



All about The Internet of Things

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Microsoft Tech Evangelist

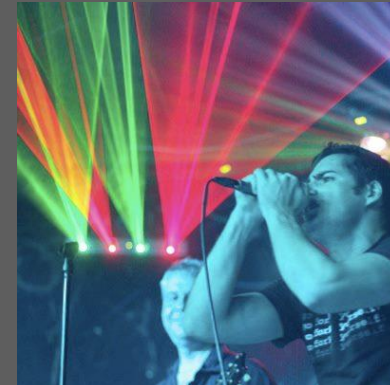
Who am I?

Paul DeCarlo | @pjdecarlo

- Sr. Technology Evangelist
- Blog pjdecarlo.com
- pdecarlo@microsoft.com

Fun Stuff

- Current Hometown of Houston, TX
- Sing in a Band
- Love the outdoors
- Met Satya Nadella (CEO of MSFT)



IOT Hacks Are Cool



HelloHolo – Real Time Translating
Hologram TechCrunch Disrupt 2015



Internet of Trees

What is the “internet of things”

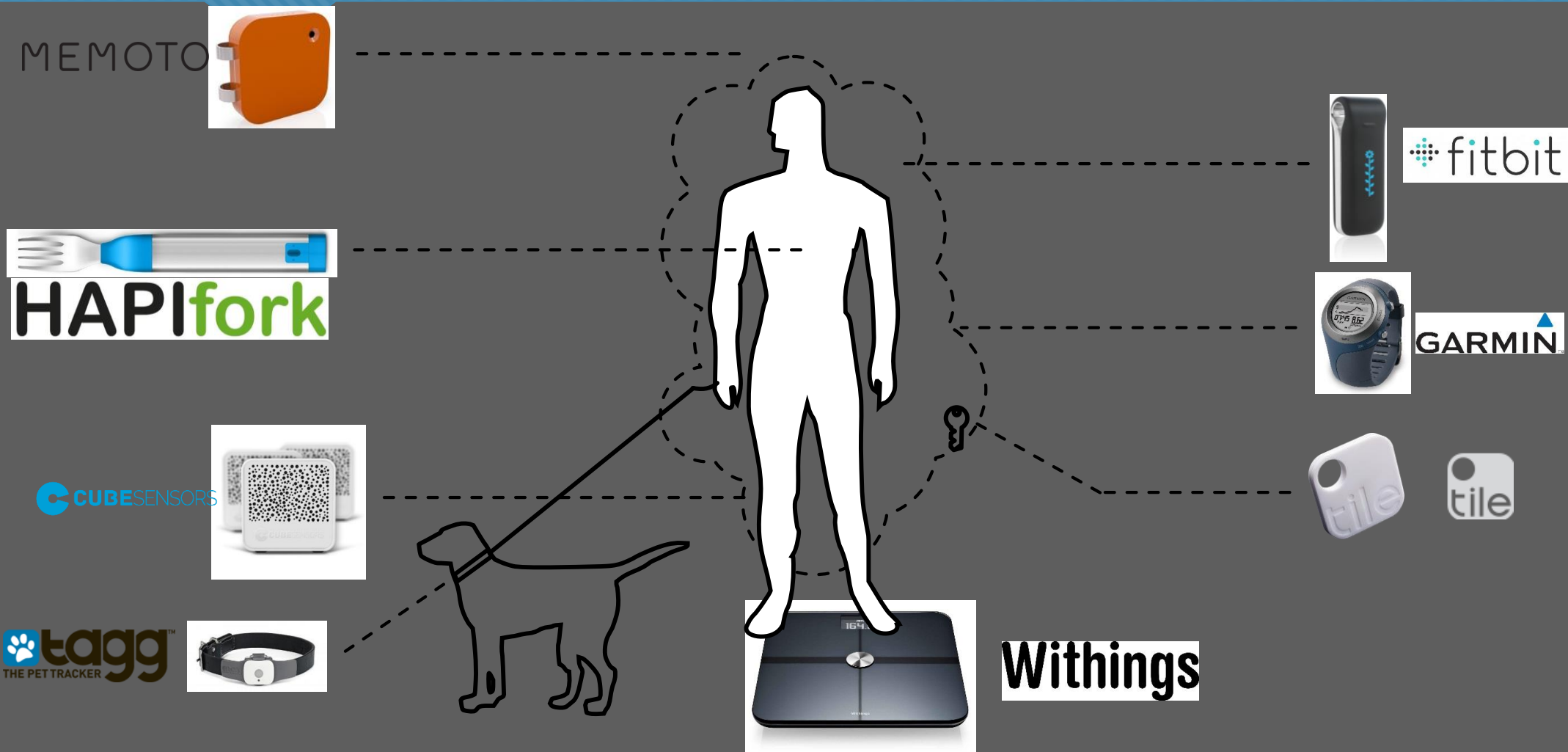
Internet of things

Syllabification (Inter•net of things)

noun

A proposed development of the Internet in which everyday objects have network connectivity, allowing them to send and receive data:

