Title: Autism Screening Adult Data Set

Informations:

Number of Instances:704

Attribute Characteristics: Integer

Number of Attributes:21

Date Donated 2017-12-24

Associated Tasks: Classification

Missing Values? Yes

Number of Web Hits: 84051

Dataset Content:

Attribute	Domain					
1. A1_Score	{0,1}					
2. A2_Score	{0,1}					
3. A3_Score	{0,1}					
4. A4_Score	{0,1}					
5. A5_Score	{0,1}					
6. A6_Score	{0,1}					
7. A7_Score	{0,1}					
8. A8_Score	{0,1}					
9. A9_Score	{0,1}					
10. A10_Score	{0,1}					
11. age	numeric					
12. gender	{f,m}					
13. ethnicity	{White-					
European, Latino, Others, Black, Asiar						
',Pasifika,'South asian',Hispanic,						
14.jundice	{no,yes}					
15.austim	{no,yes}					
16.contry_of_res	{'United					
States', Brazil, Spain, Egypt, 'New	Announting london Incland Illnited					
Zealand', Bahamas, Burundi, Austria, Argentina, Jordan, Ireland, 'United						
Arab Emirates', Afghanistan, Lebanon, 'United Kingdom', 'South						
Africa',Italy,Pakistan,Bangladesh,Chile,France,China,Australia,Canada,						
Arabia', Netherlands, Romania, Sweder Lanka', 'Sierra Leone', Ethiopia, '\ Rica', Germany, Mexico, Russia, Armeni						
	ericanSamoa,Uruguay,Serbia,Portugal,M					
17.used_app_before	{no,yes}					
18.result	numeric					
19.age_desc	{'18 and more'}					
20.relation	{Self,Parent,'Health care					

```
professional',Relative,Others}
21.Class/ASD {NO,YES}
```

Dataset Description

```
Feature : Description
index : The participant's ID number
AX Score: Score based on the Autism Spectrum Quotient (AQ) 10
item screening tool AQ-10
age : Age in years
gender : Male or Female
ethnicity: Ethnicities in text form
jaundice: Whether or not the participant was born with
jaundice?
austsm : Whether or not anyone in the immediate family has been
diagnosed with autism?
country_of_res : Countries in text format
used app before : Whether the participant has used a screening
app
result Score from the AQ-10 screening tool
age desc : Age as categorical
relation : Relation of person who completed the test
Class/ASD : Participant classification
```

Importing Libraries

```
In [258...
          # For dataframe and visualization
          import numpy as np
          import pandas as pd
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import seaborn as sns
          import numpy as np
          from scipy.io import arff
          # Processing data
          from sklearn import preprocessing
          from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
          # Prepare Data for classification
          from sklearn.model selection import train test split
          from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, accuracy_score
          # Classification
          from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
          from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
          from sklearn.svm import SVC
          from sklearn import metrics
          from sklearn.metrics import mean absolute error
          # Comparing Classification
          from sklearn.metrics import RocCurveDisplay
```

Reading Data

```
In [259... # Load dataset
```

```
dataset = pd.read_table('Autism-Adult-Data.arff', sep = ',')
In [260...
           df = dataset.copy()
In [261...
           # Rename columns
           df.columns = ['A1 Score','A2 Score','A3 Score','A4 Score','A5 Score','A6 Score'
In [262...
           df.head()
             A1_Score A2_Score A3_Score A4_Score A5_Score A6_Score A7_Score A8_Score A9_Sco
Out [262...
          0
                    1
                             1
                                       0
                                                 1
                                                          0
                                                                              0
                                                                                       1
                                       0
          1
                    1
                             1
                                                 1
                                                          1
                                                                    0
                                                                              1
                                                                                       1
          2
                    1
                             1
                                       0
                                                 1
                                                          0
                                                                    0
                                                                              1
                                                                                       1
          3
                             0
                                       0
                                                 0
                                                                              0
                                                                                       1
                    1
                             1
                                       1
                                                 1
                                                          1
                                                                    0
                                                                              1
                                                                                       1
         5 rows × 21 columns
In [263...
           df.index #Describe index
Out[263... RangeIndex(start=0, stop=703, step=1)
In [264...
           df.shape
Out[264... (703, 21)
In [265...
           df.count() #Number of non-NA values
Out[265... A1_Score
                               703
          A2_Score
                               703
          A3_Score
                               703
          A4_Score
                               703
          A5_Score
                               703
          A6_Score
                               703
          A7_Score
                               703
          A8_Score
                               703
          A9 Score
                               703
          A10 Score
                               703
          age
                               703
          gender
                               703
          ethnicity
                               703
          jundice
                               703
          austim
                               703
          contry_of_res
                               703
          used app before
                               703
          resultnumeric
                               703
          age desc
                               703
          relation
                               703
```

