LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

Sixty-third Legislature

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First Regular Session - 2015

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 144

BY TRANSPORTATION AND DEFENSE COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO TRANSPORTATION; TO PROVIDE A SHORT TITLE; AMENDING SECTION 40-701, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE APPORTIONMENT OF THE HIGHWAY DISTRIBUTION ACCOUNT AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 41-4909, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TRANSFER FEE PROVISIONS RELATING TO CERTAIN REVENUE RECEIVED BY THE PETROLEUM CLEAN WATER TRUST FUND AND TO REMOVE PROVISIONS RELATING TO CERTAIN CERTIFICATION BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE TO THE IDAHO STATE TAX COMMIS-SION RELATING TO BALANCES IN THE FUND AND RELATING TO THE SUSPENSION AND REINITIATION OF TRANSFER FEES UPON CERTAIN CONDITIONS; AMENDING SECTION 41-4910, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE DISTRIBUTION OF CER-TAIN TRANSFER FEES AND INTEREST ACCRUING TO THE PETROLEUM CLEAN WATER TRUST FUND, TO PROVIDE FOR CERTAIN CERTIFICATION BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE TO THE IDAHO STATE TAX COMMISSION AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 49-106, IDAHO CODE, TO DEFINE A TERM AND TO REVISE A DEFINITION; AMENDING SECTION 49-109, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE A DEFINITION AND TO DEFINE A TERM; AMENDING SECTION 49-122, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE A DEFINITION; AMENDING SECTION 49-402, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE REGISTRATION FEES AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION; AMENDING SECTION 49-402A, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE REGISTRATION FEES; AMENDING SECTION 49-432, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE CERTAIN PERMIT FEES AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 49-434, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE REGISTRATION FEES AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING CHAPTER 4, TITLE 49, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 49-457, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR AN ELECTRIC VEHICLE FEE, TO PROVIDE FOR A HYBRID VE-HICLE FEE AND TO PROVIDE FOR DEPOSIT OF FEES; AMENDING SECTION 49-1004, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PERMIT FEES; AMENDING SECTION 63-2401, IDAHO CODE, TO DEFINE A TERM; AMENDING SECTION 63-2402, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS RELATING TO TAX ON MOTOR FUEL, TO PROVIDE AN ADDITIONAL TAX FOR FUEL SUITABLE FOR USE IN DIESEL ENGINES, TO PROVIDE FOR INCREASES TO TAX ON MOTOR FUEL, TO PROVIDE FOR THE SUSPENSION OF INCREASES TO TAX ON MOTOR FUEL UPON CERTAIN CONDITIONS, TO REVISE A CODE REFERENCE AND TO REMOVE CERTAIN EXEMPTIONS FROM MOTOR FUELS TAX AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 63-2412, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A LIM-ITATION ON THE DISTRIBUTION OF TAX REVENUES FROM TAX ON GASOLINE AND AIRCRAFT ENGINE FUEL AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SEC-TION 63-2418, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE A CODE REFERENCE; AMENDING SECTION 63-2423, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE A REFUND PROVISION RELATING TO TAXES PAID ON CERTAIN GASEOUS FUELS; AMENDING SECTION 63-2424, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS RELATING TO FEES ASSOCIATED WITH GASEOUS FUELS AND TO PROVIDE METHODS OF CONVERTING MEASUREMENTS OF GASEOUS SPECIAL FUELS TO THE EQUIVALENT OF GALLONS FOR THE PURPOSE OF APPLYING TAX RATES AND SELLING THE FUEL; AMENDING CHAPTER 36, TITLE 63, IDAHO CODE, BY THE AD-DITION OF A NEW SECTION 63-3622VV, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE AN EXEMPTION FROM SPECIFIED TAX FOR SALES OF CERTAIN MATERIALS TO A CONTRACTOR OR MATERIALS USED BY A CONTRACTOR, TO PROVIDE CONDITIONS, TO PROVIDE FOR THE NONAPPLICABILITY OF THE EXEMPTION UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS AND TO DEFINE TERMS; AMENDING SECTION 63-3638, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE SALES TAX DISTRIBUTION PROVISIONS; AMENDING CHAPTER 29, TITLE 67, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 67-2914A, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE DYED FUEL ENFORCEMENT PILOT PROGRAM, TO PROVIDE FOR THE USE OF CERTAIN MONEYS IN THE IDAHO LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND FOR THE PROGRAM, TO AUTHORIZE ENFORCEMENT OF THE STATE'S DYED FUEL LAWS BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE IDAHO STATE POLICE AND TO AUTHORIZE RULEMAKING; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

- SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Road Safety and Economic Development Act of 2015."
 - SECTION 2. That Section 40-701, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 40-701. HIGHWAY DISTRIBUTION ACCOUNT -- APPORTIONMENT. (1) There is established in the state treasury an account known as the "Highway Distribution Account," to which shall be credited:
 - (a) Moneys as provided by sections 63-2412(1)(f)45. and 63-2418(4), Idaho Code;
 - (b) All moneys collected by the department, their agents and vendors, and county assessors and sheriffs, under the provisions of title 49, Idaho Code, except as otherwise specifically provided for; and
 - (c) All other moneys as may be provided by law.
 - (2) The highway distribution account shall be apportioned as follows:
 - (a) Thirty-eight percent (38%) to local units of government as provided in section 40-709, Idaho Code;
 - (b) Fifty-seven percent (57%) to the state highway account established in section 40-702, Idaho Code; and
 - (c) Five percent (5%) to the law enforcement account fund, established in section 67-2914, Idaho Code, until such distribution reaches an amount equal to one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the 2014 fiscal year distribution. All remaining moneys, if any, shall be apportioned fifty-nine and eighty-five hundredths percent (59.85%) to the state highway account established in section 40-702, Idaho Code, and forty and fifteen hundredths percent (40.15%) to the local units of government as provided in section 40-709, Idaho Code. The state controller shall cause the remittance of the moneys apportioned to local units of government not later than January 25, April 25, July 25 and October 25 of each year, and to the state highway account and the law enforcement account fund as the moneys become available to the highway distribution account.
 - (3) Interest earned on the investment of idle moneys in the highway distribution account shall be paid to the highway distribution account.
 - (4) All idle moneys in the dedicated highway trust or asset accounts or subaccounts established from highway user revenues, reimbursements, fees or permits shall be invested by the state treasurer in the same manner as pro-

vided under section 67-1210, Idaho Code, with respect to other surplus or idle moneys in the state treasury. Interest earned on the investments shall be returned to the various highway trust or asset accounts and subaccounts.

 SECTION 3. That Section 41-4909, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 41-4909. SOURCE OF TRUST FUND -- APPLICATION FEES -- APPLICATION FOR ENROLLMENT -- TRANSFER FEES. (1) Every owner or operator of an underground storage tank may, if he desires to apply to the trust fund to insure the underground tank, make application for and pay into the trust fund an initial application fee set by the administrator, but not to exceed twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for each tank for which application for coverage is made.
- (2) Every owner or operator of an aboveground storage tank may, if he desires to apply to the trust fund to insure the aboveground tank, make application for and pay into the trust fund an initial application fee set by the administrator, but not to exceed twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for each tank for which application for coverage is made.
- (3) Every owner or operator of a farm tank or residential tank may, if he desires to apply to the trust fund to insure the tank, make application for and pay into the trust fund an initial application fee set by the administrator, but not to exceed twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for each tank for which application for coverage is made.
- (4) Every owner or operator of a heating tank may, if he desires to apply to the trust fund to insure the tank, make application for and pay into the trust fund an initial application fee set by the administrator, but not to exceed five dollars (\$5.00) for each tank for which application for coverage is made.
- (5) The application for insurance shall be made to the administrator on forms furnished and prescribed by the administrator for the purpose of eliciting reasonably available information as to the type and use of the storage tank, the type of business enterprise of the tank owner or operator, the age of the storage tank, the materials used in the construction of the tank and the inside and outside protective coatings and other corrosion protective measures, leak detection methods, spill and overfill prevention methods of the tank, the location of the tank and its proximity to roads and buildings, the foundation and type of material used as a bedding and fill for the tank, any available inspection records of the tank including the gallons of petroleum products entered into the tank and the gallon dispersements from the tank, and other information that is reasonably prudent in order to obtain a sufficient body of statistical data to determine the relative hazards of various categories of tanks, the potential that future leaks or discharges may occur, and the conditions under which cleanup costs and personal injury and property damage costs may occur and vary in the severity of the release and the resultant costs to the trust fund.
- (6) The administrator shall act upon the application for insurance with all reasonable promptness, and the administrator shall make such investigations of the applicant as the administrator deems advisable to determine if the information contained in the application for insurance is accurate and complete. The administrator shall determine if the applicant's storage tanks meet all the eligibility requirements and promptly notify the appli-

cant of the acceptance or nonacceptance of the application for insurance. The absence of unknown data requested on the application shall not preclude an applicant's acceptance for coverage by the trust fund, if the applicant is otherwise eligible for insurance under this chapter.

- In addition to the application fees received by the trust fund pursuant to this section, the trust fund shall receive the revenue produced by the imposition of a "transfer fee" of one four cents (14¢) per gallon on the delivery or storage of all petroleum products as defined in subsection (23) of section 41-4903, Idaho Code, delivered or stored within the state of Idaho. This transfer fee is hereby imposed upon the first licensed distributor who receives, as receipt is determined in section 63-2403, Idaho Code, a petroleum product within this state for the privilege of engaging in the delivery or storage of petroleum products whose delivery or storage may present the danger of a discharge into the environment and thus create the liability to be funded. The fee imposed by this subsection shall not apply to: (a) petroleum or petroleum products which are first delivered or stored in this state in a container of fifty-five (55) gallons or less if such container is intended to be transferred to the ultimate consumer of the petroleum or petroleum products; or (b) petroleum or petroleum products delivered or stored in this state for the purpose of packaging or repackaging into containers of fifty-five (55) gallons or less if such container is intended to be transferred to the ultimate consumer of the petroleum or petroleum products.
- (8) The transfer fee shall be collected by the commission on all petroleum products delivered or stored within this state after April 1, 1990. This transfer fee shall be in addition to any excise tax imposed on motor fuel or other petroleum products and shall be remitted to the commission with the distributor's monthly report as required in section 63-2406, Idaho Code. The distributor may deduct from his monthly report those gallons of petroleum products returned to a licensed distributor's refinery or pipeline terminal storage or exported from the state when supported by proper documents approved by the commission. For the purpose of carrying out its duties under the provisions of this chapter, the commission shall have the powers and duties provided in sections 63-3038, 63-3039, 63-3042 through 63-3066, 63-3068, 63-3071, and 63-3074 through 63-3078, Idaho Code, which sections are incorporated by reference herein as though set out verbatim.
- (9) No person shall be excused from liability for any duty or fee imposed in this chapter for failure to obtain a distributor's license.
- (10) The director shall certify to the commission when the unencumbered balance in the trust fund equals thirty-five million dollars (\$35,000,000). Effective the first day of the second month following the date of such certification, the imposition of the transfer fee shall be suspended. Thereafter, the director shall certify to the commission when the unencumbered balance in the trust fund equals twenty-five million dollars (\$25,000,000). Effective the first day of the second month following the date of such certification, the imposition of the transfer fee shall be reinitiated.

