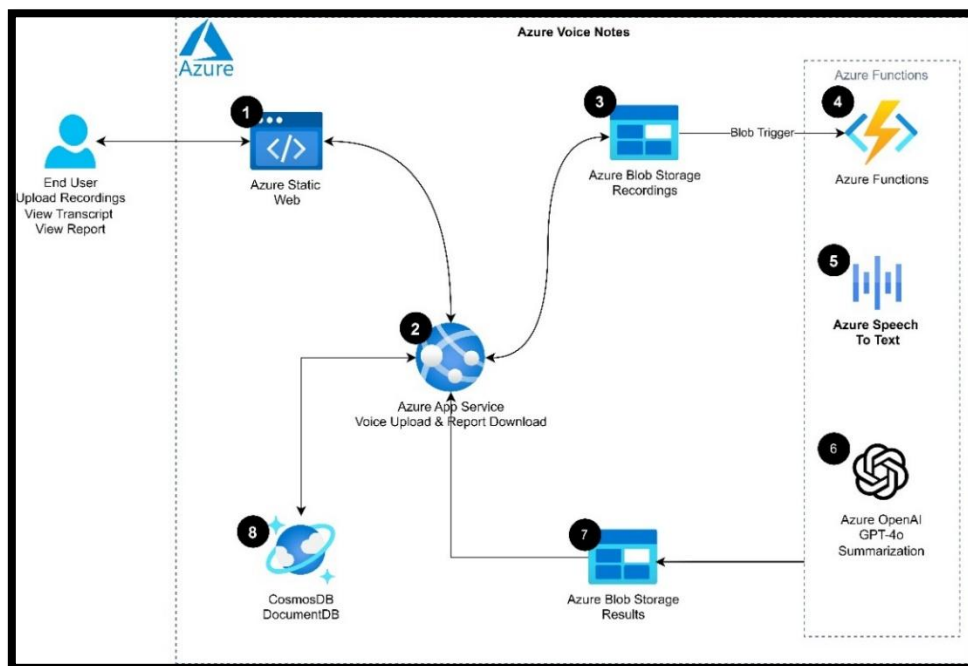


Azure AI Transcription Accelerator Deployment User Guide

Introduction

This user guide provides instruction on manually deploying the Transcription accelerator developed by Microsoft, which will transcribe an audio recording and output it into a template using AI. If you are deploying this and want to use existing resources, then you can just deploy the additional resources you require and configure them accordingly. This deployment guide takes approximately 2.5 hours to completion.



- **Azure Static Web Apps:** Provides a web interface for user interaction.
- **Azure App Service:** Handles backend logic for user management, file handling, and workflow execution.
- **Azure Blob Storage:** Stores audio recordings, transcriptions, and reports.
- **Azure Functions:** Processes voice recordings asynchronously, handling transcription and summarization tasks.
- **Azure Speech-to-Text API:** Converts audio into structured text.
- **Azure OpenAI GPT-4o:** Summarizes transcriptions and refines text output.
- **CosmosDB (Document, Serverless):** Manages metadata, logs, and user records.

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1. Prerequisites

Before deploying the Transcription solution, the following items are required.

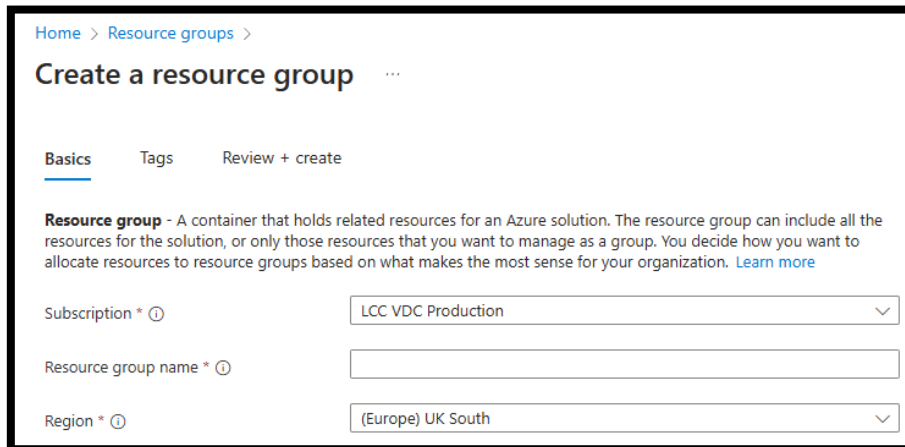
- Azure CLI – required to run via command prompt [How to install the Azure CLI | Microsoft Learn](#)
- Node.js – required to run via command prompt <https://nodejs.org/en>
- Static Web App CLI – run via command prompt (npm install -g @azure/static-web-apps-cli)
- Git Bash, included with GIT - <https://git-scm.com/downloads>)
- Azure Repos or GitHub to deploy the frontend code – required by the Static Web App

2. Creating a Resource Group

Resource groups are essential for managing and organizing your Azure resources.

Everything required for this Transcription Accelerator solution will be created inside the resource group you create. This will allow you to easily manage the solution and monitor the costs.

1. Log in to the Azure portal - <https://portal.azure.com>
2. In the left-hand menu, select Resource groups.
3. Click on + Create.



Home > Resource groups >

Create a resource group ...

Basics Tags Review + create

Resource group - A container that holds related resources for an Azure solution. The resource group can include all the resources for the solution, or only those resources that you want to manage as a group. You decide how you want to allocate resources to resource groups based on what makes the most sense for your organization. [Learn more](#)

Subscription * ⓘ LCC VDC Production ▼

Resource group name * ⓘ

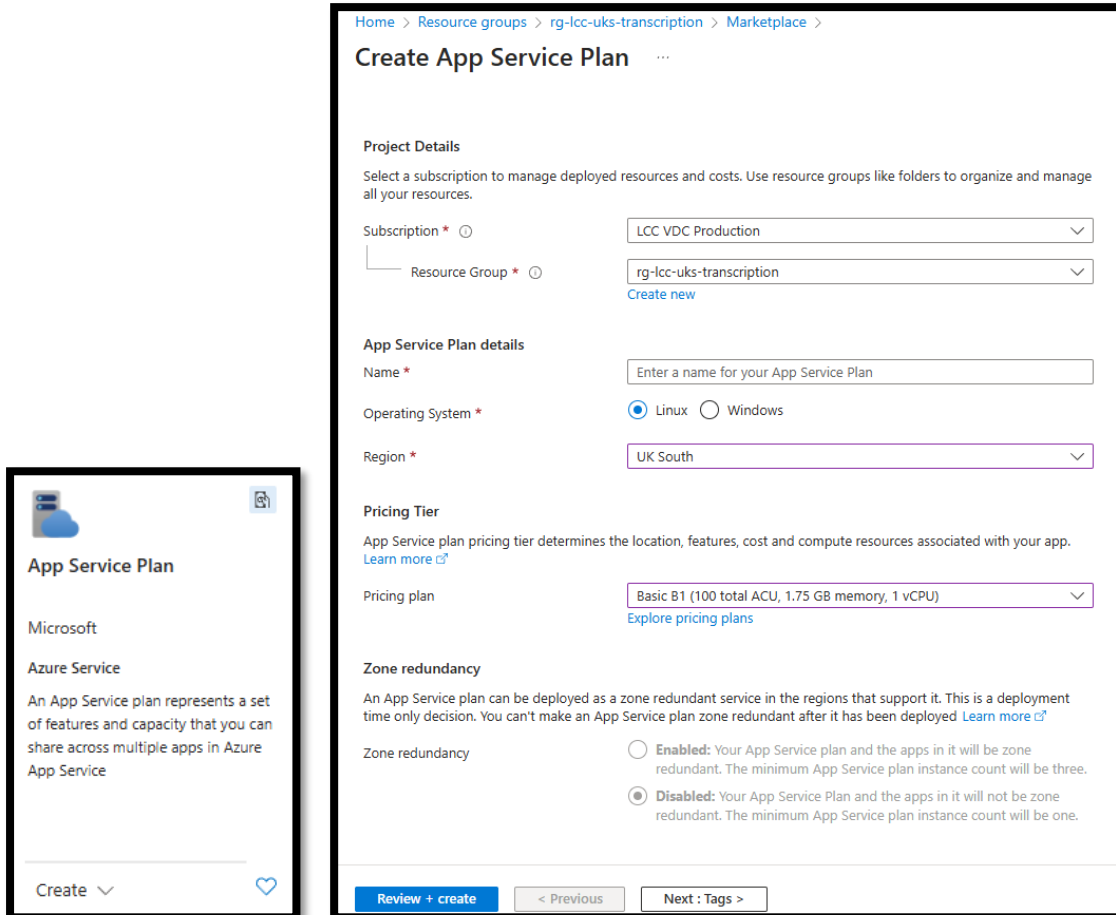
Region * ⓘ ((Europe) UK South ▼)

4. Fill in the necessary details, such as Subscription, Resource group name and Region, then click Next.
5. Add any Tags you may require, then click on Review + create.
6. Once validated, click on Create.

3. Creating an App Service Plan

The App Service Plan acts as a container for your apps, providing the necessary resources and configurations to run them efficiently.

1. In the Resource group you have created, click “Create” on the top bar.
2. In the marketplace, search for “App Service Plan.”
3. Click "Create" and enter the required information. Choose **Linux** as the operating system and select your chosen Pricing plan.



Home > Resource groups > rg-lcc-uks-transcription > Marketplace >

Create App Service Plan ...

Project Details
Select a subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all your resources.

Subscription * ⓘ LCC VDC Production

Resource Group * ⓘ rg-lcc-uks-transcription
[Create new](#)

App Service Plan details

Name * Enter a name for your App Service Plan

Operating System * ☒ Linux ☐ Windows

Region * UK South

Pricing Tier
App Service plan pricing tier determines the location, features, cost and compute resources associated with your app.
[Learn more](#)

Pricing plan Basic B1 (100 total ACU, 1.75 GB memory, 1 vCPU)
[Explore pricing plans](#)

Zone redundancy
An App Service plan can be deployed as a zone redundant service in the regions that support it. This is a deployment time only decision. You can't make an App Service plan zone redundant after it has been deployed [Learn more](#)

Zone redundancy ☐ Enabled: Your App Service plan and the apps in it will be zone redundant. The minimum App Service plan instance count will be three. ☒ Disabled: Your App Service Plan and the apps in it will not be zone redundant. The minimum App Service plan instance count will be one.

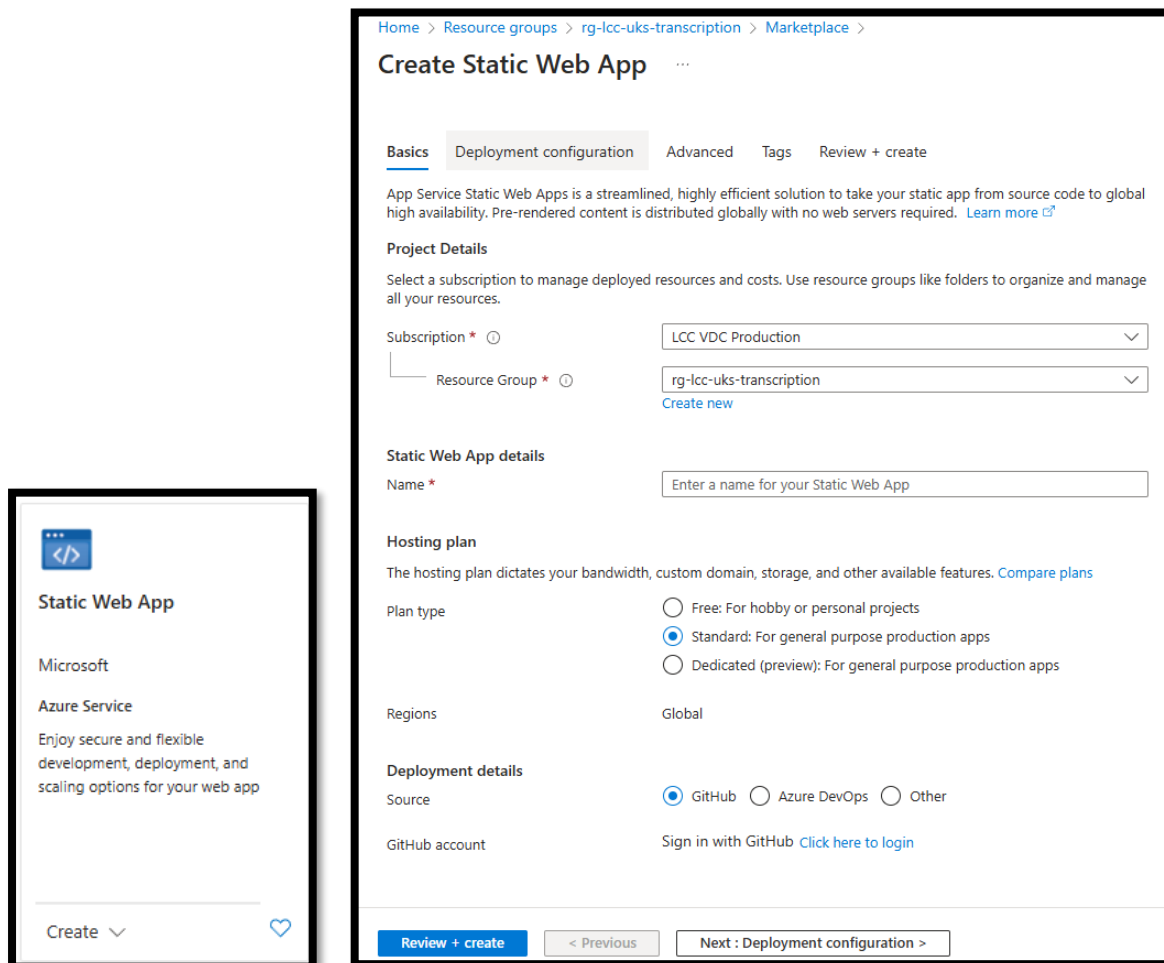
[Review + create](#) [< Previous](#) [Next : Tags >](#)

4. Add any Tags you may require, then review and create the resource.

4. Creating a Static Web App

An Azure Static Web App is a service that lets you host websites that don't change often. This is what hosts the front end that you use to interact with the solution.

