Assessment R Markdown

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Loading the required packages required for this script

library(dataMeta)
library(tidyverse)
library(here)
library(NHSRdatasets)
library(knitr)
library(scales)
library(lubridate)
library(caret)

Loading NHS Datasets

Data

The NHS England accident and emergency attendances and admissions (ae_attendances) dataset will be loaded from the NHSRdatasets package. This dataset reports on the attendances, four-hour breaches and admissions for all A&E departments in England for the years 2016/17 through 2018/19 (Apr-Mar)

Loading ae_attendances data

ae_attendances data is loaded from the NHS datasets package

```
data(ae_attendances)
ae<-ae_attendances</pre>
```

Viewing the data

The head() function is used to look at top n rows of a data frame (default n = 6 rows)

head(ae)

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 6
##
     period
                org_code type attendances breaches admissions
##
     <date>
                 <fct>
                          <fct>
                                       <dbl>
                                                 <dbl>
                                                            <dbl>
                                                             5060
## 1 2017-03-01 RF4
                          1
                                       21289
                                                  2879
## 2 2017-03-01 RF4
                          2
                                                                0
                                                    22
                                         813
## 3 2017-03-01 RF4
                          other
                                        2850
                                                     6
                                                                 0
## 4 2017-03-01 R1H
                                                             6943
                          1
                                       30210
                                                  5902
## 5 2017-03-01 R1H
                          2
                                         807
                                                    11
                                                                0
## 6 2017-03-01 R1H
                                                                0
                                       11352
                                                   136
                          other
```

Check for missing data

Calculate how many NAs there are in each variable

```
ae %>%
  map(is.na) %>%
map(sum)
```

```
## $period
## [1] 0
##
## $org_code
## [1] 0
##
## $type
## [1] 0
##
## $attendances
## [1] 0
##
## $breaches
## [1] 0
##
## $admissions
## [1] 0
```

Data is complete

Add an index link column to ae_attendances data

The rowid_to_column() function is used to convert row identities to a column named index. This facilitates the linking of partitioned datasets to the raw data if required in the future.

```
ae <- rowid_to_column(ae, "index")</pre>
```

Preview dataset

Tabulate data, and create report with kable()

```
ae %>%
  mutate_at(vars(period), format, "%b-%y") %>%
  mutate_at(vars(attendances, breaches, admissions), comma) %>%
  head(10) %>%
  kable()
```

| index | period | org_code | type | attendances | breaches | admissions |
|-------|--------|-------------|-------|-------------|----------|------------|
| 1 | Mar-17 | RF4 | 1 | 21,289.0 | 2,879.0 | 5,060.0 |
| 2 | Mar-17 | RF4 | 2 | 813.0 | 22.0 | 0.0 |
| 3 | Mar-17 | RF4 | other | 2,850.0 | 6.0 | 0.0 |
| 4 | Mar-17 | R1H | 1 | 30,210.0 | 5,902.0 | 6,943.0 |
| 5 | Mar-17 | R1H | 2 | 807.0 | 11.0 | 0.0 |
| 6 | Mar-17 | R1H | other | 11,352.0 | 136.0 | 0.0 |
| 7 | Mar-17 | AD913 | other | 4,381.0 | 2.0 | 0.0 |
| 8 | Mar-17 | RYX | other | 19,562.0 | 258.0 | 0.0 |
| 9 | Mar-17 | RQM | 1 | 17,414.0 | 2,030.0 | 3,597.0 |
| 10 | Mar-17 | RQM | other | 7,817.0 | 86.0 | 0.0 |

Save the raw ae_attendances data to your 'RawData' folder

```
write_csv(ae, here("RawData", "ae_attendances.csv"))
```

Subsetting the data

The aim of my data capture tool is to help identify performance outliers with regard to the 4hr breaches. In order to do this effectively I will need use the entire dataset (i.e. the variables: index, period, attendances, breaches, organisation name, and organisation type).

Of note the **performance** variable was deliberately not created as this is a function of the **attendances** and **breaches** variables. The variable can be created after the collection of data at the data analysis stage.

Creating test and training datasets

Calculate the proportion (prop) of the raw data to assign to the training data.

The proportion of the raw that needs to be assigned to the training data to ensure there is only 10 to 15 records in the test data is:

```
prop<-(1-(15/nrow(ae)))
print(prop)</pre>
```

[1] 0.9988249

Splitting the raw data

The createDataPartition() function from the *caret* package is used to splint the raw data into test and training data sets.

The set.seed() function allows a random number to be generated in a reproducable fashion. This ensures that every time the script is run the raw data will be partitioned into the same test and training datasets.

