

Upgrade to Modern Java

NFJS Webinar

Contact Info

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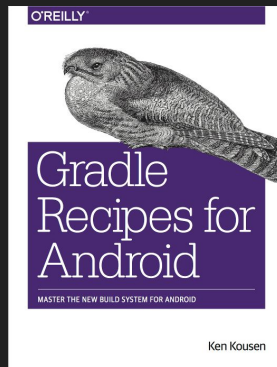
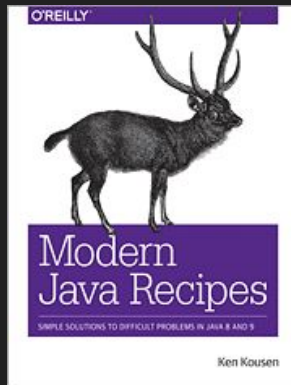
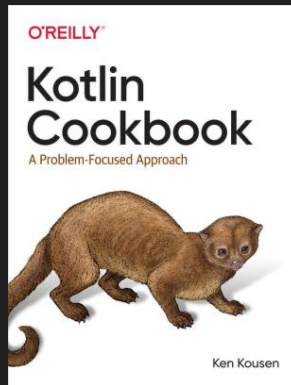
<http://www.kousenit.com>

<http://kousenit.org> (blog)

[@kenkousen](https://twitter.com/kenkousen) (twitter)

<https://kenkousen.substack.com>

(newsletter, *Tales from the jar side*)



New Book

Help Your Boss Help You

<https://pragprog.com/titles/kkmanage/help-your-boss-help-you/>



GitHub Repository

https://github.com/kousen/java_latest

Contains examples from Java 8 through 16, including preview features

Uses Gradle to build and run tests

Updated whenever new Java version is available

The Basics

- **Lambda** Expressions: `(args) → expression`
- Method References: `ref::method` and `Class::method`
- Streams: pass data through a pipeline

Functional Interface

Interface with a **Single Abstract Method**

Runnable, FileFilter, ...

Lambdas can **only** be assigned to
functional interfaces

Functional Interface

See `java.util.function` package

Package added in Java 8

Handles cases of zero, one, or two arguments

Functional Interfaces

Consumer → single arg, no result

```
void accept(T t)
```

Predicate → returns boolean

```
boolean test(T t)
```

Supplier → no arg, returns single result

```
T get()
```

Function → single arg, returns result

```
R apply(T t)
```


Functional Interfaces

Primitive and binary variations

Consumer

IntConsumer, LongConsumer,

DoubleConsumer,

BiConsumer<T,U>

Functional Interfaces

BiFunction \rightarrow binary function from T and U to R

R apply(T, U)

UnaryOperator extends Function
(T and R same type)

BinaryOperator extends BiFunction
(T, U, and R same type)

Method References

Method references use :: notation

`System.out::println`

`x → System.out.println(x)`

`Math::max`

`(x,y) → Math.max(x,y)`

`String::length`

`x → x.length()`

`String::compareToIgnoreCase`

`(x,y) → x.compareToIgnoreCase(y)`

Default methods

Default methods in interfaces

Use keyword `default`

Default methods

What if there is a conflict?

Class vs Interface → **Class always wins**

Interface vs Interface →

- Child overrides parent

- Otherwise compiler error

Static methods in interfaces

Can add static methods to interfaces

See `Comparator.comparing`

Streams

A **sequence** of elements

Does not store the elements

Does not change the source

Operations are **lazy** when possible

Intermediate operations return a new stream

Closed when **terminal** expression reached

Streams

Easy to parallelize

Replace `stream()` with
`parallelStream()`

Transforming Streams

Process data from one stream into another

```
filter(Predicate<T> p)
```

```
map(Function<T,R> mapper)
```

```
Stream<R> flatMap(Function<T, Stream<R>> mapper)
```

Optional

Alternative to returning object or null

`Optional<T>` value

`isPresent()` → boolean

`get()` → return the value

Goal is to return a default if value is null

Optional

`ifPresent()` accepts a consumer

```
optional.ifPresent( ... do something ...)
```

`orElse()` provides an alternative

```
optional.orElse(... default ...)
```

```
optional.orElseGet(Supplier<? extends T> other)
```

```
optional.orElseThrow(Supplier<? extends X> exSupplier)
```

