LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

Sixty-eighth Legislature

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First Regular Session - 2025

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 206

BY TRANSPORTATION AND DEFENSE COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES; PROVIDING LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT; AMENDING TITLE 46, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW CHAPTER 9, TITLE 46, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A SHORT TITLE, TO ESTABLISH PROVI-SIONS REGARDING EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES AND THE MEDICAL DIRECTOR, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUNDS AND COUNTY ACCOUNTABILITY, TO ESTABLISH PROVI-SIONS REGARDING PERSONNEL AND AGENCIES LICENSURE ACTIONS, TO PROVIDE PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS, TO PROVIDE FOR THE CREATION OF THE IDAHO TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY COUNCIL AND TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARD-ING THE COMPOSITION AND DUTIES OF THE COUNCIL, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING DESIGNATION AS A TRAUMA, STROKE, OR HEART ATTACK CENTER, TO PROVIDE FOR THE CREATION OF THE TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY REGISTRY, AND TO PROVIDE FOR CONFIDENTIALITY; AMENDING SECTION 56-1011, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR LEGISLATIVE PURPOSE AND CONSTRUCTION OF CHAPTER AND TO REDESIGNATE THE SECTION; AMENDING SECTION 56-1012, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE DEFINITIONS, TO DEFINE A TERM, AND TO REDESIGNATE THE SECTION; AMENDING SECTION 56-1013, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING AUTHORIZED ACTIONS AND TO REDESIGNATE THE SECTION; AMENDING SECTION 56-1014, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING LIABILITY AND TO REDESIGNATE THE SECTION; AMENDING SECTION 56-1015, IDAHO CODE, TO RE-VISE PROVISIONS REGARDING FAILURE TO OBTAIN CONSENT AND TO REDESIGNATE THE SECTION; AMENDING SECTION 56-1016, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING AGENCY MINIMUM STANDARDS AND TO REDESIGNATE THE SECTION; AMENDING SECTION 56-1023, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING RULES AND TO REDESIGNATE THE SECTION; AMENDING SECTION 56-1024, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING THE IDAHO TIME SENSITIVE EMER-GENCY SYSTEM OF CARE AND STATEMENT OF INTENT AND TO REDESIGNATE THE SECTION; AMENDING SECTION 56-1026, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING THE IDAHO TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY SYSTEM, TO DEFINE TERMS, AND TO REDESIGNATE THE SECTION; AMENDING SECTION 56-1030, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING IDAHO TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY SYSTEM REGIONAL COMMITTEES AND TO REDESIGNATE THE SECTION; AMENDING SECTION 57-2004, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING PARTICIPATION IN THE TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY REGISTRY AND TO REDESIGNATE THE SECTION; AMENDING SECTION 57-2007, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY REGISTRY LIABILITY, TO PROVIDE EXCEPTIONS, AND TO REDESIGNATE THE SECTION; AMENDING CHAPTER 8, TITLE 57, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 57-829, IDAHO CODE, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING THE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND; AMENDING CHAPTER 8, TITLE 57, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 57-830, IDAHO CODE, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING THE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT GRANT FUND; AMENDING SECTION 57-2005, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING THE TIME SENSITIVE EMER-GENCY REGISTRY FUND AND TO REDESIGNATE THE SECTION; AMENDING SECTION

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6-902A, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 9-203, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING CONFIDENTIAL RELATIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 18-915, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE; AMENDING SECTION 31-3908, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORREC-TIONS; AMENDING SECTION 33-4302, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE A DEFINITION AND TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE; AMENDING SECTION 39-1392a, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE DEFINITIONS AND TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE; AMENDING SECTION 39-1393, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE IDAHO MILITARY DIVISION; AMENDING SECTION 39-4703, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE A DEFINITION AND TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE; AMENDING SECTION 39-8202, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE IDAHO MILITARY DIVISION; AMENDING SEC-TION 46-1007, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE IDAHO MILITARY DIVISION; AMENDING SECTION 49-123, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE IDAHO MILITARY DIVISION; AMENDING SECTION 49-306, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING APPLICATION FOR DRIVER'S LICENSE, INSTRUCTION PERMIT, COM-MERCIAL LEARNER'S PERMIT, OR RESTRICTED SCHOOL ATTENDANCE DRIVING PERMIT; AMENDING SECTION 49-452, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE CORRECT CODE REFERENCES; AMENDING SECTION 49-910A, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE IDAHO MILITARY DIVISION; AMENDING SECTION 56-1003, IDAHO CODE, TO RE-VISE PROVISIONS REGARDING POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE DIRECTOR; AMENDING SECTION 63-36220, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE IDAHO MILITARY DIVI-SION; AMENDING SECTION 67-8802, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE IDAHO MILITARY DIVISION; AMENDING SECTION 67-8806, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE IDAHO MILITARY DIVISION; AMENDING SECTION 72-451, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE; AMENDING SECTION 74-106, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A CORRECT REFERENCE; REPEALING SECTION 56-1013A, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO THE IDAHO EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PHYSICIAN COMMISSION AND TERMS AND OPERATION; REPEALING SECTION 56-1020, IDAHO CODE, RELAT-ING TO PENALTIES FOR PERSONNEL LICENSE VIOLATIONS; REPEALING SECTION 56-1021, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO PENALTIES FOR AGENCY LICENSE VIOLA-TIONS; REPEALING SECTION 56-1022, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO PERSONNEL AND AGENCIES LICENSURE ACTIONS; REPEALING SECTION 56-1025, IDAHO CODE, RE-LATING TO DEFINITIONS; REPEALING SECTION 56-1027, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO THE IDAHO TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY SYSTEM COUNCIL CREATION AND COM-POSITION; REPEALING SECTION 56-1028, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO DUTIES AND RULEMAKING OF THE IDAHO TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY SYSTEM COUNCIL; RE-PEALING SECTION 56-1029, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO IDAHO TRAUMA, STROKE, AND HEART ATTACK CENTERS; REPEALING SECTION 57-2001, IDAHO CODE, RELAT-ING TO PURPOSE OF THE REGISTRY; REPEALING SECTION 57-2002, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO TSE REGISTRY DEFINITIONS; REPEALING SECTION 57-2003, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO ESTABLISHMENT OF THE TSE REGISTRY; REPEALING SECTION 57-2006, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO CONFIDENTIALITY; REPEALING SECTION 56-1018, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND; RE-PEALING SECTION 56-1018A, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND II; REPEALING SECTION 56-1018B, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND III; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES.

SECTION 1. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT. (1) The Legislature finds that:

- (a) Relocating emergency medical services (EMS) from the Department of Health and Welfare to the Idaho Military Division will draw greater attention to the importance of emergency medical services in Idaho; and
- (b) Locating the state administration of emergency medical services at the same state agency that already coordinates emergency management at the state and local level will lead to improved services and provide opportunity for continued improvement and cross collaboration for these comparable systems.
- (2) It is the intent of the Legislature that:

- (a) The director of the Department of Health and Welfare and the adjutant general at the Idaho Military Division coordinate the transfer of emergency medical service functions from the Department of Health and Welfare to the Idaho Military Division as described in this act and that the transfer be complete effective July 1, 2025;
- (b) All existing, but no new, rights, powers, duties, budgets, funds, contracts, rules, regulations, and policies, administrative and rule-making proceedings, contested cases, civil actions, and other matters relating to emergency medical services described in this act, currently vested with the director of the Department of Health and Welfare and the Board of Health and Welfare, be transferred to the Idaho Military Division as described in this act no later than July 1, 2025;
- (c) Emergency medical services rulemaking authority sunset on July 1, 2027, and that before the adjournment sine die of the first regular session of the 69th Idaho Legislature, the Idaho Military Division's emergency medical services program propose for codification in the chapter created in this act any necessary provision found in EMS administrative rules; and
- (d) The adjutant general explore any organizational efficiencies from combining hazardous material programs at the military division with EMS.

SECTION 2. That Title 46, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW CHAPTER}}$, to be known and designated as Chapter 9, Title 46, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

CHAPTER 9 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES ACT

46-901. SHORT TITLE. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Emergency Medical Services Act."

46-904. EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES -- MEDICAL DIRECTOR. (1) Consistent with provisions of this chapter, there is hereby established within the division an emergency medical services program. The adjutant general, as administrator of the division, shall supervise and administer the emergency medical services program and shall hire or cause to be hired the necessary personnel responsible for administering it. The responsibilities of the emergency medical services program shall include but are not limited to assisting qualified entities in providing first aid emergency medical ser-

vices and providing transportation of the sick and injured. The division is authorized to establish regulations regarding the administration of emergency medical services, licensing, and certification in Idaho and to issue emergency medical services certifications, licenses, and permits.

- (2) The division shall adopt standards concerning the administration of this chapter, including criteria for educational programs, certification and licensure of personnel, certification of EMS instructors, licensure of ambulance, air medical and nontransport services, manufacturing standards for ambulances and nontransport vehicles, criteria for the use of air medical services by licensed EMS personnel at emergency scenes, establishment of fees for training, inspections, and licensure, appropriate requirements for renewal of licensure of personnel and agencies, and the management of complaints, investigations, and license actions against licensed EMS personnel and agencies. Additionally, in consultation with the medical director, the division shall develop guidelines, standards, and procedures for reducing exposure to pathogens from human blood, tissue, or fluids. Such guidelines, standards, and procedures shall be made available to all law enforcement personnel, all emergency medical services personnel and agencies, and such other emergency personnel who request such information.
- (3) By employment or contract, the division shall retain the services of a physician licensed in the state of Idaho with experience in emergency medicine to serve as medical director. The medical director shall not be the person hired by the adjutant general to administer the emergency medical services program. The medical director shall:
 - (a) Advise program leadership on standards for scope of practice and the required level of medical supervision by a physician for personnel and agencies licensed under this chapter;
 - (b) Advise program leadership on disciplinary actions against licensed personnel and agencies; and
 - (c) Carry out any other function assigned to him in law or at the request of program leadership.
- 46-905. USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUNDS COUNTY ACCOUNTABILITY. (1) The division shall be responsible for distributing moneys, subject to legislative appropriation, from the emergency medical services vehicle and equipment grant fund created in section 57-830, Idaho Code, to qualifying nonprofit and governmental entities that submit an application for a grant from the fund. Grants from the fund may cover the cost of vehicles and equipment, training, licensing expenses, communication technology, dispatch services, and costs associated with assuring the performance of planned coverage and emergency response, including highway safety and emergency response to motor vehicle accidents.
 - (a) The division shall approve grants from the fund based on the following criteria:
 - (i) The applicant is a nonprofit or governmental entity that holds a current license as an ambulance or nontransport service issued by the division;
 - (ii) The applicant has demonstrated need based on criteria established by the division;

- (iii) The applicant has provided verification that it has received the approval and endorsement of a fire district, city, or county within its service area;
- (iv) The applicant has certified that the title to any vehicle purchased with funds from the fund shall be in the name of the fire district, city, or county that endorsed the application and shall submit proof of titling to the division as soon as practicable; and (v) The state of Idaho shall retain a security interest in the vehicle to secure the performance of the grant recipient to utilize the vehicle consistent with the intent described in the application.
- (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (a) (iii) and (iv) of this subsection, the division is authorized to approve and issue a grant to an applicant in the absence of an endorsement if the endorsement is withheld without adequate justification.
- (2) The division shall be responsible for distributing moneys, subject to legislative appropriation, from the emergency medical services fund created in section 57-829, Idaho Code. Moneys in the fund shall be used exclusively for costs associated with emergency medical services. However, if the legislature appropriates moneys to the fund for sustainability grants to cover personnel and operating costs associated with assuring the sustainability and availability of emergency medical services, applicants may only be approved by the division subject to the following criteria:
 - (a) The applicant is a nonprofit or governmental entity that holds a current emergency medical services agency license issued by the division that authorizes the agency as a 911 response agency;
 - (b) The application clearly defines the applicant's service area specific to 911 response;
 - (c) The applicant must certify, if it is eligible to bill for services, that it has billed health insurance carriers for at least eighty percent (80%) of eligible billable services it provided in the previous year. If the applicant is newly licensed and does not have twelve (12) months of historical billing information, the applicant must certify that it is currently billing and will continue to bill health insurance carriers for at least eighty percent (80%) of eligible services; and
 - (d) If the applicant fulfills the requirements of paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this subsection, the county in which the applicant provides 911 response services may, in its discretion, endorse the grant application of the requesting entity. A county endorsing an application must have submitted a plan that has been approved by the division that specifies how emergency medical services 911 responses shall be covered and coordinated throughout the entire county.
- (3) The provision of emergency medical services is a government function. If the division approves applications for sustainability grants pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, counties are authorized and required to ensure that emergency medical services are reasonably available throughout the county.
- (4) It is the intent of the legislature that counties that accept sustainability grants pursuant to subsection (2) of this section use a portion

of the sustainability grant to implement or maintain community health EMS in the service area.

- 46-911. PERSONNEL AND AGENCIES LICENSURE ACTIONS -- GROUNDS -- PROCEDURE. (1) Subject to the provisions of chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code, the division, upon recommendation of the EMS medical director, may deny a license or refuse to renew a license for a person, or may suspend or revoke a license or may impose probationary conditions, if the holder of a license or the applicant for a license has engaged in unprofessional conduct that has endangered or is likely to endanger the health, welfare, or safety of the public. Such unprofessional conduct includes but is not limited to:
 - (a) Obtaining a license by means of fraud, misrepresentation, or concealment of a material fact;
 - (b) Being found guilty of unprofessional conduct as defined by the division;
 - (c) Being convicted of a crime that would have a direct and adverse bearing on the licensee's ability to practice or perform emergency medical care competently;
 - (d) The unauthorized practice of medicine;

- (e) Violating any provisions of this chapter or any regulations adopted under this chapter; and
- (f) Being found mentally incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code, the division may deny, revoke, or refuse to renew a license of an agency, or may impose probationary conditions or fines as a condition of an agency's ability to retain a license in accordance with regulations adopted by the division.
- (3) A denial, refusal to renew, suspension, revocation, or imposition of probationary conditions on a license may be ordered by the division after opportunity for a hearing as provided in section 46-910(4), Idaho Code.
- (4) An application for reinstatement may be filed with the division one (1) year from the date of license revocation. In the event a timely application is filed, the division, upon recommendation of the EMS medical director, may accept or reject the application for reinstatement. An opportunity for a hearing as provided in section 46-910(4), Idaho Code, shall follow any rejection under this subsection, and the opportunity for appeal as set forth in chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code, shall follow if the division affirms its initial decision.
- 46-913. PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS. (1) Any person who practices or attempts to practice EMS as a licensed provider of emergency care as provided for in this chapter, without having at the time of violation a valid, unexpired, unrestricted, unrevoked, and unsuspended license issued by the division under this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500) or imprisonment for not more than six (6) months, or both, for each violation.
- (2) Any person establishing, conducting, managing, or operating any agency as provided for in this chapter without a license issued by the division under this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject

to a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or imprisonment for not more than six (6) months, or both. Each day of continuing violation shall constitute a separate offense.

- 46-916. IDAHO TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY SYSTEM -- COUNCIL -- COMPOSITION -- DUTIES. (1) There is hereby created within the division the Idaho time sensitive emergency system council. Council members shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the governor. Terms on the council shall be for four (4) years, and vacancies on the council for unexpired terms shall be filled by appointment by the governor for the remainder of the term. Council members shall be selected to assure geographic, rural, and clinical specialty representation.
 - (2) The membership of the council shall include the following:
 - (a) One (1) representative from a facility that either holds or is seeking designation as an Idaho trauma center. The representative shall be the medical director, the coordinator, or the program manager responsible for the respective facility's trauma program;
 - (b) One (1) representative from a facility that either holds or is seeking designation as an Idaho stroke facility. The representative shall be the medical director, the coordinator, or the program manager responsible for the respective facility's stroke program;
 - (c) One (1) representative from a facility that either holds or is seeking designation as an Idaho heart attack center. The representative shall be the medical director, the coordinator, or the program manager responsible for the respective facility's heart attack program;
 - (d) One (1) representative from an EMS agency licensed by the division that serves a primarily urban response area;
 - (e) One (1) representative from an EMS agency licensed by the division that serves a primarily rural response area;
 - (f) One (1) representative from an air medical EMS agency licensed by the division;
 - (g) One (1) administrator of an Idaho hospital that either holds or is seeking Idaho trauma, stroke, or heart attack designation;
 - (h) One (1) chief executive officer or administrator of an Idaho critical access hospital that either holds or is seeking Idaho trauma, stroke, or heart attack designation;
 - (i) One (1) licensed health care provider who routinely works in the emergency department of a hospital that serves a primarily urban area that either holds or is seeking Idaho trauma, stroke, or heart attack designation;
 - (j) One (1) licensed health care provider who routinely works in the emergency department of a hospital that serves a primarily rural area that either holds or is seeking Idaho trauma, stroke, or heart attack designation; and
 - (k) One (1) member of the public.
- (3) The chair of each regional time sensitive committee established pursuant to section 46-918, Idaho Code, shall be added as a voting member of the council when the regional time sensitive emergency committee is implemented and the chair is selected.

- (4) The governor shall appoint a chair who shall serve a term of two (2) years. The council may elect other officers as it may deem necessary and appropriate. The council shall meet at least semiannually and at the call of the chair.
 - (5) The duties of the council shall be as follows:

- (a) Develop, implement, and monitor a voluntary statewide system that includes trauma, stroke, and heart attack facilities;
- (b) Provide oversight of the system, assuring adherence to standards and regulations established by the council;
- (c) Establish substate system regions that provide more effective access to the system. In the designation of these regions, specific consideration shall be given to geography and patient referral patterns for the facilities and agencies included therein;
- (d) Establish a regional time sensitive emergency committee in each substate region;
- (e) Develop the standards and criteria that each participating facility that voluntarily applies is required to meet concerning personnel, equipment, resources, data collection, and organizational capabilities to obtain or maintain designation;
- (f) Develop procedures for and the duration of the designation of a trauma, stroke, or heart attack facility, including application procedures, verification procedures, investigation of complaints pertaining to designation, and emergency suspension or revocation of designation;
- (g) Develop operational procedures for the regional time sensitive emergency committees;
- (h) Facilitate the implementation of nationally accepted standards throughout the voluntary system;
- (i) Set procedures for the acquisition of data needed to successfully manage the system; and
- (j) Collaborate and cooperate with the division, the EMS medical director, local governments, and local EMS agencies and associations to address recruitment and retention concerns of local EMS providers.
- 46-917. IDAHO TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY SYSTEM -- DESIGNATION AS IDAHO TRAUMA, STROKE, AND HEART ATTACK CENTERS. (1) The council shall designate a hospital as a trauma, stroke, or heart attack center when such hospital, upon proper application and verification, has been found by the council to meet the applicable level of trauma, stroke, or heart attack center criteria as established by the council.
- (2) In developing trauma, stroke, and heart attack center designation criteria, the council shall use, as is practicable, appropriate peer-reviewed or evidence-based research, including but not limited to the most recent guidelines of the American college of surgeons committee on trauma, the American college of cardiology, and the American heart association for heart attack centers, the joint commission's primary stroke center certification program criteria for stroke centers, or primary and comprehensive stroke center recommendations as published by the American stroke association or other nationally recognized authoritative standards.

