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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

## HOUSE BILL NO. 18

## BY HEALTH AND WELFARE COMMITTEE

AN ACT RELATING TO UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES; AMENDING SECTION 37-2701, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE DEFINITIONS, TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 37-2702, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE PROCESS TO EXCEPT FEDERALLY SCHEDULED DRUGS AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 37-2704, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 37-2705, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE THE LISTING OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES AND TO INCORPORATE BY REF-ERENCE THE FEDERAL SCHEDULE OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES; AMENDING SECTION 37-2706, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 37-2707, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE THE LISTING OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES AND TO INCORPORATE BY REFERENCE THE FEDERAL SCHEDULE OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES; AMENDING SECTION 37-2708, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 37-2709, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE THE LIST-ING OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES, TO INCORPORATE BY REFERENCE THE FEDERAL SCHEDULE OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION; AMENDING SECTION 37-2710, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 37-2711, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE THE LISTING OF CON-TROLLED SUBSTANCES AND TO INCORPORATE BY REFERENCE THE FEDERAL SCHEDULE OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES; AMENDING SECTION 37-2712, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 37-2713, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE THE LISTING OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES AND TO INCORPORATE BY REFERENCE THE FEDERAL SCHEDULE OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES; AMENDING SEC-TION 37-2713A, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; REPEALING SECTION 37-2714, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO REPUBLISHING OF SCHEDULES; AMENDING SECTION 18-1502C, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE CORRECT CODE REFER-ENCES; AMENDING SECTION 18-2510, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE; AMENDING SECTION 37-2732, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE CORRECT CODE REFERENCES AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 37-2732B, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE; AMENDING SECTION 37-2732C, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 72-208, IDAHO CODE, TO

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

35 SECTION 1. That Section 37-2701, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 36 amended to read as follows:

PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

37-2701. DEFINITIONS. As used in this act chapter:

- $(a\underline{1})$  "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject by:
  - (\frac{1}{4}a) A practitioner for, in his presence, by his authorized agent); or

- (2b) The patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the practitioner.
- ( $\frac{b2}{2}$ ) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser. It does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseman, or employee of the carrier or warehouseman.
- $(\underline{e3})$  "Board" means the state board of pharmacy created in chapter 17, title 54, Idaho Code, or its successor agency.
- (d4) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Narcotic and Dangerous Drugs drug enforcement administration, United States  $\underline{\theta}$ department of  $\underline{\theta}$ justice, or its successor agency.
- (e $\overline{5}$ ) "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor in schedules I through VI of article II of this act chapter.
- $(\pm 6)$  "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance which, or the container or labeling of which, without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, number or device, or any likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser other than the person who in fact manufactured, distributed, or dispensed the substance.
- $(\underline{g7})$  "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer from one (1) person to another of a controlled substance, whether or not there is an agency relationship.
  - (\(\frac{1}{2}\)8) "Director" means the director of the Idaho state police.
- $(\pm 9)$  "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling, or compounding necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery.
  - $(\dot{\uparrow}10)$  "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.
- $(\frac{11}{2})$  "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.
  - $(\pm 12)$  "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
  - (m13) "Drug" means:

- (1a) sSubstances recognized as drugs in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of them;
- (2b) <u>sSubstances</u> intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in man or animals;
- (3c) sSubstances (other than food) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or animals; and
- (4<u>d</u>) <u>sSubstances intended for use as a component of any article specified in <u>clause paragraph</u> (<u>1a</u>), (<u>2b</u>), or (<u>3c</u>) of this subsection. It does not include devices or their components, parts, or accessories.</u>
- (<u>n14</u>) "Drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products and materials of any kind which are used, intended for use, or designed for use, in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human body

a controlled substance in violation of this act chapter. It includes, but is not limited to:

- $(\frac{1}{2})$  Kits used, intended for use, or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing or harvesting of any species of plant which is a controlled substance or from which a controlled substance can be derived;
- (2b) Kits used, intended for use, or designed for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, or preparing controlled substances;
- $(3\underline{c})$  Isomerization devices used, intended for use, or designed for use in increasing the potency of any species of plant which is a controlled substance;
- $(4\underline{d})$  Testing equipment used, intended for use, or designed for use in identifying, or in analyzing the strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled substances;
- $(\underline{5e})$  Scales and balances used, intended for use, or designed for use in weighing or measuring controlled substances;
- $(\frac{6f}{})$  Diluents and adulterants, such as quinine hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose and lactose, used, intended for use, or designed for use in cutting controlled substances;
- (7g) Separation gins and sifters used, intended for use, or designed for use in removing twigs and seeds from, or in otherwise cleaning or refining, marijuana;
- $(\frac{8h}{n})$  Blenders, bowls, containers, spoons and mixing devices used, intended for use, or designed for use in compounding controlled substances:
- $(9\underline{i})$  Capsules, balloons, envelopes and other containers used, intended for use, or designed for use in packaging small quantities of controlled substances;
- $(10\underline{j})$  Containers and other objects used, intended for use, or designed for use in storing or concealing controlled substances;
- $(\frac{11}{k})$  Hypodermic syringes, needles and other objects used, intended for use, or designed for use in parenterally injecting controlled substances into the human body;
- $(\underline{121})$  Objects used, intended for use, or designed for use in ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish, or hashish oil into the human body, such as:
  - (i) Metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;
  - (ii) Water pipes;

- (iii) Carburetion tubes and devices;
- (iv) Smoking and carburetion masks;
- (v) Roach clips: meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;
- (vi) Miniature cocaine spoons, and cocaine vials;
- (vii) Chamber pipes;
- (viii) Carburetor pipes;
- (ix) Electric pipes;

(x) Air-driven pipes;

(xi) Chillums;

(xii) Bongs; and

(xiii) Ice pipes or chillers;

In determining whether an object is drug paraphernalia, a court or other authority should consider, in addition to all other logically relevant factors, the following:

- 1. Statements by an owner or by anyone in control of the object concerning its use;
- 2. Prior convictions, if any, of an owner, or of anyone in control of the object, under any state or federal law relating to any controlled substance;
- 3. The proximity of the object, in time and space, to a direct violation of this act;
- 4. The proximity of the object to controlled substances;
- 5. The existence of any residue of controlled substances on the object;
- 6. Direct or circumstantial evidence of the intent of an owner, or of anyone in control of the object, to deliver it to persons whom he knows, or should reasonably know, intend to use the object to facilitate a violation of this act; the innocence of an owner, or of anyone in control of the object, as to a direct violation of this act shall not prevent a finding that the object is intended for use, or designed for use as drug paraphernalia;
- 7. Instructions, oral or written, provided with the object concerning its use;
- 8. Descriptive materials accompanying the object  $\frac{\text{which }}{\text{that}}$  explain or depict its use;
- 9. National and local advertising concerning its use;
- 10. The manner in which the object is displayed for sale;
- 11. Whether the owner, or anyone in control of the object, is a legitimate supplier of like or related items to the community, such as a licensed distributor or dealer of tobacco products;
- 12. Direct or circumstantial evidence of the ratio of sales of the object(s) to the total sales of the business enterprise;
- 13. The existence and scope of legitimate uses for the object in the community;
- 14. Expert testimony concerning its use.
- $(\bullet\underline{15})$  "Financial institution" means any bank, trust company, savings and loan association, savings bank, mutual savings bank, credit union, or loan company under the jurisdiction of the state or under the jurisdiction of an agency of the United States.
- $(\underline{p16})$  "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the board has found to be and by rule designates as being the principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use, and which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit manufacture.
- (q17) "Isomer" means the optical isomer, except as used incorporated by reference in section 37-2705(d), Idaho Code.
- $(\pm 18)$  "Law enforcement agency" means a governmental unit of one (1) or more persons employed full-time or part-time by the state or a political sub-

division of the state for the purpose of preventing and detecting crime and enforcing state laws or local ordinances, employees of which unit are authorized to make arrests for crimes while acting within the scope of their authority.

- $(\underline{s19})$  "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion or processing of a controlled substance, and includes extraction, directly or indirectly, from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container, except that this term does not include the preparation or compounding of a controlled substance:
  - $(\underline{1a})$  By a practitioner as an incident to his administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of his professional practice; or
  - (2b) By a practitioner, or by his authorized agent under his supervision, for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for delivery.
- ( $\pm 20$ ) "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant of the genus Cannabis, regardless of species, and whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of such plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its seeds or resin. It does not include the mature stalks of the plant unless the same are intermixed with prohibited parts thereof, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds or the achene of such plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the mature stalks, (except the resin extracted therefrom or where the same are intermixed with prohibited parts of such plant), fiber, oil, or cake, or the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable of germination. Evidence that any plant material or the resin or any derivative thereof, regardless of form, contains any of the chemical substances classified as tetrahydrocannabinols shall create a presumption that such material is "marijuana" as defined and prohibited herein.
- ( $\pm 21$ ) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
  - $(\pm \underline{a})$  Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or opiate;
  - (2b) Any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in clause 1 paragraph (a) of this subsection, but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium-;
  - (3c) Opium poppy and poppy straw-;
  - (4d) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these substances, but not including decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca leaves which do not contain cocaine or ecgonine

(v) "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. It does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under section 37-2702, Idaho Code, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). It does include its racemic and levorotatory forms.