Deferred execution

Logging

```
log.info("x = " + x + ", y = " + y);
```

String formed even if not info level

```
log.info(() -> "x = " + x + ", y = " + y);
```

Only runs if at info level

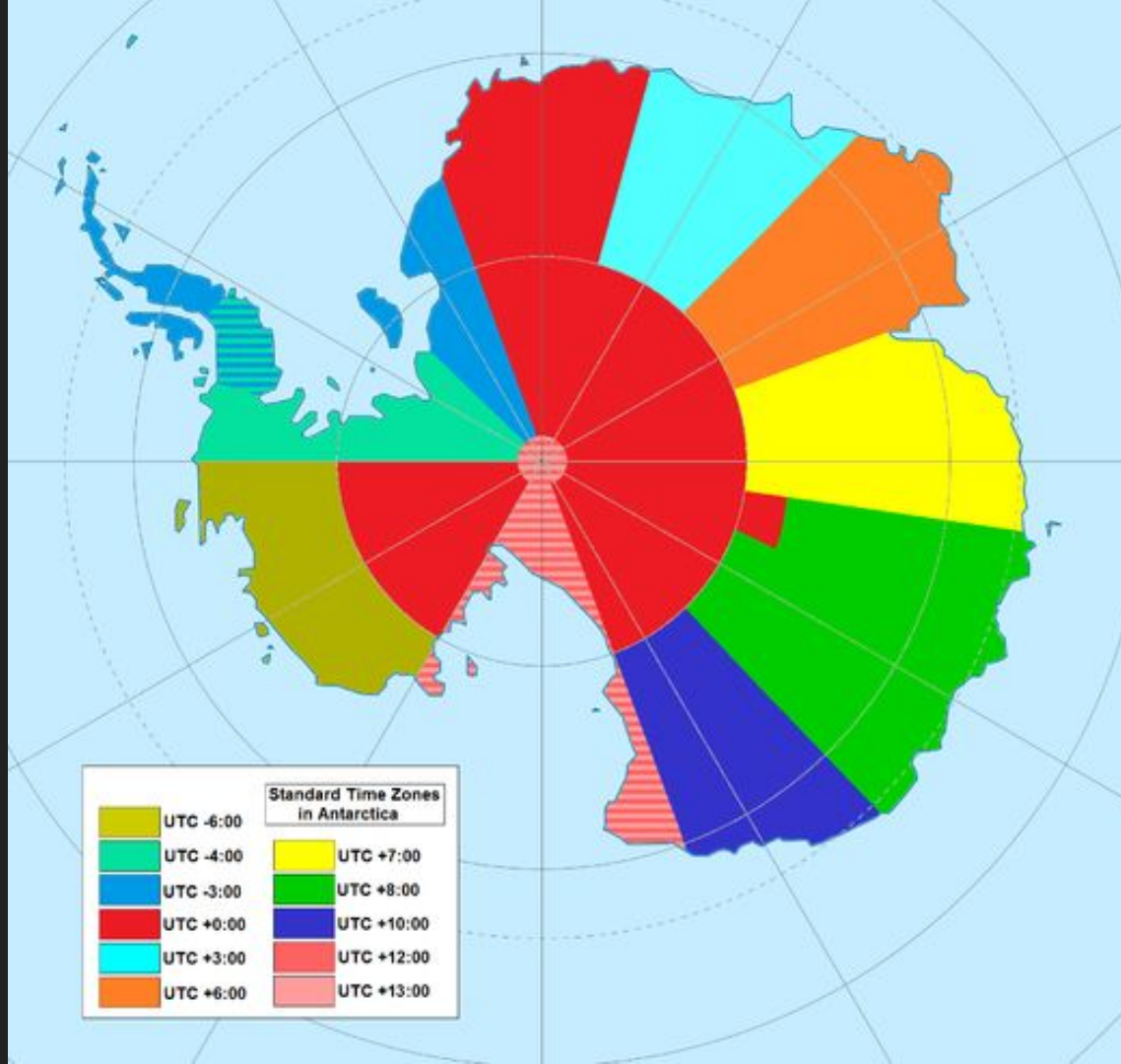
Arg is a `Supplier<String>`

Date and Time API

`java.util.Date` is a disaster

`java.util.Calendar` isn't much better

Now we have `java.time`



Dates and Times

Java 8 Date-Time: `java.time` package

`AntarcticaTimeZones.java`

Collection Factory Methods (JDK 9)

