API Management instance using a standard account. If you need your API in a region that doesn't support managed functions, you can bring your own functions to your app.
- **First-class GitHub and Azure DevOps integration** that allows repository changes to trigger builds and deployments.
- **Globally distributed static content**, putting content closer to your users.
- **Free SSL certificates**, which are automatically renewed.
- **Custom domains** to provide branded customizations to your app.

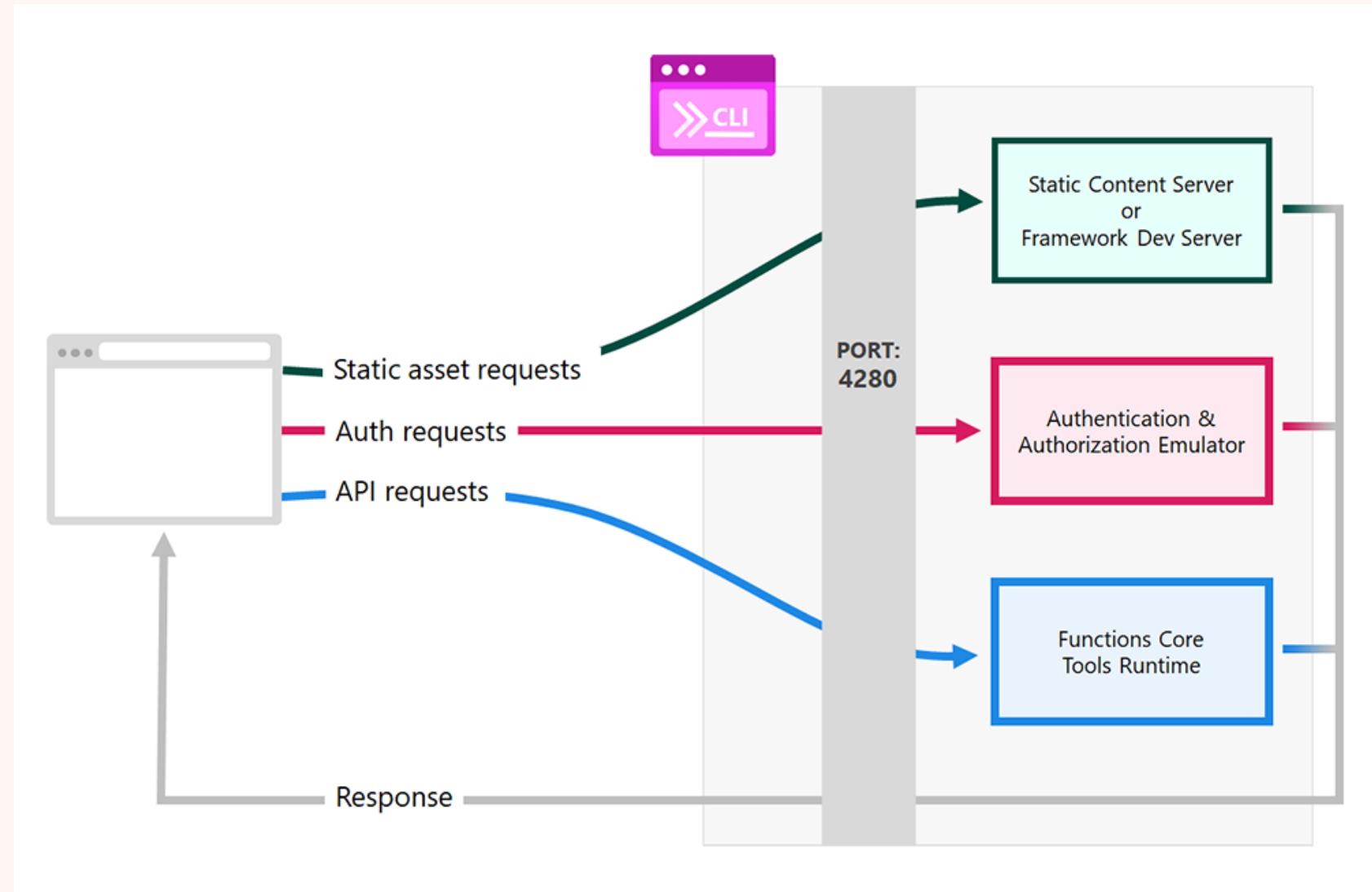
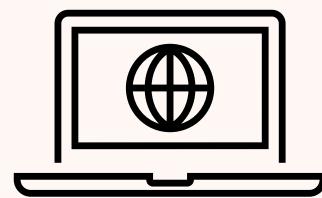
# Key Features

- **Seamless security model** with a reverse-proxy when calling APIs, which requires no CORS configuration.
- **Authentication provider integrations** with Microsoft Entra ID and GitHub.
- **Customizable authorization** role definition and assignments.
- **Back-end routing rules** enabling full control over the content and routes you serve.
- **Generated staging versions powered by pull requests** enabling preview versions of your site before publishing.
- **CLI support** through the [Azure CLI](#) and [AZD](#) to create cloud resources, and via the [Azure Static Web Apps CLI](#) for local development.

# Azure Static Web Apps CLI

- **Serve static app assets**, or proxy to your app dev server
- **Serve API requests**, or proxy to APIs running in Azure Functions Core Tools
- **Emulate authentication** and authorization
- **Emulate Static Web Apps configuration**, including routing and ACL roles
- **Deploy** your app to Azure Static Web Apps

# Azure Static Web Apps CLI



# Chapter 4: SWA

- Initialize SWA
- Test the web application with a simple HTML+Vanilla JS App
- Use SWA authentication with Data API builder
- Build a full-stack jamstack ToDo applications using Vue as the fronted framework

# Initialize SWA and Test

Create the connections file and start with the sample JavaScript application

```
> cp dab-config.json ./swa-db-  
connections/staticwebapp.database.config.json  
  
> swa start
```

**Sample  
JavaScript App**

Pet Preference:

**Submit**

| Person ID | Person Name | Person Email      | Pet Preference |
|-----------|-------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 1         | Bill        | bill@contoso.com  | Dogs           |
| 2         | Frank       | frank@contoso.com | Cats           |
| 3         | Riley       | Riley@contoso.com | Cats           |

[Login](#)

# Use SWA authentication with Data API builder

In the permissions section, change the role from anonymous to authenticated

```
"permissions": [  
    {  
        "role": "authenticated",  
        "actions": [  
            "execute"  
        ]  
    }  
,
```

The screenshot shows the 'User's roles' field in the permissions configuration. It contains the text 'anonymous' and 'authenticated'. A note below the field states: 'Roles used during authorization. One role per line. Note: roles "authenticated" and "anonymous" will be added automatically if not provided.'

The 'User's claims' field is empty, with a note: 'Claims from the identity provider. JSON array of claims. See [documentation](#) for example claims.'

At the bottom right, there are two buttons: 'Login' (highlighted with a red border) and 'Clear'.

| Username  | Fluffy Bunny               |
|---|----------------------------|
| Username or email address of the user   |                            |
| User's roles  | anonymous<br>authenticated |
| Roles used during authorization. One role per line.<br>Note: roles "authenticated" and "anonymous" will be added automatically if not provided. |                            |
| User's claims   | []                         |
| Claims from the identity provider. JSON array of claims. See <a href="#">documentation</a> for example claims.                                  |                            |
| <button>Login</button> <button>Clear</button>   |                            |

# Working with the ToDo Application

- Creating a mapping in Data API Builder

```
dab update Todo --map "position:order"
```

- To map a UI element called order to the position column (in dab-config.json)

```
"mappings": {  
    "position": "order"  
}
```

# Working with the ToDo Application

- Change the `swa-cli.config.json`

- Build the app

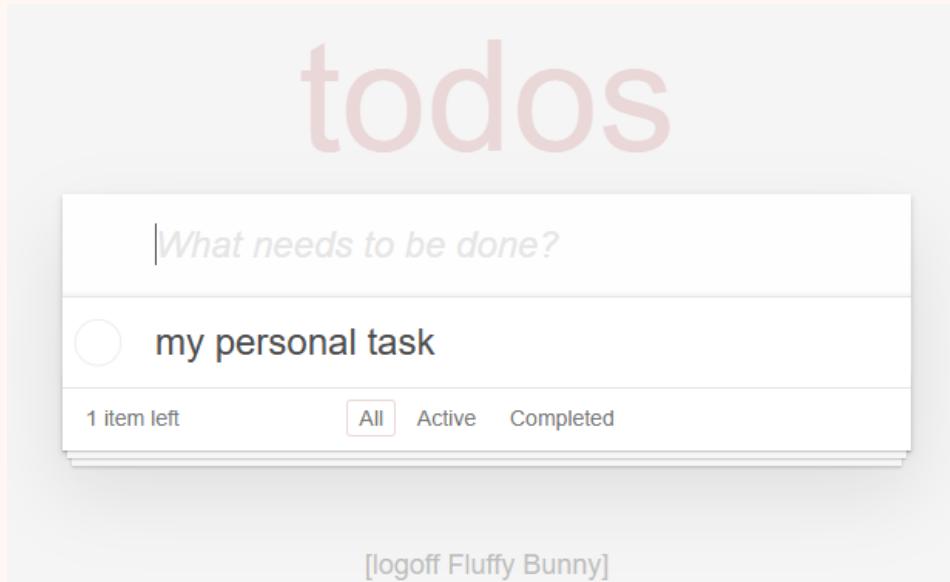
- > `swa build`

- Start swa and test the ToDo application

- > `swa start`

# Working with the ToDo Application

In the permissions section, change replace the permissions section for the Todo table with the following code:



```
"permissions": [  
    {  
        "role": "anonymous",  
        "actions": [  
            {  
                "action": "*",  
                "policy": {  
                    "database": "@item.owner_id eq 'public'"  
                }  
            }  
        ]  
    },  
    {  
        "role": "authenticated",  
        "actions": [  
            {  
                "action": "*",  
                "policy": {  
                    "database": "@item.owner_id eq @claims.userId"  
                }  
            }  
        ]  
    }  
]
```

# Working with the ToDo Application

- Move from the REST endpoints to stored procedures

```
> mv client/src/components/ToDoList.vue labFiles/ToDoList.vue.DAB1
```

```
> mv labFiles/ToDoList.vue.SP client/src/components/ToDoList.vue
```

```
> swa start
```

# Knowledge Check

Static Web Apps is a cloud only service/tool?