(w) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver somniferum  $L_{\cdot, r}$  except its seeds.

- (\*22) "Peace officer" means any duly appointed officer or agent of a law enforcement agency, as defined herein, including, but not limited to, a duly appointed investigator or agent of the Idaho state police, an officer or employee of the board of pharmacy, who is authorized by the board to enforce this act, an officer of the Idaho state police, a sheriff or deputy sheriff of a county, or a marshal or policeman of any city.
- $(\frac{\sqrt{23}}{23})$  "Person" means individual, corporation, government, or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association, or any other legal entity.
- $_{\mbox{(z)}}$  "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.
  - (aa24) "Practitioner" means:

- $(\underline{4a})$  A physician, dentist, veterinarian, scientific investigator, or other person licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to or to administer a controlled substance in the course of his professional practice or research in this state;
- (2b) A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to or to administer a controlled substance in the course of their its professional practice or research in this state.
- (bb25) "Production" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing, or harvesting of a controlled substance.
- $(\underline{ee26})$  "Simulated controlled substance" means a substance that is not a controlled substance, but which by appearance or representation would lead a reasonable person to believe that the substance is a controlled substance. Appearance includes, but is not limited to, color, shape, size, and markings of the dosage unit. Representation includes, but is not limited to, representations or factors of the following nature:
  - $(\underline{1a})$  Statements made by an owner or by anyone else in control of the substance concerning the nature of the substance, or its use or effect;
  - (2b) Statements made to the recipient that the substance may be resold for inordinate profit; or
  - (3c) Whether the substance is packaged in a manner normally used for illicit controlled substances.
- (dd27) "State," when applied to a part of the United States, includes any state, district, commonwealth, territory, insular possession thereof, and any area subject to the legal authority of the United States of America.
- (ee28) "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a controlled substance for his own use or for the use of a member of his household

or for administering to an animal owned by him or by a member of his household.

(ff29) "Utility" means any person, association, partnership or corporation providing telephone and/or communication services, electricity, natural gas or water to the public.

SECTION 2. That Section 37-2702, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

37-2702. AUTHORITY TO CONTROL. (a1) The board shall administer the regulatory provisions of this act chapter and may add substances to or delete or reschedule all substances enumerated in the schedules in sections 37-2705, 37-2707, 37-2709, 37-2711, or 37-2713, Idaho Code, pursuant to the procedures of chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code. In making a determination regarding a substance, the board shall consider the following:

- (1-a) the actual or relative potential for abuse;
- (2b) the scientific evidence of its pharmacological effect, if known;
- (3c)  $\pm$ The state of current scientific knowledge regarding the substance;
- (4d) the history and current pattern of abuse;
- (5e) the scope, duration, and significance of abuse;
- (6f)  $\pm$ The risk to the public health;

- (7g)  $\pm T$ he potential of the substance to produce psychic or physiological dependence liability; and
- (8h)  $\pm W$ hether the substance is an immediate precursor of a substance already controlled under this article.
- $(b\underline{2})$  After considering the factors enumerated in subsection  $(a\underline{1})$  of this section, the board shall make findings with respect thereto and issue a rule controlling the substance if it finds the substance has a potential for abuse.
- $(e\underline{3})$  If the board designates a substance as an immediate precursor, substances which are precursors of the controlled precursor shall not be subject to control solely because they are precursors of the controlled precursor.
- (d4) If any substance is designated, rescheduled, or deleted as a controlled substance under federal law and notice thereof is given to the board, the board shall similarly control the substance under this act after the expiration of thirty (30) days from publication in the Federal Register of a final order designating a substance as a controlled substance or rescheduling or deleting a substance, unless within that thirty (30) day period, the board objects to inclusion, rescheduling, or deletion. In that case, the board shall publish the reasons for objection and afford all interested parties an opportunity to be heard. At the conclusion of the hearing, the board shall publish its decision, which shall be final unless altered by statute. Upon publication of objection to inclusion, rescheduling, or deletion under this act by the board, control under this act is stayed until the board publishes its decision The board may except by rule any compound, mixture or preparation containing any stimulant or depressant substance listed in 21 CFR 1308.12, 1308.13, 1308.14 and 1308.15 if the compound, mixture or preparation contains one (1) or more active medicinal ingredients not having a stimulant or depressant effect on the central nervous system, and if the mix-

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tures are included therein in combinations, quantity, proportion or concentration that vitiate the potential for abuse of the substances that have a stimulant or depressant effect on the central nervous system.
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- (e5) Authority to control under this section does not extend to distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, or tobacco.
- 6 SECTION 3. That Section 37-2704, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 7 amended to read as follows:
  - 37-2704. SCHEDULE I TESTS. The board shall place a substance in schedule I if it finds that the substance:
    - (a1) Has high potential for abuse; and
  - $(b\overline{2})$  Has no accepted medical use in treatment in the United States or lacks accepted safety for use in treatment under medical supervision.
- SECTION 4. That Section 37-2705, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 37-2705. SCHEDULE I.  $(a\underline{1})$  The controlled substances listed in this section are included in sSchedule I shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.
  - (2) Substances listed in 21 CFR 1308.11 are incorporated by reference herein unless:
    - (a) Explicitly excepted by 21 CFR 1308.11 or this act; or
    - (b) Listed in a different schedule in Idaho.
  - (b) Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of these isomers, esters, ethers and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:
    - (1) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-pip-eridinyl]-N-phenylacetamide);
    - (2) Acetylmethadol;
    - (3) Allylprodine;
    - (4) Alphacetylmethadol (except levo-alphacetylmethadol also known as levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate or LAAM);
  - (5) Alphameprodine;
  - (6) Alphamethadol;

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- (7) Alpha-methylfentanyl;
- 36 (8) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-pip-37 eridinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
  - (9) Benzethidine;
  - (10) Betacetylmethadol;
    - (11) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-4-piperid-inyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
- 42 (12) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl (N-(1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-3-43 methyl-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide);
  - (13) Betameprodine;
- 45 (14) Betamethadol;
- 46 (15) Betaprodine;
- 47 (16) Clonitazene;