```
## Resample1
## [1,] 1
## [2,] 2
## [3,] 3
## [4,] 4
## [5,] 5
## [6,] 6
```

Assign all records in the trainIndex to the training data

```
aeTrain <- ae[ trainIndex,]
nrow(aeTrain)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 12753
```

Save the training data to the to working data folder 'Data' as ae_attendances_train.csv

```
write_csv(aeTrain, here("Data", "ae_attendances_train.csv"))
```

Extract the test data (all records that are not in the trainIndex (-trainIndex) are assigned to the test data).

```
aeTest <- ae[-trainIndex,]
nrow(aeTest)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 12
```

Set aside the fist record for markers to test and evaluate the data-capture tool.

```
aeTestMarker <- aeTest[1,]</pre>
```

Save the marker test data to the to working data folder 'Data' as ae_attendances_test_marker.csv

```
write_csv(aeTestMarker, here("Data", "ae_attendances_test_marker.csv"))
```

The remaining records are set aside to test with the data capture tool. These are saved to the to working data folder 'Data' as ae_attendances_test.csv

```
aeTest <- aeTest[2:nrow(aeTest),]
write_csv(aeTest, here("Data", "ae_attendances_test.csv"))</pre>
```

Data Dictionary for test data

Reading the collected data

read_csv() function from the readr package is used to read my collected data from the Raw data folder.

```
CollectedData=read_csv(here("RawData", "CollectedDataFinal.csv"))
```

```
## Rows: 11 Columns: 8-- Column specification ------
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (2): org_code, type
## dbl (4): index, attendances, breaches, admissions
## lgl (1): consent
## date (1): period
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
```

Building a linker data frame

Variable descriptions

String vectors are created for the different variable descriptions

```
variable_description <- c("The index column that allows us to link the data collected to the original a
"The month that this activity relates to, stored as a date (1st of each month).",
"The Organisation data service (ODS) code for the organisation. If you want to know the organisation as
"The department type for this activity.",
"The number of attendances for this department type at this organisation for this month.",
"The number of attendances that breached the four-hour target.",
"The number of attendances that resulted in an admission to the hospital.",
"The consent from the end-user to process and share the data collected with the data capture tool.")
print(variable_description)</pre>
```

- ## [1] "The index column that allows us to link the data collected to the original ae_attendances data
- ## [2] "The month that this activity relates to, stored as a date (1st of each month)."
- ## [3] "The Organisation data service (ODS) code for the organisation. If you want to know the organisa
- ## [4] "The department type for this activity."
- ## [5] "The number of attendances for this department type at this organisation for this month."
- ## [6] "The number of attendances that breached the four-hour target."
- ## [7] "The number of attendances that resulted in an admission to the hospital."
- ## [8] "The consent from the end-user to process and share the data collected with the data capture too

Variable types

A string vector is created representing the different variable types. It is a vector of integers with values 0 or 1. 0 is used for a variable with quantitative values (measured values) variables and 1 for fixed values (allowable values or codes) variables.

glimpse() function from tibble package is used to view the variable types in the CollectedData data frame

glimpse(CollectedData)

```
## Rows: 11
## Columns: 8
## $ index
                 <dbl> 1155, 2059, 3468, 4153, 4820, 7243, 8057, 8957, 10214, 103~
## $ period
                 <date> 2016-12-01, 2016-10-01, 2016-05-01, 2018-03-01, 2018-02-0~
                 <chr> "C82010", "RDZ", "RVR", "RQM", "R1F", "RE9", "RQM", "RNL",~
## $ org_code
                 <chr> "other", "1", "2", "other", "other", "1", "1", "1", "other~
## $ type
## $ attendances <dbl> 200, 6452, 417, 9376, 245, 5170, 15957, 7258, 3197, 2033, ~
                 <dbl> 0, 360, 0, 112, 0, 235, 1309, 1374, 0, 8, 1
## $ breaches
                 <dbl> 0, 1814, 6, 0, 0, 1269, 3375, 1947, 0, 105, 0
## $ admissions
## $ consent
                 <lgl> TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE~
```

This indicated that there are four quantitative values (measured values) variables and four fixed values (allowable values or codes) variables.

```
variable_type <- c(0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1)
print(variable_type)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1
```

var_name

var_type

1

index

Building the linker

##

1

build_linker() function from the *dataMeta* package is used to construct an intermediary (linker) data frame between the CollectedData and the data dictionary.