SECTION 4. That Section 41-4910, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 41-4910. DISTRIBUTION OF APPLICATION FEES AND TRANSFER FEES. (1) The application fees and the transfer fees collected as provided in this chapter shall be promptly remitted to the state treasurer for deposit in the Idaho petroleum clean water trust fund. The transfer fees and accumulated interest which accrued to the fund prior to August 3, 1995, shall remain in the fund. The transfer fees and accumulated interest, which have been held in a separate suspense account since August 3, 1995, shall be distributed as provided in subsection (4) of this section. The transfer fees and accumulated interest which accrue to the Idaho petroleum clean water trust fund subsequent to April 1, 1997, shall be distributed monthly thereafter as provided in subsection (5) of this section.
- (2) An amount of money equal to the actual cost of collecting, administering and enforcing the transfer fee by the commission, as determined by it, shall be retained by the commission. The amount retained by the commission shall not exceed the amount authorized to be expended by appropriation by the legislature. Any unencumbered balance in excess of the actual cost of collection, administering and enforcing the transfer fee requirements by the commission at the end of each fiscal year shall be remitted to the state treasurer for deposit into the Idaho petroleum clean water trust fund.
- (3) From the receipts of the transfer fee, an amount of money shall be distributed to the state refund account established under section 63-3067, Idaho Code, sufficient to reimburse that account for all current refund claims under this chapter paid from that account. Any refunds due and owing from the commission under this chapter shall be paid from the state refund account and those moneys are hereby continuously appropriated for that purpose.
- (4) For the distribution on April 1, 1997, the balance of the transfer fees and accumulated interest accruing to the separate suspense account established for such fees on August 3, 1995, which remain after distributing the amounts specified in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, shall be distributed as follows:
 - (a) Twenty percent (20%) to the Idaho petroleum clean water trust fund established in section 41-4905, Idaho Code;
 - (b) Three percent (3%) to the Idaho department of parks and recreation in accordance with subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3. of paragraph (f), subsection (1) of section 63-2412, Idaho Code; and
 - (c) The remainder shall be distributed:

- (i) Six million dollars (\$6,000,000) to the state highway account for administration by the Idaho transportation department as provided in section 41-4910A, Idaho Code; and
- (ii) The balance remaining to the highway distribution account established in section 40-701, Idaho Code.
- (5) For the distribution at the end of fiscal year 1997 and monthly thereafter, the balance of the transfer fees and accumulated interest accruing to the Idaho petroleum clean water trust fund which remain after distributing the amounts specified in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, shall be distributed as follows:
 - (a) Seventy—seven percent (770%) to the highway distribution account established in section 40-701, Idaho Code; and

- (b) Seven percent (7%) to the state highway account established in section 40-702, Idaho Code;
- $\underline{\text{(c)}}$ Three percent (3%) to the Idaho department of parks and recreation in accordance with subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3. of paragraph (f), subsection (1) of section 63-2412, Idaho Code, as that section existed on July 1, 2009 until such distribution reaches an amount equal to one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the 2014 fiscal year distribution.
- (d) All remaining moneys, if any, shall be distributed to the highway distribution account established in section 40-701, Idaho Code.
- (6) (a) The director shall certify to the commission when the unencumbered balance in the petroleum clean water trust fund equals thirty-five million dollars (\$35,000,000). Effective the first day of the second month following the date of such certification, the moneys from the transfer fee shall be distributed as follows:
 - (i) Seventy percent (70%) to the highway distribution account established in section 40-701, Idaho Code;
 - (ii) Seven percent (7%) to the state highway account established in section 40-702, Idaho Code;
 - (iii) Three percent (3%) to the Idaho department of parks and recreation in accordance with paragraph (f), subsection (1) of section 63-2412, Idaho Code, until such distribution reaches an amount equal to one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the 2014 fiscal year distribution; and
 - (iv) Five percent (5%) to the state highway account, established in section 40-702, Idaho Code, until such distribution reaches two million dollars (\$2,000,000).
 - 1. The funds provided for in this subparagraph shall be dedicated solely for public or nonmotorized transportation services including capital equipment, operating, and matching federal funds for these categories.
 - $\underline{2.}$ The Idaho transportation board, created in section $\underline{40-301}$, Idaho Code, shall have sole discretion on the prioritization and distribution of such funds.
 - (v) All remaining moneys, if any, shall be distributed to the highway distribution account established in section 40-701, Idaho Code.
- (b) Thereafter, the director shall certify to the commission when the unencumbered balance in the trust fund equals twenty-five million dollars (\$25,000,000). Effective the first day of the second month following the date of such certification, the moneys from the transfer fee shall be distributed in accordance with the provisions of subsection (5) of this section.
- SECTION 5. That Section 49-106, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 49-106. DEFINITIONS -- E. (1) "Electric personal assistive mobility device" means a self-balancing two (2) nontandem wheeled device designed to transport only one (1) person, with an electric propulsion system that limits the maximum speed of the device to fifteen (15) miles per hour or less.

- (2) "Electric vehicle" means a vehicle powered only by a form of electricity.
 - (3) "Emergency vehicle." (See "Vehicle," section 49-123, Idaho Code)
 - (34) "Encumbrance." (See "Lien," section 49-113, Idaho Code)
- (45) "EPA" means the environmental protection agency of the United States.
- $(\underline{56})$ "Essential parts" means all integral and body parts of a vehicle of a type required to be registered, the removal, alteration or substitution of which would tend to conceal the identity of the vehicle or substantially alter its appearance, model, type or mode of operation.
- (67) "Established place of business" means a place occupied either continuously or at regular periods by a dealer or manufacturer where his books and records are kept and a large share of his business is transacted.
- (78) "Excessive noise" or "unusual noise" means any sound made by a passenger motor vehicle or a motorcycle at any time under any condition of grade, speed, acceleration or deceleration, which exceeds ninety-two (92) decibels, or any lower decibel level that is fixed by law or rules adopted by the board of health and welfare, on the "A" scale of a general radio company No. 1551-B sound level meter, or equivalent, stationed at a distance of not less than twenty (20) feet to the side of a vehicle or motorcycle as the vehicle or motorcycle passes the soundmeter or is stationed not less than twenty (20) feet from a stationary motor or engine.
- $(\underline{\$9})$ "Excessive speed" means any speed of fifteen (15) miles per hour or more above the posted speed limit, and is only for purposes of determining disqualification of commercial driving privileges.
- (910) "Executive head," as used in chapter 20, title 49, Idaho Code, means the governor of the state of Idaho.
- (101) "Explosives" means any chemical compound or mechanical mixture that is commonly used or intended for the purpose of producing an explosion and which contains any oxidizing and combustive units or other ingredients in proportions, quantities or packing that an ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion, by percussion or by detonator of any part of the compound or mixture may cause a sudden generation of highly heated gases with which the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of producing destructive effects on contiguous objects or of destroying life or limb.
- $(1\frac{1}{2})$ "Extraordinary circumstances" means any situation where an emergency exists or public safety is endangered, or any situation in which a vehicle:
 - (a) Is blocking or impeding traffic; or
 - (b) Is causing a hazard; or

- (c) Has the potential of impeding any emergency vehicle; or
- (d) Is impeding any snow removal or other road maintenance operation; or
- (e) Has been stolen but not yet reported as recovered; or
- (f) Is not registered, or displays a license plate registration tag which has been expired; or
- (g) Has been involved in an accident and remains on the highway; or
- (h) The driver has been arrested.

SECTION 6. That Section 49-109, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

49-109. DEFINITIONS -- H. (1) "Habitual violator" means any person who has a driving record which shows a violation point count of eighteen (18) or more points in any consecutive twenty-four (24) month period; or twenty-four (24) or more points in any consecutive thirty-six (36) month period.

- (2) "Hazardous material" means any material that has been designated as hazardous under 49 U.S.C. section 5103, and is required to be placarded under subpart F of 49 CFR part 172, or any quantity of material listed as a select agent or toxin under 42 CFR part 73.
- (3) "Hazardous waste" means a material that is subject to the hazardous waste manifest requirements of the EPA due to the type and quantity of the material, or which would be subject to these requirements absent an interim authorization to the state under title 40, code of federal regulations or which includes, in whole or in part, polychlorinated biphenyls which are regulated by title 40, code of federal regulations, part 761.
- (4) "Hearing aid dog." (See "Hearing impaired person," section 56-701A, Idaho Code)
- (5) "Highway" means the entire width between the boundary lines of every way publicly maintained when any part is open to the use of the public for vehicular travel, with jurisdiction extending to the adjacent property line, including sidewalks, shoulders, berms and rights-of-way not intended for motorized traffic. The term "street" is interchangeable with highway.
 - (a) Arterial. Any highway designated by the local authority as part of a major arterial system of highways within its jurisdiction.
 - (b) Controlled-access. Any highway or roadway in respect to which owners or occupants of abutting lands and other persons have no legal right of access to or from the highway except at such points only or in such manner as may be determined by the public authority having jurisdiction over the highway.
 - (c) Through. Any highway or portion of it on which vehicular traffic is given preferential right-of-way, and at the entrances to which vehicular traffic from intersecting highways is required by law to yield the right-of-way to vehicles on the through highway in obedience to a stop sign, yield sign, or other traffic-control device.
- (6) "Hybrid vehicle" means a motor vehicle with a hybrid propulsion system that operates on both an alternative fuel, including electricity, and traditional fuel.
- SECTION 7. That Section 49-122, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 49-122. DEFINITIONS -- U. (1) "Unauthorized vehicle" means any vehicle parked or otherwise left on private property without the consent of the person owning or controlling that property.
- (2) "United States" means the fifty (50) states and the District of Columbia.
 - (3) "Unladen weight." (See "Light weight," section 49-113, Idaho Code)
- (4) "Unregistered vehicle" means a vehicle without current registration on file with the department or with the appropriate agency of another state, unless exempt from registration.
- (5) "Unusual noise." (See "Excessive <u>noise</u>," section 49-106, Idaho Code)

- (6) "Urban district." (See "District," section 49-105, Idaho Code)
- (7) "Utility trailer" means a trailer or semitrailer designed primarily to be drawn behind a passenger car or pickup truck for domestic and utility purposes. Utility or domestic use shall include a farm trailer while being used to haul agricultural products or livestock from farm to storage, market or processing plant, or returning therefrom.
- (8) "Utility type vehicle" or "UTV" means a utility type vehicle or UTV as defined in section 67-7101, Idaho Code.
- SECTION 8. That Section 49-402, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

49-402. ANNUAL REGISTRATION.

 (1) $\underline{(a)}$ The annual fee for operating each pickup truck, each neighborhood electric vehicle and each other motor vehicle having a maximum gross weight not in excess of eight thousand (8,000) pounds and that complies with the federal motor vehicle safety standards as defined in section 49-107, Idaho Code, shall be:

- (b) There shall be twelve (12) registration periods, starting in January for holders of validation registration stickers numbered 1, and proceeding consecutively through December for holders of validation registration stickers numbered 12, each of which shall start on the first day of a calendar month and end on the last day of the twelfth month from the first day of the beginning month. Registration periods shall expire midnight on the last day of the registration period in the year designated by the validation registration sticker. The numeral digit on the validation registration stickers shall, as does the registration card, fix the registration period under the staggered registration system for the purpose of reregistration and notice of expiration.
- (c) A vehicle that has once been registered for any of the above designated periods shall, upon reregistration, be registered for the period bearing the same number, and the registration card shall show and be the exclusive proof of the expiration date of registration and licensing. Vehicles may be initially registered for less than a twelve (12) month period, or for more than a twelve (12) month period, and the fee prorated on a monthly basis if the fractional registration tends to fulfill the purpose of the monthly series registration system.
- (2) For all school buses operated either by a nonprofit, nonpublic school or operated pursuant to a service contract with a school district for transporting children to or from school or in connection with school approved activities, the annual fee shall be twenty-four thirty-six dollars ($$24\underline{36}.00$) and shall be subject to staggered registration for the purpose of reregistration and notice of expiration.
- (3) For all motorcycles and motor-driven cycles which comply with the federal motor vehicle safety standards, operated upon the public highways, the annual fee shall be $\frac{1}{2}$ fourteen dollars (\$914.00) and shall be subject

to staggered registration for the purpose of reregistration and notice of expiration.