1. In the Resource group, click "Create" on the top bar.
2. In the marketplace, search for "Static Web Apps."
3. Click "Create" and enter the required information. Select your chosen 'Hosting plan' and deployment 'Source'.



Home > Resource groups > rg-lcc-uks-transcription > Marketplace >

Create Static Web App

Basics | Deployment configuration | Advanced | Tags | Review + create

App Service Static Web Apps is a streamlined, highly efficient solution to take your static app from source code to global high availability. Pre-rendered content is distributed globally with no web servers required. [Learn more](#)

Project Details

Select a subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all your resources.

Subscription *

Resource Group * [Create new](#)

Static Web App details

Name *

Hosting plan

The hosting plan dictates your bandwidth, custom domain, storage, and other available features. [Compare plans](#)

Plan type

☐ Free: For hobby or personal projects

☒ Standard: For general purpose production apps

☐ Dedicated (preview): For general purpose production apps

Regions

Deployment details

Source ☒ GitHub ☐ Azure DevOps ☐ Other

GitHub account [Click here to login](#)

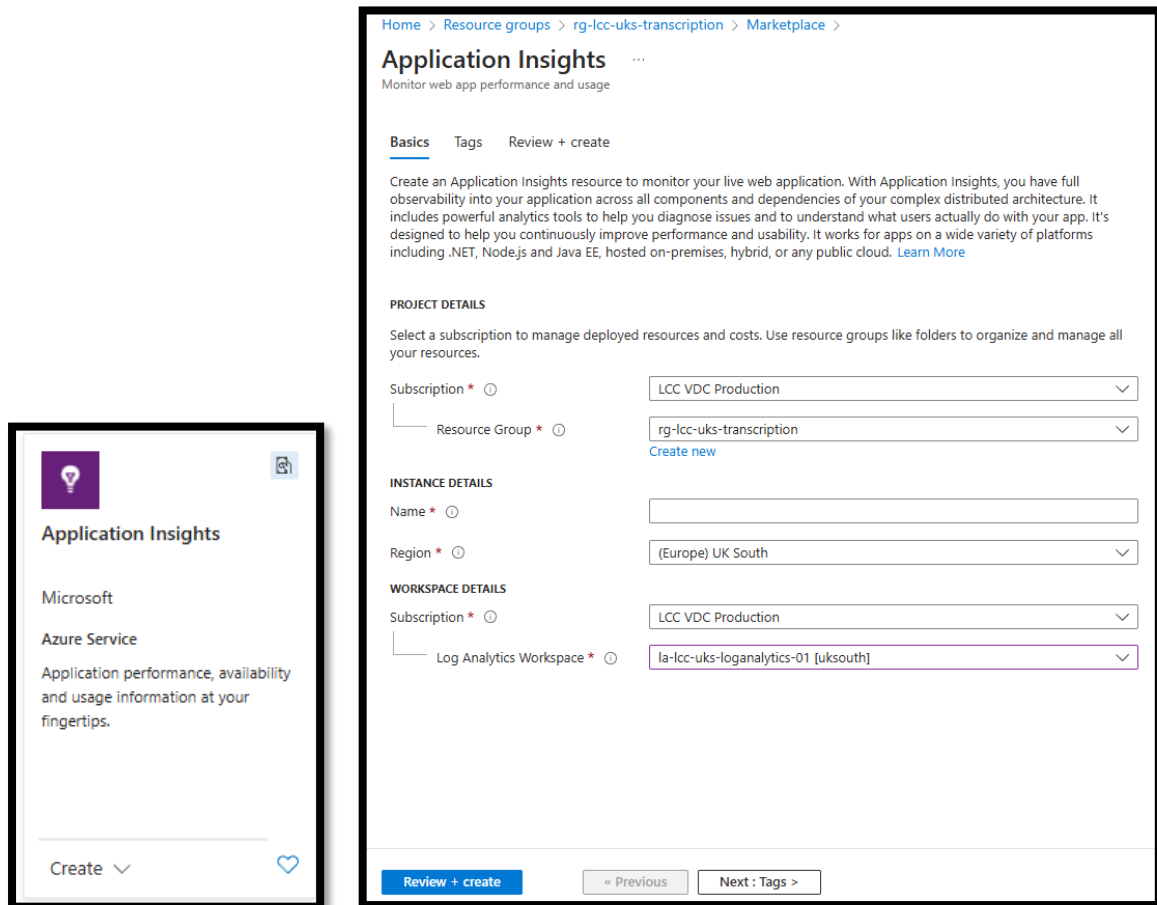
[Review + create](#) [< Previous](#) [Next : Deployment configuration >](#)

4. Provide a Name and select the Plan you want.
5. Choose your Deployment source and fill in the details as needed.
6. For 'Build Presets' choose next.js
7. Click on Next and setup your deployment config.
8. Click next, in the Advanced tab select the region.
9. Add any Tags you may require, then review and create the resource.

5. Create Application Insights

Application Insights provides monitoring and tracking for the solution.

1. Click on "Create a resource" in the top left.
2. Search for "Application Insights" in the marketplace.
3. Click "Create" and fill in the required details, such as Subscription, Resource group, and Region. Select an existing Log Analytics Workspace of your choice or create a new one as part of this deployment.



The screenshot shows the Azure portal interface for creating an Application Insights resource. On the left, a search results card for 'Application Insights' is visible, showing it is a Microsoft Azure Service for monitoring application performance. On the right, the 'Create' form is open, showing the following details:

- Project Details:** Subscription is 'LCC VDC Production' and Resource Group is 'rg-lcc-uks-transcription'.
- Instance Details:** Name is empty and Region is '(Europe) UK South'.
- Workspace Details:** Subscription is 'LCC VDC Production' and Log Analytics Workspace is 'la-lcc-uks-loganalytics-01 [uksouth]'.

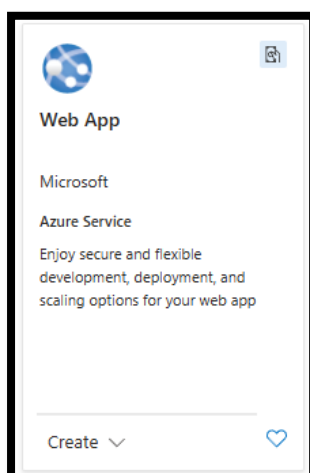
Navigation buttons at the bottom include 'Review + create', '< Previous', and 'Next : Tags >'.

5. Add any Tags you may require, then review and create the resource.

6. Creating a Web App

Web Apps allow you to create and host websites or web applications using various frameworks. This is assigned to the App Service Plan.

1. In the Resource group, click “Create” on the top bar.
2. In the marketplace, search for “Web App.”
3. Click "Create" and fill in the required details, such as Subscription, Resource group, and Region. Select the Runtime stack **Python 3.11**.



Home > MicrosoftAppInsights | Overview > rg-lcc-uks-transcription > Marketplace >


Create Web App


Basics Database Deployment Networking Monitor + secure Tags Review + create

App Service Web Apps lets you quickly build, deploy, and scale enterprise-grade web, mobile, and API apps running on any platform. Meet rigorous performance, scalability, security and compliance requirements while using a fully managed platform to perform infrastructure maintenance. [Learn more](#)

Project Details


Select a subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all your resources.

Subscription *  LCC VDC Production

Resource Group *  rg-lcc-uks-transcription [Create new](#)

Instance Details

Name Web App name .azurewebsites.net

 Web App name is required.


☒ Secure unique default hostname on. [More about this update](#)

Publish * ☒ Code ☐ Container

Runtime stack * Python 3.11


Operating System * ☒ Linux ☐ Windows

Region * UK South

 Not finding your App Service Plan? Try a different region or select your App Service Environment.

Pricing plans

App Service plan pricing tier determines the location, features, cost and compute resources associated with your app. [Learn more](#)

Linux Plan (UK South) *  transcription-app-service-plan (B1) [Create new](#)

Pricing plan **Basic B1** (100 total ACU, 1.75 GB memory, 1 vCPU)

Zone redundancy

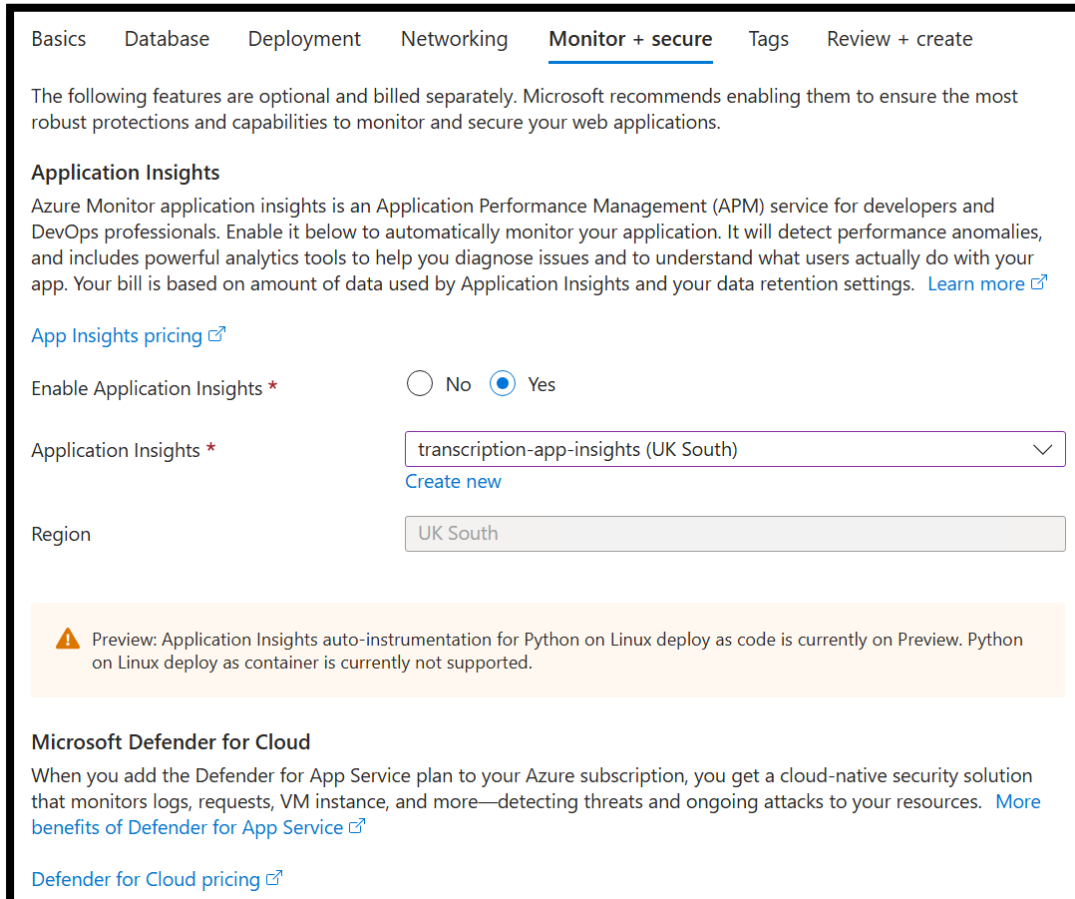
An App Service plan can be deployed as a zone redundant service in the regions that support it. This is a deployment time only decision. You can't make an App Service plan zone redundant after it has been deployed [Learn more](#)

Zone redundancy ☐ Enabled: Your App Service plan and the apps in it will be zone redundant. The minimum App Service plan instance count will be three. ☒ Disabled: Your App Service Plan and the apps in it will not be zone redundant. The minimum App Service plan instance count will be one.

[Review + create](#) < Previous Next : Database >

4. Select the name of the ‘App Service Plan’ created earlier as the Linux Plan.
5. Click next, setting up a Database is not required.

6. Click next, a Continuous deployment is not required. Basic authentication can be set to **'Disable'**.
7. Click next, setup networking as required.
8. Click next, enable Application insights and select the Application Insights resource created previously (recommended).



