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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

## HOUSE BILL NO. 97

## BY LOCAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

AN ACT RELATING TO URBAN RENEWAL AND LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT; AMENDING SEC-2 TION 50-2008, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT AN URBAN RENEWAL PLAN PLANNED 3 OR APPROVED SHALL BE LIMITED TO SPECIFIC PROJECTS AND SHALL INCLUDE A 4 5 TERMINATION DATE AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING CHAPTER 20, TITLE 50, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 50-2015A, 6 IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR DISTRIBUTION OF CERTAIN REVENUE AND TO DEFINE 7 A TERM; AMENDING SECTION 50-2904, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR DISTRI-8 BUTION OF CERTAIN REVENUE AND TO DEFINE A TERM; AND AMENDING SECTION 9 50-2905, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT A CERTAIN PLAN BE CONSISTENT WITH 10 THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 50-2008, IDAHO CODE, AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL 11 CORRECTIONS. 12

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 50-2008, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 50-2008. PREPARATION AND APPROVAL OF PLAN FOR URBAN RENEWAL PROJECT. (a) An urban renewal project for an urban renewal area shall not be planned or initiated unless the local governing body has, by resolution, determined such area to be a deteriorated area or a deteriorating area or a combination thereof and designated such area as appropriate for an urban renewal project.
- (b) An urban renewal agency may itself prepare or cause to be prepared an urban renewal plan, or any person or agency, public or private, may submit such a plan to an urban renewal agency. Prior to its approval of an urban renewal project, the local governing body shall submit such plan to the planning commission of the municipality, if any, for review and recommendations as to its conformity with the general plan for the development of the municipality as a whole. The planning commission shall submit its written recommendations with respect to the proposed urban renewal plan to the local governing body within thirty (30) days after receipt of the plan for review. Upon receipt of the recommendations of the planning commission, or if no recommendations are received within said thirty (30) days, then without such recommendations, the local governing body may proceed with the hearing on the proposed urban renewal project prescribed by subsection (c) hereof of this section.
- (c) The local governing body shall hold a public hearing on an the urban renewal project, after public notice thereof by publication in a newspaper having a general circulation in the area of operation of the municipality. The notice shall describe the time, date, place and purpose of the hearing, shall generally identify the urban renewal area covered by the plan, and shall outline the general scope of the urban renewal project under consideration.

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- (d) Following such hearing, the local governing body may approve an urban renewal project and the plan therefor if it finds that (1) a feasible method exists for the location of families who will be displaced from the urban renewal area in decent, safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations within their means and without undue hardship to such families; (2) the urban renewal plan conforms to the general plan of the municipality as a whole; (3) the urban renewal plan gives due consideration to the provision of adequate park and recreational areas and facilities that may be desirable for neighborhood improvement, with special consideration for the health, safety and welfare of children residing in the general vicinity of the site covered by the plan; and (4) the urban renewal plan will afford maximum opportunity, consistent with the sound needs of the municipality as a whole, for the rehabilitation or redevelopment of the urban renewal area by private enterprise: Provided, that if the urban renewal area consists of an area of open land to be acquired by the urban renewal agency, such area shall not be so acquired unless (1) if it is to be developed for residential uses, the local governing body shall determine that a shortage of housing of sound standards and design which is decent, safe and sanitary exists in the municipality; that the need for housing accommodations has been or will be increased as a result of the clearance of slums in other areas; that the conditions of blight in the area and the shortage of decent, safe and sanitary housing cause or contribute to an increase in and spread of disease and crime and constitute a menace to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare; and that the acquisition of the area for residential uses is an integral part of and essential to the program of the municipality, or (2) if it is to be developed for nonresidential uses, the local governing body shall determine that such nonresidential uses are necessary and appropriate to facilitate the proper growth and development of the community in accordance with sound planning standards and local community objectives, which acquisition may require the exercise of governmental action, as provided in this act chapter, because of defective or unusual conditions of title, diversity of ownership, tax delinquency, improper subdivisions, outmoded street patterns, deterioration of site, economic disuse, unsuitable topography or faulty lot layouts, the need for the correlation of the area with other areas of a municipality by streets and modern traffic requirements, or any combination of such factors or other conditions which retard development of the area.
- (e) An urban renewal plan may be modified at any time: Provided that if modified after the lease or sale by the urban renewal agency of real property in the urban renewal project area, such modification may be conditioned upon such approval of the owner, lessee or successor in interest as the urban renewal agency may deem advisable and in any event shall be subject to such rights at law or in equity as a lessee or purchaser, or his successor or successors in interest, may be entitled to assert.
- (f) Upon the approval by the local governing body of an urban renewal plan or of any modification thereof, such plan or modification shall be deemed to be in full force and effect for the respective urban renewal area, and the urban renewal agency may then cause such plan or modification to be carried out in accordance with its terms.
- (g) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this act, where the local governing body certifies that an area is in need of redevelopment or reha-

bilitation as a result of a flood, fire, hurricane, earthquake, storm, or other catastrophe respecting which the governor of the state has certified the need for disaster assistance under Public Law 875, Eighty-first Congress 42 U.S.C. section 5121, or other federal law, the local governing body may approve an urban renewal plan and an urban renewal project with respect to such area without regard to the provisions of subsection (d) of this section and the provisions of this section requiring a general plan for the municipality and a public hearing on the urban renewal project.

