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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 195

BY HEALTH AND WELFARE COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO CHIROPRACTIC PRACTICE; AMENDING SECTION 54-703, IDAHO CODE, TO
3	REVISE DEFINITIONS AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION
4	54-704, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING CHIROPRACTIC PRAC-
5	TICE AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 54-705, IDAHO
6	CODE, TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE; AMENDING SECTION 54-707,
7	IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE THE BOARD'S RULEMAKING AUTHORITY; AMENDING CHAP-
8	TER 7, TITLE 54, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 54-707A,
9	IDAHO CODE, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING FEES; AMENDING SECTION
10	54-708, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING LICENSES AND TO PRO-
11	VIDE FOR CERTIFICATION IN CLINICAL NUTRITION; AMENDING CHAPTER 7, TITLE
12	54, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 54-716, IDAHO CODE, TO
13	PROVIDE REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMINISTERING CERTAIN PRESCRIPTION PRODUCTS;
14	AMENDING CHAPTER 7, TITLE 54, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SEC-
15	TION 54-717, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTIFICATION IN
16	CLINICAL NUTRITION: AND AMENDING SECTION 54-1734 IDAHO CODE TO PRO-

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 54-703, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

POSSESS CERTAIN LEGEND DRUGS AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION.

VIDE THAT CHIROPRACTIC PHYSICIANS CERTIFIED IN CLINICAL NUTRITION MAY

- 54-703. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter, the terms defined in this section shall have the following meaning, unless the context clearly indicates another meaning:
- (1) "Acceptable school of chiropractic" means any school of chiropractic that meets the standards or requirements of a national chiropractic school accrediting organization acceptable to the board or that has status as a candidate for accreditation before such organization.
 - (2) "Board" means the state board of chiropractic physicians.
- (3) "License to practice chiropractic" means a license issued by the board to a person who has graduated from an acceptable school of chiropractic and who has fulfilled the licensure requirements of this chapter.
 - (4) "Person" means a natural person.
- (5) "Physician" means any person who holds a license to practice chiropractic; provided further, that others authorized by law to use the term "physician" shall not be considered physicians for the purpose of this chapter.
 - (6) The "practice of chiropractic" means:
 - (a) To investigate, examine, and diagnose for any human disease, ailment, injury, infirmity, deformity, or other condition; and
 - (b) To apply principles or techniques of chiropractic practice as set forth in section 54-704, Idaho Code, in the prevention or treatment

- of any of the conditions listed in $\frac{\text{subsection}}{\text{paragraph}}$ (a) of this subsection; or
- (c) To offer, undertake, attempt to do or hold oneself out as able to do any of the acts prescribed in subsections paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection.
- (2) "Board" means the state board of chiropractic physicians.
- (3) "Physician" means any person who holds a license to practice chiropractic; provided further, that others authorized by law to use the term "physician" shall not be considered physicians for the purpose of this chapter.
- (4) "License to practice chiropractic" means a license issued by the board to a person who was graduated from an acceptable school of chiropractic and who has fulfilled the licensure requirements of this chapter.
- (5) The word "person," the word "he," and the word "his," means a natural person.
- (6) "Acceptable school of chiropractic" means any school of chiropractic which meets the standards or requirements of a national chiropractic school accrediting organization acceptable to the board, or which has status as a candidate for accreditation before such organization.
- SECTION 2. That Section 54-704, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 54-704. CHIROPRACTIC PRACTICE. (1) Chiropractic practice and procedures which that may be employed by physicians are as follows: (1) Tthe system of specific adjustment or manipulation of the articulations and tissues of the body; the investigation, examination and clinical diagnosis of conditions of the human body and the treatment of the human body by the application of manipulative, manual, mechanical, physiotherapeutic or clinical nutritional methods and may include the use of diagnostic X-rays.
 - (2) As used in this section:

- (a) "Adjustment" means the application of a precisely controlled force applied by hand or by mechanical device to a specific focal point on the anatomy for the express purpose of creating a desired angular movement in skeletal joint structures in order to eliminate or decrease interference with neural transmission and correct or attempt to correct subluxation complex; "chiropractic adjustment" utilizes, as appropriate, short lever force, high velocity force, short amplitude force, or specific line-of-correction force to achieve the desired angular movement, as well as low force neuromuscular, neurovascular, neuro-cranial, or neuro-lymphatic reflex technique procedures.
- (b) "Manipulation" means an application of a resistive movement by applying a nonspecific force without the use of a thrust, that is directed into a region and not into a focal point of the anatomy for the general purpose of restoring movement and reducing fixation.
- (c) "Massage therapy," also called massology, means the systematic manual or mechanical mobilization of the soft tissue of the body by such movements as rubbing, kneading, pressing, rolling, slapping and tapping, for the purpose of promoting circulation of the blood and lymph, relaxation of muscles, release from pain, restoration of metabolic balance, and the other benefits both physical and mental.