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(17) Dextromoramide;
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         (18) Diampromide;
         (19) Diethylthiambutene;
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         (20) Difenoxin;
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         (21) Dimenoxadol;
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         (22) Dimepheptanol;
         (23) Dimethylthiambutene;
         (24) Dioxaphetyl butyrate;
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         (25) Dipipanone;
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         (26) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
         (27) Etonitazene;
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         (28) Etoxeridine;
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         (29) Furethidine;
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         (30) Hydroxypethidine;
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         (31) Ketobemidone;
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         (32) Levomoramide;
         (33) Levophenacylmorphan;
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         (34) 3-Methylfentanyl;
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         (35) 3-methylthiofentanyl (N-[(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-pip-
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         eridinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
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         (36) Morpheridine;
         (37) MPPP (1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine);
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         (38) Noracymethadol;
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         (39) Norlevorphanol;
         (40) Normethadone;
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         (41) Norpipanone;
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         (42) Para-fluorofentanyl (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-
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         piperidinyl] propanamide);
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         (43) PEPAP (1-(-2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine);
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         (44) Phenadoxone;
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         (45) Phenampromide;
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         (46) Phenomorphan;
         (47) Phenoperidine;
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         (48) Piritramide;
         (49) Proheptazine;
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         (50) Properidine;
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         (51) Propiram;
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         (52) Racemoramide;
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         (53) Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-
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         propanamide);
         (54) Tilidine;
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         (55) Trimeperidine.
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         (c) Any of the following opium derivatives, their salts, isomers and
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    salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of
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    these salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific
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    chemical designation:
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         (1) Acetorphine;
         (2) Acetyldihydrocodeine;
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         (3) Benzylmorphine;
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         (4) Codeine methylbromide;
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(5) Codeine-N-Oxide;
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         (6) Cyprenorphine;
         (7) Desomorphine;
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         (8) Dihydromorphine;
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         (9) Drotebanol;
         (10) Etorphine (except hydrochloride salt);
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         (11) Heroin;
         (12) Hydromorphinol;
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         (13) Methyldesorphine;
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         (14) Methyldihydromorphine;
         (15) Morphine methylbromide;
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         (16) Morphine methylsulfonate;
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         (17) Morphine-N-Oxide;
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         (18) Myrophine;
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         (19) Nicocodeine;
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         (20) Nicomorphine;
         (21) Normorphine;
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         (22) Pholcodine;
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         (23) Thebacon.
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         (d) Hallucinogenic substances. Any material, compound, mixture or
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    preparation which contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic
    substances, their salts, isomers and salts of isomers, unless specifically
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    excepted, whenever the existence of these salts, isomers, and salts of iso-
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    mers is possible within the specific chemical designation (for purposes of
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    this paragraph only, the term "isomer" includes the optical, position and
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    geometric isomers):
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         (1) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy amphetamine;
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         (2) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine;
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         (3) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (some other names: alpha-
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         desmethyl DOB, 2C-B);
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         (4) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine (another name: DOET);
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         (5) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine;
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         (6) 4-methoxyamphetamine (PMA);
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         (7) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy-amphetamine;
         (8) 5-methoxy-N, N-diisopropyltryptamine;
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         (9) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine (DOM, STP);
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         (10) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
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         (11) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA);
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         (12) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine (also known as N-et-
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         hyl-alpha-methyl-3,4 (methylenedioxy) phenethylamine, and N-et-
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         hyl MDA, MDE, MDEA);
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         (13) N-hydroxy-3, 4-methylenedioxyamphetamine (also known as N-hyd-
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         roxy-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy) phenethylamine, and N-hyd-
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         roxy MDA);
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         (14) 3, 4, 5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
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         (15) 5-methoxy-N, N-dimethyltryptamine (also known as 5-methoxy-3-2[2-
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         (dimethylamino)ethyl]indole and 5-MeO-DMT);
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         (16) Alpha-ethyltryptamine (some other names: etryptamine, 3-(2-am-
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         inobutyl) indole);
         (17) Alpha-methyltryptamine;
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(18) Bufotenine;
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         (19) Diethyltryptamine (DET);
         (20) Dimethyltryptamine (DMT);
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         (21) Ibogaine;
4
         (22) Lysergic acid diethylamide;
         (23) Marihuana;
6
         (24) Mescaline;
         (25) Parahexyl;
8
         (26) Pevote;
9
10
         (27) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
         (28) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
11
         (29) Psilocybin;
12
         (30) Psilocyn;
13
         (31) Tetrahydrocannabinols or synthetic equivalents of the substances
14
    contained in the plant, or in the resinous extractives of Cannabis, sp.
15
16
    and/or synthetic substances, derivatives, and their isomers with similar
    chemical structure such as the following:
17
         i. (a) Tetrahydrocannabinols:
18
              a. A 1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical iso-
19
20
              mers, excluding dronabinol in sesame oil and encapsulated in a
              soft gelatin capsule in a drug product approved by the U.S. Food
21
              and Drug Administration.
22
              b. A 6 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical iso-
23
24
              mers.
              c. A 3,4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical iso-
25
              mers. (Since nomenclature of these substances is not internation-
26
              ally standardized, compounds of these structures, regardless of
27
              numerical designation of atomic positions are covered.)
28
                     [(6aR, 10aR) -9-(hydroxymethyl) -6, 6-dimethyl-3-(2methyloc-
29
              tan-2-y1)-6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-o1)],
30
              known as 6aR-trans-3-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-6a,7,10,10a-tetrahy-
31
              dro-1-hydroxy-6,6-dimethyl-6H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran-9-methanol
32
               (HU-210) and its geometric isomers (HU211 or dexanabinol).
33
34
         ii. (b) The following synthetic drugs:
              a.(i) Any compound structurally derived from 3-(1-naphthoy1)in-
35
              dole or 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane (1H-indole-3-yl)(cy-
36
              cloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl) methanone, or (1H-indole-3yl) (cy-
37
              cloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl)methane, or (1H-indole-3-yl)(cy-
38
              cloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl) carboxamide by substitution at the
39
              nitrogen atoms of the indole ring or carboxamide to any extent,
40
              whether or not further substituted in or on the indole ring to
41
              any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to
42
              any extent in or on the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl ring(s)
43
               (substitution in the ring may include, but is not limited to, het-
44
              eroatoms such as nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen).
45
              b.(ii) Any compound structurally derived from 3-(1-naph-
46
              thoyl) pyrrole by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole
47
              ring to any extent, whether or not further substituted in the pyr-
48
              role ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl
49
```

ring to any extent.

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e.(iii) Any compound structurally derived from 1-(1-naphthyl-
1
2
              methyl) indene by substitution at the 3-position of the indene ring
              to any extent, whether or not further substituted in the indene
3
              ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring
4
              to any extent.
              d. (iv) Any compound structurally derived from 3-phenylacetylin-
6
              dole by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring to any
              extent, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to
8
              any extent, whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any
9
10
              extent.
              e.(v) Any compound structurally derived from 2-(3-hydroxycyclo-
11
              hexyl)phenol by substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic
12
              ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the cyclohexyl
13
              ring to any extent.
14
              f. Any compound structurally derived from 3-(benzoyl) indole
15
16
              structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole
              ring to any extent, whether or not further substituted in the
17
              indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the
18
19
              phenyl ring to any extent.
              q.(vi) [2,3-dihydro-5-methyl-3-(4-morpholinylmethyl)pyrr-
20
              olo[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-1-napthalenylmethanone
21
               (WIN-55, 212-2).
22
              h.(vii) 3-dimethylheptyl-11-hydroxyhexahydrocannabinol (HU-
23
24
              243).
              \pm. (viii) [(6S, 6aR, 9R, 10aR)-9-hydroxy-6-methyl-3-[(2R)-5-
25
              phenylpentan-2-yl]oxy-5,6,6a,7,8,9,10,10a-octahydrophenan-
26
              thridin-1-yl]acetate (CP 50,5561).
27
         (32) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine: N-ethyl-1-phenylcy-
28
         clohexylamine (1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine; N-(1-phenylcy-
29
         clohexyl) ethylamine, cyclohexamine, PCE;
30
         (33) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine: 1-(phenylcyclohexyl) -
31
         pyrrolidine, PCPy, PHP;
32
         (34) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine 1-[1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl]-
33
         piperidine, 2-thienylanalog of phencyclidine, TPCP, TCP;
34
         (35) 1-[1-(2-thienyl) cyclohexyl] pyrrolidine another name: TCPy;
35
         (36) Spores or mycelium capable of producing mushrooms that contain
36
         psilocybin or psilocin.
37
         (e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule,
38
39
    any material, compound, mixture or preparation which contains any quantity
    of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central ner-
40
    vous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the
41
    existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the
42
    specific chemical designation:
43
         (1) Gamma hydroxybutyric acid (some other names include GHB; gam-
44
         ma-hydroxybutyrate, 4-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hyroxybutanoic acid; sod-
45
         ium oxybate; sodium oxybutyrate);
46
         (2) Flunitrazepam (also known as "R2," "Rohypnol");
47
48
         (3) Mecloqualone;
         (4) Methaqualone.
49
```

- $(\underline{\pm}\underline{4})$  Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:
  - (1) Aminorex (some other names: aminoxaphen, 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-ox-azoline, or 4,5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine);
  - (2) Cathinone (some other names: 2-amino-1-phenol-1-propanone, alp-ha-aminopropiophenone, 2-aminopropiophenone and norephedrone);
  - (3a) Substituted cathinones. Any compound, except bupropion or compounds listed under a different schedule, structurally derived from 2-aminopropan-1-one by substitution at the 1-position with either phenyl, naphthyl or thiophene ring systems, whether or not the compound is further modified in any of the following ways:
    - $\underline{\text{(i-)}}$  By substitution in the ring system to any extent with alkyl, alkylenedioxy, alkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxyl or halide substituents, whether or not further substituted in the ring system by one (1) or more other univalent substituents;
    - $\underline{\text{(ii-)}}$  By substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl substituent;
    - $\underline{\text{(iii+)}}$  By substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl or methoxybenzyl groups, or by inclusion of the 2-amino nitrogen atom in a cyclic structure.
  - (4) Fenethylline;

- (5) Methcathinone (some other names: 2-(methyl-amino)-propiophenone, alpha-(methylamino)-propiophenone, N-methylcathinone, AL-464, AL-422, AL-463 and UR1423);
- (6) (+/-)cis-4-methylaminorex [(+/-)cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine];
- (7) N-benzylpiperazine (also known as: BZP, 1-benzylpiperazine);
- (8) N-ethylamphetamine;
  - (9) N, N-dimethylamphetamine (also known as: N, N-alpha-trimethyl-ben-zeneethanamine).
- SECTION 5. That Section 37-2706, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 37-2706. SCHEDULE II TESTS. The board shall place a substance in schedule II if it finds that:
  - (a1) The substance has high potential for abuse;
- (b2) The substance has currently accepted medical use in treatment in the United States, or currently accepted medical use with severe restrictions; and
- $(e\underline{3})$  The abuse of the substance may lead to severe psychic or physical dependence.
- SECTION 6. That Section 37-2707, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