- (4) For operation of an all-terrain vehicle, utility type vehicle or motorbike, excluding a motorbike with an engine displacement of fifty (50) cubic centimeters or less, on city, county or highway district roads or highways open to such use, a restricted vehicle license plate fee pursuant to section 49-450, Idaho Code, shall be paid. In addition, the registration fee specified in section 67-7122, Idaho Code, shall be paid as provided in section 67-7122, Idaho Code. The registration and restricted vehicle license plate exemption provided in section 49-426(2), Idaho Code, applies to all-terrain vehicles, utility type vehicles, motorbikes and motorcycles used for the purposes described in subsection (2) of section 49-426(2), Idaho Code. Nonresidents shall be allowed to purchase a restricted vehicle license plate and sticker for an all-terrain vehicle, utility type vehicle or motorbike.
- (5) For all motor homes the fee shall be as specified in subsection (1) of this section and shall be in addition to the fees provided for in section 49-445, Idaho Code.
 - (6) Registration fees shall not be subject to refund.
- (7) A financial institution or repossession service contracted to a financial institution repossessing vehicles under the terms of a security agreement shall move the vehicle from the place of repossession to the financial institution's place of business on a repossession plate. The repossession plate shall also be used for demonstrating the vehicle to a prospective purchaser for a period not to exceed ninety-six (96) hours. The registration fees for repossession plates shall be as required in subsection (1) of this section for a vehicle one (1) and two (2) years old. All other fees required under chapter 4, title 49, Idaho Code, shall be in addition to the registration fee. The repossession plate shall be subject to staggered registration for the purpose of reregistration and notice of expiration.
- (8) A wrecker or towing business engaged in the process of towing motorized vehicles, which have been wrecked, abandoned, salvaged or may be disabled, may apply for a wrecker plate to be displayed on those vehicles being towed, provided the power unit is properly registered under this chapter. The registration fees for wrecker plates shall be as required in subsection (1) of this section for a vehicle one (1) and two (2) years old. All other fees required under chapter 4, title 49, Idaho Code, shall be in addition to the registration fee and shall be subject to staggered registration for the purpose of reregistration and notice of expiration.
- (9) In addition to the annual registration fee in this section, there shall be an initial program fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) and an annual program fee of fifteen dollars (\$15.00) for all special license plate programs for those license plates issued pursuant to sections 49-404A, 49-407, 49-408, 49-409, 49-414, 49-416, 49-418 and 49-418D, Idaho Code. For special plates issued pursuant to sections 49-406 and 49-406A, Idaho Code, there shall be an initial program fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) but there shall be no annual renewal fee. For special plates issued pursuant to sections 49-415C, 49-415D, 49-415E, 49-416A, 49-416B, 49-416C, 49-416D, 49-416E, 49-417, 49-417A, 49-417B, 49-417C, 49-417D, 49-417E, 49-418A, 49-418B, 49-418C, 49-418E, 49-419, 49-419B, 49-419C, 49-419D,

 49-419E, 49-420, 49-420A, 49-420B, 49-420C, 49-420D, 49-420E, 49-420G, 49-420H, 49-420I, 49-420J, 49-420K, 49-420L and 49-420M, Idaho Code, and any new special plate program effective on and after January 1, 2013, pursuant to section 49-402D, Idaho Code, there shall be an initial program fee of thirty-five dollars (\$35.00) and an annual program fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00). The fees contained in this subsection shall be applicable to all new special plate programs and shall be subject to staggered registration for the purpose of reregistration and notice of expiration. The initial program fee and the annual program fee shall be deposited in the state highway account and shall be used to fund the cost of administration of special license plate programs, unless otherwise specified by law.

- (10) Any vehicle that does not meet federal motor vehicle safety standards shall not be registered and shall not be permitted to operate on public highways of the state, as defined in section 40-117, Idaho Code, unless otherwise specifically authorized.
- (11) In addition to annual registration fees as provided in this section, registrants may pay a fee to purchase an Idaho state parks passport authorizing resident motor vehicle entry into all Idaho state parks. Registrants may pay the fee for a one (1) year or two (2) year period of time. The fee shall be ten dollars (\$10.00) for one (1) year and twenty dollars (\$20.00) for two (2) years. All fees collected pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited into the park and recreation fund and shall be subject to appropriation. Fees collected pursuant to this subsection shall not be considered a motor vehicle registration fee as provided in section 17, article VII, of the constitution of the state of Idaho.
- SECTION 9. That Section 49-402A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 49-402A. UTILITY TRAILERS -- REGISTRATION, FEES AND TRANSFERS. (1) The department shall register a utility trailer for a period of one (1) year for a fee of five eight dollars (\$58.00).
- (2) The department may register a utility trailer for a five (5) year period or for a ten (10) year period, and shall issue a license plate with the year of expiration designated by a validation sticker. Five (5) year registrations shall cost twenty thirty dollars ($$\frac{2}{3}0.00$) and ten (10) year registrations shall cost thirty forty-five dollars ($$\frac{30}{45}.00$) and shall be subject to staggered registration for the purpose of reregistration and notice of expiration.
- (3) If ownership or interest in the trailer transfers as a result of a sale, neither the registration card nor plate can be transferred to another person. The registration card and plate shall remain in the possession of the transferor and may be transferred to another utility trailer owned by the transferor, and shall be valid until expiration of the original registration.
- SECTION 10. That Section 49-432, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 49-432. TEMPORARY REGISTRATION FOR RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS -- FEES. (1) When a vehicle or combination of vehicles subject to registration

is to be moved upon the public highways in the state of Idaho, the department may issue a permit in lieu of registration for any vehicle or combination of vehicles upon the payment of a fee as set forth in the following schedule:

If an annual registration is purchased within thirty (30) calendar days of issuance of a permit under paragraph (a) or (c) of this subsection (1), the amount of the permit fee shall be applied to the registration fee. No portion of a permit fee is subject to refund.

- (2) Permits to operate a vehicle or combination of vehicles in excess of the registered maximum gross vehicle weight up to a maximum of one hundred twenty-nine thousand (129,000) pounds gross vehicle weight shall be:
 - (a) One hundred twenty (120) hour permit to increase gross weight \$5075.00
 - (b) Thirty (30) day permit to increase gross vehicle weight:

25	Maximum Register	red		Tempo	orary Per	mitted	
26	Gross Weight of Veh	nicle		Maxim	um Gross	Weight	
27	(Pounds)				(Pounds))	
28		80,000	86,000	96,000	106,000	116,000	129,000
29	50,001-60,000	\$225	\$250	\$275	\$300	\$325	\$350
30		80,000	86,000	96,000	106,000	116,000	<u>129,000</u>
31	50,001-60,000	\$340	\$375	\$390	\$440	\$490	\$525

The permit issued pursuant to this subsection (2) shall be specific to the motor vehicle to which it is issued. No permit or fee shall be transferable or apportionable to any other vehicle, nor shall any such fee be refundable. At the time of purchasing a permit, the applicant may purchase additional permits in any combination which does not exceed a maximum of ninety (90) days.

(3) Permits issued pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) of this section shall be limited to three (3) per vehicle in a calendar year except for those permits provided for in subsection (1) (b) and (c) of this section. The provisions of this subsection $\frac{3}{3}$ with respect to limiting the number of permits issued shall not apply to transporters and wreckers as defined in sections 49-121 and 49-124, Idaho Code, or to laden dealer and manufacturer plates as provided for in sections 49-411(4) and 49-1627(5), Idaho Code.

(4) A temporary permit shall be in a form, and issued under rules adopted by the board, and shall be displayed at all times while the vehicle is being operated on the highways by posting the permit upon the windshield of each vehicle or in another prominent place, where it may be readily legible.

- (5) Any permit issued pursuant to subsection (2) of this section shall be purchased prior to movement of the vehicle on a highway, and such permit shall be in addition to and available only to a vehicle which is currently and validly registered in Idaho pursuant to section 49-432(1), 49-434(1), 49-434(8) (c) or 49-435, Idaho Code.
- (6) The department may select vendors to serve as agents on state highways for the purpose of selling permits where fixed ports of entry do not adequately serve a respective highway entering the state. The vendor shall be remunerated at the rate of three dollars (\$3.00) per permit sold, and he shall collect the fees specified in this section and pay the fees to the department. The vendor shall guarantee payment by giving a bond to the state in a sum as shall be fixed by the board, the premium on the bond to be paid by the department.
- SECTION 11. That Section 49-434, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 49-434. OPERATING FEES. (1) There shall be paid on all commercial vehicles, noncommercial vehicles, and on all farm vehicles having a maximum gross weight not in excess of sixty thousand (60,000) pounds, an annual registration fee or a staggered registration fee for the purpose of reregistration and notice of expiration in accordance with the following schedule.

25 26 27 28	Unladen Weight for Wreckers Maximum Gross Weight For Other Vehicles (Pounds)	Annual Registra Noncommercial and Farm Vehicles	Commercial Vehicles and Wreckers
29	-8,001-16,000 inc	\$ 48.00	\$ 48.00
30 31 32 33 34	16,001-26,000 inc	-61.08 -91.68 130.08 188.28 311.88	143.40 223.80 291.60 360.00 515.40
35	Unladen Weight for Wreckers	Annual Registra	tion Fee
36 37 38	Maximum Gross Weight For Other Vehicles (Pounds)	Noncommercial and Farm Vehicles	Commercial Vehicles and Wreckers
39	8,001-16,000 inc	\$ 60.00	\$ 60.00
40 41 42	16,001-26,000 inc	76.35 114.60 162.60	179.25 279.75 364.50

1	<u>Unladen Weight for Wreckers</u>	Annual Registration Fee		
2	Maximum Gross Weight	Noncommercial and	Commercial	
3	For Other Vehicles (Pounds)	Farm Vehicles	Vehicles	
4			and Wreckers	
5	40,001-50,000 inc	261.18	450.00	
6	50,001-60,000 inc	389.85	644.25	

- (2) There shall be paid on all commercial vehicles, irrespective of body type, and on all farm vehicles having a maximum gross weight in excess of sixty thousand (60,000) pounds, an annual registration fee in the amount prescribed by subsection (8) of this section, as applicable.
 - (3) In addition, the annual registration fee for trailers shall be:
 - (a) Trailer or semitrailer in a combination of vehicles ...\$\frac{15.00}{18.75}
 - (b) Rental utility trailer with a gross weight of two thousand (2,000) pounds or less\$\\$10.00
 - (c) Rental utility trailer with a gross weight over two thousand (2,000) pounds\$\frac{15.00}{18.75}
- (4) As an option to the trailer and semitrailer and rental utility trailer annual registrations issued pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, the department may provide a nonexpiring plate and registration for trailers and semitrailers, and an optional, extended registration for rental utility trailers.
 - (a) For trailers and semitrailers, the nonexpiring registration fee shall be ninety-nine dollars (\$99.00). The license plate shall remain on the trailer or semitrailer until the registration is canceled or revoked. No part of the fee is subject to refund. However, the registrant may transfer the nonexpiring plate and registration to another trailer or semitrailer titled to the registrant if the original registration date is prior to July 1, 2009. The registration document shall be the official record of the status of the nonexpiring registration and no registration fee shall be required after the initial registration is paid. No validation sticker shall be required or issued for such nonexpiring license plate.
 - (i) Registration of a trailer or semitrailer based in another jurisdiction may be issued when the registrant provides a valid jurisdiction title or ownership document and certification statement, and no title transfer will be required.
 - (ii) Periodic verification will be made to confirm ownership status. Failure of the owner to comply with the verification request to confirm ownership within thirty (30) days, shall result in cancellation of the permanent plate registration.
 - (b) Idaho based trailer manufacturers may purchase trailer and semitrailer registration from the department. The manufacturer may issue the annual registration to foreign-based purchasers utilizing a manufacturer's certificate of origin or manufacturer's statement of origin as proof of ownership. If the foreign-based purchaser subsequently obtains an Idaho nonexpiring registration as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection prior to annual registration expiration, the amount of the annual registration fee shall be applied to the nonexpiring regis-

tration fee provided that the customer acquires a title for such vehicle.