(3) Designation criteria adopted by the council shall be publicly available.

- (4) The council shall conduct a periodic verification review of every trauma, stroke, and heart attack facility. Verification reviews shall be coordinated for the different types of centers to the extent practicable with hospital resources. No person who has a substantial conflict of interest in the operation of any trauma, stroke, and heart attack center under review shall participate in the verification review of the facility.
- (5) The council shall coordinate an on-site review as necessary to assure that a hospital meets the criteria for the desired designation. The council may waive an on-site review when a hospital has been verified by a nationally recognized accrediting body to meet or exceed standards established by the council.
- (6) The council may deny, place on probation, suspend, or revoke any designation when it has reasonable cause to believe that there has been misrepresentation or falsification of information or a substantial failure to comply with the criteria for designation promulgated by the council. If the council has reasonable cause to believe that a hospital is not in compliance with such provisions, it may require the facility to submit additional documentation or undergo additional site reviews to verify compliance.
- (7) No hospital may hold itself out to the public as an Idaho-designated trauma center, Idaho-designated stroke facility, or Idaho-designated heart attack facility unless it is designated as such by the council.
- (8) A hospital aggrieved because of a council decision pursuant to this section shall be entitled to appeal as provided in section 46-910(4), Idaho Code. The opportunity for appeal as set forth in chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code, shall follow if the council affirms its initial decision.
- 46-919. IDAHO TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY SYSTEM -- CREATION OF TSE REGISTRY -- PURPOSE. (1) The division, or an authorized contractor of the division, shall:
 - (a) Establish a TSE registry to collect and analyze information on the incidence, severity, causes, and outcomes of TSEs, and other such data necessary to evaluate trauma, strokes, and heart attacks and the health system's response;
 - (b) Establish the data elements and data dictionary, including child-specific data elements that hospitals must report, and the time frame and format for reporting; and
 - (c) Support, where necessary, data collection and abstraction by providing:
 - (i) A data collection system and technical assistance to each hospital; and
 - (ii) Funding or, at the discretion of the division, personnel for collection and abstraction for each hospital.
- (2) The specific issues to be identified and evaluated through the TSE registry are:
 - (a) Trauma, stroke, and heart attack TSE surveillance;
 - (b) Geographic patterns of trauma incidence;
 - (c) Types of TSEs treated in hospitals in Idaho;

- (d) Areas or regions of the state where improvements in the emergency medical system may be needed;
- (e) Public education and prevention needs and efforts; and
- (f) Other factors to consider in recommending, designing, or implementing a statewide TSE system.
- (3) The data collected by the TSE registry shall be of such a nature as to allow the division to identify at least the following:
 - (a) Lack of access to care and improvement of the availability and delivery of prehospital, hospital, and post-acute TSE care;
 - (b) Performance of the out-of-hospital and hospital emergency medical systems;
 - (c) Costs of TSE care; and

- (d) Outcomes of persons who are victims of TSEs.
- (4) The division shall evaluate the data collected, as well as data collected from other relevant sources, and shall prepare an annual report. The data shall be used to regularly produce and disseminate aggregated and de-identified analytical reports and for recommending benchmark quality measures and outcomes and needed educational resources to the council.
- 46-921. IDAHO TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY SYSTEM -- TSE REGISTRY CONFIDENTIALITY. (1) Records and information contained in the TSE registry shall be kept confidential and may be released only as provided by this chapter and regulations adopted by the division.
- (2) The division and an authorized contractor may enter into agreements to exchange confidential information with other TSE registries in order to obtain complete reports of Idaho residents treated in other states and to provide information to other states regarding such other state's residents treated in Idaho. Agreements sharing information from the TSE registry shall include a provision requiring the receiving agency to keep such information confidential.
- (3) The division and an authorized contractor may, in their discretion, publish or furnish to health researchers and the public de-identified information, including compilations and analyses thereof.
- (4) The division and an authorized contractor may furnish confidential information to other TSE registries, federal TSE programs, or health researchers in order to perform and collaborate with research studies. Persons and entities receiving confidential information for research purposes must comply with regulations of the division relating to the confidentiality of TSE registry records and information.
- (5) The division and an authorized contractor may furnish confidential information relating to a specific hospital, including compilations and analyses of such confidential information, to the specific hospital to which it relates.
- (6) TSE registry records and information shall not be available for purposes of litigation except by order of the court. Any such order shall contain such protective provisions as are reasonable and necessary to prevent the public or further disclosure of the records and information and shall contain a provision requiring the destruction of the records and information when no longer needed for the litigation.

SECTION 3. That Section 56-1011, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

56-1011 46-902. EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES -- STATEMENT OF INTENT LEGISLATIVE PURPOSE -- CONSTRUCTION OF CHAPTER. (1) The purpose of this chapter is It is the purpose of the legislature of the state of Idaho in the adoption of sections 56-1011 through 56-1023, Idaho Code, to recognize the importance of that the delivery of emergency medical services is critical to the life, health, and safety of Idahoans and to provide reasonable regulation of the same such services. Any regulations under this chapter shall be narrowly tailored, and all licensing requirements shall not be more restrictive than neighboring states or comparably situated states.

 $\underline{(2)}$ For $\underline{\text{To carry out}}$ this purpose, the provisions of section 54-1804, Idaho Code, shall not be so construed as to prohibit or penalize emergency medical services rendered by a person authorized to render emergency medical services by sections 56-1011 through 56-1023, Idaho Code, this chapter if such emergency medical service is rendered under the responsible supervision and control of a licensed physician licensed in Idaho.

SECTION 4. That Section 56-1012, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

 $\frac{56-1012}{56-1023}$. DEFINITIONS. As used in sections $\frac{56-1011}{56-1023}$, Idaho Code this chapter:

- (1) "Advanced emergency medical technician" means a person who has met the qualifications for licensure as set forth in sections 56-1011 through 56-1023, Idaho Code this chapter, is licensed by the EMS bureau under sections 56-1011 through 56-1023, Idaho Code this chapter, carries out the practice of emergency care within the scope of practice determined by the commission division, and practices under the supervision of an Idaho licensed physician.
- (2) "Agency" means any organization licensed by the EMS bureau $\underline{\text{under}}$ this chapter that operates an air medical service, ambulance service or non-transport service.
- (3) "Air ambulance" means any privately or publicly owned fixed wing aircraft or rotary wing aircraft used for, or intended to be used for, the transportation of persons experiencing physiological or psychological illness or injury who may need medical attention during transport. This may include dual or multipurpose vehicles which that otherwise comply with sections 56-1011 through 56-1023, Idaho Code, and specifications established by board rule this chapter and applicable regulations.
- (4) "Air medical service" means an agency licensed by the EMS bureau under this chapter that responds to requests for patient care and transportation from hospitals and EMS agencies using a fixed wing aircraft or rotary wing aircraft.
- (5) "Ambulance" means any privately or publicly owned motor vehicle or nautical vessel used for, or intended to be used for, the transportation of sick or injured persons who may need medical attention during transport. This may include dual or multipurpose vehicles which otherwise comply with sections 56-1011 through 56-1023, Idaho Code, and specifications established by board rule.

- (6) (5) "Ambulance service" means an agency licensed by the EMS bureau under this chapter operated with the intent to provide personnel and equipment for medical treatment at an emergency scene, during transportation or during transfer of persons experiencing physiological or psychological illness or injury who may need medical attention during transport.
- (7) (6) "Applicant" means any organization that is requesting an agency license under this chapter and includes the following:
 - (a) An organization seeking a new license;

- (b) An existing agency that intends to change the level of licensed personnel it utilizes;
- (c) An existing agency that intends to change its geographic coverage area, except by agency annexation;
- (d) An existing nontransport service that intends to provide ambulance service;
- (e) An existing ambulance service that intends to discontinue transport and become a nontransport service.
- (8) "Board" means the Idaho board of health and welfare.
- (9) "Commission" means the Idaho emergency medical services physician commission.
- $\overline{(10)}$ "Community emergency medical technician" or "community EMT" means an emergency medical technician or advanced emergency medical technician with additional standardized training who works within a designated community health emergency medical services program under local medical control as part of a community-based team of health and social services providers.
- (11) (8) "Community health emergency medical services" or "community health EMS" means the evaluation, advice or treatment of an eligible recipient outside of a hospital setting, which that is specifically requested for the purpose of preventing or improving a particular medical condition, and which that is provided by a licensed emergency medical services agency. Community health EMS involving or related to emergency response must be provided by or in coordination with the primary 911 response agency for that area.
- (12) (9) "Community paramedic" means a paramedic with additional standardized training who works within a designated community health emergency medical services program under local medical control as part of a community-based team of health and social services providers.
 - (13) "Department" means the Idaho department of health and welfare.
- $\underline{\text{(10)}}$ "Division" means the Idaho military division of the office of the governor.
- (14) (11) "Eligible recipient" means an individual eligible to receive community health emergency medical services, as determined by rule of the EMS bureau or under this chapter and applicable state regulations or as determined by regulations of a local community health emergency medical services program.
- (15) (12) "Emergency medical responder" means a person who has met the qualifications for licensure as set forth in sections 56-1011 through 56-1023, Idaho Code this chapter, is licensed by the EMS bureau under sections 56-1011 through 56-1023, Idaho Code this chapter, carries out the practice of emergency care within the scope of practice determined by the

commission division, and practices under the supervision of an Idaho licensed physician.

 $\frac{(16)}{(13)}$ "Emergency medical services" or "EMS" means aid rendered by an individual or group of individuals who do the following:

- (a) Respond to a perceived need for medical care in order to prevent loss of life or aggravation of physiological or psychological illness or injury;
- (b) Are prepared to provide interventions that are within the scope of practice as defined by the commission division;
- (c) Use an alerting mechanism to initiate a response to requests for medical care; and
- (d) Offer, advertise or attempt to respond as described in paragraphs
- (a) through (c) of this subsection.

- (17) "EMS bureau" means the bureau of emergency medical services of the department.
- (18) (14) "Emergency medical technician" means a person who has met the qualifications for licensure as set forth in sections 56-1011 through 56-1023, Idaho Code this chapter, is licensed by the EMS bureau under sections 56-1011 through 56-1023, Idaho Code this chapter, carries out the practice of emergency care within the scope of practice determined by the commission division, and practices under the supervision of an Idaho licensed physician.
- (19) (15) "Licensed personnel" means those individuals who are emergency medical responders, emergency medical technicians, advanced emergency medical technicians and paramedics.
- $\underline{(20)}$ $\underline{(16)}$ "National emergency medical services information system technical assistance center" means an organization that validates software for compliance with the EMS data set defined by the United States department of transportation national highway traffic safety administration.
- (21) (17) "Nontransport service" means an agency licensed by the EMS bureau under this chapter, operated with the intent to provide personnel or equipment for medical stabilization at an emergency scene, but not intended to be the service that will actually transport sick or injured persons.
- (22) "Nontransport vehicle" means any vehicle operated by an agency with the intent to provide personnel or equipment for medical stabilization at an emergency scene, but not intended as the vehicle that will actually transport sick or injured persons.
- $\frac{(23)}{(18)}$ "Paramedic" means a person who has met the qualifications for licensure as set forth in sections 56-1011 through 56-1023, Idaho Code this chapter, is licensed by the EMS bureau under sections 56-1011 through 56-1023, Idaho Code this chapter, carries out the practice of emergency care within the scope of practice determined by the commission division, and practices under the supervision of an Idaho licensed physician.
- (24) (19) "Supervision" means the medical direction by a licensed physician of activities provided by licensed personnel affiliated with a licensed ambulance, air medical or nontransport service, including, but not limited to: establishing standing orders and protocols, reviewing performance of licensed personnel, providing instructions for patient care via radio or telephone, and other oversight.

 $\underline{\text{(25)}}\ \underline{\text{(20)}}$ "Transfer" means the transportation of a patient from one $\underline{\text{(1)}}$ medical care facility to another.

SECTION 5. That Section 56-1013, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

56-1013 46-907. AUTHORIZED ACTIONS. Persons licensed by the EMS bureau under this chapter shall be authorized to perform such acts under written or oral authorization of a licensed physician as shall be established by rules of the commission the division, including, but not limited to, administration of intravenous solutions and drugs, cardiac defibrillation, airway management, endotracheal intubation, community health emergency medical services and other patient care.

SECTION 6. That Section 56-1014, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

56-1014 46-908. LIABILITY. (1) No act or omission of any person who is duly licensed under sections 56-1011 through 56-1023, Idaho Code, by the EMS bureau this chapter done or omitted in good faith while rendering emergency medical services to a person or persons who are perceived to need immediate care in order to prevent loss of life or aggravation of physiological or psychological illness or injury shall impose any liability upon those personnel, the supervising physician, the hospital, the organization providing the service, or upon on a federal, state, county, city or other local governmental unit, or upon on employees of such governmental unit, unless such provider of care or such personnel be is shown to have caused injury and damages to such person or persons as a proximate result of his, her or their such personnel's reckless or grossly negligent misconduct, which shall be the sole grounds for civil liability of such persons in the provision of care or assistance under sections 56-1011 through 56-1023, Idaho Code this chapter, regardless of the circumstance under which such care or assistance may be provided. This section shall not relieve the organization or agency operating the service from the duty of securing, maintaining and operating, the equipment and licensure designated for use in performing the emergency medical services.

- (2) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section shall apply to licensed personnel of another state of the United States who enter this state in response to an emergency to render emergency medical services to a person who is perceived to need immediate care in order to prevent loss of life or aggravation of physiological or psychological illness or injury.
- (3) No act or omission of any person authorized under this chapter to provide community health emergency medical services shall impose any liability $\frac{1}{2}$ upon $\frac{1}{2}$ such person or the person's agency or supervising physician where the act or omission occurs in the course of providing authorized services and is done or omitted in good faith, unless the person is shown to have caused injury as a result of reckless or grossly negligent misconduct.

SECTION 7. That Section 56-1015, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

56-1015 46-909. FAILURE TO OBTAIN CONSENT. No Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32-1015, Idaho Code, no person licensed under sections 56-1011 through 56-1023, Idaho Code, this chapter or physician or hospital licensed in this state shall be subject to civil liability, based solely upon on failure to obtain consent in rendering emergency medical, surgical, hospital or health services to any individual regardless of age where that individual is unable to give this consent for any reason and there is no other person reasonably available who is legally authorized to consent to the providing of such care, provided, however, that such person, physician, or hospital has acted in good faith and without knowledge of facts negating consent. The provision or refusal of consent under sections 56-1011 through 56-1023, Idaho Code, this chapter shall be governed by chapter 45, title 39, Idaho Code.

SECTION 8. That Section 56-1016, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

 $\frac{56-1016}{46-910}$. AGENCY MINIMUM STANDARDS. (1) Each ambulance service, air medical service and nontransport service shall be licensed by the EMS bureau under this chapter based on the level of licensed personnel it utilizes, transport capability and self-declared geographic coverage area and shall meet the following standards:

- (1) (a) Personnel during transport or transfer -- There shall be at least two (2) crew members on each patient transport or transfer, with the crew member delivering patient care being, at a minimum, a licensed emergency medical technician (EMT) or a licensed emergency medical responder (EMR) with a valid ambulance certification issued by the EMS bureau division.
- $\frac{(2)}{(b)}$ Dispatch -- Each licensed EMS agency shall have a twenty-four (24) hour dispatch arrangement and shall respond to calls on a twenty-four (24) hour basis.
- (3) (c) Agency inspections and licensing -- The EMS bureau division shall conduct inspections at least annually related to agency licensing or shall contract to have the inspections carried out. Each agency shall have a current state license in order to operate.
- (4) (d) Ambulance service minimum standards waiver -- The controlling authority providing ambulance services may petition the board division for waiver of the ambulance standards of section 56-1016(2), Idaho Code, subsection (2) of this section if compliance with these standards would cause undue hardship on the community being served, or would result in abandonment of ambulance services.
- (5) (e) Nontransport service minimum standards waiver -- The controlling authority providing nontransport services may petition the EMS bureau division for waiver of the twenty-four (24) hour response requirement of this section if the petition demonstrates that the community, setting, industrial site or event is not populated on a twenty-four (24) hour basis or does not exist on a three hundred sixty-five (365) day per year basis or if compliance with these standards would cause undue hardship on the community being served, or would result in abandonment of nontransport services.