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37-2707. SCHEDULE II. (a\underline{1}) Schedule II shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.
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- (2) Substances listed in 21 CFR 1308.12 are incorporated by reference herein unless:
  - (a) Explicitly excepted by 21 CFR 1308.12 or this act; or
  - (b) Listed in a different schedule in Idaho.
- (b) Substances, vegetable origin or chemical synthesis. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following substances whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
- $(1\underline{3})$  Opium and opiate, and a $\underline{A}$ ny salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or opiate, excluding apomorphine, dextrorphan, nalbuphine, nalmefene, naloxone, naltrexone and their respective salts, but including the following:

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1. Raw opium;
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- 2. Opium extracts;
- 3. Opium fluid extracts;
- 4. Powdered opium;
- 5. Granulated opium;
- 6. Tincture of opium;
- 7. Codeine;
- 8. Dihydroetorphine;
- 9. Diprenorphine;
- 10. Ethylmorphine;
- 11. Etorphine hydrochloride;
- 12. Hydrocodone;
- 13. Hydromorphone;
- 14. Metopon;
- 15. Morphine;
- 16. Oripavine;
- 17. Oxycodone;
- 10 0-----
- 18. Oxymorphone;
- 19. Tapentadol;
- 20. Thebaine.
- (2) Any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in paragraph (b) (1) of this section, except that these substances shall not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium.
- (3) Opium poppy and poppy straw.
- (4) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these substances, but not including decocainized coca leaves or extractions which do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.
- (5a) Benzoylecgonine-;
- $(\frac{6b}{})$  Methylbenzoylecgonine (Cocaine its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers).

```
(7) Concentrate of poppy straw (the crude extract of poppy straw in ei-
1
2
         ther liquid, solid or powder form which contains the phenanthrine alka-
         loids of the opium poppy).
3
         (c) Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters,
    ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, whenever the existence of these iso-
5
    mers, esters, ethers and salts is possible within the specific chemical
6
    designation, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another
    schedule:
8
         (1) Alfentanil;
9
10
         (2) Alphaprodine;
         (3) Anileridine;
11
         (4) Bezitramide;
12
         (5) Bulk Dextropropoxyphene (nondosage forms);
13
         (6) Carfentanil;
14
         (7) Dihydrocodeine;
15
16
         (8) Diphenoxylate;
         (9) Fentanyl;
17
         (10) Isomethadone;
18
         (11) Levo-alphacetylmethadol (also known as levo-alpha-acetylmet-
19
20
         hadol, levomethadyl acetate, LAAM);
         (12) Levomethorphan;
21
         (13) Levorphanol;
22
         (14) Metazocine;
23
24
         (15) Methadone;
         (16) Methadone -- Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4, 4-diphenyl
25
26
         (17) Moramide -- Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1, 1-diphenyl
27
         propane-carboxylic acid;
28
         (18) Pethidine (meperidine);
29
         (19) Pethidine -- Intermediate -- A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenyl-
30
         piperidine;
31
         (20) Pethidine -- Intermediate -- B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-car-
32
33
         boxylate;
         (21) Pethidine -- Intermediate -- C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperid-
34
         ine-4-carboxylic acid;
35
         (22) Phenazocine;
36
         (23) Piminodine;
37
         (24) Racemethorphan;
38
39
         (25) Racemorphan;
         (26) Remifentanil;
40
         (27) Sufentanil.
41
         (d) Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in an-
42
    other schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which con-
43
    tains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on
44
    the central nervous system:
45
         (1) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its optical
46
         isomers;
47
         (2) Lisdexamfetamine;
48
         (3) Methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers;
49
         (4) Phenmetrazine and its salts;
50
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1
         (5) Methylphenidate.
2
         (e) Depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in an-
    other schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which con-
3
    tains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on
4
5
    the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of iso-
    mers, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is
6
    possible within the specific chemical designation:
7
         (1) Amobarbital;
8
         (2) Glutethimide;
9
10
         (3) Pentobarbital;
         (4) Phencyclidine;
11
         (5) Secobarbital.
12
         (f) Hallucinogenic substances.
13
         (1) Nabilone ...... (another name for nabilone:
14
         (+/-)-trans-3-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-6,6a,7,8,10,10a-hexahydro-1-hy-
15
16
         droxy-6,6-dimethyl-9H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran-9-one) (21 C.F.R. 1308.12
17
         (<del>g</del>4)
               Immediate precursors. Unless specifically excepted or unless
18
    listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation
19
20
    which contains any quantity of the following substances:
21
         (1) Jimmediate precursor to amphetamine and methamphetamine:
         (a) Anthranilic acid;
22
         (b) Ephedrine;
23
24
         (c) Lead acetate;
         (d) Methylamine;
25
         (e) Methyl formamide;
26
         (f) N-methylephedrine;
27
         (q) Phenylacetic acid;
28
         (h) Phenylacetone;
29
         (i) Phenylpropanolamine;
30
         (ji) Pseudoephedrine.
31
         Except that any combination or compound containing ephedrine, or any of
32
    its salts and isomers, or phenylpropanolamine or its salts and isomers, or
33
    pseudoephedrine, or any of its salts and isomers which is prepared for dis-
34
    pensing or over-the-counter distribution is not a controlled substance for
35
    the purpose of this section, unless such substance is possessed, delivered,
36
    or possessed with intent to deliver to another with the intent to manufac-
37
    ture methamphetamine, amphetamine or any other controlled substance in vio-
38
39
    lation of section 37-2732, Idaho Code. For purposes of this provision, the
    requirements of the uniform controlled substances act shall not apply to a
40
    manufacturer, wholesaler or retailer of over-the-counter products contain-
41
    ing the listed substances unless such person possesses, delivers, or pos-
42
    sesses with intent to deliver to another the over-the-counter product with
43
    intent to manufacture a controlled substance.
44
         (2) Immediate precursors to phencyclidine (PCP):
45
              (a) 1-phenylcyclohexylamine;
```

(b) 1-piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile (PCC).

(3) Immediate precursor to fentanyl: 4-anilino-N-phenethyl-4-piperi-

46 47

48

49

dine (ANPP).

SECTION 7. That Section 37-2708, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 37-2708. SCHEDULE III TESTS. The board shall place a substance in schedule III if it finds that:
- (a1) The substance has a potential for abuse less than the substances listed in schedules I and II;
- (b2) The substance has currently accepted medical use in treatment in the United States; and
- $(\underline{e3})\,$  Abuse of the substance may lead to moderate or low physical dependence or high psychological dependence.
- SECTION 8. That Section 37-2709, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 37-2709. SCHEDULE III. (a1) Schedule III shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.
- (2) Substances listed in 21 CFR 1308.13 are incorporated by reference herein unless:
  - (a) Explicitly excepted by 21 CFR 1308.13 or this act; or
  - (b) Listed in a different schedule in Idaho.
- (b) Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, (whether optical or geometric), and salts of such isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
  - (1) Those compounds, mixtures, or preparations in dosage unit form containing any stimulant substances listed in schedule II which compounds, mixtures, or preparations were listed as excepted compounds under 21 CFR 1308.32, and any other drug of the quantitative composition shown in that list for those drugs or which is the same except that it contains a lesser quantity of controlled substances.
  - (2) Benzphetamine;
  - (3) Chlorphentermine;
  - (4) Clortermine;