Class/ASD 703 dtype: int64

Feature Engineering

```
In [266...
```

```
df.info() #Info on DataFrame
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 703 entries, 0 to 702
Data columns (total 21 columns):
     Column
                       Non-Null Count
                                         Dtype
 0
     A1 Score
                      703 non-null
                                         int64
     A2 Score
 1
                      703 non-null
                                         int64
     A3 Score
                      703 non-null
 2
                                         int64
 3
     A4 Score
                      703 non-null
                                        int64
                    703 non-null
 4
     A5 Score
                                        int64
 5
     A6 Score
                                        int64
 6
     A7 Score
                                        int64
 7
     A8 Score
                                        int64
     A9 Score
 8
                                        int64
 9
     A10 Score
                                        int64
 10
                                       object
     age
                     703 non-null
703 non-null
703 non-null
 11
     gender
                                        object
 12
                                         object
     ethnicity
 13
                                         object
     jundice
                       703 non-null
 14
     austim
                                         object
     contry_of_res 703 non-null
 15
                                         object
    used app before 703 non-null
 16
                                         object
     resultnumeric 703 non-null
 17
                                         int64
                       703 non-null
 18
     age desc
                                         object
 19
     relation
                       703 non-null
                                         object
 20
     Class/ASD
                       703 non-null
                                         object
dtypes: int64(11), object(10)
memory usage: 115.5+ KB
```

Some columns are object and some of them has string Yes or No, we need to replace them to boolean (0, 1)

```
In [267... # Replace columns with number

df = df.replace("yes", 1)

df = df.replace("no", 0)

df = df.replace("YES", 1)

df = df.replace("NO", 0)

df = df.replace("f", 1)

df = df.replace("m", 0)
```

In [268...

df.info() #Info on DataFrame

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 703 entries, 0 to 702 Data columns (total 21 columns): # Column Non-Null Count Dtype A1 Score 703 non-null 0 int64 A2_Score A3_Score 703 non-null 1 int64 703 non-null 2 int64 A4 Score 703 non-null 3 int64 A4_Score A5_Score A6_Score A7_Score A8_Score A9_Score 4 703 non-null int64 5 703 non-null int64 6 703 non-null int64 7 703 non-null int64 8 703 non-null int64

A10 Score

int64

703 non-null

```
703 non-null
          10
                                               object
              age
          11
             gender
                               703 non-null
                                               int64
          12 ethnicity
                               703 non-null
                                               object
                               703 non-null
          13
                                               int64
             jundice
          14 austim
                               703 non-null
                                               int64
                               703 non-null
          15 contry_of_res
                                               object
          16 used app before 703 non-null
                                               int64
          17
             resultnumeric
                               703 non-null
                                               int64
          18 age_desc
                               703 non-null
                                               object
          19 relation
                               703 non-null
                                               object
          20 Class/ASD
                               703 non-null
                                               int64
         dtypes: int64(16), object(5)
         memory usage: 115.5+ KB
In [269...
          # Show missing values
          MissingValues = {col:df[df[col] == "?"].shape[0] for col in df.columns}
          MissingValues
Out[269... {'A1_Score': 0,
          'A2_Score': 0,
          'A3_Score': 0,
          'A4_Score': 0,
          'A5_Score': 0,
          'A6_Score': 0,
          'A7_Score': 0,
          'A8_Score': 0,
          'A9 Score': 0,
          'A10 Score': 0,
          'age': 2,
          'gender': 0,
          'ethnicity': 95,
          'jundice': 0,
          'austim': 0,
          'contry of res': 0,
          'used_app_before': 0,
          'resultnumeric': 0,
          'age_desc': 0,
          'relation': 95,
          'Class/ASD': 0}
```

