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37 38 First Regular Session - 2017

IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1074

BY COMMERCE AND HUMAN RESOURCES COMMITTEE

AN ACT 1 RELATING TO PROCUREMENT BY POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS; AMENDING SECTION 31-602, 2 IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT CERTAIN POWER AND AUTHORITY OF A COUNTY MAY 3 BE DELEGATED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS; AMENDING SECTION 4 54-1903, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE AN EXEMPTION AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL COR-5 RECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 54-1926, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS 6 REGARDING CERTAIN CONTRACTS; AMENDING SECTION 67-2803, IDAHO CODE, 7 TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING EXCLUSIONS; AMENDING SECTION 67-2805, 8 IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING PROCUREMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS 9 10 CONSTRUCTION; AMENDING SECTION 67-2806, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PRO-VISIONS REGARDING PROCUREMENT OF SERVICES OR PERSONAL PROPERTY; AND 11 AMENDING CHAPTER 28, TITLE 67, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SEC-12 TION 67-2806A, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION MAY 13 UTILIZE A REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL PROCESS UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES, 14 15 TO PROVIDE FACTORS THAT MAY BE CONSIDERED IN A REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL PROCESS, TO PROVIDE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR A REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL AND 16 TO PROVIDE REQUIREMENTS FOR NOTIFICATION, SOLICITATION AND CONSIDERA-17 TION OF CONTESTS IN A REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL PROCESS. 18

- Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:
- SECTION 1. That Section 31-602, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 31-602. EXERCISE OF POWERS. Its powers can only be exercised by the board of county commissioners, or by agents and officers acting under their authority, or authority of law. The purchasing power of the county, and the authority to contract for purchases, may be delegated to another elected official or an employee of the county by the board of county commissioners.
 - SECTION 2. That Section 54-1903, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 54-1903. EXEMPTIONS. This chapter shall not apply to:
 - $(a\underline{1})$ An authorized representative of the United States government, the state of Idaho, or any incorporated town, city, county, irrigation district, reclamation district or other municipal or political corporation or subdivision of this state.
 - $(\frac{b}{2})$ Officers of a court when they are acting within the scope of their office.
 - $(\underline{e3})$ Public utilities operating under the jurisdiction of the public utilities commission of the state of Idaho on construction, maintenance and development work incidental to their own business.

 $(\underline{d4})$ The sale or installation of any finished products, materials or articles of merchandise, which are not actually fabricated into and do not become a permanent fixed part of the structure.

- $(\underline{e5})$ Any construction, alteration, improvement or repair of personal property.
- $(\underline{\pm 6})$ Any construction, alteration, improvement or repair carried on within the limits and boundaries of any site or reservation, the title of which rests in the federal government.
- $(\underline{e7})$ Any construction or operation incidental to the construction and repair of irrigation and drainage ditches of regularly constituted irrigation districts, drainage districts or reclamation districts, except when performed by a person required to be licensed under this chapter.
- $(\frac{h8}{0})$ Duly licensed architects, licensed engineers, and land surveyors when acting solely in their professional capacity.
- (± 9) Any construction, alteration, improvement or repair involving any single project involving any number of trades or crafts with an estimated cost of less than ten <u>fifty</u> thousand dollars $(\$\pm 50,000)$, or a project estimated to cost less than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for which no responsive statement of interest was received from a licensed public works contractor when statements of interest were solicited as provided in section 67-2805, Idaho Code.
- $(\frac{1}{2}10)$ Any construction, operation, alteration or maintenance of a solid waste disposal site including those operated by, for, or at the direction of a city or a county.
- (*11) Any construction, operation or repair carried on in response to an emergency that has been officially declared by the governor pursuant to the provisions of chapter 10, title 46, Idaho Code, or an emergency that has been declared by a governing body (city or county) in anticipation of a governor's declaration, for a period of time not to exceed seven (7) calendar days.
- SECTION 3. That Section 54-1926, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 54-1926. PERFORMANCE AND PAYMENT BONDS REQUIRED OF CONTRACTORS FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND PUBLIC WORKS OF THE STATE, POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS AND OTHER PUBLIC INSTRUMENTALITIES -- REQUIREMENTS FOR BONDS -- GOVERNMENTAL OBLIGATIONS. Before any contract equal to or greater than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for the construction, alteration, or repair of any public building or public work or improvement of the state of Idaho, or of any county, city, town, municipal corporation, township, school district, public educational institution, or other political subdivision, public authority, or public instrumentality, or of any officer, board, commission, institution, or agency of the foregoing, is awarded to any executed, the person, he to whom such contract was awarded shall furnish to the state of Idaho, or to such county, city, town, municipal corporation, township, school district, public educational institution, or other political subdivision, public authority, or public instrumentality, or to such officer, board, commission, institution, or agency thereof, bonds which that shall become binding upon the $\frac{1}{2}$ execution of the contract, $\frac{1}{2}$ to such $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ person, who to whom the contract was awarded is hereinafter designated as "contractor":