The screenshot shows the 'Monitor + secure' tab in the Azure portal. The navigation bar includes 'Basics', 'Database', 'Deployment', 'Networking', 'Monitor + secure' (selected), 'Tags', and 'Review + create'. A message states: 'The following features are optional and billed separately. Microsoft recommends enabling them to ensure the most robust protections and capabilities to monitor and secure your web applications.'

Application Insights


Azure Monitor application insights is an Application Performance Management (APM) service for developers and DevOps professionals. Enable it below to automatically monitor your application. It will detect performance anomalies, and includes powerful analytics tools to help you diagnose issues and to understand what users actually do with your app. Your bill is based on amount of data used by Application Insights and your data retention settings. [Learn more](#)

[App Insights pricing](#)

Enable Application Insights * ☐ No ☒ Yes

Application Insights * [Create new](#)

Region

 Preview: Application Insights auto-instrumentation for Python on Linux deploy as code is currently on Preview. Python on Linux deploy as container is currently not supported.

Microsoft Defender for Cloud

When you add the Defender for App Service plan to your Azure subscription, you get a cloud-native security solution that monitors logs, requests, VM instance, and more—detecting threats and ongoing attacks to your resources. [More benefits of Defender for App Service](#)

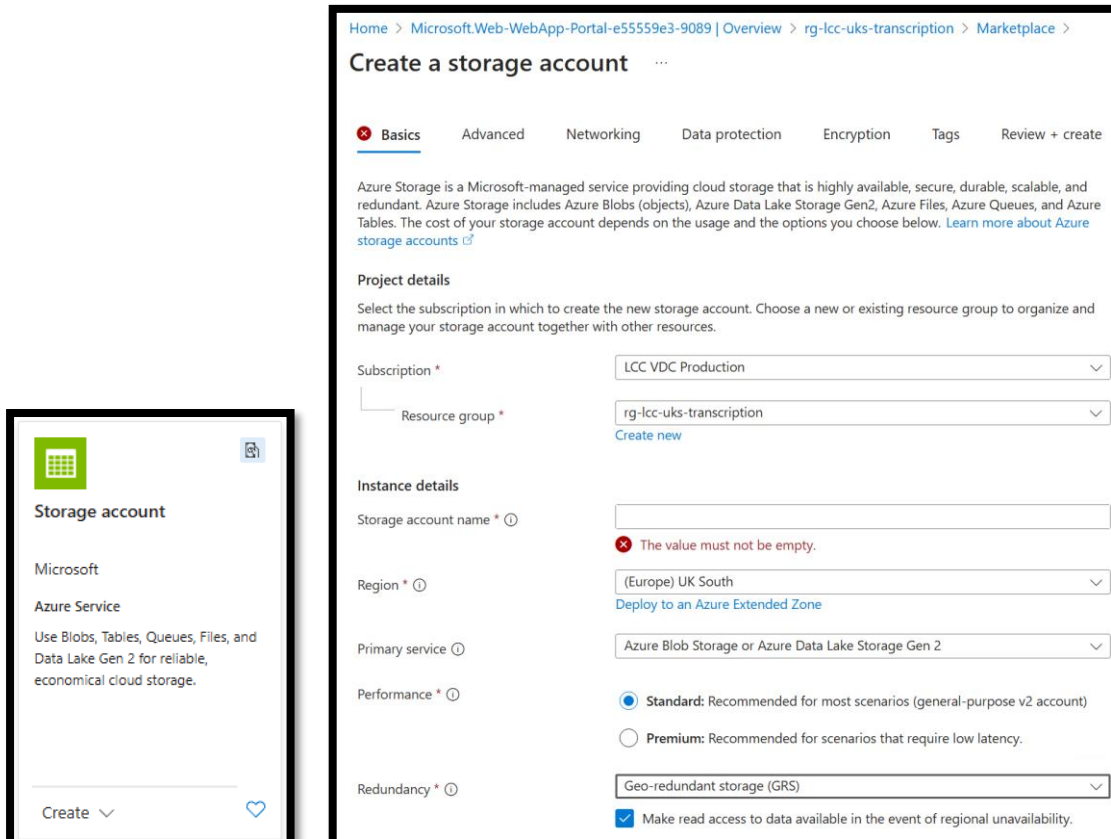
[Defender for Cloud pricing](#)

6. Add any Tags you may require, then review and create the resource.

7. Creating a Storage Account

Storage accounts provide various means to store both structured and unstructured data. For this solution, Blob storage is used which is required to store the recordings, transcripts and the summary output.

1. In the Resource group, click “Create” on the top bar.
2. In the marketplace, search for “Storage account”



Home > Microsoft.Web-WebApp-Portal-e55559e3-9089 | Overview > rg-lcc-uks-transcription > Marketplace >

Create a storage account

✖ Basics Advanced Networking Data protection Encryption Tags Review + create

Azure Storage is a Microsoft-managed service providing cloud storage that is highly available, secure, durable, scalable, and redundant. Azure Storage includes Azure Blobs (objects), Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2, Azure Files, Azure Queues, and Azure Tables. The cost of your storage account depends on the usage and the options you choose below. [Learn more about Azure storage accounts](#)

Project details

Select the subscription in which to create the new storage account. Choose a new or existing resource group to organize and manage your storage account together with other resources.

Subscription * LCC VDC Production

Resource group * rg-lcc-uks-transcription [Create new](#)

Instance details

Storage account name *
 ✖ The value must not be empty.

Region * (Europe) UK South
 [Deploy to an Azure Extended Zone](#)

Primary service Azure Blob Storage or Azure Data Lake Storage Gen 2

Performance *
 ☒ Standard: Recommended for most scenarios (general-purpose v2 account)
 ☐ Premium: Recommended for scenarios that require low latency.

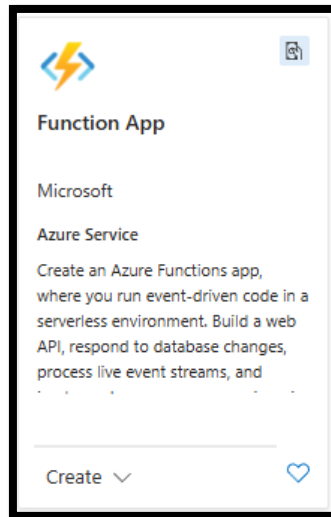
Redundancy *
 Geo-redundant storage (GRS)
 ☒ Make read access to data available in the event of regional unavailability.

3. Click "Create" and fill in the required details, such as Subscription, Resource group, and Region.
4. Choose “**Azure blob Storage or Azure Data Lake Storage Gen 2**” as the Primary service.
5. For the Performance and Redundancy options, configure these as per your requirements.
6. Click next, configure Advanced, Networking, Data protection and Encryption as required – the current Microsoft default settings can work for this deployment.
7. Add any Tags you may require, then review and create the resource.

8. Creating a Function App

Function Apps allow you to run event-driven code without managing infrastructure.

1. In the Resource group, click “Create” on the top bar.
2. In the marketplace, search for “Function App” and select the ‘App Service’ as the Hosting plan.



Create Function App ...

Select a hosting option

These options determine how your app scales, resources available per instance, and pricing. [Learn more about Functions hosting options](#)

Hosting plans	<input type="radio"/> Flex Consumption	<input type="radio"/> Consumption	<input type="radio"/> Functions Premium	<input checked="" type="radio"/> App Service	<input type="radio"/> Container Apps environment
	Get high scalability with compute choices, virtual networking, and pay-as-you-go billing.	Pay for compute resources when your functions are running (pay-as-you-go).	Deploy multiple function apps on the same plan with event-driven scaling.	Run web apps and function apps on the same plan with more compute choices and pay for the instances of the plan.	Host function apps with other containerized microservices and pay for compute capacity.
Scale to zero	✓	✓	-	-	✓
Scale behavior	Fast event-driven	Event-driven	Event-driven	Metrics based	Event-driven with KEDA
Virtual networking	✓	-	✓	✓	✓
Dedicated compute and prevent cold start	Optional with Always Ready	-	Minimum of 1 instance required	Minimum of 1 instance required	Optional with minimum replicas
Max scale out (instances)	1000	200	100	30	300

3. Click "Create" and fill in the required details, such as Subscription, Resource group, and Region.
 - Provide a unique Name, and for “Do you want to deploy code or container image?” select **Code**.
 - Select the Runtime stack as **Python** and Version as **3.11**.
 - For Linux Plan, select the app service plan you created earlier.

[Home](#) > [Create Function App](#) >

Create Function App (App Service) ...

[Basics](#)
[Storage](#)
[Networking](#)
[Monitoring](#)
[Deployment](#)
[Tags](#)
[Review + create](#)

Create a function app, which lets you group functions as a logical unit for easier management, deployment and sharing of resources. Functions lets you execute your code in a serverless environment without having to first create a VM or publish a web application.

Project Details

Select a subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all your resources.

Subscription * ⓘ

LCC VDC Production

Resource Group * ⓘ

rg-lcc-uks-transcription

[Create new](#)

Instance Details

Function App name *

Function App name

.azurewebsites.net

☒ Secure unique default hostname (preview) on. [More about this update](#) ⓘ

Do you want to deploy code or container image? *

☒ Code
☐ Container Image

Runtime stack *

Python

Version *

3.11

Region *

UK South

i Not finding your App Service Plan? Try a different region or select your App Service Environment.

Operating System *

☒ Linux
☐ Windows

Environment details

Linux Plan (UK South) * ⓘ

transcription-app-service-plan (B1)

[Create new](#)

Pricing plan

Basic B1 (100 total ACU, 1.75 GB memory, 1 vCPU)

Zone redundancy

An App Service plan can be deployed as a zone redundant service in the regions that support it. This is a deployment time only decision. You can't make an App Service plan zone redundant after it has been deployed [Learn more](#) ⓘ

Zone redundancy

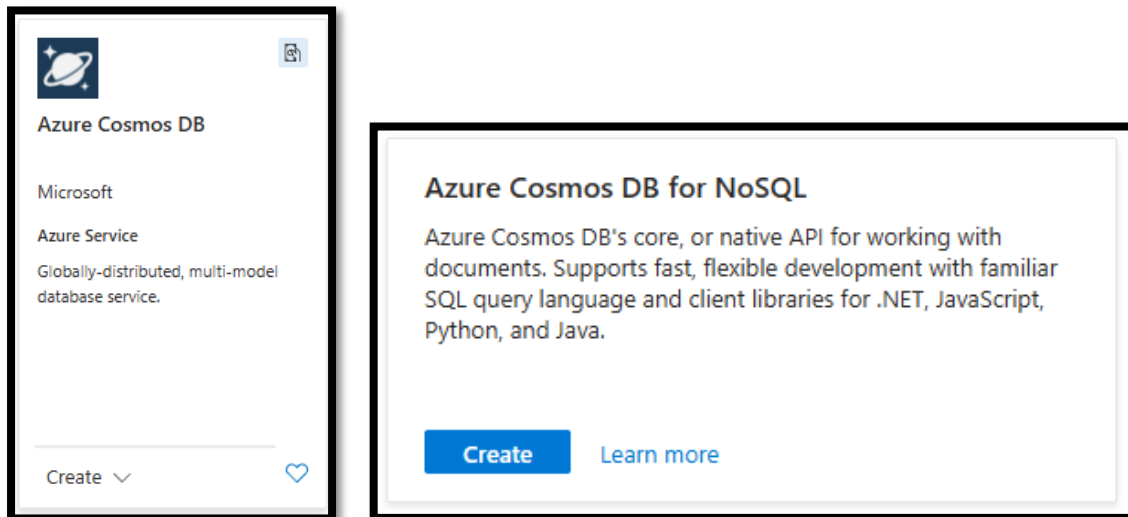
☐ **Enabled:** Your App Service plan and the apps in it will be zone redundant. The minimum App Service plan instance count will be three.
☒ **Disabled:** Your App Service Plan and the apps in it will not be zone redundant. The minimum App Service plan instance count will be one.

4. Click next, under Storage select the storage account you created earlier.
5. Click next, setup Networking configure this as required.
6. Click next, under Monitoring setup application insights using the one you created earlier. This will be helpful for debugging.
7. Click next, setup continuous deployment if needed but this is not required.
8. Add any Tags you may require, then review and create the resource.