- (c) For rental utility trailers, the registrant may prepay the annual registration for an additional one (1), two (2), three (3) or four (4) years, but in no event shall the optional registration period extend beyond five (5) years. The fee shall be as specified in subsection (3) (b) or (c) of this section. A pressure-sensitive sticker shall be used to validate the license plate. The license plate shall become void if the owner's interest in the rental utility trailer changes during the five (5) year period. If the owner fails to enter the rental utility trailer on the annual renewal application during the five (5) year period, the registration record shall be purged. Any unrenewed plate shall be returned to the department if it is not entered on the renewal application.
- (5) A fleet registration option is available to owners who have twenty-five (25) or more commercial or farm vehicles or any combination thereof. Such owners may register all of their company vehicles with the department in lieu of registering with a county assessor. To qualify the fleet must be owned and operated under the unified control of one (1) person and the vehicles must be physically garaged and maintained in two (2) or more counties. Fleet registration shall not include fleets of rental vehicles. The department shall provide a registration application to the owner and the owner shall provide all information that the department determines is necessary. The department shall devise a special license plate numbering system for fleet-registered vehicles as an alternative to county license plates. The fleet registration application and all subsequent registration renewals shall include the physical address where a vehicle is principally used, garaged and maintained. The fleet owner shall report the physical address to the department upon initial registration, on each renewal, and at any time a vehicle registered under this option is permanently transferred to another location.
- (6) If the ownership of a vehicle changes during the registration period, the original owner may transfer the plate to another vehicle. The remaining fee shall be credited against the cost of the new registration. Refunds may be given for any unexpired portion of the vehicle registration fee if the plate is not transferred by the owner to another vehicle. Any request for refund shall include surrender of the license plate, validation sticker and registration document. Owners of vehicles registered under the international registration plan may request a refund of the unexpired portion of the Idaho vehicle registration fee by presenting evidence from the base jurisdiction that the license plate, validation sticker and registration document have been surrendered. A license plate shall not be transferred to another owner when the ownership of a vehicle changes. The owner shall obtain a replacement plate, validation sticker if required, and a registration document when a plate is lost, destroyed or becomes illegible.
- (7) An administrative fee of four dollars (\$4.00) shall be paid and deposited to the state highway account on all registrations completed by the department under subsection (1) or (8) (a) of this section. Vehicles registered under subsection (8) (b) of this section shall pay the fee provided in section 49-435(2), Idaho Code.

- (8) There shall be paid on all commercial and farm vehicles having a maximum gross weight in excess of sixty thousand (60,000) pounds, a registration fee based upon the maximum gross weight of a vehicle as declared by the owner and the total number of miles driven on roads and highways in the state, county, city and highway district systems in Idaho, and if registered under the international registration plan (IRP), in all other jurisdictions. The appropriate registration fee shall be determined as follows:
 - (a) If the owner registers vehicles under the international registration plan (IRP), the appropriate mileage column shall be determined by the total miles an owner operated a fleet of vehicles on roads and highways in the state, county, city and highway district systems in Idaho and in all other jurisdictions in the preceding year, as defined in section 49-117, Idaho Code, and by the maximum gross weight of each vehicle within a fleet.
 - (b) If the owner registers vehicles under the international registration plan and determines that the average international registration plan fleet miles, calculated by dividing the total IRP fleet miles in all jurisdictions by the number of registered vehicles, is less than fifty thousand one (50,001) miles, the owner may apply to the department for refund of a portion of the registration fees paid, consistent with the fee schedules set forth in this section. The department shall provide an application for the refund. An owner making application for refund under this section shall be subject to auditing as provided in section 49-439, Idaho Code.
 - (c) If the owner is not registering vehicles under the international registration plan, the appropriate mileage column shall be determined by the total miles the owner operated each of the vehicles to be registered on roads and highways in the state, county, city and highway district systems in Idaho in the preceding year and by the maximum gross weight of each vehicle.

Maximum Gross
Weight of Vehicle
(Pounds)

Total Miles Driven

34		1 to	7,501 to	20,001 to	35,001 to	Over
35		7,500	20,000	35,000	50,000	50,000
36	60,001-62,000	\$223	\$ 511	\$ 789	\$1,068	\$1,560
37	62,001-64,000	\$251	\$ 576	\$ 890	\$1,205	\$1,760
38	64,001-66,000	\$280	\$ 642	\$ <u>992</u>	\$1,342	\$1,960
39	66,001-68,000	\$309	\$ 707	\$1,093	\$1,479	\$2,160
40	68,001-70,000	\$337	\$ 773	\$1,194	\$1,615	\$2,360
41	70,001-72,000	\$366	\$ 838	\$1,295	\$1,752	\$2,560
42	72,001-74,000	\$394	\$ 904	\$1,396	\$1,889	\$2,760
43	74,001-76,000	\$423	\$ 969	\$1,498	\$2,026	\$2,960
44	76,001-78,000	\$451	\$1,035	\$1,599	\$2,163	\$3,160
45	78,001-80,000	\$480	\$1,100	\$1,700	\$2,300	\$3,360
46	80,001-82,000	\$494	\$1,133	\$1,751	\$2,368	\$3,460

1	Maximum Gross					
2	Weight of Vehicle		m - + - 1	Miles Delie		
3	(Pounds)		Total	. Miles Driv	'en	
4		1 to	7,501 to	20,001 to	35,001 to	Over
5	00 001 04 000	7,500	20,000	35,000	50,000	50,000
6	82,001-84,000	\$509	\$1,165	\$1,801	\$2,437	\$3,560
7	84,001-86,000	\$523	\$1,198	\$1,852	\$2,505	\$3,660
8	86,001-88,000	\$537	\$1,231	\$1,902	\$2,574	\$3,760
9	88,001-90,000	\$551	\$1,264	\$1 , 953	\$2,642	\$3,860
10	90,001-92,000	\$566	\$1,296	\$2,004	\$2,711	\$3,960
11	92,001-94,000	\$580	\$1,329	\$2,054	\$2,779	\$4,060
12	94,001-96,000	\$594	\$1,362	\$2,105	\$2,848	\$4,160
13	96,001-98,000	\$609	\$1,395	\$2,155	\$2,916	\$4,260
14	98,001-100,000	\$623	\$1,427	\$2,206	\$2,985	\$4,360
15	100,001-102,000	\$637	\$1,460	\$2,257	\$3,053	\$4,460
16	102,001-104,000	\$651	\$1,493	\$2,307	\$3,121	\$4,560
17	104,001-106,000	\$666	\$1,526	\$2,358	\$3,190	\$4,660
18	106,001-108,000	\$680	\$1,558	\$2,408	\$3,258	\$4,760
19	108,001-110,000	\$694	\$1,591	\$2,459	\$3,327	\$4,860
20	110,001-112,000	\$709	\$1,624	\$2,510	\$3,395	\$4 , 960
21	112,001-114,000	\$723	\$1,657	\$2,560	\$3,464	\$5,060
22	114,001-116,000	\$737	\$1,689	\$2,611	\$3,532	\$5,160
23	116,001-118,000	\$751	\$1,722	\$2,661	\$3,601	\$5,260
24	118,001-120,000	\$766	\$1,755	\$2,712	\$3,669	\$5,360
25	120,001-122,000	\$780	\$1,788	\$2,763	\$3 , 738	\$5,460
26	122,001-124,000	\$794	\$1,820	\$2,813	\$3,806	\$5,560
27	124,001-126,000	\$809	\$1,853	\$2,864	\$3,874	\$5,660
28	126,001-128,000	\$823	\$1,886	\$2,914	\$3,943	\$5 , 760
29	128,001-129,000	\$837	\$1,918	\$2,965	\$4,011	\$5,860
30	Maximum Gross					
31	Weight of Vehicle					
32	(Pounds)		<u>Total</u>	Miles Driv	<u>ren</u>	
33		<u>1 to</u>	7,501 to	20,001 to	35,001 to	Over
34		<u>7,500</u>	20,000	<u>35,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>
35	60,001-62,000	\$279	\$ 639	\$ 986	<u>\$1,335</u>	\$1 , 950
36	62,001-64,000	\$314	\$ 720	<u>\$1,113</u>	\$1,506	\$2 , 200
37	64,001-66,000	\$350	\$ 803	\$1,240	<u>\$1,678</u>	\$2 , 450
38	66,001-68,000	<u>\$386</u>	\$ 884	<u>\$1,366</u>	\$1,849	\$2 , 700
39	68,001-70,000	\$421	\$ 966	<u>\$1,493</u>	\$2 , 019	\$2 , 950

1	Maximum Gross					
2	Weight of Vehicle					
3	(Pounds)	Total Miles Driven				
4		<u>1 to</u>	7,501 to	20,001 to	35,001 to	Over
5		<u>7,500</u>	20,000	35,000	50,000	50,000
6	70,001-72,000	\$458	\$1,048	\$1,619	\$2,190	\$3,200
7	72,001-74,000	\$493	\$1,130	\$1,745	\$2,361	\$3 , 450
8	74,001-76,000	<u>\$529</u>	\$1,211	\$1,873	\$2,533	\$3 , 700
9	76,001-78,000	\$564	\$1 , 294	\$1,999	\$2 , 704	\$3 , 950
10	78,001-80,000	\$600	\$1 , 375	\$2,125	\$2 , 875	\$4,200
11	80,001-82,000	\$618	\$1 , 416	\$2,189	\$2 , 960	\$4 , 325
12	82,001-84,000	\$636	\$1 , 456	\$2,251	\$3,046	\$4,450
13	84,001-86,000	\$654	\$1 , 498	\$2,315	\$3 , 131	\$4 , 575
14	86,001-88,000	\$671	\$1,539	\$2,378	\$3 , 218	\$4 , 700
15	88,001-90,000	<u>\$689</u>	\$1,580	\$2,441	\$3 , 303	\$4 , 825
16	90,001-92,000	<u>\$708</u>	\$1 , 620	\$2,505	\$3 , 389	\$4 , 950
17	92,001-94,000	<u>\$725</u>	\$1 , 661	\$2,568	\$3 , 474	\$5 , 075
18	94,001-96,000	\$743	\$1 , 703	\$2 , 631	\$3 , 560	\$5 , 200
19	96,001-98,000	\$761	\$1 , 744	\$2 , 694	\$3 , 645	\$5 , 325
20	98,001-100,000	<u>\$779</u>	\$1 , 784	\$2 , 758	\$3 , 731	\$5 , 450
21	100,001-102,000	<u>\$796</u>	\$1 , 825	\$2,821	\$3 , 816	\$5 , 575
22	102,001-104,000	\$814	\$1 , 866	\$2,884	\$3 , 901	\$5 , 700
23	104,001-106,000	\$833	\$1 , 908	\$2,948	\$3 , 988	\$5 , 825
24	106,001-108,000	\$850	\$1 , 948	\$3,010	\$4,073	\$5 , 950
25	108,001-110,000	\$868	<u>\$1,989</u>	\$3 , 074	\$4 , 159	\$6 , 075
26	110,001-112,000	<u>\$886</u>	\$2,030	\$3 , 138	\$4,244	\$6 , 200
27	112,001-114,000	\$904	\$2 , 071	\$3 , 200	\$4,330	\$6 , 325
28	114,001-116,000	\$921	\$2 , 111	\$3 , 264	\$4,415	\$6 , 450
29	116,001-118,000	\$939	<u>\$2,153</u>	\$3 , 326	<u>\$4,501</u>	\$6 , 575
30	118,001-120,000	\$958	\$2 , 194	\$3 , 390	\$4,586	\$6 , 700
31	120,001-122,000	\$975	\$2 , 235	\$3,454	\$4,673	\$6 , 825
32	122,001-124,000	\$993	\$2 , 275	\$3 , 516	\$4 , 758	\$6 , 950
33	124,001-126,000	\$1,011	\$2 , 316	\$3,580	\$4,843	\$7 , 075
34	126,001-128,000	\$1,029	\$2 , 358	\$3,643	\$4 , 929	\$7 , 200
35	128,001-129,000	\$1,046	<u>\$2,398</u>	<u>\$3,706</u>	<u>\$5,014</u>	\$7 , 325

(d) In addition to the fees set forth in paragraphs (a) and (c) of this subsection (8), an owner or operator may purchase a temporary permit as provided in section 49-432(2), Idaho Code, for operation of a vehicle at a weight in excess of the current, valid, registered maximum gross vehicle weight. The permit so issued shall be specific to the motor vehicle

to which it is issued. No permit or fee shall be transferable or apportionable to any other vehicle, nor shall any such fee be refundable.

