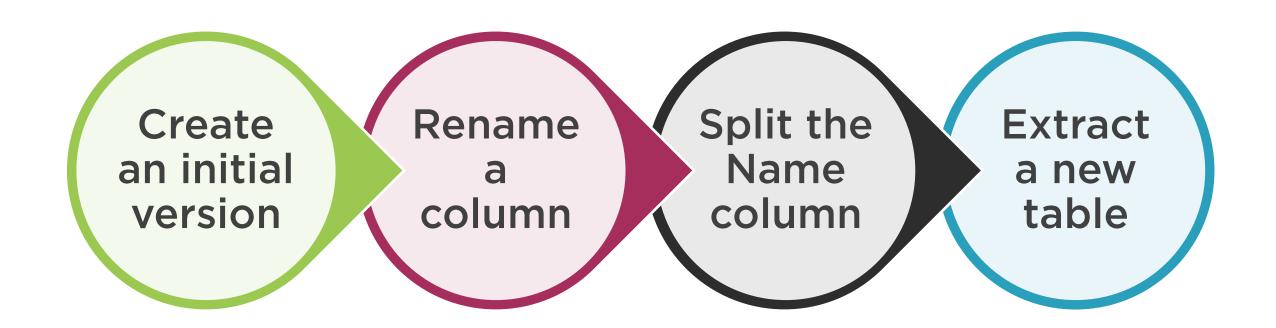
Applying the State-based Approach to Database Delivery



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Outline



Creating an Initial Snapshot

SQL Compare from Redgate

SQL Server Data Tools (SSDT) from Microsoft



Recap: Creating an Initial Snapshot



Created a declarative model



State of the current DB version



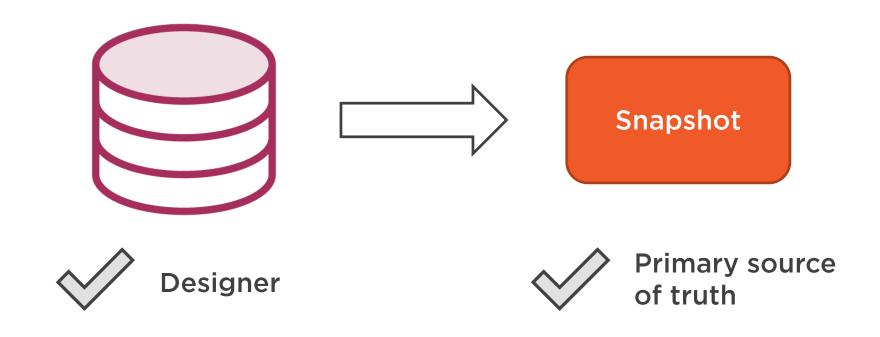
Describes the desired state of the target DB



Tracks history of each individual object

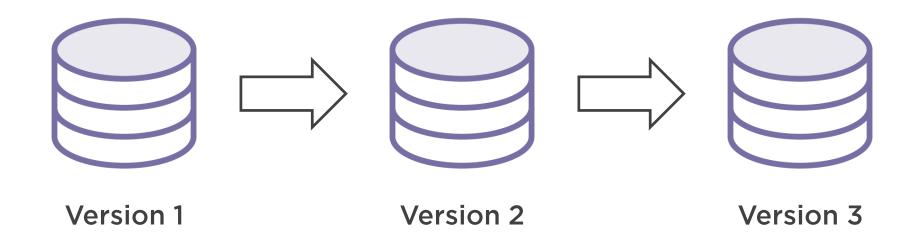


Recap: Creating an Initial Snapshot





Versioning





Simplifies tracking the differences



Versioning

Table:

	Column Name	Data Type	Allow Nulls
8	Name	nvarchar(200)	
	Value	nvarchar(200)	

Version:

Name	Value
Version	1

12

1.2.3



Handling Merge Conflicts



SELECT u.UserID, u.Name FROM dbo.[User] u



SELECT u.UserID, u.Name
FROM dbo.[User] u

```
SELECT u.UserID, u.Name, u.Email
FROM dbo.[User] u
```

