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IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1162

BY JUDICIARY AND RULES COMMITTEE

AN ACT

2 RELATING TO SHORT-TERM RENTALS; AMENDING SECTION 67-6539, IDAHO CODE, TO

3 REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING LIMITATIONS ON REGULATION OF SHORT-TERM

4 RENTALS AND VACATION RENTALS; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING

5 AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 67-6539, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

CATION RENTALS. (1) Neither a county nor a city may enact or enforce any ordinance that has the express or practical effect of prohibiting any type of short-term rentals or vacation rentals in the county or city. A county or city may implement such reasonable regulations as it deems are necessary to safeguard the public health, and safety and general welfare in order to protect the integrity of residential neighborhoods in which short-term rentals or vacation rentals operate as long as the reasonable regulations do not impose different restrictions or obligations on the short-term rentals than are imposed on single family dwellings or similar structures not used as short-term rentals. A short-term rental or vacation rental shall be classified as a non-transient residential land use for zoning and building code purposes and subject to all zoning requirements applicable thereto only to those building codes adopted by the Idaho building code board.

- (2) For the purposes of this section:
- "Different restrictions or obligations" means any requirement or (a) regulation that would not be required or regulated but for the property's use as a short-term rental and specifically includes but is not limited to: requiring owner occupation for any amount of time; requiring professional property management; requiring additional insurance; reporting of use or other statistics; requiring additional fire protection or fire sprinklers; requiring additional or improved means of ingress and egress; requiring additional parking; requiring modification to the physical structure of the property; requiring inspections; requiring internal or external signage, notices, or diagrams; restricting the number of short-term rentals in a county or city; limiting proximity to other short-term rentals; imposing a limit on the days a property can be rented; requiring notices to neighboring properties; requiring a conditional use permit in a residential zone; requiring increased sewer or other utility capacity; or requiring the property to be improved to meet current building codes unless the same would be required without regard to the short-term rental use; and
- (b) The terms defined in section 63-1803, Idaho Code, shall apply.

- (3) All short-term rental properties and owners shall be subject to all other county and city ordinances and penalties that apply to other residential uses, including but not limited to noise, parking, nuisance, curfew, and traffic regulations and similar regulations.
- (2) (4) Neither a county nor a city can regulate the operation of a short-term rental marketplace as prohibited by chapter 18, title 63, Idaho Code.
- (5) Nothing in this section shall prevent a county or city from requiring, by ordinance, a business license to operate a short-term rental as long as the licensing ordinance does not impose requirements prohibited by this section.
 - (a) A county or city may only require that an applicant for a business license for a short-term rental property submit:
 - (i) Payment of an annual fee not to exceed fifty dollars (\$50.00) per property;
 - (ii) A statement by the property owner certifying that within the twelve (12) month period immediately preceding the application for a license, there have not been a combined total of three (3) or more convictions on three (3) or more separate occasions by the property owner, property manager, or prior occupants for violating ordinances or laws relating to such short-term rental property; or
 - (iii) Both the payment and statement pursuant to this paragraph.
 - (b) A county or city may only revoke a business license for a short-term rental property if:
 - (i) A license holder does not provide payment of the annual license fee if required by a county or city ordinance adopted pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection; or
 - (ii) Within a twelve (12) month period there are a combined total of three (3) or more convictions, on three (3) or more separate occasions, by the property owner, property manager, or occupants for violating ordinances or laws related to such short-term rental property.
- (6) The owner or operator of a short-term rental shall disclose to prospective tenants prior to renting the short-term rental if the short-term rental is equipped with:
 - (a) An operating smoke alarm in every room advertised as a sleeping area;
 - (b) An operating fire extinguisher on every floor;
 - (c) A first aid kit; and

(d) For all basement or below-grade rooms advertised as sleeping areas, a means of egress directly to the exterior of the building that is a minimum of thirty (30) inches wide by thirty (30) inches tall.

SECTION 2. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2025.