LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

Sixty-second Legislature

 Second Regular Session - 2014

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 582

BY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT								
2	APPROPRIATING MO	ONEYS TO THE	PUBLIC	HEALTH	DISTRICTS	FOR	FISCAL	YEAR	2015
3	AND PROVIDIN	NG GUIDANCE F	OR EMPLO	YEE COM	IPENSATION.				

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. There is hereby appropriated to the Public Health Districts \$8,531,200 from the General Fund to be transferred to the Public Health Trust Fund in accordance with the provisions of Section 39-425, Idaho Code, for the period July 1, 2014, through June 30, 2015.

SECTION 2. EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION. It is the intent of the Legislature, working cooperatively with the Governor's Office, the Division of Human Resources, and the Division of Financial Management, to progress toward the goal of funding a competitive salary and benefit package that will attract qualified applicants, retain employees committed to public service excellence, motivate employees to maintain high standards of productivity, and reward employees for outstanding performance by:

- 1) Adjusting the compensation schedule upwards by 1% to move the salary structure toward market; and
- 2) Continuing the job classifications that are currently on payline exception to address specific recruitment or retention issues; and
- 3) Funding an ongoing 1% salary increase for state employees, and funding the equivalent of a one-time 1% bonus for state employees, based upon employee merit, with flexibility in distribution as determined by the agency directors.

The Legislature also finds that investing in state employee compensation should remain a high priority even in tough economic times, and therefore strongly encourages agency directors, institution executives and the Division of Financial Management to approve the use of salary savings to provide either one-time or ongoing merit increases for deserving employees and also to target employees who are below policy compensation. Such salary savings could result from turnover and attrition, or be the result of innovation and reorganization efforts that create savings. Such savings should be reinvested in employees. Agencies are cautioned to use one-time funding for one-time payments and ongoing funding for permanent pay increases.