- (6) (f) Supervision -- A licensed physician shall supervise the medical activities provided by licensed personnel affiliated with the licensed agency, including, but not limited to: establishing standing orders and protocols, reviewing performance of licensed personnel, approving methods for licensed personnel to receive instructions for patient care via radio, telephone or in person, and other oversight as provided in the rules of the commission regulation.
- $\frac{(7)}{(2)}$ Applicants must submit the following information with their applications and agree to meet the following requirements as a condition of licensure:
 - (a) A declaration of anticipated applicant agency costs and revenues; a statement of projected changes in response time; and a narrative describing projected clinical benefits to patients resulting from licensure using methods defined in board rules applicable regulations concerning such matters on an application provided by the EMS bureau division; and
 - (b) Collect and report data to the <u>EMS bureau division</u> upon receiving a license using a data collection system that is validated as compliant by the national emergency medical services information system technical assistance center in accordance with <u>board rules applicable regulation</u>.
- (8) (3) The EMS bureau division will provide notice of any such application to all cities, counties and other units of local government that have any geographic coverage area in common with the applicant in accordance with board rules applicable regulations. Such notice will include a summary of the applicant data supplied to the EMS bureau division. Any other EMS bureau division use of the cost and revenue data supplied by applicants is limited exclusively to informational purposes.
- (9) Appeal of a denial of an applicant's license will be governed by IDAPA 16.05.03, rules governing contested case proceedings and declaratory rulings.
- (4) If the division denies an application for any reason, then such decision may be appealed to the office of administrative hearings within forty-two (42) days of the date of the issuance of the denial at the request of the applicant whose request for a license was denied.
 - (a) The office of administrative hearings shall, within twenty-eight (28) days of receipt of the request, review the full record regarding the application and convene a public hearing regarding the appeal. After the public hearing, the hearing officer shall submit a written recommendation to the division and to the applicant requesting review. The recommendation by the hearing officer either to affirm or reverse the division's decision shall be based on the full record regarding the application, including this chapter and the regulations and standards established under this chapter. The recommendation shall be in writing and accompanied by a reasoned opinion.
 - (b) Within twenty-eight (28) days following the issuance of the hearing officer's written recommendation, the division shall either affirm or reverse its initial decision.
 - (c) If, upon reconsideration of a decision to deny an application, the division:

- (i) Reverses its initial decision and approves the application, then there shall be no further appeal; or
- (ii) Affirms its initial decision denying the application, then the applicant may appeal as set forth in chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code.
- SECTION 9. That Section 56-1023, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 56-1023 46-912. RULES. (1) The commission is authorized and directed to adopt appropriate rules defining the allowable scope of practice and acts and duties which can be performed by persons licensed by the EMS bureau and the required level of supervision by a licensed physician.
- (2) The board is authorized and directed to adopt appropriate rules and standards concerning the administration of sections 56-1011 through 56-1022 and this section, Idaho Code, including criteria for educational programs, certification and licensure of personnel, certification of EMS instructors, licensure of ambulance, air medical and nontransport services, manufacturing standards for ambulances and nontransport vehicles, criteria for the use of air medical services by licensed EMS personnel at emergency scenes, establishment of fees for training, inspections and licensure, appropriate requirements for renewal of licensure of personnel and agencies and the management of complaints, investigations and license actions against licensed EMS personnel and agencies. The rules of the board must be consistent with the rules adopted by the commission.
- (3) Additionally, the department shall develop guidelines, standards and procedures for reducing exposure to pathogens from human blood, tissue or fluids. Such guidelines, standards and procedures shall be made available to all law enforcement personnel, all emergency medical services personnel and agencies, and such other emergency personnel who request such information.

Emergency medical service rules that are in effect on July 1, 2025, shall remain in effect as if promulgated by the division and may be amended as necessary by the division consistent with chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code, subject to legislative approval. Provided however, any authority to promulgate rules under this chapter shall be null, void, and of no effect on and after July 1, 2027.

SECTION 10. That Section 56-1024, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

56-1024 46-914. IDAHO TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY SYSTEM OF CARE --STATEMENT OF INTENT. Time sensitive emergencies, specifically blunt trauma injuries, strokes and heart attacks, were three (3) of the top five (5) causes of deaths death in Idaho in 2011. Numerous studies throughout the United States have demonstrated that organized systems of care improve patient outcomes, thus reducing the frequency of preventable death and improving the functional status of the patient. The institute of medicine's report "Hospital-Based Emergency Care: At the Breaking Point" recommended improving the care of critical illness through regionalization by transporting critically ill patients to designated specialized care centers when

appropriate. Early treatment and transfer when necessary will save the lives of Idahoans stricken with these emergency conditions. Trauma systems of care are well understood as they have existed in many other states for decades. It is the intent of this legislation the legislature, in sections 46-914 through 46-922, Idaho Code, to create an integrated and responsive system of care for Idaho citizens. The trauma component will serve as the initial framework in a deliberate, incremental implementation approach for a comprehensive system of care for time sensitive emergencies in Idaho. The time sensitive emergency system in Idaho is intended to be voluntary and inclusive. The system will be designed such that all facilities, and in particular critical access hospitals, have the opportunity to participate. No facility shall be excluded from receiving medically appropriate patients based solely on the facility's decision of not seeking designation.

 SECTION 11. That Section 56-1026, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

 $\frac{56-1026}{DEFINITIONS}$. IDAHO TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY SYSTEM -- CREATION AND DEFINITIONS. (1) There is hereby created a voluntary time sensitive emergency system within the department of health and welfare division.

- (2) As used in sections 46-914 through 46-922, Idaho Code:
- (a) "Confidential information" means information that may identify a patient, health care facility, or health care practitioner.
- (b) "Contractor" means an individual, partnership, corporation, or other entity performing TSE registry services under a contractual agreement with the division.
- (c) "Council" means the Idaho time sensitive emergency system council.
- (d) "De-identified information" means records and information contained in the TSE registry, including compilations and analyses thereof, that do not contain information that might identify a patient, health care facility, or health care practitioner.
- (e) "Heart attack" means a STEMI, which is a common name for an ST-elevation myocardial infarction, a more precise description of a type of heart attack that is caused by a prolonged period of blocked blood supply that affects a large area of the heart and has a substantial risk of death and disability calling for a quick response.
- (f) "Hospital" has the same meaning as in 42 CFR.
- (g) "Stroke" means an interruption of blood flow to the brain causing paralysis, slurred speech, or altered brain function usually caused by a blockage in a blood vessel that carries blood to the brain (ischemic stroke) or by a blood vessel bursting (hemorrhagic).
- (h) "Trauma" means the result of an act or event that damages, harms, or hurts a human being resulting in intentional or unintentional damage to the body resulting from acute exposure to mechanical, thermal, electrical, or chemical energy or from the absence of such essentials as heat or oxygen.
- (i) "TSE" means a time sensitive emergency, specifically trauma, stroke, or heart attack.
- (j) "TSE registry" means the population-based data system that provides ongoing and systematic collection, analysis, interpretation, and dissemination of information related to trauma, stroke, and heart

attack for system improvement, prevention, and research activities. Elements in the registry shall describe the nature and scope of the injury, illness, or health condition and identify the incidence and prevalence of traumatic injury, illness or health condition, severity of injury, performance of out-of-hospital and hospital emergency medical systems, patient outcomes, and the impact of trauma, stroke, and heart attack on the health care system.

(k) "TSE system" means the organized approach to treating injured patients that establishes and promotes standards for patient transportation, equipment, and information analysis for effective and coordinated TSE care. TSE systems represent a continuum of care that is fully integrated into the emergency medical services system and is a coordinated effort between out-of-hospital and hospital providers with the close cooperation of medical specialists in each phase of care. The focus is on prevention, coordination of acute care, and aggressive rehabilitation. Systems are designed to be inclusive of all patients with a TSE requiring acute care facilities, striving to meet the needs of the patient, regardless of the severity of injury, geographic location, or population density. A TSE system seeks to prevent injuries from happening and the reduction of death and disability when it does happen.

SECTION 12. That Section 56-1030, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

56-1030 46-918. REGIONAL TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY COMMITTEES IDAHO TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY SYSTEM -- REGIONAL COMMITTEES -- MEMBERSHIP -- DUTIES. (1) Pursuant to section 56-1028(4), Idaho Code As required by this chapter, each substate region designated by the council shall have a time sensitive emergency committee.

- (2) Membership of each regional TSE committee shall be based on the needs of the region and can be modified as the regional TSE committee determines, but each regional committee shall be initially comprised as follows:
 - (a) Each facility that is designated or is seeking designation by the council as a trauma center, stroke facility or heart attack facility may appoint one (1) representative for each of the designations that the facility holds or is seeking to hold to the regional committee for the region in which the facility is located;
 - (b) Each air medical EMS agency that provides patient transport within the region may appoint one (1) representative;
 - (c) Each hospital that either holds or is seeking Idaho trauma, stroke or heart attack designation may appoint the hospital administrator;
 - (d) Each EMS agency with a response area in the region may appoint one
 - (1) representative; and

- (e) The regional committee shall include a pediatrician or an expert in children's trauma.
- (3) Members of a regional committee shall elect a chair to serve a term of two (2) years.
 - (4) The duties of each regional committee shall be as follows:
 - (a) Implement care guidelines, policies, procedures and protocols for the regional TSE system;

- (b) Conduct regional quality improvement, including receipt of reports prepared by the council containing trauma, stroke and heart attack data and making recommendations to facilities within the region based upon those reports;
- (c) Advise the council concerning the statewide system;

- (d) Establish trauma, stroke and heart attack education and prevention programs;
- (e) Provide advice concerning trauma, stroke and heart attack care to health care facilities and other providers of health care;
- (f) Perform other duties required by Idaho code and council rules in law and council regulations; and
- (g) Conduct other activities needed to ensure optimal delivery of trauma, stroke and heart attack care services within the region.

SECTION 13. That Section 57-2004, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

57-2004 46-920. IDAHO TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY SYSTEM -- PARTICIPATION IN PROGRAM TSE REGISTRY. (1) Each licensed hospital in the state shall report each case of TSE which that meets the inclusion criteria to the department division or the authorized contractor of the department division within one hundred eighty (180) days of treatment.

- (2) Each report of TSE shall include information as defined by the department division.
- (3) The department division or authorized contractor of the department division shall have physical access to all records which that would identify reportable cases and/or establish characteristics, treatment or medical status of reportable cases in the event that there has been a failure to report as delineated in subsections (1) and (2) of this section.
- (4) Nothing in this chapter shall prevent the $\frac{\text{department }}{\text{division}}$ or authorized contractor from identifying and reporting cases using data linkages with death records, other registries, and other potential sources.

SECTION 14. That Section 57-2007, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

57-2007 46-922. IDAHO TIME SENSITIVE EMERGENCY SYSTEM -- TSE REGISTRY AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY -- EXCEPTIONS. (1) No action for damages arising from the disclosure of confidential information may be maintained against any reporting entities or employees of such entities that participate in good faith in the reporting of TSE registry data in accordance with this chapter.

- (2) No license of a health care facility or health care practitioner may be denied, suspended or revoked for the good faith disclosure of confidential information in accordance with this chapter.
- (3) The immunity granted in subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall not be construed to apply to the unauthorized disclosure of confidential information when such disclosure is due to gross negligence or willful misconduct of the reporting entities.

SECTION 15. That Chapter 8, Title 57, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 57-829, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

- 57-829. EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND. (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the emergency medical services fund to be managed by the state treasurer. Moneys in the fund shall consist of:
 - (a) Moneys transferred to the fund pursuant to section 49-452, Idaho Code;
 - (b) Moneys transferred to the fund pursuant to section 49-306, Idaho Code;
 - (c) Legislative appropriations to the fund;
 - (d) Any bequests or donations to the fund; and
 - (e) Interest earned on idle moneys in the fund.
- (2) On July 1, 2025, or as soon thereafter as is practicable, the state controller shall transfer any unobligated moneys in the emergency medical services fund established in section 56-1018, Idaho Code, and the emergency medical services fund II established in section 56-1018A, Idaho Code, to the fund created in this section.
- (3) Subject to legislative appropriation, the Idaho military division shall use and distribute moneys from the fund as provided in section 46-905, Idaho Code.
- SECTION 16. That Chapter 8, Title 57, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 57-830, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 57-830. EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT GRANT FUND. (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the emergency medical services vehicle and equipment grant fund to be managed by the state treasurer. Moneys in the fund shall consist of:
 - (a) Moneys transferred to the fund pursuant to section 49-306, Idaho Code;
 - (b) Legislative appropriations to the fund;
 - (c) Any bequests or donations to the fund; and
 - (d) Interest earned on idle moneys in the fund.
- (2) On July 1, 2025, or as soon thereafter as is practicable, the state controller shall transfer any unobligated moneys in the emergency medical services fund III established in section 56-1018B, Idaho Code, to the fund created in this section.
- (3) Subject to legislative appropriation, the Idaho military division shall use and distribute moneys from the fund as provided in section 46-905, Idaho Code.
- SECTION 17. That Section 57-2005, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 57-2005 57-831. CREATION OF TSE REGISTRY FUND -- PURPOSE TIME SENSI-TIVE EMERGENCY REGISTRY FUND. There is hereby created and established in the state treasury a fund to be known as the "Time Sensitive Emergencies (TSE) Registry Fund" the time sensitive emergency registry fund to which shall be

deposited the revenues derived from grants, appropriations or other sources of funds. All moneys now or hereafter in the TSE registry fund are hereby dedicated for the purpose of contracting for and obtaining the services of a continuous registry of all time sensitive emergency incident patients in the state of Idaho and maintaining a cooperative exchange of information with other states providing a similar TSE incident registry. The department of health and welfare, bureau of emergency medical services and preparedness, Idaho military division is charged with the administration of this fund for the purposes specified herein. All claims against the fund shall be examined, audited and allowed in the manner now or hereafter provided by law for claims against the state of Idaho.

SECTION 18. That Section 6-902A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 6-902A. SUPERVISORY PHYSICIAN. (1) For purposes of this chapter only, a supervisory physician shall be considered an employee.
 - (2) As used in this section:

- (a) "Supervisory duties" means those administrative duties of a physician who supervises personnel affiliated with a licensed ambulance or non-transport nontransport service, including, but not limited to, disciplining and educating personnel, setting staffing levels, emergency medical services system design, establishing patient care guidelines and medical policies, compliance, establishing standing orders and protocols, reviewing performance of personnel, quality management and other reasonably necessary administrative duties.
- (b) "Supervisory physician" means a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 18, title 54, Idaho Code, who supervises the activities of personnel affiliated with a licensed ambulance or non-transport nontransport service as described in section 56-1011, Idaho Code, et seq. chapter 9, title 46, Idaho Code, when the licensed ambulance or non-transport nontransport service is operated under the control of a governmental authority.
- (3) The exceptions to liability set forth in sections 6-904, 6-904A and 6-904B, Idaho Code, shall not be applicable to a claim against a supervisory physician for failure to properly perform supervisory duties. The liability limit contained in section 6-926, Idaho Code, shall not be applicable to a claim against a supervisory physician for failure to properly perform supervisory duties to the extent that such supervisory physician is covered by liability insurance exceeding that limit.
- (4) Claims against a supervisory physician for failure to properly perform supervisory duties shall not be subject to the requirements of chapter 10, title 6, Idaho Code.
- SECTION 19. That Section 9-203, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 9-203. CONFIDENTIAL RELATIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS. There are particular relations in which it is the policy of the law to encourage confidence and to preserve it inviolate; therefore, a person cannot be examined as a witness in the following cases:

(1) A husband cannot be examined for or against his wife, without her consent, nor a wife for or against her husband, without his consent; nor can either, during the marriage or afterwards, be, without the consent of the other, examined as to any communication made by one to the other during the marriage; but this exception does not apply to a civil action or proceeding by one against the other nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime committed by violence of one against the person of the other, nor does this exception apply to any case of physical injury to a child where the injury has been caused as a result of physical abuse or neglect by one or both of the parents, nor does this exception apply to any case of lewd and lascivious conduct or attempted lewd and lascivious conduct where either party would otherwise be protected by this privilege.

- (2) An attorney cannot, without the consent of his client, be examined as to any communication made by the client to him, or his advice given thereon, in the course of professional employment. The word client used herein shall be deemed to include a person, a corporation or an association.
- (3) A clergyman or priest cannot, without the consent of the person making the confession, be examined as to any confession made to him in his professional character in the course of discipline enjoined by the church to which he belongs.
- (4) A physician or surgeon cannot, without the consent of his patient, be examined in a civil action as to any information acquired in attending the patient which that was necessary to enable him to prescribe or act for the patient, provided, however, that:
 - (a) Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to preclude physicians from reporting of and testifying at all cases of physical injury to children, where it appears the injury has been caused as a result of physical abuse or neglect by a parent, guardian or legal custodian of the child.
 - (b) Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to preclude physicians from testifying at all cases of physical injury to a person where it appears the injury has been caused as a result of domestic violence.
 - (c) After the death of a patient, in any action involving the validity of any will or other instrument executed, or claimed to have been executed, by him, conveying or transferring any real or personal property or incurring any financial obligation, such physician or surgeon may testify to the mental or physical condition of such patient and in so testifying may disclose information acquired by him concerning such patient which that was necessary to enable him to prescribe or act for such deceased.
 - (d) Where any person, or his heirs or representatives, brings an action to recover damages for personal injuries or death, such action shall be deemed to constitute a consent by the person bringing such action that any physician who has prescribed for or treated said injured or deceased person and whose testimony is material in the action may testify.
 - (e) If the patient $\frac{is}{i}$ dead and during his lifetime had not given such consent, the bringing of an action by a beneficiary, assignee or payee or by the legal representative of the insured to recover on any life, health or accident insurance policy shall constitute a consent by such

beneficiary, assignee, payee or legal representative to the testimony of any physician who attended the deceased.