- (23) Nothing herein contained shall allow any a physician to:
- (a) Perform surgical operations or practice obstetrics; or
- (b) Prescribe, dispense, independently administer, distribute, or dDirect or suggest to the a patient that such patient shall use a drug, substance which, or product that:
 - (i) Utunder federal law is required, prior to being dispensed or delivered, to be labeled with either any of the following statements:
 - (i) 1. "Caution: Federal <u>Llaw Pprohibits Ddispensing Wwithout Pprescription"; or</u>

(ii) 2. "Rx only"; or

- 3. "Caution: Federal <u>blaw Rrestricts <u>Fthis Ddrug Fto Wuse</u>
 Bby or Oon <u>Tthe Oorder Oof Aa blicensed Veterinarian</u>; or</u>
- (iii) a product which iIs required by any applicable federal or state law, rule or regulation to be dispensed on prescription only or prescription drug order only, or is restricted to use by practitioners only.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (3) of this section, a chiropractic physician certified in clinical nutrition may independently administer prescription drug products as provided in section 54-716, Idaho Code.
- (35) Chiropractic practice, as herein defined, is hereby declared not to be the practice of medicine within the meaning of the laws of the state of Idaho defining the same, and physicians licensed pursuant to this chapter shall not be subject to the provisions of chapter 18, title 54, Idaho Code, nor liable to any prosecution thereunder, when acting within the scope of practice as defined in this chapter.
- SECTION 3. That Section 54-705, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 54-705. EXCEPTIONS -- PROHIBITED PRACTICES -- NEGLIGENCE ESTABLISHED. (1) Under the circumstances described and, subject in each case to the limitations stated, the following persons, though not holding a license to practice chiropractic in this state, may engage in activities included in the practice of chiropractic:
 - (a) A person licensed by this state pursuant to chapter 18, title 54, Idaho Code;
 - (b) A chiropractic assistant as shall be defined and regulated by the board, administering a procedure set forth in section 54-704, Idaho Code, but not including the adjustment or manipulation of articulations of the body, as specifically directed by a chiropractic physician as long as such directions are within the scope of chiropractic practice;
 - (c) A person rendering aid in an emergency, for which no fee for the services is contemplated, charged or received;
 - (d) A person residing in another state or country and authorized to practice chiropractic there, who is called in consultation by a person licensed in this state to practice chiropractic, or who for the purpose of furthering chiropractic education is invited into this state to conduct a lecture, clinic or demonstration, while engaged in activities in connection with the consultation, lecture, clinic or demonstration, so

long as he does not open an office or appoint a place to meet patients or receive calls in this state;

- (e) A person authorized to practice chiropractic in another state or country rendering chiropractic care in a time of disaster or while caring for an ill or injured person while at the scene of an emergency and while continuing to care for such person;
- (f) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as preventing or restricting the practice, services or activities or requiring licensure pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, of any person licensed or registered in this state by any other law, from engaging in any health care profession or occupation for which such person is licensed or registered;
- (g) A medical officer of the armed forces of the United States, of the United States public health service, or of the veterans administration, while engaged in the performance of his official duties;
- (h) A person administering a remedy, diagnostic procedure or advice as specifically directed by a physician;
- (i) A person administering a family remedy to a member of the family;
- (j) A person authorized or licensed by this state to engage in activities which may involve the practice of medicine;
- (k) A person who administers treatment or provides advice regarding the human body and its functions that:
 - (i) Does not use legend drugs or prescription drugs in such practice;
 - (ii) Uses natural elements such as air, heat, water and light;
 - (iii) Only uses class I or class II nonprescription, approved, medical devices as defined in section 513 of the federal food, drug and cosmetic act;
 - (iv) Only uses vitamins, minerals, herbs, natural food products and their extracts, and nutritional supplements; and who
 - (v) Does not perform surgery;