(1) A performance bond in any amount to be fixed by the contracting body, but in no event less than eighty-five percent (85%) of the contract amount conditioned upon the faithful performance of the contract in accordance with the plans, specifications and conditions thereof. Said bond shall be solely for the protection of the public body awarding executing the contract.

- (2) A payment bond in an amount to be fixed by the contracting body but in no event less than eighty-five percent (85%) of the contract amount, solely for the protection of persons supplying labor or materials, or renting, leasing, or otherwise supplying equipment to the contractor or his subcontractors in the prosecution of the work provided for in such contract.
- (3) Public bodies requiring a performance bond or payment bond in excess of fifty percent (50%) of the total contract amount shall not be authorized to withhold from the contractor or subcontractor any amount exceeding five percent (5%) of the total amount payable as retainage. Further, the public body shall release to the contractor any retainage for those portions of the project accepted by the contracting public body and the contractors as complete within thirty (30) days after such acceptance. Contractors, contracting with subcontractors pursuant to contract work with a public body, shall not be authorized to withhold from the subcontractor any amount exceeding five percent (5%) of the total amount payable to the subcontractor as retainage. The contractor shall remit the retainage to the subcontractor within thirty (30) days after completion of the subcontract.

Each bond shall be executed by a surety company or companies duly authorized to do business in this state, or the contractor may deposit any of the type of government obligations listed in subsection (2) (h) of section 54-1901, Idaho Code, in lieu of furnishing a surety company performance or payment bond or bonds. In the case of contracts of the state or a department, board, commission, institution, or agency thereof the aforesaid bonds shall be payable to the state, or particular state agency where authorized. In case of all other contracts subject to this chapter, the bonds shall be payable to the public body concerned.

Said bonds shall be filed in the office of the department, board, commission, institution, agency or other contracting body awarding the contract.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the authority of the state of Idaho or other public body hereinabove mentioned to require a performance bond or other security in addition to these, or in cases other than the cases specified in this chapter.

It shall be illegal for the invitation for bids, or any person acting or purporting to act, on behalf of the contracting body to require that such bonds be furnished by a particular surety company, or through a particular agent or broker.

SECTION 4. That Section 67-2803, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 67--2803. EXCLUSIONS. The procurement requirements established in this chapter shall not be applicable to:
- (1) The acquisition of personal property when the procurement duplicates the price and substance of a contract for like goods or services that

has been competitively bid by the state of Idaho, one (1) of its political subdivisions, or an agency of the federal government;

- (2) Contracts or purchases wherein expenditures are less than $\frac{\text{twenty-five }}{\text{fifty}}$ thousand dollars (\$250,000), provided such contracts or purchases shall be guided by the best interests of the political subdivision procuring the goods and services as determined by the governing board;
- (3) Disbursement of wages or compensation to any employee, official or agent of a political subdivision for the performance of personal services for the political subdivision;
- (4) Procurement of personal or professional services to be performed by an independent contractor for the political subdivision;
 - (5) Procurement of an interest in real property;
 - (6) Procurement of insurance;