```
linker<-build_linker(CollectedData, variable_description, variable_type)
print(linker)</pre>
```

```
## 2
          period
## 3
        org_code
## 4
            type
## 5 attendances
## 6
        breaches
## 7
      admissions
## 8
         consent
##
## 1
## 2
## 3 The Organisation data service (ODS) code for the organisation. If you want to know the organisation
## 4
## 5
## 6
## 7
## 8
```

```
## 2 1
## 3 1
## 4 1
## 5 0
## 6 0
## 7 0
## 8 1
```

Data dictionary

the build_dict() function from the *dataMeta* package is used to construct a data dictionary for a CollectedData data frame with the aid of the linker data frame.

```
dictionary <- build_dict(my.data = CollectedData, linker = linker)</pre>
## Enter description for variable 'admissions' and option '0 to 3375':
## Enter description for variable 'attendances' and option '200 to 15957':
## Enter description for variable 'breaches' and option '0 to 1374':
## Enter description for variable 'consent' and option 'TRUE':
## Enter description for variable 'index' and option '1155 to 11767':
## Enter description for variable 'org_code' and option 'C82010':
## Enter description for variable 'org_code' and option 'RDZ':
## Enter description for variable 'org_code' and option 'RVR':
## Enter description for variable 'org_code' and option 'RQM':
## Enter description for variable 'org_code' and option 'R1F':
## Enter description for variable 'org_code' and option 'RE9':
## Enter description for variable 'org_code' and option 'RNL':
## Enter description for variable 'org_code' and option 'RJ1':
## Enter description for variable 'org_code' and option 'RKB':
## Enter description for variable 'org_code' and option 'NLO12':
## Enter description for variable 'period' and option '17136':
## Enter description for variable 'period' and option '17075':
## Enter description for variable 'period' and option '16922':
## Enter description for variable 'period' and option '17591':
## Enter description for variable 'period' and option '17563':
## Enter description for variable 'period' and option '17348':
## Enter description for variable 'period' and option '17257':
## Enter description for variable 'period' and option '17928':
## Enter description for variable 'period' and option '17805':
## Enter description for variable 'period' and option '17683':
## Enter description for variable 'type' and option 'other':
## Enter description for variable 'type' and option '1':
## Enter description for variable 'type' and option '2':
dictionary[6,4]<-"C82010: Prescribing Cost Centre - OAKHAM MEDICAL PRACTICE"
dictionary[7,4] <- "RDZ: NHS Trust - THE ROYAL BOURNEMOUTH AND CHRISTCHURCH HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUS"
dictionary[8,4] <- "RVR: NHS Trust - EPSOM AND ST HELIER UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS NHS TRUST"
dictionary[9,4] <- "RQM: NHS Trust - CHELSEA AND WESTMINSTER HOSPITAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST"
dictionary[10,4]<-"R1F: NHS Trust - ISLE OF WIGHT NHS TRUST"
dictionary[11,4] <- "RE9: NHS Trust - SOUTH TYNESIDE NHS FOUNDATION TRUST"
dictionary[12,4] <- "RNL: NHS Trust - NORTH CUMBRIA UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS NHS TRUST"
dictionary[13,4] <- "RJ1: NHS Trust - GUY'S AND ST THOMAS' NHS FOUNDATION TRUST"
```

Save the data dictionary for CollectedData to the 'RawData' folder

```
write_csv(dictionary, here("RawData", "CollectedData_DataDictionary.csv"))
```

Appending the data dictionary to data

Incorporate attributes as metadata to the CollectedData as metadata using the incorporate_attr() function from the *dataMeta* package. This requires the CollectedData, dictionary, and main_string as inputs (main_string is a character string describing the CollectedData data frame)

Create main_string for attributes

```
main_string <- "This data describes the NHS England accident and emergency (A&E) attendances and breach
```

Incorporate attributes as metadata

