

# Lesson 2

# Loop

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# Factorial 階乘

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In mathematic, use symbol “ ! ”.

$$\text{e.g. } 5! = 1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5 = 120$$

$$\text{e.g. } 6! = 1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5 \times 6 = 720$$

# While Loop

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```
int i = 1, answer = 1;
```

```
while(i <= 5){
```

```
    answer *= i;    //answer = answer * i;
```

```
    i++;           //i = i + 1;
```

```
}
```

```
//answer = 120
```

# While Loop

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```
int i = 10;
```

```
do{
```

```
    i--; //i = i - 1
```

```
}while(i >= 0);    //remember the semicolon(分號)
```

```
//i = -1
```

# For Loop

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Advantage: can set start value.

```
int i, times = 0;
```

```
for(i = 3; i < 10; i += 2){ //use semicolon!!!
```

```
    times++;
```

```
}
```

```
//i = 11, times = 4
```

# Exercise 1

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Enter two numbers.

Use while loop & for loop to calculate factorial.

====Display====

a = 5

5! = 120

b = 6

6! = 720

# Tips

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Use Tab key to indent(縮排) your code.

# Prime Number 質數

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The smallest prime is 2.



# if - else if - else

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```
bool flag = true;
```

```
int i;
```

```
for(i=0; i<10; i++){
```

```
    if(i%5 == 0){
```

```
        break;
```

```
        flag = false;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
//i = 5, flag = true
```

# break

---

Jump out loop immediately.

# Exercise 2

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Enter a start and an end value.

Find all the primes between these two value.

<Tips>

Use 2 for loops, also with if statement.