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IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1305

BY AGRICULTURAL AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO THE CONTROL OF DEPREDATION OF WOLVES; AMENDING SECTION 36-1107, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT WITHIN A SPECIFIED TIME PERIOD OF LIVESTOCK OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS BEING MOLESTED OR ATTACKED, THE OWNER AND THEIR EMPLOYEES AND AGENTS MAY CONTROL THE WOLF OR WOLVES FROM A MOTORIZED VEHICLE AT ANY TIME OF THE DAY OR NIGHT, TO AUTHORIZE THE USE OF CERTAIN EQUIPMENT, TO REQUIRE THAT THE OWNER HOLD A SPECIFIED PERMIT FROM THE IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE IF USING A POWERED PARACHUTE, HELI-COPTER OR FIXED WING AIRPLANE, TO PROVIDE THAT IN THE EVENT USDA-APHIS WILDLIFE SERVICES OR THE IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME VERIFIES A LOSS OF LIVESTOCK OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS DUE TO WOLF DEPREDATION, THE OWNER MAY OBTAIN A PERMIT FROM THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME AUTHORIZING THE OWNER AND THEIR EMPLOYEES AND AGENTS TO CONTROL THE WOLF OR WOLVES FROM A MOTORIZED VEHICLE AT ANY TIME OF THE DAY OR NIGHT, TO AU-THORIZE THE USE OF CERTAIN EQUIPMENT, TO PROVIDE FOR THE DURATION OF THE PERMIT, TO REQUIRE THAT THE OWNER HOLD A SPECIFIED PERMIT FROM THE IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE IF USING A POWERED PARACHUTE, HELICOPTER OR FIXED WING AIRPLANE, TO PROVIDE FOR REPORTING TO THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME AND TO PROVIDE THAT WOLVES SO TAKEN SHALL RE-MAIN THE PROPERTY OF THE STATE; AMENDING SECTION 22-102A, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT PERMITS MAY BE ISSUED BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE TO SHOOT WOLVES AS PROVIDED BY SPECIFIED LAW WHILE AIRBORNE IN AN AIRCRAFT; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 36-1107, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

36-1107. WILD ANIMALS AND BIRDS DAMAGING PROPERTY. Other provisions of this title notwithstanding, any person may control, trap, and/or remove any wild animals or birds or may destroy the houses, dams, or other structures of furbearing animals for the purpose of protecting property from the depredations thereof as hereinafter provided.

The director may delegate any of the authority conferred by this section to any other employee of the department.

(a) Director to Authorize Removal of Wildlife Causing Damage. Except for antelope, elk, deer or moose when any other wildlife, protected by this title, is doing damage to or is destroying any property, including water rights, or is likely to do so, the owner or lessee thereof may make complaint and report the facts to the director or his designee who shall investigate the conditions complained of. In the case of water rights, the director shall request an investigation by the director of the department of water resources of the conditions complained of. The director of the department of water resources shall request a recommendation from the local water mas-

ter, if any, and upon such examination, shall certify to the director of the department of fish and game whether said wildlife, or houses, dams or other structures erected by said wildlife is injuring or otherwise adversely impacting water rights. If it appears that the complaint is well-founded and the property of such complainant is being or is likely to be damaged or destroyed by any such wildlife protected under this title, the director may:

- 1. Send a representative onto the premises to control, trap, and/or remove such protected wildlife as will stop the damage to said property. Any animals or birds so taken shall remain the property of the state and shall be turned over to the director.
- 2. Grant properly safeguarded permission to the complainant to control, trap and/or remove such protected wildlife or to destroy any houses, dams, or other structures erected by said animals or birds. Any protected wildlife so taken shall remain the property of the state and shall be turned over to the director.
- 3. Whenever deemed to be in the public interest, authorize or cause the removal, modification or destruction of any dam, house, structure or obstruction erected by any furbearing animals. The director shall have authority to enter upon all lands, both public and private, as necessary, to control, trap or remove such animals, or to so remove, modify or destroy such dam, house, structure or obstruction that is injuring or otherwise adversely impacting water rights, or to require the landowner to do so. The director shall make a reasonable effort to contact any private landowner to schedule a date and approximate time for the removal, modification or destruction. No liability whatever shall accrue to the department or the director by reason of any direct or indirect damage arising from such entry upon land, destruction, removal or modification.
- 4. Issue a permit to any bona fide owner or lessee of property which is being actually and materially damaged by furbearing animals, to trap or kill or to have trapped or killed such animals on his own or leased premises. Such permit may be issued without cost to a landholder applicant and shall designate therein the number of furbearing animals that may be trapped or killed, the name of the person who the landowner has designated to take such furbearers and the valid trapping license number of the taker. Furbearers so taken shall be the property of the taker. Beaver so taken shall be handled in the manner provided in section 36-1104, Idaho Code. The term "premises" shall be construed to include any irrigation ditch or right-of-way appurtenant to the land for which said permit is issued.
- (b) Control of Depredation of Black Bear, Mountain Lion, and Predators. Black bear, mountain lion, and predators may be disposed of by livestock owners, their employees, agents and animal damage control personnel when same are molesting or attacking livestock and it shall not be necessary to obtain any permit from the department. Mountain lion so taken shall be reported to the director within ten (10) days of being taken. Livestock owners may take steps they deem necessary to protect their livestock.
 - (c) $\underline{1.}$ Control of Depredation of Wolves. Wolves may be disposed of by livestock or domestic animal owners, their employees, agents and animal damage control personnel when the same are molesting or attacking

