## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

## HOUSE BILL NO. 408

## BY REDMAN

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO INCOME TAXES; AMENDING CHAPTER 30, TITLE 63, IDAHO CODE, BY THE
3	ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 63-3029N, IDAHO CODE, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS
4	REGARDING THE MIDDLE INCOME PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT TAX CREDIT; AMEND-
5	ING CHAPTER 30, TITLE 63, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION
6	63-30290, IDAHO CODE, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING THE MIDDLE IN-
7	COME LAND TRUST TAX CREDIT; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING
8	RETROACTIVE APPLICATION.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Chapter 30, Title 63, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 63-3029N, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

- 63-3029N. MIDDLE INCOME PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT TAX CREDIT. (1) There is hereby created the Idaho middle income property development tax credit. Beginning in tax year 2025, there shall be allowed a credit against the taxes imposed by this chapter to any taxpayer that develops and sells a deed restricted property as defined in this section. The amount of the credit for the development and sale of a deed restricted property shall be equal to the difference between the sale price of the deed restricted property and the appraised value of the deed restricted property at the time of sale as determined by a third-party appraiser. If the amount of the credit is greater than the tax liability of the taxpayer, the excess amount may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next ten (10) taxable years.
  - (2) As used in this section:
  - (a) "Area median income" means the median income for the metropolitan statistical area, or county if no metropolitan statistical area exists, where a property is located, as determined by the United States department of housing and urban development.
  - (b) "Deed restricted property" means a newly constructed residential structure that previously did not exist, once it is completed and taxable, on land that is subject to a fee simple deed that is properly recorded in the county recorder's office for the county in which the property is located and that contains enforceable covenants running with the land as recognized by Idaho law that restrict the sale of the property, at a minimum, as follows:
    - (i) At the time of purchase, the purchaser of the property shall belong to a household that had a total income for the most recently completed income tax year that was at or below one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the most current available area median income for the area in which the property is located;
    - (ii) The property must be used as the purchaser's homestead pursuant to section 63-602G, Idaho Code;

- (iii) The purchaser is required to enter into a contract with a deed restriction program manager and such deed restriction program manager is obligated to verify that the purchaser meets the requirements set forth in subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph. The purchaser shall be required to disclose all household income information to the deed restriction program manager, including the purchaser's most recent household tax returns and pay stubs for the previous six (6) months. The contract shall also require regular visits to the property by an agent of the deed restriction program manager to verify continuing homestead exemption qualification as long as the purchaser owns the property. If a purchaser no longer meets the homestead qualification provided in this section, the purchaser shall be required to notify the deed restriction program manager;
- (iv) The purchaser is restricted from selling the property at a price greater than one (1) of the following formulas as designated in the deed of trust:
  - 1. The amount equal to the increase in value of the property using the inflation rate from the time of the purchase of the property, including any fixtures or improvements to the property made by the purchaser, to the time of sale. The inflation rate used shall be the unadjusted consumer price index for all urban consumers as published by the United States department of labor;
  - 2. Twenty-five percent (25%) of total market appreciation of the property, including any fixtures or improvements to the property made by the purchaser, which shall equal the difference between the appraised value at the time of the original purchase and the appraised value at the time of sale as determined by a third-party appraiser; or
  - 3. A fixed annual percentage accretion over the purchase price of the property, including any fixtures or improvements to the property made by the purchaser, not to exceed five percent (5%); and
- (v) The covenants running with the land in such deed, including the restrictions provided in this paragraph, shall be binding on the property for at least sixty (60) years.
- (c) "Deed restriction program manager" means a not-for-profit entity exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code established for the purpose of managing deed restricted properties. At a minimum, a program manager shall perform the following contractual duties for a deed restricted property forming the basis for the tax credit provided by this section:
  - (i) Verify that the purchaser of a deed restricted property meets the income requirements set forth in paragraph (b) (i) of this subsection, by requesting, receiving, and reviewing the income tax returns of the purchaser and the purchaser's household for the most recent tax year and the pay stubs of the purchaser and the purchaser's household for the previous six (6) months;

- (ii) Verify that the purchaser of a deed restricted property is using the property as the purchaser's homestead pursuant to section 63-602G, Idaho Code, by requesting and receiving a signed certification from the purchaser that upon the purchase, the property shall qualify as the purchaser's homestead pursuant to section 63-602G, Idaho Code; and
- (iii) Conduct home visits of the deed restricted property at least two (2) times per year for as long as the purchaser owns the property, to verify that the purchaser is using the property as the purchaser's homestead pursuant to section 63-602G, Idaho Code.
- (d) "Fixtures" shall have the same meaning as provided in section 63-201(9), Idaho Code.
- (e) "Household" means individuals over eighteen (18) years of age living together in the same residence, except for children of household members who are living in the home and are enrolled and attending postsecondary education institutions, trade schools, or vocational schools. The term does not include bona fide lessees, tenants, or roomers and boarders on contract.
- (f) "Improvements" shall have the same meaning as provided in section 63-201(11), Idaho Code.
- (3) The state tax commission shall prescribe forms for the purpose of claiming the Idaho middle income property development tax credit.
  - (4) Taxpayers claiming the credit shall:

- (a) Enter into a written contract with a deed restriction program manager whereby such program manager is obligated to verify purchaser eligibility pursuant to subsection (2) (b) (i) and (ii) of this section, and to provide ongoing compliance with the deed restrictions as provided in subsection (2) of this section; and
- (b) Retain all documents related to the sale of the deed restricted property, including a copy of the recorded deed and the covenants running with the land and the contract with the deed restriction program manager. The taxpayer shall retain such documents for ten (10) years after the filing of a return claiming the tax credit and shall submit such documents to the state tax commission upon request.
- (5) The state tax commission shall deny or recapture credits claimed by a taxpayer for claiming credit amounts not authorized by the provisions of this section.
- SECTION 2. That Chapter 30, Title 63, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a  $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$ , to be known and designated as Section 63-30290, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 63-30290. MIDDLE INCOME LAND TRUST TAX CREDIT. (1) There is hereby created the Idaho middle income land trust tax credit. Beginning in tax year 2025, there shall be allowed a credit against the taxes imposed by this chapter to any taxpayer that donates fee simple land to a land trust in accordance with the provisions of this section.
  - (2) As used in this section:
  - (a) "Area median income" means the median income for the metropolitan statistical area, or county if no metropolitan statistical area exists,

where a housing unit is located, as determined by the United States department of housing and urban development.