- (vi) Requires each person receiving services to sign a declaration of informed consent which includes an overview of the health care provider's education which states that the health care provider is not an "M.D." or "D.O." and is not licensed under the provisions of this chapter;
- (1) Any person who practices massage therapy as defined in section $54-704(\frac{1}{2})$ (c), Idaho Code;
- (m) A chiropractic intern, as defined and regulated by the board, who is registered with the board to practice chiropractic under the direct supervision of a licensed chiropractic physician pursuant to a preceptor program adopted and developed by the rules of the board.
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (1) of this section, it is unlawful for any person to practice chiropractic in this state without a license and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) nor more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000), or imprisoned for not less than six (6) months nor more than one (1) year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- (3) It is unlawful for any person to assume or use the title or designation "chiropractor," "chiropractic physician," "doctor of chiropractic,"

the initials "D.C.," or any word, title or abbreviation thereof calculated to induce the belief that he is engaged in the practice of chiropractic or to indicate to the public that such person is licensed to practice chiropractic pursuant to this chapter unless such person is so licensed, and upon conviction thereof, such person shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000), or imprisoned for not less than six (\$6) months nor more than one (1) year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

- (4) When a person has been a recipient of services constituting the unlawful practice of chiropractic, whether or not he knew the rendition of the services was unlawful, proof of the rendition of unlawful services to the recipient, in an action against the provider of such services for damages allegedly caused by the services, constitutes prima facie evidence of negligence, shifting the burden of proof to such provider of unlawful services. The following damages in addition to any other remedies provided by law may be recovered in such an action:
 - (a) Amount of any fees paid for the unlawful services; and
 - (b) Reasonable attorney's fees and court costs.

 (5) The board shall refer all violations made known to it to an appropriate prosecuting attorney. The board shall render assistance to a prosecuting attorney in the prosecution of a case pursuant to this section.

SECTION 4. That Section 54-707, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

54-707. POWERS AND DUTIES. The board shall have the authority to:

- (1) Hire or appoint employees, including an executive director, investigators, attorneys, consultants and independent hearing examiners;
- (2) Establish, pursuant to the provisions of chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code, rules for the administration of the provisions of this chapter;
 - (3) Conduct investigations and examinations and hold hearings;
- (4) Revoke or suspend licenses to practice chiropractic after providing the licensee with an opportunity for an appropriate contested case in accordance with the provisions of chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code;
- (5) In any disciplinary proceeding pursuant to this chapter to administer oaths, take depositions of witnesses within or without the state in the manner provided by law in civil cases, and shall have the power throughout the state of Idaho to require the attendance of such witnesses and the production of such books, records, and papers as it may desire at any hearing and, for that purpose, the board may issue a subpoena for any witnesses or subpoena duces tecum to compel the production of any books, records or papers, directed to the sheriff of any county in the state of Idaho, where such witness resides or may be found, which shall be served and returned in the same manner as a subpoena in a criminal case is served and returned. The fees and mileage of the witnesses shall be the same as that allowed in the district courts in criminal cases, which fees and mileage shall be paid from any funds in the state treasury in the same manner as other expenses of the board are paid. The licensee accused in such proceedings shall have the same right of subpoena upon making application to the board therefor. In any case of disobedience to, or neglect of, any subpoena or subpoena duces tecum, served upon any person, or the refusal of any witness to testify to any matter re-

garding which he may lawfully be interrogated, it shall be the duty of the district court of any county in this state in which this disobedience, neglect or refusal occurs, on application by the board to compel compliance with the subpoena, to issue its order directing compliance with such subpoena, and in the event of a violation of such order, to compel compliance with such order by proceedings for contempt as in the case of disobedience of the requirement of a subpoena issued from such court or for refusal to testify therein;

- (6) Seek injunctive relief prohibiting the unlawful practice of chiropractic;
- (7) Make and enter into contracts in the necessary performance of its duties pursuant to this chapter;
- (8) Develop and submit a proposed budget setting forth the amount necessary to perform its functions;
 - (9) Perform such other duties as set forth in the laws of this state;
- (10) Provide such other services and perform such other functions as are necessary to fulfill its responsibilities;
- (11) Adopt rules to provide for reasonable fees and for administrative costs and to assess costs reasonably and necessarily incurred in the enforcement of this chapter when a licensee has been found to be in violation thereof;
- (12) Adopt a rule requiring continuing education as a condition of continued licensure or continued certification in clinical nutrition; and
- (13) Adopt rules pursuant to chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code, to establish and operate a system of peer review for chiropractic physicians which that shall include, but not be limited to, the appropriateness, quality, utilization, and cost of chiropractic services and the ethical performance of chiropractic care.
- SECTION 5. That Chapter 7, Title 54, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 54-707A, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 54-707A. FEES. (1) The board shall establish by rule fees for licensure under the provisions of this chapter including, but not limited to, the following:
 - (a) Application fee not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250);
 - (b) Initial license fee not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250);
 - (c) Endorsement license fee not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250);
 - (d) Annual renewal of license fee not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250);
 - (e) Inactive license fee not to exceed one hundred fifty dollars (\$150);
 - (f) Temporary permit fee not to exceed one hundred fifty dollars (\$150);
 - (g) Intern permit fee not to exceed one hundred fifty dollars (\$150);
 - (h) Continuing education provider application fee not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500); and
 - (i) Clinical nutrition certification fee not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).