- (7) Costs of participation in a joint powers agreement with other units of government;
- (8) Procurement of used personal property by irrigation districts, drainage districts and their boards of control;
- (9) Procurement from fFederal government general services administration (GSA) schedules or federal multiple award schedules (MAS); or
- (10) The acquisition Procurement of personal property or services through contracts entered into by the division of purchasing of the department of administration of the state of Idaho;
 - (11) Procurement of goods for direct resale;
 - (12) Procurement of travel and training;
- (13) Procurement of goods and services from Idaho correctional industries;
 - (14) Procurement of repair for heavy equipment;
- (15) Procurement of software maintenance, support and licenses of an existing system or platform that was bid in compliance with state law;
 - (16) Procurement of public utilities;
 - (17) Procurement of food for use in jails or detention facilities; or
- (18) Procurement of used equipment at an auction if authorized by the governing board.
- SECTION 5. That Section 67-2805, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 67-2805. PROCUREMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCTION. (1) For any contemplated public works construction project with an estimated total cost of less than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), where the political subdivision determines that there may be a lack of available licensed contractors, a political subdivision may publish a notice of intent to procure in its official newspaper, concurrently sending such notice to the public works contractors license board, in order to solicit statements of interest from licensed public works contractors to determine whether one (1) or more licensed contractors is interested in submitting bids. Such notice of intent to procure shall be provided by the same means required for published solicitation of competitive bids and shall contain essentially the same information as such published notice. If no licensed public works contractor submits a statement of interest, the political subdivision may purchase public works

construction from other than a licensed public works contractor by using the same procurement procedures otherwise specified herein.

- (2) When a political subdivision contemplates an expenditure to procure public works construction valued <u>at or</u> in excess of twenty-five <u>fifty</u> thousand dollars (\$250,000) but not to exceed one <u>two</u> hundred thousand dollars (\$1200,000), the procurement procedures of this subsection (2) shall apply:
 - (a) The solicitation for bids for the public works construction to be performed shall be supplied to no fewer than three (3) owner-designated licensed public works contractors by written means, either by electronic or physical delivery. The solicitation shall describe the construction work to be completed in sufficient detail to allow an experienced public works contractor to understand the construction project the political subdivision seeks to build.
 - (b) The solicitation for bids shall describe the electronic or physical delivery method or methods authorized to submit a bid, the date and time by which a bid proposal must be received by the clerk, secretary or other authorized official of the political subdivision, and shall provide a reasonable time to respond to the solicitation, provided that except in the event of an emergency, such time shall not be less than three (3) business days.
 - (c) Written objections to specifications or bid procedures must be received by the clerk, secretary or other authorized official of the political subdivision at least one (1) business day before the date and time upon which bids are scheduled to be received.
 - (d) When written bids have been received, by either physical or electronic delivery, they shall be submitted to the governing board or governing board—authorized official which a designee of the governing board who shall present the lowest responsive bid to the governing board for approval or, if authorized, approve the bid. The governing board or the board's designee shall approve the responsive bid proposing the lowest procurement price or reject all bids and publish notice for bids, as before.
 - (e) If the political subdivision finds that it is impractical or impossible to obtain three (3) bids for the proposed public works procurement, the political subdivision may acquire the work in any manner the political subdivision deems best from a qualified public works contractor quoting the lowest price. When fewer than three (3) bids are considered, a description of the efforts undertaken to procure at least three (3) bids shall be documented by the political subdivision and such documentation shall be maintained for at least six (6) months after the procurement decision is made. If two (2) or more price quotations offered by different licensed public works contractors are the same and the lowest responsive bids, the governing board or governing-board authorized official may accept the one (1) it chooses.
- (32) When a political subdivision contemplates an expenditure to purchase public works construction valued in excess of one two hundred thousand dollars (\$\frac{1}{2}00,000)\$, the procurement procedures of this subsection (3) shall apply. The purchase of construction services shall be made pursuant to a competitive sealed bid process with the purchase to be made from the quali-

fied public works contractor submitting the lowest bid price complying with bidding procedures and meeting the prequalifications, if any are provided, established by the bid documents. Competitive bidding for public works may proceed through either of two (2) alternative procedures as set forth below:

- (a) Category A. Competitive bidding procedures shall be open to receipt of bids from any licensed public works contractor desiring to bid upon a public works project. For a category A bid, the political subdivision may only consider the amount bid, bidder compliance with administrative requirements of the bidding process, and whether the bidder holds the requisite license, and shall award the bid to the qualified bidder submitting the lowest responsive bid.
 - (i) The request for bids for a category A procurement shall set a date and place for the public opening of bids. Two (2) notices soliciting bids shall be published in the official newspaper of the political subdivision. The first notice shall be published at least two (2) weeks before the date for opening bids, with the second notice to be published in the succeeding week at least seven (7) days before the date that bids are scheduled to be opened. The notice shall succinctly describe the project to be constructed. Copies of specifications, bid forms, bidder's instructions, contract documents, and general and special instructions shall be made available upon request and payment of a reasonable plan copy fee by any interested bidder.
 - (ii) Written objections to specifications or bidding procedures must be received by the clerk, secretary or other authorized official of the political subdivision at least three (3) business days before the date and time upon which bids are scheduled to be opened. The administrative officer or governing board supervising the bidding process shall respond to any such objection in writing and communicate such response to the objector and all other plan holders, adjusting bidding timeframes if necessary.
 - (iii) All bids shall be presented or otherwise delivered under sealed cover to the clerk of the political subdivision or other authorized agent of the political subdivision designated by the information provided to bidders by the political subdivision with a concise statement marked on the outside generally identifying the expenditure project to which the bid pertains.
 - (iv) If the political subdivision deems it is in the political subdivision's best interest, it may require the bidder to provide bid security in an amount equal to at least five percent (5%) of the amount bid. If required, a bid shall not be considered unless one (1) of the forms of bidder's security is enclosed with it, and unless the bid is submitted in a form which substantially complies with the form provided by the political subdivision. The political subdivision may require that the bid security be in one (1) of the following forms:
 - (A) Cash;
 - (B) A cashier's check made payable to the political subdivision;

(C) A certified check made payable to the political subdivision; or

- (D) A bidder's bond executed by a qualified surety company, made payable to the political subdivision.
- (v) Any bid received by the political subdivision may not be withdrawn after the date and time set in the notice for opening of bids. When sealed bids have been received, they shall be opened in public at a designated place and time, thereafter to be compiled and submitted to the governing board for award or, if a designee is authorized, for approval of the award.
- (vi) If the successful bidder fails to execute the contract, the amount of his bidder's security may be forfeited to the political subdivision at the sole discretion of the political subdivision and the proceeds shall be deposited in a designated fund out of which the expenses of procuring substitute performance are paid.
- (vii) The political subdivision may, on the refusal or failure of the successful bidder to execute the contract, award the contract to the qualified bidder submitting the next lowest responsive bid. If the governing board awards the contract to the next lowest qualified bidder, the amount of the lowest qualified bidder's security may be applied by the political subdivision to the difference between the lowest responsive bid and the next lowest responsive bid, and the surplus, if any, shall be returned to the lowest bidder if cash or check is used, or to the surety on the bidder's bond if a bond is used, less reasonable administrative costs not to exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount of the bidder's security to the owner.
- (viii) In its discretion, the governing board may reject all bids presented and re-bid, or the governing board may, after finding it to be a fact, pass a resolution declaring that the project sought to be accomplished by the expenditure can be performed more economically by purchasing goods and services on the open market. If identical bids are received, the governing board may choose the bidder it prefers. If no bids are received, the governing board may procure the goods or services without further competitive bidding procedures.
- (ix) If the governing board of any political subdivision chooses to award a competitively bid contract involving the procurement of public works construction to a bidder other than the apparent low bidder, the political subdivision shall declare its reason or reasons on the record and shall communicate such reason or reasons in writing to all persons who have submitted a competing bid.
- (x) If any participating bidder objects to such award, such bidder shall respond in writing to the notice from the political subdivision within seven (7) calendar days of the date of transmittal of the notice, setting forth in such response the express reason or reasons that the award decision of the governing board is in error. Thereafter, staying performance of any procurement until after addressing the contentions raised by the objecting bidder, the governing board shall review its decision and determine whether to