- (e) Any commercial or farm vehicle registered for more than sixty thousand (60,000) pounds up to one hundred six thousand (106,000) pounds traveling fewer than two thousand five hundred (2,500) miles annually on roads and highways in the state, county, city and highway district systems in Idaho shall pay an annual registration fee of $\frac{1}{2}$ two three hundred $\frac{1}{2}$ five eighteen dollars and seventy-five cents (\$255318.75). The provisions of section 49-437(2), Idaho Code, shall not apply to vehicles registered under this $\frac{1}{2}$ subsection (8) (e) $\frac{1}{2}$ paragraph.
- (9) (a) During the first registration year that the fee schedule in subsection (8) (c) of this section is in use, an owner shall use the mileage data from the records used to report the mileage use fee in the immediately preceding year as the basis for determining the appropriate registration fee schedule.
- (b) Any owner who registers a motor vehicle for the first time and who has no mileage history for the vehicle shall estimate the miles to determine the appropriate fee schedule in subsection (8)(c) of this section. When estimating the miles, the owner shall provide a statement on the application of the method used to arrive at the estimated miles.
- (c) Any owner using any fee schedule other than the highest fee schedule under subsection (8)(c) of this section, shall certify at the time of registration that the miles operated in the preceding year do not exceed the schedule applied for. Any owner using a fee schedule under subsection (8)(c) of this section that is less than the highest schedule shall maintain records to substantiate the use of the schedule as required by section 49-439, Idaho Code.
- (10) An owner registering under subsection (8) (a) or (8) (c) of this section may elect to pay the full annual registration fee at the time of registration or renewal of registration, or an owner may pay at least one-quarter (1/4) of the annual registration fee due. The remainder of the annual Idaho registration fee shall be paid in three (3) equal installments on dates as billed by the department.
- (11) An owner registering or renewing a registration under subsection (8) (a) of this section electing to use installment payments as provided in subsection (10) of this section, shall pay all of the fees due to other IRP jurisdictions in addition to one-quarter (1/4) of the Idaho fee due at the time of registration or reregistration. The remainder of the annual Idaho registration fee shall be paid in three (3) equal installments on dates as billed by the department.
- (12) If any vehicle or combinations of vehicles haul nonreducible loads, as authorized under the provisions of section 49-1004, Idaho Code, and weigh less than the starting weights per axle configuration listed in column 1 of subsection (2), section 49-1004, Idaho Code, then and in that event there shall be paid for that vehicle, in addition to the other fees required in this section, an additional use fee of 2.1 mills per mile for each two thousand (2,000) pounds or fraction thereof of the maximum gross weight in excess of those set forth in section 49-1001, Idaho Code.

SECTION 12. That Chapter 4, Title 49, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 49-457, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

- 49-457. ELECTRIC VEHICLE FEE -- HYBRID VEHICLE FEE. (1) An electric vehicle fee of one hundred forty dollars (\$140) shall be collected in addition to all other registration fees assessed pursuant to this chapter on each electric vehicle registered.
- (2) A hybrid vehicle fee of seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) shall be collected in addition to all other registration fees assessed pursuant to this chapter on each hybrid vehicle registered.
- (3) All fees provided for in this section shall be deposited to the highway distribution account as established in section 40-701, Idaho Code, and shall be apportioned as provided for in that section.
- SECTION 13. That Section 49-1004, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 49-1004. PERMITS FOR OVERWEIGHT OR OVERSIZE LOADS -- SPECIAL ROUTES AND ANNUAL PERMITS. (1) Upon application in writing to the board or other proper authorities in charge of, or having jurisdiction over a highway, the board or authorities may in their discretion issue a special permit to the owner or operator of any vehicle allowing vehicles or loads having a greater weight or size than permitted by law to be moved or carried over and on the highways and bridges.
 - (a) Special permits shall be in writing and may limit the time of use and operation over the particular highways and bridges which may be traversed and may contain any special conditions and require any undertaking or other security as the board or other proper authority shall deem to be necessary to protect the highways and bridges from injury, or provide indemnity for any injury to highways and bridges or to persons or property resulting from such operation.
 - (b) The owner or operator of an overweight or oversize vehicle shall obtain a permit, or shall establish intent to obtain a permit by contacting a permit office and receiving a permit number before moving the vehicle on the highways.
 - (c) All special permits or evidence of intent to obtain a permit shall be carried in the vehicles to which they refer and shall upon demand be delivered for inspection to any peace officer, authorized agent of the board or any officer or employee charged with the care or protection of the highways.
- (2) Nonreducible vehicles or combinations of vehicles hauling nonreducible loads at weights in excess of those set forth in section 49-1001, Idaho Code, shall pay fees as set forth in this subsection. Such fees are based on the number of axles on the vehicle or combination of vehicles and the total gross weight.

1		Column 1	Column 2
2		Gross weight of vehicle	Gross weight of vehicle
3		and load in	and load in
4	Number of axles	pounds	pounds
5	2	40,001	_
6	3	54,001	_
7	4	68,001	-
8	5	80,001	131,001
9	6	97,001	148,001
10	7	114,001	165,001

- (a) To determine the maximum allowable permit fee for vehicles with more than seven (7) axles, the table can be extended by adding seventeen thousand (17,000) pounds to the last listed weight in both columns 1 and 2 for each added axle.
- (b) Permit fees for column 1 shall start at $\frac{\text{sux}}{\text{six}}$ cents $(4\underline{6}^{\, \c })$ per mile and increase $\frac{\text{six}}{\text{six}}$ cents $(4\underline{6}^{\, \c })$ per mile for each additional two thousand (2,000) pound increment up to the weight indicated in column 2. Permit fees for column 2 shall start at one dollar and $\frac{\text{two}}{\text{fifty-six}}$ cents (\$1.0256) per mile and increase $\frac{\text{seven}}{\text{ten}}$ cents (710¢) per mile for each additional two thousand (2,000) pound increment.
- (c) Vehicles operating at weights less than the starting weights per axle configuration listed in column 1 shall be charged $\frac{1}{2}$ cents (46¢) per mile.
- (d) For vehicles operating with axles wider than eight (8) feet six (6) inches or axles with more than four (4) tires per axle, the fee may be reduced by the board or other proper authority having jurisdiction over a highway.
- (3) It shall be unlawful for any person to violate, or to cause or permit to be violated, the limitations or conditions of special permits and any violation shall be deemed for all purposes to be a violation of the provisions of this chapter.
- (4) An annual special route permit authorizing travel on designated routes shall be issued by the board or may, in its discretion, be issued by a local public highway agency for operation of vehicles with a legal maximum gross weight of at least one hundred five thousand five hundred one (105,501) pounds but not exceeding one hundred twenty-nine thousand (129,000) pounds. Such routes on nonstate and noninterstate highways shall be determined by the local highway agency for those roads under its jurisdiction. No local public highway agency shall approve a route which provides a thoroughfare for interstate carriers to pass through the state. State routes designated by the legislature and identified on a map entitled "Designated Routes" are:
 - (a) US-20 Montana border to its junction with SH-33; SH-33 to its junction with US-20; US-20 to its junction with US-93; US-93 to its junction with SH-25; SH-25 to its junction with SH-50; SH-50 to its junction with US-30; US-30 to its junction with SH-74; SH-74 to its junction with US-93; US-93 to the Nevada border.

(b) US-91 from its junction with SH-34 to the Utah border.

- (c) US-30 from its junction with I-15 to the Wyoming border.
- (d) US-95 south from milepost 66 (Fruitland) to its junction with SH-55.
- (e) SH-19 from its junction with US-95 (Wilder) to its junction with I-84B (Caldwell).
- (f) SH-78 from its junction with SH-55 (Marsing) to its junction with SH-51; SH-51 to its junction with SH-78; SH-78 to its junction with I-84B (Hammett).
- (g) SH-67 from its junction with SH-51 (Mountain Home) to its junction with SH-78 (Grandview).
- (h) SH-55 from intersection with Farmway Road to junction with US-95.
- (i) SH-25 from its junction with SH-24 to its junction with SH-27 (Paul).
- (j) SH-25 from its junction with US-93 to milepost 27 (Hazelton).
- (k) SH-24 from intersection with US-93 to its intersection with SH-25.
- (1) US-20 from its intersection with New Sweden Road to its junction with SH-22/33.
- (m) SH-34 from milepost 78 to the junction with US-91.
- (n) US-26 from its junction with US-91 north to its intersection with Gallatin/West 23rd Street in Idaho Falls.
- (o) US-91 from the intersection with Canyon Road to the junction with US-26.
- (p) SH-22 from its junction with I-15 northbound ramps (Dubois) to its junction with SH-33.
- (q) SH-45 from its junction with SH-78 to its junction with I-84 business loop; I-84 business loop to its junction with exit 35 (Nampa Boulevard/Northside Boulevard).
- (r) SH-87 from Montana border to junction with US-20.
- (s) SH-33 from its junction with SH-31 (Victor) to its junction with SH-33 spur; SH-33 spur to its junction with US-20.
- (t) SH-28 from junction with SH-22 to junction with SH-33.
- (u) SH-38 from milepost 0.689 to milepost 1.318 at Malad.
- (v) SH-27 from its junction with SH-25 (Paul) to its junction with I-84B (Burley); I-84B to its junction with SH-27; SH-27 to milepost 0 (Oakley).
- (w) SH-81 from its junction with SH-77 (Malta) to its junction with US-30 (Burley).
- (x) US-30 from junction with SH-81 at Burley to junction with SH-50 at Kimberly.
- (y) US-93 spur from junction with US-30 to junction with US-93 at Twin Falls.
- (z) US-93 from junction with US-93 spur to junction with US-30 at Twin Falls.
- (aa) US-30 from junction with SH-74 at Twin Falls to junction with I-84 business loop at Bliss.
- (bb) US-26 from its junction with SH-75 (Shoshone) to its junction with I-84 exit 141 westbound ramps (Bliss); I-84 business loop from its junction with I-84 exit 141 westbound ramps to its junction with US-30 (Bliss).

- (cc) SH-46 spur from its junction with SH-46 (Wendell) to its junction with I-84 exit 155 eastbound ramps.
 - (dd) SH-46 from its junction with US-20 to its junction with I-84 exit 157 eastbound ramps (Wendell).
 - (ee) US-20 from junction with US-93 at Carey to junction with I-84 business loop at interchange 95; I-84 business loop from interchange 95 to junction with SH-51; SH-51 to junction with SH-67.
 - (ff) SH-51 from junction with SH-67 to junction with SH-78.

- (gg) SH-44 from its junction with SH-55 (Eagle) to its junction with I-84 exit 25 eastbound ramps.
- (hh) US-20/26 from its junction with US-95 (Parma) to its junction with I-84 exit 26 westbound ramps.
- (ii) US-20 from junction with US-33 at Sugar City south to junction with US-20 business loop/Holmes Avenue; US-20 business loop/Holmes Avenue south to junction with US-26/Yellowstone; US-26 from intersection with US-20 business loop/Holmes Avenue south to Gallatin.

Additions or deletions to the approved state routes specified in this subsection shall be made only with the approval of the state legislature.