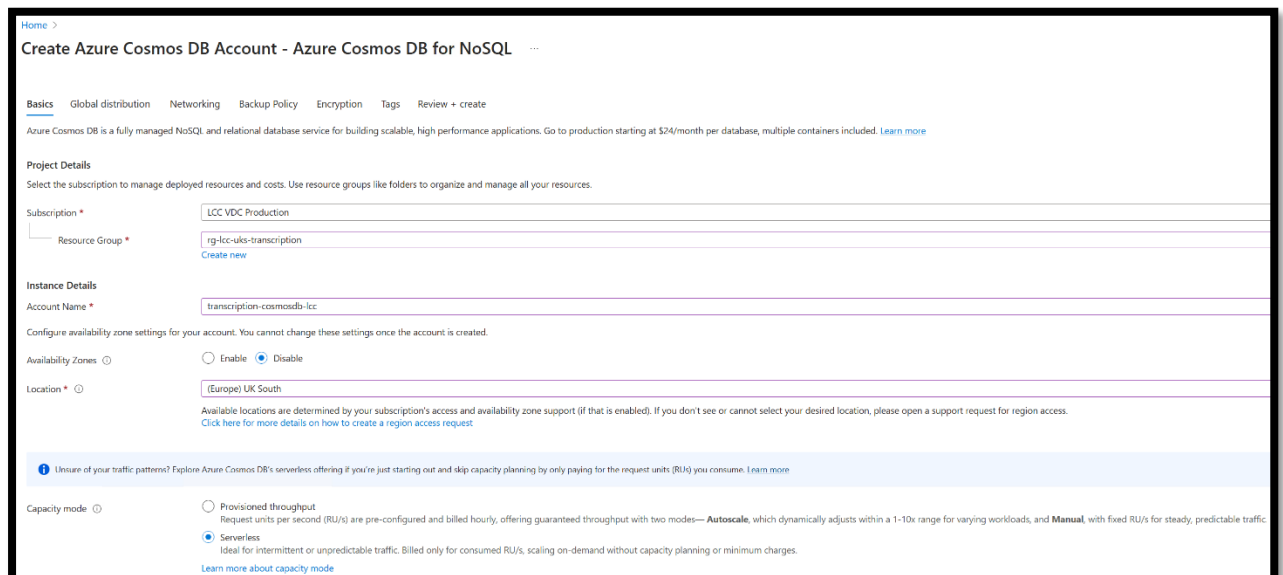
9. Creating a Cosmos DB

Cosmos DB provides globally distributed, multi-model database capabilities for your applications. This is used for the authentication, the prompts, and recording and tracking jobs.

1. In the Resource group, click “Create” on the top bar.
2. In the marketplace, search for “Azure Cosmos DB.” Click Create and then create the “Azure Cosmos DB for NoSQL”



3. Click "Create" and fill in the required details, such as Subscription, Resource group, and Region. Choose the Capacity mode you require.

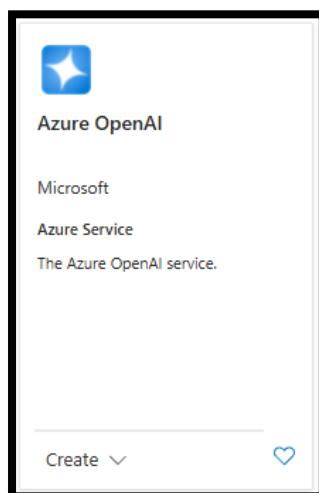


4. Click next, configure Global distribution, Networking, and Backup Policy as you require.
5. Click next, under Encryption select **Service-Managed Keys**.
6. Add any Tags you may require, then review and create the resource.

10. Deploying the Azure OpenAI Service

Azure OpenAI services is where you deploy an LLM model e.g. GPT4o-mini that will be used to integrate the transcription solution with.

1. In the Resource group, click “Create” on the top bar.
2. In the marketplace, search for “Azure OpenAI.”
3. Choose your Subscription, Resource group and Region. Set your chosen pricing tier.



Home > rg-lcc-uks-transcription > Marketplace >

Create Azure OpenAI

1 Basics 2 Network 3 Tags 4 Review + submit

Azure OpenAI Service provides access to OpenAI's powerful language models, including all the latest OpenAI models. These models can be easily adapted to your specific tasks, including but not limited to content generation, summarization, image understanding, semantic search, and natural language to code translation. Top use cases include Call Centers, Virtual Assistants, Accessibility, Content Generation, and Code Development. The service also features the Assistants API, Fine Tuning capabilities and many ways to connect your data to the service for conversational experiences. The service can be scaled through Standard (tokens) and Provisioned (PTUs) deployment types.

[Learn more](#)

Project Details

Subscription * ⓘ LCC VDC Production

Resource group * ⓘ rg-lcc-uks-transcription [Create new](#)

Instance Details

Region ⓘ East US

Name * ⓘ

Pricing tier * ⓘ Standard S0 [View full pricing details](#)

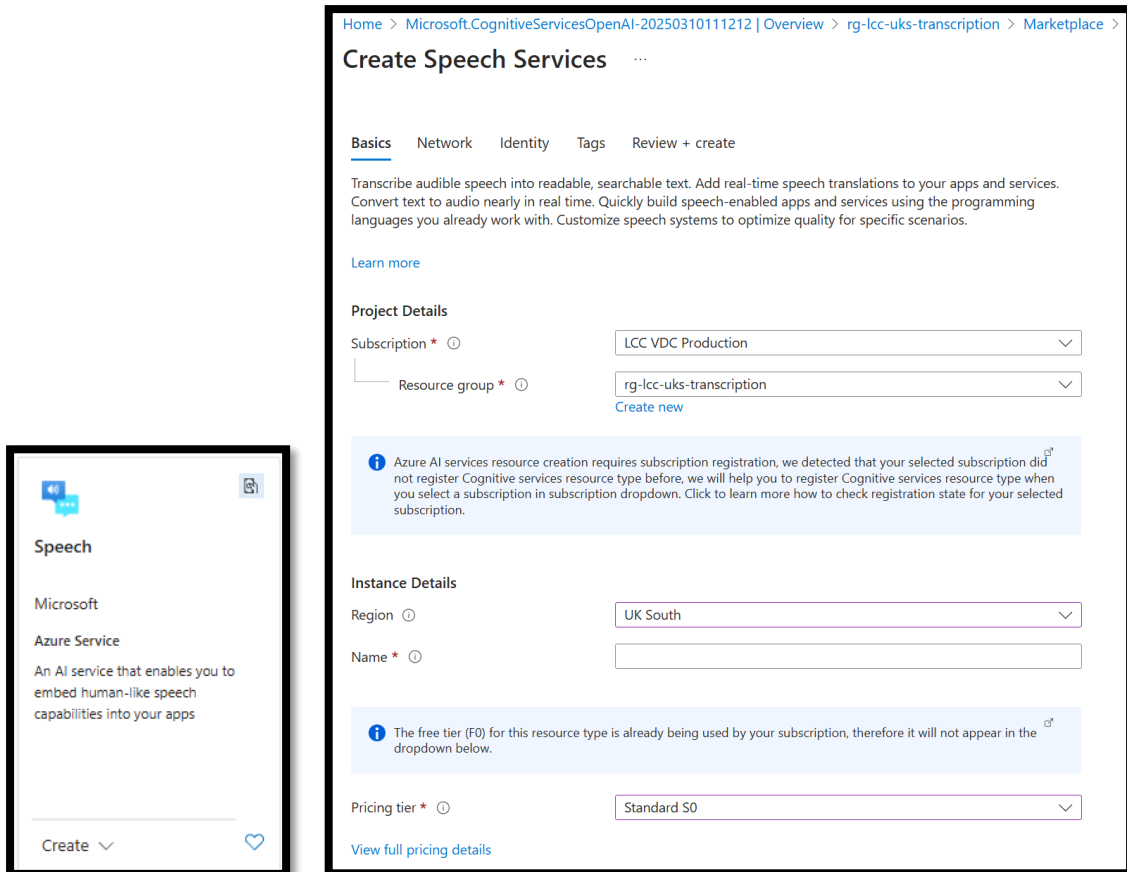
Information: Azure AI services resource creation requires subscription registration, we detected that your selected subscription did not register Cognitive services resource type before, we will help you to register Cognitive services resource type when you select a subscription in subscription dropdown. Click to learn more how to check registration state for your selected subscription.

4. Click next, configure Networking as you require.
5. Add any Tags you may require, then review and create the resource.

11. Deploying the Speech Service

The Speech Service offers speech-to-text, text-to-speech, and speech translation capabilities. This is used to transcribe the recording only.

1. In the Resource group, click “Create” on the top bar.
2. In the marketplace, search for “Speech” and create the resource.
3. Choose your Subscription, Resource group, Region and select your preferred Pricing tier.



Home > Microsoft.CognitiveServicesOpenAI-20250310111212 | Overview > rg-lcc-uks-transcription > Marketplace >

Create Speech Services

Basics Network Identity Tags Review + create

Transcribe audible speech into readable, searchable text. Add real-time speech translations to your apps and services. Convert text to audio nearly in real time. Quickly build speech-enabled apps and services using the programming languages you already work with. Customize speech systems to optimize quality for specific scenarios.

[Learn more](#)

Project Details

Subscription * ⓘ LCC VDC Production

Resource group * ⓘ rg-lcc-uks-transcription [Create new](#)

Instance Details

Region ⓘ UK South

Name * ⓘ

Pricing tier * ⓘ Standard S0 [View full pricing details](#)

Speech

Microsoft

Azure Service

An AI service that enables you to embed human-like speech capabilities into your apps

Create ▾

Informational Messages:

- Azure AI services resource creation requires subscription registration, we detected that your selected subscription did not register Cognitive services resource type before, we will help you to register Cognitive services resource type when you select a subscription in subscription dropdown. Click to learn more how to check registration state for your selected subscription.
- The free tier (F0) for this resource type is already being used by your subscription, therefore it will not appear in the dropdown below.

4. Click next, configure Networking as you require.
5. Click next, under Identity enable **System assigned identity**.
6. Add any Tags you may require, then review and create the resource.

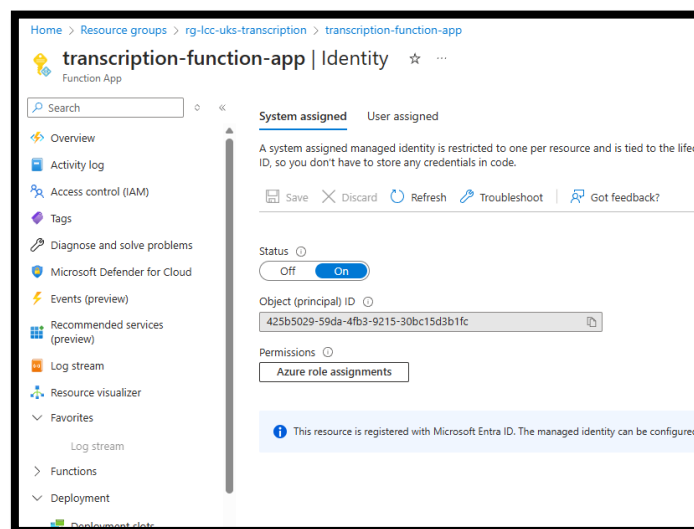
12. Resource Permissions

System Assigned Managed Identity needs to be enabled for the following resources, which will allow resources created above to securely access each other where required:

- WebApp
- Cosmos
- Speech service
- Function App

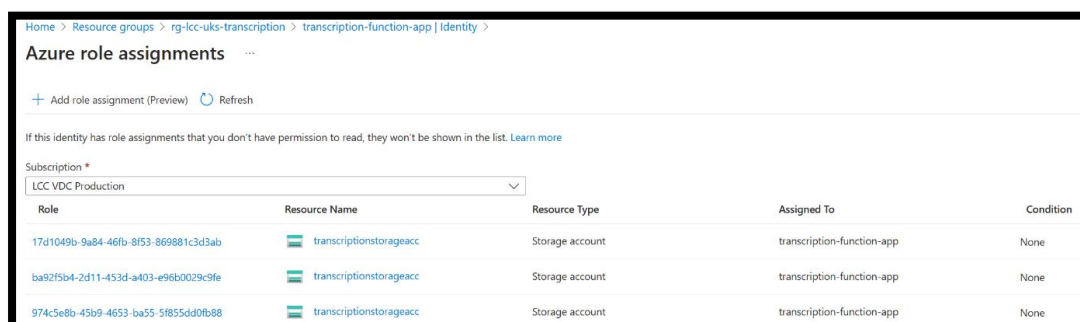
Function App Permissions

1. On the function app, in the left-hand menu, select "Identity" under the "Settings" section. Under the "System assigned" tab, switch the Status to "On" and save the changes. This action will create a managed identity for the Azure service.



