

PRODIGY: Enabling In-context Learning Over Graphs

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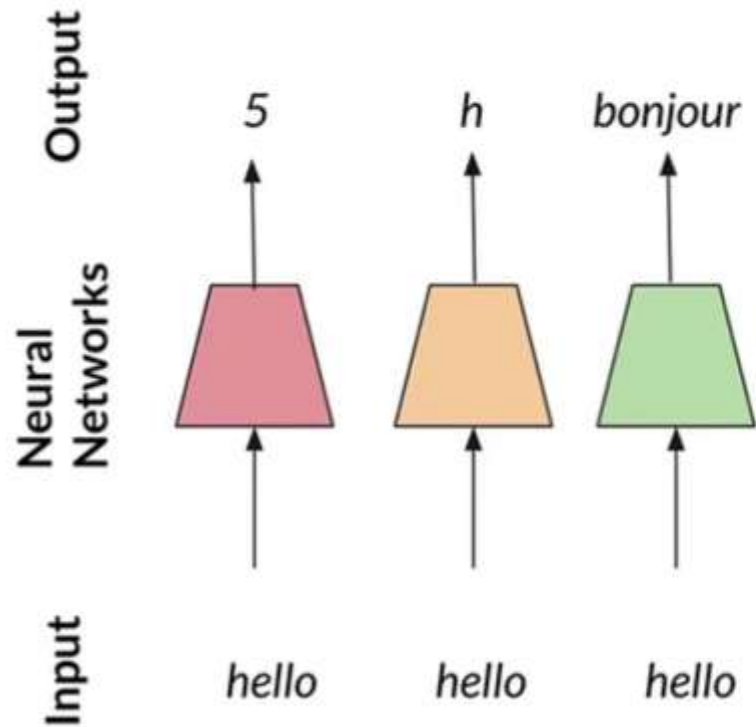
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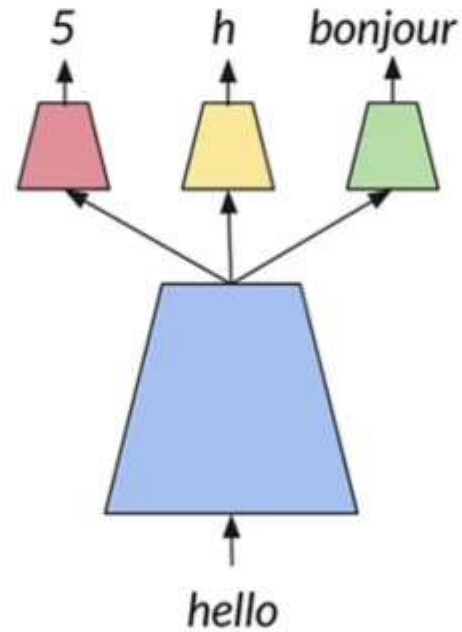
Conference: NeurIPS 2023

Year: 2023

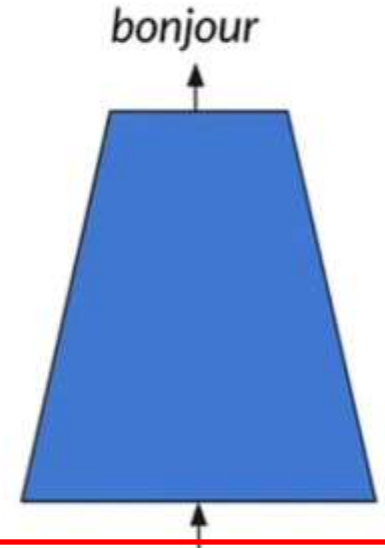
Different Learning Paradigms



Training



Finetuning



Thanks -> merci
Wall -> mur

hello->

In-context learning

Few-shot Prompting

In-context Learning Over Graphs

Thanks -> merci
Wall -> mur

hello->?