- (5) Phendimetrazine.
- (c) Depressants. Unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse associated with a depressant effect on the central nervous system:
  - (1) Any compound, mixture or preparation containing:
    - i. Amobarbital;
    - ii. Secobarbital;
    - iii. Pentobarbital or any salt thereof and one (1) or more other active medicinal ingredients which are not listed in any schedule.
  - (2) Any suppository dosage form containing:
    - i. Amobarbital;
    - ii. Secobarbital;

```
iii. Pentobarbital or any salt of any of these drugs and approved
1
2
               by the Food and Drug Administration for marketing only as a suppos-
3
         (3) Any substance which contains any quantity of a derivative of barbi-
         turic acid or any salt thereof, including, but not limited to:
               i. Aprobarbital;
6
               ii. Butabarbital (secbutabarbital);
               iii. Butalbital;
8
               iv. Butobarbital (butethal);
9
               v. Talbutal;
10
               vi. Thiamylal;
11
               vii. Thiopental;
12
               viii. Vinbarbital.
13
         (4) Chlorhexadol;
14
         (5) Embutramide;
15
16
         (6) Any drug product containing gamma hydroxybutyric acid, including
         its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, for which an application is
17
         approved under section 505 of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act;
18
         (7) Ketamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers-
19
20
         7285. (Some other names for ketamine: (+/-)-2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-
21
         (methylamino) -cyclohexanone).
         (8) Lysergic acid;
22
         (9) Lysergic acid amide;
23
24
         (10) Methyprylon;
         (11) Sulfondiethylmethane;
25
         (12) Sulfonethylmethane;
26
         (13) Sulfonmethane;
27
         (14) Tiletamine and zolazepam or any salt thereof.
28
29
         (d) Nalorphine.
         (e) Narcotic drugs. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in
30
    another schedule:
31
32
         (1) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing limited
         quantities of any of the following narcotic drugs, or any salts thereof:
33
34
               (i) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine, or any of its salts, per
               100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit,
35
               with an equal or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of
36
37
               opium;
               (ii) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine, or any of its salts, per
38
               100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit,
39
               with one (1) or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized
40
               therapeutic amounts;
41
               (iii) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodeinone, commonly
42
               known as hydrocodone, or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or
43
               not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with a fourfold or
44
               greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium;
45
               (iv) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodeinone, commonly
46
               known as hydrocodone, or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters
47
               or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with one (1) or
48
               more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic
49
50
               amounts;
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(v) Not more than 1.8 grams of dihydrocodeine, or any of its
1
2
               salts, per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per
               dosage unit, with one (1) or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients
3
               in recognized therapeutic amounts;
               (vi) Not more than 300 milligrams of ethylmorphine, or any of
               its salts, per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per
6
               dosage unit, with one (1) or more ingredients in recognized thera-
               peutic amounts;
8
               (vii) Not more than 500 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters
9
10
               or per 100 grams, or not more than 25 milligrams per dosage unit,
               with one (1) or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized
11
               therapeutic amounts;
12
               (viii) Not more than 50 milligrams of morphine, or any of its
13
               salts, per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams with one (1) or more ac-
14
               tive, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.
15
16
         (2) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of
         the following narcotic drugs or their salts, as set forth below:
17
               (i) Buprenorphine.
18
               (ii) [Reserved].
19
20
         (£3) Anabolic steroids and human growth hormones. Any drug or hormonal
21
     substance, chemically and pharmacologically related to testosterone (other
     than estrogens, progestins and corticosteroids) that promotes muscle growth
22
     including any salt, ester or isomer of a drug or substance listed in this
23
24
    paragraph, if that salt, ester or isomer promotes muscle growth.
         (1) 13beta-ethyl-17beta-hydroxygon-4-en-3-one;
25
26
         (2) 17alpha-methyl-3alpha, 17beta-dihydroxy-5alpha-androstane;
27
         (3) 17alpha-methyl-3beta, 17beta-dihydroxy-5alpha-androstane;
         (4) 17alpha-methyl-3beta, 17beta-dihydroxyandrost-4-ene;
28
         (5) 17alpha-methyl-4-hydroxynandrolone;
29
         (6) 17alpha-methyl-deltal-dihydrotestosterone;
30
         (7) 19-nor-4-androstenediol;
31
         (8) 19-nor-4-androstenedione;
32
         (9) 19-nor-4,9(10)-androstadienedione;
33
34
         (10) 19-nor-5-androstenediol;
         (11) 19-nor-5-androstenedione;
35
         (12) 1-androstenediol;
36
         (13) 1-androstenedione;
37
         (14) 3alpha, 17beta-dihydroxy-5alpha-androstane;
38
39
         (15) 3beta, 17beta-dihydroxy-5alpha-androstane;
         (16) 4-androstenediol;
40
         (17) 4-androstenedione;
41
         (18) 4-hydroxy-19-nortestosterone;
42
         (19) 4-hydroxytestosterone;
43
         (20) 5-androstenediol;
44
         (21) 5-androstenedione;
45
         (22) Androstenedione;
46
47
         (23) Bolasterone;
         (24) Boldenone;
48
         (25) Boldione;
49
         (26) Calusterone;
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(27) Chlorotestosterone (4-chlorotestosterone);
1
2
         (28) Clostebol;
         (29) Dehydrochlormethyltestosterone;
3
         (30) Delta1-dihydrotestosterone;
4
         (31) Desoxymethyltestosterone;
5
         (32) Dihydrotestosterone (4-dihydrotestosterone);
6
         (33) Drostanolone;
7
         (34) Ethylestrenol;
8
         (35) Fluoxymesterone;
9
10
         (36) Formebulone;
         (37) Furazabol;
11
          (38a) Human growth hormones;
12
         (39) Mestanolone;
13
         (40b) Mesterolone;
14
15
         (41) Methandienone;
16
         (42) Methandranone;
         (43) Methandriol;
17
         (44) Methandrostenolone;
18
         (45) Methenolone;
19
20
         (46) Methyldienolone;
         (47) Methyltestosterone;
21
         (48) Methyltrienolone;
22
         (49) Mibolerone;
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         (50) Nandrolone;
         (51) Norbolethone;
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         (52) Norclostebol;
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         (53) Norethandrolone;
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         (54) Normethandrolone;
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         (55) Oxandrolone;
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         (56) Oxymesterone;
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         (57) Oxymetholone;
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         (58) Stanolone;
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         (59) Stanozolol;
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         (60) Stenbolone;
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         (61) Testolactone;
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         (62) Testosterone;
         (63) Testosterone cypionate;
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         (64) Testosterone enanthate;
         (65) Testosterone propionate;
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         (66) Tetrahydrogestrinone;
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         (67) Trenbolone.
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Anabolic steroids that are expressly intended for administration through implants to cattle or other nonhuman species, and that are approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for such use, shall not be classified as controlled substances under this  $\frac{1}{2}$  and shall not be governed by its provisions.

In addition to the penalties prescribed in article IV of the uniform controlled substances act, any person shall be guilty of a felony who prescribes, dispenses, supplies, sells, delivers, manufactures or possesses with the intent to prescribe, dispense, supply, sell, deliver or manufac-

ture anabolic steroids or any other human growth hormone for purposes of enhancing performance in an exercise, sport or game or hormonal manipulation intended to increase muscle mass, strength or weight without a medical necessity as determined by a physician.

- (g) Hallucinogenic substances.
- (1) Dronabinol (synthetic) in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in the federal Food and Drug Administration approved product -- 7369. (Some other names for dronabinol: (6aRtrans) -6a,7,8,10a-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H-dibenzo [b,d]pyran-1-ol or (-)-delta-9-(trans)-tetrahydrocannabinol).
- (h) Other substances. Unless specifically excepted, or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substance, including its salts:
  - (1) Butorphanol.

- (i) The board may except by rule any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any stimulant or depressant substance listed in subsections (b) and (c) of this section from the application of all or any part of this act if the compound, mixture, or preparation contains one (1) or more active medicinal ingredients not having a stimulant or depressant effect on the central nervous system, and if the admixtures are included therein in combinations, quantity, proportion, or concentration that vitiate the potential for abuse of the substances which have a stimulant or depressant effect on the central nervous system.
- SECTION 9. That Section 37-2710, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 37-2710. SCHEDULE IV TESTS. The board shall place a substance in schedule IV if it finds that:
- $(a\underline{1})$  The substance has a low potential for abuse relative to substances in schedule III;
- (b2) The substance has currently accepted medical use in treatment in the United States; and
- (e3) Abuse of the substance may lead to limited physical dependence or psychological dependence relative to the substances in schedule III.
- SECTION 10. That Section 37-2711, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 37-2711. SCHEDULE IV. (a1) Schedule IV shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.
- (2) Substances listed in 21 CFR 1308.14 are incorporated by reference herein unless:
  - (a) Explicitly excepted by 21 CFR 1308.14 or this act; or
  - (b) Listed in a different schedule in Idaho.
- (b) Narcotic drugs. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities as set forth below:

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(1) No more than 1 milligram of difenoxin and not less than 25 micro-
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         grams of atropine sulfate per dosage unit;
         (2) Dextropropoxyphene (alpha-(+)-4-dimethylamino-1, 2-diphenyl-
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         3-methyl-2-propionoxybutane).
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         (c) Depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in an-
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     other schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which con-
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     tains any quantity of the following substances, including its salts, iso-
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    mers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and
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     salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
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         (1) Alprazolam;
         (2) Barbital;
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         (3) Bromazepam;
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         (4) Camazepam;
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         (5) Carisprodol;
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         (6) Chloral betaine;
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         (7) Chloral hydrate;
         (8) Chlordiazepoxide;
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         (9) Clobazam;
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         (10) Clonazepam;
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         (11) Clorazepate;
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         (12) Clotiazepam;
         (13) Cloxazolam;