SELECT u.UserID, u.Name, u.Status
FROM dbo.[User] u



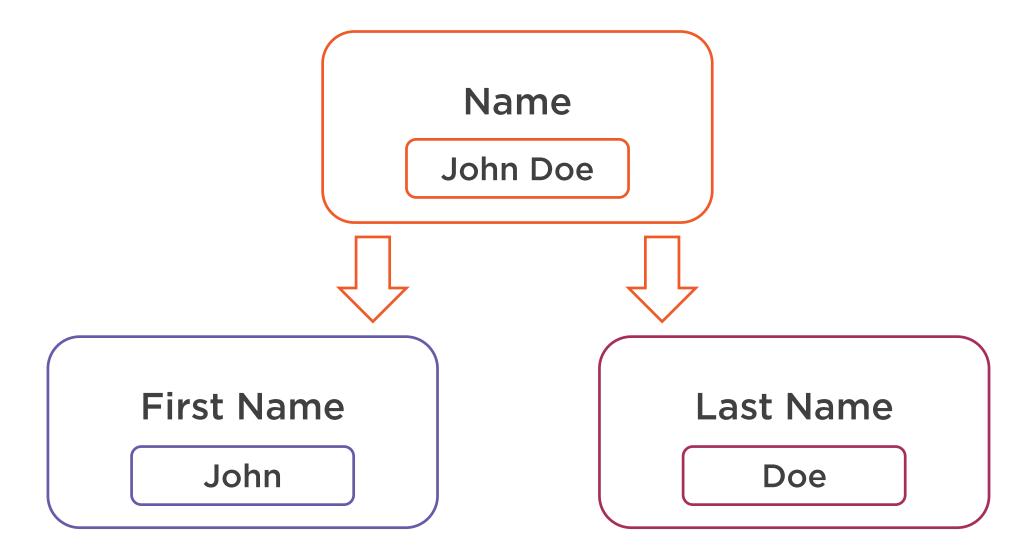
Handling Merge Conflicts



Resolving conflicts is a straightforward process



Splitting the Name Column

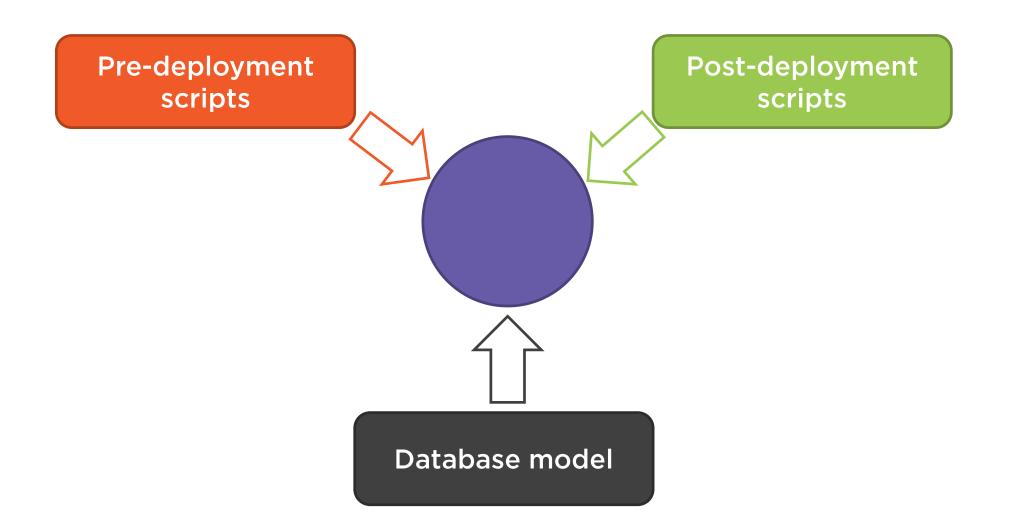


Recap: Splitting the Name Column

Split the Name column 2-step approach **Alternatively** Make them non-Made FirstName **Pre-deployment** nullable in the and LastName script post-deployment nullable script Don't forget to Post-deployment Marked them as update the model script non-nullable after deployment



Recap: Splitting the Name Column



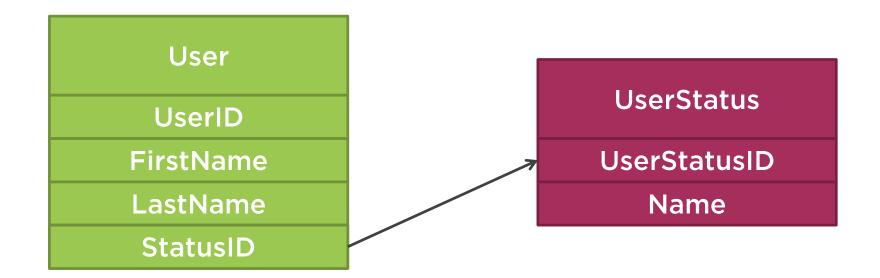


Extracting a User Status Table

User
UserID
FirstName
LastName
Status

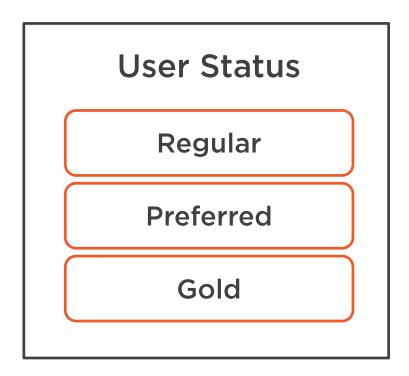


Extracting a User Status Table





Defining Reference Data





Database drift

Drift is any change to the database schema or reference data that was made outside of the normal delivery process.



Database Drifts



Try to avoid database drifts



Database Drifts

Database drift

Reflect the change in the model

Otherwise, SSDT will roll it back

Compare the model and production before each deployment

Compare both the schema and the reference data



Summary



The state-based approach to database delivery

- Declarative model

Creating an initial snapshot and setting up versioning

Refactoring the schema

- Renaming a column
- Changing the stored procedure
- Splitting a column into two
- Extracting a table

Handling merge conflicts

Working with reference data

Dealing with database drifts



In the Next Module

Applying the migration-based approach

