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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 388

BY REVENUE AND TAXATION COMMITTEE

AN ACT 1 RELATING TO TAXATION; AMENDING TITLE 63, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW 2 CHAPTER 26, TITLE 63, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A SHORT TITLE, TO PROVIDE 3 LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT, TO DEFINE TERMS, TO ESTABLISH PROVI-4 5 SIONS REGARDING THE AUTHORITY FOR COUNTY RESIDENTS TO APPROVE AND THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS TO ADOPT, IMPLEMENT, AND COLLECT A COUNTY 6 TRANSIENT ROOM TAX, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING CERTAIN GENERAL 7 PROVISIONS, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING AUTHORIZED USES, TO ES-8 TABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING THE COUNTY PROPERTY TAX RELIEF FUND, AND 9 10 TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING THE COLLECTION, ADMINISTRATION, AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE COUNTY TRANSIENT ROOM TAX BY THE STATE TAX COMMIS-11 SION; AMENDING SECTION 63-1804, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS RE-12 GARDING CERTAIN DUTIES OF OWNERS OF SHORT-TERM RENTAL PROPERTIES AND TO 13 MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING AN 14 15 EFFECTIVE DATE.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Title 63, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW CHAPTER</u>, to be known and designated as Chapter 26, Title 63, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

20 CHAPTER 26 21 COUNTY PROPERTY TAX RELIEF

63-2601. SHORT TITLE. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "County Property Tax Relief Act."

63-2602. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS. The legislature finds that the increased influx of people traveling to counties for conventions, higher education, recreation, sporting events, and tourism has created a drain on county services that is borne by residential property owners to an inequitable degree. In addition, the close proximity of a large population center to a county has the additional effect of requiring the county to service the needs of persons traveling to the county on a short-term basis, an effect that is also met by residential property owners of a county to an inequitable degree. The legislature finds that it is equitable to shift this tax burden in part from residential property owners in a county to the visitors utilizing county services. The legislature also finds that this objective must be subject to the approval and supervision of the voters of the county both through their elected county commissioners and through direct input at the ballot box.

63-2603. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

(1) "Campground" means any privately owned business that rents areas or places used for camping or parking campers, travel trailers, motorhomes, or tents.

- (2) "County property tax relief fund" means the fund created by a county that assesses a county transient room tax that is dedicated to the reduction of county property tax budgets.
- (3) "County transient room tax" means a tax levied by the county on a sale by a hotel, motel, short-term rental, vacation rental, or campground.
- (4) "Hotel" or "motel" means an establishment that provides lodging to members of the public for a fee and includes condominiums, townhouses, or any other establishment that makes a sale as defined in this section.
- (5) "Sale" means the renting of a place to sleep to an individual by a hotel, motel, short-term rental, vacation rental, or campground for a period of less than thirty-one (31) continuous days. "Sale" shall not include the renting of a place to sleep to an individual by the Idaho Ronald McDonald House.
- (6) "Short-term rental" or "vacation rental" means any individually or collectively owned single-family house or dwelling unit; any unit or group of units in a condominium, cooperative, or timeshare; or an owner-occupied residential home that is offered for rent for a fee for thirty (30) days or less.
- 63-2604. AUTHORITY FOR COUNTY RESIDENTS TO APPROVE AND THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS TO ADOPT, IMPLEMENT, AND COLLECT COUNTY TRANSIENT ROOM TAX. The qualified electors of any county within the state of Idaho shall hereby have the authority to authorize the board of county commissioners of their county to adopt, implement, and collect a county transient room tax not to exceed three percent (3%) of the sales price of any sale within such county. The board of county commissioners of any county shall hereby have the authority to adopt, implement, and collect a county transient room tax as provided in this chapter, if approved by a majority of all votes cast by the qualified electors of the county voting in an election conducted on the first Tuesday following the first Monday in November. No county transient room tax may be presented to county voters for approval or modification for a period of eleven (11) months after an election to approve or disapprove such tax. The question presented to the voters of a county shall state the rate of the county transient room tax, the duration of the tax, and the purpose of the tax.
- 63-2605. GENERAL PROVISIONS. Prior to collecting the tax authorized under this chapter, the board of county commissioners shall adopt an ordinance that:
 - (1) States and defines the specific tax to be assessed;
- (2) States the exact purpose or purposes for which revenues derived from the tax will be used;
- (3) States and defines the percentage of the tax to be used for property tax relief, provided that such amount shall not be less than fifty percent (50%) of the annual revenue from the tax; and
 - (4) States the duration of the tax.

63-2606. AUTHORIZED USES. The board of county commissioners may only use the tax revenue collected pursuant to this chapter for the following purposes:

- (1) To pay for property tax relief for the homeowners of the county as provided in this chapter;
- (2) To pay for the following public safety services provided by the county:
 - (a) Law enforcement services;