- (5) A public officer cannot be examined as to communications made to him in official confidence when the public interests would suffer by disclosure.
- (6) Any certificated counselor, psychologist, or psychological examiner duly appointed, regularly employed, and designated in such capacity by any public or private school in this state for the purpose of counseling students shall be immune from disclosing, without the consent of the student, any communication made by any student so counseled or examined in any civil or criminal action to which such student is a party. Such matters so communicated shall be privileged and protected against disclosure.
- (7) Any parent, guardian, or legal custodian shall not be forced to disclose any communication made to such parent, guardian, or legal custodian by their minor child or ward to them concerning matters in any civil or criminal action to which such child or ward is a party. Such matters so communicated shall be privileged and protected against disclosure; excepting however, this section does not apply to a civil action or proceeding by one against the other nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime committed by violence of one against the person of the other, nor does this section apply to any case of physical injury to a minor child where the injury has been caused as a result of physical abuse or neglect by one or both of the parents, guardians, or legal custodians.
 - (8) (a) As used in this subsection:

- (i) "First responder" means:
 - 1. A peace officer as defined in section 19-5101(d), Idaho Code, when employed by a city, county, or the Idaho state police:
 - 2. A firefighter as defined in section 59-1302(16), Idaho Code;
 - 3. A volunteer emergency responder as defined in section 72-102(31), Idaho Code;
 - 4. An emergency medical service (EMS) provider or an ambulance-based clinician certified by the department of health and welfare pursuant to sections 56-1011 through 56-1018B, Idaho Code, and an ambulance-based clinician as defined in the rules governing emergency medical services as adopted by the department of health and welfare chapter 9, title 46, Idaho Code; and
 - 5. An emergency communications officer as defined in section 19-5101(f), Idaho Code.
- (ii) "Peer support counseling session" means a meeting conducted by a peer support specialist, which meeting is held in response to a critical incident, traumatic event, or other personal or professional wellness issue.
- (iii) "Peer support specialist" means a person designated by a public agency employing first responders to lead, moderate, or assist in a peer support counseling session.
- (b) Any peer support specialist or participant in a peer support counseling session cannot disclose and shall not be forced to disclose a communication made during or arising out of a peer support counseling

session without the consent of the person who made the communication or about whom the communication was made, unless the communication:

- (i) Involves a threat of suicide or a threat to commit a criminal act;
- (ii) Involves information required by law to be reported; or
- (iii) Is an admission of criminal conduct.
- (c) Any disclosure permitted by paragraph (b) of this subsection that is made during or as part of court proceedings is subject to the rules of the Idaho supreme court.
- (9) A person employed by or volunteering at a nongovernmental domestic or sexual violence program shall not, without the written and signed consent of the recipient of services, be required to or compelled to disclose any communication made between the person in the course of employment or volunteer services for the domestic or sexual violence program and a recipient of the program's services or to disclose information or records about a recipient of the services of a domestic or sexual violence program, provided that disclosure of communications during or as part of court proceedings is subject to the rules of the Idaho supreme court. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to communications made to a provider or employee during medical services, medical procedures, medical exams, medical evaluations, or forensic interviews.
 - (10) For purposes of this section:

- (a) "Recipient" means any individual who has received or inquired about receiving services or assistance from a domestic or sexual violence program, including shelter, advocacy, counseling, or other services offered by a domestic or sexual violence program.
- (b) "Domestic or sexual violence program" means any nonprofit organization, nongovernmental organization, private entity, or tribe or tribal organization that has as its primary purpose the operation of shelters or supportive services for victims of domestic or sexual violence and their dependents or counseling, advocacy, or self-help services to victims of domestic or sexual violence.

SECTION 20. That Section 18-915, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

18-915. ASSAULT OR BATTERY UPON CERTAIN PERSONNEL -- PUNISHMENT. (1) Any person who commits a crime provided for in this chapter against or upon a justice, judge, magistrate, prosecuting attorney, public defender, peace officer, bailiff, marshal, sheriff, police officer, peace officer standards and training employee involved in peace officer decertification activities, emergency services dispatcher, correctional officer, employee of the department of correction, employee of a private prison contractor while employed at a private correctional facility in the state of Idaho, members or employees of the commission of pardons and parole, employees of the department of water resources authorized to enforce the provisions of chapter 38, title 42, Idaho Code, employees of the department of parks and recreation authorized to enforce the provisions of chapter 42, title 67, Idaho Code, employees of a public utility as described in section 61-129, Idaho Code, including any employee of a consumer-owned utility, jailer, parole officer, misdemeanor probation officer, officer of the Idaho state police, fireman,

social caseworkers or social work specialists of the department of health and welfare, employee of a state secure confinement facility for juveniles, employee of a juvenile detention facility, a teacher at a detention facility or a juvenile probation officer, emergency medical services personnel licensed under the provisions of chapter 10, title 56, chapter 9, title 46, Idaho Code, a member, employee or agent of the state tax commission, United States marshal, or federally commissioned law enforcement officer or their deputies or agents, and the perpetrator knows or has reason to know of the victim's status, the punishment shall be as follows:

- (a) For committing battery with intent to commit a serious felony, the punishment shall be imprisonment in the state prison not to exceed twenty-five (25) years.
- (b) For committing any other crime in this chapter, the punishment shall be doubled that provided in the respective section, except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section.
- (2) For committing a violation of the provisions of section 18-901 or 18-903, Idaho Code, against the person of a former or present justice, judge or magistrate, jailer or correctional officer or other staff of the department of correction, or of a county jail, or of a private correctional facility, or of an employee of a state secure confinement facility for juveniles, an employee of a juvenile detention facility, a teacher at a detention facility, misdemeanor probation officer, a juvenile probation officer, or member or employee of the commission of pardons and parole:
 - (a) Because of the exercise of official duties or because of the victim's former or present official status; or
 - (b) While the victim is engaged in the performance of his duties and the person committing the offense knows or reasonably should know that such victim is a justice, judge or magistrate, jailer or correctional officer or other staff of the department of correction, or of a private correctional facility, an employee of a state secure confinement facility for juveniles, an employee of a juvenile detention facility, a teacher at a detention facility, misdemeanor probation officer or a juvenile probation officer;

the offense shall be a felony punishable by imprisonment in a correctional facility for a period of not more than five (5) years, and said sentence shall be served consecutively to any sentence being currently served.

- (3) For committing a violation of the provisions of section 18-903, Idaho Code, except unlawful touching as described in section 18-903(b), Idaho Code, against the person of a former or present peace officer, sheriff or police officer:
 - (a) Because of the exercise of official duty or because of the victim's former or present official status; or
 - (b) While the victim is engaged in the performance of his duties and the person committing the offense knows or reasonably should know that such victim is a peace officer, sheriff or police officer;

the offense shall be a felony punishable by imprisonment in a correctional facility for a period of not more than five (5) years, and said sentence shall be served consecutively to any sentence being currently served.

SECTION 21. That Section 31-3908, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

31-3908. AMBULANCE DISTRICT AUTHORIZED -- DISTRICTS FORMED BEFORE JULY 1, 2020. The provisions set forth in this section shall govern an ambulance district formed prior to July 1, 2020:

- (1) The county commissioners of any county shall, upon petition signed by not less than fifty (50) qualified electors of said county, or any portion thereof, which may exclude incorporated cities, undertake the following procedure to determine the advisability of resolving to establish and maintain an ambulance service district within the county as may be designated in the petition.
 - (a) A petition to form an ambulance service district shall be presented to the county clerk and recorder. The petition shall be signed by not less than fifty (50) of the resident real property holders within the proposed district. The petition shall designate the boundaries of the district.
 - (b) The petition shall be filed with the county clerk and recorder of the county in which the signers of the petition are located. Upon the filing of the petition, the county clerk shall examine the petition and certify whether the required number of petitioners have signed the petition. If the number of petition signers is sufficient, the clerk shall transmit the petition to the board of county commissioners.
 - (c) Upon receipt of a duly certified petition, the board of county commissioners shall cause the text of the petition to be published once a week for at least three (3) consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the county. With the publication of the petition, there shall be published a notice of the time of the meeting of the board of county commissioners when the petition will be considered stating that all persons interested may appear and be heard. No more than five (5) names attached to the petition shall appear in the publication and notice, but the number of signatures shall be stated.

At the time of filing the petition, the sponsors thereof shall cause to be deposited with the county clerk a sufficient sum of money to cover the cost of publication of the petition and all necessary notices. If the petition and notices are not published, the deposit shall be returned to whomever deposited the funds, and if there is any surplus remaining after paying for the publication as herein provided, it shall be returned to the original depositors, and if a district is created, the fees so expended are an obligation of the district and shall be repaid by the district to the depositors.

(d) At the time set for hearing the petition, the board of county commissioners shall hear all persons who desire to be heard relative to the creation of an ambulance service district. The board of county commissioners may, if they so desire and it appears desirable, adjourn the meeting for not to exceed thirty (30) days to further hear the petitioners and protestants, if any. After the hearing or hearings, the board of county commissioners shall adopt a resolution either creating the proposed ambulance service district or denying the petition. When the board of county commissioners creates an ambulance service district, the board shall adopt a resolution describing the boundaries of the district.

- (e) When the board of county commissioners adopts the resolution creating the ambulance service district, the board shall include in the resolution the name of the district and file a copy of the order creating the district with the county clerk and recorder, for which the clerk shall receive a fee of three dollars (\$3.00).
- (f) Procedures for annexation, deannexation, or dissolution of a district created pursuant to this section shall be in substantial compliance with the provisions for public notice and hearing provided herein and shall be by resolution adopted by the board of county commissioners.
- (2) When the board of county commissioners has ordered the creation of an ambulance service district, pursuant to the provisions of this section, such district is hereby recognized as a legal taxing district, and providing ambulance service is a governmental function.
- (3) The board of county commissioners shall be the governing board of an ambulance service district created pursuant to this section and shall exercise the duties and responsibilities provided in chapter 39, title 31, Idaho Code.
- (4) In any county where an ambulance service district is created as provided herein, the board of county commissioners is authorized to levy a special tax, not to exceed four-hundredths percent (.04%) of market value for assessment purposes, except as authorized by paragraph (a) of this subsection, upon all taxable property within the district for the purposes of the district, but the levy otherwise authorized in section 31-3901, Idaho Code, shall not be made on taxable property within the district.
 - (a) In any county where an ambulance service district:
 - (i) Was created as of January 1, 1976;

- (ii) Had at the time of its creation a market value for assessment purposes of the district of less than three hundred million dollars (\$300,000,000); and
- (iii) The service provided by the district is an advanced life support paramedic unit;

the board of county commissioners may submit to the electors within the district the question of whether the levy authorized in this subsection may be increased to a levy not to exceed six-hundredths percent (.06%) of market value for assessment purposes upon all taxable property within the district for the purposes of the district, if approved by a minimum of two-thirds (2/3) of the qualified electors of the district voting at an election called for that purpose and held on the May or November dates provided in section 34-106, Idaho Code, but the levy otherwise authorized in section 31-3901, Idaho Code, shall not be made on taxable property within the district.

(5) The board of county commissioners is authorized by resolution to create an ambulance district capital improvement account. The board may dedicate all or a portion of the fees and taxes collected pursuant to this chapter to the capital improvement account for the purpose of purchasing necessary buildings, land or equipment for the operation of the district. The board is further authorized to carry over and add to the funds in the account from year to year in order to make the purchases authorized by this subsection.

(6) The board of county commissioners is authorized by resolution to enter into cooperative agreements with other adjoining counties, adjoining fire protection districts, or other adjoining political subdivisions in Idaho or in other states in order to pool resources and increase efficiency and improve emergency medical services.

- (7) As used in this chapter, "ambulance district" or "ambulance service district" means a political subdivision formed to provide ambulance transport, emergency medical services as defined in section $\frac{56-1012}{46-903}$, Idaho Code, community health emergency medical services as defined in section $\frac{56-1012}{46-903}$, Idaho Code, $\frac{46-903}{46-903}$, Idaho C
- SECTION 22. That Section 33-4302, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 33-4302. ARMED FORCES AND PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICER SCHOLARSHIPS.
 - (1) (a) The following individuals shall be eligible for the scholarship program provided for in this section:
 - (i) Any spouse or child of any Idaho resident who entered active service as an Idaho resident as indicated on a DD form 214 certificate of release or discharge from active duty and, while such service member is, or was if deceased, a resident of the state of Idaho:
 - 1. Has been determined by the federal government to be a prisoner of war or missing in action; or
 - 2. Died of, or is determined to be unemployable due to, injuries or wounds sustained during active duty or inactive duty training;
 - (ii) Any spouse or child of any member of the United States armed forces who is stationed in the state of Idaho on military orders and who:
 - 1. Is deployed from the state of Idaho to any area of armed conflict in which the United States is a party and who has been determined by the federal government to be a prisoner of war or missing in action or has died of or is determined to be unemployable due to injuries or wounds sustained in action as a result of such deployment; or
 - 2. Dies of, or is determined to be unemployable due to, injuries or wounds sustained during active duty or inactive duty training; and
 - (iii) Any spouse or child of a full-time or part-time public safety officer, as defined in paragraph (b) of this subsection, employed by or volunteering for the state of Idaho or for a political subdivision of the state of Idaho, which public safety officer is or was a resident of the state of Idaho at the time such officer was killed or totally and permanently disabled in the line of duty. The scholarship provided for in this section shall not be available unless it is determined that:
 - 1. The death or disablement of the public safety officer occurred in the performance of the officer's duties;

- 2. The death or disablement was not caused by the intentional misconduct of the public safety officer or by such officer's intentional infliction of injury; and
- 3. The public safety officer was not voluntarily intoxicated at the time of death.

(b) As used in this section:

- (i) "Active duty" means state active duty as defined in section 46-409, Idaho Code, or full-time duty with any of the United States armed forces.
- (ii) "Inactive duty training" means training or maintenance activities prescribed, required, or authorized for military members that do not constitute active duty.
- (iii) "Military member" means a member of the United States armed forces.
- (iv) "Public safety officer" means a peace officer, a fire-fighter, or a paramedic as defined in section 56-1012, Idaho Code, or an, emergency medical responder, emergency medical technician, or advanced emergency medical technician as defined in section 56-1012 46-903, Idaho Code.
- (v) "United States armed forces" means the air force, army, coast guard, marine corps, navy, or space force, or the reserve component of any such service.
- (vi) "Volunteering" means contributing services as a bona fide member of a legally organized law enforcement agency, fire department, or licensed emergency medical service provider organization.
- (2) (a) To be eligible for the scholarship provided for in this section, a child of a military member or a public safety officer must be a resident of the state of Idaho and must have completed secondary school or its equivalent in the state of Idaho. A child already born, or born after a military member or public safety officer is determined to be imprisoned or missing in action, or dies or becomes totally and permanently disabled, shall be eligible for this scholarship.
- (b) To be eligible for the scholarship provided for in this section, the spouse of a military member or public safety officer must be a resident of the state of Idaho and must have been married to such person at the time the military member or public safety officer was determined to be imprisoned or missing in action or died or became totally and permanently disabled. However, in the situation of disability, the spouse must be currently married to such person.
- (3) An eligible individual who applies for the scholarship provided for in this section shall, after verification of eligibility, receive the scholarship and be admitted to attend undergraduate studies at any public institution of higher education or public career technical college within the state of Idaho without the necessity of paying tuition and fees therefor; such student shall be provided with books, equipment, and supplies necessary for pursuit of such program of enrollment not to exceed seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750) per quarter, semester, intensified semester, or like educational period; and such student shall be furnished on-campus institution housing and subsistence for each month he or she is enrolled full-time under

this program and actually resides in such on-campus facility. However, such undergraduate educational benefits shall not exceed a total of thirty-six (36) months or four (4) nine (9) month periods. Effective July 1, 2022, the initiation of such educational benefits shall extend for a period of nineteen (19) years after achieving a high school diploma or its equivalency or for a period of ten (10) years after the event giving rise to the eligibility for the scholarship, whichever is longer.

- (4) The eligible individual shall meet such other educational qualifications as such institution of higher education or career technical college has established for other prospective students of this state, as well as any additional educational qualifications established by the state board of education and board of regents of the university of Idaho.
- (5) Application for eligibility under this section shall be made to the state board of education and the board of regents of the university of Idaho or the state board for career technical education. The board shall verify the eligibility of the applicant and communicate such eligibility to such person and the affected institution or college.
- (6) Affected institutions shall in their preparation of future budgets include costs resultant from such tuition, fee, book, equipment, supply, housing and subsistence loss for reimbursement from appropriations of state funds.
- (7) For purposes of this section, a member of the United States armed forces is considered unemployable if at the time of application:
 - (a) The United States department of veterans affairs has made a determination of individual unemployability; or
 - (b) The United States social security administration has made or recognized a determination of total and permanent disability, and the determination is based on injuries or wounds sustained during active duty or inactive duty training.
- (8) For the purposes of this section, a public safety officer is considered totally and permanently disabled if at the time of application a current disability determination made by the public employee retirement system of Idaho is in effect with respect to such individual.
- (9) The state board of education and board of regents of the university of Idaho may adopt rules to implement and administer the scholarship program provided for in this section.
- SECTION 23. That Section 39-1392a, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 39-1392a. DEFINITIONS. The following terms shall have the following meanings when used in this section:
- (1) "Emergency medical services personnel" means emergency medical services providers certified by the department of health and welfare pursuant to section 56-1011 et seq. and ambulance-based clinicians licensed pursuant to chapter 9, title 46, Idaho Code, and ambulance-based clinicians as defined in the rules governing emergency medical services as promulgated by the department of health and welfare.
- (2) "Group medical practice" means a partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or other association formed for the purpose of offering health care services through physicians and other licensed or otherwise au-

thorized health care providers who are partners, shareholders, members, employees, or contractors of such group medical practice.

- (3) "Health care organization" means a hospital, in-hospital medical staff committee, medical society, managed care organization, licensed emergency medical service, group medical practice, residential care facility or skilled nursing facility.
- (4) "Hospital" means a facility in Idaho licensed under sections 39-1301 through 39-1314, Idaho Code, and defined in section 39-1301(a)(1), Idaho Code.
- (5) "In-hospital medical staff committees" means any individual doctor who is a hospital staff member, or any hospital employee, or any group of such doctors and/or hospital employees, who are duly designated a committee by hospital staff bylaws, by action of an organized hospital staff, or by action of the board of directors of a hospital, and which committee is authorized by said bylaws, staff or board of directors, to conduct research or study of hospital patient cases, or of medical questions or problems using data and information from hospital patient cases.
- (6) "Licensed emergency medical service" means an ambulance service or a nontransport service licensed by the department of health and welfare pursuant to section 56-1011 et seq. pursuant to chapter 9, title 46, Idaho Code.
- (7) "Managed care organization" means a public or private person or organization which that offers a managed care plan.
- (8) "Managed care plan" means a contract of coverage given to an individual, family or group of covered individuals pursuant to which a member is entitled to receive a defined set of health care benefits through an organized system of health care providers in exchange for defined consideration and which requires the member to use, or creates financial incentives for the member to use, health care providers owned, managed, employed by or under contract with the managed care organization.
- (9) "Medical society" means any duly constituted, authorized and recognized professional society or entity made up of physicians licensed to practice medicine in Idaho, having as its purpose the maintenance of high quality in the standards of health care provided in Idaho or any region or segment of the state, operating with the approval of the Idaho state board of medicine, or any official committee appointed by the Idaho state board of medicine.
- (10) "Patient care records" means written or otherwise recorded, preserved and maintained records of the medical or surgical diagnostic, clinical, or therapeutic care of any patient treated by or under the direction of licensed professional personnel, including emergency medical services personnel, in every health care organization subject to this act, whether as an inpatient or outpatient of the health care organization.
- (11) "Peer review" means the collection, interpretation and analysis of data by a health care organization for the purpose of bettering the system of delivery of health care or to improve the provision of health care or to otherwise reduce patient morbidity and mortality and improve the quality of patient care. Peer review activities by a health care organization include, without limitation:
 - (a) Credentialing, privileging or affiliating of health care providers as members of, or providers for, a health care organization;

- (b) Quality assurance and improvement, patient safety investigations and analysis, patient adverse outcome reviews, and root-cause analysis and investigation activities by a health care organization; and
- (c) Professional review action, meaning an action or recommendation of a health care organization which is taken or made in the conduct of peer review, that is based on the competence or professional conduct of an individual physician or emergency medical services personnel where such conduct adversely affects or could adversely affect the health or welfare of a patient or the physician's privileges, employment or membership in the health care organization or in the case of emergency medical services personnel, the emergency medical services personnel's scope of practice, employment or membership in the health care organization.
- (12) "Peer review records" means all evidence of interviews, reports, statements, minutes, memoranda, notes, investigative graphs and compilations and the contents thereof, and all physical materials relating to peer review of any health care organization. "Peer review records" does not mean or include patient care records; provided however, that the records relating to the identification of which particular patient care records were selected for, or reviewed, examined or discussed in peer review by a health care organization and the methodology used for selecting such records shall be considered peer review records.
- (13) "Skilled nursing facility" means a facility licensed under chapter 13, title 39, Idaho Code, to provide skilled care to recipients.

