TO UNDERSTAND

AND APPLY
CONCEPT OF

CONSTRAINTS

LAB-4

Presented To
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B-2



EXPERIMENT - 4

Title: To understand and apply the concept of Constraints.

Objective: To understand the concept of data constraints that is enforced on data being stored in the table. Focus on Primary Key and the Foreign Key.

1. Create the tables described below:

Table name: CLIENT_MASTER

Description: used to store client information.



Column name	data type	Size	Constraints
CLIENTNO	Varchar	6	Primary key / first letter must start with
			,C,
NAME	Varchar	20	Not Null
ADDRESS 1	Varchar	30	
ADDRESS 2	Varchar	30	
CITY	Varchar	15	
PINCODE	Integer	8	
STATE	Varchar	15	
BALDUE	Decimal	10,2	

```
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CREATE TABLE CLIENT_MASTER (
            CLIENTNO VARCHAR(6) PRIMARY KEY CHECK (CLIENTNO LIKE 'C%'),
 8
            NAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
 9
           ADDRESS1 VARCHAR(30),
 10
           ADDRESS2 VARCHAR(30),
 11
           CITY VARCHAR(15),
 12
           PINCODE INTEGER CHECK (PINCODE >= 0),
 13
           STATE VARCHAR(15),
 14
            BALDUE DECIMAL(10, 2) DEFAULT 0.00
 15
 16
 17
Action Output
 # Time Action
   1 19:26:35 CREATE DATABASE client
2 19:26:35 USE client
   3 19:27:08 CREATE TABLE CLIENT_MASTER ( CLIENTNO VARCHAR(6) PRIMARY KEY CHECK (CLIENTNO LIKE 'C%'), NAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
```

Table Name: PRODUCT_MASTER

Description: used to store product information

Column name	data type	Size	Attributes
PRODUCTNO	Varchar	6	Primary Key/ first letter must start with 'P'
DESCRIPTION	Varchar	15	Not Null
PROFITPERCE	Decimal	4,2	Not Null
NT			
UNIT	Varchar	10	Not Null
MEASURE			
QTYONHAND	Integer	8	Not Null
REORDERL VL	Integer	8	Not Null
SELLPRICE	Decimal	8,2	Not Null
COSTPRICE	Decimal	8,2	Not Null

```
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 18 • 

CREATE TABLE PRODUCT_MASTER (
 19
         PRODUCTNO VARCHAR(6),
 20
         CHECK (PRODUCTNO LIKE 'P%'),
         DESCRIPTION VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,
 21
         PROFITPERCENT DECIMAL(4,2) NOT NULL,
 22
         UNIT_MEASURE VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
 23
         QTYONHAND INTEGER(8) NOT NULL,
 24
         REORDERLVL INTEGER(8) NOT NULL,
 25
         SELLPRICE DECIMAL(8,2) NOT NULL,
 26
         COSTPRICE DECIMAL(8,2) NOT NULL
 27
 28
 29
Output ::
Action Output
 # Time Action
                                                                                                                 Messag
   1 19:26:35 CREATE DATABASE client
                                                                                                                1 row(s
2 19:26:35 USE client
3 19:27:08 CREATE TABLE CLIENT_MASTER ( CLIENTNO VARCHAR(6) PRIMARY KEY CHECK (CLIENTNO LIKE 'C'%'), NAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL, ...
Δ 4 19:28:00 CREATE TABLE PRODUCT_MASTER ( PRODUCTNO VARCHAR(6), CHECK (PRODUCTNO LIKE 'P%'), DESCRIPTION VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL, PR... 0 row(s
```

Table Name: SALESMAN_MASTER

Description: used to store salesman information working for the company.