Examples



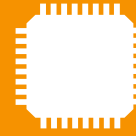
Enablers



Moore's Law



Low Power
Wireless



Low Power
CPUs



Standards



Cloud
Computing



Cloud Data
Storage



Crowdfunding

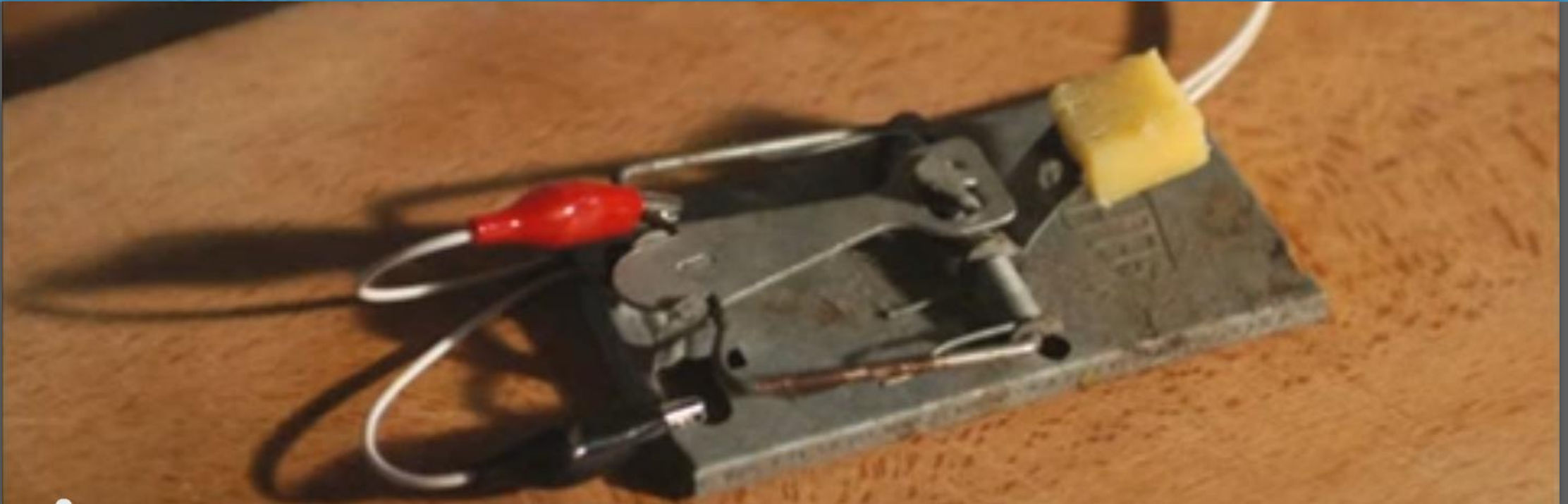