SECTION 24. That Section 39-1393, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 39-1393. NOTIFICATION OF PROFESSIONAL REVIEW ACTION IMPOSED UPON PHYSICIAN OR EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PERSONNEL. (1) Any health care organization in this state that is by law required to conduct peer review or which voluntarily formally elects to conduct professional review actions shall notify the board of medicine of professional review actions taken against physicians licensed in Idaho required to be reported as provided in this section. Such reports shall be made to the board of medicine within fifteen (15) days of completion of the professional review action by the health care organization. For emergency medical services personnel, such reports shall be made to the department of health and welfare Idaho military division within fifteen (15) days of completion of the professional review action by the health care organization. Such required reports shall be made on forms approved by the board of medicine for reports concerning physicians, or the department of health and welfare Idaho military division for reports concerning emergency medical services personnel, consistent with the reporting requirements of this section. The reporting obligation shall not be stayed by the filing of any court proceeding unless otherwise ordered by the court.
- (2) A health care organization in Idaho shall report to the board of medicine if it:
 - (a) Takes a professional review action against a physician licensed in Idaho and imposes a sanction of the type included in subsection (3) of this section which lasts longer than thirty (30) days; or

- (b) Accepts a voluntary sanction by a physician licensed in Idaho of the type identified in subsection (3) of this section while the physician is under investigation or to avoid investigation by the health care organization relating to the professional competence or professional conduct of the physician or in exchange for the health care organization not conducting such an investigation or initiating a professional review action, if the sanction lasts longer than thirty (30) days.
- (3) Professional review action sanctions against a physician which must be reported to the board of medicine pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, whether voluntary or involuntary, shall be:
 - (a) Restriction or limitation of privileges;
 - (b) Revocation of privileges;

- (c) Suspension of privileges;
- (d) Reduction of privileges;
- (e) Denial of a request for initial privileges;
- (f) Submission to monitoring of the physician's physical or mental condition;
- (g) Submission to monitoring of the physician's delivery of medical services other than to assess and monitor the physician's qualifications for new or additional privileges;
- (h) Surrender of privileges;
- (i) Summary suspension or reduction of privileges lasting longer than thirty (30) days;
- (j) Termination of employment;
- (k) Suspension of employment lasting longer than thirty (30) days.
- (4) The reporting requirements of this section shall not apply to:
- (a) Actions based on compliance with medical records or confidentiality requirements of a health care organization;
- (b) Voluntary requests for assistance or monitoring by a physician as part of an educational process to improve physician skills or enhance patient care when unrelated to a professional review action concerning the quality or necessity of patient medical care;
- (c) Voluntary or involuntary revocation, nonrenewal, denial, reduction, restriction, resignation, or limitation of privileges or employment of a physician based upon factors not directly impacting the quality of patient care or safety of practice of the physician;
- (d) Adverse actions taken against a physician by a health care organization that is not required by law to conduct peer review and that has not voluntarily formally elected to conduct professional review actions; and
- (e) The denial of a physician's request for additional privileges or credentials with a health care organization.
- (5) The report to the board of medicine required by this section shall include a statement of the quality of care concerns or professional conduct that is the basis of the professional review action or investigation and the reportable professional review action sanction voluntarily accepted or involuntarily imposed.
- (6) A health care organization required to report a professional review action concerning a physician to the board of medicine pursuant to this sec-

tion shall, if requested by the board of medicine, provide to the board the following:

- (a) A statement of the specific quality of care concerns or professional conduct which resulted in the professional review action sanction;
- (b) A statement of the specific professional review action sanction; and
- (c) Any patient care records of the health care organization regarding the care provided by the reported physician. However, the board of medicine may not request or require production of any peer review records from any person or health care organization, including the identification of which particular patient care records were selected for, or reviewed, examined or discussed in any peer review activity of a health care organization, or the method used by the health care organization to select such patient care records for peer review.
- (7) The records lawfully requested by the board of medicine pursuant to subsection (6) of this section shall be provided by the health care organization without a subpoena or court order. If the health care organization fails to comply with the board of medicine's lawful request, the board may petition the district court for an order compelling compliance with the board's request, which shall be granted if disclosure is required by law.
- (8) Professional review action sanctions against emergency medical services personnel, whether voluntary or involuntary, which are the result of any action, conduct, or failure to act which is inconsistent with the professionalism and/or standards established in the rules governing emergency medical services personnel as promulgated by the department of health and welfare must be reported to the department of health and welfare. by the Idaho military division must be reported to the Idaho military division.
- (9) The report to the department of health and welfare Idaho military division required by this section shall include a statement of the quality of care concerns or professional conduct that is the basis of the professional review action or investigation and the reportable professional review action sanction voluntarily accepted or involuntarily imposed.
- (10) Any person or health care organization that provides notification as required by law, or in a good faith belief that such notification is required by law, shall be immune from any civil or other liability arising from providing the notification. Such immunity shall likewise pertain to the provision of files, records and information a health care organization may in good faith provide to the board of medicine pursuant to this section or other applicable law. Such materials provided to the board of medicine shall be subject to disclosure by the board according to chapter 1, title 74, Idaho Code, and available only to the board of medicine and its staff unless and until such matter becomes the subject of formal proceedings by or before the board of medicine or authorized by it.

SECTION 25. That Section 39-4703, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

39-4703. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Accident" means any event that results in an unintended injury or property damage attributable directly or indirectly to the motion of a motor vehicle or its load, a snowmobile, or special mobile equipment.
 - (2) "Department" means the department of health and welfare.
- (3) "Driver" means every person who drives or is in actual physical control of a vehicle.
 - (4) "Emergency medical responder" means:

- (a) Emergency medical services licensed personnel as defined in section 56-1012(19) <u>licensed pursuant to chapter 9, title 46, Idaho Code;</u> or
- (b) A physician, nurse, or other health care provider on the scene of a motor vehicle accident or emergency situation as provided in section 39-4708, Idaho Code, or who is accompanying or attending a patient removed from such an accident or emergency situation in an ambulance.
- (5) "Motor vehicle" or "vehicle" means every vehicle that is self-propelled and, for the purpose of titling and registration meets federal motor vehicle safety standards as defined in section 49-107, Idaho Code. Motor vehicle does not include vehicles moved solely by human power, electric personal assistive mobility devices, personal delivery devices, electric-assisted bicycles, and motorized wheelchairs or other such vehicles that are specifically exempt from titling or registration requirements under title 49, Idaho Code.
- (6) "Other responder" means a firefighter, peace officer, or other law enforcement personnel on the scene.
- (7) "Peace officer" means any employee of a police or law enforcement agency that is a part of or administered by the state or any political subdivision thereof and whose duties include and primarily consist of the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of penal, traffic, or highway laws of this state or any political subdivision of this state.
- (8) "Yellow dot motor vehicle medical information program" or "yellow dot program" means the program established pursuant to this chapter.
- SECTION 26. That Section 39-8202, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 39-8202. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter, the following terms shall mean:
- (1) "Custodial parent," for the purposes of this chapter, means, in the absence of a court decree, the parent with whom the child resides.
- (2) "Newborn safety device" means a device that is voluntarily installed in a supporting wall of a hospital, fire station, law enforcement agency, or medical services provider that is staffed twenty-four (24) hours per day and that has an exterior point of access allowing an individual to place a newborn infant inside and an interior point of access allowing individuals inside the building to safely retrieve the newborn infant.
 - (3) "Safe haven" means:
 - (a) Hospitals licensed in the state of Idaho;
 - (b) Licensed physicians in the state of Idaho and staff working at their offices and clinics;
 - (c) Advanced practice professional nurses, including certified nurse-midwives, clinical nurse specialists, nurse practitioners and certi-

fied registered nurse anesthetists licensed or registered pursuant to chapter 14, title 54, Idaho Code;

- (d) Physician assistants licensed pursuant to chapter 18, title 54, Idaho Code;
- (e) Medical personnel acting or serving in the capacity as a licensed provider, affiliated with a recognized Idaho EMS agency. For purposes of this act, "medical personnel" shall include those individuals certified by the department of health and welfare Idaho military division as:
 - (i) First responders;

- (ii) Emergency medical technicians basic;
- (iii) Advanced emergency medical technicians ambulance;
- (iv) Emergency medical technicians intermediate; and
- (v) Emergency medical technicians paramedic; and
- (f) A fire station operated by a city, a county, a tribal entity, a fire protection district or a volunteer fire department if there are personnel on duty.
- SECTION 27. That Section 46-1007, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 46-1007. LIMITATIONS. Nothing in this act shall be construed to:
- (1) Interfere with the course or conduct of a labor dispute, except that actions otherwise authorized by this act or other laws may be taken when necessary to forestall or mitigate imminent or existing danger to public health or safety;
 - (2) Interfere with dissemination of news or comment on public affairs;
- (3) Affect the jurisdiction or responsibilities of police forces, fire fighting forces, local emergency medical service (EMS) agencies licensed by the state department of health and welfare EMS bureau Idaho military division, units of the armed forces of the United States, or of any personnel thereof, when on active duty; but state, local, and intergovernmental disaster emergency plans shall place reliance upon the forces available for performance of functions related to disaster emergencies; or
- (4) Limit, modify, or abridge the authority of the governor to proclaim martial law or exercise any other powers vested in him under the constitution or statutes of this state independent of or in conjunction with any provisions of this act.
- SECTION 28. That Section 49-123, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 49-123. DEFINITIONS -- V. (1) "Variable load suspension axle" means an axle or axles designed to support a part of the vehicle and load and which can be regulated to vary the amount of load supported by such an axle or axles and which can be deployed or lifted by the operator of the vehicle. (See also section 49-117, Idaho Code)
 - (a) "Fully raised" means that the variable load suspension axle is in an elevated position preventing the tires on such axle from having any contact with the roadway.

- (b) "Fully deployed" means that the variable load suspension axle is supporting a portion of the weight of the loaded vehicle as controlled by the preset pressure regulator valve.
- (2) "Vehicle" means:

- (a) General. Every device in, upon, or by which any person or property is or may be transported or drawn upon a highway, excepting devices used exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks.
- (b) Assembled vehicle or vessel. A vehicle or vessel, not including a salvage vehicle or vessel, that has been constructed using major component parts from two (2) or more vehicles or vessels or that has been repaired using new factory major component parts so that the resulting vehicle or vessel has the same appearance as a vehicle or vessel that was manufactured under a specific make and model by a manufacturer. A vehicle or vessel utilizing a kit for the entire body or a glider kit vehicle is not an assembled vehicle.
- (c) Authorized emergency vehicle. Vehicles operated by any fire department or law enforcement agency of the state of Idaho or any political subdivision of the state, ambulances, vehicles belonging to personnel of voluntary fire departments while in performance of official duties only, vehicles belonging to or operated by EMS personnel certified or otherwise recognized by the EMS bureau of the Idaho department of health and welfare Idaho military division while in the performance of emergency medical services, sheriff's search and rescue vehicles that are under the immediate supervision of the county sheriff, wreckers that are engaged in motor vehicle recovery operations and are blocking part or all of one (1) or more lanes of traffic, other emergency vehicles designated by the director of the Idaho state police or vehicles authorized by the Idaho transportation board and used in the enforcement of laws specified in section 40-510, Idaho Code, pertaining to vehicles of ten thousand (10,000) pounds or greater.
- (d) Commercial vehicle or commercial motor vehicle. For the purposes of chapters 3 and 9 of this title, driver's licenses and vehicle equipment, a motor vehicle or combination of motor vehicles designed or used to transport passengers or property if the motor vehicle:
 - (i) Has a manufacturer's gross combination weight rating (GCWR) in excess of twenty-six thousand (26,000) pounds inclusive of a towed unit with a manufacturer's gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) of more than ten thousand (10,000) pounds; or
 - (ii) Has a manufacturer's gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) in excess of twenty-six thousand (26,000) pounds; or
 - (iii) Is designed to transport sixteen (16) or more people, including the driver; or
 - (iv) Is of any size and is used in the transportation of materials found to be hazardous for the purposes of the hazardous material transportation act and which require the motor vehicle to be placarded under the hazardous materials regulations (49 CFR part 172, subpart F).

For the purposes of chapter 4, title 49, Idaho Code, motor vehicle registration, a vehicle or combination of vehicles of a type used or maintained for the transportation of persons for hire, compensation or

profit, or the transportation of property for the owner of the vehicle, or for hire, compensation, or profit, and shall include fixed load specially constructed vehicles exceeding the limits imposed by chapter 10, title 49, Idaho Code, and including drilling rigs, construction, drilling and wrecker cranes, log jammers, log loaders, and similar vehicles which are normally operated in an overweight or oversize condition or both, but shall not include those vehicles registered pursuant to sections 49-402 and 49-402A, Idaho Code, or exempted by section 49-426, Idaho Code. A motor vehicle used in a ridesharing arrangement that has a seating capacity for not more than fifteen (15) persons, including the driver, shall not be a "commercial vehicle" under the provisions of this title relating to equipment requirements, rules of the road, or registration.

- (e) Farm vehicle. A vehicle or combination of vehicles owned by a farmer or rancher, or by his designated agent, which are operated over public highways, and used exclusively to transport unprocessed agricultural products raised, owned or grown by the owner of the vehicle to market or place of storage; and shall include the transportation by the farmer or rancher of any equipment, supplies or products purchased by that farmer or rancher for his own use, and used in the farming or ranching operation or used by a farmer partly in transporting agricultural products or livestock from the farm of another farmer that were originally grown or raised on the farm, or when used partly in transporting agricultural supplies, equipment, materials or livestock to the farm of another farmer for use or consumption on the farm but not transported for hire, and shall not include vehicles of husbandry or vehicles registered pursuant to sections 49-402 and 49-402A, Idaho Code.
- (f) Foreign vehicle. Every vehicle of a type required to be registered under the provisions of this title brought into this state from another state, territory or country other than in the ordinary course of business by or through a manufacturer or dealer and not registered in this state.
- (g) Glider kit vehicle. Every large truck manufactured from a kit manufactured by a manufacturer of large trucks which consists of a frame, cab complete with wiring, instruments, fenders and hood and front axles and wheels. The "glider kit" is made into a complete assembly by the addition of the engine, transmission, rear axles, wheels and tires.
- (h) Motor vehicle. Every vehicle that is self-propelled, and for the purpose of titling and registration meets federal motor vehicle safety standards as defined in section 49-107, Idaho Code. Motor vehicle does not include vehicles moved solely by human power, electric personal assistive mobility devices, personal delivery devices, electric-assisted bicycles, and motorized wheelchairs or other such vehicles that are specifically exempt from titling or registration requirements under title 49, Idaho Code.
- (i) Multipurpose passenger vehicle (MPV). For the purposes of section 49-966, Idaho Code, a motor vehicle designed to carry ten (10) or fewer persons which is constructed either on a truck chassis or with special features for occasional off-road operation.

- (j) Neighborhood electric vehicle (NEV). A self-propelled, electrically powered, four-wheeled motor vehicle which is emission free and conforms to the definition and requirements for low-speed vehicles as adopted in the federal motor vehicle safety standards for low-speed vehicles under federal regulations at 49 CFR part 571. An NEV shall be titled, registered and insured according to law as provided respectively in chapters 4, 5 and 12, title 49, Idaho Code, and shall only be operated by a licensed driver. Operation of an NEV on a highway shall be allowed as provided in section 49-663, Idaho Code.
- (k) Noncommercial vehicle. For the purposes of chapter 4, title 49, Idaho Code, motor vehicle registration, a noncommercial vehicle shall not include those vehicles required to be registered under sections 49-402 and 49-402A, Idaho Code, and means all other vehicles or combinations of vehicles which are not commercial vehicles or farm vehicles, but shall include motor homes. A noncommercial vehicle shall include those vehicles having a combined gross weight not in excess of sixty thousand (60,000) pounds and not held out for hire, used for purposes related to private use and not used in the furtherance of a business or occupation for compensation or profit or for transporting goods for other than the owner.
- (1) Passenger car. For the purposes of section 49-966, Idaho Code, a motor vehicle, except a multipurpose passenger vehicle, motorcycle or trailer, designed to carry ten (10) or fewer persons.
- (m) Rebuilt salvage vehicle or vessel. Every vehicle or vessel previously determined or declared to be a salvage vehicle that has been rebuilt or repaired using like make and model parts and visually appears as a vehicle or vessel that was originally constructed under a distinctive manufacturer. This includes a salvage vehicle or vessel which is damaged to the extent that a "rebuilt salvage" brand is required to be added to the title.
- (n) Replica vehicle or vessel. A vehicle or vessel made to replicate any vehicle or vessel previously manufactured, using metal, fiberglass or other composite materials. Replica vehicles must look like the original vehicle being replicated but may use a more modern drive train. At a minimum, replica vehicles shall meet the same federal motor vehicle safety and emission standards in effect for the year and type of vehicle being replicated.
- (o) Salvage vehicle or vessel. Any vehicle or vessel for which a salvage certificate of title, salvage bill of sale or other documentation has been issued showing evidence that the vehicle or vessel has been declared salvage or which has been damaged to the extent that the owner, or an insurer, or other person acting on behalf of the owner, determines that the cost of parts and labor minus the salvage value makes it uneconomical to repair or rebuild. When an insurance company has paid money or has made other monetary settlement as compensation for a total loss of any vehicle or vessel, such vehicle shall be considered to be a salvage vehicle or vessel.
- (p) Specially constructed vehicle or vessel. Every vehicle or vessel of a type required to be registered not originally constructed under a distinctive name, make, model or type by a generally recognized man-

ufacturer of vehicles or vessels and not materially altered from its original construction and cannot be visually identified as a vehicle or vessel produced by a particular manufacturer. This includes:

- (i) A vehicle or vessel that has been structurally modified so that it does not have the same appearance as a similar vehicle or vessel from the same manufacturer; or
- (ii) A vehicle or vessel that has been constructed entirely from homemade parts and materials not obtained from other vehicles or vessels; or $\[$
- (iii) A vehicle or vessel that has been constructed by using major component parts from one (1) or more manufactured vehicles or vessels and cannot be identified as a specific make or model; or
- (iv) A vehicle or vessel constructed by the use of a custom kit that cannot be visually identified as a specific make or model. All specially constructed vehicles of a type required to be registered shall be certified by the owner to meet all applicable federal motor vehicle safety standards in effect at the time construction is completed, and all requirements of chapter 9, title 49, Idaho Code.
- (q) Specialty off-highway vehicle. A specialty off-highway vehicle as defined in section 67-7101, Idaho Code.
- (r) Tank vehicle.

