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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 367

BY RESOURCES AND CONSERVATION COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO PHOSPHOGYPSUM; AMENDING CHAPTER 1, TITLE 39, IDAHO CODE, BY THE
3	ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 39-176A, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE LEGISLATIVE
4	FINDINGS AND PURPOSE; AMENDING CHAPTER 1, TITLE 39, IDAHO CODE, BY THE
5	ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 39-176B, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR SCOPE
6	AND APPLICABILITY; AMENDING CHAPTER 1, TITLE 39, IDAHO CODE, BY THE
7	ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 39-176C, IDAHO CODE, TO DEFINE TERMS; AMEND-
8	ING CHAPTER 1, TITLE 39, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION
9	39-176D, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE POWER OF THE BOARD; AMEND-
10	ING CHAPTER 1, TITLE 39, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION
11	39-176E, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN
12	PHOSPHOGYPSUM STACKS; AND AMENDING CHAPTER 1, TITLE 39, IDAHO CODE, BY
13	THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 39-176F, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR DESIGN
14	AND CONSTRUCTION PLANS.

15 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Chapter 1, Title 39, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 39-176A, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

- 19 39-176A. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND PURPOSE. (1) The legislature finds 20 that:
 - (a) A domestic supply of phosphate fertilizers is critical to our nation's food security and Idaho's agricultural economy;
 - (b) The production of phosphoric acid is a key ingredient in phosphate fertilizers and, given Idaho's rich supply of phosphate rock, the state is home to phosphoric acid production facilities;
 - (c) Phosphogypsum is a calcium sulfate by-product produced by the reaction of sulfuric acid with phosphate rock to produce phosphoric acid and is disposed of and placed in phosphogypsum stacks near phosphoric acid production facilities;
 - (d) The United States congress and the environmental protection agency exempted certain high-volume, low-toxicity solid wastes, including phosphogypsum and process water from phosphoric acid production, from regulation as a hazardous waste under subtitle C of the resource conservation and recovery act (42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.), as amended; and
 - (e) To both facilitate and encourage the continued manufacturing of phosphate fertilizers, and to benefit the surface water and groundwater environmental resources, the legislature recognizes the need for the department of environmental quality to develop a program to assure the proper design and construction of phosphogypsum stacks and phosphogypsum stack systems.

(2) Therefore, it is the intent of the legislature to authorize the board of environmental quality to initiate negotiated rulemaking consistent with the requirements of sections 39-176A through 39-176F, Idaho Code.

- SECTION 2. That Chapter 1, Title 39, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 39-176B, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 39-176B. SCOPE AND APPLICABILITY. (1) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as superseding, amending, or modifying the mineral processing waste exemption provided in 40 CFR 261.4(b)(7) and IDAPA 58.01.05.005, for process wastewater and phosphogypsum from phosphoric acid production.
- (2) Nothing in this chapter is intended to supersede or modify any existing agreement with or approvals from the environmental protection agency or the department of environmental quality relating to the construction of a phosphogypsum stack, phosphogypsum stack system, or component thereof.
- (3) The requirements in sections 42-1710 through 42-1721, Idaho Code, shall not apply to phosphogypsum stacks and phosphogypsum stack systems.
- (4) This chapter establishes minimum design and construction requirements to ensure that phosphogypsum stack system impoundments meet critical safety standards and do not cause unplanned releases into the environment.
- SECTION 3. That Chapter 1, Title 39, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 39-176C, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 39-176C. DEFINITIONS. Wherever used or referred to in sections 39-176A through 39-176F, Idaho Code, unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context:
- (1) "Auxiliary holding pond" (AHP) means a lined storage pond typically used to hold process wastewater for the purpose of increasing system storage above that otherwise provided by a collection pond or ponds.
 - (2) "Board" means the Idaho board of environmental quality.
- (3) "Lateral expansion" means a horizontal expansion of the waste boundaries of an existing phosphogypsum stack system.
- (4) "Leachate" means liquid or drainable pore water that has passed through or emerged from phosphogypsum and that may be collected within the phosphogypsum stack system or in a seepage collection drain.
- (5) "Operator" means any person or persons, any partnership, limited partnership, corporation, or any association of persons, either natural or artificial, that own, control, or direct the management of a phosphogypsum stack.
- (6) "Phosphogypsum" means calcium sulfate and by-products produced by the reaction of an acid, such as sulfuric acid or fluoride acid, with phosphate rock to produce phosphoric acid.
- (7) "Phosphogypsum stack" means any defined geographic area associated with a phosphoric acid production facility in which phosphogypsum and process wastewater from phosphoric acid production are disposed of or stored, other than within a fully enclosed building, container, or tank.
- (8) "Phosphogypsum stack system" means the defined geographic area associated with the phosphoric acid production facility in which phospho-

gypsum and process wastewater are disposed of or stored together, including all components such as pumps, piping, ditches, drainage, conveyances, water control structures, collection ponds, cooling ponds, decant ponds, surge ponds, auxiliary holding ponds, and any other collection or conveyance system associated with the transport of phosphogypsum from the plant to the phosphogypsum stack, its management at the stack, and the process wastewater return to phosphoric acid production to the phosphogypsum stack. This includes toe drain systems and ditches and other leachate collection systems, but does not include conveyances within the confines of the fertilizer production plant or emergency diversion impoundments used in emergency circumstances caused by power outages or rainfall events.