Column name	data type	Size	Attributes
SALESMANNO	Varchar	6	Primary Key/ first letter must start with 'S'
SALESMANNAME	Varchar	20	Not Null
ADDRESS 1	Varchar	30	Not Null
ADDRESS 2	Varchar	30	
CITY	Varchar	20	
PINCODE	Integer	8	
STATE	Varchar	20	
SALAMT	Real	8,2	Not Null , Cannot be 0
TGTTOGET	Decimal	6,2	Not Null , Cannot be 0
YTDSALES	Double	6,2	Not Null
REMARKS	Varchar	60	

```
9

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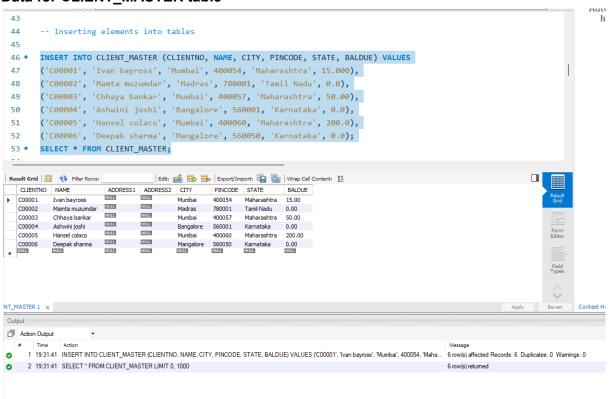
○ 

CREATE TABLE SALESMAN MASTER (

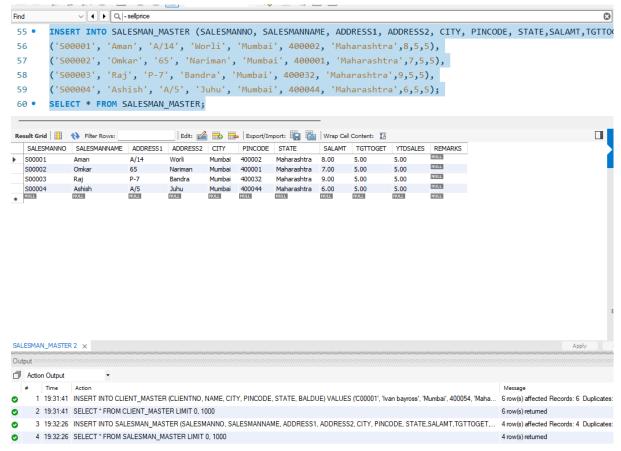
       SALESMANNO VARCHAR(6) PRIMARY KEY CHECK (SALESMANNO LIKE 'S%'),
1
       SALESMANNAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
2
       ADDRESS1 VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
3
       ADDRESS2 VARCHAR(30),
4
5
       CITY VARCHAR(20),
6
       PINCODE INTEGER(8),
       STATE VARCHAR(20),
       SALAMT REAL(8,2) NOT NULL CHECK (SALAMT <> 0),
8
       TGTTOGET DECIMAL(6,2) NOT NULL CHECK (TGTTOGET <> 0),
       YTDSALES DOUBLE(6,2) NOT NULL,
9
       REMARKS VARCHAR(60)
1
2
    Time
   1 19:26:35 CREATE DATABASE client
2 19:26:35 USE client
  3 19:27:08 CREATE TABLE CLIENT_MASTER ( CLIENTNO VARCHAR(6) PRIMARY KEY CHECK (CLIENTNO LIKE 'C%'), NAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
4 19:28:00 CREATE TABLE PRODUCT_MASTER ( PRODUCTNO VARCHAR(6), CHECK (PRODUCTNO LIKE 'P%'), DESCRIPTION VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL, PR... 0
   5 19:29:13 CREATE TABLE SALESMAN MASTER ( SALESMANNO VARCHAR(6) PRIMARY KEY CHECK (SALESMANNO LIKE 'S%'), SALESMANNAME VARCHA... 0
```

Insert the following data into their respective tables:

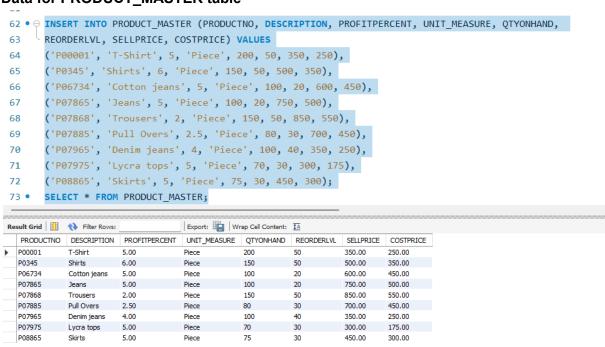
Data for CLIENT_MASTER table



Data for SALESMAN_MASTER table

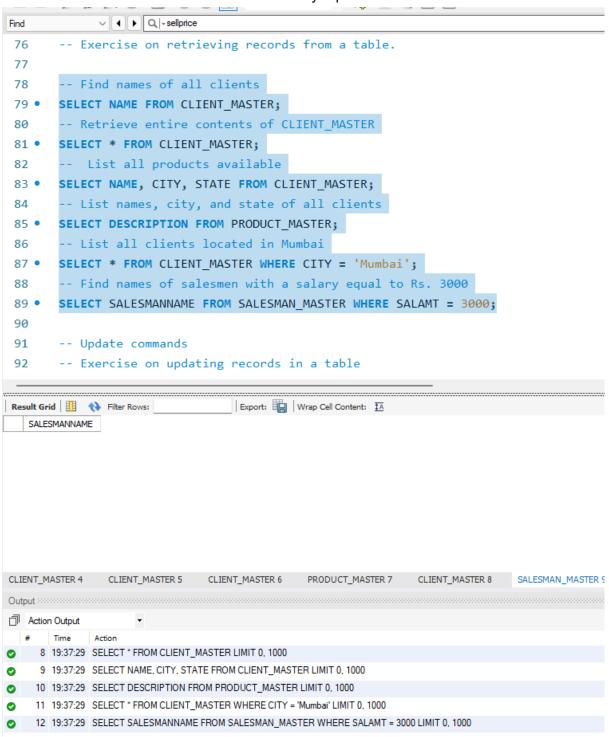


Data for PRODUCT MASTER table



Exercise on retrieving records from a table

- a. Find out the names of all the clients.
- b. Retrieve the entire contents of the Client Master table.
- c. Retrieve the list of names, city and the state of all the clients.
- d. List the various products available from the Product Master table.
- e. List all the clients who are located in Mumbai.
- f. Find the names of salesman who have a salary equal to Rs.3000.