Few-shot Prompting over text

**What is In-context
learning over graphs?**

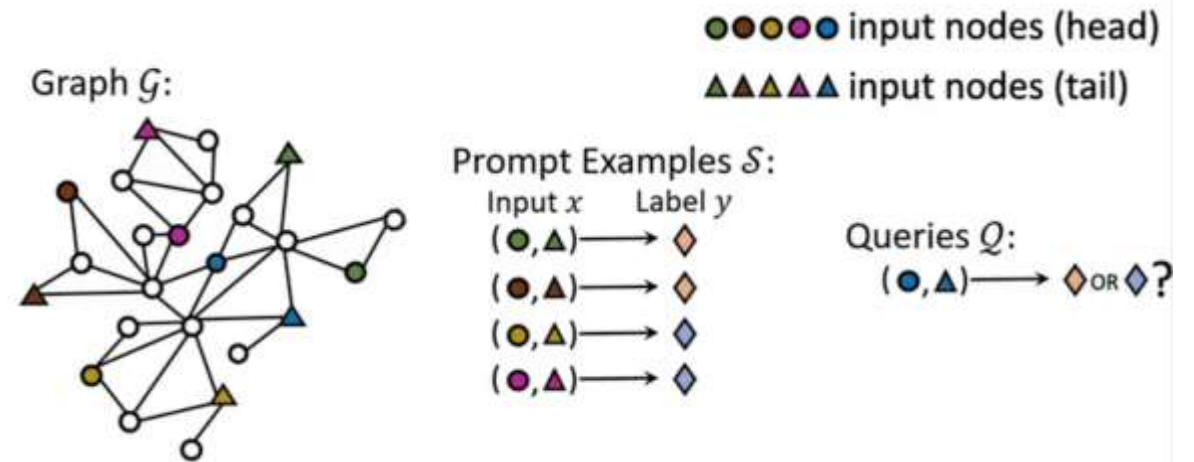
In-context Learning Over Graphs :Link Prediction Example

Thanks -> merci
Wall -> mur

hello->?

different tasks

Few-shot Prompting over text



different graphs

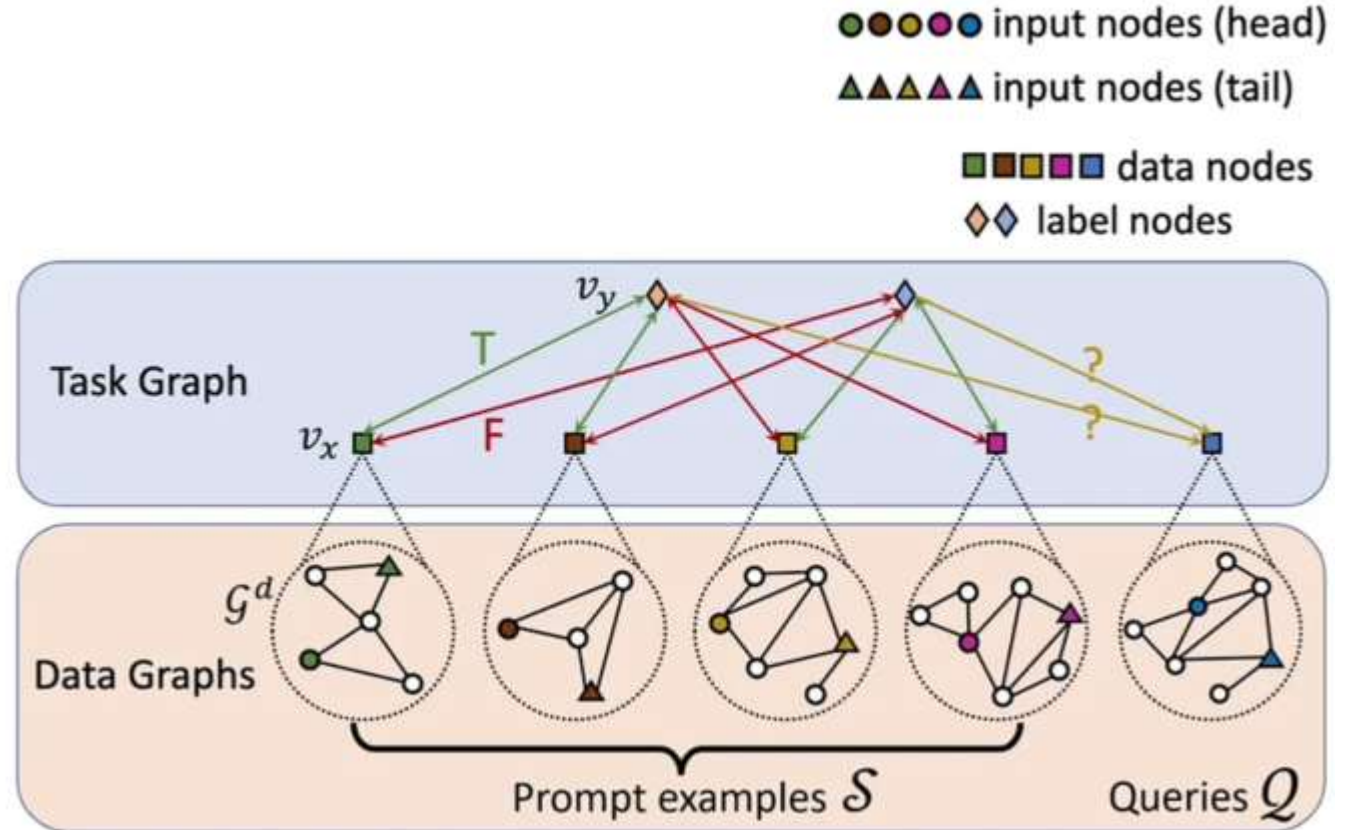
Few-shot Prompting over graph
(for link classification)