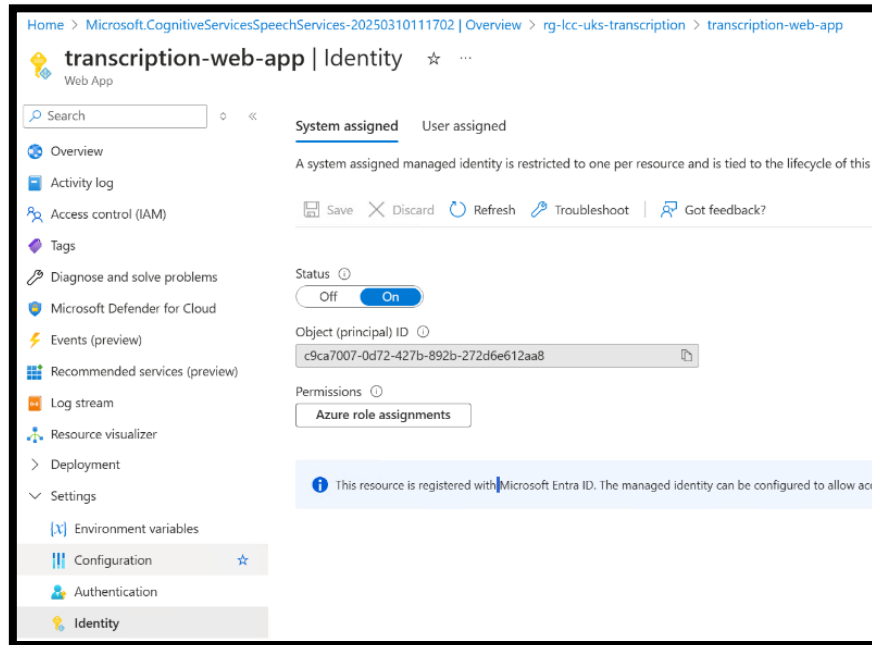
2. Under 'Azure role assignment' in the same location, click on 'Add role assignment'. Set the scope to storage, choose your subscription, choose your resource. Then set the roles

- Storage Account Contributor
- Storage Blob Data contributor
- Storage Queue Data Contributor

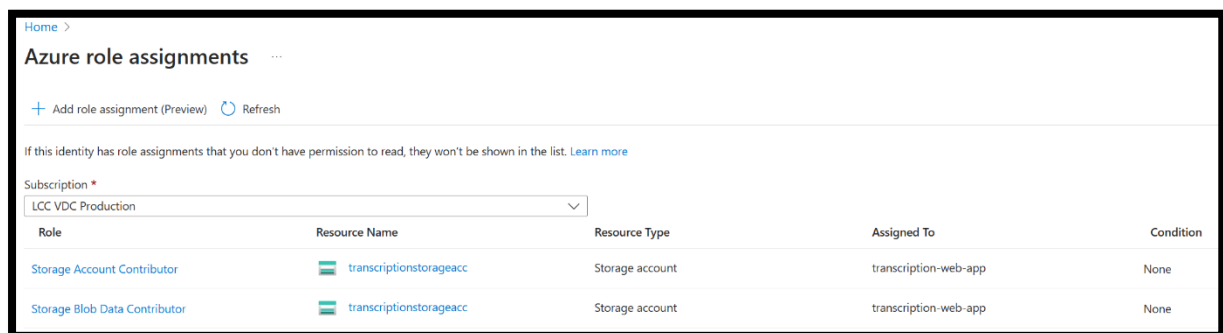


WebApp Permissions

1. On the function app, in the left-hand menu, select "Identity" under the "Settings" section. Under the "System assigned" tab, switch the Status to "On" and save the changes. This action will create a managed identity for the Azure service.



3. Under 'Azure role assignment' in the same location, click on 'Add role assignment'. Set the scope to storage, choose your subscription, choose your resource. Then set the roles
 - Storage Account Contributor
 - Storage Blob Data Contributor



Speech Service Permissions

1. On the Speech Service resource, navigate to Access Control (IAM), click add, then “Add role Assignment”. Find the “Cognitive Services Speech Contributor” role and click it to highlight it then click next. Change “Assign access” to “Managed Identity” then click “Select members”, set “Managed identity” to “Function App” and find the function app you created earlier. Select it then click “select” and then click “review & assigned” twice.

Add role assignment

Role
Members
Conditions
Review + assign




Selected role
Cognitive Services Speech Contributor

Assign access to
☐ User, group, or service principal
☒ Managed identity

Members
+ Select members

Name	Object ID	Type
transcription-function-app	425b5029-59da-4fb3-9215-30bc15d3b...	Function App ⓘ

Description
Optional

<input type="checkbox"/>	 Transcription-Function-App c850e6f1-9979-4858-9ff1-e76aa72cdb89	Managed identity	 Cognitive Services Speech Contributor	 This resource	None
--------------------------	--	------------------	---	---	------

2. Under Resource Management, select Identity and then Azure role assignments. You will need to set scope to storage, choose your subscription, choose your resource. Then set the roles
 - Storage Account Contributor
 - Storage Blob Data Contributor





Home > transcription-speech-service | Identity >

Azure role assignments

+ Add role assignment (Preview) Refresh

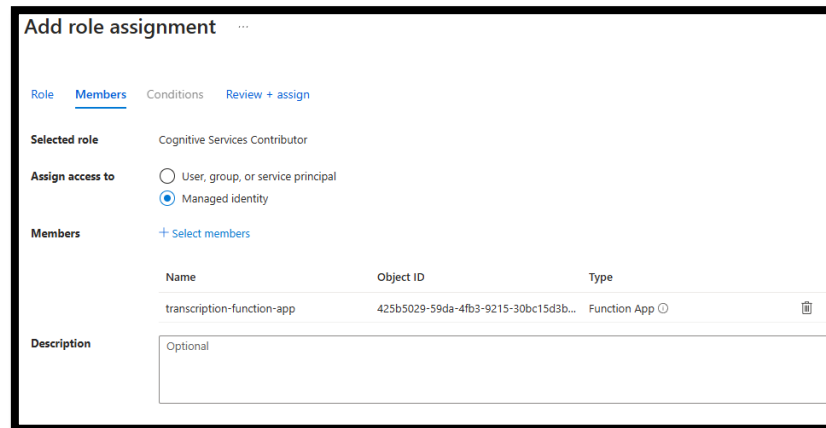
If this identity has role assignments that you don't have permission to read, they won't be shown in the list. [Learn more](#)

Subscription *
LCC VDC Production

Role	Resource Name	Resource Type	Assigned To	Condition
 Storage Account Contributor	 transcriptionstorageacc	Storage account	transcription-speech-service	None
 Storage Blob Data Contributor	 transcriptionstorageacc	Storage account	transcription-speech-service	None

Azure OpenAI Service Permissions

1. On the Azure OpenAI Service resource, navigate to Access Control (IAM), click add, then “Add role Assignment”. Find the “Cognitive Services Contributor” role and click it to highlight it then click next. Change “Assign access to” to “Managed Identity” then click “Select members”, set “Managed identity” to “Function App” and find the function app you created earlier. Select it then click “select” and then click “review & assigned” twice.



Add role assignment

Role **Members** Conditions Review + assign

Selected role Cognitive Services Contributor

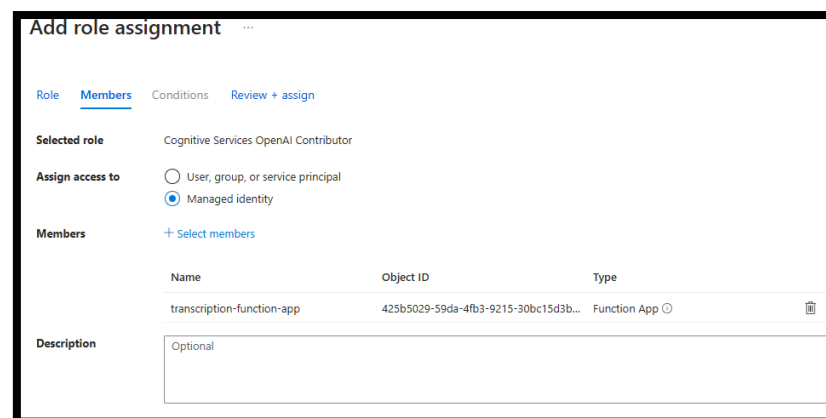
Assign access to ☐ User, group, or service principal ☒ Managed identity

Members + Select members

Name	Object ID	Type
transcription-function-app	425b5029-59da-4fb3-9215-30bc15d3b...	Function App

Description Optional

2. Add another role in the same way for “Cognitive Services OpenAI Contributor” role.



Add role assignment

Role **Members** Conditions Review + assign

Selected role Cognitive Services OpenAI Contributor

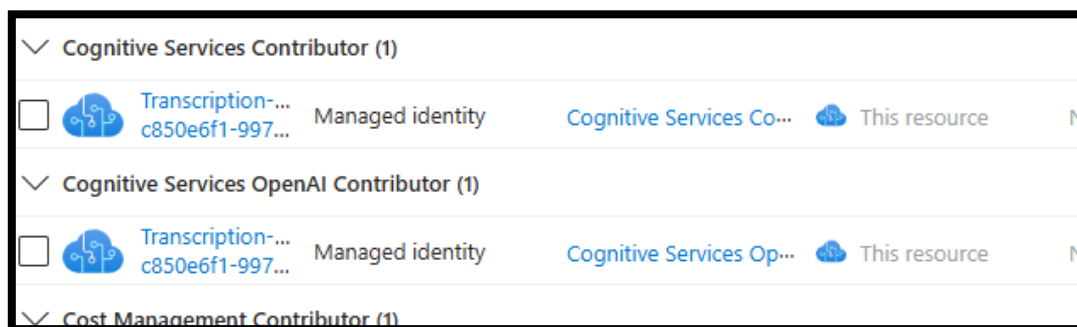
Assign access to ☐ User, group, or service principal ☒ Managed identity

Members + Select members

Name	Object ID	Type
transcription-function-app	425b5029-59da-4fb3-9215-30bc15d3b...	Function App

Description Optional

Once the permissions have been added, it should look like the following:



Role	Members	Assign access to	Members	Resource
✓ Cognitive Services Contributor (1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Transcription-... c850e6f1-997...	Managed identity	Cognitive Services Co...	This resource
✓ Cognitive Services OpenAI Contributor (1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Transcription-... c850e6f1-997...	Managed identity	Cognitive Services Op...	This resource
✓ Cost Management Contributor (1)				

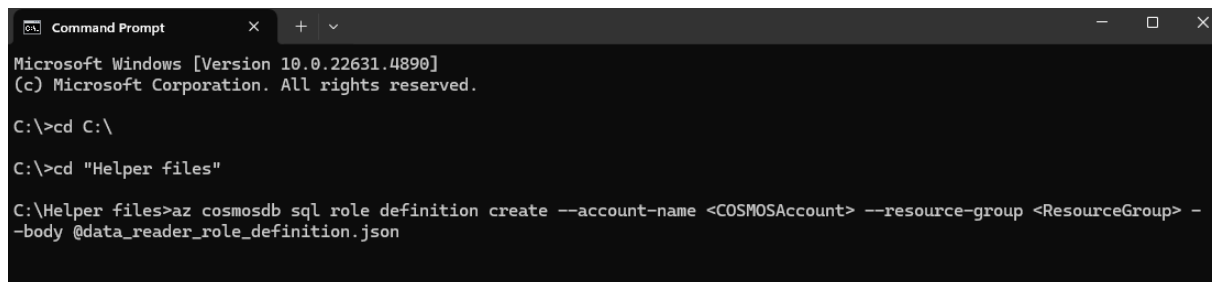
Setting Additional Permissions via Azure CLI

The next set of permissions are set using the Azure CLI, to provision resource access to Cosmos. After applying these permissions via the Azure CLI, they will not appear in the Azure Portal. *NB: For tenants with newer Azure subscriptions, you may be able to set these permission sets using the Azure Portal GUI.*

Assign Data Reader Role to Azure Cosmos DB Account

1. Create the 'Data Reader' role on the Azure Cosmos DB Account. edit the file provided named 'data_reader_role_definition.json' to add your details, then run the command below to create.
2. Open Command Prompt, change directory to the location of the file you have saved above, and run the following command to create the role:

```
az cosmosdb sql role definition create --account-name <COSMOSAccount> --resource-group <ResourceGroup> --body @data_reader_role_definition.json
```



```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22631.4890]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\>cd C:\

C:\>cd "Helper files"

C:\Helper files>az cosmosdb sql role definition create --account-name <COSMOSAccount> --resource-group <ResourceGroup> --body @data_reader_role_definition.json
```

3. Take note of the **name** value from the output.

```
"name": "f3600260-d016-4134-a33e-91132214c425",
"permissions": [
  {
    "dataActions": [
      "Microsoft.DocumentDB/databaseAccounts/sqlDatabases/containers/items/read",
      "Microsoft.DocumentDB/databaseAccounts/readMetadata",
      "Microsoft.DocumentDB/databaseAccounts/sqlDatabases/containers/executeQuery",
      "Microsoft.DocumentDB/databaseAccounts/sqlDatabases/containers/readChangeFeed",
      "Microsoft.DocumentDB/databaseAccounts/sqlDatabases/containers/items/read"
    ],
    "notDataActions": []
  }
]
```

Run the following command to assign the **Data Reader** role to the function app.