affirm its prior award, modify the award, or choose to re-bid, setting forth its reason or reasons therefor. After completion of the review process, the political subdivision may proceed as it deems to be in the public interest.

- (b) Category B. Competitive bidding procedures shall be open to licensed public works contractors only after meeting preliminary supplemental qualifications established by the political subdivision. The solicitation for bids in a category B procurement shall consist of two (2) stages, an initial stage determining supplemental prequalifications for licensed contractors, either prime or specialty contractors, followed by a stage during which bid prices will be accepted only from prequalified contractors.
 - (i) Notice of the prequalification stage of the category B competitive bidding process shall be given in the same manner that notice of competitive bidding is provided for a category A competitive bid request, providing a specific date and time by which qualifications statements must be received. Political subdivisions may establish prequalification standards premised upon demonstrated technical competence, experience constructing similar facilities, prior experience with the political subdivision, available nonfinancial resources, equipment and personnel as they relate to the subject project, and overall performance history based upon a contractor's entire body of work. Such request must include the standards for evaluating the qualifications of prospective bidders.
 - (ii) During the initial stage of the category B bidding process, licensed contractors desiring to be prequalified to bid on a project must submit a written response to a political subdivision's request for qualifications.
 - (iii) Written objections to prequalification procedures must be received by the clerk, secretary or other authorized official of the political subdivision at least three (3) business days before the date and time upon which prequalification statements are due. The administrative officer or governing board supervising the bidding process shall respond to any such objection in writing and communicate such response to the objector and all other contractors seeking to prequalify, adjusting bidding timeframes if necessary. After a review of qualification submittals, the political subdivision may select licensed contractors that meet the prequalification standards. If any licensed contractor submits a statement of qualifications but is not selected as a qualified bidder, the political subdivision shall supply a written statement of the reason or reasons why the contractor failed to meet prequalification standards.
 - (iv) Any licensed contractor that fails the prequalification stage can appeal any such determination to the governing board within seven (7) days after transmittal of the prequalification results to contest the determination. If the governing board sustains the decision that a contractor fails to meet prequalification standards, it shall state its reason or reasons for the

record. A governing board decision concerning prequalification may be appealed to the public works contractors license board no more than fourteen (14) days following any decision on appeal made by the governing board. The public works contractors license board shall decide any such appeal within thirty-five (35) days of the filing of a timely appeal. The public works contractors license board shall allow participation, written or oral, by the appealing contractor and the political subdivision, either by employing a hearing officer or otherwise. The public works contractors license board shall not substitute its judgment for that of the political subdivision, limiting its review to determining whether the decision of the governing board is consistent with the announced prequalification standards, whether the prequalification standards comport with the law and whether the governing board's decision is supported by the entirety of the record. The decision of the public works contractors license board shall be written and shall state the reason or reasons for the decision. Category B prequalification procedures that are appealed shall be stayed during the pendency of the pregualification appeal until the public works contractors license board completes its review, but in no instance more than forty-nine (49) days after the appellate decision of the governing board regarding prequalification. Any licensed public works contractor affected by a decision on appeal by the public works contractors license board may, within twenty-eight (28) days of the final decision, seek judicial review as provided by chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code.