Replace '?' values of Age by mean

```
In [270...
          # Replace '?' values by NaN
          for j in range(df.shape[0]):
               if(df.iloc[j,10]=='?'):
                   df.iloc[j,10]=np.NaN
In [271...
          # Drop NaN value
          df.dropna(inplace=True)
In [272...
          # replace dtype object to int
          df["age"] = df["age"].astype(str).astype(int)
In [273...
          df["age"].describe()
Out[273... count
                   701.000000
         mean
                    29.703281
          std
                    16.518660
         min
                    17.000000
          25%
                    21.000000
          50%
                    27.000000
```

```
Autism-Adult-Dataset-UCI Notebook
         75%
                    35.000000
                   383.000000
         Name: age, dtype: float64
In [274...
          # dropping record number 51
          df.iloc[51,10]=np.NaN
In [275...
          df[df['age'] == df['age'].max()]['age']
              64.0
Out[275... 6
         Name: age, dtype: float64
In [276...
          df["age"].describe()
                   700.000000
Out[276... count
                    29.198571
         mean
                     9.717718
         std
                    17.000000
         min
         25%
                    21.000000
         50%
                    27.000000
         75%
                    35.000000
                    64.000000
         max
         Name: age, dtype: float64
In [277...
          df['age'].fillna((df['age'].mean()), inplace=True)
         Replace '?' values of ethnicity by 'Others' and 'others' by 'Others'
In [279...
          # There is values that are the same : '?', 'Others' and 'others'
```

```
df['ethnicity'].unique()
Out[279... array(['Latino', 'White-European', '?', 'Others', 'Black', 'Asian', "'Middle Eastern '", 'Pasifika', "'South Asian'", 'Hispanic',
                   'Turkish', 'others'], dtype=object)
In [280...
           # Replace '?' with 'others'
           df['ethnicity'] = df['ethnicity'].replace('?', 'others')
In [281...
           # Replace '?' with 'Others'
           df['ethnicity'] = df['ethnicity'].replace('others', 'Others')
In [282...
           # Every missing values are now as 'Others'
           df['ethnicity'].unique()
Out[282... array(['Latino', 'White-European', 'Others', 'Black', 'Asian',
                   "'Middle Eastern '", 'Pasifika', "'South Asian'", 'Hispanic',
                   'Turkish'], dtype=object)
```

Replace '?' values of relation by a mode of relation

```
In [283...
          # Here we only have '?' as missing values
          df['relation'].unique()
Out[283 array(['Self', 'Parent', '?', "'Health care professional'", 'Relative',
```

'Others'], dtype=object)

```
In [284...
          # Replace the missing value with modal value of the columns
          df['relation'] = df['relation'].replace('?', df['relation'].mode()[0])
In [285...
          # Show results
          df['relation'].unique()
Out[285... array(['Self', 'Parent', "'Health care professional'", 'Relative',
                 'Others'], dtype=object)
In [286...
          # No more missing values !
          df.isnull().sum() #Number of NA values
Out[286... A1_Score
                              0
         A2_Score
                             0
                             0
         A3_Score
                             0
         A4 Score
         A5_Score
                             0
         A6 Score
                             0
         A7 Score
                             0
                             0
         A8 Score
                             0
         A9 Score
                             0
         A10 Score
                             0
          age
                             0
          gender
                             0
          ethnicity
                             0
          jundice
                             0
          austim
                             0
          contry of res
                             0
          used app before
                             0
          resultnumeric
                              0
          age desc
                              0
          relation
                              0
          Class/ASD
          dtype: int64
In [287...
          # Now every columns has the right type
          df.info() #Info on DataFrame
          <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
          Int64Index: 701 entries, 0 to 702
          Data columns (total 21 columns):
          #
               Column
                                Non-Null Count
                                                  Dtype
          - - -
               -----
                                 -----
                                                  ----
          0
               Al Score
                                701 non-null
                                                  int64
           1
               A2 Score
                                701 non-null
                                                  int64
                              701 non-null
           2
               A3 Score
                                                  int64
           3
               A4 Score
                                                  int64
           4
               A5 Score
                                                  int64
           5
               A6 Score
                                                  int64
           6
               A7 Score
                                                  int64
               A8_Score
A9_Score
           7
                                                  int64
           8
                                                  int64
           9
               A10_Score
                                                  int64
           10
               age
                                701 non-null
                                                  float64
           11
               gender
                                701 non-null
                                                  int64
                               701 non-null
              ethnicity
           12
                                                  object
           13
              jundice
                                 701 non-null
                                                  int64
           14
              austim
                                 701 non-null
                                                  int64
           15
               contry of res
                                 701 non-null
                                                  object
               used_app_before
                                 701 non-null
                                                  int64
           17
               resultnumeric
                                 701 non-null
                                                  int64
           18
               age desc
                                 701 non-null
                                                  object
```

19 relation 701 non-null object 20 Class/ASD 701 non-null int64 dtypes: float64(1), int64(16), object(4)

memory usage: 120.5+ KB

: number of functions in the data framework

Column: Features header in the Dataframe

Non-null Count: Counter of nonzero values for each Dataframe

function

Type: type of data stored for each function of the data frame

Summary

In [288...

df.describe() #Statistical summary of DataFrame

Out[288...