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         (14) Delorazepam;
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         (15) Diazepam;
         (16) Dichloralphenazone;
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         (17) Estazolam;
         (18) Ethchlorvynol;
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         (19) Ethinamate;
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         (20) Ethyl loflazepate;
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         (21) Fludiazepam;
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         (22) Flurazepam;
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         (23) Halazepam;
         (24) Haloxazolam;
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         (25) Ketazolam;
         (26) Loprazolam;
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         (27) Lorazepam;
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         (28) Lormetazepam;
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         (29) Mebutamate;
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         (30) Medazepam;
         (31) Meprobamate;
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         (32) Methohexital;
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         (33) Methylphenobarbital (mephobarbital);
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         (34) Midazolam;
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         (35) Nimetazepam;
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         (36) Nitrazepam;
         (37) Nordiazepam;
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         (38) Oxazepam;
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         (39) Oxazolam;
         (40) Paraldehyde;
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         (41) Petrichloral;
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(42) Phenobarbital;
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         (43) Pinazepam;
         (44) Prazepam;
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         (45) Temazepam;
         (46) Tetrazepam;
         (47) Triazolam;
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         (48) Quazepam;
         (49) Zaleplon;
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         (50) Zolpidem;
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         (51) Zopiclone.
         (d) Fenfluramine -- Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation
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    which contains any quantity of the following substances, including its
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    salts, isomers (whether optical, position, or geometric), and salts of such
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    isomers, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers
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    is possible:
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         (1) Dexfenfluramine;
         (2) Fenfluramine.
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         (e) Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in an-
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    other schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which con-
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    tains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on
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    the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers (whether optical,
    position, or geometric), and salts of such isomers whenever the existence
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    of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific
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    chemical designation:
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         (1) Cathine ((+) -norpseudoephedrine);
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         (2) Diethylpropion;
         (3) Fencamfamin;
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         (4) Fenproporex;
         (5) Mazindol;
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         (6) Mefenorex;
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         (7) Modafinil;
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         (8) Pemoline (including organometallic complexes and chelates
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         thereof);
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         (9) Phentermine;
         (10) Pipradrol;
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         (11) Sibutramine;
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         (12) SPA ((-)-1-dimethylamino-1,2-diphenylethane).
37
         (f) Other substances. Unless specifically excepted, or unless listed
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    in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture or preparation which
    contains any quantity of the following substances, including its salts:
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         (1) Pentazocine;
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         (2) Fospropofol.
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         (g) The board may except by rule any compound, mixture, or preparation
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    containing any depressant substance listed in subsection (c) of this sec-
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    tion from the application of all or any part of this act if the compound,
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    mixture, or preparation contains one (1) or more active medicinal ingredi-
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    ents not having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, and if the
    admixtures are included therein in combinations, quantity, proportion, or
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    concentration that vitiate the potential for abuse of the substances which
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    have a depressant effect on the central nervous system.
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SECTION 11. That Section 37-2712, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 37-2712. SCHEDULE V TESTS. The board shall place a substance in schedule V if it finds that:
- (a1) The substance has low potential for abuse relative to the controlled substances listed in schedule IV;
- (b2) The substance has currently accepted medical use in treatment in the United States; and
- $(\underline{e3})$  The substance has limited physical dependence or psychological dependence liability relative to the controlled substances listed in schedule IV.
- SECTION 12. That Section 37-2713, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 37-2713. SCHEDULE V. (a1) Schedule V shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.
- (2) Substances listed in 21 CFR 1308.15 are incorporated by reference herein unless:
  - (a) Explicitly excepted by 21 CFR 1308.15 or this act; or
  - (b) Listed in a different schedule in Idaho.
- (b) Narcotic drugs. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drugs and their salts, as set forth below.
- (c) Narcotic drugs containing nonnarcotic active medicinal ingredients. Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following limited quantities of narcotic drugs or salts thereof, which shall include one (1) or more nonnarcotic active medicinal ingredients in sufficient proportion to confer upon the compound, mixture, or preparation, valuable medicinal qualities other than those possessed by the narcotic drug alone:
  - (1) Not more than 200 milligrams of codeine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams;
  - (2) Not more than 100 milligrams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams;
  - (3) Not more than 100 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams;
  - (4) Not more than 2.5 milligrams of diphenoxylate and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit;
  - (5) Not more than 100 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams;
  - (6) Not more than 0.5 milligrams difenoxin and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.
- $(\underline{43})$  Other substances. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances, including its salts:
  - (1) Ezogabine [N-[2-amino-4-(4-fluorobenzylamino)-phenyl]-carbamic acid ethyl ester]-2779;
  - (2) Lacosamide;

(3) Pregabalin;

- 1  $\frac{(4)}{}$  Ppropylhexedrine (except as Benzedrex<sup>TM</sup> inhaler), including its  $\frac{\text{salts}}{}$
- 3 (5) Pyrovalerone.

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- SECTION 13. That Section 37-2713A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 37-2713A. SCHEDULE VI. (a1) Schedule VI shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name or brand name designated, listed in this section.
  - (b2) Volatile nitrites. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture or preparation containing any of the following drugs or their related compounds, congeners or isomers as follows:
    - (<del>l</del>a) Amyl nitrite;
    - (2b) Butyl nitrite;
    - (3c) Isobutyl nitrite;
    - (4d) Isoamyl nitrite;
    - (5e) Isopentyl nitrite.

Except that any combination or compound containing amyl nitrite  $\frac{\text{which}}{\text{that}}$  is prepared pursuant to a prescription issued by a licensed practitioner is not a controlled substance for the purpose of this section.

SECTION 14. That Section 37-2714, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

SECTION 15. That Section 18-1502C, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

18-1502C. POSSESSION OF MARIJUANA OR DRUG PARAPHERNALIA BY A MINOR --USE OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES -- FINES. (1) Any person under eighteen (18) years of age who shall have in his possession any marijuana as defined in section  $37-2701(\pm 20)$ , Idaho Code, which would constitute a misdemeanor for an adult so charged, or who shall have in his possession any drug paraphernalia as defined in section 37-2701(#14), Idaho Code, or who shall unlawfully use or be under the influence of controlled substances in violation of the provisions of section 37-2732C, Idaho Code, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, may be punished by a fine not in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or by ninety (90) days in a juvenile detention facility or by both or may be subject to the provisions of chapter 5, title 20, Idaho Code. If the juvenile is adjudicated under the provisions of chapter 5, title 20, Idaho Code, for a violation of this section he shall be sentenced in accordance with the provisions of chapter 5, title 20, Idaho Code. The juvenile shall be adjudicated under chapter 5, title 20, Idaho Code, for a violation of section 37-2732C, Idaho Code, unless the court finds that adjudication under chapter 5, title 20, Idaho Code, is not appropriate in the circumstances.

(2) A conviction under this section shall not be used as a factor or considered in any manner for the purpose of establishing rates of motor vehicle insurance charged by a casualty insurer, nor shall such conviction

be grounds for nonrenewal of any insurance policy as provided in section 41-2507, Idaho Code.

- (3) Any person who pleads guilty or is found guilty of possession of marijuana pursuant to this section, or any person under eighteen (18) years of age who pleads guilty or is found guilty of a violation of section 37-2732C, Idaho Code, then in addition to the penalty provided in subsection (1) of this section:
  - (a) The court shall suspend the person's driving privileges for a period of not more than one (1) year. The person may request restricted driving privileges during the period of suspension, which the court may allow, if the person shows by a preponderance of the evidence that driving privileges are necessary as deemed appropriate by the court.
  - (b) If the person's driving privileges have been previously suspended under this section, the court shall suspend the person's driving privileges for a period of not more than two (2) years. The person may request restricted driving privileges during the period of suspension, which the court may allow, if the person shows by a preponderance of the evidence that driving privileges are necessary as deemed appropriate by the court.
  - (c) The person shall surrender his license or permit to the court.
  - (d) The court shall notify the motor vehicle division of the Idaho transportation department of all orders of suspension it issues pursuant to this section.
- (4) The court, in its discretion, may also order the person convicted of possession of marijuana under subsection (1) of this section, or a person under eighteen (18) years of age who has been convicted of using or being under the influence of a controlled substance in violation of section 37-2732C, Idaho Code, to undergo and complete a substance abuse evaluation and to complete a drug treatment program, as provided in section 37-2738, Idaho Code.
- SECTION 16. That Section 18-2510, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 18-2510. POSSESSION, INTRODUCTION OR REMOVAL OF CERTAIN ARTICLES INTO OR FROM CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES. (1) No person including a prisoner, except as authorized by law or with permission of the facility head, shall knowingly:
  - (a) Introduce, or attempt to introduce, contraband into a correctional facility or the grounds of a correctional facility; or
  - (b) Convey, or attempt to convey, contraband to a prisoner confined in a correctional facility; or