- (h) (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter and chapter 29, title 50, Idaho Code, a plan prepared or approved for an urban renewal area shall be limited to specific projects, clearly and concisely described in such plan and shall include specific descriptions of the development, redevelopment, improvements, land to be acquired, and which, if any, existing structures are to be removed or demolished. Any modification of such plan shall be subject to the foregoing limitations.
- (ii) Such plan shall also include a project termination date as provided for in section 50-2903, Idaho Code.
- SECTION 2. That Chapter 20, Title 50, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a  $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$ , to be known and designated as Section 50-2015A, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 50-2015A. DISTRIBUTION OF REVENUE. Any urban renewal area revenues collected pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or chapter 29, title 50, Idaho Code, that exceed the amount necessary for the urban renewal agency to meet its financial obligations, including those incurred under the urban renewal plan, competitively disadvantaged border community area ordinance, bonds, agreements or other financial obligations of the urban renewal agency, shall be disbursed to the taxing districts on a pro rata basis. For purposes of this section, the term "financial obligations" shall mean contract obligations and the improvements or project identified by the urban renewal agency within the urban renewal plan.
- SECTION 3. That Section 50-2904, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 50-2904. AUTHORITY TO CREATE REVENUE ALLOCATION AREA. An authorized municipality is hereby authorized and empowered to adopt, at any time, a revenue allocation financing provision, as described in this chapter, as part of an urban renewal plan or competitively disadvantaged border community area ordinance. A revenue allocation financing provision may be adopted either at the time of the original adoption of an urban renewal plan or the creation by ordinance of a competitively disadvantaged border community area or thereafter as a modification of an urban renewal plan or the ordinance creating the competitively disadvantaged border community area. Urban renewal plans existing prior to the effective date of this section may be modified to include a revenue allocation financing provision. Except as provided in subsections (1), (2) and (3) of this section, no revenue allocation provision of an urban renewal plan or competitively disadvantaged border community area ordinance, including all amendments thereto, shall

 have a duration exceeding twenty-four (24) years from the date the ordinance is approved by the municipality; and provided further, no additions to the land area of an existing revenue allocation area shall be interpreted to or shall cause an extension of the date of the twenty-four (24) year limit that was originally established for the revenue allocation area. Urban renewal area revenues collected pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or chapter 20, title 50, Idaho Code, that exceed the amount necessary for the urban renewal agency to meet its financial obligations, including those incurred under the urban renewal plan, competitively disadvantaged border community area ordinance, bonds, agreements or other financial obligations of the urban renewal agency, shall be disbursed to the taxing districts on a pro rata basis. For purposes of this section, the term "financial obligations" shall mean contract obligations and the improvements or project identified by the urban renewal agency within the urban renewal plan. Notwithstanding these limitations, the duration of the revenue allocation financing provision may be extended if:

- (1) The maturity date of any bonds issued to provide funds for a specific project in the revenue allocation area and payable from the revenue allocation financing provision exceeds the duration of the revenue allocation financing provision, provided such bond maturity is not greater than thirty (30) years; or
- (2) The urban renewal agency determines that it is necessary to refinance outstanding bonds payable from the revenue allocation financing provision to a maturity exceeding the twenty-four (24) year duration of the revenue allocation financing provision in order to avoid a default on the bonds; or
- (3) The local governing body has adopted an urban renewal plan or competitively disadvantaged border community area ordinance or an amendment to an urban renewal plan or competitively disadvantaged border community area ordinance prior to July 1, 2000, in which is defined the duration of the plan beyond a period of twenty-four (24) years, in which case the revenue allocation provision shall have a duration as described in such urban renewal plan or competitively disadvantaged border community area ordinance; and
- (4) During the extensions set forth in subsections (1) and (2) of this section, any revenue allocation area revenues exceeding the amount necessary to repay the bonds during the period exceeding the twenty-four (24) year maturity of the revenue allocation financing provision shall be returned to the taxing districts in the revenue allocation area on a pro rata basis.
- SECTION 4. That Section 50-2905, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 50-2905. RECOMMENDATION OF URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY. In order to implement the provisions of this chapter, the urban renewal agency of the municipality shall prepare and adopt a plan for each revenue allocation area and submit the plan and recommendation for approval thereof to the local governing body. In addition to the following, such plan shall be consistent with the provisions of section 50-2008, Idaho Code. The plan shall include a statement listing:
- (1) The kind, number, and location of all proposed public works or improvements within the revenue allocation area;

(2) An economic feasibility study;

- (3) A detailed list of estimated project costs;
- (4) A fiscal impact statement showing the impact of the revenue allocation area, both until and after the bonds are repaid, upon all taxing districts levying taxes upon property on the revenue allocation area; and
- (5) A description of the methods of financing all estimated project costs and the time when related costs or monetary obligations are to be incurred.;
- (6) A termination date for the plan and the revenue allocation area as provided for in section 50-2903(20), Idaho Code. In determining the termination date, the plan shall recognize that the agency shall receive allocation of revenues in the calendar year following the last year of the revenue allocation provision described in the urban renewal plan $\div$ ; and
- (7) A description of the disposition or retention of any assets of the agency upon the termination date. Provided however, nothing herein shall prevent the agency from retaining assets or revenues generated from such assets as long as the agency shall have resources other than revenue allocation funds to operate and manage such assets.