IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 434

BY JUDICIARY, RULES, AND ADMINISTRATION COMMITTEE

AN ACT RELATING TO PUNISHMENT FOR INFRACTION; AMENDING SECTION 18-111, IDAHO CODE, TO INCREASE THE MAXIMUM PENALTY AMOUNT FOR AN INFRACTION; AMENDING SEC-TION 18-113A, IDAHO CODE, TO INCREASE THE MAXIMUM PENALTY AMOUNT FOR AN INFRACTION AND TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE PENALTY FOR AN INFRACTION; AMENDING SECTION 19-1902, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE PRO-VISIONS RELATING TO AN INFRACTION PENALTY; AMENDING SECTION 49-110, IDAHO CODE, TO INCREASE THE MAXIMUM PENALTY AMOUNT FOR AN INFRACTION; AND AMENDING SECTION 49-1503, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE PENALTY FOR A CERTAIN INFRACTION.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 18-111, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

18-111. FELONY, MISDEMEANOR AND INFRACTION DEFINED. A felony is a crime which is punishable with death or by imprisonment in the state prison. An infraction is a civil public offense, not constituting a crime, which is punishable only by a penalty not exceeding one three hundred dollars (\$4300) and for which no period of incarceration may be imposed. Every other crime is a misdemeanor. When a crime punishable by imprisonment in the state prison is also punishable by fine or imprisonment in a county jail, in the discretion of the court, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor for all purposes after a judgment imposing a punishment other than imprisonment in the state prison.

SECTION 2. That Section 18-113A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 18-113A. PUNISHMENT FOR INFRACTION. Every offense declared to be an infraction is punishable only by a penalty not exceeding one three hundred dollars ($$\pm300$) as provided in this section and no imprisonment. The penalty for an infraction shall be:
 - (1) The amount set by statute;
- (2) Subject to subsection (1) of this section, the amount set as a fixed penalty for that infraction as of January 1, 2014, by the Idaho supreme court infraction rule 9, excepting subsection (38) of infraction rule 9 for "other infractions";
- (3) The amount set by city or county ordinance for which the city or county has authority to impose a penalty and which is not otherwise set under subsection (1) or (2) of this section;
- (4) An amount set by the sentencing court in its discretion where the statute or ordinance authorizing the penalty for a specific infraction violation sets an upper penalty limit using language such as "not to exceed" or "not more than" a specific amount; or

- $\underline{(5)}$ Fifteen dollars and fifty cents (\$15.50) for an infraction without a specific penalty set under subsection (1), (2) or (3) of this section, or having no specific upper limit for which the sentencing court has discretion under subsection (4) of this section.
- SECTION 3. That Section 19-1902, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 19-1902. TRIAL BY JURY. Issues of fact must be tried by jury, unless a trial by jury be waived in criminal cases by the consent of both parties expressed in open court and entered in the minutes. In case of misdemeanor the jury may consist of six (6) or any number less than six (6) upon which the parties may agree in open court. There shall be no right to trial by jury for an infraction punishable only by a penalty not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100) and no imprisonment.
- SECTION 4. That Section 49-110, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 49-110. DEFINITIONS -- I. (1) "Identifying number" means:
 - (a) Motor number. That identifying number stamped on the engine of a vehicle.
 - (b) Vehicle identification number. The numbers and letters, if any, placed on a vehicle by the manufacturer for the purpose of identifying the vehicle.
- (2) "Implements of husbandry" means every vehicle including self-propelled units, designed or adapted and used exclusively in agricultural, horticultural, dairy and livestock growing and feeding operations when being incidentally operated. Such implements include, but are not limited to, combines, discs, dry and liquid fertilizer spreaders, cargo tanks, harrows, hay balers, harvesting and stacking equipment, pesticide applicators, plows, swathers, mint tubs and mint wagons, and farm wagons. A farm tractor when attached to or drawing any implement of husbandry shall be construed to be an implement of husbandry. "Implements of husbandry" do not include semitrailers, nor do they include motor vehicles or trailers, unless their design limits their use to agricultural, horticultural, dairy or livestock growing and feeding operations.
- (3) "Incidentally operated" means the transport of the implement of husbandry from one (1) farm operation to another.
- (4) "Individual record" means a record containing personal information about a designated person who is the subject of the record as identified in a request for information.
- (5) "Infraction" means a civil public offense, not constituting a crime, which is not punishable by incarceration and for which there is no right to a trial by jury or right to court-appointed counsel, and which is punishable by only a penalty not exceeding one three hundred dollars (\$1300) and no imprisonment.
 - (6) "Instruction permits":

