

LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF IDAHO
Sixty-second Legislature First Regular Session - 2013

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 252

BY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

AN ACT

APPROPRIATING MONEYS TO THE DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2014;
LIMITING THE NUMBER OF AUTHORIZED FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT POSITIONS; AND
PROVIDING GUIDANCE FOR EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. There is hereby appropriated to the Department of Insurance, the following amounts to be expended according to the designated programs and expense classes, from the listed funds for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2014:

	FOR PERSONNEL COSTS	FOR OPERATING EXPENDITURES	FOR CAPITAL OUTLAY	TOTAL
I. INSURANCE REGULATION:				
FROM:				
Insurance Administrative				
Fund	\$3,990,500	\$2,800,900	\$58,500	\$6,849,900
Federal Grant				
Fund	<u>242,600</u>	<u>398,100</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>640,700</u>
TOTAL	\$4,233,100	\$3,199,000	\$58,500	\$7,490,600
II. STATE FIRE MARSHAL:				
FROM:				
Arson, Fire and Fraud Prevention				
Fund	\$640,400	\$341,500	\$75,400	\$1,057,300
GRAND TOTAL	\$4,873,500	\$3,540,500	\$133,900	\$8,547,900

SECTION 2. FTP AUTHORIZATION. In accordance with Section 67-3519, Idaho Code, the Department of Insurance is authorized no more than seventy-three (73) full-time equivalent positions at any point during the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2014, unless specifically authorized by the Governor. The Joint Finance-Appropriations Committee will be notified promptly of any increased positions so authorized.

SECTION 3. EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION. The Legislature finds that investing in state employee compensation should remain a high priority even in tough economic times, and therefore strongly encourages agency directors, insti-

1 tution executives and the Division of Financial Management to approve the
2 use of salary savings to provide either one-time or ongoing merit increases
3 for deserving employees, and also target employees who are below policy com-
4 pensation. Such salary savings could result from turnover and attrition, or
5 be the result of innovation and reorganization efforts that create savings.
6 Such savings should be reinvested in employees. Agencies are cautioned to
7 use one-time funding for one-time payments and ongoing funding for permanent
8 pay increases.