- (i) Any commercial motor vehicle transporting, or designed to transport, any liquid or gaseous materials within:
 - 1. A tank that is either permanently or temporarily attached or secured to the vehicle or chassis and has a rated capacity of one thousand (1,000) gallons or more; or
 - 2. Multiple tanks either permanently or temporarily attached or secured, when the aggregate rated capacity of those tanks is one thousand (1,000) gallons or more, as determined by adding the capacity of each individual tank with a capacity of more than one hundred nineteen (119) gallons.
- (ii) If a commercial motor vehicle transports one (1) or more tanks that are manifested either as empty or as residue and that are actually empty or contain only residue, those tanks shall not be considered in determining whether the vehicle is a tank vehicle.
- (s) Total loss vehicle. Every vehicle that is deemed to be uneconomical to repair. A total loss shall occur when an insurance company or any other person pays or makes other monetary settlement to the owner when it is deemed to be uneconomical to repair the damaged vehicle. The compensation for total loss as defined herein shall not include payments by an insurer or other person for medical care, bodily injury, vehicle rental or for anything other than the amount paid for the actual damage to the vehicle.
- (3) "Vehicle identification number." (See "identifying number," section 49-110, Idaho Code)
- (4) "Vehicle salesman" means any person who, for a salary, commission or compensation of any kind, is employed either directly or indirectly, or regularly or occasionally by any dealer to sell, purchase or exchange, or to

negotiate for the sale, purchase or exchange of vehicles. (See also "full-time salesman," section 49-107, Idaho Code, and "part-time salesman," section 49-117, Idaho Code)

(5) "Vessel." (See section 67-7003, Idaho Code)

- (6) "Veteran." (See section 65-203, Idaho Code)
- (7) "Violation" means a conviction of a misdemeanor charge involving a moving traffic violation, or an admission or judicial determination of the commission of an infraction involving a moving traffic infraction, except bicycle infractions.

SECTION 29. That Section 49-306, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 49-306. APPLICATION FOR DRIVER'S LICENSE, INSTRUCTION PERMIT, COMMERCIAL LEARNER'S PERMIT OR RESTRICTED SCHOOL ATTENDANCE DRIVING PERMIT. (1) Every application for any instruction permit, restricted school attendance driving permit, or driver's license shall be made on a form furnished by the department and shall be verified by the applicant before a person authorized to administer oaths. Officers and employees of the department, agents authorized by the department, and sheriffs and their deputies are authorized to administer the oaths without charge.
- (2) Every application for a permit, extension, driver's license, or knowledge test shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee pursuant to this subsection. Fee portions identified as going to the current expense fund shall be retained by the issuing entity. If the issuing entity is the department or an agent authorized by the department, other than the county, such fee portion shall be deposited in the state highway account. All other remaining fee portions shall be remitted to the state treasurer. If the fee is collected by a county, all remaining fee portions shall be paid over to the county treasurer and the county treasurer shall remit such fees to the state treasurer not less than monthly. The state treasurer shall immediately allocate such fees in accordance with the schedule identified following each fee:
 - (a) Class A, B, C (4-year) license with endorsements -- age 21 years and older\$40.00
 - (i) \$5.00 to the current expense fund;
 - (ii) \$2.00 to the emergency medical services fund $\frac{11}{10}$ established in section 57-829, Idaho Code;
 - (iii) \$4.00 to the emergency medical services vehicle and equipment grant fund HIT established in section 57-830, Idaho Code;
 - (iv) \$28.00 to the state highway account; and
 - (v) \$1.00 to the motorcycle safety program fund;
 - (b) Class A, B, C (8-year) license with endorsements -- age 21 years and older\$60.00
 - (i) \$5.00 to the current expense fund;
 - (ii) \$4.00 to the emergency medical services fund $\frac{11}{10}$ established in section 57-829, Idaho Code;
 - (iii) \$8.00 to the emergency medical services vehicle and equipment grant fund III established in section 57-830, Idaho Code;
 - (iv) \$41.00 to the state highway account; and
 - (v) \$2.00 to the motorcycle safety program fund;

1	(c) Class A, B, C (3-year) license with endorsements
2	age 18 to 21 years\$30.00
3	(i) \$5.00 to the current expense fund;
4	(ii) \$1.50 to the emergency medical services fund H established
5	in section 57-829, Idaho Code;
5	(iii) \$3.00 to the emergency medical services vehicle and equip-
7	ment grant fund III established in section 57-830, Idaho Code;
3	(iv) \$19.50 to the state highway account; and
9	<pre>(v) \$1.00 to the motorcycle safety program fund;</pre>
10	(d) Class A, B, C (1-year) license with endorsements age
11	20 years\$15.00
12	(i) \$5.00 to the current expense fund;
13	(ii) $\$0.50$ to $\underline{\text{the}}$ emergency medical services fund $\overline{\text{H}}$ established
14	in section 57-829, Idaho Code;
15	(iii) \$1.00 to the emergency medical services vehicle and equip-
16	ment grant fund III established in section 57-830, Idaho Code;
17	(iv) \$8.16 to the state highway account; and
18	(v) \$0.34 to the motorcycle safety program fund;
19	(e) Class D (3-year) license age 18 to 21 years\$30.00
20	(i) \$10.00 to the current expense fund;
21	(ii) $\$1.50$ to $\underline{\text{the}}$ emergency medical services fund $\overline{\text{H}}$ established
22	in section 57-829, Idaho Code;
23	(iii) \$3.00 to the emergency medical services vehicle and equip-
24	ment grant fund HHI established in section 57-830, Idaho Code;
25	(iv) \$4.00 to the driver training fund;
26	(v) \$10.50 to the highway distribution account; and
27	<pre>(vi) \$1.00 to the motorcycle safety program fund;</pre>
28	(f) Class D (1-year) license age 17 to 20 years\$20.00
29	(i) \$10.00 to the current expense fund;
30	(ii) $\$0.50$ to $\underline{\text{the}}$ emergency medical services fund $\frac{1}{1}$ established
31	in section 57-829, Idaho Code;
32	(iii) $\$1.00$ to $\underline{\text{the}}$ emergency medical services $\underline{\text{vehicle}}$ and equip-
33	ment grant fund HH established in section 57-830, Idaho Code;
34	(iv) \$1.33 to the driver training fund;
35	(v) \$6.83 to the highway distribution account; and
36	<pre>(vi) \$0.34 to the motorcycle safety program fund;</pre>
37	(g) Class D (4-year) license age 21 years and
38	older\$35.00
39	(i) \$10.00 to the current expense fund;
40	(ii) \$2.00 to the emergency medical services fund ## established
41	in section 57-829, Idaho Code;
42	(iii) \$4.00 to the emergency medical services vehicle and equip-
43	ment grant fund III established in section 57-830, Idaho Code;
14	(iv) \$5.30 to the driver training fund;
45 	(v) \$12.70 to the highway distribution account; and
46 . -	(vi) \$1.00 to the motorcycle safety program fund;
47	(h) Class D (8-year) or class A, B, C license with
48 	endorsements age 21 to 63 years\$60.00
1 9	(i) \$15.00 to the current expense fund;

1	(ii) \$4.00 to $\underline{\text{the}}$ emergency medical services fund $\underline{\text{H}}$ $\underline{\text{establ}}$:	ished
2	in section 57-829, Idaho Code;	
3	(iii) \$8.00 to the emergency medical services vehicle and ed	
4	ment grant fund HH established in section 57-830, Idaho Code	;
5	(iv) \$10.60 to the driver training fund;	
6	(v) \$20.40 to the highway distribution account; and	
7	<pre>(vi) \$2.00 to the motorcycle safety program fund;</pre>	
8 9	(i) Commercial learner's permit\$7 (i) \$5.00 to the current expense fund;	29.00
10	(ii) \$4.00 to the emergency medical services vehicle and ed	auin-
11	ment grant fund III established in section 57-830, Idaho Code,	
12	(iii) \$20.00 to the state highway account;	
13	(j) Class D instruction permit and supervised instruction	
14	permit\$2	20.00
15	(i) \$10.00 to the current expense fund;	
16	(ii) \$2.60 to the driver training fund; and	
17	(iii) \$7.40 to the highway distribution account;	
18	(k) Duplicate driver's license or permit\$2	20.00
19	(i) \$10.00 to the current expense fund;	
20	(ii) \$2.60 to the driver training fund; and	
21	(iii) \$7.40 to the highway distribution account;	
22	(1) Driver's license extension\$	10.00
23	(i) \$2.60 to the driver training account; and	
24	(ii) \$7.40 to the state highway account;	
25	(m) License classification change (upgrade)\$	30.00
26	(i) \$10.00 to the current expense fund; and	
27	(ii) \$20.00 to the state highway account;	
28	(n) Endorsement addition\$2	20.00
29	(i) \$10.00 to the current expense fund; and	
30	(ii) \$10.00 to the state highway account;	
31	(o) Class A, B, C skills tests not more than \$20	00.00
32	(i) \$10.00 to the state highway account; and	
33	(ii) Remainder retained by entity administering the test;	25 00
34	(p) Class D skills test not more than \$3	35.00
35	(i) \$6.50 to the state highway account; and	
36	(ii) Remainder retained by entity administering the test;(q) Motorcycle endorsement skills test (amount charged retained by	7
37	entity administering the test) not more than \$25	
38 39	(r) Knowledge test (fee retained by the entity administering	J.00,
40	the test)\$	5 00•
41	(s) Seasonal driver's license	
42	(i) \$10.00 to the current expense fund;	11.00
43	(ii) \$2.00 to the emergency medical services fund ## estable	ished
44	in section 57-829, Idaho Code;	
45	(iii) \$4.00 to the emergency medical services vehicle and ed	auip-
46	ment grant fund III established in section 57-830, Idaho Code,	
47	(iv) \$28.00 to the state highway account;	
48	(t) Onetime motorcycle "M" endorsement\$	15.00
49	(i) \$2.50 to the current expense fund; and	
50	(ii) \$12.50 to the state highway account;	

- (u) Motorcycle endorsement instruction permit\$15.00
 - (i) \$2.50 to the current expense fund; and
 - (ii) \$12.50 to the state highway account;

- (v) Restricted driving permit or restricted school attendance driving permit (fee to the state highway account)\$60.00.
- (3) The fee for any electronic driver's license renewal allowed pursuant to section 49-319(10), Idaho Code, shall be five dollars (\$5.00) less than the applicable application fee prescribed in subsection (2) of this section. This fee reduction shall be accounted for by subtracting five dollars (\$5.00) from the portion of fees retained by the department.
- (4) A person who applies for a driver's license or a driver's license renewal may designate a voluntary contribution of two dollars (\$2.00) for the purpose of promoting and supporting organ donation. Such a contribution shall be treated as a voluntary contribution to the organ donation contribution fund created in section 49-2447, Idaho Code, and not as a driver's license fee. Each voluntary contribution shall be deposited into the organ donation contribution fund created in section 49-2447, Idaho Code.
- (5) Every application shall state the applicant's true and full name, date of birth, sex, declaration of Idaho residency, Idaho residence address and mailing address if different, height, weight, hair color, eye color, and social security number as verified by the social security administration. If an applicant has submitted an application pursuant to the provisions of chapter 58, title 19, Idaho Code, then the applicant may state, in his or her application pursuant to this section, the applicant's alternative Idaho mailing address in place of his or her Idaho residence address and mailing address. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 49-303(13), Idaho Code, an applicant for a nondomiciled class A, B or C driver's license or nondomiciled commercial learner's permit having residency in a state that is prohibited from issuing class A, B or C driver's licenses or commercial learner's permits, as provided in 49 CFR 384, is excepted from providing proof of Idaho residency and an Idaho mailing address.
 - (a) The requirement that an applicant provide a social security number as verified by the social security administration shall apply only to applicants who have been assigned a social security number.
 - (b) An applicant who has not been assigned a social security number shall:
 - (i) Present written verification from the social security administration that the applicant has not been assigned a social security number; and
 - (ii) Submit a birth certificate, passport or other documentary evidence issued by an entity other than a state or the United States; and
 - (iii) Submit such proof as the department may require that the applicant is lawfully present in the United States.

A driver's license, commercial learner's permit or any instruction permit issued on and after January 1, 1993, shall not contain an applicant's social security number. Applications on file shall be exempt from disclosure except as provided in sections 49-202, 49-203, 49-203A and 49-204, Idaho Code.

- (c) Every application for a class A, B or C license shall state where the applicant has been licensed for the preceding ten (10) years and under which of the following driving categories the applicant will operate:
 - (i) Non-excepted interstate. The applicant operates or expects to operate in interstate commerce and is required to provide a medical examiner's certificate;
 - (ii) Excepted interstate. The applicant operates or expects to operate in interstate commerce, but engages exclusively in transportation or operations excepted by the federal motor carrier safety administration from all or parts of the qualification requirements of federal motor carrier safety regulation 49, part 391, and is therefore not required to provide a medical examiner's certificate;
 - (iii) Non-excepted intrastate. The applicant operates only in intrastate commerce and is subject to and meets all Idaho driver qualification requirements and the applicable parts of federal motor carrier safety regulation 49, part 391, and is required to provide a medical examiner's certificate; or
 - (iv) Excepted intrastate. The applicant operates in intrastate commerce, but engages exclusively in exempted transportation or operations as listed in section 67-2901B(2), Idaho Code, and the applicable parts of federal motor carrier safety regulation 49, part 391, and is therefore not required to provide a medical examiner's certificate.
- All applications shall also state whether the applicant has previously been licensed as a driver and, if so, when and by what state or country and whether a driver's license or privileges have ever been suspended, revoked, denied, disqualified, canceled or refused and, if so, the date of and reason for the suspension, revocation, denial, disqualification, cancellation or refusal and the applicant's oath that all information is correct as signified by the applicant's signature.
- (d) The applicant must submit proof of identity and citizenship status acceptable to the examiner or the department and date of birth as set forth in a certified copy of his birth certificate. When a certified copy of his birth certificate or a delayed birth certificate is impossible to obtain from a vital statistics agency, another government-issued document may be submitted that provides satisfactory evidence of a person's full legal name and date of birth acceptable to the examiner or the department.
- (e) Every applicant for a class A, B or C driver's license or commercial learner's permit shall provide proof of United States citizenship or lawful permanent residency in the United States upon application for issuance, transfer, upgrade or renewal, unless the applicant's driving record already contains documentation confirming United States citizenship or lawful permanent residency. Every applicant for a nondomiciled class A, B or C driver's license or commercial learner's permit domiciled in a foreign country must provide an unexpired employment authorization document issued by the department of homeland security or an unexpired foreign passport accompanied by an approved I-94 form documenting the applicant's most recent admittance into the United States.

- (f) Individuals required to register in compliance with section 3 of the federal military selective service act, 50 U.S.C. App. 451 et seq., as amended, shall be provided an opportunity to fulfill such registration requirements in conjunction with an application for a driver's license, commercial learner's permit or instruction permit. Any registration information so supplied shall be transmitted by the department to the selective service system.
- (6) Whenever an application is received from a person previously licensed in another jurisdiction, the department shall request a copy of the driver's record from the other jurisdiction and shall contact the national driver register. When received, the driver's record from the previous jurisdiction shall become a part of the driver's record in this state with the same force and effect as though entered on the driver's record in this state in the original instance.
- (7) Whenever the department receives a request for a driver's record from another licensing jurisdiction, the record shall be forwarded without charge.
- (8) The department shall contact and notify the commercial driver license information system of the proposed application for a class A, B or C driver's license or commercial learner's permit to ensure identification of the person and to obtain clearance to issue the license.
- (9) The department shall request information from the drug and alcohol clearinghouse to determine whether an applicant for any class A, B, or C driver's license or commercial learner's permit is eligible for the credential.
- (10) A contractor administering a class A, B, or C skills test may collect an additional fee for the use of the contractor's vehicle for the skills test
- (11) The department may issue seasonal class B or C driver's licenses to drivers who are employees of agri-chemical businesses, custom harvesters, farm retail outlets and suppliers, and livestock feeders that:
 - (a) Will be valid only for driving commercial vehicles that normally require class B or C commercial driver's licenses;
 - (b) Will be valid for seasonal periods that begin on the date of issuance and that are not to exceed one hundred eighty (180) days in a twelve (12) month period;
 - (c) May be obtained only twice in a driver's lifetime;
 - (d) Are valid only within a one-hundred-fifty (150) mile radius of the place of business or farm being serviced; and
 - (e) Will be valid only in conjunction with valid Idaho class D driver's licenses.
- (12) The department may issue seasonal class B or C driver's licenses to drivers who:
 - (a) Have not violated the single license provisions of applicable federal regulations;
 - (b) Have not had any license suspensions, revocations or cancellations:
 - (c) Have not had any convictions in any vehicle for any offense listed in section 49-335(1) or (2), Idaho Code, or any one (1) serious traffic offense;

- (d) Have at least one (1) year of driving experience with a class D or equivalent license in any type of motor vehicle; and
- (e) Are at least sixteen (16) years old.

