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IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1233

BY JUDICIARY AND RULES COMMITTEE

AN ACT

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO GUARDIANS OF MINORS; AMENDING SECTION 15-5-210, IDAHO CODE, TO
3	REVISE PROVISIONS AND TO ESTABLISH ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO
4	THE TERMINATION OF A GUARDIANSHIP; AND AMENDING SECTION 15-5-212, IDAHO
5	CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS RELATING TO CERTAIN RESIGNATION, REMOVAL,
6	MODIFICATION AND TERMINATION PROCEEDINGS AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORREC-
7	TIONS.

- Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho: 8
- 9 SECTION 1. That Section 15-5-210, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows: 10
 - 15-5-210. TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN -- GENERAL. A quardian's authority and responsibility terminates upon the death, resignation or removal of the guardian, termination of the guardianship or upon the minor's death, adoption, marriage or attainment of majority, but termination does not affect his liability for prior acts, nor his obligation to account for funds and assets of his ward. Resignation of a guardian without the appointment of a successor guardian does not terminate the guardianship until it has been approved by the court. A testamentary appointment under an informally probated will terminates if the will is later denied probate in a formal proceeding.
 - SECTION 2. That Section 15-5-212, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 15-5-212. RESIGNATION, OR REMOVAL, MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION PRO-CEEDINGS. (a1) Any person interested in the welfare of a ward, or the ward, if fourteen (14) or more years of age, may petition for removal of a quardian on the ground that removal would be in the best interest of the ward or for modification or termination of the quardianship. A quardian may petition for permission to resign. A petition for removal or for permission to resign may, but need not, include a request for appointment of a successor guardian.
 - (62) After notice and hearing on a petition for removal or for permission to resign, the court may terminate the quardianship and make any further order that may be appropriate.
 - (e3) If, at any time in the proceeding, the court determines that the interests of the ward are, or may be, inadequately represented, it may appoint an attorney to represent the minor, giving consideration to the preference of the minor if the minor is fourteen (14) or more years of age.
 - (4) Any person who moves to terminate a guardianship governed by this section has the burden of proving, by clear and convincing evidence, that:

- (a) There has been a substantial and material change in the circumstances of the guardian, or one (1) or both parents of the minor, or the minor since the establishment of the guardianship; and
- (b) Termination of the guardianship would be in the best interests of the minor.
- (5) Any person who moves in a guardianship governed by this section to remove a guardian or modify a guardianship has the burden of proving, by clear and convincing evidence, that:
 - (a) There has been a substantial and material change in the circumstances of the guardian, or of one (1) or both parents of the minor, or the person sought to be added as a co-guardian if appropriate, or the minor since the establishment of the guardianship; and
 - (b) Removal of the guardian or modification of the guardianship would be in the best interests of the minor.