- (v) Following the conclusion of the prequalification administrative procedures, the bidding stage shall proceed by the setting of a time, date and place for the public opening of bids. In circumstances involving prequalified prime contractors, a notice soliciting bids shall be transmitted to prequalified bidders at least fourteen (14) days before the date of opening the bids. In circumstances involving prequalified specialty or subordinate contractors, the notice soliciting bids shall be published in the same manner applicable to category A bids. The notice shall succinctly describe the project to be constructed. Copies of specifications, bid forms, bidder's instructions, contract documents, and general and special instructions shall be made available upon request and payment of a reasonable plan copy fee by any eligible bidder.
- (vi) Written objections to specifications or bidding procedures must be received by the clerk, secretary or other authorized official of the political subdivision at least three (3) business days before the date and time upon which bids are scheduled to be opened.
- (vii) All category B bids shall be presented or otherwise delivered under sealed cover to the clerk or other authorized agent of the political subdivision designated by the instructions to bidders with a concise statement marked on the outside generally identifying the expenditure project to which the bid pertains.

(viii) If the political subdivision deems it is in the political subdivision's best interest, it may require the bidder to provide bid security in an amount equal to at least five percent (5%) of the amount bid. If required, a bid shall not be considered unless one (1) of the forms of bidder's security is enclosed with it, and unless the bid is submitted in a form which substantially complies with the form provided by the political subdivision. The political subdivision may require that the bid security be in one (1) of the following forms:

(A) Cash;

- (B) A cashier's check made payable to the political subdivision;
- (C) A certified check made payable to the political subdivision; or
- (D) A bidder's bond executed by a qualified surety company, made payable to the political subdivision.
- (ix) Any category B bid received by a political subdivision may not be withdrawn after the date and time set in the notice for opening of bids. When sealed bids have been received, they shall be opened in public at a designated place and time, thereafter to be compiled and submitted to the governing board for award. If identical bids are received, the governing board may choose the bidder it prefers. If the successful bidder fails to execute the contract, the amount of his bidder's security may be forfeited to the political subdivision, in the sole discretion of the political subdivision, and the proceeds shall be deposited in a designated fund out of which the expenses for procuring substitute performance are paid.
- (x) The political subdivision may, on the refusal or failure of the successful bidder to execute the contract, award the contract to the qualified bidder submitting the next lowest responsive bid. If the governing board awards the contract to the next lowest qualified bidder, the amount of the lowest qualified bidder's security, if forfeited, shall be applied by the political subdivision to the difference between the lowest responsive bid and the next lowest responsive bid, and the surplus, if any, shall be returned to the lowest bidder if cash or check is used, or to the surety on the bidder's bond if a bond is used, less reasonable administrative costs not to exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount of the bidder's security.
- (xi) In its discretion, the governing board may reject all bids presented and re-bid, or the governing board may, after finding it to be a fact, pass a resolution declaring that the project sought to be accomplished by the expenditure can be performed more economically by purchasing goods and services on the open market. If no bids are received, the governing board may make the expenditure without further competitive bidding procedures.
- (xii) If the governing board of any political subdivision chooses to award a competitively bid contract involving the procurement of public works construction to a bidder other than the apparent low

 bidder, the political subdivision shall declare its reason or reasons on the record and shall communicate such reason or reasons in writing to all persons who have submitted a competing bid.

(xiii) If any participating bidder objects to such award, such bidder shall respond in writing to the notice from the political subdivision within seven (7) calendar days of the date of transmittal of the notice, setting forth in such response the express reason or reasons that the award decision of the governing board is in error. Thereafter, staying performance of any procurement until after addressing the contentions raised by the objecting bidder, the governing board shall review its decision and determine whether to affirm its prior award, modify the award, or choose to re-bid, setting forth its reason or reasons therefor. After completion of the review process, the political subdivision may proceed as it deems to be in the public interest.

