

# Homework 8

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1

```
sum_seq_of_squares <- function(n) {  
  output <- 0  
  for (i in 1:n) {  
    out <- output + i * i  
  }  
  out  
}  
  
sum_seq_of_squares(15)
```

[1] 225

```
sum_seq_of_squares(27)
```

[1] 729

2

```
#part a  
library(rvest)  
library(dplyr)
```

Attaching package: 'dplyr'

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

filter, lag

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

```
library(readr)
```

Attaching package: 'readr'

The following object is masked from 'package:rvest':

guess\_encoding

```
library(janitor)
```

Attaching package: 'janitor'

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

chisq.test, fisher.test

```
library(lubridate)
```

Attaching package: 'lubridate'

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

date, intersect, setdiff, union

```

library(stringr)

scrape_bomojo <- function(url) {
  page <- read_html(url)

  table <- page |>
    html_element("table") |>
    html_table() |>
    clean_names() |>
    mutate(
      gross = parse_number(gross),
      theaters = parse_number(theaters),
      total_gross = parse_number(total_gross),
      release_date = mdy(paste(release_date, str_extract(url, "\\d{4}")))
    )

  select(table, -genre, -budget, -running_time, -estimated)
}

url_2024 <- "https://www.boxofficemojo.com/year/2024/"
head(scrape_bomojo(url_2024), 10)

```

# A tibble: 10 x 7

	rank	release	gross	theaters	total_gross	release_date	distributor
	<int>	<chr>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<date>	<chr>
1	1	Inside Out 2	6.53e8	4440	652980194	2024-06-14	Walt Disne~
2	2	Deadpool & Wolver~	6.37e8	4330	636745858	2024-07-26	Walt Disne~
3	3	Wicked	4.33e8	3888	473231120	2024-11-22	Universal ~
4	4	Moana 2	4.04e8	4200	460405297	2024-11-27	Walt Disne~
5	5	Despicable Me 4	3.61e8	4449	361004205	2024-07-03	Universal ~
6	6	Beetlejuice Beetl~	2.94e8	4575	294100435	2024-09-06	Warner Bro~
7	7	Dune: Part Two	2.82e8	4074	282144358	2024-03-01	Warner Bro~
8	8	Twisters	2.68e8	4170	267762265	2024-07-19	Universal ~
9	9	Godzilla x Kong: ~	1.96e8	3948	196350016	2024-03-29	Warner Bro~
10	10	Kung Fu Panda 4	1.94e8	4067	193590620	2024-03-08	Universal ~

```

# part b
scrape_bomojo2 <- function(year) {
  url <- paste0("https://www.boxofficemojo.com/year/", year, "/")
  scrape_bomojo(url)
}

```

```
head(scrape_bomojo2(2003), 10)
```

```
# A tibble: 10 x 7
```

	rank	release	gross	theaters	total_gross	release_date	distributor
	<int>	<chr>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<date>	<chr>
1	1	Finding Nemo	3.40e8	3425	339714978	2003-05-30	Walt Disne~
2	2	Pirates of the Ca~	3.05e8	3416	305413918	2003-07-09	Walt Disne~
3	3	The Matrix Reload~	2.82e8	3603	281576461	2003-05-15	Warner Bro~
4	4	The Lord of the R~	2.49e8	3703	377027325	2003-12-17	New Line C~
5	5	Bruce Almighty	2.43e8	3549	242829261	2003-05-23	Universal ~
6	6	X2: X-Men United	2.15e8	3749	214949694	2003-05-02	Twentieth ~
7	7	Elf	1.68e8	3381	173398518	2003-11-07	New Line C~
8	8	Chicago	1.68e8	2701	170687518	2003-12-27	Miramax
9	9	Terminator 3: Ris~	1.50e8	3504	150371112	2003-07-02	Warner Bro~
10	10	Bad Boys II	1.39e8	3202	138608444	2003-07-18	Sony Pictur~

3

```
library(nycflights13)
library(dplyr)
#part a and b
filter_severe <- function(data, hours = 1) {
  data |>
    filter(is.na(arr_time) | dep_delay > hours * 60)
}

flights |> filter_severe()
```

```
# A tibble: 35,138 x 19
```

	year	month	day	dep_time	sched_dep_time	dep_delay	arr_time	sched_arr_time
	<int>	<int>	<int>	<int>	<int>	<dbl>	<int>	<int>
1	2013	1	1	811	630	101	1047	830
2	2013	1	1	826	715	71	1136	1045
3	2013	1	1	848	1835	853	1001	1950
4	2013	1	1	957	733	144	1056	853
5	2013	1	1	1114	900	134	1447	1222
6	2013	1	1	1120	944	96	1331	1213
7	2013	1	1	1301	1150	71	1518	1345
8	2013	1	1	1337	1220	77	1649	1531

```

 9 2013      1      1      1400          1250          70      1645          1502
10 2013      1      1      1505          1310         115      1638          1431
# i 35,128 more rows
# i 11 more variables: arr_delay <dbl>, carrier <chr>, flight <int>,
#   tailnum <chr>, origin <chr>, dest <chr>, air_time <dbl>, distance <dbl>,
#   hour <dbl>, minute <dbl>, time_hour <dtm>

