## **Digital Innovation**

## Intelligent Interface of Human-Machine

Tutor: cch (diffusion)

Nothing is no more popular than HTML!

#### **HTML**

A popular format of data suit for any device and anybody!

### **Template**

- (verbatim mode) I'm here,
- I'm here, (by <big>... </big> tag)
- I'm here, (by <i>... <i> tag)
- I'm here, (by <font color="red">... </color> tag)

```
In [8]:

from IPython.display import HTML
HTML("<iframe src=1/here.html width=50% height=20%></iframe>")
Out[8]:
```

#### Code

#### **Note**

The *meta* tag with "viewport" used above is initially introduced for recent mobile devices device but is also popular in general HTML codes.

### **HTML Programming Environment**

- HTML, CSS and Javascript
- Development Tool: Seamonkey, Gimp

# Second Lecture (Interactivity)

Input a number, X, and calculate its square power,  $X^2$ :

```
Input: 6

Squre of input = 36

Calculate
```

#### **Main HTML Part**

define a form, waiting for data input to work:

### **Javascript Function**

Calculate the square of Input:

```
<script type="text/javascript">
   function calcSquare(real)
   {
     var result=real*real;
     document.getElementById('boldStuff').innerHTML = result;
   }
</script>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript">
    function calcSquare()
    {
       var realval=document.getElementById('real').value;
      var result=realval*realval;
       document.getElementById('boldStuff').innerHTML = result;
    }
    </script>

Input: 6

Squre of input = 36
Calculate
```

#### **Note**

above result enhanced by some CSS

```
<div style="font-family: Georgia, serif;background-color:gainsboro; bo
rder:solid black; width:300px; padding:20px;">
```

same effect by standard CSS syntax

```
<style type="text/css">
    form,input {
        font-family: Georgia, serif;
    }
</style>
```

```
Input: 6

Squre of input = 36

Calculate
```

#### Code

```
<html>
   <meta name="viewport" content="user-scalable=no, initial-scale=1, maxi</pre>
mum-scale=1, minimum-scale=1, width=device-width, height=device-height" /
>
   <style type="text/css">
      form {
            font-family: Georgia, serif;
            background-color:gainsboro;
            border:solid black;
            width:300px;
            padding:20px;
      }
      input {
            font-family: Georgia, serif;
   </style>
   <body>
      <form action="#">
     Input:
     <input id="real" type="numeric" name="real"</pre>
            min="0" max="100" step="1" value="6">
     Squre of input = <b id="boldStuff">36</b>
     <br>
     <input value="Calculate"</pre>
        onclick="calcSquare(this.form.real.value)"
        type="button">
   </form>
   <script type="text/javascript">
        function calcSquare(real)
          var result=real*real;
          document.getElementById('boldStuff').innerHTML = result;
    </script>
   </body>
</html>
```

## **Computer Practice**

Complete the example file in HTML format.

#### **Next Lecture**

How to make an App with the HTML contents:

- Hello World (ipynb) (1/index.ipynb)
- Hello World (HTML) (1/index.html)

## App's Internationalization (i18n)

- 1. Startup Android Studio (or Eclipse) and create a project, named "test";
- 2. Structure of projects, src,res/[layout,values];
- 3. Setup "run configuration", create a new AVD, and test it;
- 4. copy whole the directory, res/values, and rename as "res/values-zh-rTW" for **Traditional Chinese Language**;
- 5. modify **string.xml** in the directory ceated by last step into Traditional Chinese;
- 6. change language of AVD to test the locale.
- 7. use mobile device as the test system.

In [2]:

```
%%bash
jupyter nbconvert Com-2016-1.ipynb

[NbConvertApp] Converting notebook Com-2016-1.ipynb to html
[NbConvertApp] Writing 285435 bytes to Com-2016-1.html

In []:
```