But, how to achieve this? Two Challenges:

1. How to formulate and represent node-, edge- and graph-level tasks over graphs with a unified task representation that allows the model to solve diverse tasks without the need for retraining or parameter tuning.
2. How to design model architecture and **pretraining** objectives that enable models to achieve in-context learning capability across diverse tasks and diverse graphs in the unified task representation.

Prompt Graph

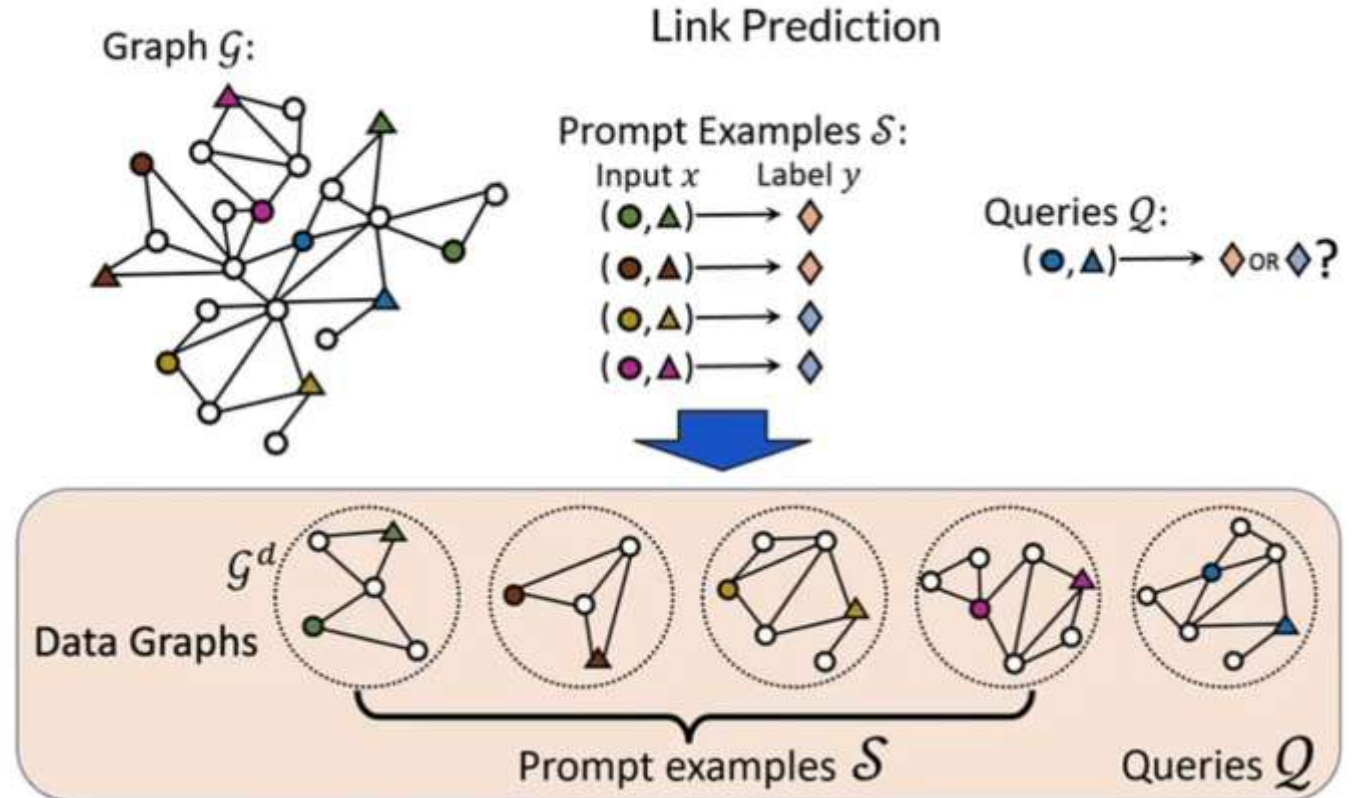
Prompt Graph is a unified representation of few-shot prompts over graph for diverse tasks