- A. True
- B. False

A major issue with using Static Web Apps is that I have to deploy an instance in each region I want to use?

- A. True
- B. False

# Chapter 4: SWA

- Initialize SWA
- Test the web application with a simple HTML+Vanilla JS App
- Use SWA authentication with Data API builder
- Build a full-stack jamstack ToDo applications using Vue as the fronted framework



**Start  
Chapter 4  
Activity**



# Chapter 5:

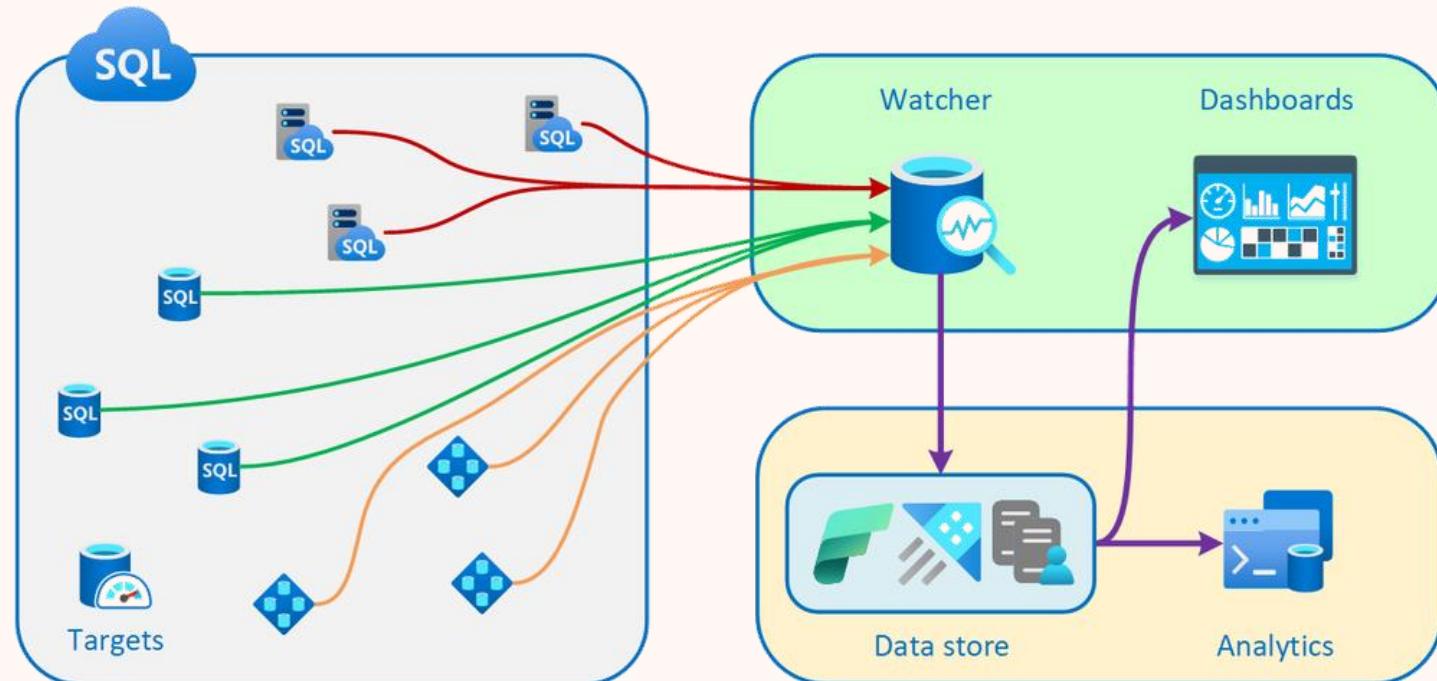
## Deploy to Azure SQL Database

# Azure Database Fleet Manager - Private Preview

- New service designed to help SaaS solution builders create multi-tenant database tiers.
  - Offers a simple and intuitive API to provision and manage tenant databases, seamlessly scaling from few to millions.
  - Tenants are organized in tiers. A tier represents a grouping of settings the platform enforces on all databases in a tier.
  - Fleet Manager dynamically load balances resource utilization for databases in a tier, optimizing costs and performance for all tenants.
- Available with Azure SQL Database Elastic Pools and single databases now, more options will follow.
- More details: <https://aka.ms/dbfleetmanager-prpr>

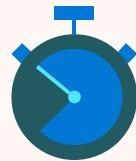
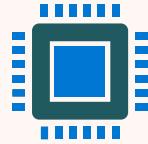
# Azure Database Watcher - Public Preview

- Reliable, in-depth, and at-scale monitoring of database performance has been a long-standing top priority for SQL customers. Today, we are pleased to announce the public preview of database watcher for Azure SQL



# Azure SQL Database free of charge

Get 100,000 vCore seconds of serverless compute and 32 GB of storage every month!



## Azure SQL Database with serverless compute

Flexible compute automatically scales to meet demand.

## No time limits

Apply this free offer for the life of your subscription.

## Need more? No problem.

Stick with the default auto-pause option or continue usage for additional charges.

### What's included:



One Azure SQL Database with serverless compute per Azure Subscription with 100,000 vCore seconds every month.



32 GB data storage + 32 GB backup storage.

**Learn More:** [aka.ms/sqlfreeoffer](http://aka.ms/sqlfreeoffer)



Want to try Azure SQL Database for free? Create a free serverless database with the first 100,000 vCore seconds, 32GB of data, and 32GB of backup storage free per month for the lifetime of the subscription. [Learn more](#)

**Apply offer (Preview)**



# Azure Database Migration Service

**Extra Credit**

# Azure Database Migration Service

Migrate your databases to Azure at scale



A fully managed service designed to streamline the migration of SQL Server databases, whether running on-premises or in other cloud environments



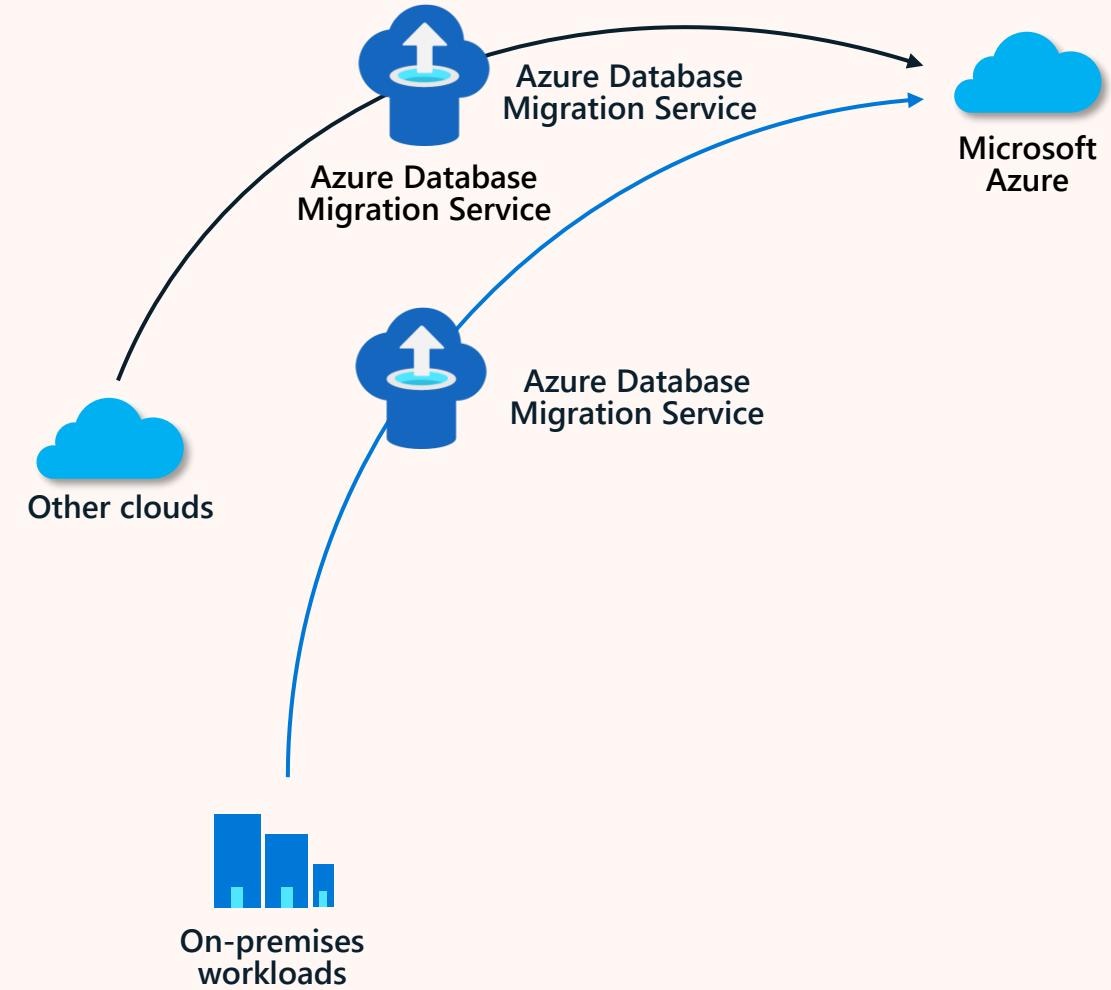
Highly resilient and self-healing migration experience, with near-zero downtime



Seamlessly migrate to Azure using familiar tools like the Azure Portal and Azure Data Studio.