SECTION 6. That Section 67-2806, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

67-2806. PROCURING SERVICES OR PERSONAL PROPERTY. (1) When a political subdivision contemplates an expenditure to purchase or lease personal property or to procure services, other than those personal property or services excluded pursuant to section 67-2803, Idaho Code, valued at or in excess of twenty-five fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) but not to exceed fifty one hundred thousand dollars (\$5100,000), the procurement procedures of this subsection (1) shall apply.

- (a) The solicitation for bids shall be supplied to no fewer than three
- (3) vendors by written means, either by electronic or physical delivery. The solicitation shall describe the personal property or services to be purchased or leased in sufficient detail to allow a vendor dealing in such goods or services to understand what the political subdivision seeks to procure.
- (b) The solicitation for bids shall describe the electronic or physical delivery method or methods authorized to submit a bid, the date and time by which a bid proposal must be received by the clerk, secretary or other authorized official of the political subdivision, and shall provide a reasonable time to respond to the solicitation, provided that except in the event of an emergency, such time shall not be less than three (3) business days.
- (c) Written objections to specifications or bid procedures must be received by the clerk, secretary or other authorized official of the political subdivision at least one (1) business day before the date and time upon which bids are scheduled to be received.
- (d) When written bids have been received, by either physical or electronic delivery, they shall be compiled and submitted to the governing board or governing board-authorized official which shall approve the responsive bid proposing the lowest procurement price or reject all bids and publish notice for bids, as before.
- (e) If the political subdivision finds that it is impractical or impossible to obtain three (3) bids for the proposed procurement, the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property in any manner the political subdivision may acquire the property of th

ical subdivision deems best from a qualified vendor quoting the lowest price. When fewer than three (3) bids are considered, a description of the efforts undertaken to procure at least three (3) bids shall be documented by the political subdivision and such documentation shall be maintained for at least six (6) months after any such procurement is made. If two (2) or more price quotations bids are the same and the lowest responsive bids, the authorized decision maker may accept the one (1) it chooses.

- (2) When a political subdivision contemplates an expenditure to purchase or lease personal property or to procure services, other than those personal property or services excluded pursuant to section 67-2803, Idaho Code, valued in excess of fifty one hundred thousand dollars (\$5100,000), the procurement procedures of this subsection (2) shall apply.
 - (a) The purchase or lease shall be made pursuant to an open competitive sealed bid process with the procurement to be made from the qualified bidder submitting the lowest bid price complying with bidding procedures and meeting the specifications for the goods and/or services sought to be procured.
 - (b) The request for bids shall set a date, time and place for the opening of bids. Two (2) notices soliciting bids shall be published in the official newspaper of the political subdivision. The first notice shall be published at least two (2) weeks before the date for opening bids, with the second notice to be published in the succeeding week at least seven (7) days before the date that bids are scheduled to be opened. The notice shall succinctly describe the personal property and/or service to be procured. Copies of specifications, bid forms, bidder's instructions, contract documents, and general and special instructions shall be made available upon request by any interested bidder.
 - (c) Written objections to specifications or bidding procedures must be received by the clerk, secretary or other authorized official of the political subdivision at least three (3) business days before the date and time upon which bids are scheduled to be opened.
 - (d) If the political subdivision deems it is in the political subdivision's best interest, it may require the bidder to provide bid security in an amount equal to at least five percent (5%) of the amount bid. If required, a bid shall not be considered unless one (1) of the forms of bidder's security is enclosed with it, and unless the bid is submitted in a form which substantially complies with the form provided by the political subdivision. The political subdivision may require that the bid security be in one (1) of the following forms:
 - (i) Cash;

- (ii) A cashier's check made payable to the political subdivision;(iii) A certified check made payable to the political subdivision;
- (iv) A bidder's bond executed by a qualified surety company, made payable to the political subdivision.
- (e) Any bid received by the political subdivision may not be withdrawn after the time set in the notice for opening of bids. When sealed bids have been received, they shall be opened in public at a designated place

and time, thereafter to be compiled and submitted to the governing board for award or, if a designee is authorized, for approval of the award.

