IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 6

BY HEALTH AND WELFARE COMMITTEE

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

STATING FINDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE AND CALLING FOR THE IDAHO BOARDS OF MEDICINE, NURSING, DENTISTRY AND PHARMACY, WORKING WITH THE OFFICE OF DRUG POLICY, THE IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND WELFARE, LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AND PROSECUTORS, AND PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATIONS THROUGHOUT IDAHO TO USE THE BOARD OF PHARMACY'S PRESCRIPTION MONITORING PROGRAM AND BEST PRACTICES IN ORDER TO INCREASE AWARENESS AND PREVENT AND TREAT PRESCRIPTION DRUG ABUSE FOR THE PEOPLE OF IDAHO AND CALLING FOR THE OFFICE OF DRUG POLICY TO COORDINATE THE DEVELOPMENT OF A STATE RESPONSE TO THE PROBLEM OF PRESCRIPTION DRUG ABUSE.

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

WHEREAS, prescription drug abuse has recently been classified as an epidemic by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC); and

WHEREAS, many individuals who misuse prescription drugs intended to alleviate disease and eliminate pain believe these substances are safer than illicit drugs because they are prescribed by a health care professional and dispensed by a pharmacist; and

WHEREAS, the misuse of prescription drugs can lead to addiction and even death; and

WHEREAS, according to the CDC, such overdoses outnumber deaths involving crack or heroin combined; and

WHEREAS, in 2010, approximately 12 million Americans reported nonmedical use of prescription painkillers in the past year; and

WHEREAS, more than 13,000 babies a year are born in America addicted to prescription painkillers like OxyContin, hydrocodone and other narcotic drugs, according to a recent study released by the Journal of the American Medical Association; and

WHEREAS, the number of emergency room visits due to misuse or abuse of prescription drugs has risen 98.4% since 2004; and

WHEREAS, according to the Idaho Office of Drug Policy, in 2011, 20.1% of Idaho's 9th through 12th grade students reported taking a prescription drug without a doctor's prescription; and

WHEREAS, the number of prescription pills seized by Idaho law enforcement increased 143% between 2008 and 2009; and

WHEREAS, in Idaho, from 2000 to 2009, the number of prescription druginduced deaths increased two and one-half times.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the members of the First Regular Session of the Sixty-second Idaho Legislature, the House of Representatives and the Senate concurring therein, that the Idaho Legislature calls for the Idaho Boards of Medicine, Nursing, Dentistry and Pharmacy, working with the Office of Drug Policy, the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, local governments, local law enforcement and prosecutors, and professional associations throughout Idaho to use the Board of Pharmacy's Prescription

Monitoring Program and best practices in order to increase awareness and prevent and treat prescription drug abuse for the people of Idaho.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Office of Drug Policy should coordinate the development of a state response to the problem of prescription drug abuse.