Automate with ease using PowerShell and Azure CLI



On-premises

Microsoft®  
SQL Server®

MySQL™

PostgreSQL

mongoDB®

aws



Google Cloud

Microsoft Azure

# Azure Database Migration Service

## Assessment



## Migration



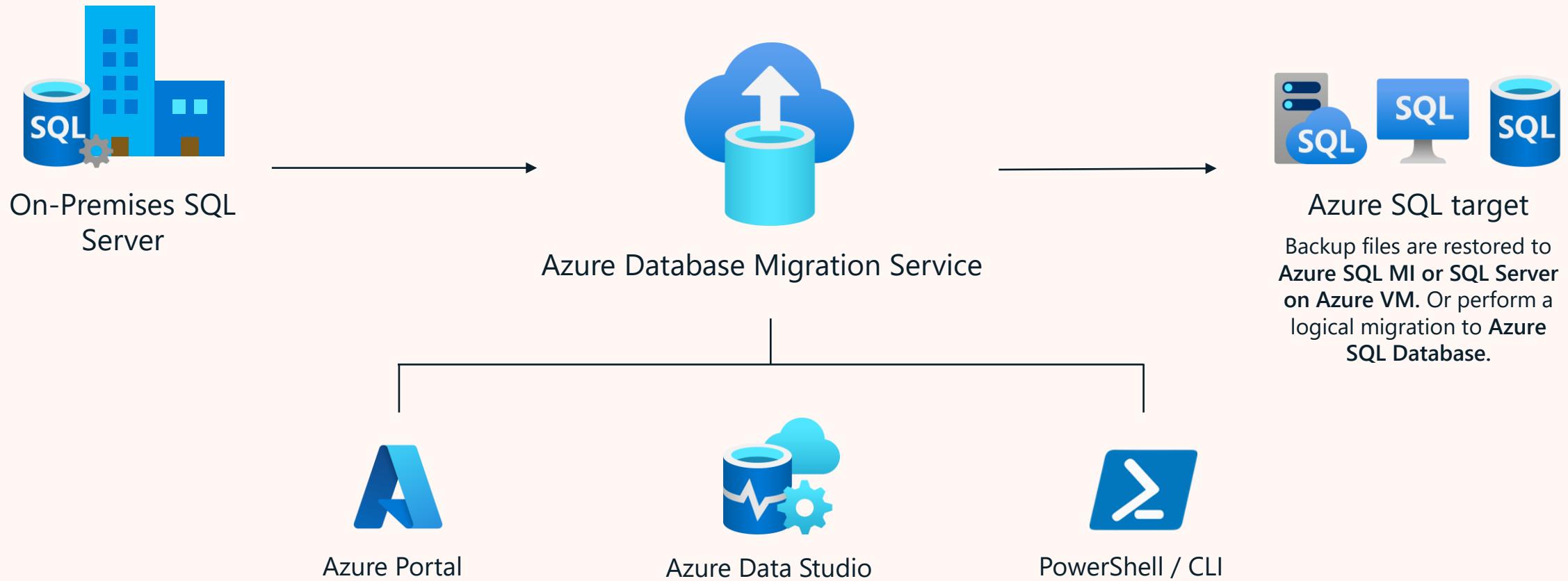
Azure Database  
Migration Service

Azure DMS  
(ADS, Azure portal, PowerShell, CLI)  
Azure PostgreSQL Migration (ADS)  
Azure Migrate



# Azure Database Migration Service

## Migration tools

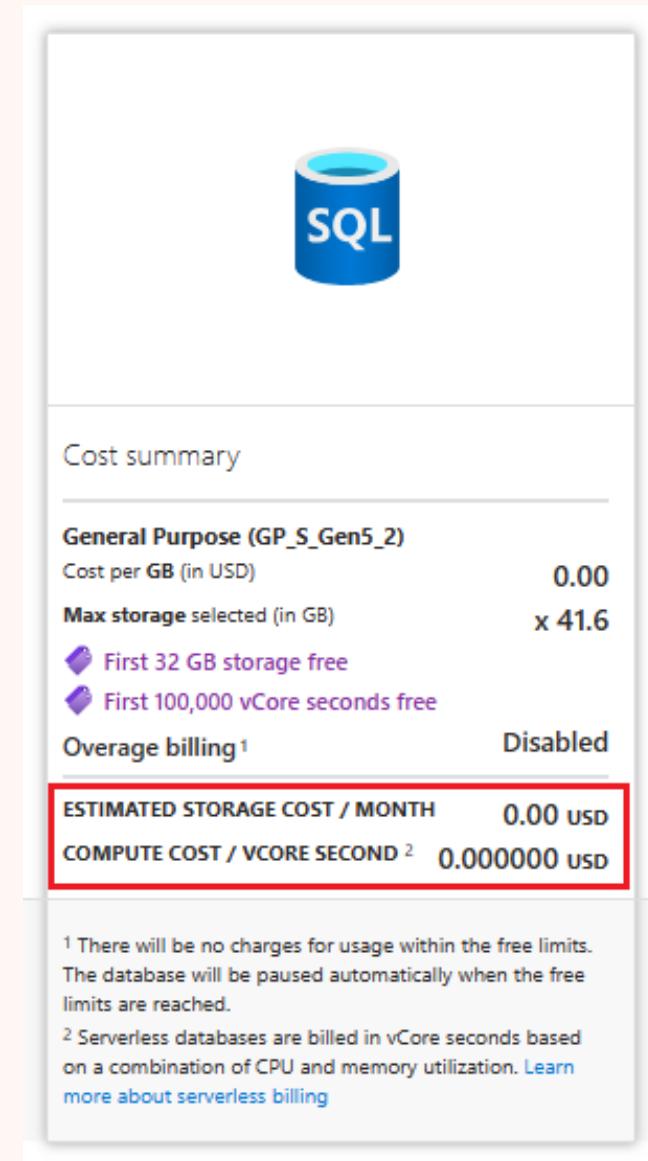


# Chapter 5: Deploy to Azure

- Create a Free Azure SQL Database
- Connect to the Azure SQL Database
- Publish objects to the Azure SQL Database

# Create a Free Azure SQL Database

- Login to the Azure Portal
- Create a new SQL Database
- Apply the promotion
- Create!



The screenshot shows the Azure portal's cost summary for a SQL database. It includes a large blue cylinder icon with the letters "SQL". The cost summary table shows the following details:

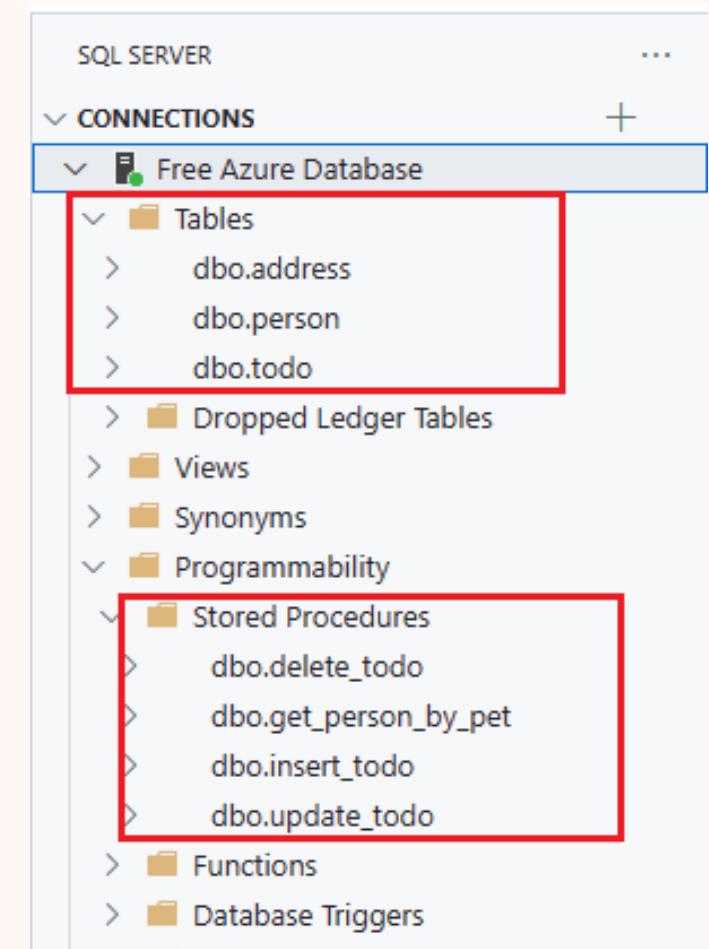
| General Purpose (GP_S_Gen5_2)            |              |
|--|--------------|
| Cost per GB (in USD)                     | 0.00         |
| Max storage selected (in GB)             | x 41.6       |
| First 32 GB storage free                 |              |
| First 100,000 vCore seconds free         |              |
| Overage billing <sup>1</sup>             | Disabled     |
| ESTIMATED STORAGE COST / MONTH           | 0.00 usd     |
| COMPUTE COST / VCORE SECOND <sup>2</sup> | 0.000000 usd |

<sup>1</sup> There will be no charges for usage within the free limits. The database will be paused automatically when the free limits are reached.

<sup>2</sup> Serverless databases are billed in vCore seconds based on a combination of CPU and memory utilization. [Learn more about serverless billing](#)

# Connect and Publish to the Azure SQL Database

- Create a connection in Codespace
- Deploy the database project to the free Azure SQL Database
- Verify the deployment and post-install script



# Knowledge Check

Azure SQL Database is expensive as a development platform?

A. True

B. False

SQL Server is expensive as a development platform?