```

```
flights |> filter_severe(hours = 2)
```

```

# A tibble: 18,350 x 19
   year month   day dep_time sched_dep_time dep_delay arr_time sched_arr_time
   <int> <int> <int>   <int>         <int>      <dbl>   <int>         <int>
1  2013     1     1     848           1835        853    1001           1950
2  2013     1     1     957           733        144    1056           853
3  2013     1     1    1114           900        134    1447          1222
4  2013     1     1    1540          1338        122    2020          1825
5  2013     1     1    1815          1325        290    2120          1542
6  2013     1     1    1842          1422        260    1958          1535
7  2013     1     1    1856          1645        131    2212          2005
8  2013     1     1    1934          1725        129    2126          1855
9  2013     1     1    1938          1703        155    2109          1823
10 2013     1     1    1942          1705        157    2124          1830
# i 18,340 more rows
# i 11 more variables: arr_delay <dbl>, carrier <chr>, flight <int>,
#   tailnum <chr>, origin <chr>, dest <chr>, air_time <dbl>, distance <dbl>,
#   hour <dbl>, minute <dbl>, time_hour <dtm>

```

```

#part c
summarize_severe <- function(data) {
  data |>
    summarize(
      num_cancelled = sum(is.na(arr_time)),
      num_delayed_over_1hr = sum(dep_delay > 60, na.rm = TRUE)
    )
}
flights |> group_by(dest) |> summarize_severe()

```

```

# A tibble: 105 x 3
   dest num_cancelled num_delayed_over_1hr
   <chr>         <int>         <int>
1 ABQ             0             21

```

```

2 ACK          0          11
3 ALB          21         65
4 ANC          0          1
5 ATL         342       1285
6 AUS          22        181
7 AVL          12         16
8 BDL          31         50
9 BGR          17         50
10 BHM         28         50
# i 95 more rows

```

```

#part d
summarize_weather <- function(data, var) {
  data |>
    summarize(
      min = min({{ var }}, na.rm = TRUE),
      mean = mean({{ var }}, na.rm = TRUE),
      max = max({{ var }}, na.rm = TRUE)
    )
}
weather |> summarize_weather(temp)

```

```

# A tibble: 1 x 3
   min mean  max
<dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
1  10.9  55.3 100.

```

```

weather |> summarize_weather(wind_speed)

```

```

# A tibble: 1 x 3
   min mean  max
<dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
1     0  10.5 1048.

```

```

#part e
standardize_time <- function(data, var) {
  data |>
    mutate(
      decimal_time = floor({{ var }} / 100) + (({{ var }} % 100) / 60)
    )
}
flights |> standardize_time(sched_dep_time)

```

# A tibble: 336,776 x 20

	year	month	day	dep_time	sched_dep_time	dep_delay	arr_time	sched_arr_time
	<int>	<int>	<int>	<int>	<int>	<dbl>	<int>	<int>
1	2013	1	1	517	515	2	830	819
2	2013	1	1	533	529	4	850	830
3	2013	1	1	542	540	2	923	850
4	2013	1	1	544	545	-1	1004	1022
5	2013	1	1	554	600	-6	812	837
6	2013	1	1	554	558	-4	740	728
7	2013	1	1	555	600	-5	913	854
8	2013	1	1	557	600	-3	709	723
9	2013	1	1	557	600	-3	838	846
10	2013	1	1	558	600	-2	753	745

# i 336,766 more rows

# i 12 more variables: arr\_delay <dbl>, carrier <chr>, flight <int>,  
# tailnum <chr>, origin <chr>, dest <chr>, air\_time <dbl>, distance <dbl>,  
# hour <dbl>, minute <dbl>, time\_hour <dtm>, decimal\_time <dbl>

#### 4

```
library(dplyr)

commute <- read.csv("http://aloy.rbind.io/data/CommuteAtlanta.csv")

# number of bootstrap resamples
boots <- 1000
n <- nrow(commute)
boot_means <- numeric(boots)

for (b in 1:boots) {
  sample <- commute |> slice_sample(n = n, replace = TRUE)
  boot_means[b] <- mean(sample$Time, na.rm = TRUE)
}

# 95% percentile CI
confidence_interval <- quantile(boot_means, probs = c(0.025, 0.975), na.rm = TRUE)
mean_hat <- mean(commute$Time, na.rm = TRUE)

list(
  sample_mean = mean_hat,
```

```
  percentile_CI_95 = confidence_interval  
)
```

```
$sample_mean  
[1] 29.11
```

```
$percentile_CI_95  
      2.5%      97.5%  
27.34575 31.33255
```

## 5

```
library(ggplot2)  
num_of_steps <- 100  
position <- numeric(num_of_steps + 1)  
position[1] <- 0  
  
for (t in 2:(num_of_steps + 1)) {  
  flip <- sample(c("heads", "tails"), size = 1)  
  step <- if (flip == "heads") 1 else -1  
  position[t] <- position[t - 1] + step  
}  
  
# Put results in a data frame for ggplot  
df_walk <- data.frame(  
  Step = 0:num_of_steps,  
  Position = position  
)  
  
ggplot(df_walk, aes(x = Step, y = Position)) +  
  geom_line() +  
  geom_point() +  
  labs(  
    x = "Step",  
    y = "Position of the walker"  
  )
```