- (b) Search and rescue services;
- (c) Emergency medical services; and
- (d) Fire protection services; and
- (3) To pay ambulance service districts and fire protection districts in the county if such districts provide emergency medical or fire protection services in the county. Such districts shall be entitled to an apportionment of the tax revenue as provided in this subsection.
 - (a) The county auditor shall quarterly apportion and distribute no more than fifty percent (50%) of tax collections to the county and to each ambulance service district and fire protection district in the county.
 - (b) Funds shall be apportioned to the county and each ambulance service district and fire protection district in the county based on the proportion each such district's current nonexempt property tax budget bears to the sum of the current nonexempt property tax budgets of the county and all such ambulance service districts and fire protection districts in the county. Each year, starting with the distribution for the quarter ending December 31, the county auditor shall calculate the distribution pursuant to this subsection based on the county's and each district's current nonexempt property tax budgets. When an ambulance service district or fire protection district is situated in more than one (1) county, only the portion attributable to the ambulance service district or fire protection district from each county in which it is situated shall be used in the apportionment of the tax revenue.
 - (c) If ambulance service districts or fire protection districts are consolidated, the resulting district is entitled to an amount equal to the sum of the amounts received in the last calendar quarter by each district prior to the consolidation.
 - (d) If an ambulance service district or fire protection district is dissolved or disincorporated after the apportionment of funds has been determined pursuant to this subsection, the county auditor shall distribute such district's portion of funds to the county until the next calendar year, at which time the funds shall be reapportioned as provided for in this subsection.
 - (e) A county, ambulance service district, or fire district shall use funds received under the provisions of this chapter only for the purposes provided for in this section.
- 63-2607. COUNTY PROPERTY TAX RELIEF FUND. (1) Any county assessing a tax pursuant to this chapter shall create and establish in the office of the county treasurer a county property tax relief fund into which shall be placed a minimum of fifty percent (50%) of any revenues received from the county transient room tax.

(2) On or before the second Monday in September of each year, the county treasurer shall submit to the board of county commissioners a statement showing the balance in the county property tax relief fund as of September 1 of that year. The balance of the moneys reflected in such statement shall be used to reduce the amount of the property tax portion of the county's budget for that year. For the purposes of the budget limitations provided in section 63-802, Idaho Code, the amount of such revenues that are applied to reduce the county's property tax portion of its budget shall not reduce the amount that a county may increase the property tax portion of its budget and shall be deemed to be included in the amount of property tax revenue certified by the county pursuant to section 63-803, Idaho Code.

- (3) The moneys applied to reduce the property tax portion of the county's budget shall be designated as a line item credit against the total of county property taxes on the property tax bill for each property owner paying county property taxes in the year such moneys were applied.
- (4) By no later than December 20 of each year, the county treasurer shall transfer an amount equal to the balance in the county property tax relief fund as of September 1 of that year to the county current expense fund for the reduction in the property tax portion of the budget as provided in this section.
- 63-2608. COLLECTION AND ADMINISTRATION OF COUNTY TRANSIENT ROOM TAX BY STATE TAX COMMISSION -- DISTRIBUTION. (1) Any county that has levied a tax pursuant to this chapter may contract with the state tax commission for the collection and administration of such taxes in like manner and under the definitions, rules, and regulations of the state tax commission for the collection and administration of the state sales tax under chapter 36, title 63, Idaho Code. A county that levies such tax shall have the right to review and audit the records of collection thereof maintained by the commission and the returns of taxpayers relating to such tax. Alternatively, such county shall have authority to administer and collect such tax on its own.
- (2) All revenues collected by the state tax commission pursuant to this chapter shall be distributed as follows:
 - (a) An amount shall be distributed to the state refund account sufficient to pay current refund claims. All refunds authorized by the state tax commission to be paid shall be paid through the state refund account and those moneys are continuously appropriated;
 - (b) An amount shall be distributed to the state tax commission equal to the fee as may be agreed on between the state tax commission and the county for the actual cost of the collection and administration of the tax. The amount retained by the state tax commission shall not exceed the amount authorized to be expended by appropriation by the legislature; and
 - (c) All remaining moneys received pursuant to this chapter shall be placed in an account designated by the state controller and remitted monthly to the county levying such tax.
- SECTION 2. That Section 63-1804, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

63-1804. LIMITING TAX DUTIES OF SHORT-TERM RENTAL MARKETPLACES -- COLLECTION OF TAX. (1) A local government may not levy a sales, use, franchise, receipts, or other similar tax or fee on the business of operating a short-term rental marketplace.

- (2) A short-term rental marketplace shall register with the state tax commission for collection, reporting, and payment of sales and use and travel and convention taxes levied by this state and any applicable local government taxes administered by the state tax commission on short-term rentals and vacation rentals due from a lodging operator on any lodging transaction facilitated by the short-term rental marketplace.
- (3) A short-term rental marketplace shall collect, report, and pay taxes imposed on the lodging operator or occupant of a short-term rental or vacation rental by any local government.
- (4) Any local government that has levied a tax pursuant to statutory authorization, may contract with the state tax commission for the collection and administration of such taxes in like manner and under definitions and rules of the state tax commission for the collection and administration of the state sales or use tax under chapter 36, title 63, Idaho Code. Alternatively, such local government shall have authority to administer and collect such tax. All revenues collected on behalf of the local governments by the state tax commission pursuant to this chapter shall be distributed as follows: An amount of money shall be distributed to the state refund fund sufficient to pay current refund claims. All refunds authorized by the commission to be paid shall be paid through the state refund fund and those moneys are continuously appropriated. The state tax commission may retain an amount of money equal to such fee as may be agreed upon on between the state tax commission and such local government for the actual cost of the collection and administration of the tax. The amount retained by the commission shall not exceed the amount authorized to be expended by appropriation by the legislature. Any unencumbered balance in excess of the actual cost at the end of each fiscal year shall be distributed as provided in this section. All remaining moneys received pursuant to this chapter shall be placed in a fund designated by the state controller and remitted monthly to the local government levying such tax.
- $\underline{\text{(5)}}$ If the owner of a short-term rental offers a short-term rental or vacation rental directly to an occupant without the use of a short-term rental marketplace, such owner shall comply with all of the requirements of this section.
- (5) (6) A short-term rental marketplace or owner of a short-term rental that has not facilitated a lodging transaction in Idaho shall have forty-five (45) days to comply with this section upon completion of their such marketplace's or owner's first lodging transaction in Idaho.
- SECTION 3. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2025.