- (5) An annual administrative permit fee for operating on designated routes at the weights specified in subsection (4) of this section shall be set by the board for travel on state routes and by the local public highway agency for travel on routes under its jurisdiction, but not to exceed a maximum of fifty dollars (\$50.00) per vehicle. The annual administrative permit fee shall cover administrative costs. Local public highway agencies are authorized to issue special permits and such permits shall be in writing. Administrative permit fees for permits issued by a local public highway agency shall be retained by the local public highway agency to cover administrative costs, and administrative permit fees for permits issued by the department shall be retained by the department to cover administrative costs. In addition to the annual administrative permit fee and the appropriate registration fee for weights up to one hundred five thousand five hundred (105,500) pounds, the appropriate vehicle registration fees for weights over one hundred five thousand five hundred (105,500) pounds shall be calculated and collected in accordance with the fee schedules set forth in section 49-432 or 49-434, Idaho Code.
 - (6) (a) In any action or proceeding brought for the purpose of setting aside a special permit issued pursuant to this section, in which any party seeks a stay or seeks a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction against the department, other appropriate authority, the state of Idaho or any party requesting the permit, the court may require bond as provided in rule 65(c) of the Idaho rules of civil procedure, in an amount not to exceed ten percent (10%) of the shipper's or transporter's insured value of the product or material to be transported under the provisions of the permit. If any attorney's fees and/or costs are awarded to the department or other state actor, such bond may be used to satisfy that award and all awarded amounts shall be paid to the state highway account established in section 40-702, Idaho Code.
 - (b) Where there is a final judgment in an action or proceeding brought for the purpose of setting aside a special permit issued pursuant to this section against the party or parties who brought such action or

proceeding, the court may determine the actual damages resulting from the action or proceeding caused to the department or other state actor and may award up to that amount to the party or parties.

SECTION 14. That Section 63-2401, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

63-2401. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:

- (1) "Aircraft engine fuel" means:
- (a) Aviation gasoline, defined as any mixture of volatile hydrocarbons used in aircraft reciprocating engines; and
- (b) Jet fuel, defined as any mixture of volatile hydrocarbons used in aircraft turbojet and turboprop engines.
- (2) "Biodiesel" means any fuel that is derived in whole or in part from agricultural products or animal fats or the wastes of such products and is suitable for use as fuel in diesel engines.
- (3) "Biodiesel blend" means any fuel produced by blending biodiesel with petroleum-based diesel to produce a fuel suitable for use in diesel engines.
 - (4) "Bond" means:

- (a) A surety bond, in an amount required by this chapter, duly executed by a surety company licensed and authorized to do business in this state conditioned upon faithful performance of all requirements of this chapter, including the payment of all taxes, penalties and other obligations arising out of the provisions of this chapter; or
- (b) A deposit with the commission by any person required to be licensed pursuant to this chapter under terms and conditions as the commission may prescribe, of a like amount of lawful money of the United States or bonds or other obligations of the United States, the state of Idaho, or any county of the state; or
- (c) An irrevocable letter of credit issued to the commission by a bank doing business in this state payable to the state upon failure of the person on whose behalf it is issued to remit any payment due under the provisions of this chapter.
- (5) "Commercial motor boat" means any boat, equipped with a motor, which is wholly or partly used in a profit-making enterprise or in an enterprise conducted with the intent of making a profit.
 - (6) "Commission" means the state tax commission of the state of Idaho.
- (7) "Distributor" means any person who receives motor fuel in this state, and includes a special fuels dealer. Any person who sells or receives gaseous fuels will not be considered a distributor unless the gaseous fuel is delivered into the fuel supply tank or tanks of a motor vehicle not then owned or controlled by him.
- (8) "Dyed fuel" means diesel fuel that is dyed pursuant to requirements of the internal revenue service, or the environmental protection agency.
- (9) "Exported" means delivered by truck or rail across the boundaries of this state by or for the seller or purchaser from a place of origin in this state.
- (10) "Gaseous special fuel" is a special fuel that is a gas at sixty (60) degrees Fahrenheit and fourteen and seven-tenths (14.7) pounds per square inch absolute.

 $\underline{\text{(11)}}$ "Gasohol" means gasoline blended with ten percent (10%) or more of anhydrous ethanol.

- (1\frac{12}{2}) "Gasoline" means any mixture of volatile hydrocarbons suitable as a fuel for the propulsion of motor vehicles or motor boats. "Gasoline" also means aircraft engine fuels when used for the operation or propulsion of motor vehicles or motor boats and includes gasohol, but does not include special fuels.
- (123) "Highways" means every place of whatever nature open to the use of the public as a matter of right for the purpose of vehicular travel which is maintained by the state of Idaho or an agency or taxing subdivision or unit thereof or the federal government or an agency or instrumentality thereof. Provided, however, if the cost of maintaining a roadway is primarily borne by a special fuels user who operates motor vehicles on that roadway pursuant to a written contract during any period of time that a special fuels tax liability accrues to the user, such a roadway shall not be considered a "highway" for any purpose related to calculating that user's special fuels' tax liability or refund.
- (134) "Idling" means the period of time greater than twenty-five hundredths (.25) of an hour when a motor vehicle is stationary with the engine operating at less than one thousand two hundred (1,200) revolutions per minute (RPM), without the power take-off (PTO) unit engaged, with the transmission in the neutral or park position, and with the parking brake set.
- (14 $\underline{5}$) "Imported" means delivered by truck or rail across the boundaries of this state by or for the seller or purchaser from a place of origin outside this state.
- $(15\underline{6})$ "International fuel tax agreement" and "IFTA" mean the international fuel tax agreement required by the intermodal surface transportation efficiency act of 1991, Public Law 102-240, 105 Stat. 1914, and referred to in title 49, U.S.C., section 31701, including subsequent amendments to that agreement.
- $(1\frac{67}{})$ "Jurisdiction" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, a province or territory of Canada, or a state, territory or agency of Mexico in the event that the state, territory or agency participates in the international fuel tax agreement.
- (178) "Licensed distributor" means any distributor who has obtained a license under the provisions of section 63-2427A, Idaho Code.
- $(18\underline{9})$ "Motor fuel" means gasoline, ethanol, ethanol blended fuel, gasoline blend stocks, natural gasoline, special fuels, aircraft engine fuels or any other fuels suitable for the operation or propulsion of motor vehicles, motor boats or aircraft.
- (1920) "Motor vehicle" means every self-propelled vehicle designed for operation, or required to be licensed for operation, upon a highway.
- (201) "Person" means any individual, firm, fiduciary, copartnership, association, limited liability company, corporation, governmental instrumentality including the state and all of its agencies and political subdivisions, or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number, unless the intent to give a more limited meaning is disclosed by the context. Whenever used in any clause prescribing and imposing a fine or imprisonment, or both, the term "person" as applied to an as-

sociation means the partners or members, and as applied to corporations, the officers.

- (2±2) "Recreational vehicle" means a snowmobile as defined in section 67-7101, Idaho Code; a motor driven cycle or motorcycle as defined in section 49-114, Idaho Code; any recreational vehicle as defined in section 49-119, Idaho Code; and an all-terrain vehicle as defined in section 67-7101, Idaho Code.
- (223) "Retail dealer" means any person engaged in the retail sale of motor fuels to the public or for use in the state.
 - (234) "Special fuels" means:

- (a) All fuel suitable as fuel for diesel engines;
- (b) A compressed or liquified gas obtained as a byproduct in petroleum refining or natural gasoline manufacture, such as butane, isobutane, propane, propylene, butylenes, and their mixtures; and
- (c) Natural gas, either liquid or gas, and hydrogen, used for the generation of power for the operation or propulsion of motor vehicles.
- (245) "Special fuels dealer" means "distributor" under subsection (7) of this section.
- (256) "Special fuels user" means any person who uses or consumes special fuels for the operation or propulsion of motor vehicles owned or controlled by him upon the highways of this state.
 - (267) "Use" means either:
 - (a) The receipt, delivery or placing of fuels by a licensed distributor or a special fuels dealer into the fuel supply tank or tanks of any motor vehicle not owned or controlled by him while the vehicle is within this state; or
 - (b) The consumption of fuels in the operation or propulsion of a motor vehicle on the highways of this state.
- SECTION 15. That Section 63-2402, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 63-2402. IMPOSITION OF TAX UPON MOTOR FUEL. (1) A tax is hereby imposed upon the distributor who receives motor fuel in this state. The legal incidence of the tax imposed under this section is borne by the distributor. The tax becomes due and payable upon receipt of the motor fuel in this state by the distributor unless such tax liability has previously accrued to another distributor pursuant to this section. The tax shall be imposed without regard to whether use is on a governmental basis or otherwise, unless exempted by this chapter.
- (2) On and after July 1, 2015, the tax imposed in this section shall be at the rate of twenty-five thirty-three cents (2533¢) per gallon of motor fuel received. This tax shall be subject to the exemptions, deductions and refunds set forth in this chapter.
- (3) On and after July 1, 2015, an additional tax shall be imposed for any fuel that is suitable for use in diesel engines in the amount of four cents (4¢) per gallon. This tax shall be subject to the exemptions, deductions and refunds set forth in this chapter.
- (4) On July 1, 2016, and on July 1 of each year thereafter, the tax imposed in subsection (2) of this section shall increase by an additional one

 $\frac{\text{cent (1¢) per gallon. This tax shall be subject to the exemptions, deductions and refunds set forth in this chapter.}$

- (5) The additional tax imposed by subsection (4) of this section shall not take place if the governor issues an executive order prior to the start of the fiscal year directing the state tax commission that the increase allowed by subsection (4) of this section shall be suspended for one (1) fiscal year.
- $\underline{(6)}$ Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit the distributor who is liable for payment of the tax imposed under subsection (1) of this section from including as part of the selling price an amount equal to such tax on motor fuels sold or delivered by such distributor; provided however, that nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to impose tax liability on any person to whom such fuel is sold or delivered except as provided in subsection ($\underline{69}$) of this section.
- (47) Any person coming into this state in a motor vehicle may transport in the manufacturer's original tank of that vehicle, for his own use only, not more than thirty (30) gallons of motor fuel for the purpose of operating that motor vehicle, without complying with the provisions of this chapter.
 - (58) The tax imposed in this section does not apply to:
 - (a) Special fuels that have been dyed at a refinery or terminal under the provisions of 26 U.S.C. section 4082 and regulations adopted thereunder, or under the clean air act and regulations adopted thereunder except as provided in section 63-2425, Idaho Code; or
 - (b) Special fuel dispensed into a motor vehicle which uses gaseous special fuels and which displays a valid gaseous special fuels permit under section 63-2424, Idaho Code; or
 - (c) Special fuels that are gaseous special fuels, as defined in section 63-2401, Idaho Code, except that part thereof that is delivered into the fuel supply tank or tanks of a motor vehicle; or
 - (d) Aircraft engine fuel subject to tax under section 63-2408, Idaho Code.
- (69) Should the distributor of first receipt be exempt from imposition of the tax as a matter of federal law, by virtue of its status as a federally-recognized federally recognized Indian tribe or member of such tribe, such distributor shall not bear the tax's legal incidence and must pass the tax through as part of the selling price of the fuel. Such distributor shall retain the administrative obligation to remit the tax, and such obligation shall accrue upon receipt in accordance with subsection (1) of this section. Should a retailer otherwise subject to the tax be exempt from imposition of the tax as a matter of federal law, by virtue of its status as a federally-recognized federally recognized Indian tribe or member of such tribe, the retailer shall not bear the tax's legal incidence and must pass the tax through as part of the selling price of the fuel to the consumer, unless such consumer is exempt from imposition of the tax as a matter of federal law, by virtue of its status as a federally-recognized federally recognized Indian tribe or membership in such tribe, and the retailer shall be entitled to claim a credit against taxes otherwise due and owing under this chapter or a tax refund, together with interest, attributable to the fuel purchased by such consumer.

