IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 9

BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

A JOINT MEMORIAL

TO THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES IN CON-GRESS ASSEMBLED, THE CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION REPRESENTING THE STATE OF IDAHO IN THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES, THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE, THE U.S. ENTITY COORDINATOR, BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION AND U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

We, your Memorialists, the House of Representatives and the Senate of the State of Idaho assembled in the Second Regular Session of the Sixty-second Idaho Legislature, do hereby respectfully represent that:

WHEREAS, the Columbia River Treaty was signed by the United States and Canada in 1961 and implemented in 1964; and

WHEREAS, the purpose of the treaty was to reduce impacts from flooding and to increase power generation; and

WHEREAS, U.S. and Canadian entities are reviewing the treaty to determine whether portions of it should be modified or terminated in 2014; and

WHEREAS, there is a significant effort to fundamentally change the Columbia River Treaty from a pact dealing with the impacts of flood control and power generation to a document that will or potentially could be used as a mechanism to govern all water use in the Pacific Northwest, or at least in the Columbia River drainage; and

WHEREAS, the Canadian entity has taken the position that, beginning in 2024, all U.S. storage projects in the Columbia River Basin must be utilized for system-wide flood control before Canadian reservoirs are called upon to provide any flood control space; and

WHEREAS, such a change in flood control operations could have a devastating impact on irrigation project reservoir supplies in Idaho; and

WHEREAS, the U.S. entity has proposed "modernizing" the treaty to include ecosystem-based function as a third primary purpose of the treaty, along with the original purposes of flood control and power generation; and

WHEREAS, elevating ecosystem-based function above other purposes, including irrigation, recreation, electrical power generation and navigation, could have adverse impacts on existing beneficial uses of the river and create greater uncertainty in a river system that is already heavily regulated; and

WHEREAS, certain comments concerning modification of the treaty had suggested that elevating ecosystem restoration to a primary purpose of the treaty is a mechanism to facilitate reintroduction of anadromous fish into the Snake River above Hells Canyon, which is beyond the proper scope of the treaty and in contravention of Idaho's sovereignty over its water resources; and

WHEREAS, the draft treaty recommendation fails to recognize the substantial investment in ecosystem-based function made by northwest region hydropower producers and their customers, including billions of dollars

invested in fish protection efforts, and the development and implementation of robust environmental mitigation plans; and

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WHEREAS, certain recommendations from the Bonneville Power Administration regarding treaty modification have suggested that modernizing the treaty should include increasing flow augmentation, which has already been resolved in the State of Idaho between the United States, the Nez Perce Tribe, the State of Idaho and water users; and

WHEREAS, certain entities have advocated using the treaty to create a "natural hydrograph" or a reduction in flood control functions in order to create greater spring flooding, which is a complete contradiction to one of the two primary purposes of the treaty; and

WHEREAS, it has been recommended that Pacific Northwest states, federal agencies and tribes will create a process to allocate and manage additional flows that may arise as a result of post-2024 operations, which is in conflict with Idaho's sovereignty over the process of allocating and adjudicating water rights in the State of Idaho; and

WHEREAS, navigation concerns should be protected and adverse flows should not impact the transportation channel or lock system operations.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the members of the Second Regular Session of the Sixty-second Idaho Legislature, the House of Representatives and the Senate concurring therein, that we urge the U.S. Department of State to support the following positions in negotiations with Canada regarding any modification or future implementation of the Columbia River Treaty: (1) Recognize and protect the value of irrigated agriculture in the United States and promote additional development; (2) Advocate that only U.S. projects specifically authorized by Congress for system-wide flood control may be required to provide such benefits under the treaty; (3) Recognize the ecosystem benefits that have already been provided by U.S. storage projects pursuant to the other federal laws and refrain from advocating for additional ecosystem contributions from U.S. projects based on a treaty intended to manage flood control in the Columbia River; (4) Recognize that ecosystem restoration as that term has been used by some proponents of modernization is intentionally vague and if incorporated into an international treaty could be used as a vehicle to override and infringe upon existing federal environmental laws and usurp state sovereignty over water and, therefore, require any treaty modification to preserve federal environmental protection laws and state water laws and reject any additional mitigation requirements; (5) Require any treaty modification to recognize the primary authority and state sovereignty of Idaho and its sister states over their respective water resources; (6) Reject any provision that would authorize tribes and federal agencies to design a process for allocation of water resources, or to require flow augmentation beyond that already adopted by the State of Idaho through the Nez Perce Agreement; (7) Reject any attempts through the treaty modification process to incorporate the reintroduction of anadromous species above Hells Canyon or Dworshak, as such efforts are outside the scope of the treaty purposes; and (8) Protect navigation concerns so that adverse flows do not impact the transportation channel or lock system operations.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives be, and she is hereby authorized and directed to forward a copy of this Memorial to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Repre-

- sentatives of Congress, the congressional delegation representing the State of Idaho in the Congress of the United States, the U.S. Department of State,
- the U.S. Entity Coordinator, Bonneville Power Administration and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.