	A1_Score	A2_Score	A3_Score	A4_Score	A5_Score	A6_Score	A7_Score	A8_
count	701.000000	701.000000	701.000000	701.000000	701.000000	701.000000	701.000000	701.C
mean	0.723252	0.452211	0.457917	0.496434	0.499287	0.285307	0.416548	0.6
std	0.447710	0.498066	0.498582	0.500344	0.500357	0.451883	0.493339	0.4
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.0
25%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.0
50%	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.0
75%	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.0
max	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.0
4								

count: number of examples counted for the selected function

mean: arithmetic mean for the selected function std: standard deviation for the selected function

min: minimum value presented by the examples for the selected function

25%: first quartile calculated on the examples for the selected function

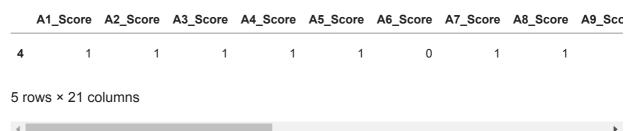
50%: second quartile calculated on the examples for the selected function

75%: third quartile calculated on examples for selected feature max: maximum value presented by the examples for the selected function

In [289...

df.head()

	difficult)									
Out[289		A1_Score	A2_Score	A3_Score	A4_Score	A5_Score	A6_Score	A7_Score	A8_Score	A9_Scc
	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	
	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	
	2	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	
	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	



Visualization

```
# Let's see the diversity of autism
print(df['gender'].value_counts())
men = df.value_counts(["gender"])[0]
women = df.value_counts(["gender"])[1]

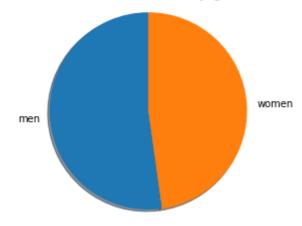
name = ['men', 'women']
data = [men, women]
plt.title("Patients with autism by gender", fontsize = 15)

plt.pie(data, labels=name, startangle=90, shadow=True)
plt.axis('equal')
plt.show()
```

0 366 1 335

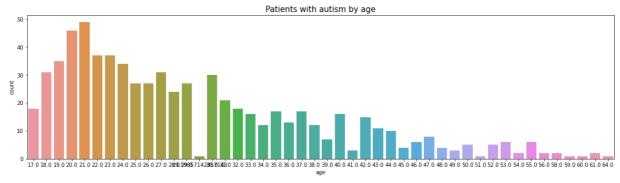
Name: gender, dtype: int64

Patients with autism by gender



```
plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
   plt.title("Patients with autism by age", fontsize = 15)
   sns.countplot(x="age",data=df)
```

Out[314... <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Patients with autism by age'}, xlabel='age', yl abel='count'>

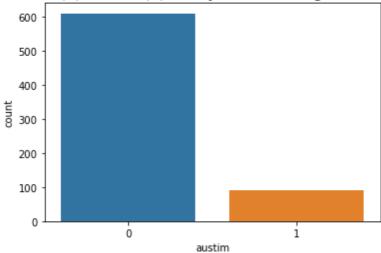


```
# Let's see if Patients has family member diagnosed with autism
print(df['austim'].value_counts())
sns.countplot(x="austim", data=df)
plt.title("Patients with(1) and not(0) family member diagnosed with autism",
plt.show()
```