SECTION 16. That Section 63-2412, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

63-2412. DISTRIBUTION OF TAX REVENUES FROM TAX ON GASOLINE AND AIRCRAFT ENGINE FUEL. (1) The revenues received from the taxes imposed by sections 63-2402 and 63-2421, Idaho Code, upon the receipt or use of gasoline, and any penalties, interest, or deficiency additions, shall be distributed periodically as follows:

- (a) An amount of money equal to the actual cost of collecting, administering and enforcing the gasoline tax requirements by the commission, as determined by it shall be retained by the commission. The amount retained by the commission shall not exceed the amount authorized to be expended by appropriation by the legislature. Any unencumbered balance in excess of the actual cost of collecting, administering and enforcing the gasoline tax requirements by the commission at the end of each fiscal year shall be distributed as listed in paragraph (f) of this subsection.
- (b) An amount of money shall be distributed to the state refund account sufficient to pay current refund claims. All refunds authorized by the commission to be paid shall be paid from the state refund account and those moneys are hereby continuously appropriated for that purpose.
- (c) As soon as possible after the beginning of each fiscal year, the sum of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) shall be distributed to the railroad grade crossing protection account in the dedicated fund, to pay the amounts from the account pursuant to the provisions of section 62-304C, Idaho Code.
- (d) As soon as possible after the beginning of each fiscal year, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) shall be distributed to the local bridge inspection account in the dedicated fund, to pay the amounts from the account pursuant to the provisions of section 40-703, Idaho Code.
- (e) An amount of money equal to seven percent (7%) shall be distributed to the state highway account established in section 40-702, Idaho Code.
- (f) From the balance remaining with the commission after distributing the amounts in paragraphs (a) through (e) of this subsection (1) of this section:
 - One and twenty-eight hundredths percent (1.28%) shall be 1. distributed as follows: sixty-six percent (66%) of the one and twenty-eight hundredths percent (1.28%) shall be distributed to the waterways improvement account, as created in chapter 15, title 57, Idaho Code. Up to twenty percent (20%) of the moneys distributed to the waterways improvement account under the provisions of this paragraph may be used by the department of parks and recreation to defray administrative costs. Any moneys unused at the end of the fiscal year by the department of parks and recreation shall be returned to the state treasurer for deposit in the waterways improvement account. Thirty-three percent (33%) of the one and twenty-eight hundredths percent (1.28%) shall be distributed into the park and recreation capital improvement account as created in section 57-1801, Idaho Code. One percent (1%) of the one and twenty-eight hundredths percent (1.28%) shall be distributed to the search and rescue fund created in section 67-2913, Idaho Code;

- One and twenty-eight hundredths percent (1.28%) shall be distributed as follows: sixty-six percent (66%) of the one and twenty-eight hundredths percent (1.28%) shall be distributed to the off-road motor vehicle account, as created in section 57-1901, Idaho Code. Up to twenty percent (20%) of the moneys distributed to the off-road motor vehicle account by this subparagraph may be used by the department of parks and recreation to defray administrative costs. Any moneys unused at the end of the fiscal year by the department of parks and recreation shall be returned to the state treasurer for deposit in the off-road motor vehicle account. Thirty-three percent (33%) of the one and twenty-eight hundredths percent (1.28%) shall be distributed into the park and recreation capital improvement account as created in section 57-1801, Idaho Code. One percent (1%) of the one and twenty-eight hundredths percent (1.28%) shall be distributed to the search and rescue fund created in section 67-2913, Idaho Code; and
- 3. Forty-four hundredths percent (.44%) shall be distributed to the park and recreation capital improvement account as created in section 57-1801, Idaho Code, to be used solely to develop, construct, maintain and repair roads, bridges and parking areas within and leading to parks and recreation areas of the state.
- 4. Provided that the sum of the amounts distributed in subparagraphs 1., 2. and 3. of this paragraph shall be limited to an amount equal to one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the 2014 fiscal year distribution.
- 5. The balance remaining shall be distributed to the highway distribution account created in section 40-701, Idaho Code.
- (2) The revenues received from the taxes imposed by section 63-2408, Idaho Code, and any penalties, interest, and deficiency amounts, shall be distributed as follows:
 - (a) An amount of money shall be distributed to the state refund account sufficient to pay current refund claims. All refunds authorized by the commission to be paid shall be paid from the state refund account, and those moneys are hereby continuously appropriated.
 - (b) The balance remaining of all the taxes collected shall be distributed to the state aeronautics account, as provided in section 21-211, Idaho Code.
- SECTION 17. That Section 63-2418, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 63-2418. DISTRIBUTION OF TAX REVENUES FROM TAX ON SPECIAL FUELS. The revenues received from the tax imposed by this chapter upon the receipt of special fuel and any penalties, interest or deficiency additions, or from the fees imposed by the commission under the provisions of section 63-2424 or 63-2438, Idaho Code, shall be distributed as follows:
- (1) An amount of money equal to the actual cost of collecting, administering and enforcing the special fuels tax provisions by the commission, as determined by it shall be retained by the commission. The amount retained by the commission shall not exceed the amount authorized to be expended by appropriation by the legislature. Any unencumbered balance in excess of the

actual cost of collecting, administering and enforcing the special fuels tax requirements by the commission at the end of each fiscal year shall be distributed to the highway distribution account.

- (2) An amount of money shall be distributed to the state refund account sufficient to pay current refund claims. All refunds authorized by the commission to be paid under this chapter shall be paid from the state refund account, those moneys being hereby continuously appropriated.
- (3) An amount of money equal to seven percent (7%) shall be distributed to the state highway account as established in section 40-702, Idaho Code.
- (4) The balance remaining with the commission after distributing the amounts specified in subsections (1), (2) and (3) of this section shall be distributed to the highway distribution account established in section 40-701, Idaho Code.

SECTION 18. That Section 63-2423, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 63-2423. CREDITS AND REFUNDS TO CONSUMERS. (1) Any person who has paid his special fuels tax directly to the distributor from whom it was purchased shall be refunded the amount of:
 - (a) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, any special fuels tax paid on special fuels used for purposes other than operation or propulsion of motor vehicles upon the highways in the state of Idaho;
 - (b) Any tax paid on special fuels used in motor vehicles owned or leased and operated by an instrumentality of the federal government or of the state of Idaho, including the state and all of its political subdivisions;
 - (c) Any tax paid on gaseous special fuels placed into the main supply tank of a vehicle displaying a valid gaseous special fuels permit under section 63-2424, Idaho Code;
 - (d) Any special fuels tax paid on special fuels exported for use outside the state of Idaho. Special fuels carried from the state in the fuel tank of a motor vehicle will not be deemed to be exported from the state unless it is subject to a like or similar tax in the jurisdiction to which it is taken and that tax is actually paid to the other jurisdiction; and
 - (\underline{ed}) Any tax, penalty or interest erroneously or illegally paid or collected.
 - (2) No refund of special fuels tax shall be paid on:
 - (a) Special fuels used in a recreational vehicle; or
 - (b) Special fuels used in noncommercial motor boats or in motor boats operated by a governmental entity; or
 - (c) Special fuels used while idling a registered motor vehicle, pursuant to the definition of "idling" as provided in section 63-2401, Idaho Code.
- (3) Refunds authorized in this section shall be claimed in the same manner as applies to refunds of gasoline tax under section 63-2410, Idaho Code, and shall be subject to interest computed pursuant to subsection (5) of that section.

SECTION 19. That Section 63-2424, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 63-2424. GASEOUS <u>SPECIAL</u> FUELS. (1) In the case of <u>gaseous</u> special fuels which are in a gaseous form, the commission shall provide by rule the method to be used for converting the measurement of the fuel to the equivalent of gallons for the purpose of applying tax rates. The method provided shall cause the tax rate provided in section 63-2402, Idaho Code, to apply to an amount of gaseous fuels having energy equal to one (1) gallon of gasoline. and selling the fuel shall be defined as follows:
- (1) For liquefied natural gas, six and six hundredths (6.06) pounds shall be deemed the diesel gallon equivalent;
- (2) For compressed natural gas, five and sixty-six hundredths (5.66) pounds or one hundred twenty-six and sixty-seven hundredths (126.67) cubic feet shall be deemed the gasoline equivalent; and
- $\underline{\text{(3)}}$ For all other gaseous special fuels, the tax commission shall provide by rule the energy equivalent of a gallon of gasoline or diesel for the purpose of applying the tax.
- (2) As an alternative to the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, an annual fee in lieu of the excise tax may be collected on a vehicle powered by gaseous fuels. The rate of the fee shall be based on the following schedule for all types of gaseous fuels as adjusted by the formula for proration set out below. The permits shall be sold by the state tax commission and gaseous fuels distributors dispensing gaseous fuels into motor vehicles.

24	- VEHICLE TONNAGE (GVW)	FEE
25	0 8,000	\$ 60.00
26	8,001 16,000	\$ 89.00
27	16,001 26,000	\$179.00
28	26,001 and above	\$208.00

 Permits for vehicles which are converted to gaseous fuels after the first of July in any year shall have the fee prorated for the appropriate number of months until renewal. The commission shall provide by rule the method to be used for converting the measurement of fuel to the equivalent of gallons for the purpose of applying increases in tax rates after this law becomes effective. A decal issued by the commission shall be displayed in any vehicle for which a permit is issued hereunder as evidence that the annual fee has been paid in lieu of the fuel tax. This decal shall be displayed in a conspicuous place.

SECTION 20. That Chapter 36, Title 63, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 63-3622VV, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

63-3622VV. MATERIALS USED FOR PUBLIC ROADS. (1) There is exempted from the taxes imposed by this chapter, sales of materials to a contractor or materials used by a contractor, regardless of whether the materials become a component of real property or improvement or fixture thereto, when all of the following conditions are met:

(a) The materials become part of a public road;

- (b) The materials are used under a contract with a federal, state, county or city government entity or any political subdivision or agency of such government entity, including contracts for projects qualifying under section 63-3641, Idaho Code; and
- (c) Upon completion of the contract, the materials become the property of a federal, state, county or city governmental entity or any political subdivision or agency of such governmental entity.
- (2) The provisions of this section shall not apply to:
- (a) Property that continues to be owned by the contractor after completion of a contract;
- (b) Any materials used by a private entity to develop any part of a public road that has not yet been dedicated to the public;
- (c) Any materials that remain the property of public utilities as defined in section 61-129, Idaho Code, or any other nongovernmental entities;
- (d) Materials that become part of a water or sewer system; and
- (e) Materials that a contractor consumes in the performance of a contract that are not intended to become part of a public road.
- (3) As used in this section, "public road" means a public highway, public right-of-way, public street, traffic-control device, facility or road sign in Idaho under the jurisdiction of a public highway agency or interstate highway.
- (4) As used in this section, the terms "facility," "interstate highway," "public highway," "public highway agency," "public right-of-way" and "public street" are as defined in chapter 1, title 40, Idaho Code, and the term "traffic-control device" is as defined in section 49-121, Idaho Code.
- SECTION 21. That Section 63-3638, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 63-3638. SALES TAX -- DISTRIBUTION. All moneys collected under this chapter, except as may otherwise be required in sections 63-3203 and 63-3709, Idaho Code, shall be distributed by the state tax commission as follows:
- (1) An amount of money shall be distributed to the state refund account sufficient to pay current refund claims. All refunds authorized under this chapter by the state tax commission shall be paid through the state refund account, and those moneys are continuously appropriated.
- (2) Five million dollars (\$5,000,000) per year is continuously appropriated and shall be distributed to the permanent building fund, provided by section 57-1108, Idaho Code.
- (3) Four million eight hundred thousand dollars (\$4,800,000) per year is continuously appropriated and shall be distributed to the water pollution control account established by section 39-3628, Idaho Code.
- (4) An amount equal to the sum required to be certified by the chairman of the Idaho housing and finance association to the state tax commission pursuant to section 67-6211, Idaho Code, in each year is continuously appropriated and shall be paid to any capital reserve fund, established by the Idaho housing and finance association pursuant to section 67-6211, Idaho Code. Such amounts, if any, as may be appropriated hereunder to the capital

reserve fund of the Idaho housing and finance association shall be repaid for distribution under the provisions of this section, subject to the provisions of section 67-6215, Idaho Code, by the Idaho housing and finance association, as soon as possible, from any moneys available therefor and in excess of the amounts which the association determines will keep it self-supporting.