SECTION 30. That Section 49-452, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 49-452. EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FEE. (1) An emergency medical services fee of one dollar and twenty-five cents (\$1.25) shall be collected in addition to each motor vehicle registration fee amount collected under the provisions of this chapter, with the exception of those vehicles proportionally registered under section 49-435, Idaho Code. Twenty-five cents (25¢) of the fee shall be retained by the county of residence for use in funding local emergency medical service costs. One dollar (\$1.00) of the fee shall be transmitted to the state treasurer for deposit in the emergency medical services fund established in section 56-1018 57-829, Idaho Code.
- (2) For vehicles registered under the provisions of section 49-402B, Idaho Code, the fee shall be two dollars and fifty cents (\$2.50). Fifty cents (\$0) of the fee shall be retained by the county of residence for use in funding local emergency medical services costs. Two dollars (\$2.00) of the fee shall be transmitted to the state treasurer for deposit in the emergency medical services fund established in section \$6-1018 57-829, Idaho Code.

SECTION 31. That Section 49-910A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 49-910A. COLOR OF LAMPS AND GLOBES LIMITED TO CERTAIN VEHICLE CLASSES. For the purposes of this chapter lighting devices utilizing various colors of lighted globes approved by the director of the Idaho state police for use on vehicles shall be restricted to the following class of vehicles:
- (1) Police vehicles. Only police vehicles shall display blue lights, lenses or globes.
- (2) Designated emergency vehicles. Fire fighting vehicles, vehicles belonging to personnel of voluntary fire departments, vehicles belonging to, or operated by EMS personnel certified or otherwise recognized by the EMS bureau of the Idaho department of health and welfare Idaho military division while in the performance of emergency medical services, ambulances, sheriff's search and rescue vehicles which are under the immediate supervision of the county sheriff, and wreckers, as defined in section 49-124, Idaho Code, which are engaged in motor vehicle recovery operations and are blocking part or all of one or more lanes of traffic, are designated emergency vehicles. With the exception of school buses as provided in section 49-915, Idaho Code, only fire fighting vehicles, vehicles belonging to personnel of voluntary fire departments, vehicles belonging to, or operated by ${\tt EMS}$ personnel certified or otherwise recognized by the EMS bureau of the Idaho department of health and welfare Idaho military division while in the performance of emergency medical services, ambulances, designated emergency vehicles described herein, vehicles authorized by the Idaho transportation board for use in the enforcement of vehicle laws specified in section 40-510, Idaho Code, and other emergency vehicles designated by the director of the

Idaho state police may display red flashing lights or red lenses or globes which are visible from the front of the vehicle.

(3) All vehicles. Any motor vehicle may have attached to it a flashing amber light to warn motorists of a vehicular traffic hazard requiring the exercise of unusual care in approaching, overtaking or passing the vehicle displaying such lighting. The driver of an approaching vehicle shall yield the right-of-way to any stationary vehicle displaying a flashing amber light.

SECTION 32. That Section 56-1003, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

56-1003. POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE DIRECTOR. The director shall have the following powers and duties:

- (1) All of the powers and duties of the department of public health, the department of health, the board of health, and all nonenvironmental protection duties of the department of health and welfare are hereby vested to the director of the department of health and welfare. However, oversight of the department and rulemaking and hearing functions relating to public health and licensure and certification standards shall be vested in the board of health and welfare. Except when the authority is vested in the board of health and welfare under law, the director shall have all such powers and duties as may have been or could have been exercised by his predecessors in law, including the authority to adopt, promulgate, and enforce rules, and shall be the successor in law to all contractual obligations entered into by predecessors in law. All rulemaking proceedings and hearings of the director shall be governed by the provisions of chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code.
- (2) The director shall, pursuant and subject to the provisions of Idaho Code and this chapter, promulgate and recommend to the board rules to administer statutes related to health and licensure and certification requirements pertinent to health. Such rules may be of general application across the state or may be limited in time, place, and circumstance as needed to address problems.
- (3) The director, under rules adopted by the board, shall have general supervision of the health and welfare of the people of this state. The powers and duties of the director shall include but are not limited to the following:
 - (a) The education of the people of this state using guidelines and recommendations for issues of health, safety, mental health, and wellness;
 - (b) The issuance of licenses and permits as prescribed by law and by the rules of the board;
 - (c) The supervision and administration of laboratories and the supervision and administration of standards of tests for environmental pollution, chemical analyses and communicable diseases. The director may require that laboratories operated by any city, county, institution, person, firm or corporation for health or environmental purposes conform to standards set by the board of health and welfare and the board of environmental quality in rule;
 - (d) The supervision and administration of a mental health program, which shall include services for the evaluation, screening, custody and

treatment of the mentally ill and those persons suffering from a mental defect or mental defects, and services for the prevention of suicide;

- (e) The enforcement of minimum standards of health, safety, and sanitation for all public swimming pools within the state as established in rule of the board;
- (f) The supervision and administration of the various schools, hospitals, and institutions that were the responsibility of the board of health and welfare;
- (g) The supervision and administration of services dealing with substance abuse, including but not limited to treatment and rehabilitation;
- (h) Communication and cooperation with other governmental departments, agencies and boards in order to effectively assist with the planning for the control of or abatement of health problems. All of the rules adopted by the board shall apply to state institutions;
- (i) The supervision and administration of an emergency medical services program, including but not limited to assisting other governmental agencies and local governmental units, in providing first aid emergency medical services and for transportation of the sick and injured;
- $\frac{\text{(j)}}{\text{(i)}}$ The supervision of administrative units whose responsibility shall be to assist and encourage counties, cities, other governmental units, and industries in the control of and/or abatement of health problems; and
- $\frac{(k)}{(j)}$ The enforcement of all laws and rules relating to health.
- (4) The director, when so designated by the governor, and any other time subject to the standard appropriations and approval process of the legislature, shall have the power to apply for, receive on behalf of the state, and utilize any federal aid, grants, gifts, or moneys made available through the federal government.
- (5) The director shall have the power to enter into and make contracts and agreements with any public agencies or municipal corporations for the $\underline{\text{use of}}$ facilities, land, and equipment when such use will have a beneficial, recreational, or therapeutic effect or be in the best interest in carrying out the duties imposed upon the department. The director shall also have the power to enter into contracts for the expenditure of state matching funds for local purposes. This subsection will constitute the authority for public agencies or municipal corporations to enter into such contracts and expend money for the purposes delineated in such contracts.
- (6) The director is authorized to adopt an official seal to be used on appropriate occasions, in connection with the functions of the department or the board, and such seal shall be judicially noticed. Copies of any books, records, papers and other documents in the department shall be admitted in evidence equally with the originals thereof when authenticated under such seal.
- (7) The director, under rules adopted by the board of health and welfare and approved by the legislature pursuant to section 67-5291, Idaho Code, and section 29, article III of the constitution of the state of Idaho, shall have the power to impose and enforce orders of isolation, quarantine, or restricted access to protect the public from the spread of infectious or communicable diseases or from contamination from chemical, nuclear, or bi-

ological agents, whether naturally occurring or propagated by criminal or terrorist act.

- (a) An order of isolation may be issued only for a person diagnosed with an infectious or a communicable disease, presenting medically unknown symptoms, or contaminated from a chemical, nuclear, or biological agent and only while a person is infectious, displaying unknown symptoms, or contaminated.
- (b) An order of quarantine may be issued only for a person exposed to:
 - (i) An infectious or a communicable disease;

- (ii) A person displaying medically unknown symptoms; or
- (iii) Contamination from a chemical, nuclear, or biological agent;

under circumstances likely to result in the spread of the disease, symptoms, or contaminant to the person who had such contact and only for a reasonable period of time sufficient to determine whether the exposed person will become sick.

- (c) If the director has reasonable cause to believe a chemical, nuclear, or biological agent has been released in an identifiable place, including a building or structure, the director may impose an order of restricted access into or out of that place for the purpose of determining whether that place has been contaminated with a chemical, nuclear, or biological agent that may create a substantial and immediate danger to the public. An order of restricted access shall be effective only until such time as the contamination has been remediated and the area of restricted access has been determined to no longer pose an immediate health risk.
- (d) An order of isolation, quarantine, or restricted access issued pursuant to this section shall not be subject to the Idaho administrative procedure act, chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code, but shall be subject to judicial review as a final agency order. However, this shall not prevent the director from reconsidering, amending, or withdrawing the order. Judicial review of orders of isolation, quarantine, or restricted access shall be de novo. The court may affirm, reverse, or modify the order and shall affirm the order if the director shows by clear and convincing evidence that the order is reasonably necessary to protect the public from a substantial and immediate danger of the spread of an infectious or communicable disease or from contamination by a chemical, nuclear, or biological agent. A hearing on a request for review pursuant to this paragraph shall be held as soon as practicable but no later than three (3) business days after the request is made. Notice of the request for review to the court must be provided to the director. The court may order the person who is the subject of or affected by the order of isolation, quarantine, or restricted access to appear remotely via technology approved by the Idaho supreme court. Upon conclusion of a hearing described in this subsection, the court conducting judicial review shall issue an order:
 - (i) Affirming or modifying the order of isolation, quarantine, or restricted access; or
 - (ii) Reversing the order and releasing an individual who is the subject of or affected by such order.

- (e) Any person who violates an order of isolation, quarantine, or restricted access shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- (8) The director shall develop safeguards necessary to ensure the security of nonpublic personal information in the department's possession and to prevent undue disclosure of such information. The director shall establish a process to authenticate requests made by a person, entity or jurisdiction arising under the 2007 Hague convention on the international recovery of child support and other forms of family maintenance. In the event the department becomes aware of any improper disclosure, the director shall take all actions required under section 28-51-105, Idaho Code.
- SECTION 33. That Section 63-36220, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 63-36220. EXEMPT PRIVATE AND PUBLIC ORGANIZATIONS. (1) There are exempted from the taxes imposed by this chapter:
 - (a) Sales to or purchases by hospitals, health-related entities, educational institutions, forest protective associations and canal companies that are nonprofit organizations; and
 - (b) Donations to, sales to, and purchases by the Idaho Foodbank Warehouse, Inc.; and
 - (c) Donations to, sales to, and purchases by food banks or soup kitchens of food or other tangible personal property used by food banks or soup kitchens in the growing, storage, preparation or service of food, but not including motor vehicles or trailers; and
 - (d) Sales of clothes to, donations of clothes to, and purchases of clothes by nonsale clothiers; and
 - (e) Sales to or purchases by centers for independent living; and
 - (f) Sales to or purchases by the state of Idaho and its agencies and its political subdivisions; and
 - (g) Sales to or purchases by volunteer fire departments or licensed emergency medical service agencies; and
 - (h) Sales to or purchases by a qualifying senior citizen center; and
 - (i) Sales to or purchases by the Blind Services Foundation, Inc.; and
 - (j) Donations to, sales to or purchases by the Advocates for Survivors of Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault, Inc., a nonprofit corporation; and
 - (k) Sales to or purchases by nonprofit organizations offering free dental clinic services to children; and
 - (1) Admissions to and purchases by museums, as defined in subsection
 - (2) of this section.

- (2) As used in this section, these words shall have the following meanings:
 - (a) "Educational institution" shall mean nonprofit colleges, universities, public charter schools organized pursuant to chapter 52, title 33, Idaho Code, the Idaho digital learning academy established pursuant to chapter 55, title 33, Idaho Code, and other primary and secondary schools, the income of which is devoted solely to education and in which systematic instruction in the usual branches of learning is given. This definition does not include schools primarily teaching business, dancing, dramatics, music, cosmetology, writing, gymnastics, exercise and

other special accomplishments nor parent-teacher associations, parent groups, alumni or other auxiliary organizations with purposes related to the educational function of an institution or collective group of institutions.

- (b) "Hospital" shall include nonprofit institutions licensed by the state for the care of ill persons. It shall not extend to nursing homes or similar institutions.
- (c) "Health-related entities" shall mean the Idaho Cystic Fibrosis Foundation, Idaho Epilepsy League, Idaho Lung Association, March of Dimes, American Cancer Society, Camp Rainbow Gold, Mental Health Association, The Arc, The Children's Home Society of Idaho, American Heart Association, Idaho Ronald McDonald House, United Cerebral Palsy, Arthritis Foundation, Muscular Dystrophy Foundation, National Multiple Sclerosis Society, Rocky Mountain Kidney Association, American Diabetes Association, Easter Seals, Idaho Community Action Agencies, Idaho Primary Care Association and community health centers that are members of the Idaho Primary Care Association, the Idaho Association of Free and Charitable Clinics and its member clinics, the Idaho Diabetes Youth Programs, Special Olympics Idaho, the Idaho Women's and Children's Alliance, and the Family Services Alliance of Southeast Idaho, together with said entities' local or regional chapters or divisions.
- (d) "Canal companies" shall include nonprofit corporations that are incorporated solely for the purpose of operating and maintaining and are engaged solely in operation and maintenance of dams, reservoirs, canals, lateral and drainage ditches, pumps or pumping plants.
- (e) "Forest protective associations" shall mean associations whose purpose is the furnishing, operating and maintaining of a protective system for the detection, prevention and suppression of forest or range fires. Forest protective associations shall include only those associations with which the state of Idaho has contracted or become a member of pursuant to chapter 1, title 38, Idaho Code.
- (f) "Food banks or soup kitchens" shall mean any nonprofit corporation or association, other than the Idaho Foodbank Warehouse, Inc., one of whose regular activities is the furnishing or providing of food or food products to others without charge.
- (g) "Nonsale clothier" shall mean any nonprofit corporation or association, one of whose primary purposes is the furnishing or providing of clothes to others without charge.
- (h) "Clothes" shall mean garments in general, designed or intended to be worn by humans, and shall include footwear in addition to wearing apparel.
- (i) "Center for independent living" shall mean a private, nonprofit, nonresidential organization in which at least fifty-one percent (51%) of the principal governing board, management and staff are individuals with disabilities and that:
 - (i) Is designed and operated within a local community by individuals with disabilities;
 - (ii) Provides an array of independent living services and programs; and
 - (iii) Is cross-disability.

(j) "Political subdivision" means:

- (i) A governmental organization that:
 - 1. Embraces a certain territory,
 - 2. Is organized for public advantage and not in the interest of private individuals or classes,
 - 3. Has been delegated functions of government, and
 - 4. Has the statutory power to levy taxes; or
- (ii) A public health district created by section 39-408, Idaho Code; or
- (iii) A soil conservation district as defined in section 22-2717, Idaho Code; or
- (iv) A drainage district created pursuant to chapter 29, title 42, Idaho Code; or
- (v) An irrigation district created pursuant to title 43, Idaho Code; or
- (vi) A state grazing board created by section 57-1204, Idaho Code; or
- (vii) A water measurement district created pursuant to section 42-705 or 42-706, Idaho Code; or
- (viii) A ground water management district created pursuant to chapter 51, title 42, Idaho Code.
- (k) "Agency of the state of Idaho" shall mean an office or organization created by the constitution or statutes of this state and constituting a component part of the executive, judicial or legislative branch of the government of this state.
- (1) "Volunteer fire department" means an entity exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and which primarily provides fire protection or fire prevention on a not-for-profit basis to surrounding residents.
- (m) "Licensed emergency medical service agency" means an emergency medical service (EMS) licensed by the EMS bureau of the department of health and welfare Idaho military division and which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and which provides emergency medical services on a not-for-profit basis to surrounding residents.
- (n) "Qualifying senior citizen center" means an entity exempt from income tax pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and which is a community facility for the organization and provision of a broad spectrum of services, which shall include provision of health, including mental health, social, nutritional, and educational services and the provision of facilities for recreational activities for older individuals.
- (o) "Museum" means a public institution or an entity exempt from income tax pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, which stores, preserves and exhibits objects of art, history, science or other objects of historical, educational or cultural value on a permanent basis in a building, portion of a building or outdoor location and which provides museum services to the public on a regular basis.
- (3) The exemption granted by subsection (1) (f) of this section does not include any association or other organization whose members are political

subdivisions or state agencies unless the organization is expressly created under the joint powers provision of sections 67-2328 through 67-2333, Idaho Code.

- (4) The exemptions granted by subsection (1) of this section do not include the use of tangible personal property by a contractor used to improve real property of an exempt entity when such use is within the definition provided by section 63-3615(b), Idaho Code, whether the use tax liability is included in a contract total or stated separately in a contract.
- (5) There is exempted from the taxes imposed in this chapter the renting of a place to sleep to an individual by the Idaho Ronald McDonald House.

SECTION 34. That Section 67-8802, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 67-8802. IDAHO LAW ENFORCEMENT, FIREFIGHTING AND EMS MEDAL OF HONOR COMMISSION CREATED -- MEMBERSHIP -- ESTABLISHMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS FOR AWARD. (1) There is hereby created in the office of the governor the Idaho law enforcement, firefighting and EMS medal of honor commission, hereafter referred to as the commission, which shall nominate candidates for the award of the Idaho medal of honor. The commission shall consist of one (1) representative from each of the following: the office of the governor, the office of the attorney general, the Idaho prosecuting attorneys association, the Idaho chiefs of police association, the Idaho fire chiefs association, the Idaho sheriffs' association, the Idaho peace officers association, the Idaho department of health and welfare bureau of emergency medical services military division, the peace officers standards and training council, and the professional firefighters of Idaho. Members of the commission shall be appointed by the governor and shall each serve for a term of four (4) years. Members of the commission shall hold office until the latter of expiration of the term to which the member was appointed or his successor has been duly appointed and qualified.
- (2) The attorney general or his designee shall serve as chair of the commission and shall designate a secretary for the commission.
- (3) The commission shall meet annually, or at the call of the chair, to consider candidates for nomination. Commission meetings may be conducted via teleconference.
- (4) The commission may adopt such rules as it deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

SECTION 35. That Section 67-8806, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

67-8806. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter:

- (1) "EMS" means emergency medical services.
- (2) "Emergency medical services provider" or "EMS provider" means an emergency medical technician, advanced emergency medical technician, or paramedic licensed by the department of health and welfare pursuant to sections 56-1011 through 56-1018B, Idaho military division pursuant to chapter 9, title 46, Idaho Code, and an ambulance-based clinician as defined in the rules governing emergency medical services as adopted by the department of health and welfare certified pursuant to chapter 9, title 46, Idaho Code.

