NM Lab Sheet II Year / II Part

Faculty: Computer/Electrical

Labsheet#3

Objectives:

- 1. Implement Bisection Method for the equation $\frac{1-(1+x)^4}{x}-1=0$. 2. Implement False-Position Method for the equation $e^{2.8x}+\cos(x)=3x^2$.

Bisection Method Algorithm:

- 1. Start
- 2. Read two initial guesses x1, x2 and error limit, e
- 3. Compute: f1 = f(x1) and f2 = f(x2)
- 4. If (f1*f2) > 0 goto Step 2
- 5. Determine: $x = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} & f(x)$
- 6. If $(|(x_1 x_2)/x| < e)$, then display x & goto Step 9

$$f = f(x)$$
;

7. If ((f*f1) > 0), then

$$x1 = x$$
$$f1 = f$$

else

$$x^2 = x$$

- f2 = f
- 8. Goto Step 5
- 9. Stop

False Position Method Algorithm:

- 1. Start
- 2. Read two initial guesses x1, x2 and error limit, e
- 3. Compute: f1 = f(x1) and f2 = f(x2)
- 4. If (f1*f2) > 0 goto Step 2
- 5. Determine: $x = x1 f(x1) \frac{x^2 x_1}{f(x^2) f(x_1)} & f(x)$
- 6. If f2*f <0 then

$$x1 = x$$
;

else

$$x2 = x$$
;

- 7. If f(x) > e = 0.00001 then
 - goto Step 5
- 8. Display the root as x.
- 9. Stop

Lab Assignment#3

- 1. Write an algorithm, flowchart & pseudo-code for finding a real root of a non-linear equation using False Position Method.
- 2. Explain the working principle and pseudo-code to find a real root of a non-linear equation using Bisection Method.
- 3. Find a real root of the equation xtan(x)-1=0 using Binary Chopping of Half-interval Method correct up to three (3) significant digits.
- 4. Using **Regula-falsi Method**, find a real root of the equation $f(x) = 3x \sqrt{1 + \sin(x)}$ correct up to three decimal points.
- 5. Locate the root of $f(x) = x^{10} 1 = 0$, between 0 and 1.3 using **Bisection Method** and **Interpolation Method**. Comment on which method is preferable.