Step1:Data Graph - Link Prediction

Data Graph

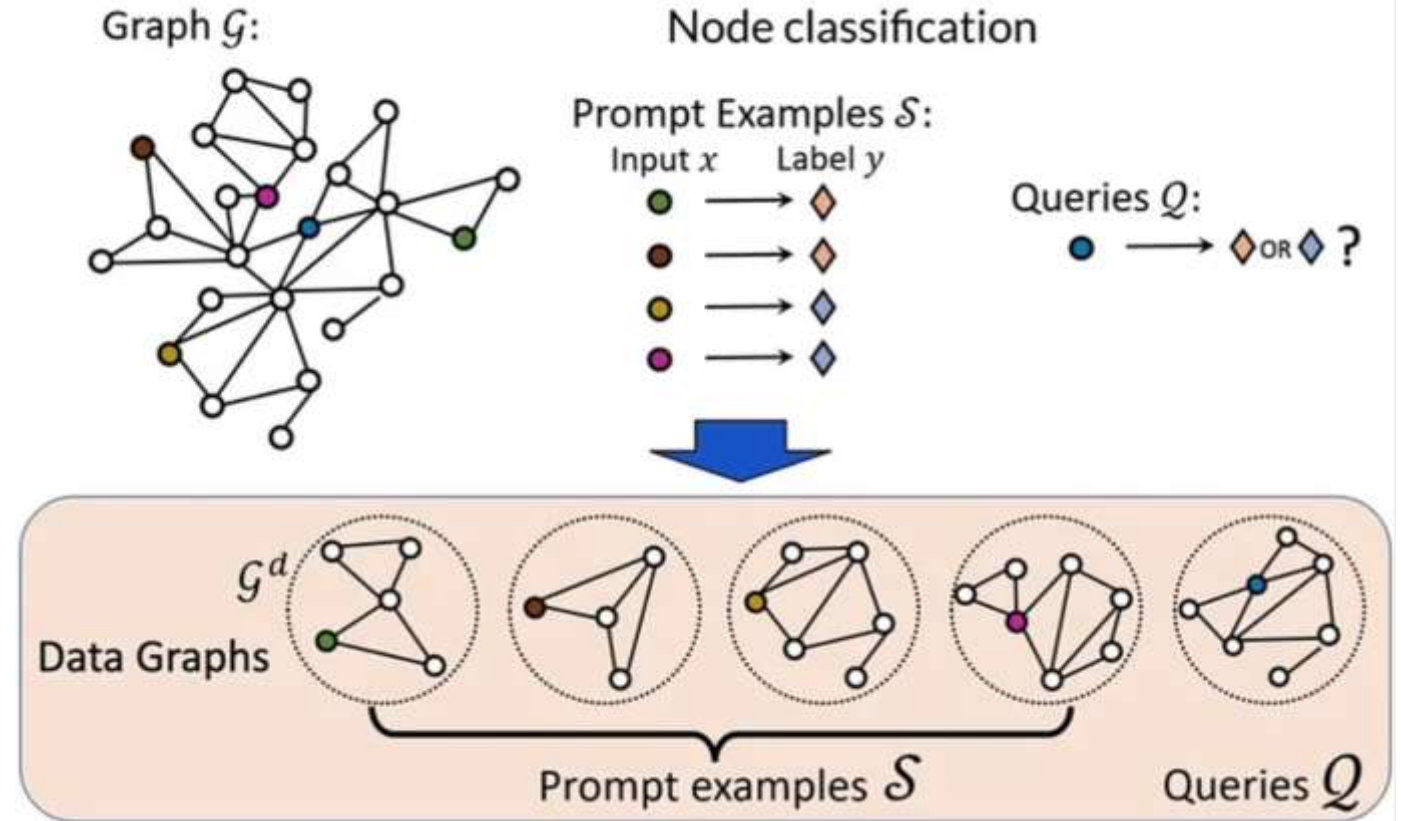
contextualizes each input x in the graph \mathbf{G}
(e.g. by **subgraph extraction**)



