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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 229

BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

AN ACT 1 RELATING TO FIREARMS, EXPLOSIVES AND OTHER DEADLY WEAPONS; PROVIDING LEG-2 ISLATIVE DECLARATION; AMENDING SECTION 18-3315A, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE 3 AND TO ESTABLISH ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE PROHIBITION OF 4 FEDERAL REGULATION OF CERTAIN FIREARMS; PROVIDING SEVERABILITY; AND 5 DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. LEGISLATIVE DECLARATION. The Legislature of the State of Idaho declares in connection with Section 18-3315A, Idaho Code:

The Tenth Amendment to the United States Constitution guarantees to the states and their people all powers not granted to the federal government elsewhere in the Constitution and reserves to the state and the people of Idaho certain powers as they were understood at the time that Idaho was admitted to statehood in 1890. The guaranty of those powers is a matter of contract between the state and people of Idaho and the United States as of the time that the compact with the United States was agreed upon and adopted by Idaho and the United States.

The Ninth Amendment to the United States Constitution guarantees to the people rights not granted in the Constitution and reserves to the people of Idaho certain rights as they were understood at the time that Idaho was admitted to statehood in 1890. The quaranty of those powers is a matter of contract between the state and people of Idaho and the United States as of the time that the compact with the United States was agreed upon and adopted by Idaho and the United States.

The regulation of intrastate commerce is vested in the states under the Ninth and Tenth Amendments to the United States Constitution, particularly if not expressly preempted by federal law. Congress has not expressly preempted state regulation of intrastate commerce pertaining to the manufacture on an intrastate basis of firearms, firearms accessories and ammunition.

The Second Amendment to the United States Constitution reserves to the people the right to keep and bear arms as that right was understood at the time that Idaho was admitted to statehood in 1890, and the quaranty of the right is a matter of contract between the state and people of Idaho and the United States as of the time that the compact with the United States was agreed upon and adopted by Idaho and the United States.

Section 11, article I, of the Idaho Constitution clearly secures and prohibits government interference with the right of individual Idaho citizens to keep and bear arms. This constitutional protection is unchanged from the 1890 Idaho Constitution, which was approved by Congress and the people of Idaho, and the right exists as it was understood at the time that the compact with the United States was agreed upon and adopted by Idaho and the United States in 1890.

SECTION 2. That Section 18-3315A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

18-3315A. PROHIBITION OF FEDERAL REGULATION OF CERTAIN FIREARMS. (1) As used in this section:

- (a) "Borders of Idaho" means the boundaries of Idaho described in chapter 1, title 31, Idaho Code.
- (b) "Firearms accessories" means items that are used in conjunction with or mounted upon a firearm but are not essential to the basic function of a firearm including, but not limited to, telescopic or laser sights, magazines, flash or sound suppressors, folding or aftermarket stocks and grips, speedloaders, ammunition, ammunition carriers and lights for target illumination.
- (c) "Generic and insignificant parts" includes, but is not limited to, springs, screws, nuts and pins.
- (d) "Manufactured" means that a firearm, a firearm accessory, or ammunition has been created from basic materials for functional usefulness including, but not limited to, forging, casting, machining or other processes for working materials.
- (2) A personal firearm, a firearm accessory, or ammunition that is manufactured commercially or privately in Idaho and that remains within the borders of Idaho is not subject to federal law or federal regulation, including registration, under the authority of congress to regulate interstate commerce special taxation or confiscation. It is declared by the legislature that those items have not traveled in interstate commerce and are not subject to the authority of congress to regulate under its commerce power. This section applies to a firearm, a firearm accessory or ammunition that is manufactured in Idaho from basic materials and that can be manufactured without the inclusion of any significant parts imported from another state.
- (3) It is declared by the legislature that generic and insignificant parts that have other manufacturing or consumer product applications are not firearms, firearms accessories or ammunition, and their importation into Idaho and incorporation into a firearm, a firearm accessory or ammunition manufactured in Idaho does not subject the firearm, firearm accessory or ammunition to federal regulation. It is declared by the legislature that basic materials, such as unmachined steel and unshaped wood, are not firearms, firearms accessories or ammunition and are not subject to congressional authority to regulate firearms, firearms accessories and ammunition under interstate commerce as if they were actually firearms, firearms accessories or ammunition. The authority of congress to regulate interstate commerce in basic materials does not include authority to regulate firearms, firearms accessories and ammunition made in Idaho from those materials. Firearms accessories that are imported into Idaho from another state and that are subject to federal regulation as being in interstate commerce do not subject a firearm to federal regulation under interstate commerce because they are attached to or used in conjunction with a firearm in Idaho.
- (4) Any firearm or firearm accessory that is subject to any federal law or executive order, but which is manufactured in Idaho and remains within the borders of Idaho, is not subject to the authority of congress to regulate under its commerce power because of the federal prohibition against such

firearm or firearm accessory in interstate commerce. Therefore, any firearm or firearm accessory federally prohibited under the authority of congress to regulate interstate commerce may be manufactured, transferred, possessed or owned within the borders of Idaho.

(5) Subsections (2) and (3) of this section do not apply to:

- (a) A firearm that cannot be carried and used by one (1) person;
- (b) A firearm that has a bore diameter greater than one and one-half $(1\ 1/2)$ inches and that uses smokeless powder, not black powder, as a propellant;
- (c) Ammunition with a projectile that explodes using an explosion of chemical energy after the projectile leaves the firearm; or
- (d) A firearm that discharges two (2) or more rounds of ammunition with one (1) activation of the trigger or other firing device.
- (56) In order to be afforded the protections set forth in subsections (2) and (4) of this section, aA firearm or firearm accessory manufactured or sold in Idaho under this section shall have the words "Made in Idaho" clearly stamped on a central metallic part, such as the receiver or frame.
- (67) This section applies to firearms, firearms accessories and ammunition that are manufactured as defined in subsection (1) and retained in Idaho after October 1, 2010.
- SECTION 3. SEVERABILITY. The provisions of this act are hereby declared to be severable and if any provision of this act or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance is declared invalid for any reason, such declaration shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this act.
- SECTION 4. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after its passage and approval.