Exercise on updating records in a table

- a. Change the city of ClientNo 'C00005' to 'Bangalore'.
- b. Change the BalDue of ClientNo 'C00001' to Rs.1000.
- c. Change the cost price of 'Trousers' to rs.950.00.
- d. Change the city of the salesman to Pune.

```
92
        -- Update commands
        -- Exercise on updating records in a table
93
94
        -- Change the city of ClientNo 'C00005' to 'Bangalore'
95
        UPDATE CLIENT_MASTER SET CITY = 'Bangalore' WHERE CLIENTNO = 'C000005';
96 •
         -- Change BalDue of ClientNo 'C00001' to Rs. 1000
97
98 •
        UPDATE CLIENT_MASTER SET BALDUE = 1000 WHERE CLIENTNO = 'C00001';
         - Change the cost price of 'Trousers' to Rs. 950.00
99
        UPDATE PRODUCT_MASTER SET COSTPRICE = 950 WHERE PRODUCTNO = 'P07868';
100 •
         - Change the city of salesmen to 'Pune'
101
        UPDATE SALESMAN_MASTER SET CITY = 'Pune';
102 •
194
Output
Action Output
   1 19:41:46 UPDATE CLIENT_MASTER SET CITY = 'Bangalore' WHERE CLIENTNO = 'C00005'
                                                                                                                0 row(s) affection
    2 19:41:46 UPDATE CLIENT_MASTER SET BALDUE = 1000 WHERE CLIENTNO = 'C00001'
                                                                                                                0 row(s) affect
     3 19:41:46 UPDATE PRODUCT_MASTER SET COSTPRICE = 950 WHERE PRODUCTNO = 'P07868'
                                                                                                                1 row(s) affect
4 19:41:46 UPDATE SALESMAN MASTER SET CITY = 'Pune'
                                                                                                                4 row(s) affect
```

Exercise on deleting records in a table

- a. Delete all salesman from the Salesman Master whose salaries are equal to Rs.3500.
- b. Delete all products from Product Master where the quantity on hand is equal to 100.
- c. Delete from Client Master where the column state holds the value 'Tamil Nadu'.

```
√ | 4 | ▶ | Q | - sellprice

Find
         -- Delete all salesmen from Salesman_Master whose salaries are equal to Rs.3500
105
        DELETE FROM Salesman_Master
106 •
        WHERE SALAMT = 3500;
107
108
         -- Delete all products from Product_Master where the quantity on hand is equal to 100.
109
        DELETE FROM Product_Master
110 •
111
         WHERE QTYONHAND = 100;
112
             Delete from Client_Master where the column state holds the value 'Tamil Nadu'.
113
114 •
        DELETE FROM Client_Master
115
         WHERE STATE = 'Tamil Nadu';
116
Output ::
Action Output
    1 19:49:47 DELETE FROM Salesman_Master WHERE SALAMT = 3500
                                                                                                                0 row(s) affected
2 19:49:47 DELETE FROM Product_Master WHERE QTYONHAND = 100
                                                                                                                3 row(s) affected
     3 19:49:47 DELETE FROM Client_Master WHERE STATE = 'Tamil Nadu'
                                                                                                                1 row(s) affected
```

Exercise on altering the table structure

- a. Add a column called 'Telephone' of data type integer to the Client_Master table.
- b. Change the size off SellPrice column in Product _Master to 10, 2.

```
116
117
         -- Add a column called 'Telephone' of data type integer to the Client_Master table.
118 • ALTER TABLE Client_Master
        ADD Telephone INT;
119
120
         -- Change the size of SellPrice column in Product_Master to 10, 2.
122 • ALTER TABLE Product_Master
123
        MODIFY COLUMN SellPrice DECIMAL(10, 2);
Action Output
# Time Action

1 19:48:40 ALTER TABLE Client_Master ADD Telephone INT
                                                                                                                  0 row(s) affected Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Wan

    2 19:48:40 ALTER TABLE Product_Master MODIFY COLUMN SellPrice DECIMAL(10, 2)

                                                                                                                  9 row(s) affected Records: 9 Duplicates: 0 Wan
```

Exercise on deleting the table structure along with the data

a. Destroy the table Client_Master along with its data