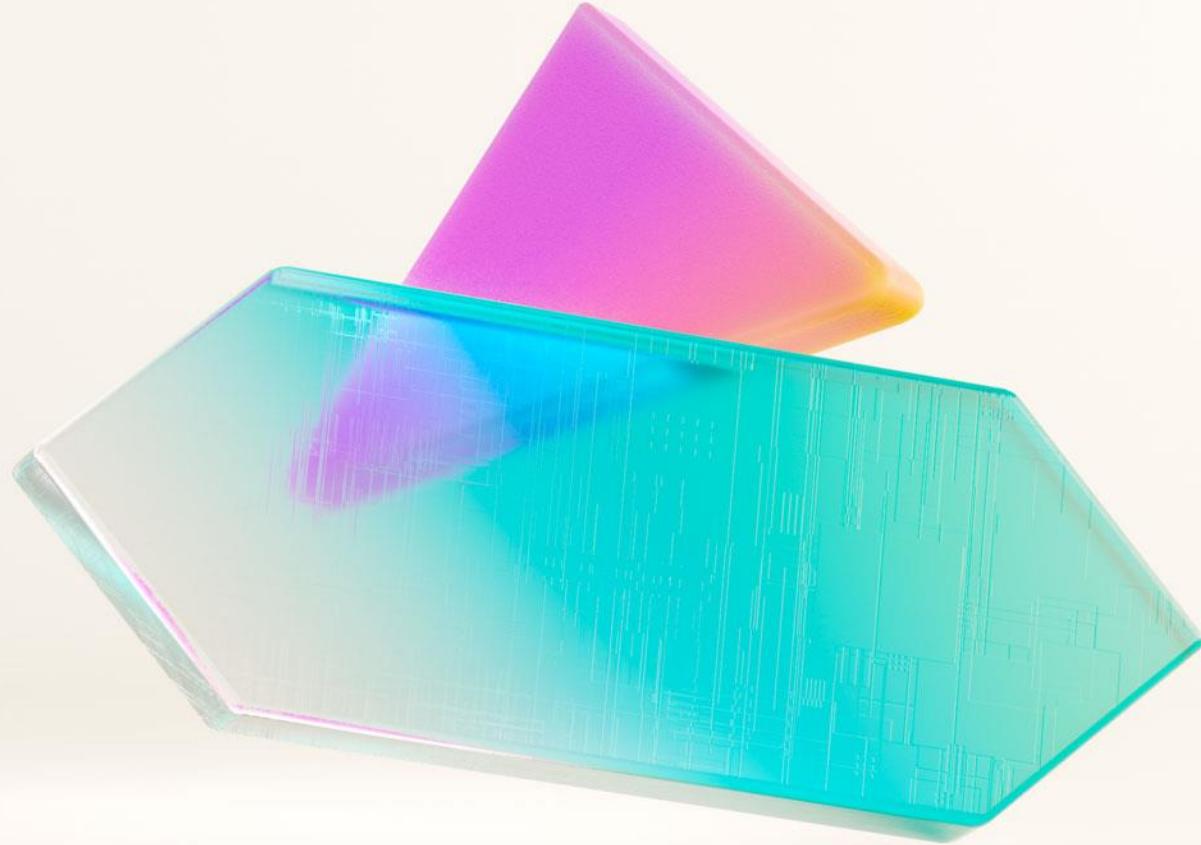
A. True

B. False

<https://azuresql.dev/content/sql-server-dev-go-sqlcmd>

# Chapter 5: Deploy to Azure

- Create a Free Azure SQL Database
- Connect to the Azure SQL Database
- Publish objects to the Azure SQL Database



**Start  
Chapter 5  
Activity**



# Chapter 6:

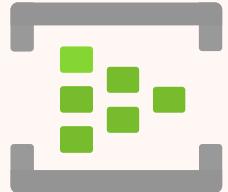
## Invoke rest endpoints

# Services Integration

I really want to use other Azure products and services from within my Azure SQL Database without having to write complex code, functions, or scheduled events. Is this even possible?

# External REST Endpoint Invocation

Using a single stored procedure, call REST/GraphQL service endpoints in Azure directly from within an Azure SQL Database.



Event Hub



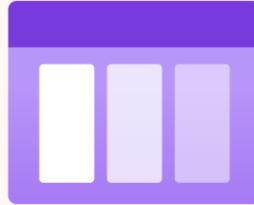
Microsoft Dynamics



PowerBI



Azure Containers



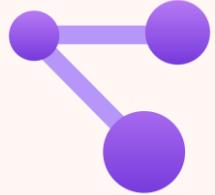
Azure Queue Storage



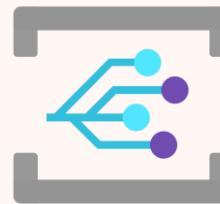
IoT Central



Cognitive Services



Microsoft Graph



Event Grid



Azure Blob Storage



SQL



API Management



Analysis Services



Power Apps



Dataverse



Azure Functions



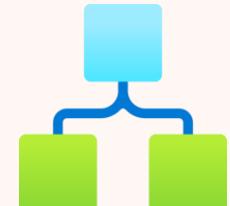
Azure Table Storage



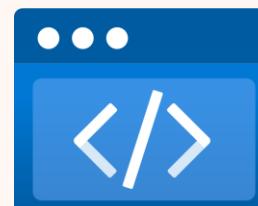
OpenAI



Azure Files



Logic Apps



Static Web Apps

# Use Cases

- Activate workflows
- Data enrichment
- Cache invalidation / update
- Augment business/process logic
- Update websites
- Integrate with event-based architectures
- Data streams

# Security Included

- In the Database
  - Requires EXECUTE ANY EXTERNAL ENDPOINT database permission.
- Endpoint Authentication
  - Header
  - Query String/URL
  - Managed Identity

# Easy to use

One simple and easy call to a REST endpoint directly from the Database

```
EXEC @returnValue = sp_invoke_external_rest_endpoint
    [ @url = ] N'url'
    [ , [ @payload = ] N'request_payload' ]
    [ , [ @headers = ] N'http_headers_as_json_array' ]
    [ , [ @method = ] 'GET' | 'POST' | 'PUT' | 'PATCH' | 'DELETE' | 'HEAD' ]
    [ , [ @timeout = ] seconds ]
    [ , [ @credential = ] credential ]
    [ , @response OUTPUT ]
```

# Chapter 6: Invoke REST endpoints

- Invoke an Azure Function endpoint
- Invoke an OpenAI endpoint
- Add translation logic to the todo application with OpenAI

# Invoke an Azure Function endpoint

- Use a function to augment/enhance data
- Get the conversion rate for currency X and see what the price is
- Call endpoint and extract rate from JSON into a SQL variable

```
set @priceConversion = (select JSON VALUE (
@response,'$.result.priceConversion') AS
priceConversion);
```

```
select product_id, product_name, ListPrice,
cast(round(ListPrice*@priceConversion,2,1) as money)
AS convertedPriceInYen from dbo.products
```

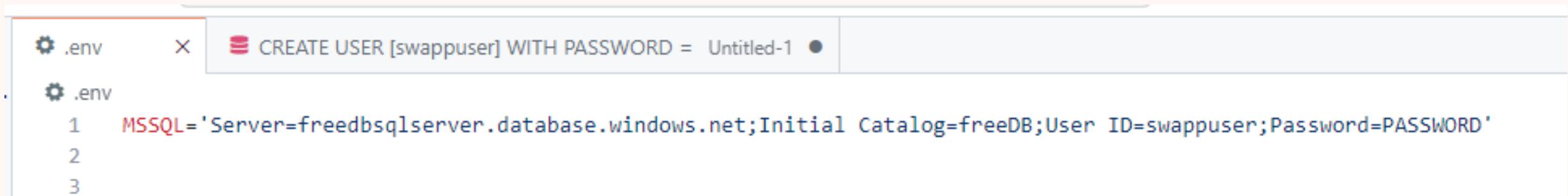
# Invoke an OpenAI endpoint

Use AI to get generated content from data in the database

```
set @adcopy =  
  (select 'You are an experienced marketing expert named Don Chase  
Katz. Generate 200 letters of ad copy to '  
+ person_name +  
  ' to convince them to love ' +  
  case when pet_preference = 'Cats' then 'Dogs'  
        when pet_preference = 'Dogs' then 'Cats'  
  end  
  from person  
  where person_id = 1);
```

# Point SWA at the Azure SQL Database

Change the connection string in the `.env` file to point to the Azure SQL Database



The image shows a screenshot of a code editor with an open file named `.env`. The file contains the following content:

```
MSSQL='Server=freedbsqlserver.database.windows.net;Initial Catalog=freeDB;User ID=swappuser;Password=PASSWORD'
```

The code editor interface includes tabs for `.env` and `Untitled-1`, and a status bar indicating the file has 3 lines.

# Add translations with OpenAI

Alter the `insert_todo` stored procedure to call OpenAI to translate the text of a ToDo before an insert is done

```
declare @payload nvarchar(max) =  
N'{"messages": [{"role": "system", "content": "Translate \"'+(@title)+ '\" into german, only respond with  
the translation"}]}'
```

# Knowledge Check

When calling REST endpoints from the database, the authentication method(s) not available is?

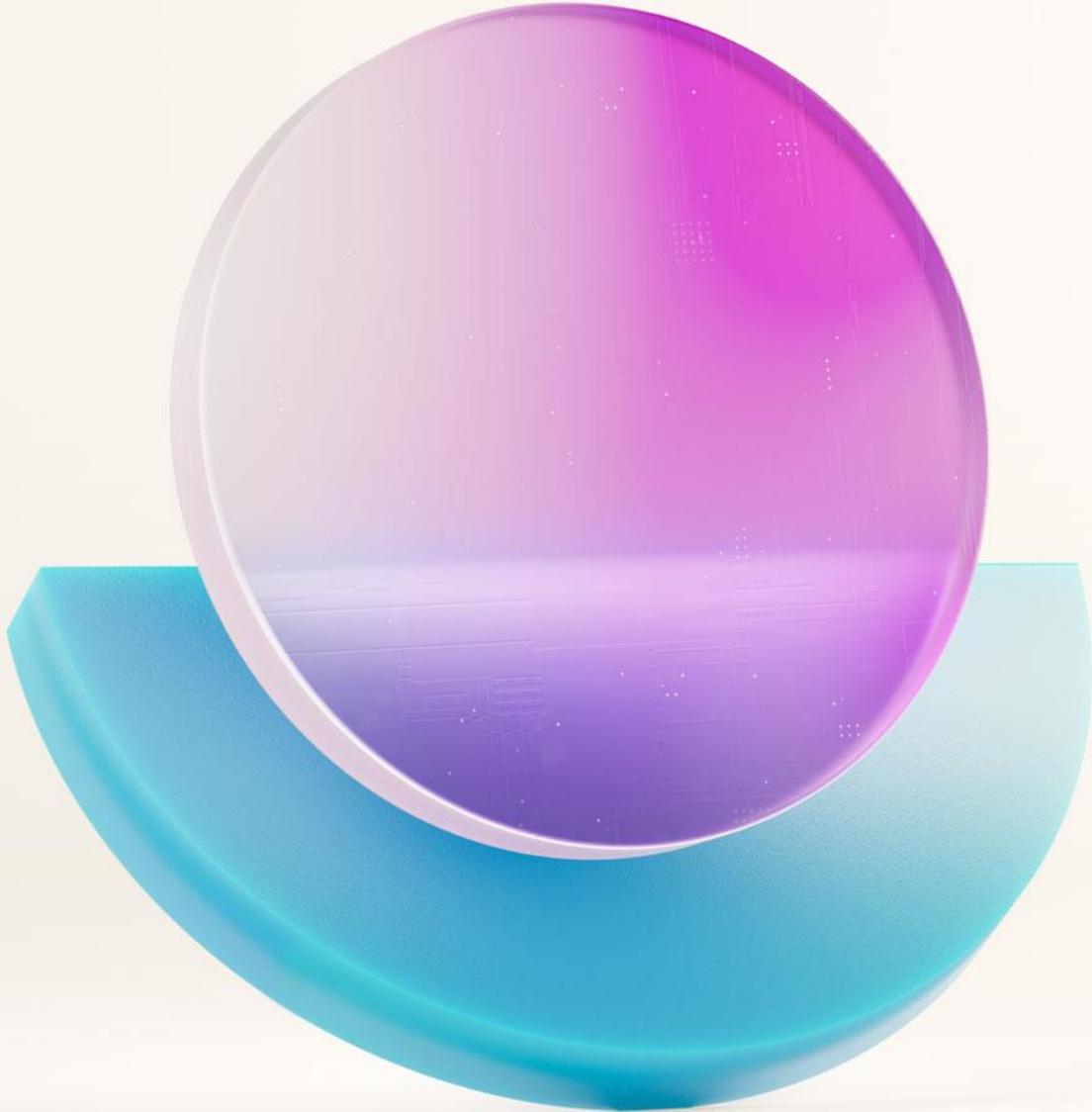
- A. Managed Identity
- B. Service Identity
- C. Header
- D. Query String/URL
- E. B and D

# Chapter 6: Invoke REST endpoints

- Invoke an Azure Function endpoint
- Invoke an OpenAI endpoint
- Add translation logic to the todo application with OpenAI



**Start  
Chapter 6  
Activity**



# Chapter 7:

## azure sql bindings

# Azure Functions Core Tools

- Develop Azure Functions locally using Core Tools
- Deploy your code project to Azure
  - Function, App Container,
- Work with app settings locally (`local.settings.json`)

# Change Detection & Change Stream

- How can I leverage the change tracking features in Azure SQL Database (or SQL Server/MI/VM) to expose data changes via an outgoing change stream without the need for custom code and scheduler functions?