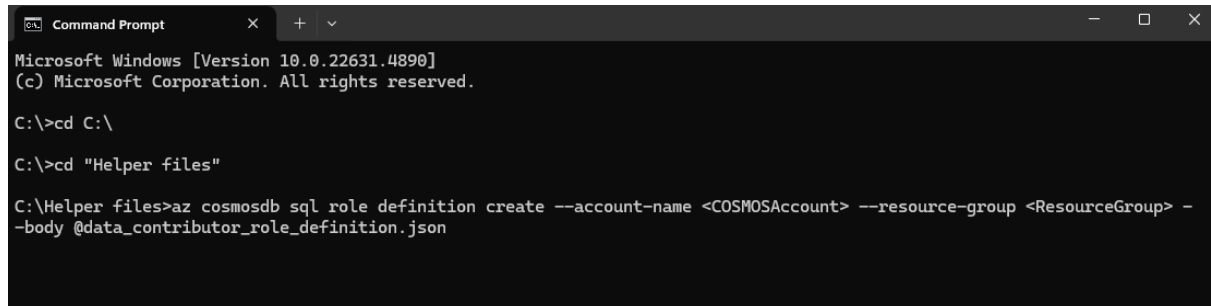
4.

```
az cosmosdb sql role assignment create --account-name <cosmosaccountname> --resource-group <resourcegroupname> --role-definition-id /subscriptions/<subscriptionID>/resourceGroups/<resourcegroupname>/providers/Microsoft.DocumentDB/databaseAccounts/<cosmosaccountname>/sqlRoleDefinitions/<INSERT NAME VALUE> --principal-id <function app principle id> --scope /subscriptions/<subscriptionID>/resourceGroups/<resourcegroupname>/providers/Microsoft.DocumentDB/databaseAccounts/<cosmosaccountname>
```

Assign Data Contributor Role to Azure Cosmos DB Account

1. Create the 'Data Contributor' role on the Azure Cosmos DB Account. Edit the file provided named 'data_contributor_role_definition.json' to add your details, then run the command below to create.
2. Using Azure CLI, change directory to the location of the file you have saved above, and create the role and run the following command:

```
az cosmosdb sql role definition create --account-name <COSMOSAccount> --resource-group <ResourceGroup> --body @data_contributor_role_definition.json
```



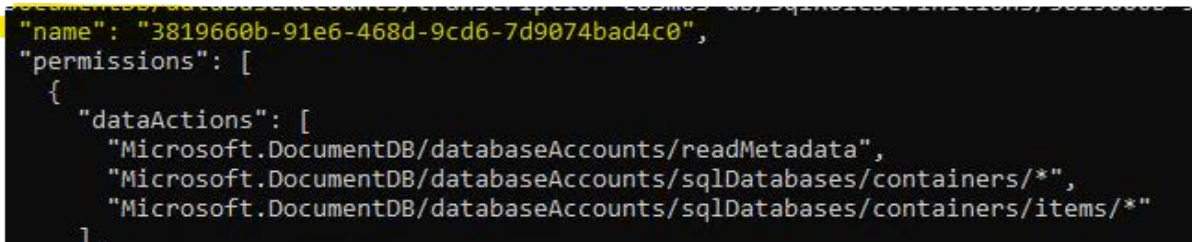
```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22631.4890]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\>cd C:\

C:\>cd "Helper files"

C:\Helper files>az cosmosdb sql role definition create --account-name <COSMOSAccount> --resource-group <ResourceGroup> --body @data_contributor_role_definition.json
```

3. Take note of the **name** value from the output.



```
"name": "3819660b-91e6-468d-9cd6-7d9074bad4c0",
"permissions": [
{
  "dataActions": [
    "Microsoft.DocumentDB/databaseAccounts/readMetadata",
    "Microsoft.DocumentDB/databaseAccounts/sqlDatabases/containers/*",
    "Microsoft.DocumentDB/databaseAccounts/sqlDatabases/containers/items/*"
  ]
}
```

4. Run the following command to assign the **Data Contributor** role to the function app.

```
az cosmosdb sql role assignment create --account-name <cosmosaccountname> --resource-group <resourcegroupname> --role-definition-id /subscriptions/<subscriptionID>/resourceGroups/<resourcegroupname>/providers/Microsoft.DocumentDB/databaseAccounts/<cosmosaccountname>/sqlRoleDefinitions/<INSERT NAME VALUE> --principal-id <function app principle id> --scope /subscriptions/<subscriptionID>/resourceGroups/<resourcegroupname>/providers/Microsoft.DocumentDB/databaseAccounts/<cosmosaccountname>
```

Assign the Cosmos Data Reader & Contributor Roles to the WebApp

1. Run the following Azure CLI command to add Cosmos DB Data Contributor role.

```
az cosmosdb sql role assignment create --resource-group <resourcegroupname> --account-name <cosmosaccountname> --role-definition-id "00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000002" --principal-id <web app Principle ID> --scope "/subscriptions/<subscriptionID>/resourceGroups/<resourcegroupname>/providers/Microsoft.DocumentDB/databaseAccounts/<cosmosaccountname>"
```

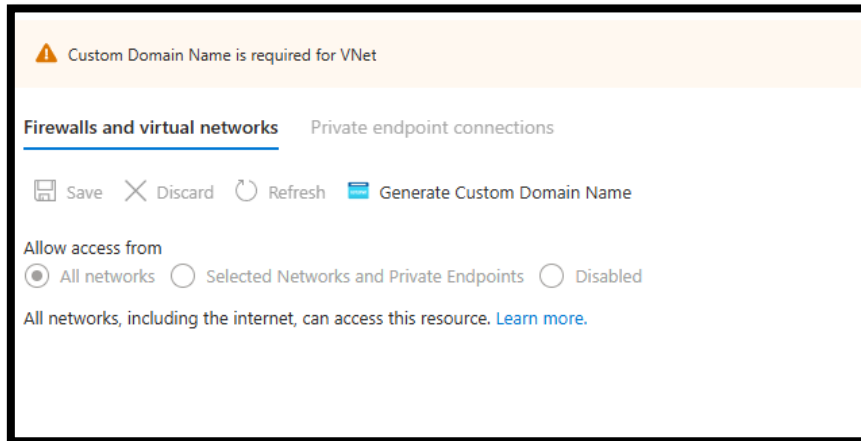
2. Run the following Azure CLI command to add Cosmos DB Data Reader role.

```
az cosmosdb sql role assignment create --resource-group <resourcegroupname> --account-name <cosmosaccountname> --role-definition-id "00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000001" --principal-id <web app Principle ID> --scope
```

`"/subscriptions/<subscriptionID>/resourceGroups/<resourcegroupname>/providers/Microsoft.DocumentDB/databaseAccounts/<cosmosaccountname>"`

13. Configuring the Speech Service

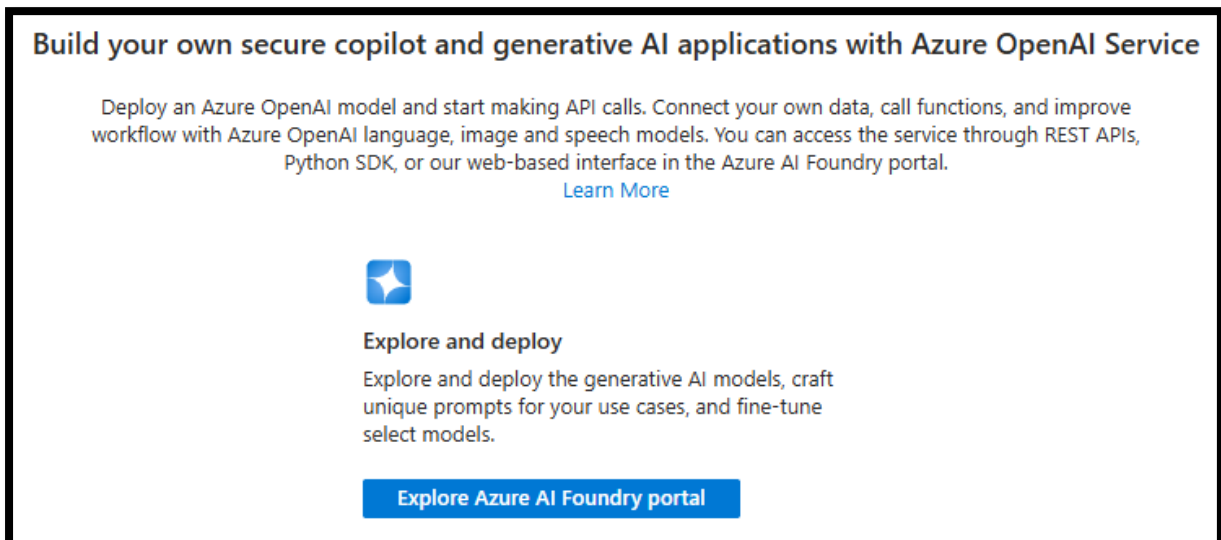
On the Speech Service resource, go to Networking and create a custom domain. Enter a name for the domain name and click save.



14. Configuring the Azure OpenAI Service

This section covers the deployment of the Azure OpenAI GPT model that will be used.

1. Go to the Azure OpenAI resource and click on 'Explore Azure AI Foundry portal'.



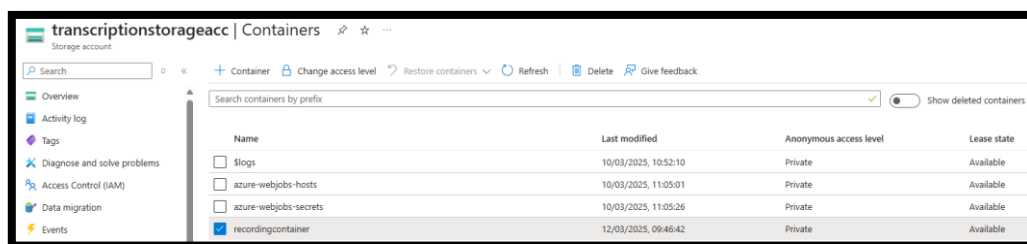
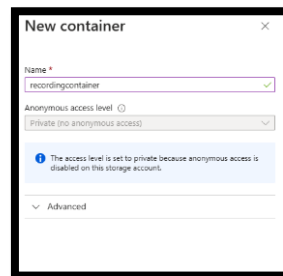
2. Under Deployments, click Deploy a model and then Deploy a Base Model. Select your chosen GPT model and click confirm. Select your preferred deployment options and click create resource and deploy.

- Once created take note of the api version, which can be found at the end of the Target URL. This can be found under the endpoint heading.
“https://<Servicename>.openai.azure.com/openai/deployments/<deployment>/chat/completions?api-version=**2024-10-21**”

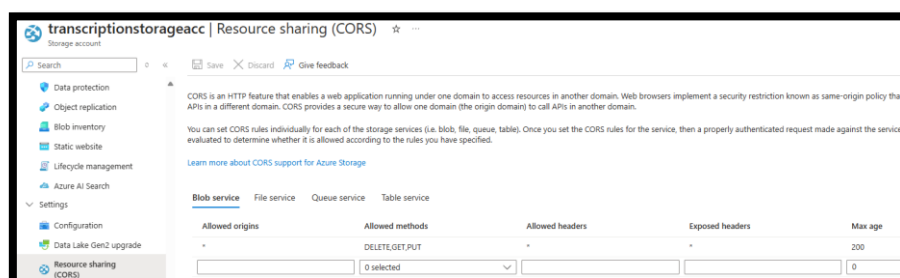
NB: When testing the content filters on the GPT deployment may affect your results. You may need to request access to change the inbuilt content filters from Microsoft directly, which can be configured in the Azure AI Foundry portal.

15. Configuring the Storage Account

- Navigate to the storage account resource, under ‘containers’ add a new container for example ‘recordingcontainer’.



- On the storage account, under ‘Settings’ select ‘Resource sharing (CORS)’, and set the following for the Blob service:
 - Allowed Origins set to *
 - Allowed methods set to DELETE, GET and PUT
 - Allowed headers set to *
 - Exposed headers set to *
 - Max age set to 200



3. Save CORS settings

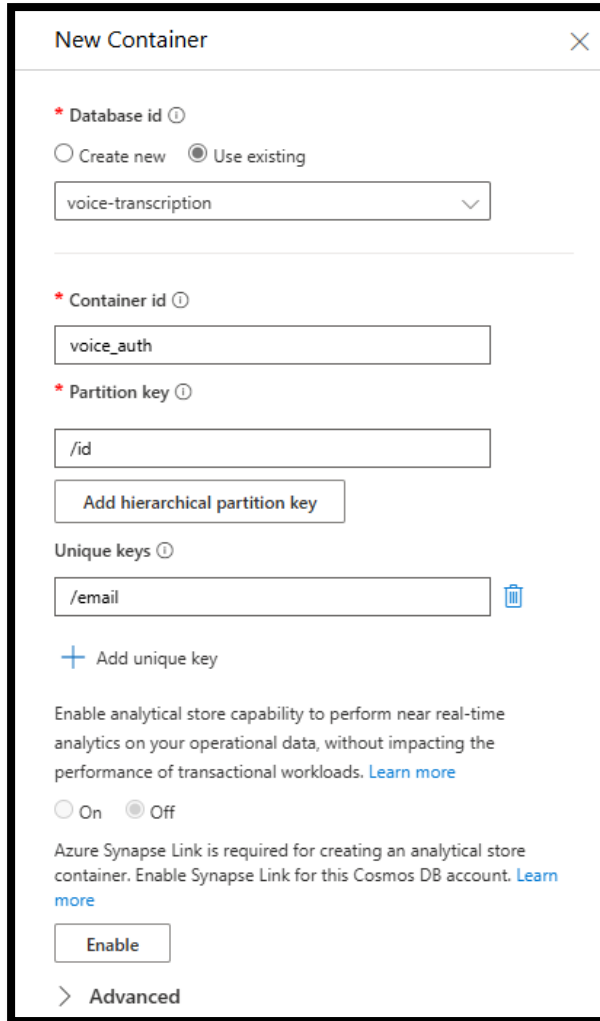
16. Configuring the Azure Cosmos DB Account

Creating a Database and Containers

1. Create a new Database within your Cosmos account e.g. “voice-transcription”.
Navigate to “Data Explorer” click the arrow next to “New container” and then selected “New Database”.