  - (c) Possess, or attempt to possess, contraband within a correctional facility; or
  - (d) Receive, obtain or remove, or attempt to receive, obtain or remove, contraband from a correctional facility.
- (2) Any person including a prisoner who violates any provision of subsection (1) of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding one (1) year or by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by both such imprisonment and fine.

- (3) No person including a prisoner, except as authorized by law or with permission of the facility head, shall knowingly:
  - (a) Introduce, or attempt to introduce, major contraband into a correctional facility or the grounds of a correctional facility; or
  - (b) Convey, or attempt to convey, major contraband to a prisoner confined in a correctional facility; or
  - (c) Possess, or attempt to possess, major contraband within a correctional facility; or
  - (d) Receive, obtain or remove, or attempt to receive, obtain or remove, major contraband from a correctional facility.
- (4) Any person including a prisoner who violates any provision of subsection (3) of this section shall be guilty of a felony and on conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a period not exceeding five (5) years or by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or by both such imprisonment and fine.
  - (5) As used in this section:

- (a) "Contraband" means any article or thing that a prisoner confined in a correctional facility is prohibited by statute, rule or policy from obtaining or possessing and the use of which could endanger the safety or security of the correctional facility, any person therein or the public.
- (b) "Correctional facility" means a correctional facility as defined in section 18-101A, Idaho Code.
- (c) "Major contraband" means:
  - (i) Any controlled substance as defined in section  $37-2701 \, (\text{e}\underline{5})$  , Idaho Code;
  - (ii) Any tobacco product in excess of three (3) ounces;
  - (iii) Any firearm or dangerous weapon including explosives or combustibles or any plans or materials that may be used in the making or manufacturing of such weapons, explosives or devices;
  - (iv) Any telecommunication equipment or component hardware including, but not limited to, any device carried, worn or stored that is designed or intended to receive or transmit verbal or written messages, access or store data or connect electronically to the internet or any other electronic device that allows communications in any form. Such devices include, but are not limited to, cellular telephones, portable two-way pagers, hand-held radios, global position satellite system equipment, subscriber identity module (SIM) cards, portable memory chips, batteries, chargers, blackberry-type devices or smart phones, personal digital assistants or PDA's and laptop computers. The term also includes any new technology that is developed for similar purposes. Excluded from this definition is any device having communication capabilities that has been approved by the facility head for investigative or institutional security purposes or for conducting other official business;
  - (v) Any object or instrument intended or reasonably likely to be used in the planning or aiding in an escape or attempted escape from a correctional facility.

(d) "Prisoner" means a prisoner or a juvenile offender as those terms are defined in section 18-101A, Idaho Code.

SECTION 17. That Section 37-2732, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 37-2732. PROHIBITED ACTS A -- PENALTIES. (a) Except as authorized by this chapter, it is unlawful for any person to manufacture or deliver, or possess with intent to manufacture or deliver, a controlled substance.
  - (1) Any person who violates this subsection with respect to:

- (A) A controlled substance classified in schedule I which is a narcotic drug or a controlled substance classified in schedule II, except as provided for in section 37-2732B(a)(3), Idaho Code, is guilty of a felony and upon conviction may be imprisoned for a term of years not to exceed life imprisonment, or fined not more than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), or both;
- (B) Any other controlled substance which is a nonnarcotic drug classified in schedule I, or a controlled substance classified in schedule III, is guilty of a felony and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than five (5) years, fined not more than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000), or both;
- (C) A substance classified in schedule IV, is guilty of a felony and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than three (3) years, fined not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or both;
- (D) A substance classified in schedules V and VI, is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than one (1) year, fined not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), or both.
- (b) Except as authorized by this chapter, it is unlawful for any person to create, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver, a counterfeit substance.
  - (1) Any person who violates this subsection with respect to:
    - (A) A counterfeit substance classified in schedule I which is a narcotic drug, or a counterfeit substance classified in schedule II, is guilty of a felony and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than fifteen (15) years, fined not more than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), or both;
    - (B) Any other counterfeit substance classified in schedule I which is a nonnarcotic drug contained in schedule I or a counterfeit substance contained in schedule III, is guilty of a felony and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than five (5) years, fined not more than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000), or both;
    - (C) A counterfeit substance classified in schedule IV, is guilty of a felony and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than three (3) years, fined not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or both;
    - (D) A counterfeit substance classified in schedules V and VI or a noncontrolled counterfeit substance, is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than one (1) year, fined not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), or both.

(c) It is unlawful for any person to possess a controlled substance unless the substance was obtained directly from, or pursuant to, a valid prescription or order of a practitioner while acting in the course of his professional practice, or except as otherwise authorized by this chapter.

- (1) Any person who violates this subsection and has in his possession a controlled substance classified in schedule I which is a narcotic drug or a controlled substance classified in schedule II, is guilty of a felony and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than seven (7) years, or fined not more than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000), or both.
- (2) Any person who violates this subsection and has in his possession lysergic acid diethylamide is guilty of a felony and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than three (3) years, or fined not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), or both.
- (3) Any person who violates this subsection and has in his possession a controlled substance which is a nonnarcotic drug classified in schedule I except lysergic acid diethylamide, or a controlled substance classified in schedules III, IV, V and VI is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof may be imprisoned for not more than one (1) year, or fined not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or both.
- (d) It shall be unlawful for any person to be present at or on premises of any place where he knows illegal controlled substances are being manufactured or cultivated, or are being held for distribution, transportation, delivery, administration, use, or to be given away. A violation of this section shall deem those persons guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than three hundred dollars (\$300) and not more than ninety (90) days in the county jail, or both.
- (e) If any person is found to possess marijuana, which for the purposes of this subsection shall be restricted to all parts of the plants of the genus Cannabis, including the extract or any preparation of cannabis which contains tetrahydrocannabinol, in an amount greater than three (3) ounces net weight, it shall be a felony and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than five (5) years, or fined not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or both.
- (f) If two (2) or more persons conspire to commit any offense defined in this act section, said persons shall be punishable punished by a fine or imprisonment, or both, which may not exceed the maximum punishment prescribed for the offense, the commission of which was the object of the conspiracy.
  - (g) (1) It is unlawful for any person to manufacture or distribute a "simulated controlled substance," or to possess with intent to distribute, a "simulated controlled substance." Any person who violates this subsection shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and not more than one (1) year in the county jail, or both.
  - (2) It is unlawful for any person to possess a "simulated controlled substance." Any person who violates this subsection shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than three hundred dollars (\$300) and not more than six (6) months in the county jail, or both.

(h) It is unlawful for any person to cause to be placed in any newspaper, magazine, handbill, or other publication, or to post or distribute in any public place, any advertisement or solicitation offering for sale simulated controlled substances. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished in the same manner as prescribed in subsection (g) (1) of this section.

- (i) No civil or criminal liability shall be imposed by virtue of this chapter on any person registered under the  $\forall$ uniform  $\in$ controlled  $\Rightarrow$ substances  $\Rightarrow$ act who manufactures, distributes, or possesses an imitation controlled substance for use as a placebo or other use by a registered practitioner, as defined in section 37-2701 ( $\Rightarrow$ action 2701 (
- (j) No prosecution under this chapter shall be dismissed solely by reason of the fact that the dosage units were contained in a bottle or other container with a label accurately describing the ingredients of the imitation controlled substance dosage units. The good faith of the defendant shall be an issue of fact for the trier of fact.
- (k) Upon conviction of a felony or misdemeanor violation under the provisions of this chapter or upon conviction of a felony pursuant to the "racketeering act," section 18-7804, Idaho Code, or the money laundering and illegal investment provisions of section 18-8201, Idaho Code, the court may order restitution for costs incurred by law enforcement agencies in investigating the violation. Law enforcement agencies shall include, but not be limited to, the Idaho state police, county and city law enforcement agencies, the office of the attorney general and county and city prosecuting attorney offices. Costs shall include, but not be limited to, those incurred for the purchase of evidence, travel and per diem for law enforcement officers and witnesses throughout the course of the investigation, hearings and trials, and any other investigative or prosecution expenses actually incurred, including regular salaries of employees. In the case of reimbursement to the Idaho state police, those moneys shall be paid to the Idaho state police for deposit into the drug and driving while under the influence enforcement donation fund created in section 57-816, Idaho Code. In the case of reimbursement to the office of the attorney general, those moneys shall be paid to the general fund. A conviction for the purposes of this section means that the person has pled guilty or has been found guilty, notwithstanding the form of the judgment(s) or withheld judgment(s).
- SECTION 18. That Section 37-2732B, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 37-2732B. TRAFFICKING -- MANDATORY SENTENCES. (a) Except as authorized in this chapter, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 37-2732, Idaho Code:
  - (1) Any person who knowingly manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, one (1) pound of marijuana or more, or twenty-five (25) marijuana plants or more, as defined in section 37-2701, Idaho Code, is guilty of a felony, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in marijuana." If the quantity of marijuana involved:

- (A) Is one (1) pound or more, but less than five (5) pounds, or consists of twenty-five (25) marijuana plants or more but fewer than fifty (50) marijuana plants, regardless of the size or weight of the plants, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum fixed term of imprisonment of one (1) year and fined not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000);
- (B) Is five (5) pounds or more, but less than twenty-five (25) pounds, or consists of fifty (50) marijuana plants or more but fewer than one hundred (100) marijuana plants, regardless of the size or weight of the plants, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum fixed term of imprisonment of three (3) years and fined not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000);
- (C) Is twenty-five (25) pounds or more, or consists of one hundred (100) marijuana plants or more, regardless of the size or weight of the plants, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum fixed term of imprisonment of five (5) years and fined not less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000).