Toolsets &
Libraries



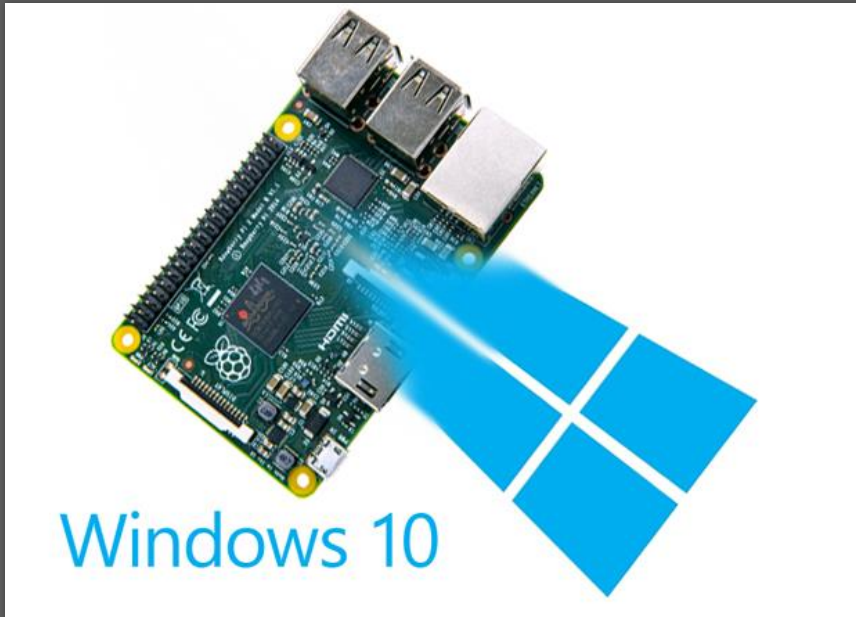
Rapid
Prototyping

Building a Better Mousetrap

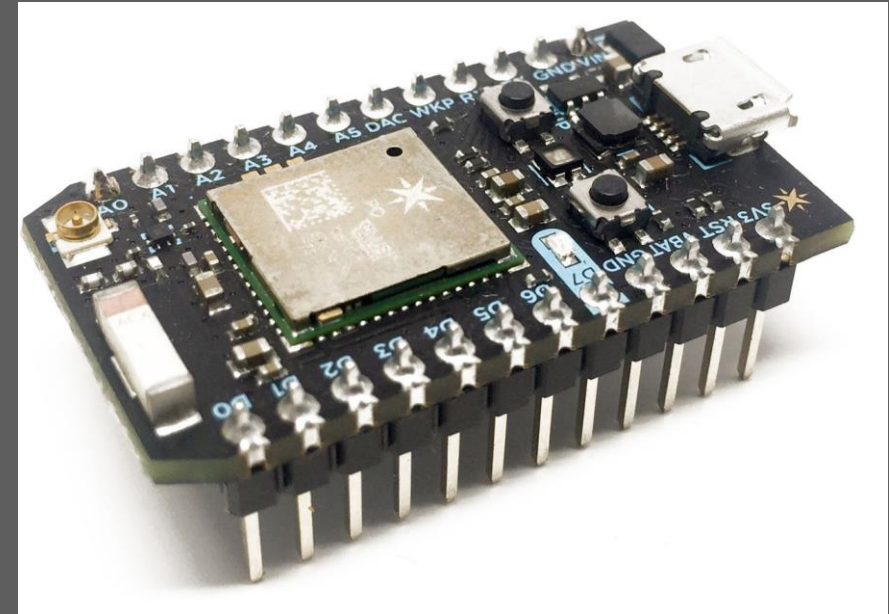


Source: "[TEDx Warwick – Andy Stanford-Clark – Innovation Begins at Home](#)"