(2) Fees charged pursuant to paragraphs (b), (c), (f), (g), and (i) of subsection (1) of this section shall be in addition to the application fee.

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48 49 (3) All fees received under the provisions of this chapter shall be non-refundable and shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the occupational license account in the dedicated fund, and all costs and expenses incurred by the board under the provisions of this chapter shall be a charge against and paid from the account for such purposes, and the funds collected hereunder shall be immediately available for the administration of this chapter, the provisions of any other law notwithstanding.

SECTION 6. That Section 54-708, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- BOARD TO ISSUE LICENSES -- RENEWAL AND REINSTATEMENT -- INAC-54-708. TIVE LICENSE -- CLINICAL NUTRITION CERTIFICATION. (1) The board shall issue licenses to practice chiropractic to persons who have qualified therefor in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. The board may refuse licensure if it finds that the applicant has engaged in conduct prohibited by sections 54-704 and 54-712, Idaho Code, provided, that the board shall take into consideration the rehabilitation of the applicant and other mitigating circumstances. Such licenses shall be issued after payment of the licensing fee in an amount to be fixed by the board not to exceed one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) An applicant for a license or permit under this chapter must submit the fee set by board rule. All licenses issued under the provisions of this chapter shall be subject to annual renewal and shall expire unless renewed in the manner prescribed by the board regarding applications for renewal, continuing education, and fees. License renewal and reinstatement shall be in accordance with section 67-2614, Idaho Code.
- (2) The board may renew, on an inactive basis, the license of a A physician holding a current active license in this state who is not practicing chiropractic in this state may be issued an inactive license. The physician must submit the fee set by board rule and a written request for an inactive license. The board shall fix and collect an inactive license fee for such an inactive license renewal in an amount not to exceed one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and eEach inactive license shall be issued for a period of one (1) year. A physician holding an inactive license may not engage in the practice of chiropractic in this state. If a A physician wishes wishing to convert his an inactive license to an active license, he must account to the board for that period of time in which he held an the license was inactive license and must fulfill requirements that demonstrate competency to resume practice. Those requirements may include, but are not limited to, education, supervised practice and examination. The board may consider practice in another jurisdiction in determining competency. All fees authorized by subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall be paid to the bureau of occupational licenses.
- (3) Whenever the board determines that an applicant for a license to practice chiropractic is not qualified for such a license pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, the board shall notify the applicant by certified mail of its denial of licensure and the reasons for denial The board may issue a clinical nutrition certification to a licensee under this chapter who submits a completed application, pays the application fee set by board

rule, and provides proof to the board of successful completion of the educational requirements provided in section 54-717, Idaho Code.

SECTION 7. That Chapter 7, Title 54, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 54-716, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

- 54-716. ADMINISTERING PRESCRIPTION DRUG PRODUCTS. (1) A licensee under this chapter who is certified in clinical nutrition may obtain and independently administer, during chiropractic practice, the following prescription drug products:
 - (a) Vitamins:

- (i) Vitamin A;
- (ii) All B vitamins; and
- (iii) Vitamin C;
- (b) Minerals:
 - (i) Ammonium molybdate;
 - (ii) Calcium;
 - (iii) Chromium;
 - (iv) Copper;
 - (v) Iodine;
 - (vi) Magnesium;
 - (vii) Manganese;
 - (viii) Potassium;
 - (ix) Selenium;
 - (x) Sodium; and
 - (xi) Zinc;
- (c) Fluids:
 - (i) Dextrose;
 - (ii) Lactated ringers;
 - (iii) Plasma lyte;
 - (iv) Saline; and
 - (v) Sterile water;
- (d) Epinephrine; and
- (e) Oxygen for use during an emergency or allergic reaction.
- (2) The prescription drug products listed in subsection (1) of this section may be administered through oral, topical, intravenous, intramuscular or subcutaneous routes. The route of administration and dosing shall be in accordance with the product's labeling as approved by the federal food and drug administration or with the manufacturer's instructions.
- (3) The prescription drug products listed in subsection (1) of this section shall be obtained from a wholesale distributor, manufacturer, pharmacy or outsourcing facility licensed under chapter 17, title 54, Idaho Code.
- (4) No vitamin or mineral may be compounded, as defined in section 54-1705, Idaho Code, by a chiropractic physician. A compounded drug product containing two (2) or more of the approved vitamins or minerals shall be obtained for office use from an outsourcing facility licensed under chapter 17, title 54, Idaho Code.