- (f) If the successful bidder fails to execute the contract, the amount of his bidder's security may be forfeited to the political subdivision at the sole discretion of the governing board and thereafter the proceeds may be deposited in a designated fund out of which the reasonable expenses for procuring substitute performance are paid.
- (g) The political subdivision may, on the refusal or failure of the successful bidder to execute the contract, award the contract to the next lowest qualified bidder. If the governing board awards the contract to the next lowest qualified bidder, the amount of the lowest qualified bidder's security may be applied by the political subdivision to the difference between the lowest responsive bid and the next lowest responsive bid, and the surplus, if any, shall be returned to the lowest bidder if cash or check is used, or to the surety on the bidder's bond if a bond is used, less reasonable administrative costs not to exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount of the bidder's security.
- (h) In its discretion, the governing board or its designee may reject all bids presented and re-bid, or the governing board may, after finding it to be a fact, the governing board may pass a resolution declaring that the subject goods or services can be procured more economically on the open market. If two (2) or more bids are the same and the lowest responsive bids, the governing board or its designee may accept the one (1) it chooses. In its discretion, the governing board of a political subdivision may preauthorize the purchase of equipment at a public auction.
- (i) If the governing board of any political subdivision chooses to award a competitively bid contract involving the procurement of personal property or services to a bidder other than the apparent low bidder, the political subdivision shall declare its reason or reasons on the record and shall communicate such reason or reasons in writing to all who have submitted a competing bid.
- (j) If any participating bidder objects to such award, such bidder shall respond in writing to the notice from the political subdivision within seven (7) calendar days of the date of transmittal of the notice, setting forth in such response the express reason or reasons that the award decision of the governing board is in error. Thereafter, staying performance of any procurement until after addressing the contentions raised by the objecting bidder, the governing board shall review its decision and determine whether to affirm its prior award, modify the award, or choose to re-bid, setting forth its reason or reasons therefor. After completion of the review process, the political subdivision may proceed as it deems to be in the public interest.

SECTION 7. That Chapter 28, Title 67, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 67-2806A, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

67-2806A. REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL. (1) A political subdivision may utilize a request for proposal process as set forth in this section as an alternative to the competitive bidding process required by section 67-2806, Idaho

Code, when the political subdivision contemplates a procurement for goods or services for which:

- (a) Fixed specifications might preclude the discovery of a cost-effective solution;
- (b) A specific problem is amenable to several solutions; or
- (c) Price is not the sole determining factor for selection.
- (2) Factors that may be considered in the evaluation of vendors in a request for proposal process include, but are not limited to:
 - (a) An innovative solution that is offered;
 - (b) Unique product features;
 - (c) Price;

- (d) Vendor experience in the market;
- (e) Financial stability of a vendor;
- (f) Differences among vendors in their ability to perform contract requirements in a timely or efficient manner;
- (g) Ability to meet product specifications;
- (h) Product quality;
- (i) Product performance records;
- (j) Past performance by a vendor;
- (k) Future product maintenance or service requirements; and
- (1) Product warranties.
- (3) At a minimum, a request for proposal shall state the instructions of the process, the scope of work for the goods or services contemplated, the selection criteria, contract terms and the scoring methodology applying relative weights to factors considered.
- (4) Notification, solicitation and consideration of contests concerning the award of procurement pursuant to a request for proposal shall be in accordance with the minimum requirements established in section 67-2806, Idaho Code, subject to the selection criteria established at the outset of each such procurement. Records compiled in the scoring process shall be made available for public inspection when a procurement recommendation is made to the governing board.