Some Tools of the Trade

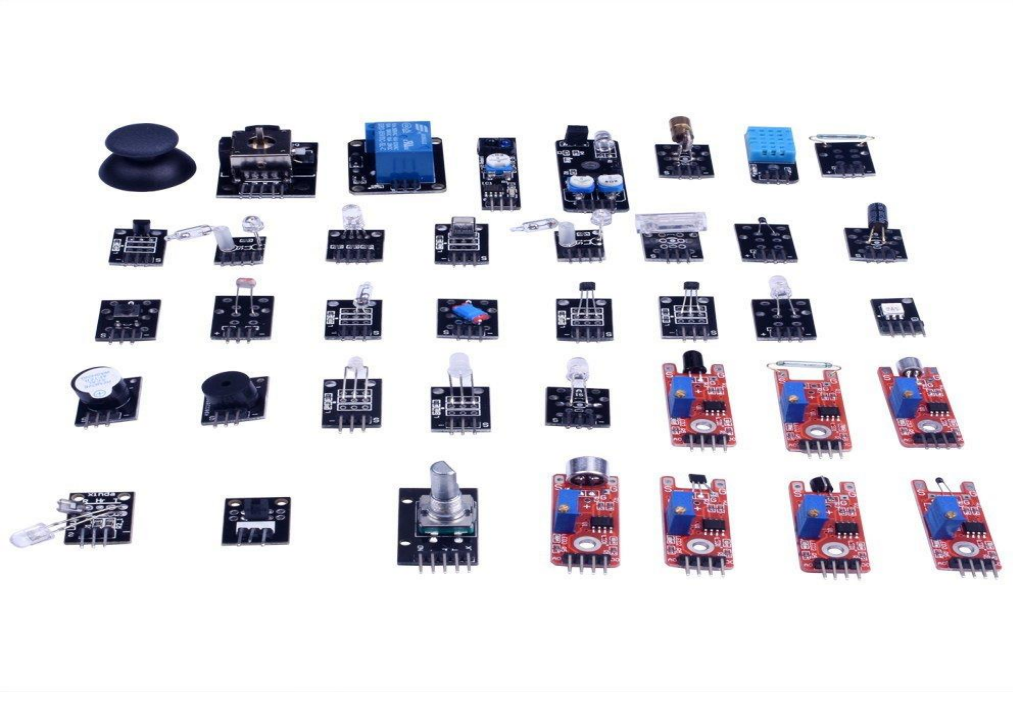


Raspberry Pi Microcomputer



Particle Photon Microcontroller

Sensors as building blocks



Common Scenarios:

- User Input
- Anomaly Detection
- Data Logging
- Control of external mechanism

How might you put them together?



Camera = eyes
GPS = location

Here's one idea, VR Drone Racing!



What else though?



Camera + GPS for navigation

Heat Sensor / Luminosity sensor to detect hot zones

Gas Sensor to detect smoke

Liquid sensor to know when to replenish water

Your turn!