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livestock or domestic animals and it shall not be necessary to obtain any permit from the department. Notwithstanding any other provisions of Idaho law, within thirty-six (36) hours of the livestock or domestic animal being molested or attacked, the owner, their employees and agents, may control the wolf or wolves from a motorized vehicle, including from a powered parachute, helicopter or fixed wing airplane, at any time of day or night, shall be authorized to use any center fire rifle, pistol or shotgun or archery, including crossbow, shall be authorized to use night scopes capable of being mounted on a weapon and artificial lights as well as calls, including electronic calls, and shall be authorized to use traps with any bait, including live bait. In the event a powered parachute, helicopter or fixed wing airplane is used for controlling the wolf or wolves, the owner shall also hold a permit from the Idaho department of agriculture pursuant to the provisions of section 22-102A, Idaho Code. Wolves so taken shall be reported to the director within seventy-two (72) hours, with additional reasonable time allowed if access to the site where taken is limited. Wolves so taken shall remain the property of the state.

- Notwithstanding any other provisions of Idaho law, in the event USDA-APHIS wildlife services or the Idaho department of fish and game verify a loss, confirmed or probable, of livestock or domestic animals due to wolf depredation, the owner of the livestock or domestic animal that has been killed by a wolf or wolves may obtain a permit from the director authorizing the owner, their employees and agents, to control the wolf or wolves from a motorized vehicle, including from a powered parachute, helicopter or fixed wing airplane, at any time of day or night, shall be authorized to use any center fire rifle, pistol or shotgun or archery, including crossbow, and shall be authorized to use night scopes capable of being mounted on a weapon and artificial lights as well as calls, including electronic calls. Such permit shall be valid for a period of time not to exceed sixty (60) days. The permit shall also authorize the use of traps with any bait, including live bait. In the event a powered parachute, helicopter or fixed wing airplane is used for controlling the wolf or wolves, the owner shall also hold a permit from the Idaho department of agriculture pursuant to the provisions of section 22-102A, Idaho Code. Wolves so taken shall be reported to the director of the department of fish and game within seventy-two (72) hours, with additional reasonable time allowed if access to the site where taken is limited. Wolves so taken shall remain the property of the state.
- 3. Livestock and domestic animal owners may take all nonlethal steps they deem necessary to protect their property. A permit must be obtained from the director to control wolves not molesting or attacking livestock or domestic animals. Control is also permitted by owners, their employees and agents pursuant to the Idaho department of fish and game harvest rules. For the purposes of this subsection (c), "molesting" shall mean the actions of a wolf that are annoying, disturbing or persecuting, especially with hostile intent or injurious effect, or chasing, driving, flushing, worrying, following after or on the trail of, or stalking or lying in wait for, livestock or domestic animals.

(d) Taking of Muskrats in Irrigation Systems Authorized. Muskrats may be taken at any time in or along the banks of irrigation ditches, canals, reservoirs or dams, by the owners, their employees, or those in charge of said irrigation ditches or canals.

 SECTION 2. That Section 22-102A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

22-102A. AIRCRAFT USE IN CONTROLLING UNPROTECTED OR PREDATORY ANI-MALS. The director of the department of agriculture is hereby designated as the authorized agent of this state to aid in the administration or protection of land, water, wildlife, livestock, domesticated animals, human life or crops for the purposes of issuing permits to persons to shoot or attempt to shoot, capture, harass or kill unprotected or predatory animals, as designated by the director, or wolves as provided in section 36-1107(c)1. and (c)2., Idaho Code, while such person is airborne in an aircraft, under authority vested in such agency by public laws 92-159 and 92-502.

The director shall issue such permits to applicants at no charge and shall require each permittee to submit a report each calendar quarter. The director also shall file with the United States secretary of the interior an annual report as prescribed in public laws 92-159 and 92-502.

The director is authorized to promulgate such regulations as may be necessary for the effective administration of this subsection. Any violation of such regulations shall constitute a civil offense for which a civil penalty of not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) may be imposed per incident of violation.

SECTION 3. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after its passage and approval.