First Regular Session - 2021

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 426

BY WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE

AN ACT
RELATING TO IMMUNIZATIONS; PROVIDING LEGISLATIVE INTENT; AMENDING SECTION 67-5902, IDAHO CODE, TO DEFINE TERMS AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING CHAPTER 59, TITLE 67, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 67-5909B, IDAHO CODE, TO PROHIBIT CERTAIN ACTS OF DISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF IMMUNIZATION STATUS OR THE POSSESSION OF AN IMMUNITY PASSPORT AND TO PROVIDE FOR CERTAIN EXCEPTIONS; AMENDING CHAPTER 4, TITLE 67, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 67-451B, IDAHO CODE, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING THE SOVEREIGN LEGAL DEFENSE FUND; PROVIDING SEVERABILITY; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT. The Legislature finds that President Joe Biden issued two executive orders mandating COVID-19 vaccinations for federal workers and contractors and has further unveiled new vaccination and testing requirements for health care providers and employers with 100 or more employees. The Biden Administration's vaccine mandate and its plan to fine certain employers who do not require their employees to be vaccinated or submit to weekly COVID-19 testing is an unconstitutional overreach of the power the several states entrusted to the central government under the principles of American federalism. It is the intent of the Legislature to protect and defend Idahoans from such overreach by the federal government and to defend the sovereignty of the State of Idaho against incursions by the federal government.

SECTION 2. That Section 67-5902, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

67--5902. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) "Commission" means the commission on human rights created by this chapter \div .
 - (2) "Commissioner" means a member of the commission +.
- (3) "Discriminatory practice" means a practice designated as discriminatory under the terms of this chapter.
- (4) "Immunity passport" means a document, digital record, or software application indicating that a person is immune to a disease as a result of a vaccine or infection and recovery.
- (5) "Immunization status" means an indication of whether a person has received one (1) or more doses of a vaccine.
 - (6) "National origin" includes the national origin of an ancestor +.
- (57) "Person" includes an individual, association, corporation, joint apprenticeship committee, joint-stock company, labor union, legal repre-

sentative, mutual company, partnership, any other legal or commercial entity, the state, or any governmental entity or agency.

- (68) "Employer" means a person, wherever situated, who hires five (5) or more employees for each working day in each of twenty (20) or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year whose services are to be partially or wholly performed in the state of Idaho, except for domestic servants hired to work in and about the person's household. The term also means:
 - (a) A person who as contractor or subcontractor is furnishing material or performing work for working in the state;
 - (b) Any agency of or any governmental entity within the state; and
 - (c) Any agent of such employer.

- (79) "Employment agency" means a person regularly undertaking with or without compensation to procure employees for an employer or to procure for employees opportunities to work for an employer and includes an agent of such a person $\dot{\tau}$.
 - (810) "Labor organization" includes:
 - (a) An organization of any kind, an agency or employee representation committee, group, association, or plan in which employees participate and which exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with employers concerning grievance, labor disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours, or other terms or conditions of employment;
 - (b) A conference, general committee, joint or system board, or joint council which is subordinate to a national or international labor organization; or
 - (c) An agent of a labor organization.
- $(9\underline{11})$ "Place of public accommodation" means a business, accommodation, refreshment, entertainment, recreation, or transportation facility of any kind, whether licensed or not, whose goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages or accommodations are extended, offered, sold, or otherwise made available to the public; $\underline{\cdot}$.
- $(1\theta 2)$ "Educational institution" means a public or private institution and includes an academy, college, elementary or secondary school, extension course, kindergarten, nursery, school system, or university and a business, nursing, professional, secretarial, technical, or vocational school and includes an agent of an educational institution.
- (1 ± 3) "Real property" includes buildings, structures, real estate, lands, tenements, leaseholds, interests in real estate cooperatives, condominiums, and hereditaments, corporeal and incorporeal or any interest therein \div .
- (124) "Real estate transaction" includes the sale, exchange, rental or lease of real property.
- (1 $\frac{35}{2}$) "Housing accommodation" includes any improved or unimproved real property, or part thereof, which is used or occupied, or as the home or residence of one (1) or more individuals.
- (146) "Real estate broker or salesman" means a person, whether licensed or not, who, for or with the expectation of receiving a consideration, lists, sells, purchases, exchanges, rents, or leases real property, or who negotiates or attempts to negotiate any of these activities, or who holds himself out as engaged in these activities, or who negotiates or attempts to negotiate a loan secured or to be secured by mortgage or other encumbrance upon real

property, or who is engaged in the business of listing real property in a publication; or a person employed by or acting on behalf of any of these.