0 610 1 91

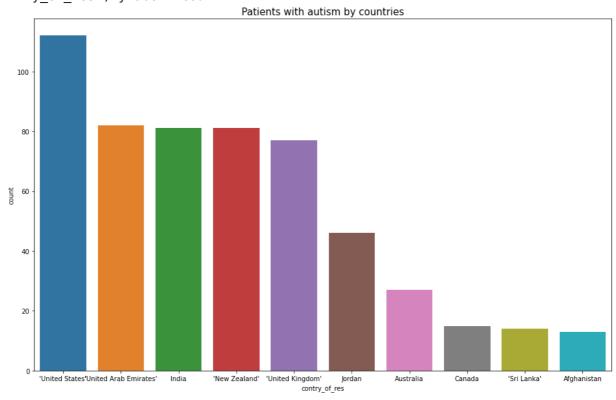
Name: austim, dtype: int64

Patients with(1) and not(0) family member diagnosed with autism



```
# The top 10 countries with autism
plt.figure(figsize = (16, 10))
plt.title("Patients with autism by countries", fontsize = 15)
plt.xlabel('contries')
plt.ylabel('number of austim')
order=df["contry_of_res"].value_counts().nlargest(10).index
# plt.bar(df.value_counts(["contry_of_res"])[1],df['austim'])
sns.countplot(x="contry_of_res", data=df, order=order)
```

Out[294... <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Patients with autism by countries'}, xlabel='co
 ntry of res', ylabel='count'>



```
In [291...
```

```
plt.title("Patients classified as ASD", fontsize = 15)
sns.countplot(x="Class/ASD",data=df)
print(df["Class/ASD"].describe())
```

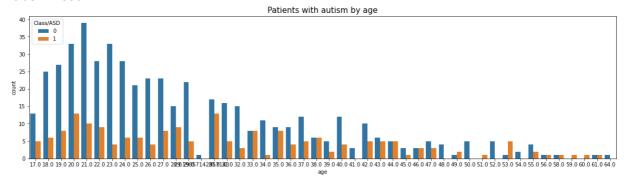
```
701.000000
count
           0.269615
mean
           0.444077
std
           0.000000
min
           0.000000
25%
50%
           0.000000
75%
           1.000000
           1.000000
max
```

Name: Class/ASD, dtype: float64

Patients classified as ASD 500 400 300 200 100 0 0 1 Class/ASD

```
In [317...
          plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
          plt.title("Patients with autism by age", fontsize = 15)
          sns.countplot(x="age",hue="Class/ASD",data=df)
```

Out[317... <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Patients with autism by age'}, xlabel='age', yl abel='count'>

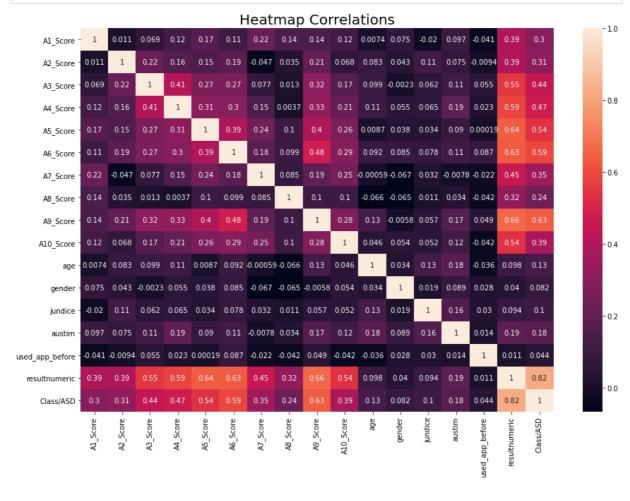


```
In [316...
          plt.title("Patients with autism by gender", fontsize = 15)
          sns.countplot(x="gender",hue="Class/ASD",data=df)
```

Out[316... <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'patients with autism by gender'}, xlabel='gende r', ylabel='count'>

patients with autism by gender 250 200 100 50 qender

```
# Correlation between dataset columns
plt.figure(figsize = (15, 10))
plt.title("Heatmap Correlations", fontsize = 20)
sns.heatmap(df.corr(), annot = True)
plt.show()
```



Pré-processing

```
In [296... # Dropp Unwanted columns
    df.drop(['age_desc'], axis = 1, inplace = True)
```

Split the data

```
X = df.drop("Class/ASD", axis = 1) # select all other feature except "Class"
In [297...
          y = df['Class/ASD']
```

Due to the presence of data expressed with different location, normalization must be performed by using the get_dummies() method.

```
In [298...
           X = pd.get dummies(X)
```

The data need to be split in trainning set and testing set

```
In [299...
           X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.8)
In [300...
           print(f"X = {X.shape}")
           print(f"Y = {y.shape}")
          X = (701, 98)
          Y = (701,)
In [301...
           print(f"X_train = {X_train.shape}")
           print(f"Y_train = {y_train.shape}\n")
           print(f"X test = {X test.shape}")
           print(f"Y test = {y test.shape}")
          X \text{ train} = (140, 98)
          Y train = (140,)
          X \text{ test} = (561, 98)
          Y \text{ test} = (561,)
```

