

# Tutorial for Week 3 - Answers

Ben Weston

October 28, 2020

4. Prove by mathematical induction that the sum of the first  $n$  positive integers is  $n^2 + n$ .

**Proof:**

**Base Case:**

$$\begin{aligned} n &= 0 \\ 0 &= 0^2 + 0 = 0 \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

**Inductive Step:**

Suppose for  $n = m$  the property holds.

Then,

$$0 + 2 + 4 + \dots + 2(m) = m^2 + m \tag{2}$$

Consider the statement for  $n = m + 1$ :

$$0 + 2 + 4 + \dots + 2(m) + 2(m + 1) \tag{3}$$

By induction hypothesis,

$$0 + 2 + 4 + \dots + 2(m) = m^2 + m \tag{4}$$

So,

$$\begin{aligned} 0 + 2 + 4 + \dots + 2(m) + 2(m + 1) &= m^2 + m + 2(m + 1) \\ &= m^2 + m + m + 1 + (m + 1) \\ &= m^2 + 2m + 1 + (m + 1) \\ &= (m + 1)^2 + (m + 1) \end{aligned} \tag{5}$$

By the principle of mathematical induction  $0 + 2 + 4 + \dots + 2(n) = n^2 + n$  for all natural  $n$ . ■