- (157) "Disability" means a physical or mental condition of a person, whether congenital or acquired, which constitutes a substantial limitation to that person and is demonstrable by medically accepted clinical or laboratory diagnostic techniques. A person with a disability is one who (a) has such a disability, or (b) has a record of such a disability, or (c) is regarded as having such a disability.
- (168) "Reasonable accommodation" means an adjustment which does not (a) unduly disrupt or interfere with the employer's normal operations, (b) threaten the health or safety of the person with the disability or others, (c) contradict a business necessity of the employer, or (d) impose undue hardship on the employer based on the size of the employer's business, the type of business, the financial resources, and the estimated cost and extent of the adjustment \div .
- (179) "Readily achievable" means easily accomplishable and able to be carried out without much difficulty or expense. In determining whether an action is readily achievable, factors to be considered include (a) the nature and cost of the action needed under this chapter, (b) the overall financial resources of the facility or facilities involved in the action, the number of persons employed at the facility, the effect on expenses and resources, or the impact otherwise of the action upon the operation of the facility, (c) the overall financial resources of the covered entity, the overall size of the business of a covered entity with respect to the number of its employees, the number, type, and location of its facilities, and (d) the type of operation or operations of the covered entity, including the composition, structure, and functions of the workforce of the entity, the geographic separateness, administrative or fiscal relationship of the facility or facilities in question to the covered entity.
- SECTION 3. That Chapter 59, Title 67, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 67-5909B, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 67-5909B. ACTS PROHIBITED -- DISCRIMINATION BASED ON IMMUNIZATION STATUS OR POSSESSION OF IMMUNITY PASSPORT. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, it is an unlawful discriminatory practice for:
 - (a) A person to refuse, withhold from, or deny a person any local or state government services, goods, facilities, advantages, privileges, licensing, educational opportunities, health care access, contract work, or employment opportunities based on the person's immunization status or whether the person has an immunity passport;
 - (b) An employer to refuse employment to a person, to bar a person from employment, or to discriminate against a person as to compensation or as to a term, condition, or privilege of employment based on the person's immunization status or whether the person has an immunity passport; or
 - (c) A public accommodation to exclude, limit, segregate, refuse to serve, or otherwise discriminate against a person based on the person's immunization status or whether the person has an immunity passport.
 - (2) This section does not apply to immunization requirements for:
 - (a) Schools, as provided in chapter 48, title 39, Idaho Code;

- (b) Day care facilities, as provided in chapter 11, title 39, Idaho Code; and
- (c) Licensed nursing homes, long-term care facilities, or assisted living facilities during any period of time that compliance with subsection (1) of this section would result in a violation of the regulations or guidance issued by the centers for medicare and medicaid services.
- (3) (a) A person does not unlawfully discriminate under this section if the person recommends that an employee or contractor receive a vaccination.
- (b) A health care facility, as defined in section 48-303, Idaho Code, except as otherwise provided in subsection (2)(c) of this section, does not unlawfully discriminate under this section if both of the following requirements are met:
 - (i) The facility asks an employee or contractor to volunteer the person's immunization status for the purpose of determining whether the health care facility should implement reasonable accommodation measures to protect the safety and health of employees, contractors, patients, visitors, and other persons from communicable diseases. A health care facility may consider an employee or contractor to be unvaccinated or nonimmune if the employee or contractor declines to provide the person's immunization status to the health care facility for the purpose of determining whether reasonable accommodation measures should be implemented; and
 - (ii) The facility implements reasonable accommodation measures for employees, contractors, patients, visitors, and other persons who are not vaccinated or not immune to protect the safety and health of employees, contractors, patients, visitors, and other persons from communicable diseases.
- (4) An individual may not be required to receive an inoculation by any vaccine whose use is allowed only under an emergency use authorization or any vaccine undergoing safety trials.
- SECTION 4. That Chapter 4, Title 67, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 67-451B, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 67-451B. SOVEREIGN LEGAL DEFENSE FUND CREATED. There is hereby created in the state treasury the sovereign legal defense fund. The sovereign legal defense fund shall consist of such moneys as are placed into it by appropriations and shall be continuously appropriated to the senate and the house of representatives. Any interest earned shall be returned to the fund. The sovereign legal defense fund shall be specifically exempt from the provisions of chapter 35, title 67, Idaho Code, and from the provisions of chapter 36, title 67, Idaho Code. The president pro tempore of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives are hereby authorized to make expenditures out of the fund for any necessary legal expenses of the legislature in defending the sovereign power of the state of Idaho against any incursion by the federal government.

SECTION 5. SEVERABILITY. The provisions of this act are hereby declared to be severable and if any provision of this act or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance is declared invalid for any reason, such declaration shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this act.

SECTION 6. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after its passage and approval.