List.of, Set.of, Map.of, Map.ofEntries

Collection Factory Methods

```
List.of(a, b, b, c, ...)
```

```
Set.of(a, b, b, c, ...)
```

```
Map.of(k1, v1, k2, v2, k3, v3, ...)
```

```
Map.ofEntries(  
    Map.entry(k1, v1),  
    Map.entry(k2, v2),  
    Map.entry(k3, v3), ...)
```

Local Variable Type Inference (JDK 10 and 11)

The var reserved type name

var Data Type

Local variables only

- No fields
- No method parameters
- No method return types

var is a "reserved type name", not a keyword

Can also use on

- for loops
- try-with-resources blocks

Features You Should Probably Know

HTTP Client (JDK 11)

Built-in sync and async networking

HTTP 2 Client

New HTTP Client API

Supports HTTP/2 and websockets

Replaces HTTPURLConnection

Both synchronous and asynchronous modes

JShell (JDK 9)

The Java REPL

JShell

Java interpreter

<https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/11/jshell/introduction-jshell.html>

> jshell (or add -v for verbose)

jshell>

/exit to leave

No semicolons needed

Enhanced Switch (JDK 14)

Makes switch useable

Enhanced Switch

- Expressions **return a value**
- Arrow rather than colon → **no fall through**
- Multiple case labels
- Statement blocks → **yield**
- **Exhaustive**

Text Blocks (JDK 15)

Multiline Strings

Text Blocks

- Use "triple double" quotes (""") *and a newline*
- Indentation based on closing """)
- `stripIndent`, `indent`, `translateEscapes`

Records (JDK16)

Data classes

Records

- Intended to hold data
- Add attributes using constructor syntax
- generates getter methods (but not following the convention!)
- final
- extends `java.lang.Record`
- generates `toString`, `equals`, and `hashCode`
- can add static fields

Pattern Matching (JDK 16)

Modifies instanceof

Pattern matching

- Enhances the `instanceof` operator
- `if (shape instanceof Square s) → use square methods on s`
- Like a "smart cast"

See also "**Java Feature Spotlight: Pattern Matching**"

by Brian Goetz in InfoQ

<https://www.infoq.com/articles/java-pattern-matching/>

Sealed Classes (JDK 15 and 16 **preview**)

- Sealed classes (or interfaces!) can only be extended by permission
- Use **sealed** modifier
- Use **permits** clause for subclasses
- Use **non-sealed** to open up children
 - First ever Java keyword with a hyphen :)
- Children are open unless final
- All classes must be in the same module
 - If unnamed module, same package

Sealed classes

```
1 package com.example.geometry;
2
3 public abstract sealed class Shape
4     permits Circle, Rectangle, Square {...}
5
6 public final class Circle extends Shape {...}
7
8 public sealed class Rectangle extends Shape
9     permits TransparentRectangle, FilledRectangle {...}
10 public final class TransparentRectangle extends Rectangle {...}
11 public final class FilledRectangle extends Rectangle {...}
12
13 public non-sealed class Square extends Shape {...}
```



MADE WITH

Codye

Miscellaneous Features

Deprecated Annotation

`@Deprecated` now has fields:

- `forRemoval`
- `since`

Tool `jdeprscan` to scan a jar file for deprecated uses

SafeVarargs (JDK 9)

Until Java 8, `@SafeVarargs` could only be applied to:

- static methods
- final methods
- constructors

In Java 9, can add `@SafeVarargs` to private methods

Features You Can Probably Skip

The Module System (JDK 9)

JPMS

Module descriptors

`module-info.java`

exports, requires, opens, ...

Quick start guide:

<http://openjdk.java.net/projects/jigsaw/quick-start>

State of the Module System

<http://openjdk.java.net/projects/jigsaw/spec/sotms/>

Summary

- Functional programming
 - Streams with map / filter / reduce
 - Lambda expressions
 - Method references
 - Concurrent, parallel streams
- Optional type
- Collectors and Comparators
 - Conversion from stream back to collections
 - Enable sorting, partitioning, and grouping
- Date/Time API
 - Good reason to upgrade