# Azure SQL bindings for Azure Functions

- **Azure SQL**
  - encompasses all Azure SQL products (DB, MI, VM) + SQL Server with cloud connectivity
- **Azure Functions**
  - serverless runtime for standalone use or integrated with Azure Static Web Apps
- **Popular Languages**
  - C# (in proc and out of proc), JavaScript, Python, Java, and PowerShell

# Three bindings for Azure Functions

Input binding



object in function



SQL query results



Azure SQL Input bindings take a SQL query or stored procedure to run and returns the output to the function.

---

Output binding



object in function



SQL table

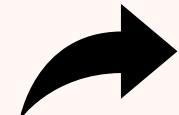


Azure SQL Output bindings take a list of rows and upserts them to the user table.

SQL trigger



SQL data change



starts function

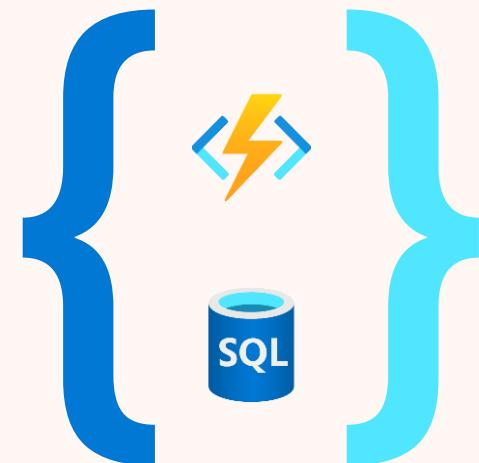


The Azure SQL trigger uses SQL change tracking functionality to monitor a SQL table for changes

# Azure SQL bindings for Azure Functions

## Use Cases

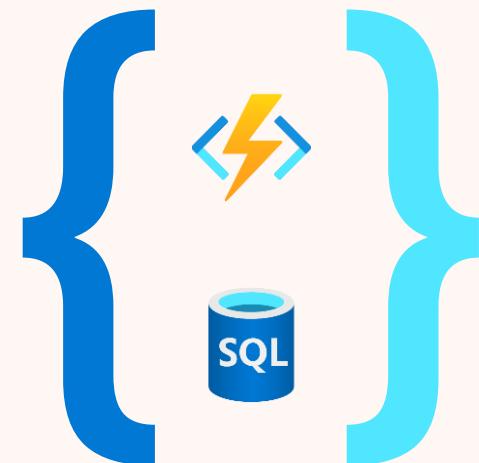
- Data enrichment
  - Determine if a value is an outlier or not using Azure Cognitive services/OpenAI
  - Perform reverse geocoding using Azure Functions
  - Call a REST/GraphQL service from a function with data from Azure SQL
- Start complex processing
  - Call a Function to kick off some complex process and return the data



# Azure SQL bindings for Azure Functions

## Use Cases

- Update websites
  - Broadcast a SignalR message
- Integrate with event-based architectures
  - Send data to Event Hubs for further integration options
- Create a change data stream
  - Send data to Stream Analytics for further investigation/fraud detection



# SQL bindings + Azure SQL compatibility

- The bindings use the OPENJSON statement which **requires a database compatibility level of 130 or higher (2016 or higher)**.
- Databases on SQL Server, Azure SQL Database, or Azure SQL Managed Instance which meet the compatibility level requirement above are supported.

# Connecting to the database

- SQL bindings connect to the target database by using a Connection String configured in the app settings. This will require a login be created that the function will use to access the server.
- For local testing and development using a SQL (username/password) logic typically the easiest, but for deployed function apps it is recommended to use Azure Entra ID Managed Authentication.

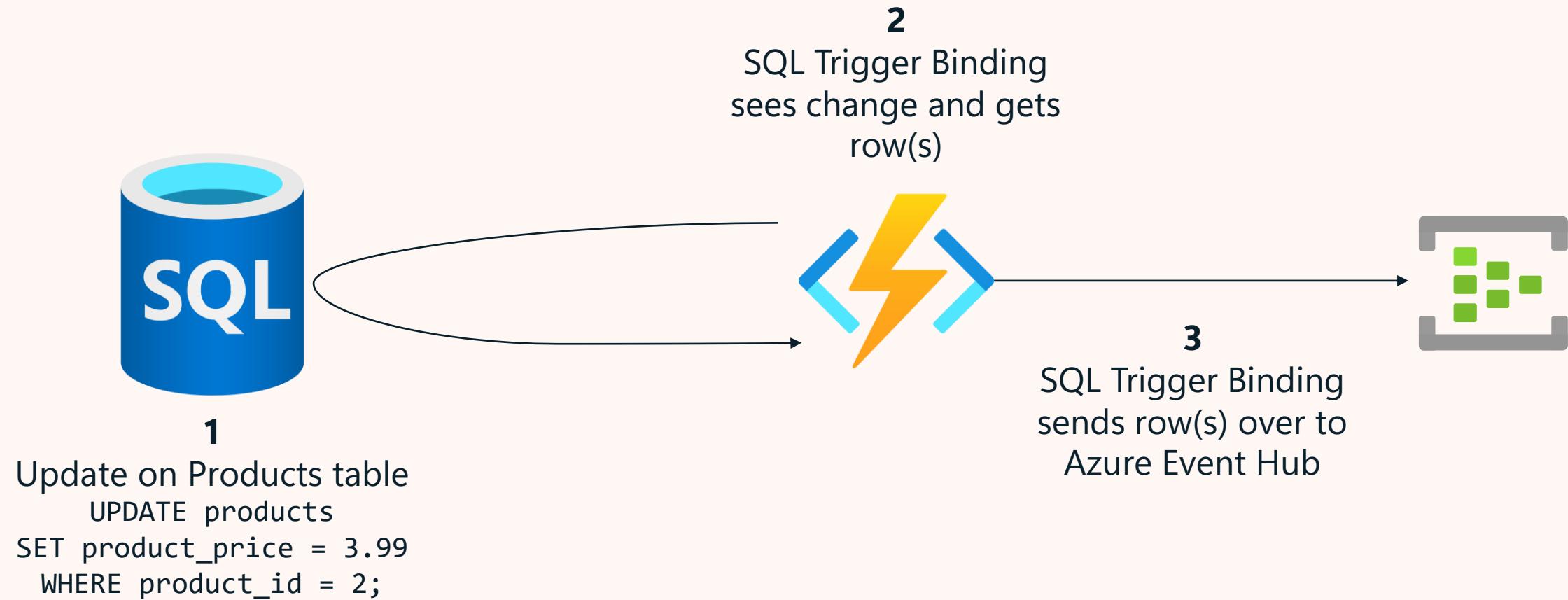
# SQL trigger app settings

- `Sql_Trigger_BatchSize`: controls the number of changes processed at once before being sent to the triggered function.
- `Sql_Trigger_PollingIntervalMs`: controls the delay in milliseconds between processing each batch of changes.
- `Sql_Trigger_MaxChangesPerWorker`: controls the upper limit on the number of pending changes in the user table that are allowed per application-worker. If the count of changes exceeds this limit, it may result in a scale out. (only applies for Azure Function Apps with runtime driven scaling enabled)

# Change stream scenario

- Requirement is to capture changes from a table and put them onto an Azure Event Hub for down stream subscribers (microservices).
- Also, I don't want to write a lot of code.

# Change stream architecture



# Chapter 7: Azure SQL Bindings

- Create a function project
- Add a SQL trigger binding
- Run the function and test on the Azure SQL Database

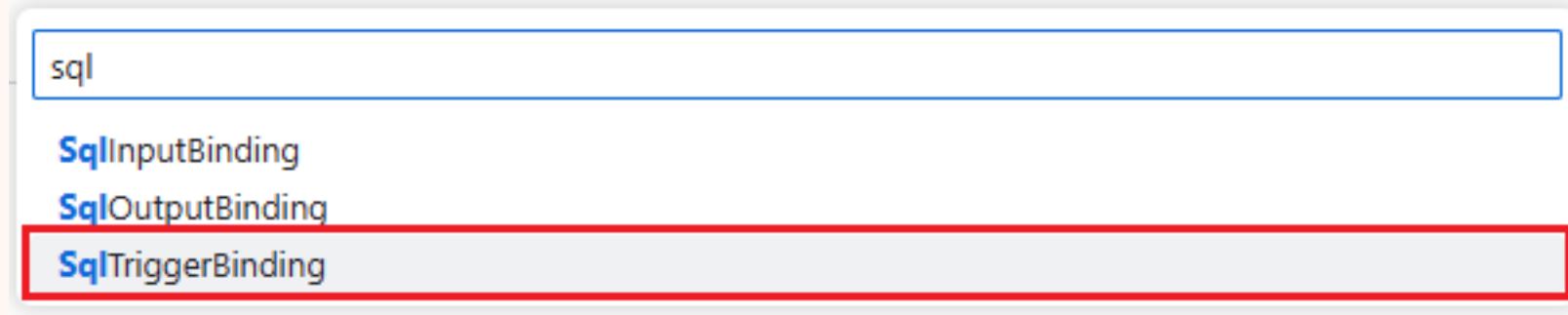
# Create a function project

- Create a .NET function using core tools

```
func init triggerBinding --worker-runtime dotnet
```