- (D) The maximum number of years of imprisonment for trafficking in marijuana shall be fifteen (15) years, and the maximum fine shall be fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
- (E) For the purposes of this section, the weight of the marijuana is its weight when seized or as determined as soon as practicable after seizure, unless the provisions of subsection (c) of this section apply.
- (2) Any person who knowingly manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, twenty-eight (28) grams or more of cocaine or of any mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of cocaine is guilty of a felony, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in cocaine." If the quantity involved:
  - (A) Is twenty-eight (28) grams or more, but less than two hundred (200) grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum fixed term of imprisonment of three (3) years and fined not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000);
  - (B) Is two hundred (200) grams or more, but less than four hundred (400) grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum fixed term of imprisonment of five (5) years and fined not less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000);
  - (C) Is four hundred (400) grams or more, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum fixed term of imprisonment of ten (10) years and fined not less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
  - (D) The maximum number of years of imprisonment for trafficking in cocaine shall be life, and the maximum fine shall be one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
- (3) Any person who knowingly manufactures or attempts to manufacture methamphetamine and/or amphetamine is guilty of a felony which shall be known as "trafficking in methamphetamine and/or amphetamine by manufacturing." Any person convicted of trafficking in methamphetamine and/or amphetamine by attempted manufacturing shall be sentenced to

a mandatory minimum fixed term of imprisonment of two (2) years and not to exceed fifteen (15) years imprisonment and fined not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). Any person convicted of trafficking in methamphetamine and/or amphetamine by manufacturing shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum fixed term of imprisonment of five (5) years and not to exceed life imprisonment and fined not less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000). The maximum number of years of imprisonment for trafficking in methamphetamine and/or amphetamine by manufacturing shall be life, and the maximum fine shall be one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).

- (4) Any person who knowingly delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, twenty-eight (28) grams or more of methamphetamine or amphetamine or of any mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine or amphetamine is guilty of a felony, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in methamphetamine or amphetamine." If the quantity involved:
  - (A) Is twenty-eight (28) grams or more, but less than two hundred (200) grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum fixed term of imprisonment of three (3) years and fined not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000);
  - (B) Is two hundred (200) grams or more, but less than four hundred (400) grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum fixed term of imprisonment of five (5) years and fined not less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000);
  - (C) Is four hundred (400) grams or more, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum fixed term of imprisonment of ten (10) years and fined not less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
  - (D) The maximum number of years of imprisonment for trafficking in methamphetamine or amphetamine shall be life, and the maximum fine shall be one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
- (5) Any person who knowingly manufactures, delivers, brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of the below-specified quantities of any of the following immediate precursors to methamphetamine or amphetamine (namely ephedrine, methylamine, methyl formamide, phenylacetic acid, phenylacetone, or pseudoephedrine) as defined in section  $37-2707\frac{(g)}{(g)}(\frac{14}{2})$ , Idaho Code, or any compound, mixture or preparation which contains a detectable quantity of these substances, is guilty of a felony which shall be known as "trafficking in immediate precursors of methamphetamine or amphetamine." If the quantity:
  - (A) Of ephedrine is five hundred (500) grams or more;
  - (B) Of methylamine is one-half (1/2) pint or more;
  - (C) Of methyl formamide is one-quarter (1/4) pint or more;
  - (D) Of phenylacetic acid is five hundred (500) grams or more;
  - (E) Of phenylacetone is four hundred (400) grams or more;
  - (F) Of pseudoephedrine is five hundred (500) grams or more;

such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum fixed term of imprisonment of ten (10) years and fined not less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000). The maximum number of years of imprisonment

for trafficking in immediate precursors of methamphetamine or amphetamine in the quantities specified in paragraphs (A) through (F) of this subsection (5) shall be life, and the maximum fine shall be one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000). If the quantity of pseudoephedrine is twenty-five (25) grams or more, but less than five hundred (500) grams, such person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of up to ten (10) years and fined not more than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

- (6) Any person who knowingly manufactures, delivers or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, two (2) grams or more of heroin or any salt, isomer, or salt of an isomer thereof, or two (2) grams or more of any mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of any such substance is guilty of a felony, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in heroin." If the quantity involved:
  - (A) Is two (2) grams or more, but less than seven (7) grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum fixed term of imprisonment of three (3) years and fined not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000);
  - (B) Is seven (7) grams or more, but less than twenty-eight (28) grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum fixed term of imprisonment of ten (10) years and fined not less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000);
  - (C) Is twenty-eight (28) grams or more, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum fixed term of imprisonment of fifteen (15) years and fined not less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
  - (D) The maximum number of years of imprisonment for trafficking in heroin shall be life, and the maximum fine shall be one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
- (7) A second conviction for any trafficking offense as defined in subsection (a) of this section shall result in a mandatory minimum fixed term that is twice that otherwise required under this section.
- (8) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, with respect to any person who is found to have violated the provisions of this section, adjudication of guilt or the imposition or execution of sentence shall not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, nor shall such person be eligible for parole prior to serving the mandatory minimum fixed term of imprisonment prescribed in this section. Further, the court shall not retain jurisdiction.
- (b) Any person who agrees, conspires, combines or confederates with another person or solicits another person to commit any act prohibited in subsection (a) of this section is guilty of a felony and is punishable as if he had actually committed such prohibited act.
- (c) For the purposes of subsections (a) and (b) of this section the weight of the controlled substance as represented by the person selling or delivering it is determinative if the weight as represented is greater than the actual weight of the controlled substance.
- SECTION 19. That Section 37-2732C, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

37-2732C. USING OR BEING UNDER THE INFLUENCE -- PENALTIES. (a) Except as authorized in this chapter, it is unlawful for any person on a public roadway, on a public conveyance, on public property or on private property open to the public, to use or be under the influence of any controlled substance specified or incorporated by reference in subsection (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of section 37-2705, Idaho Code, or subsection (b), (c) and (d) of incorporated by reference in section 37-2707, Idaho Code, or subsection (c) (6) of section 37-2709, Idaho Code any drug product containing gamma hydroxybutyric acid, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers, for which an application is approved under section 505 of the federal food, drug and cosmetic act, or any narcotic drug classified in schedule III, IV or V, except when administered by or under the direction of a person licensed by the state to dispense, prescribe, or administer controlled substances. It shall be the burden of the defense to show that it comes within this exception.

- (b) Any person convicted of violating the provisions of subsection (a) of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for not more than six (6) months, or by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or by both.
- (c) Any person who is convicted of violating the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, when the offense occurred within five (5) years of that person being convicted of two (2) or more separate violations of that subsection and who refuses to complete a licensed drug rehabilitation program offered by the court pursuant to subsection (d) shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for a mandatory minimum period of time of not less than one hundred twenty (120) days, nor more than one (1) year. The court may not reduce the mandatory minimum period of incarceration provided in this subsection.
- (d) The court may, when it would be in the interest of justice, permit any person convicted of a violation of subsection (a) of this section, punishable under subsection (b) or (c) of this section, to complete a licensed drug rehabilitation program in lieu of part or all of the imprisonment in the county jail. As a condition of sentencing, the court may require the offender to pay all or a portion of the drug rehabilitation program. In order to alleviate jail overcrowding and to provide recidivist offenders with a reasonable opportunity to seek rehabilitation pursuant to this subsection, counties are encouraged to include provisions to augment licensed drug rehabilitation programs in their substance abuse proposals and applications submitted to the state for federal and state drug abuse funds.
- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), (b) or (c) of this section, or any other provision of law to the contrary, any person who is unlawfully under the influence of cocaine, cocaine base, methamphetamine, heroin, or phencyclidine while in the immediate personal possession of a loaded, operable firearm is guilty of a public offense and is punishable by imprisonment in the county jail or the state prison for not more than one (1) year. As used in this subsection, "immediate possession" includes, but is not limited to, the interior passenger compartment of a motor vehicle.
- (f) Every person who violates <u>the provisions of</u> subsection (e) of this section is <del>punishable</del> subject to punishment upon the second and each subse-

quent conviction by imprisonment in the state prison for a period of time not in excess of four (4) years.

(g) In addition to any fine assessed under this section and notwith-standing the provisions of section 19-4705, Idaho Code, the court may, upon conviction, assess an additional cost to the defendant in the way of restitution, an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars (\$200) to the arresting and/or prosecuting agency or entity. These funds shall be remitted to the appropriate fund to offset the expense of toxicology testing.

SECTION 20. That Section 72-208, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 72-208. INJURIES NOT COVERED -- WILLFUL INTENTION -- INTOXICATION. (1) No compensation shall be allowed to an employee for injury proximately caused by the employee's willful intention to injure himself or to injure another.
- (2) If intoxication is a reasonable and substantial cause of an injury, no income benefits shall be paid, except where the intoxicants causing the employee's intoxication were furnished by the employer or where the employer permits the employee to remain at work with knowledge by the employer or his supervising agent that the employee is intoxicated.
- (3) "Intoxication" as used in this section means being under the influence of alcohol or of controlled substances, as defined in section  $37-2701(e\underline{5})$ , Idaho Code. Provided, however, that this definition shall not include an employee's use of a controlled substance for which a prescription has been issued authorizing such substance to be dispensed to the employee, or when such substance is dispensed directly by a physician to the employee, and where the employee's use of the controlled substance is in accordance with the instructions for use of the controlled substance.

SECTION 21. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after its passage and approval.