Demonstration

- Follow Along @
- <http://connectthedotsdx.azurewebsites.net>

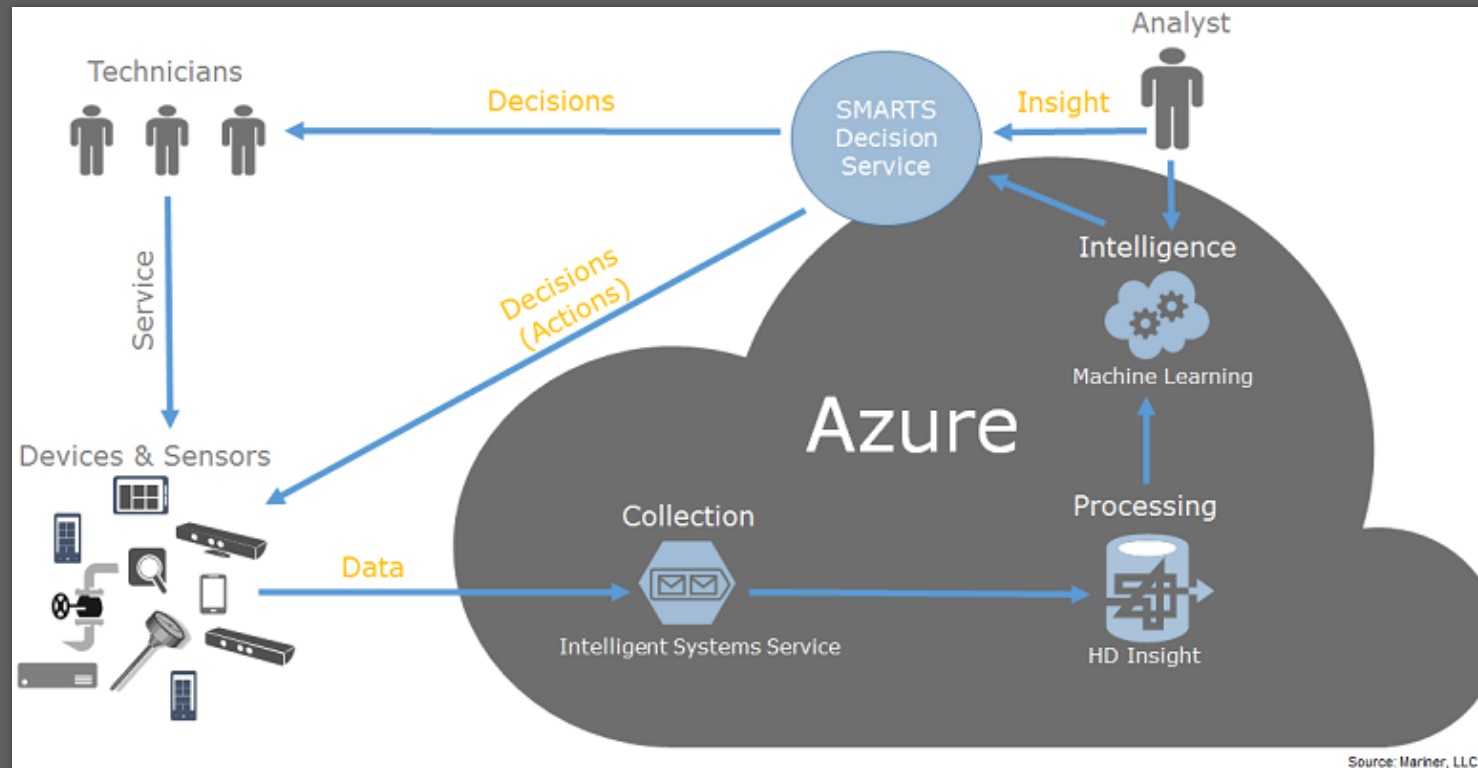
Extending IoT with the Cloud

Fleet
management

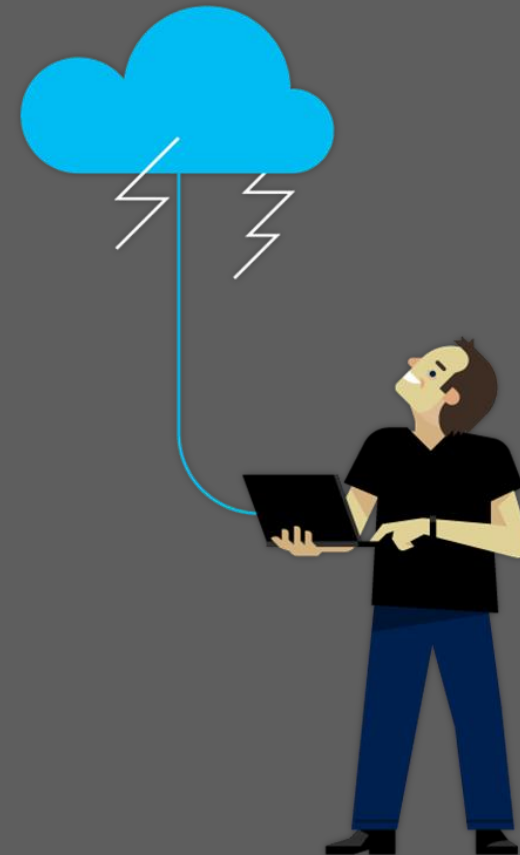
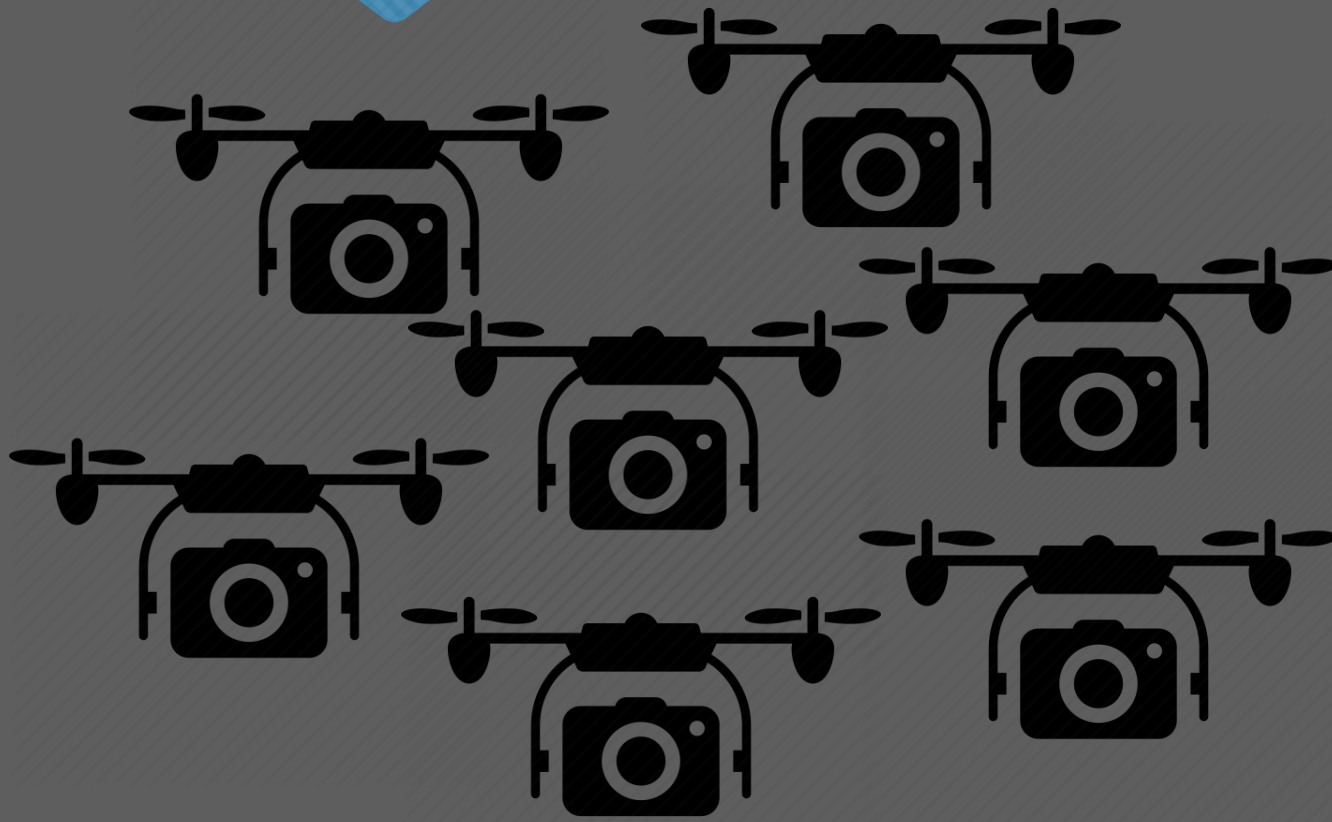
Data
Processing

Predictive
Modeling

Anomaly
Detection



How might you use IoT with the cloud?



Here's one idea, drone delivery drivers!



Now let's hear your ideas!



Conclusion

- IoT refers to Internet connected devices that capture and/or react to data online as well as the technologies which store and operate on that data
- IoT devices often employ sensors to sense the world around them, sometimes better than a human and other times in ways that humans can not even do
- IoT devices can collect data together and learn from each other using Machine Learning models, large datasets imply large computational power
- The Cloud allows for operating on large data sets received from IoT devices either in real-time or after the fact, often to create predictive insights