# Add a SQL trigger binding

- Use the Create Function wizard to create the SQL Trigger Binding
  - can also be used to create input and output bindings

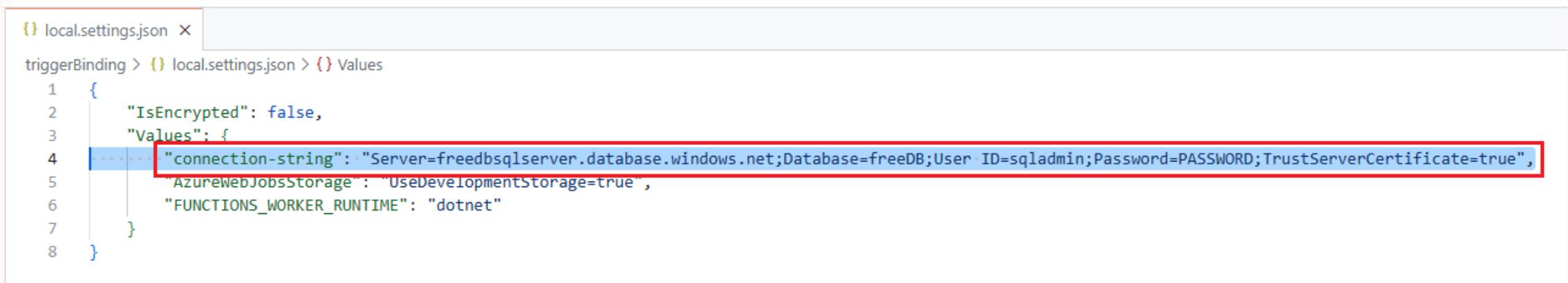


# Run and Test the Function

- Use core tools to run locally

```
func start
```

- Connect to a local or cloud SQL Database



```
local.settings.json x
triggerBinding > local.settings.json > Values
1 {
2     "IsEncrypted": false,
3     "Values": {
4         "connection-string": "Server=freedbsqlserver.database.windows.net;Database=freeDB;User ID(sqladmin);Password=PASSWORD;TrustServerCertificate=true",
5         "AzureWebJobsStorage": "UseDevelopmentStorage=true",
6         "FUNCTIONS_WORKER_RUNTIME": "dotnet"
7     }
8 }
```

# Knowledge Check

Functions can only be developed in the cloud?

A. True

B. False

Azure SQL bindings for Azure Functions can only be used with Azure SQL Database?

A. True

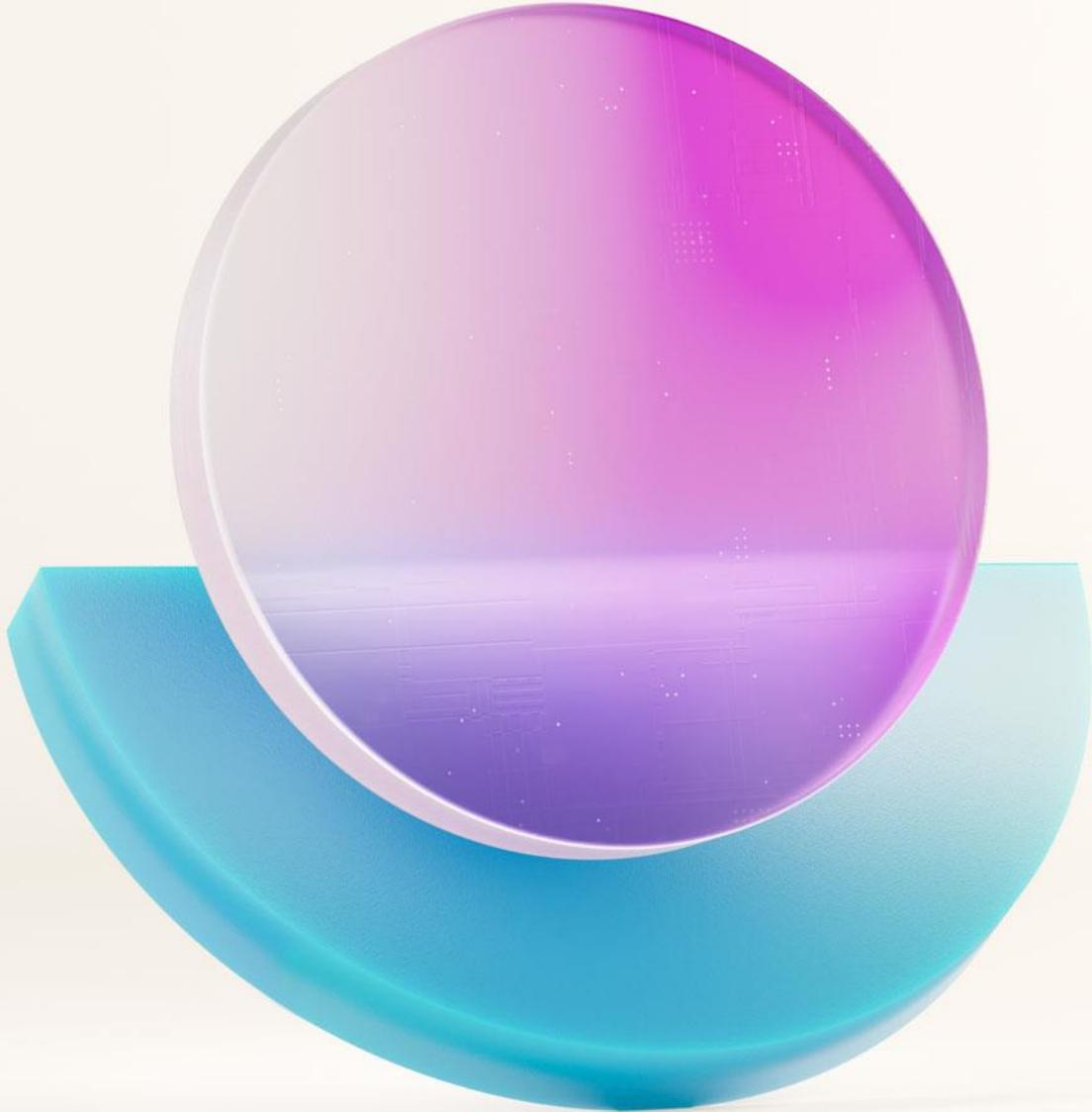
B. False

# Chapter 7: Azure SQL Bindings

- Create a function project
- Add a SQL trigger binding
- Run the function and test on the Azure SQL Database



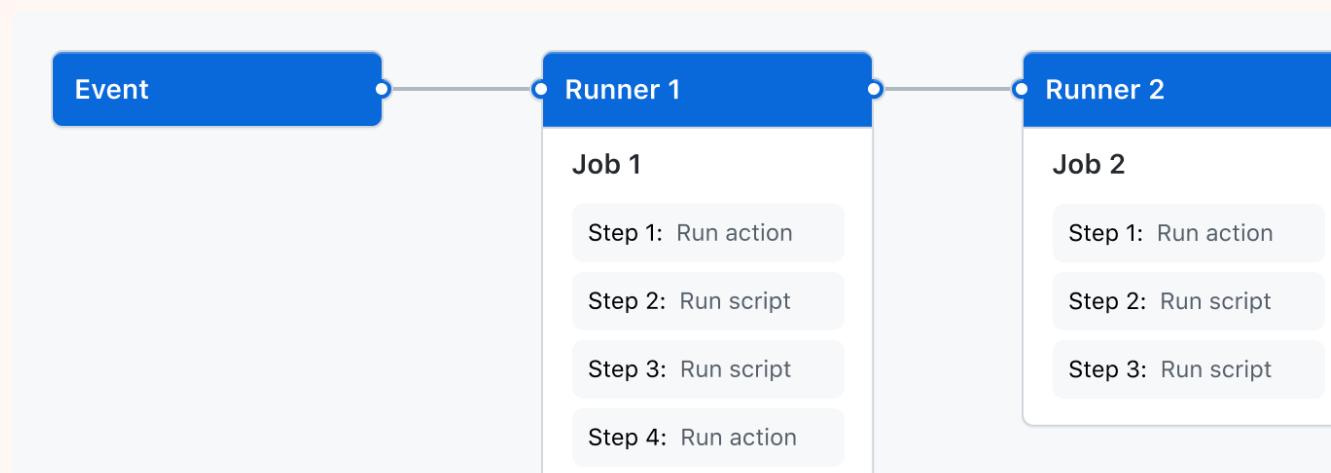
**Start  
Chapter 7  
Activity**



# Chapter 8: CI/CD with GitHub Actions

# GitHub Actions

- Are a continuous integration and continuous delivery (CI/CD) platform
- Allows you to run workflows based on repository events
- Test or deploy code with workflows

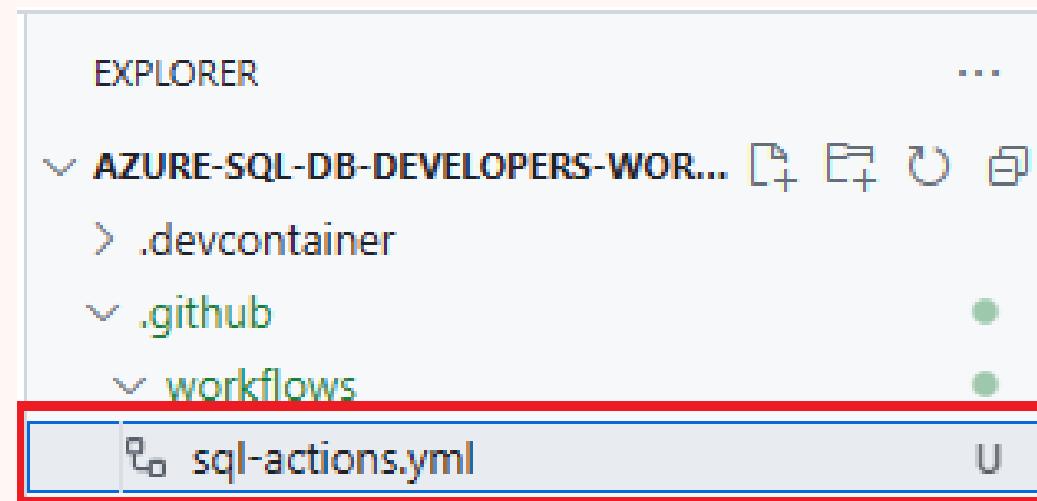


# Chapter 8: CI/CD with GitHub Actions

- Create a workflow folder and actions file
- Use sql-actions for DB creation and testing
- Push changes to start the action