(5) Nothing herein would remove or impact the ability of a chiropractic physician who does not obtain a clinical nutrition certification to continue to utilize nonprescriptive nutritional supplements.

- SECTION 8. That Chapter 7, Title 54, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 54-717, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 54-717. CERTIFICATION IN CLINICAL NUTRITION. (1) To qualify for certification in clinical nutrition, a licensee of this chapter must have successfully completed a minimum of the following courses:
 - (a) Seven (7) credits (seventy-seven (77) hours) of didactic human nutrition, nutrition biochemistry and nutritional pharmacology; and
 - (b) Twenty-four (24) hours of practicum in intravenous and injectable nutrient therapy, which must include: sterile needle practices, phlebotomy, proper injection techniques, intravenous therapy techniques, intramuscular injection techniques, safety practices, and use and expected outcomes utilizing micronutrients, response to adverse effects, lab testing and blood chemistry interpretation.

The courses required by this subsection must be taken from an accredited chiropractic college or other accredited institution of higher education and must be from an accredited program at the college or institution or be a program approved by board rule.

For purposes of this section, "accredited" means accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States department of education.

- (2) Until January 1, 2019, a licensee of this chapter who commenced obtaining the education requirements of subsection (1) (a) of this section no earlier than January 1, 2013, and thereafter successfully completed those requirements, may be determined to have satisfied the requirements of subsection (1) (a) of this section as provided in board rule.
- (3) The practicum required for certification in clinical nutrition by subsection (1)(b) of this section must commence and be successfully completed after the effective date of this section and pursuant to board rule.
- (4) All active chiropractic physicians wishing to obtain certification in clinical nutrition must first successfully complete the education described in subsection (1) of this section.
- (5) In order to maintain clinical nutrition certification, a chiropractic physician certified in clinical nutrition must obtain recertification in clinical nutrition every three (3) years pursuant to board rule.
- (6) All chiropractic physicians certified in clinical nutrition must maintain a current cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and basic life support (BLS) certification, as well as have BLS equipment on the chiropractic premises where treatment is being performed.
- (7) Prior to providing a course of intravenous or injectable nutrition therapy, chiropractic physicians certified in clinical nutrition must provide to their patients informed consent documentation that explains the benefits and potential risks of the specific course of intravenous or injectable nutrition therapy that is being proposed. The physician must obtain from the patient written voluntary permission to perform the proposed therapy.

SECTION 9. That Section 54-1734, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 54-1734. POSSESSION OF LEGEND DRUGS. (1) The following persons or their agents or employees may possess legend drugs for use in the usual and lawful course of their business or practice or in the performance of their lawful official duties, without a valid prescription drug order:
 - (a) Pharmacists;

- (b) Prescribers;
- (c) Researchers who are prohibited from further distribution;
- (d) Hospitals and other institutional facilities;
- (e) Manufacturers and wholesalers;
- (f) Common carriers solely in the usual course of business of transporting prescription drugs;
- (g) Schools or other authorized entities possessing stock supplies of epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to section 33-520A or 54-1733C, Idaho Code, upon presenting proof that the authorized entity has at least one (1) individual who has completed the training requirement of section 33-520A(5) (b) or 54-1733C(4), Idaho Code;
- (h) Persons, agencies and organizations possessing opioid antagonists pursuant to section 54-1733B, Idaho Code;
- (i) Midwives licensed pursuant to section 54-5507, Idaho Code, limited to formulary drugs consistent with rules promulgated by the Idaho board of midwifery; and
- (j) Home health nurses or agencies, or hospice agencies, possessing emergency kits pursuant to rules of the board; and
- (k) Chiropractic physicians licensed pursuant to chapter 7, title 54, Idaho Code, and certified pursuant to sections 54-708 and 54-717, Idaho Code, limited to the prescription drug products listed in section 54-716, Idaho Code.
- (2) Veterinary drug outlets or their agents or employees may possess legend drugs, excluding controlled substances, for use in the usual and lawful course of their business or practice or in the performance of their lawful official duties, without a valid prescription drug order.