Support Vector Classification

```
In [302...
          # Apply SVC
          svc =SVC(random state=3)
          svc.fit(X train,y train)
          pred_svc = svc.predict(X_test)
          print(classification_report(y_test,pred_svc))
          print('Mean Absolute Error:', metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test, pred_svc))
          print('Mean Squared Error:', metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test, pred_svc))
          print('Root Mean Squared Error:', np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,
                       precision
                                     recall f1-score
                                                        support
```

```
0
                     0.92
                                1.00
                                           0.96
                                                       414
            1
                     1.00
                                0.74
                                           0.85
                                                       147
                                           0.93
                                                       561
    accuracy
                     0.96
                                0.87
                                           0.90
                                                       561
   macro avg
weighted avg
                     0.94
                                0.93
                                           0.93
                                                       561
```

Mean Absolute Error: 0.0677361853832442 Mean Squared Error: 0.0677361853832442 Root Mean Squared Error: 0.2602617631986001

```
In [303...
          A = np.array([ round(metrics.precision_score(y_test, pred_svc),4),
              round(metrics.recall_score(y_test, pred_svc),4),
              round(metrics.fl_score(y_test, pred_svc),4)])
          A = np.reshape(A, (1, 3))
```

```
Out[303... array([[1. , 0.7415, 0.8516]])
```

Random Forest Classifier

```
In [304...
           # Apply RFC
           rfc = RandomForestClassifier(random state=3)
           rfc.fit(X_train, y_train)
           pred_RFR = rfc.predict(X_test)
           print(classification report(y test,pred RFR))
           print('Mean Absolute Error:', metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test, pred_RFR))
print('Mean Squared Error:', metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test, pred_RFR))
           print('Root Mean Squared Error:', np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,
                         precision recall f1-score
                                                             support
                      0
                               1.00
                                          1.00
                                                     1.00
                                                                  414
                      1
                               1.00
                                          0.99
                                                     0.99
                                                                  147
                                                     1.00
                                                                  561
              accuracy
                               1.00
                                          0.99
                                                     1.00
                                                                  561
             macro avg
          weighted avg
                               1.00
                                          1.00
                                                      1.00
                                                                  561
          Mean Absolute Error: 0.0035650623885918
          Mean Squared Error: 0.0035650623885918
          Root Mean Squared Error: 0.05970814340265321
In [305...
           B = np.array([ round(metrics.precision score(y test, pred RFR),4),
               round(metrics.recall_score(y_test, pred_RFR),4),
               round(metrics.fl score(y test, pred RFR),4)])
           B = np.reshape(B, (1, 3))
```

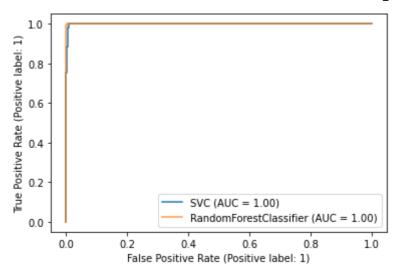
Classification Comparison

, 0.9864, 0.9932]])

Roc Curve

Out[305... array([[1.

```
In [306...
          svc disp = RocCurveDisplay.from_estimator(svc, X_test, y_test)
          ax = plt.gca()
          rfc_disp = RocCurveDisplay.from_estimator(rfc, X_test, y_test, ax=ax, alpha=@)
          regressor_disp = ()
          plt.show()
```

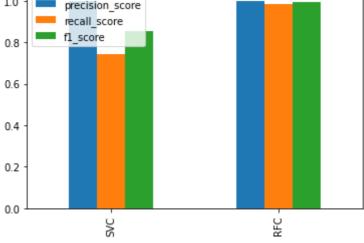


We cannot clearly see the difference with the Roc curve even if we can briefly see that RFC is slightly more eccentric than an RFC.

Plot Bar

```
# plot scoring to see the difference
Data = np.reshape([A, B], (2, 3))
fig = pd.DataFrame(Data, columns=["precision_score", "recall_score", "fl_scorfig.plot.bar();
plt.show()
print([A, B])

precision_score
```



[array([[1. , 0.7415, 0.8516]]), array([[1. , 0.9864, 0.9932]])]

We will use Random Forest Classifier. He has the best scores and is the most eccentric curve in the ROC curve.