Step1:Data Graph - Node Classification

Data Graph

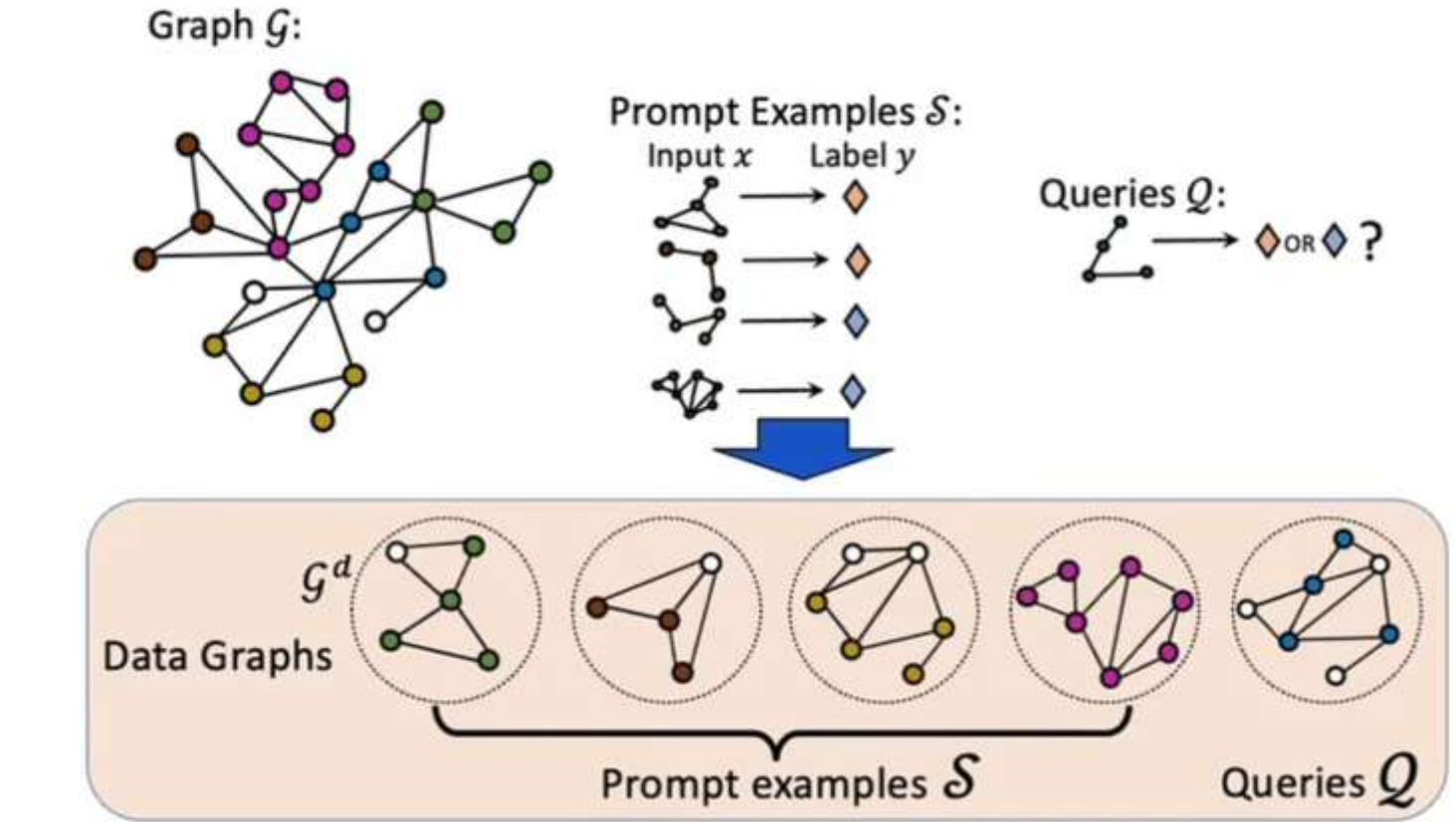
contextualizes each input x in the graph G
(e.g. by **subgraph extraction**)