- (b) "Fixtures" shall have the same meaning as provided in section 63-201(9), Idaho Code.
- (c) "Household" means individuals over eighteen (18) years of age living together in the same residence, except for children of household members who are living in the home and are enrolled and attending postsecondary education institutions, trade schools, or vocational schools. The term does not include bona fide lessees, tenants, or roomers and boarders on contract.
- (d) "Improvements" shall have the same meaning as provided in section 63-201(11), Idaho Code.
- (e) "Land trust" means a not-for-profit entity exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that holds real property in trust for the purpose of leasing such real property to lessees who purchase and own residential housing units constructed on the leased land. Such housing units shall be subject to a land lease that is recognized by Idaho law. Such land lease with a land trust shall have, at a minimum, the following requirements:
  - (i) The land lease shall be for a term of at least ninety-nine (99) years;
  - (ii) The lessee shall belong to a household with a total income at or below one hundred percent (100%) of the area median income where the housing unit is located;
  - (iii) The housing unit being purchased must be the lessee's primary dwelling place as that term is defined in section 63-701, Idaho Code;
  - (iv) The total liquid assets of the lessee's household, including cash, bank account funds, stocks, bonds, and any other asset that can be readily converted to United States currency, and not including retirement accounts, shall be limited to an amount equal to twelve (12) months of the household's recurring expenses, and shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) at the time of entering into the land lease. Households with liquid assets greater than such limit shall qualify if the funds greater than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) are used to pay for closing transaction costs for entering into the lease and for the purchase of the housing unit, and after such costs are subtracted from the purchaser's liquid assets, such assets are below twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000); and
  - (v) The lessee shall not sell any housing unit located on the property at a price greater than one (1) of the following formulas, to be designated in the lease:
    - 1. The amount equal to the increase in value of the housing unit, including any fixtures or improvements to the housing unit made by the lessee, using the inflation rate from the time of purchase to the time of sale as determined by a third-party appraiser. The inflation rate used shall be the unadjusted consumer price index for all urban consumers as published by the United States department of labor;

- 2. Twenty-five percent (25%) of total market appreciation as determined by the difference between the purchase price of the housing unit, including any fixtures or improvements to the housing unit made by the lessee, and the appraised value at the time of resale; or
- 3. A fixed annual percentage accretion over the purchase price of the housing unit, including any fixtures or improvements to the housing unit made by the lessee, not to exceed five percent (5%).
- (f) "Lessee" means the person who leases property from a land trust and who owns a residential housing unit located on such land that serves as such lessee's primary dwelling place as that term is defined in section 63-701, Idaho Code.
- (3) (a) For the donation of real property to a land trust that, by the terms of its governing corporate documents, services lessee households with an income of no more than eighty percent (80%) of the area median income:
  - (i) If the taxpayer purchased the property, the taxpayer shall receive a tax credit in the amount of fifty percent (50%) of the difference between the purchase price of the property and the appraised value of such property at the time of the donation as determined by a third-party appraiser; or
  - (ii) If there was no purchase price when the taxpayer acquired the property, the taxpayer shall receive a tax credit in the amount of fifty percent (50%) of the difference between the tax basis of the property at the time the taxpayer acquired the property and the appraised value at the time of the donation as determined by a third-party appraiser.
- (b) For the donation of real property to a land trust that, by the terms of its governing corporate documents, services lessee households with an income greater than eighty percent (80%) but no more than one hundred percent (100%) of the area median income:
  - (i) If the taxpayer purchased the property, the taxpayer shall receive a tax credit in the amount of forty percent (40%) of the difference between the purchase price of the property at the time the taxpayer purchased the property and the appraised value at the time the taxpayer donated the property as determined by a third-party appraiser; or
  - (ii) If there was no purchase price when the taxpayer acquired the property, the taxpayer shall receive a tax credit in the amount of forty percent (40%) of the difference between the tax basis at the time the taxpayer acquired the property and the appraised value at the time the taxpayer donated the property as determined by a third-party appraiser.
- (c) If the amount of any credit under this subsection is greater than the tax liability of the taxpayer, the excess amount may be carried forward by the taxpayer for a period that does not exceed the next ten (10) taxable years.
- (4) The state tax commission shall prescribe forms for the purpose of claiming the Idaho middle income land trust tax credit.

(5) Taxpayers claiming the credit shall:

- (a) Certify that, before donating the property to a land trust pursuant to the provisions of this section, the taxpayer requested and received a certification from a lawful agent of the land trust that the land trust properly qualifies pursuant to the provisions of this section; and
- (b) Retain all documents related to the transfer of the property to the land trust, including a copy of the deed, the land lease to which the donated property shall be subject, and the certification pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection, for ten (10) years after the filing of a return claiming the tax credit and shall submit such documents to the state tax commission upon request.
- (6) The state tax commission shall deny or recapture credits claimed by a taxpayer for claiming credit amounts not authorized by the provisions of this section.

SECTION 3. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after its passage and approval, and retroactively to January 1, 2025.