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IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1374

BY JUDICIARY AND RULES COMMITTEE

AN ACT RELATING TO GUARDIANS OF MINORS; AMENDING SECTION 15-5-201, IDAHO CODE, TO INCLUDE REFERENCE TO THE INTER VIVOS NOMINATION APPOINTMENT OF THE GUARDIAN OF A MINOR; AMENDING CHAPTER 5, TITLE 15, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 15-5-202A, IDAHO CODE, AUTHORIZING THE IN-TER VIVOS NOMINATION APPOINTMENT OF THE GUARDIAN OF A MINOR; AMENDING SECTION 15-5-203, IDAHO CODE, TO INCLUDE REFERENCE TO THE INTER VIVOS NOMINATION APPOINTMENT OF THE GUARDIAN OF A MINOR; AMENDING SECTION 15-5-208, IDAHO CODE, TO INCLUDE REFERENCE TO THE INTER VIVOS NOMINA-10 TION APPOINTMENT OF THE GUARDIAN OF A MINOR; AMENDING SECTION 15-5-210, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE TERMINATION OF AN INTER VIVOS APPOINTMENT 11 OF THE GUARDIAN OF A MINOR; AND AMENDING SECTION 15-5-211, IDAHO CODE, 12 TO INCLUDE REFERENCE TO THE INTER VIVOS NOMINATION APPOINTMENT OF THE 13 GUARDIAN OF A MINOR. 14

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 15-5-201, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 16 amended to read as follows: 17

15-5-201. STATUS OF GUARDIAN OF MINOR -- GENERAL. A person becomes a guardian of a minor by acceptance of a testamentary or inter vivos nomination appointment or upon appointment by the court. The guardianship status continues until terminated, without regard to the location from time to time of the guardian and minor ward.

SECTION 2. That Chapter 5, Title 15, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a NEW SECTION, to be known and designated as Section 15-5-202A, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

- 15-5-202A. INTER VIVOS NOMINATION APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN OF MI-NOR. (1) A parent of a minor may nominate a quardian of an unmarried minor the parent has or may have in the future by a signed writing, subject to the right of the minor under section 15-5-203, Idaho Code. The nomination may specify the desired limitations on the powers to be given to the guardian. The nominating parent may revoke or amend the nomination at any time. The termination of parental rights of a parent as to the minor shall also terminate the right of that parent to nominate a guardian for the minor. An inter vivos nomination becomes effective upon:
 - (a) The filing in the court that has venue under section 15-5-211, Idaho Code, of the written nomination by an interested person, and of the quardian's written acceptance; and
 - (b) An adjudication that the nominating parent is an incapacitated person or a written determination by a physician who has examined the nominating parent that the nominating parent is no longer able to care for

the minor, whichever occurs first and which must also be filed with the court.

(2) Upon request by the nominated guardian under an effective inter vivos nomination, which request may be submitted with the filing of the acceptance by the nominated guardian or thereafter, the court shall issue letters of guardianship that shall include a statement that the letters are issued pursuant to an inter vivos nomination.

- (3) If the written nomination of a quardian of a minor provides for its effectiveness to be conditioned upon the examination and determination of one (1) or more specific physicians or more than one (1) physician, such provision shall be mandatory. Written notice of acceptance of the appointment must be given by the quardian to the minor and to the person having his custody, or if none, to the person having his care, or if none, to his nearest adult relation immediately upon acceptance of appointment. The nominating parent may nominate one (1) or more alternate quardians, in order of priority. If a guardian nominated in the writing fails to accept guardianship within thirty (30) days after receiving a written request to file an acceptance, files a notice of declination to accept appointment prior to the running of the thirty (30) day period, ceases to act after acceptance, or is deceased, then the alternate guardian next in priority becomes the nominated quardian and may file a written notice of acceptance as provided in this section. Written notice of acceptance and a copy of the letters of guardianship, if any, must be given to the minor and to the person having his custody if such person is not the nominated guardian, and to any parent of the minor who is alive and who has a right to nominate a guardian for the minor, within ten (10) days after the filing of the notice of acceptance as to the notice of acceptance, and within ten (10) days after issuance of the letters of quardianship as to the letters of quardianship.
- (4) The existence of an effective inter vivos nomination does not foreclose the initiation by an interested person of proceedings under section 15-5-207 or 66-404, Idaho Code.

SECTION 3. That Section 15-5-203, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

15-5-203. OBJECTION BY MINOR OF FOURTEEN YEARS OR OLDER TO TESTAMENTARY APPOINTMENT. A minor of fourteen (14) or more years may prevent an appointment of his testamentary or nominated inter vivos guardian from becoming effective, or may cause a previously accepted appointment to terminate, by filing with the court in which the will is probated where the acceptance was filed a written objection to the appointment before it is accepted or within thirty (30) days after notice of its acceptance. An objection may be withdrawn. In the event of such objection, the alternate guardian next in priority named in the will may accept appointment as set forth in section 15-5-202 or 15-5-202A, Idaho Code, and the minor shall have the same right of objection. An objection does not preclude appointment by the court in a proper proceeding of the testamentary nominee, or any other suitable person.

SECTION 4. That Section 15-5-208, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

15-5-208. CONSENT TO SERVICE BY ACCEPTANCE OF APPOINTMENT -- NOTICE. By accepting an inter vivos, testamentary or court appointment as guardian, a guardian submits personally to the jurisdiction of the court in any proceeding relating to the guardianship that may be instituted by any interested person. Notice of any proceeding shall be delivered to the guardian, or mailed to him by ordinary mail at his address as listed in the court records and to his address as then known to the petitioner.

SECTION 5. That Section 15-5-210, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

15-5-210. TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN -- GENERAL. A guardian's authority and responsibility terminates upon the death, resignation or removal of the guardian or upon the minor's death, adoption, marriage or attainment of majority, but termination does not affect his liability for prior acts, nor his obligation to account for funds and assets of his ward. Resignation of a guardian does not terminate the guardianship until it has been approved by the court. A testamentary appointment under an informally probated will terminates if the will is later denied probate in a formal proceeding. An inter vivos appointment terminates upon an adjudication that the nominating parent is no longer an incapacitated person or a written determination by a physician who has examined the nominating parent that the nominating parent is able to care for the minor, whichever occurs first.

SECTION 6. That Section 15-5-211, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

15-5-211. PROCEEDINGS SUBSEQUENT TO APPOINTMENT -- VENUE. (a<u>1</u>) The court where the ward resides has concurrent jurisdiction with the court which appointed the guardian, or in which acceptance of a testamentary or inter vivos appointment was filed, over resignation, removal, accounting and other proceedings relating to the guardianship.

(b2) If the court located where the ward resides is not the court in which acceptance of appointment is filed, the court in which proceedings subsequent to appointment are commenced shall in all appropriate cases notify the other court, if in this state, and after consultation with that court determine whether to retain jurisdiction or transfer the proceedings to the other court, whichever is in the best interest of the ward. A copy of any order accepting a resignation or removing a guardian shall be sent to the court in which acceptance of appointment is filed. If the court in which acceptance of appointment is filed is in another state, the court in this state shall proceed in accordance with chapters 9, 10 and/or 11, title 15, Idaho Code, as appropriate.