- (9) "Process wastewater" means process wastewater from phosphoric acid production operations.
- SECTION 4. That Chapter 1, Title 39, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 39-176D, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 39-176D. BOARD POWERS. In addition to the other duties and powers of the board prescribed by law, the board is granted and shall be entitled to proceed with negotiated rulemaking and adopt rules consistent with the requirements of sections 39-176A through 39-176F, Idaho Code, regarding the construction and lateral expansion and the management of phosphogypsum stacks and phosphogypsum stack systems and other such rules as may be necessary to carry out the intent and purposes of sections 39-176A through 39-176F, Idaho Code.
- SECTION 5. That Chapter 1, Title 39, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 39-176E, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 39-176E. CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS FOR NEW PHOSPHOGYPSUM STACKS -LATERAL EXPANSIONS OF EXISTING PHOSPHOGYPSUM STACKS. Any operator desiring
 to construct a new phosphogypsum stack, a material component thereof, or
 a lateral expansion shall submit to the department of environmental quality for review and approval prior to commencing construction a design and
 construction plan, including construction quality control, that includes
 minimum design and construction requirements to control and minimize the
 movement of waste and waste constituents into the environment. Plans and
 specifications submitted to satisfy the requirements of sections 39-176A
 through 39-176F, Idaho Code, shall be certified by a registered professional
 engineer. The minimum design requirements include the following features
 and standards:
- (1) Run-on and runoff controls for the phosphogypsum stack systems for the collection, control, and treatment, as needed, of run-on and runoff from the systems;
- (2) Liner and leachate control systems that achieve the following minimum design standards:
 - (a) Phosphogypsum stacks shall be constructed atop a composite liner or approved alternative of equivalent hydraulic conductivity and dura-

- bility. Liners shall be constructed of materials that have appropriate physical, chemical, and mechanical properties to prevent failure;
- (b) All liner and leachate control system components shall have appropriate quality control and quality assurance standards, specifications, and procedures for construction.
- (c) Phosphogypsum stacks shall have a leachate control system. Any leachate emanating from a phosphogypsum stack system shall be routed to a collection pond, such as a decant pond or similar water structure, to be contained within the system or recirculated to the production plant, or, if discharged, treated if required to meet applicable water quality and discharge requirements. Collection ponds shall be constructed with a composite liner or an approved alternative of equivalent hydraulic conductivity and durability;
- (d) Auxiliary holding ponds shall be designed with a synthetic liner or an approved alternative of equivalent hydraulic conductivity and durability; and
- (e) Process wastewater conveyances shall be constructed with a liner or pipe.
- (3) Perimeter dikes that shall incorporate minimum design standards for freeboard, safety, and slope stability design factors, construction methods, and other related parameters. Appropriate quality control and quality assurance standards, specifications, and procedures for perimeter dike construction shall be implemented;
- (4) Any lateral expansion must be constructed in accordance with the same requirements as a new phosphogypsum stack. Except for incidental deposits of phosphogypsum entrained in the process wastewater, or conditioned phosphogypsum used as a cushion layer against rock slope, placement of phosphogypsum outside the phosphogypsum stack footprint is considered a lateral expansion; and
 - (5) A groundwater monitoring plan.

- SECTION 6. That Chapter 1, Title 39, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 39-176F, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 39-176F. PLAN -- APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY DEPARTMENT. (1) Upon receipt by the department of environmental quality of a design and construction plan submitted by an operator, the department shall have ninety (90) days to review the plan.
- (2) Upon determination by the department that a design and construction plan submitted by an operator meets the requirements of this section, the department shall deliver to the operator, in writing, a notice of approval of such plan, and thereafter said plan shall govern and determine the nature and extent of the obligations of the operator for compliance with sections 39-176A through 39-176F, Idaho Code, with respect to the phosphogypsum stack system for which the plan was submitted.
- (3) If the department determines that a design and construction plan fails to fulfill the requirements of this section, it shall deliver to the operator, in writing, a notice of rejection of the plan and shall set forth in said notice of rejection the reasons for such a finding. Upon receipt of said notice of rejection, the operator may submit amended plans within forty-five

(45) days. The department shall have sixty (60) days to review an amended plan. Upon further determination by the department that the amended plan does not fulfill the provisions of sections 39-176A through 39-176F, Idaho Code, it shall deliver to the operator, in writing, a notice of rejection of the amended plan in the same manner as provided for rejection of the original plan.

- (4) A notice of rejection may be appealed by the operator to the board.
- (5) The time periods in this section may be adjusted if agreed to by both the department and the operator.
- (6) A construction completion report shall be submitted to the department within ninety (90) days of completion of construction activities. The report shall include final record drawings and conformance of construction to the approved design and construction plan, including construction quality control plans for phosphogypsum stack components.
- (7) The board may require a fee sufficient for the review and approval of plans and associated documents required by this section.