## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

### HOUSE BILL NO. 66

#### BY REVENUE AND TAXATION COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO ONLINE LODGING MARKETPLACES; AMENDING TITLE 55, IDAHO CODE, BY
3	THE ADDITION OF A NEW CHAPTER 13, TITLE 55, IDAHO CODE, TO DEFINE TERMS,
4	TO PROVIDE LIMITATIONS ON REGULATION OF VACATION RENTALS AND SHORT-TERM
5	RENTALS, TO PROVIDE A STATEWIDE STANDARD, TO PROVIDE FOR A TRANSACTION
5	TAX AND TO PROVIDE FOR PRIVACY.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Title 55, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW CHAPTER</u>, to be known and designated as Chapter 13, Title 55, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

# CHAPTER 13 ONLINE LODGING MARKETPLACES

## 55-1301. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Lodging accommodations" means any space offered to the public for lodging, including any hotel, motel, inn, tourist home or house, dude ranch, resort, campground, studio or bachelor hotel, lodging house, rooming house, residential home, apartment house, dormitory, public or private club, mobile home or house trailer at a fixed location or other similar structure or space.
- (2) "Lodging marketplace" means a person that provides a platform through which an unaffiliated third party offers to rent a vacation rental or short-term rental to an occupant and collects the consideration for the rental from the occupant. For the purposes of this definition, "unaffiliated third party" means a person that is not owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by the same interests.
- (3) "Lodging operator" means a person that rents to an occupant any lodging accommodation offered through a lodging marketplace.
- (4) "Lodging transaction" means a charge to an occupant by a lodging operator for the occupancy of any lodging accommodation.
- (5) "Vacation rental" or "short-term rental" means any individually or collectively owned single-family house or dwelling unit or any unit or group of units in a condominium, cooperative or timeshare, or owner-occupied residential home that is offered for a fee and for less than thirty (30) consecutive days. Vacation rental or short-term rental does not include a unit that is used for any nonresidential use, including retail, restaurant, banquet space, event center or another similar use.
- 55-1302. LIMITATIONS ON REGULATION OF VACATION RENTALS AND SHORT-TERM RENTALS -- STATEWIDE STANDARD. (1) A city, county, or other political subdivision may not prohibit vacation rentals or short-term rentals.

(2) A city, county or other political subdivision may not adopt or enforce any law, ordinance, regulation or plan that prohibits or regulates short-term rentals except as provided in this section. A city may not restrict the use of or regulate vacation rentals or short-term rentals based on their classification, use or occupancy. A city, county or other political subdivision may adopt or enforce a law, ordinance, regulation or plan that regulates short-term rentals for the following purposes:

- (a) Protection of the public's health and safety, including rules and regulations related to fire and building codes, health and sanitation, transportation or traffic control, solid or hazardous waste and pollution control, provided enforcement would not expressly or in practical effect prohibit the use of a property as a short-term rental, and designation of an emergency point of contact if the city, county or other political subdivision demonstrates that the rule or regulation is for the primary purpose of protecting the public's health and safety.
- (b) Adopting and enforcing residential use and zoning ordinances, including ordinances related to noise, protection of welfare, property maintenance and other nuisance issues if the ordinance is applied in the same manner as other similar properties.
- (c) Limiting or prohibiting the use of vacation rentals or short-term rentals for the purposes of housing sex offenders, operating or maintaining a structured sober living home, selling illegal drugs, liquor control or pornography, obscenity, nude or topless dancing and other adult-oriented businesses.
- (3) This section does not apply to private entities or homeowners' associations.
- 55-1303. TRANSACTION TAX AND MUNICIPAL TAX LICENSE AND RENEWAL, REVOCATION, AND VIOLATION. (1) A lodging marketplace shall register with the state tax commission for a license for the payment of taxes levied by this state and one (1) or more counties, cities, or political subdivisions, at the election of the lodging marketplace, for taxes due from a lodging operator on any lodging transaction facilitated by the lodging marketplace.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a lodging operator shall be entitled to an exclusion from any applicable taxes for any lodging transaction facilitated by a lodging marketplace for which the lodging operator has obtained from the lodging marketplace written notice that the lodging marketplace is registered with the state tax commission to collect applicable taxes for all lodging transactions facilitated by the lodging marketplace, and transaction history documenting tax collected by the lodging marketplace.
- (3) A lodging marketplace that is registered with the state tax commission shall not be required to list or otherwise identify any individual lodging operator.
- 55-1304. PRIVACY. (1) Except as allowed in subsection (2) of this section, the state tax commission may not disclose information provided by a lodging marketplace without the written consent of the lodging marketplace. Such information is not subject to disclosure pursuant to requirements relating to public records in chapter 1, title 74, Idaho Code, and may not be

disclosed to any agency of this state or of any county, city, town or other political subdivision of this state.

- (2) The state tax commission may disclose confidential information provided by a lodging marketplace only to:
  - (a) The taxpayer whom the information concerns.

- (b) The office of the attorney general solely for its use in an investigation or proceeding involving tax administration.
- (c) Any person, only to the extent necessary for: effective tax administration in connection with the processing, storage, transmission, destruction and reproduction of the information; the programming, maintenance, repair, testing and procurement of equipment for purposes of tax administration; or the collection of the taxpayer's civil liability.
- (d) Any state or federal judicial or administrative proceeding pertaining to tax administration, if the taxpayer is a party to the proceeding and the proceeding arose out of, or in connection with, determining the taxpayer's civil or criminal liability, or the collection of the taxpayer's civil liability, with respect to any tax imposed under this chapter. However, nothing in this section shall be interpreted to limit the right to protect confidential information.