(a) "Class A, B or C instruction permit" means a temporary privilege to operate a motor vehicle for which a commercial driver's license is required; is available only to a person who is eighteen (18) years of age

or older; is issued pursuant to the provisions of section 49-305, Idaho Code; and the permittee is subject to the conditions specified therein.

- (b) "Class D driver's training instruction permit" means a temporary privilege to operate a class D motor vehicle while attending classes as an enrollee of a public or private driver's training course only; is available to a person aged fourteen and one-half (14 1/2) and older; is issued to the instructor of the driver's training course; is issued and expires pursuant to the provisions of section 49-307, Idaho Code; and the permittee is subject to the conditions specified in section 49-307, Idaho Code.
- (c) "Class D instruction permit" means a temporary privilege to operate a class D motor vehicle which is available to a person under the age of seventeen (17) years who has successfully completed an approved driver's training course and has satisfied the requirements of a class D supervised instruction permit, or to any person seventeen (17) years of age or older; is valid for a period of one hundred eighty (180) days or as provided in section 49-305, Idaho Code, if applicable; privileges are limited to driving with a person who is at least eighteen (18) years of age who holds a valid class D driver's license and is actually occupying a seat beside the permittee; is issued pursuant to the provisions of section 49-305, Idaho Code; and the permittee is subject to the conditions specified in section 49-305, Idaho Code.
- (d) "Class D supervised instruction permit" means a temporary privilege to operate a class D motor vehicle which is available to a person who is at least fourteen and one-half $(14\ 1/2)$ years of age who has successfully completed an approved driver's training course. No person may apply for a class D driver's license until he has attained the age of at least fifteen (15) years and has successfully satisfied the requirements of this permit, as specified and issued pursuant to the provisions of section 49-307, Idaho Code.
- (7) "Instructor" means any person, whether acting for himself as operator of a commercial driver training school or for such a school for compensation, who teaches, conducts classes of, gives demonstrations to, or supervises practice of, persons learning to operate or drive motor vehicles.
- (8) "Insurer" means any insurer, public or private, which shall include, but not be limited to, insurance companies domiciled in the state of Idaho, agents, adjuster or any other person acting on behalf of any insurance not domiciled in the state of Idaho and any self-insured entity operating under Idaho insurance laws or rules.
- (9) "International registration plan" means a registration reciprocity agreement among the states of the United States and provinces of Canada providing for payment of registration and licensing fees on a proportional basis determined by the fleet miles operated in the various jurisdictions.
 - (10) "Intersection" means:

(a) The area embraced within the prolongation or connection of the lateral curb lines, or, if none, then the lateral boundary lines of the roadways of two (2) highways which join one another at, or approximately at, right angles, or the area within which vehicles traveling upon different highways joining at any other angle may come in conflict.

- (b) Where a highway includes two (2) roadways thirty (30) feet or more apart, then every crossing of each roadway of the divided highway by an intersecting highway shall be regarded as a separate intersection. In the event an intersecting highway also includes two (2) roadways thirty (30) feet or more apart, then every crossing of two (2) roadways of the highways shall be regarded as a separate intersection.
- (c) The junction of an alley with a street or highway shall not constitute an intersection.
- SECTION 5. That Section 49-1503, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 49-1503. PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF STATUTES AND ORDINANCES. (1) No local authority may, by ordinance, regulation or otherwise make any act a misdemeanor which, but for that ordinance or regulation, would constitute an infraction under any provision of this chapter and all such acts made a misdemeanor or for which a misdemeanor penalty has been established by any local authority through ordinance, regulation or otherwise are hereby declared to be infractions as defined in section 49-110, Idaho Code.
- (2) The penalty for an infraction citation and the judgment entered for the commission of an infraction shall be the amount set for that infraction in the payment schedule to be adopted by supreme court order and published annually by the administrative director of the courts provided in section 18-113A, Idaho Code.