```
complete_CollectedData <- incorporate_attr(my.data = CollectedData, data.dictionary = dictionary,
main_string = main_string)
attributes(complete_CollectedData)$author[1]<-"B203349"
complete_CollectedData</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 11 x 8
                      org_code type attendances breaches admissions consent
##
     index period
  * <dbl> <date>
                      <chr>
                               <chr>
                                           <dbl>
                                                    <dbl>
                                                               <dbl> <lgl>
## 1 1155 2016-12-01 C82010
                                             200
                                                                   0 TRUE
                               other
                                                        0
## 2 2059 2016-10-01 RDZ
                               1
                                            6452
                                                      360
                                                                1814 TRUE
## 3 3468 2016-05-01 RVR
                               2
                                             417
                                                        0
                                                                   6 TRUE
## 4 4153 2018-03-01 RQM
                               other
                                            9376
                                                      112
                                                                   0 TRUE
## 5 4820 2018-02-01 R1F
                                                                   O TRUE
                               other
                                             245
                                                        0
## 6 7243 2017-07-01 RE9
                                            5170
                                                      235
                                                                1269 TRUE
                               1
## 7 8057 2017-04-01 RQM
                                                                3375 TRUE
                               1
                                           15957
                                                     1309
## 8 8957 2019-02-01 RNL
                                            7258
                                                     1374
                                                                1947 TRUE
                               1
## 9 10214 2018-10-01 RJ1
                                            3197
                                                        0
                                                                   0 TRUE
                               other
## 10 10328 2018-10-01 RKB
                                            2033
                                                        8
                                                                 105 TRUE
## 11 11767 2018-06-01 NL012
                                             336
                                                        1
                                                                   O TRUE
                               other
```

attributes(complete_CollectedData)

```
## $row.names
## [1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
##
## $names
## [1] "index"
                     "period"
                                   "org_code"
                                                 "type"
                                                               "attendances"
## [6] "breaches"
                     "admissions" "consent"
## $spec
## cols(
##
     index = col_double(),
    period = col_date(format = ""),
    org_code = col_character(),
##
   type = col_character(),
##
##
    attendances = col_double(),
##
    breaches = col_double(),
##
     admissions = col_double(),
##
     consent = col_logical()
## )
##
## $problems
## <pointer: 0x7fb1758b3fd0>
## $class
## [1] "spec_tbl_df" "tbl_df"
                                "tbl"
                                                 "data.frame"
##
## [1] "This data describes the NHS England accident and emergency (A&E) attendances and breaches of fo
## $dictionary
     variable name
##
## 1
         admissions
## 2
       attendances
## 3
          breaches
## 4
           consent
## 5
              index
## 6
           org_code
## 7
## 8
## 9
## 10
## 11
## 12
## 13
## 14
## 15
## 16
             period
## 17
## 18
## 19
## 20
## 21
## 22
## 23
## 24
```

```
## 25
## 26
               type
## 27
## 28
##
## 1
## 2
## 3
## 4
## 5
      The Organisation data service (ODS) code for the organisation. If you want to know the organisati
## 7
## 8
## 9
## 10
## 11
## 12
## 13
## 14
## 15
## 16
## 17
## 18
## 19
## 20
## 21
## 22
## 23
## 24
## 25
## 26
## 27
## 28
##
      variable options
## 1
             0 to 3375
## 2
          200 to 15957
## 3
             0 to 1374
## 4
                   TRUE
## 5
         1155 to 11767
## 6
                C82010
## 7
                    RDZ
## 8
                    RVR
## 9
                    RQM
## 10
                    R1F
## 11
                    RE9
## 12
                    RNL
## 13
                    RJ1
## 14
                    RKB
## 15
                  NL012
## 16
                  17136
## 17
                  17075
## 18
                  16922
## 19
                  17591
## 20
                  17563
```

```
## 21
                 17348
## 22
                 17257
## 23
                 17928
## 24
                 17805
                 17683
## 25
## 26
                 other
## 27
                     1
## 28
                      2
##
## 1
## 2
## 3
## 4
## 5
## 6
## 7
## 8
## 9
## 10
## 11
## 12
## 13
## 14
## 15
## 16
## 17
## 18
## 19
## 20
## 21
## 22
## 23
## 24
## 25
## 26
## 27
## 28 2: Consultant-led mono speciality accident and emergency service (e.g. ophthalmology, dental) with
##
## $last_edit_date
## [1] "2022-06-18 22:43:13 ADT"
##
## $author
## [1] "B203349"
```

Save the CollectedData with attributes

```
save_it(complete_CollectedData, here("RawData", "complete_CollectedData"))
```

Data Capture Tool (Python)

A data capture tool was created. The code was written in Python using the Jupyter notebook. Data was collected using an interactive graphic user interface that was built using widgets from the <code>ipywidgets</code> package. During the active collection process data was saved to the Data folder as <code>CollectedData</code>. Once all data was collected the final dataset was saved to the RawData folder as <code>CollectedDataFinal</code>.