# Create a workflow folder

- GitHub actions are in the `.github/workflows` folder
- Can contain multiple action workflows



# Use sql-actions

- Sql-actions are SQL specific activities that can be run in a workflow
- Publish (.dcpac) and run scripts on database
- Integrated with GitHub Secrets

# Push to Start

- Push code back to your fork to start the workflow
- Workflow will:
  - Create a SQL 2022 DB in docker
  - Create a test DB and set server parameters
  - Deploy the database project to the test database
  - Log all steps for review
  - Automatically deletes environment when done

## sql-actions.yml

```
# .github/workflows/sql-actions.yml
```

```
name: SQL Server container in deployment test pipeline
```

```
on: [push]
```

Name of the workflow

Runs on a git push

# sql-actions.yml

```
jobs:  
  build-and-deploy:  
    # Containers must run in Linux based operating systems  
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest  
  
    # service/sidecar container for azure-sql-2022  
    services:  
      mssql:  
        image: mcr.microsoft.com/mssql/server:2022-latest  
        env:  
          ACCEPT_EULA: 1  
          SA_PASSWORD: XXXXXXXX  
        ports:  
          - 1433:1433
```

Groups together all the jobs that run in the workflow.

OS the container is going to run in

A docker container that will run SQL 2022

# sql-actions.yml

```
steps:
  - name: 'Checkout GitHub Action'
    uses: actions/checkout@v4

  - name: 'wait for sql to be ready'
    run: |
      set +o pipefail +e
      for i in {1..60};
      do
        sqlcmd -S localhost -U sa -P XXXXXXXX -d master -Q "select getdate()"
        if [ $? -eq 0 ]
        then
          echo "sql server ready"
          break
        else
          echo "not ready yet..."
          sleep 1
        fi
      done
      set -o pipefail -e
```

Check out the repository code

Wait for the database to be up and running

# sql-actions.yml

```
- name: 'Create and setup database'
  uses: azure/sql-action@v2
  with:
    connection-string: "Server=localhost;Initial Catalog=master;User ID=sa;Password=XXXXXXXX;Encrypt=False;TrustServerCertificate=False;" # the local connection string
    path: './labFiles/setupDatabase.sql' # the sql script to create db and configure for clr

- name: 'Deploy Database Project'
  uses: azure/sql-action@v2.2
  with:
    connection-string: "Server=localhost;Initial Catalog=testingDB;User ID=sa;Password=XXXXXXXX;Encrypt=False;TrustServerCertificate=False;" # the local connection string
    path: './database/devDB/devDB.sqlproj' # the SQLproj file
    action: 'Publish'
```

Once the DB is ready, run the following script.  
(creates testDB and run env config options)

Deploy the database project we created to the testDB

# Knowledge Check

If I use a developer edition of SQL Server 2022 in my GitHub action, it will cost me?

- A. \$100,000,000
- B. \$15
- C. \$0
- D. The cost of a cup of coffee a day for 30 days

# Chapter 8: CI/CD with GitHub Actions

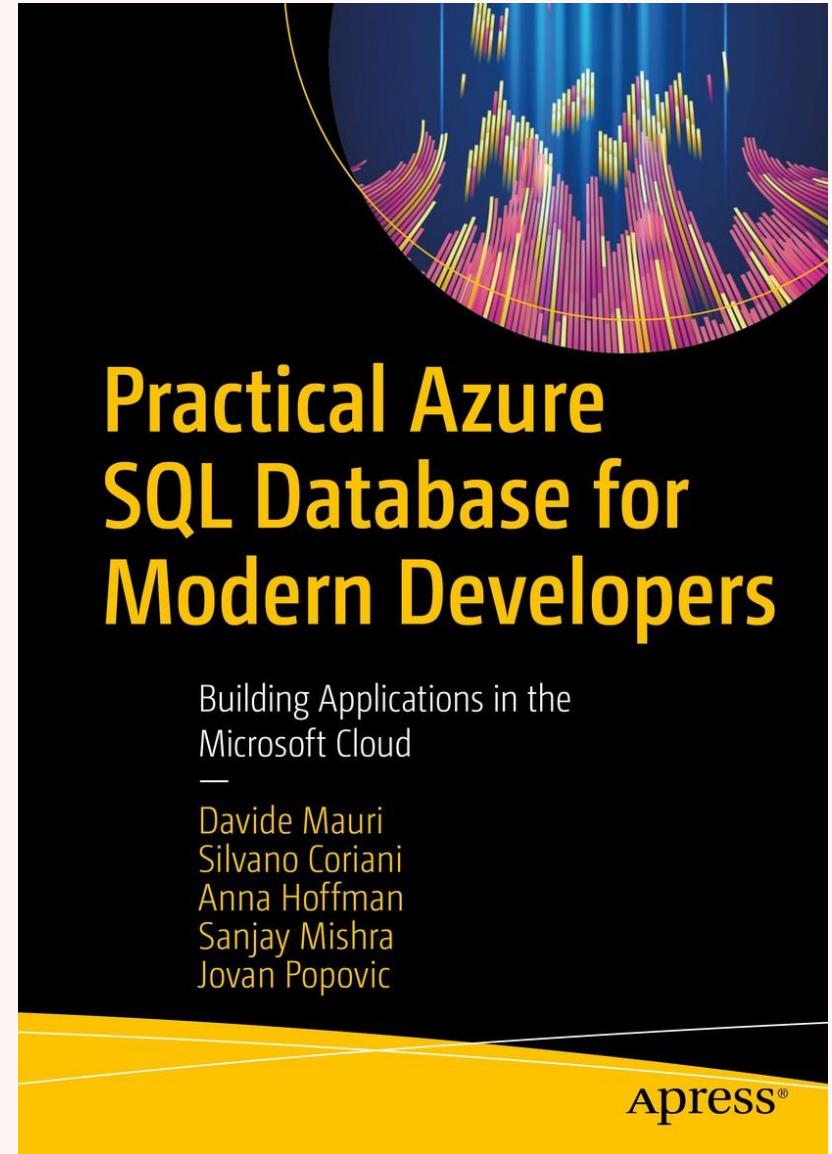
- Create a workflow folder and actions file
- Use sql-actions for DB creation and testing
- Push changes to start the action



**Start  
Chapter 8  
Activity**

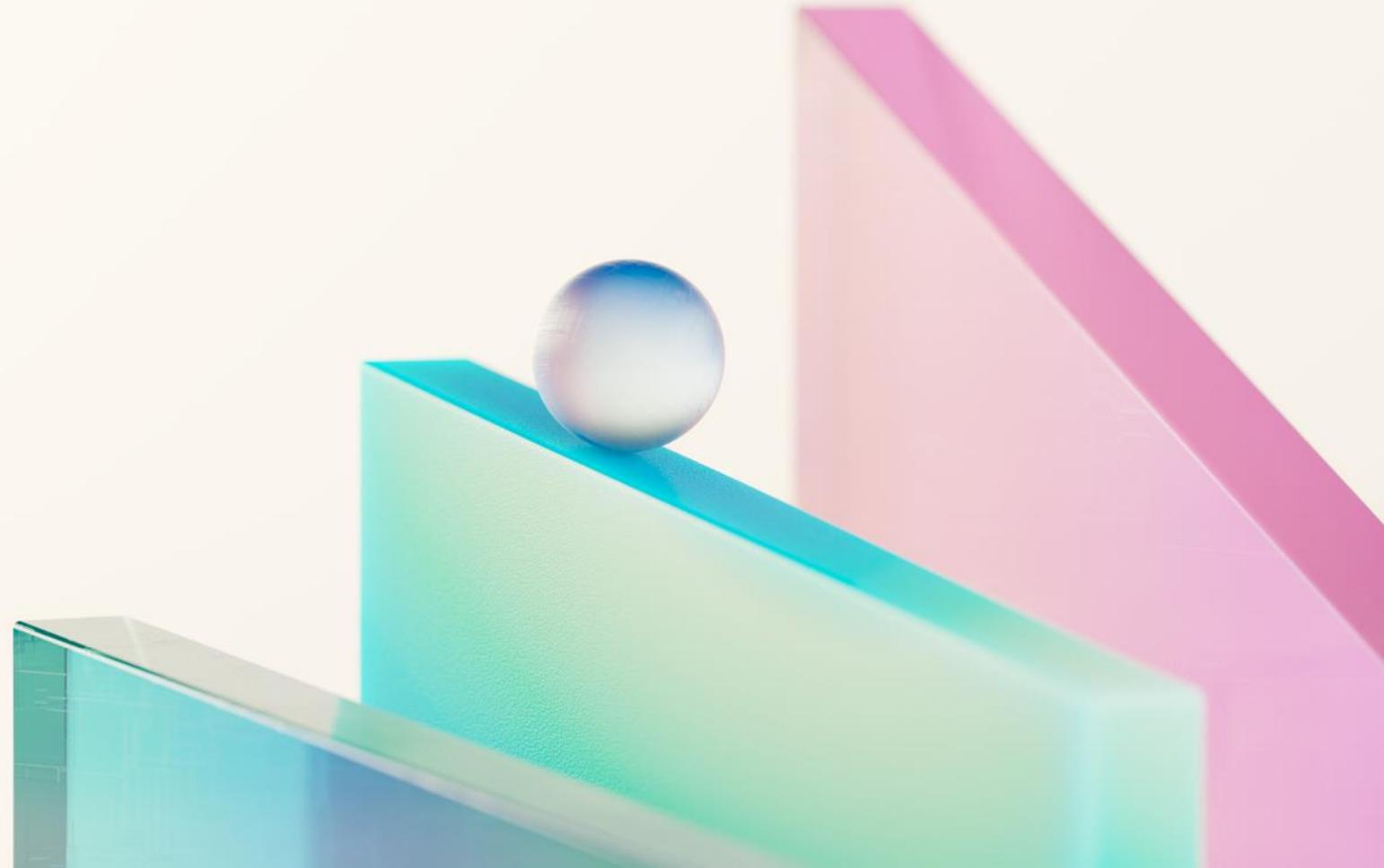
# Resources

- Awesome Azure SQL list
  - <https://aka.ms/awesome-sql>
- Practical Azure SQL Database for Modern Developers