2. Create a voice_auth container in the new database.
 - Database id – use existing and select the database created
 - Container id – voice_auth
 - Partition key - /id
 - Unique keys - /email



3. Create a voice_jobs container in the new database.

- Database id – use existing and select the database created
- Container id – voice_jobs
- Partition key - /id
- Unique keys - /user_id and /created_at

New Container

✕

* Database id ⓘ

☐ Create new

☒ Use existing

voice-transcription

▼

* Container id ⓘ

voice_jobs

* Partition key ⓘ

/id

Add hierarchical partition key

Unique keys ⓘ

/user_id

🗑

/created_at

🗑

+ Add unique key

Enable analytical store capability to perform near real-time analytics on your operational data, without impacting the performance of transactional workloads. [Learn more](#)

☐ On

☒ Off

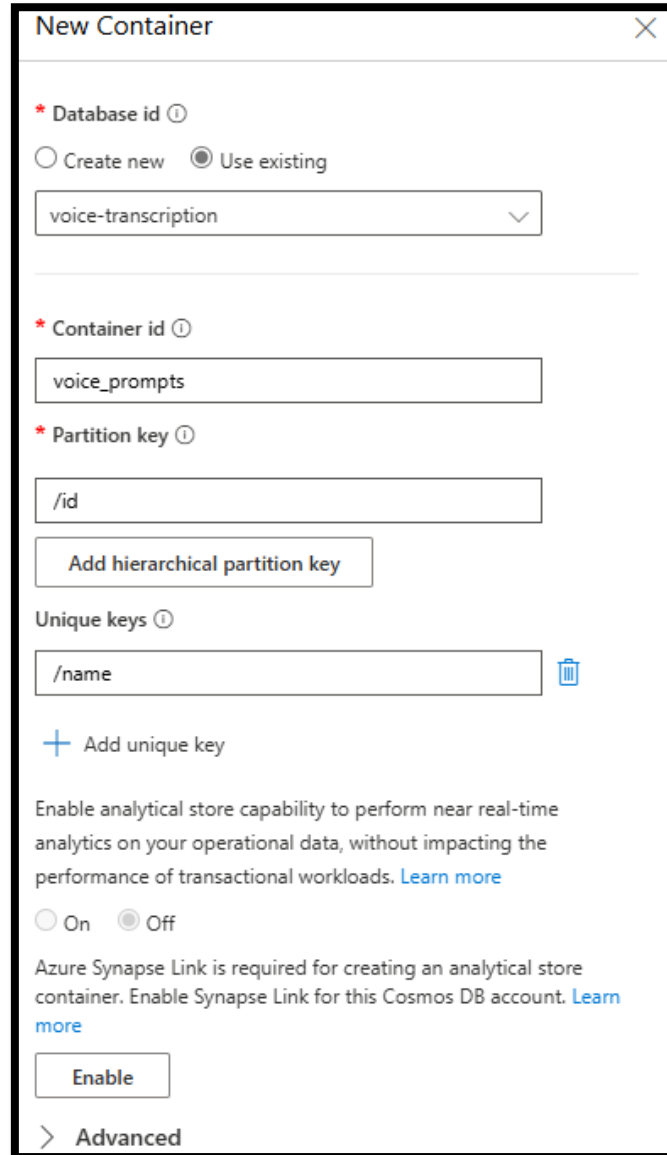
Azure Synapse Link is required for creating an analytical store container. Enable Synapse Link for this Cosmos DB account. [Learn more](#)

Enable

> Advanced

25

4. Create a voice_prompts container in the new database.
- Database id – use existing and select the database created
 - Container id – voice_prompts
 - Partition key - /id
 - Unique keys - /name



New Container

* Database id ⓘ

☐ Create new ☒ Use existing

voice-transcription

* Container id ⓘ

voice_prompts

* Partition key ⓘ

/id

Add hierarchical partition key

Unique keys ⓘ

/name

+ Add unique key

Enable analytical store capability to perform near real-time analytics on your operational data, without impacting the performance of transactional workloads. [Learn more](#)

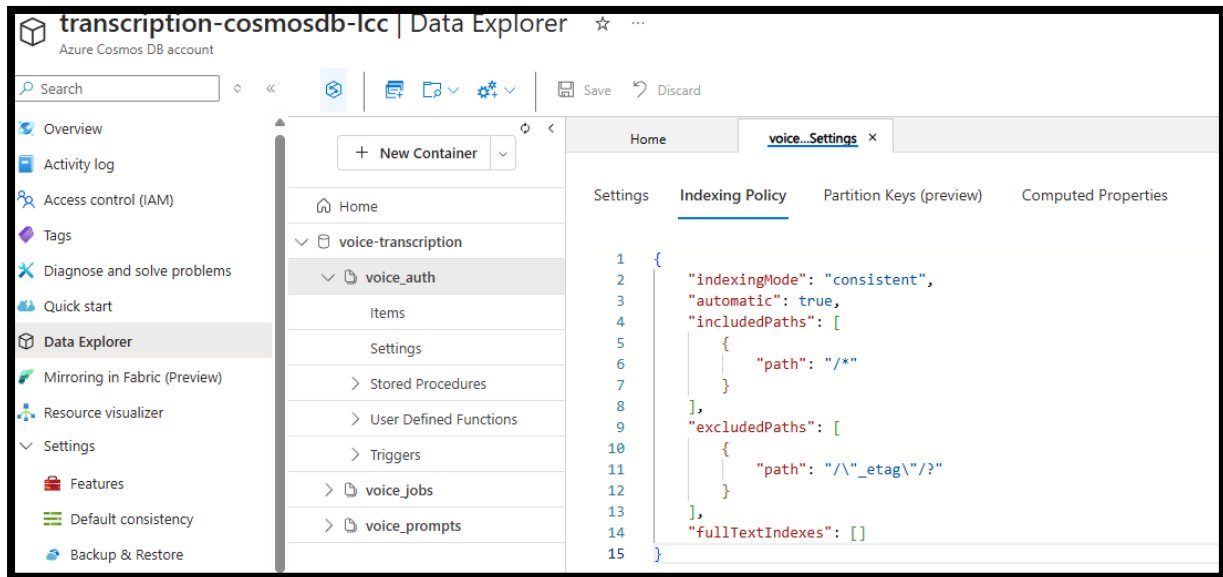
☐ On ☒ Off

Azure Synapse Link is required for creating an analytical store container. Enable Synapse Link for this Cosmos DB account. [Learn more](#)

Enable

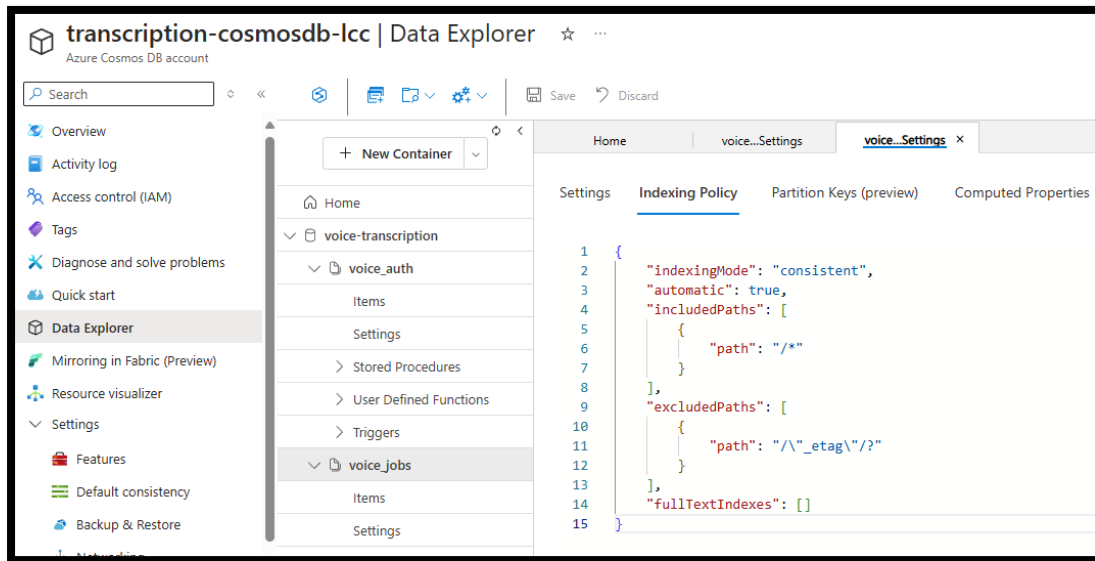
> Advanced

5. Create the indexing policy for the voice_auth container. On this container, under settings, click 'Indexing Policy' and paste in the following code and click save.



```
{
  "indexingMode": "consistent",
  "automatic": true,
  "includedPaths": [
    {
      "path": "/email/?"
    },
    {
      "path": "/*"
    }
  ],
  "excludedPaths": [
    {
      "path": "/_etag/?"
    }
  ],
  "fullTextIndexes": []
}
```

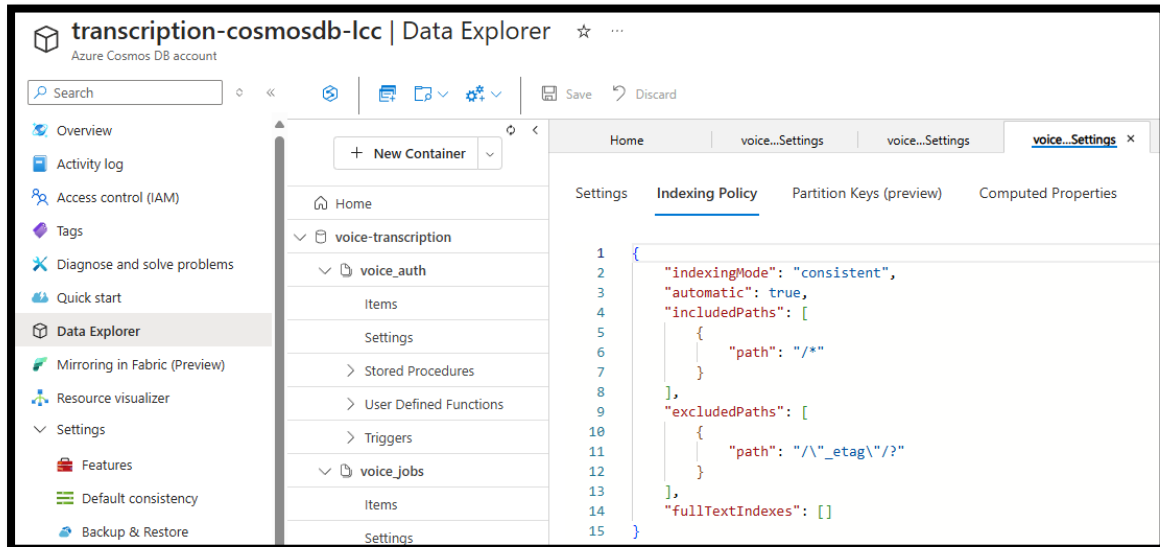
6. Create the indexing policy for the voice_jobs container. On this container, under settings, click 'Indexing Policy' and paste in the following code and click save.



```
{
  "indexingMode": "consistent",
  "automatic": true,
  "includedPaths": [
    {
      "path": "/user_id/?"
    },
    {
      "path": "/prompt_category_id/?"
    },
    {
      "path": "/prompt_subcategory_id/?"
    },
    {
      "path": "/status/?"
    },
    {
      "path": "/created_at/?"
    },
    {
      "path": "/*"
    }
  ],
  "excludedPaths": [
    {
      "path": "/_etag/?"
    }
  ],
  "fullTextIndexes": []
}
```

Creating Indexing Policies

7. Create the indexing policy for the voice_prompts container. On this container, under settings, click 'Indexing Policy' and paste in the following code and click save.



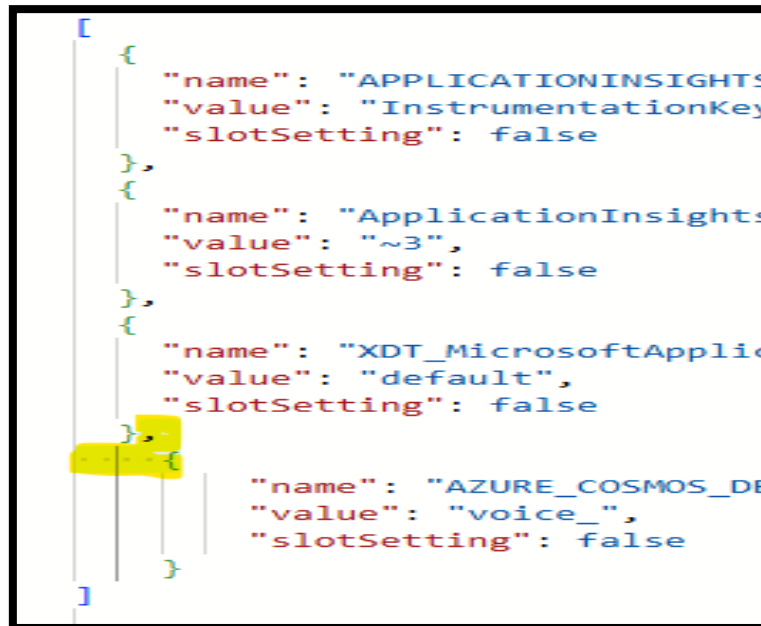
```

{
  "indexingMode": "consistent",
  "automatic": true,
  "includedPaths": [
    {
      "path": "/type/?"
    },
    {
      "path": "/category_id/?"
    },
    {
      "path": "/name/?"
    },
    {
      "path": "/*"
    }
  ],
  "excludedPaths": [
    {
      "path": "/_etag/?"
    }
  ],
  "fullTextIndexes": []
}

```

17. Configuring the WebApp

1. Open the file web-app-environmentvariables.txt and fill in the "Value" for each of the variables.
2. Navigate to environment variables and click "advanced edit". Paste the variables from the file 'web-app-environment-variables.txt' at the end of the current variables. Ensure that you add a ";" after the last "}" as highlighted in the screenshot below before pasting the additional variables from the file.