- (5) An amount equal to the sum required by the provisions of sections 63-709 and 63-717, Idaho Code, after allowance for the amount appropriated by section 63-718(3), Idaho Code, is continuously appropriated and shall be paid as provided by sections 63-709 and 63-717, Idaho Code.
- (6) An amount required by the provisions of chapter 53, title 33, Idaho Code.
- (7) An amount required by the provisions of chapter 87, title 67, Idaho Code.
- (8) For fiscal year 2011, and each fiscal year thereafter, four million one hundred thousand dollars (\$4,100,000), of which two million two hundred thousand dollars (\$2,200,000) shall be distributed to each of the forty-four (44) counties in equal amounts, and one million nine hundred thousand dollars (\$1,900,000) of which shall be distributed to the forty-four (44) counties in the proportion that the population of the county bears to the population of the state. For fiscal year 2012, and for each fiscal year thereafter, the amount distributed pursuant to this subsection, shall be adjusted annually by the state tax commission in accordance with the consumer price index for all urban consumers (CPI-U) as published by the U.S. department of labor, bureau of labor statistics, but in no fiscal year shall the total amount allocated for counties under this subsection, be less than four million one hundred thousand dollars (\$4,100,000). Any increase resulting from the adjustment required in this section shall be distributed to each county in the proportion that the population of the county bears to the population of the state. Each county shall establish a special election fund to which shall be deposited all revenues received from the distribution pursuant to this subsection. All such revenues shall be used exclusively to defray the costs associated with conducting elections as required of county clerks by the provisions of section 34-1401, Idaho Code.
- (9) One dollar (\$1.00) on each application for certificate of title or initial application for registration of a motor vehicle, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle or other vehicle processed by the county assessor or the Idaho transportation department excepting those applications in which any sales or use taxes due have been previously collected by a retailer, shall be a fee for the services of the assessor of the county or the Idaho transportation department in collecting such taxes, and shall be paid into the current expense fund of the county or state highway account established in section 40-702, Idaho Code.
- (10) Eleven and five-tenths percent (11.5%) is continuously appropriated and shall be distributed to the revenue sharing account which is created in the state treasury, and the moneys in the revenue sharing account will be paid in installments each calendar quarter by the state tax commission as follows:
 - (a) Twenty-eight and two-tenths percent (28.2%) shall be paid to the various cities as follows:

- (i) Fifty percent (50%) of such amount shall be paid to the various cities, and each city shall be entitled to an amount in the proportion that the population of that city bears to the population of all cities within the state; and
- (ii) Fifty percent (50%) of such amount shall be paid to the various cities, and each city shall be entitled to an amount in the proportion that the preceding year's market value for assessment purposes for that city bears to the preceding year's market value for assessment purposes for all cities within the state.
- (b) Twenty-eight and two-tenths percent (28.2%) shall be paid to the various counties as follows:
 - (i) One million three hundred twenty thousand dollars (\$1,320,000) annually shall be distributed one forty-fourth (1/44) to each of the various counties; and
 - (ii) The balance of such amount shall be paid to the various counties, and each county shall be entitled to an amount in the proportion that the population of that county bears to the population of the state;
- (c) Thirty-five and nine-tenths percent (35.9%) of the amount appropriated in this subsection shall be paid to the several counties for distribution to the cities and counties as follows:
 - (i) Each city and county which received a payment under the provisions of section 63-3638(e), Idaho Code, during the fourth quarter of calendar year 1999, shall be entitled to a like amount during succeeding calendar quarters.
 - (ii) If the dollar amount of money available under this subsection (10)(c) in any quarter does not equal the amount paid in the fourth quarter of calendar year 1999, each city's and county's payment shall be reduced proportionately.
 - (iii) If the dollar amount of money available under this subsection (10)(c) in any quarter exceeds the amount paid in the fourth quarter of calendar year 1999, each city and county shall be entitled to a proportionately increased payment, but such increase shall not exceed one hundred five percent (105%) of the total payment made in the fourth quarter of calendar year 1999.
 - (iv) If the dollar amount of money available under this subsection (10) (c) in any quarter exceeds one hundred five percent (105%) of the total payment made in the fourth quarter of calendar year 1999, any amount over and above such one hundred five percent (105%) shall be paid fifty percent (50%) to the various cities in the proportion that the population of the city bears to the population of all cities within the state, and fifty percent (50%) to the various counties in the proportion that the population of a county bears to the population of the state; and
- (d) Seven and seven-tenths percent (7.7%) of the amount appropriated in this subsection shall be paid to the several counties for distribution to special purpose taxing districts as follows:
 - (i) Each such district which received a payment under the provisions of section 63-3638(e), Idaho Code, during the fourth quarter

of calendar year 1999, shall be entitled to a like amount during succeeding calendar quarters.

- (ii) If the dollar amount of money available under this subsection (10)(d) in any quarter does not equal the amount paid in the fourth quarter of calendar year 1999, each special purpose taxing district's payment shall be reduced proportionately.
- (iii) If the dollar amount of money available under this subsection (10) (d) in any quarter exceeds the amount distributed under paragraph (i) of this subsection (10) (d), each special purpose taxing district shall be entitled to a share of the excess based on the proportion each such district's current property tax budget bears to the sum of the current property tax budgets of all such districts in the state. The state tax commission shall calculate district current property tax budgets to include any unrecovered foregone amounts as determined under section 63-802(1)(e), Idaho Code. When a special purpose taxing district is situated in more than one (1) county, the state tax commission shall determine the portion attributable to the special purpose taxing district from each county in which it is situated.
- (iv) If special purpose taxing districts are consolidated, the resulting district is entitled to a base amount equal to the sum of the base amounts which were received in the last calendar quarter by each district prior to the consolidation.
- (v) If a special purpose taxing district is dissolved or disincorporated, the state tax commission shall continuously distribute to the board of county commissioners an amount equal to the last quarter's distribution prior to dissolution or disincorporation. The board of county commissioners shall determine any redistribution of moneys so received.
- (vi) Taxing districts formed after January 1, 2001, are not entitled to a payment under the provisions of this subsection (10) (d). (vii) For purposes of this subsection (10) (d), a special purpose taxing district is any taxing district which is not a city, a county or a school district.
- (11) Amounts calculated in accordance with section 2, chapter 356, laws of 2001, for annual distribution to counties and other taxing districts beginning in October 2001 for replacement of property tax on farm machinery and equipment exempted pursuant to section 63-602EE, Idaho Code. For nonschool districts, the state tax commission shall distribute one-fourth (1/4) of this amount certified quarterly to each county. For school districts, the state tax commission shall distribute one-fourth (1/4) of the amount certified quarterly to each school district. For nonschool districts, the county auditor shall distribute to each district within thirty (30) calendar days from receipt of moneys from the state tax commission. Moneys received by each taxing district for replacement shall be utilized in the same manner and in the same proportions as revenues from property taxation. The moneys remitted to the county treasurer for replacement of property exempt from taxation pursuant to section 63-602EE, Idaho Code, may be considered by the counties and other taxing districts and budgeted at the same time, in the same manner and in the same year as revenues from taxation on personal prop-

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erty which these moneys replace. If taxing districts are consolidated, the resulting district is entitled to an amount equal to the sum of the amounts which were received in the last calendar quarter by each district pursuant to this subsection prior to the consolidation. If a taxing district is dissolved or disincorporated, the state tax commission shall continuously distribute to the board of county commissioners an amount equal to the last quarter's distribution prior to dissolution or disincorporation. The board of county commissioners shall determine any redistribution of moneys so received. If a taxing district annexes territory, the distribution of moneys received pursuant to this subsection shall be unaffected. districts formed after January 1, 2001, are not entitled to a payment under the provisions of this subsection. School districts shall receive an amount determined by multiplying the sum of the year 2000 school district levy minus .004 times the market value on December 31, 2000, in the district of the property exempt from taxation pursuant to section 63-602EE, Idaho Code, provided that the result of these calculations shall not be less than zero (0). The result of these school district calculations shall be further increased by six percent (6%). For purposes of the limitation provided by section 63-802, Idaho Code, moneys received pursuant to this section as property tax replacement for property exempt from taxation pursuant to section 63-602EE, Idaho Code, shall be treated as property tax revenues.

- (12) Amounts necessary to pay refunds as provided in section 63-3641, Idaho Code, to a developer of a retail complex shall be remitted to the demonstration pilot project fund created in section 63-3641, Idaho Code.
- (13) Amounts calculated in accordance with subsection (4) of section 63-602KK, Idaho Code, for annual distribution to counties and other taxing districts for replacement of property tax on personal property tax exemptions pursuant to subsection (2) of section 63-602KK, Idaho Code, which amounts are continuously appropriated unless the legislature enacts a different appropriation for a particular fiscal year. For purposes of the limitation provided by section 63-802, Idaho Code, moneys received pursuant to this section as property tax replacement for property exempt from taxation pursuant to section 63-602KK, Idaho Code, shall be treated as property tax revenues. If taxing districts are consolidated, the resulting district is entitled to an amount equal to the sum of the amounts that were received in the last calendar year by each district pursuant to this subsection prior to the consolidation. If a taxing district or revenue allocation area annexes territory, the distribution of moneys received pursuant to this subsection shall be unaffected. Taxing districts and revenue allocation areas formed after January 1, 2013, are not entitled to a payment under the provisions of this subsection.
- (14) Amounts collected from purchasers and paid to the state of Idaho by retailers that are not engaged in business in this state and which retailer would not have been required to collect the sales tax, less amounts otherwise distributed in subsections (1) and (10) of this section, shall be distributed to the tax relief fund created in section 57-811, Idaho Code. The state tax commission will determine the amounts to be distributed under this subsection.

(15) An amount equal to two percent (2%) of moneys remaining over and above those necessary to meet and reserve for payments under subsections (1) through (13) of this section shall be distributed in the following manner:

- (a) Fifty-nine and eighty-five hundredths percent (59.85%) to the state highway account established in section 40-702, Idaho Code, provided that all such moneys may be expended only upon the planning, engineering, maintenance and construction of state highways; and
- (b) Forty and fifteen hundredths percent (40.15%) to the local units of government as provided in section 40-709, Idaho Code, provided that all such moneys may be expended only upon the planning, engineering, maintenance and construction of roads.
- $\underline{\mbox{(16)}}$ Any moneys remaining over and above those necessary to meet and reserve for payments under other subsections of this section shall be distributed to the general fund.
- SECTION 22. That Chapter 29, Title 67, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 67-2914A, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 67-2914A. IDAHO LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND -- DYED FUEL ENFORCEMENT PILOT PROGRAM. (1) Of the money deposited into the Idaho law enforcement fund, the director of the Idaho state police, in consultation with the director of the Idaho transportation department, shall make available in state fiscal years 2016 through 2018 two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) each year for the purpose of a pilot program to increase enforcement of the dyed fuel limitations as provided for in section 63-2425, Idaho Code.
- (2) For the length of the pilot program, the director of the Idaho state police shall have the authority to carry out enforcement of the state's dyed fuel laws as provided for in section 63-2425, Idaho Code, and may, pursuant to the provisions of chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code, adopt, amend or rescind rules as he deems necessary for the proper performance of all duties associated with the fulfillment of the pilot program.
- SECTION 23. Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 and 21 of this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2015. Sections 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 19 and 20 of this act shall be in full force and effect on and after January 1, 2016. Section 22 of this act shall be null, void and of no force and effect on and after July 1, 2018.