# QUESTIONS?

# Thank you



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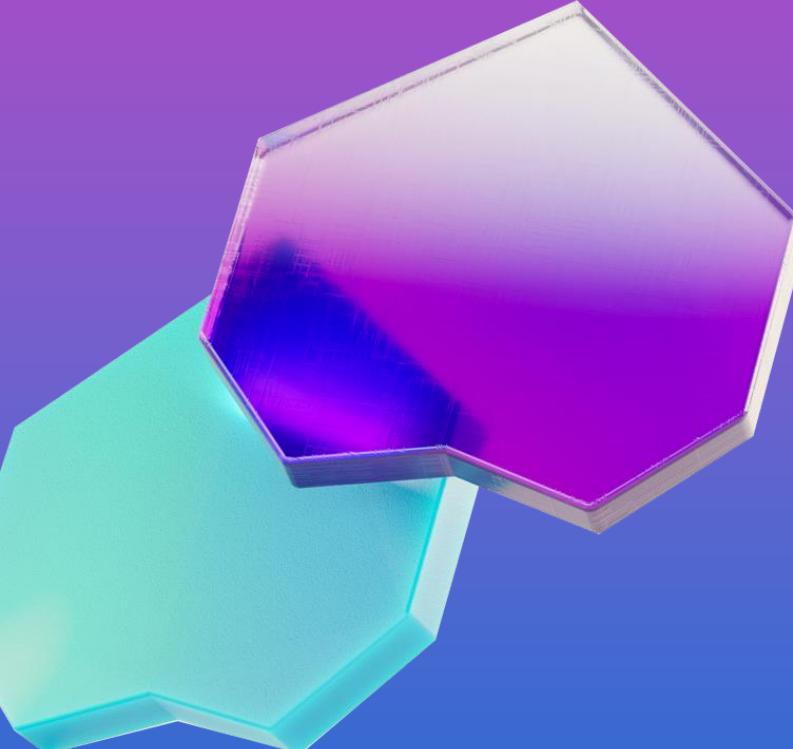
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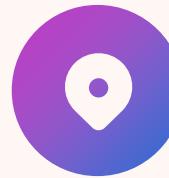
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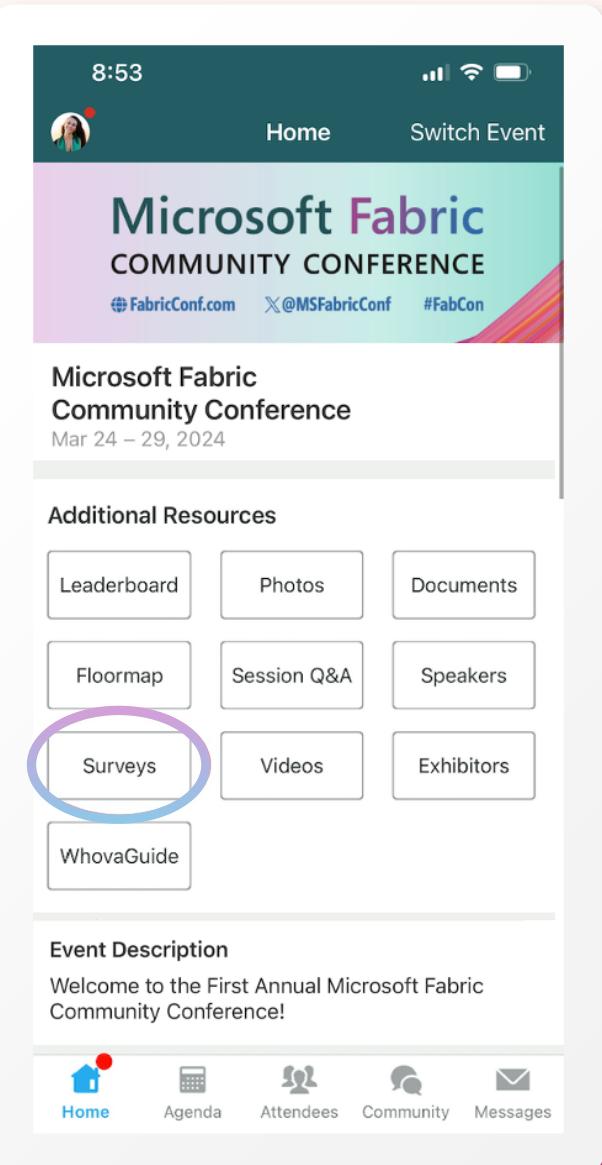
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- 6 Finally, click '**Submit**'



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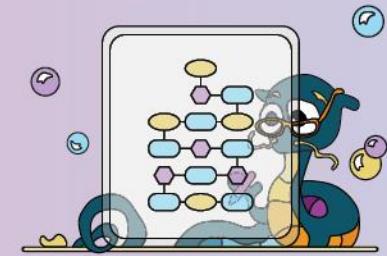
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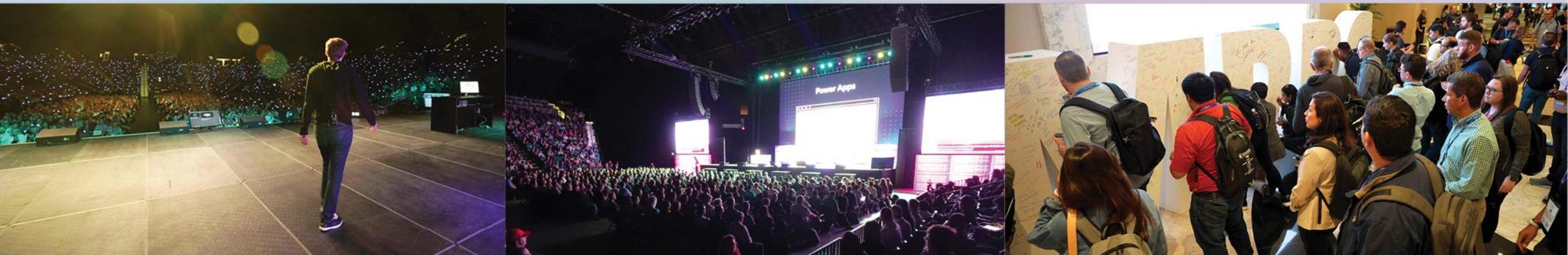
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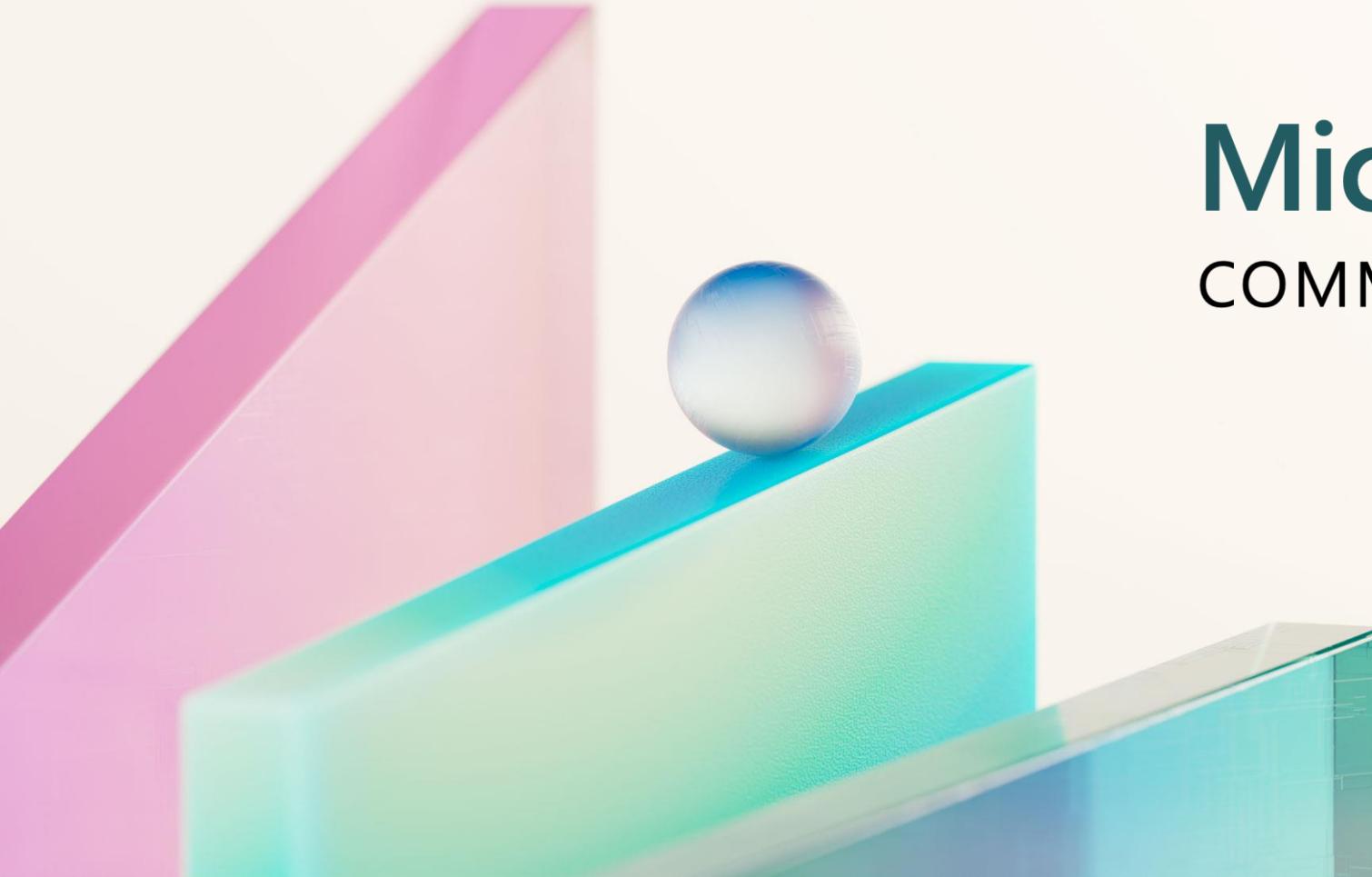
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A minimalist, abstract background featuring a large, translucent pink triangle on the left and a series of overlapping, semi-transparent rectangular planes in shades of cyan, green, and blue. A single, smooth sphere sits atop one of the blue-green planes.

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