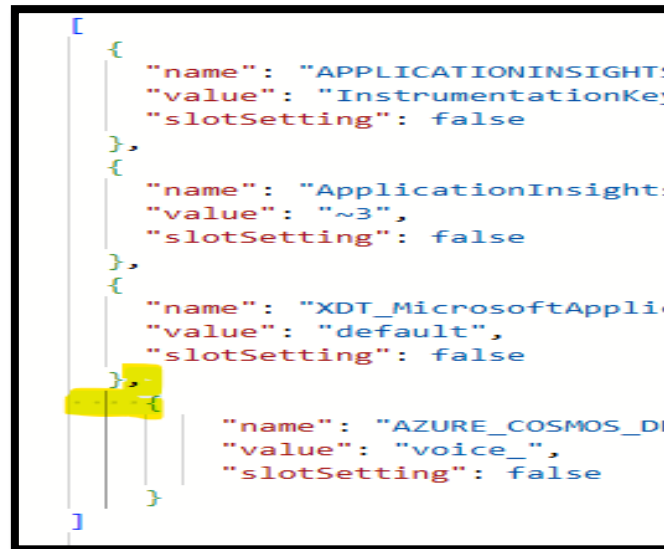
3. Press ok and then apply.
4. Navigate to Configuration and add the following startup command, click save and then continue.

python3 -m gunicorn -w 2 -k uvicorn.workers.UvicornWorker app.main:app --bind 0.0.0.0:8000 --reload --log-level debug

5. Now Navigate to CORS, in Allowed Origins, add * then click save.

18. Configuring the Function App

1. Open the file function-app-environmentvariables.txt and fill in the “Value” for each of the variables.
2. Navigate to environment variables and click “advanced edit”. Paste the variables from the file ‘function-app-environment-variables.txt’ at the end of the current variables. Ensure that you add a “,” after the last “}” as highlighted in the screenshot below before pasting the additional variables from the file.



```
[
  {
    "name": "APPLICATIONINSIGHTS",
    "value": "InstrumentationKey",
    "slotSetting": false
  },
  {
    "name": "ApplicationInsights",
    "value": "~3",
    "slotSetting": false
  },
  {
    "name": "XDT_MicrosoftApplic",
    "value": "default",
    "slotSetting": false
  },
  {
    "name": "AZURE_COSMOS_DE",
    "value": "voice_",
    "slotSetting": false
  }
]
```

Note, the Azure_Speech_Deployment is the name of the custom endpoint chosen for the speech service defined earlier. You can find this on the speech service under Endpoint, found after https:// and before .cognitiveservices.

3. After adding the environment variables go to CORS in Allowed Origins, add * then click save.

19. Configuring & Deploying the Static Web App

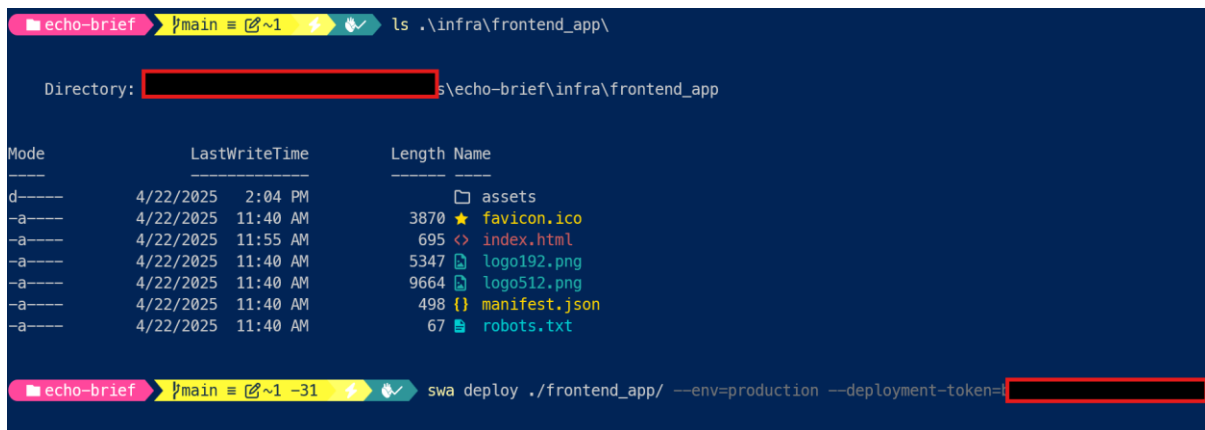
1. Open CMD and change directory to \echo-brief\infra\frontend_app

Access the Azure portal and navigate to your Static Web App service and copy the deployment token.



In the same command prompt run this command.

`swa deploy ./out --env=production --deployment-token=<deployment token>`



if you get “Failure Reason: Could not load StaticSitesClient metadata from remote. Please check your internet connection.” Your firewall may be blocking access to the Azure static Web app CLI.

20. Deploying the Function App

To deploy the Function App:

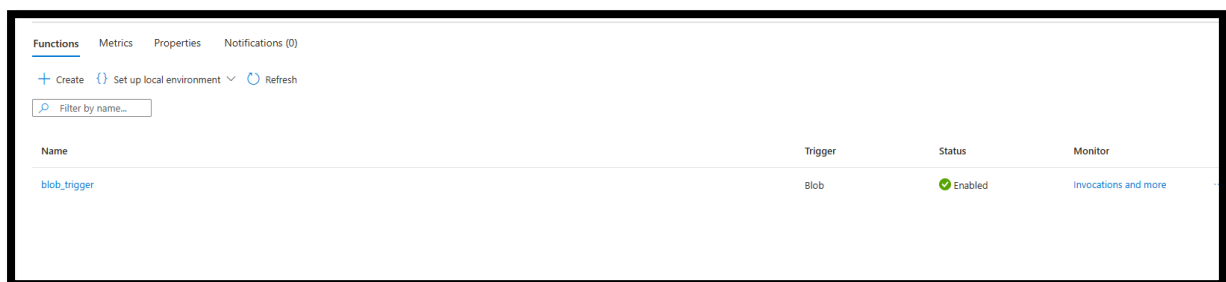
1. Open CMD, Change directory to \echo-brief\az-func-audio and run this command to zip the function app.

```
tar -a -c -f ../output.zip *
```

2. then change directory to \echo-brief and then run this Azure CLI deployment command to deploy the Function App.

```
az functionapp deployment source config-zip --subscription <subscriptionID> -  
-resource-group <resourcegroupname> --name <functionappname> --src  
output.zip --build-remote true
```

3. Navigate to the Function app in the Azure Portal, on the overview page you should see the function “blob_trigger”



21. Deploying the Backend App

1. Open Command prompt and change directory to \echo-brief\backend_app and run this command to create a zip file.

```
tar -a -c -f ../backend.zip app requirements.txt
```

2. change directory to \echo-brief\ and then run the following command to deploy the backend code to the web app.

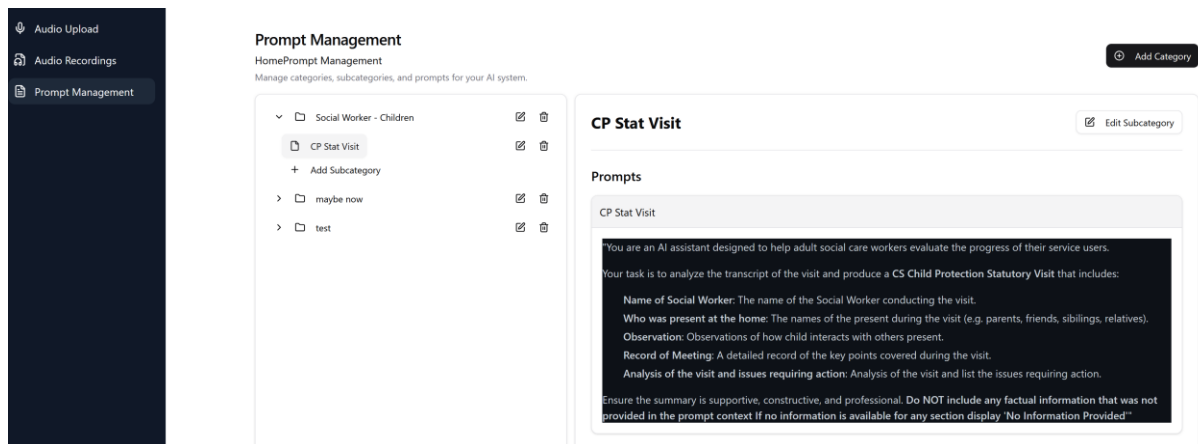
```
az webapp deployment source config-zip --resource-group <resource-group-  
name> --name <web-app-name> --src backend.zip
```

Once deployed you should get a ‘Site Started Successfully’ message.

```
Getting scm site credentials for zip deployment
Starting zip deployment. This operation can take a while to complete ...
Deployment endpoint responded with status code 202
Polling the status of async deployment. Start Time: 2025-03-06 11:54:50.044122+00:00 UTC
Status: Received build request... Time: 0(s)
Status: Building the app... Time: 16(s)
Status: Building the app... Time: 31(s)
Status: Building the app... Time: 47(s)
Status: Building the app... Time: 64(s)
Status: Building the app... Time: 80(s)
Status: Building the app... Time: 96(s)
Status: Build successful. Time: 111(s)
Status: Starting the site... Time: 126(s)
Status: Starting the site... Time: 142(s)
Status: Site started successfully. Time: 157(s)
{
```

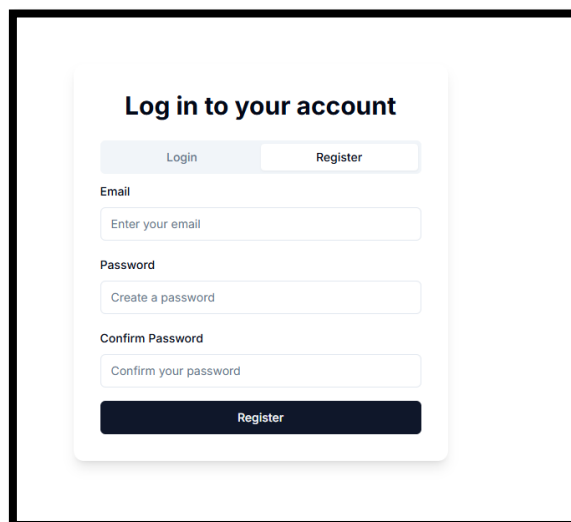
22. Adding Prompts for Transcription Summary (Optional)

1. Using UI



The screenshot displays the 'Prompt Management' interface. On the left, a sidebar contains 'Audio Upload', 'Audio Recordings', and 'Prompt Management' (selected). The main area is titled 'Prompt Management' and 'HomePrompt Management'. It shows a tree view of categories: 'Social Worker - Children' (expanded), 'CP Stat Visit' (selected), 'Add Subcategory', 'maybe now', and 'test'. The right panel shows the 'CP Stat Visit' prompt details, including a description of the AI assistant's role and a list of prompts to be generated.

2. (Using Cli) Navigate to the transcription services frontend and register an account.
This can be found on the overview page on the Static WebApp.



The screenshot shows a 'Log in to your account' form. It has a title 'Log in to your account' and two tabs: 'Login' and 'Register'. The form contains three input fields: 'Email' (with placeholder 'Enter your email'), 'Password' (with placeholder 'Create a password'), and 'Confirm Password' (with placeholder 'Confirm your password'). There are three buttons: 'Login' (disabled), 'Register' (disabled), and a 'Register' button at the bottom.

3. Edit the prompts.sh file downloaded as part of the repo. Fill in the details (backend url, username and password.) Right click an empty space in the folder where prompts.sh is and click “open git bash here”. Then run “./prompts.sh”.

```
$ ./prompts.sh
Attempting to login...
Successfully Obtained Bearer token
Creating prompt 'Social Worker - Childr
Successfully created prompt 'Social Worl
Creating prompt 'Social Worker - Childr
Successfully created prompt 'Social Worl
Creating prompt 'Social Worker - Childr
Successfully created prompt 'Social Worl
'
Creating prompt 'Fostering Record of In
Successfully created prompt 'Fostering !
Creating prompt 'Social Worker - Adult -
Successfully created prompt 'Social Worl
All prompts have been created successfu
Script execution complete.
Press Enter to exit...|
```