(3) "Exceptional meritorious conduct" means an act of bravery and self-sacrifice, at the risk of serious injury or loss of one's own life, which is so conspicuous as to clearly distinguish the individual above his comrades.

- (4) "Firefighter" means a volunteer member or paid employee whose primary duty is preventing, extinguishing, or investigating fires and who prevents, extinguishes, or investigates fires as part of a fire district, fire department, or agency that is a part of or administered by the state or any political subdivision thereof.
- (5) "Law enforcement officer" means a volunteer member or a paid employee of a police or law enforcement agency that is a part of or administered by the state, a federally recognized Indian tribe, or any political subdivision of the state whose primary duties are the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the laws of this state or any of its political subdivisions.
- (6) "Serious injury" means any injury that causes great bodily harm and a probability of death, any injury that causes significant permanent disfigurement, or any injury that causes a significant permanent loss or impairment of the function of any body part or organ.
- SECTION 36. That Section 72-451, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 72-451. PSYCHOLOGICAL ACCIDENTS AND INJURIES. (1) Psychological injuries, disorders or conditions shall not be compensated under this title, unless the following conditions are met:
 - (a) Such injuries of any kind or nature emanating from the workplace shall be compensated only if caused by accident and physical injury as defined in section 72-102(17)(a) through (17)(c), Idaho Code, or only if accompanying an occupational disease with resultant physical injury, except that a psychological mishap or event may constitute an accident where:
 - (i) It results in resultant physical injury as long as the psychological mishap or event meets the other criteria of this section;
 - (ii) It is readily recognized and identifiable as having occurred in the workplace; and
 - (iii) It must be the product of a sudden and extraordinary event;
 - (b) No compensation shall be paid for such injuries arising from conditions generally inherent in every working situation or from a personnel-related action including, but not limited to, disciplinary action, changes in duty, job evaluation or employment termination;
 - (c) Such accident and injury must be the predominant cause as compared to all other causes combined of any consequence for which benefits are claimed under this section;
 - (d) Where psychological causes or injuries are recognized by this section, such causes or injuries must exist in a real and objective sense;
 - (e) Any permanent impairment or permanent disability for psychological injury recognizable under the Idaho worker's compensation law must be based on a condition sufficient to constitute a diagnosis using the terminology and criteria of the American psychiatric association's diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders, third edition revised, or any successor manual promulgated by the American psychiatric

association, and must be made by a psychologist or psychiatrist duly licensed to practice in the jurisdiction in which treatment is rendered; and

- (f) Clear and convincing evidence that the psychological injuries arose out of and in the course of the employment from an accident or occupational disease as contemplated in this section is required.
- (2) Nothing in subsection (1) of this section shall be construed as allowing compensation for psychological injuries from psychological causes without accompanying physical injury.
- (3) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section shall apply to accidents and injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1994, and to causes of action for benefits accruing on or after July 1, 1994, notwithstanding that the original worker's compensation claim may have occurred prior to July 1, 1994.
- (4) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, post-traumatic stress injury suffered by a first responder is a compensable injury or occupational disease when the following conditions are met:
 - (a) The first responder is examined and subsequently diagnosed with post-traumatic stress injury by a psychologist, a psychiatrist duly licensed to practice in the jurisdiction where treatment is rendered, or a counselor trained in post-traumatic stress injury; and
 - (b) Clear and convincing evidence indicates that the post-traumatic stress injury was caused by an event or events arising out of and in the course of the first responder's employment.
- (5) No compensation shall be paid for such injuries described in subsection (2) of this section arising from a personnel-related action including, but not limited to, disciplinary action, changes in duty, job evaluation, or employment termination.
 - (6) As used in subsection (4) of this section:
 - (a) "Post-traumatic stress injury" means a disorder that meets the diagnostic criteria for post-traumatic stress disorder or post-traumatic stress injury specified by the American psychiatric association's diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders, fifth edition revised, or any successor manual promulgated by the American psychiatric association.
 - (b) "First responder" means:

- (i) A peace officer as defined in section 19-5101(d), Idaho Code, when employed by a city, county, or the Idaho state police;
- (ii) A firefighter as defined in section 59-1302(16), Idaho Code;
- (iii) A volunteer emergency responder as defined in section 72-102(31), Idaho Code;
- (iv) An emergency medical service services provider, or EMS provider, certified by the department of health and welfare pursuant to sections 56-1011 through 56-1018B, Idaho Code, and an ambulance-based clinician as defined in the rules governing emergency medical services as adopted by the department of health and welfare; and certified pursuant to chapter 9, title 46, Idaho Code; and
- (v) An emergency communications officer as defined in section 19-5101(f), Idaho Code.

(7) Subsections (4) through (6) of this section are effective for first responders with dates of injury or manifestations of occupational disease on or after July 1, 2019.

 SECTION 37. That Section 74-106, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 74-106. RECORDS EXEMPT FROM DISCLOSURE -- PERSONNEL RECORDS, PERSONAL INFORMATION, HEALTH RECORDS, PROFESSIONAL DISCIPLINE. The following records are exempt from disclosure:
- (1) Except as provided in this subsection, all personnel records of a current or former public official other than the public official's public service or employment history, classification, pay grade and step, longevity, gross salary and salary history, including bonuses, severance packages, other compensation or vouchered and unvouchered expenses for which reimbursement was paid, status, workplace and employing agency. All other personnel information relating to a public employee or applicant, including but not limited to information regarding sex, race, marital status, birth date, home address and telephone number, social security number, driver's license number, applications, testing and scoring materials, grievances, correspondence and performance evaluations, shall not be disclosed to the public without the employee's or applicant's written consent. Names of applicants to classified or merit system positions shall not be disclosed to the public without the applicant's written consent. Disclosure of names as part of a background check is permitted. Names of the five (5) final applicants to all other positions shall be available to the public. If such group is less than five (5) finalists, then the entire list of applicants shall be available to the public. A public official or authorized representative may inspect and copy his personnel records, except for material used to screen and test for employment.
- (2) Retired employees' and retired public officials' home addresses, home telephone numbers and other financial and nonfinancial membership records; and active and inactive member financial and membership records and mortgage portfolio loan documents maintained by the public employee retirement system. Financial statements prepared by retirement system staff, funding agents and custodians concerning the investment of assets of the public employee retirement system of Idaho are not considered confidential under this chapter.
- (3) Information and records submitted to the Idaho state lottery for the performance of background investigations of employees, lottery retailers and major procurement contractors; audit records of lottery retailers, vendors and major procurement contractors submitted to or performed by the Idaho state lottery; validation and security tests of the state lottery for lottery games; and business records and information submitted pursuant to sections 67-7412(8) and (9) and 67-7421(8) and (9), Idaho Code, and such documents and information obtained and held for the purposes of lottery security and investigative action as determined by lottery rules, unless the public interest in disclosure substantially outweighs the private need for protection from public disclosure.
 - (4) Records of a personal nature as follows:
 - (a) Records of personal debt filed with a public agency pursuant to law;

- (b) Personal bank records compiled by a public depositor for the purpose of public funds transactions conducted pursuant to law;
- (c) Records of ownership of financial obligations and instruments of a public agency, such as bonds, compiled by the public agency pursuant to law;
- (d) Records with regard to the ownership of or security interests in registered public obligations;
- (e) Vital statistics records;

- (f) Military records as described in and pursuant to section 65-301, Idaho Code;
- (g) Social security numbers; and
- (h) The following personal data identifiers for an individual may be disclosed only in the following redacted format:
 - (i) The initials of any minor children of the individual;
 - (ii) A date of birth in substantially the following format: XX/XX/birth year;
 - (iii) The last four (4) digits of a financial account number in substantially the following format: XXXXX1234;
 - (iv) The last four (4) digits of a driver's license number or state-issued personal identification card number in substantially the following format: XXXXX350F; and
 - (v) The last four (4) digits of an employer identification number or business's taxpayer identification number.
- (5) Information in an income or other tax return measured by items of income or sales that is gathered by a public agency for the purpose of administering the tax, except such information to the extent disclosed in a written decision of the tax commission pursuant to a taxpayer protest of a deficiency determination by the tax commission, under the provisions of section 63-3045B, Idaho Code.
- (6) Records of a personal nature related directly or indirectly to the application for and provision of statutory services rendered to persons applying for public care for people who are elderly, indigent or have mental or physical disabilities or participation in an environmental or a public health study, provided the provisions of this subsection making records exempt from disclosure shall not apply to the extent that such records or information contained in those records are necessary for a background check on an individual that is required by federal law regulating the sale of firearms, guns or ammunition.
- (7) Employment security information, except that a person may agree, through written, informed consent, to waive the exemption so that a third party may obtain information pertaining to the person, unless access to the information by the person is restricted by subsection (3)(a), (b) or (d) of section 74-113, Idaho Code. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 74-113, Idaho Code, a person may not review identifying information concerning an informant who reported to the department of labor a suspected violation by the person of the employment security law, chapter 13, title 72, Idaho Code, under an assurance of confidentiality. As used in this section and in chapter 13, title 72, Idaho Code, "employment security information" means any information descriptive of an identifiable person or persons that is received by, recorded by, prepared by, furnished to or collected by the

department of labor or the industrial commission in the administration of the employment security law.

- (8) Any personal records, other than names, business addresses and business phone numbers, such as parentage, race, religion, sex, height, weight, tax identification and social security numbers, financial worth or medical condition submitted to any public agency pursuant to a statutory requirement for licensing, certification, permit or bonding.
- (9) Unless otherwise provided by agency rule, information obtained as part of an inquiry into a person's fitness to be granted or retain a license, certificate, permit, privilege, commission or position and private association peer review committee records authorized in title 54, Idaho Code. Any agency that has records exempt from disclosure under the provisions of this subsection shall annually make available a statistical summary of the number and types of matters considered and their disposition.
- (10) The records, findings, determinations and decisions of any prelitigation screening panel formed under chapters 10 and 23, title 6, Idaho Code.
- (11) Complaints received by the board of medicine and investigations and informal proceedings, including informal proceedings of any committee of the board of medicine, pursuant to chapter 18, title 54, Idaho Code, and rules adopted thereunder.
- (12) Records of the department of health and welfare or a public health district that identify a person infected with a reportable disease.
- (13) Records of hospital care, medical records, including prescriptions, drug orders, records or any other prescription information that specifically identifies an individual patient, prescription records maintained by the board of pharmacy under sections 37-2726 and 37-2730A, Idaho Code, records of psychiatric care or treatment and professional counseling records relating to an individual's condition, diagnosis, care or treatment, provided the provisions of this subsection making records exempt from disclosure shall not apply to the extent that such records or information contained in those records are necessary for a background check on an individual that is required by federal law regulating the sale of firearms, guns or ammunition.
- (14) Information collected pursuant to the directory of new hires act, chapter 16, title 72, Idaho Code.
- (15) Personal information contained in motor vehicle and driver records that is exempt from disclosure under the provisions of chapter 2, title 49, Idaho Code.
- (16) Records of the financial status of prisoners pursuant to subsection (2) of section 20-607, Idaho Code.
- (17) Records of the Idaho state police or department of correction received or maintained pursuant to section 19-5514, Idaho Code, relating to DNA databases and databanks.
- (18) Records of the department of health and welfare relating to a survey, resurvey or complaint investigation of a licensed nursing facility. Such records shall, however, be subject to disclosure as public records as soon as the facility in question has received the report and no later than the fourteenth day following the date that department of health and welfare representatives officially exit the facility pursuant to federal regulations. Provided however, that for purposes of confidentiality, no record shall be

released under this section that specifically identifies any nursing facility resident.

- (19) Records and information contained in the registry of immunizations against childhood diseases maintained in the department of health and welfare, including information disseminated to others from the registry by the department of health and welfare.
- (20) Records of the Idaho housing and finance association (IHFA) relating to the following:
 - (a) Records containing personal financial, family, health or similar personal information submitted to or otherwise obtained by the IHFA;
 - (b) Records submitted to or otherwise obtained by the IHFA with regard to obtaining and servicing mortgage loans and all records relating to the review, approval or rejection by the IHFA of said loans;
 - (c) Mortgage portfolio loan documents;

- (d) Records of a current or former employee other than the employee's duration of employment with the association, position held and location of employment. This exemption from disclosure does not include the contracts of employment or any remuneration, including reimbursement of expenses, of the executive director, executive officers or commissioners of the association. All other personnel information relating to an association employee or applicant, including but not limited to information regarding sex, race, marital status, birth date, home address and telephone number, applications, testing and scoring materials, grievances, correspondence, retirement plan information and performance evaluations, shall not be disclosed to the public without the employee's or applicant's written consent. An employee or authorized representative may inspect and copy that employee's personnel records, except for material used to screen and test for employment or material not subject to disclosure elsewhere in the Idaho public records act.
- (21) Records of the department of health and welfare related to child support services in cases in which there is reasonable evidence of domestic violence, as defined in chapter 63, title 39, Idaho Code, that can be used to locate any individuals in the child support case except in response to a court order.
- (22) Records of the Idaho state bar lawyer assistance program pursuant to chapter 49, title 54, Idaho Code, unless a participant in the program authorizes the release pursuant to subsection (4) of section 54-4901, Idaho Code.
- (23) Records and information contained in the time-sensitive emergency registry created by chapter 20, title 57 time sensitive emergency registry created by chapter 9, title 46, Idaho Code, together with any reports, analyses and compilations created from such information and records.
- (24) Records contained in the court files or other records prepared as part of proceedings for judicial authorization of sterilization procedures pursuant to chapter 39, title 39, Idaho Code.
- (25) The physical voter registration application on file in the county clerk's office; however, a redacted copy of said application shall be made available consistent with the requirements of this section. Information from the voter registration application maintained in the statewide voter registration database, including age, will be made available except for

the voter's driver's license number, date of birth and, upon a showing that the voter comes within the provisions of subsection (30) of this section or upon showing of good cause by the voter to the county clerk in consultation with the county prosecuting attorney, the physical residence address of the voter. For the purposes of this subsection, good cause shall include the protection of life and property and protection of victims of domestic violence and similar crimes.

- (26) Information in the files of the health care directive registry maintained by the department of health and welfare under section 39-4515, Idaho Code, is confidential and shall not be disclosed to any person other than to the person who executed an advance care planning document or the revocation thereof and that person's surrogate decision-maker, to the person who registered an advance care planning document or revocation thereof, and to physicians, hospitals, medical personnel, nursing homes, and other persons who have been granted access to the documents in the registry.
- (27) Records in an address confidentiality program participant's file as provided for in chapter 57, title 19, Idaho Code, other than the address designated by the secretary of state, except under the following circumstances:
 - (a) If requested by a law enforcement agency, to the law enforcement agency; or
 - (b) If directed by a court order, to a person identified in the order.
- (28) Except as otherwise provided by law relating to the release of information to a governmental entity or law enforcement agency, any personal information, including but not limited to names, personal and business addresses and phone numbers, sex, height, weight, date of birth, social security and driver's license numbers, or any other identifying numbers or information related to any Idaho fish and game licenses, permits and tags unless written consent is obtained from the affected person.
- (29) Documents and records related to alternatives to discipline that are maintained by the Idaho board of veterinary medicine under the provisions of section 54-2118(1)(b), Idaho Code, provided the requirements set forth therein are met.
- (30) The Idaho residential street address and telephone number of an eligible law enforcement or judicial officer and such officer's residing household members as provided for in chapters 58 and 62, title 19, Idaho Code, except under the following circumstances:
 - (a) If directed by a court order, to a person identified in the court order;
 - (b) If requested by a law enforcement agency, to the law enforcement agency;
 - (c) If requested by a financial institution or title company for business purposes, to the requesting financial institution or title company; or
 - (d) If the law enforcement or judicial officer provides written permission for disclosure of such information.
- (31) All information exchanged between the Idaho transportation department and insurance companies, any database created, all information contained in the verification system and all reports, responses or other

information generated for the purposes of the verification system, pursuant to section 49-1234, Idaho Code.

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- (32) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the release of information to the state controller as the state social security administrator as provided in section 59-1101A, Idaho Code.
- (33) Personal information, including but not limited to property values, personal and business addresses, phone numbers, dates of birth, social security and driver's license numbers or any other identifying numbers or information maintained by the administrator of the unclaimed property law set forth in chapter 5, title 14, Idaho Code. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the release of names, last known city of residence, property value ranges and general property information by the administrator for the purpose of reuniting unclaimed property with its owner.
- (34) Any personal information collected by the secretary of state, pursuant to section 67--906(1) (b), Idaho Code, for the purpose of allowing individuals to access the statewide electronic filing system authorized in section 67--906, Idaho Code, except campaign contact phone numbers for candidates or committees, which shall be publicly available upon request; and any notification email addresses submitted as part of a lobbyist's registration under section 67--6617, Idaho Code, of an employer, client, or designated contact for the purpose of electronic notification of that employer, client, or designated contact of a report filed under section 67--6619, Idaho Code.
- SECTION 38. That Section $\underline{56-1013A}$, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
- SECTION 39. That Section $\underline{56-1020}$, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
- SECTION 40. That Section $\underline{56-1021}$, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
- SECTION 41. That Section $\underline{56-1022}$, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
- SECTION 42. That Section $\underline{56-1025}$, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
- 33 SECTION 43. That Section 56-1027, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 34 repealed.
- 35 SECTION 44. That Section 56-1028, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 36 repealed.
- 37 SECTION 45. That Section $\underline{56-1029}$, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 38 repealed.
- 39 SECTION 46. That Section 57-2001, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 40 repealed.
- SECTION 47. That Section 57-2002, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

- SECTION 48. That Section 57-2003, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
- 3 SECTION 49. That Section 57-2006, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
- SECTION 50. That Section $\underline{56-1018}$, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
- 7 SECTION 51. That Section $\underline{56-1018A}$, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
- 9 SECTION 52. That Section $\underline{56-1018B}$, Idaho Code, be, and the same is 10 hereby repealed.
- SECTION 53. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, Sections 1 through 49 of this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2025, and Sections 50 through 52 of this act shall be in full force and effect on and after August 1, 2025.