Step1:Data Graph - Graph Classification

Data Graph

contextualizes each input x in the graph G
(e.g. by **subgraph extraction**)

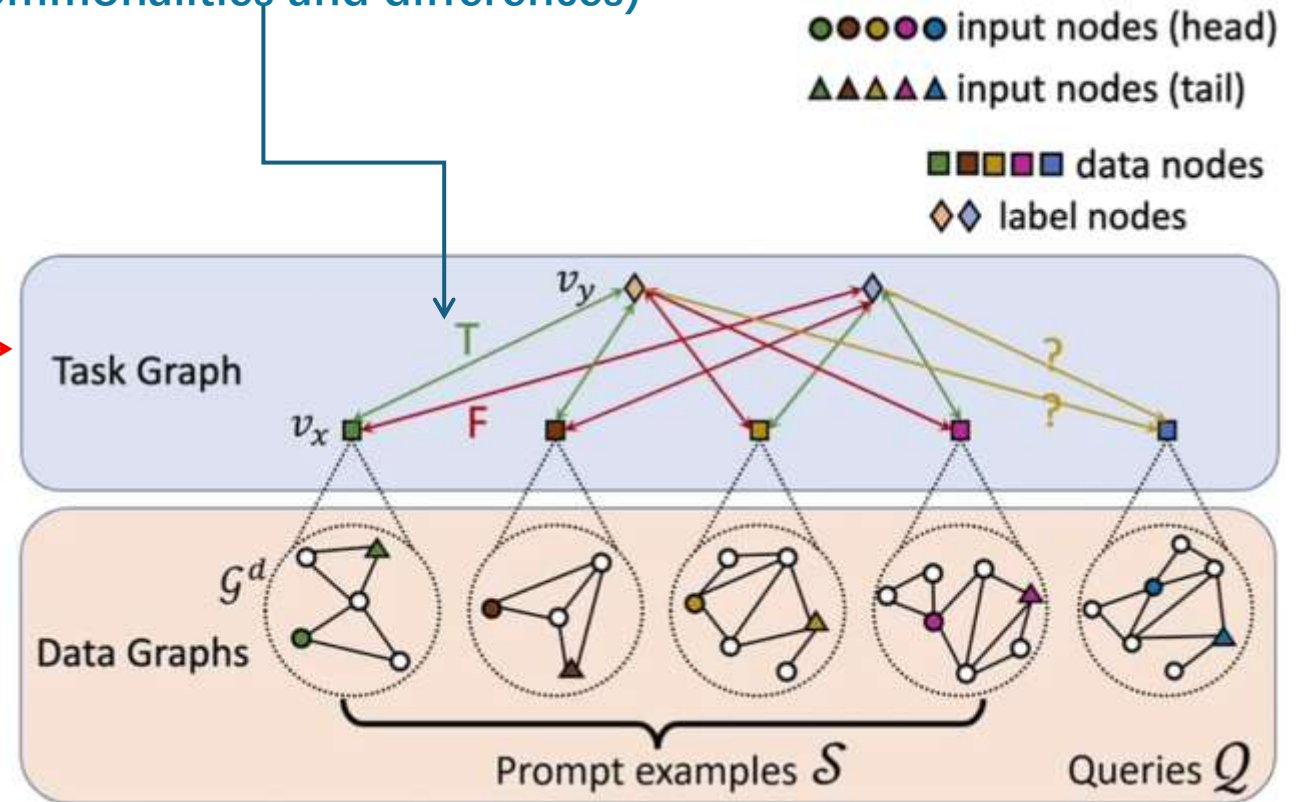


Step2:Task Graph

Task Graph

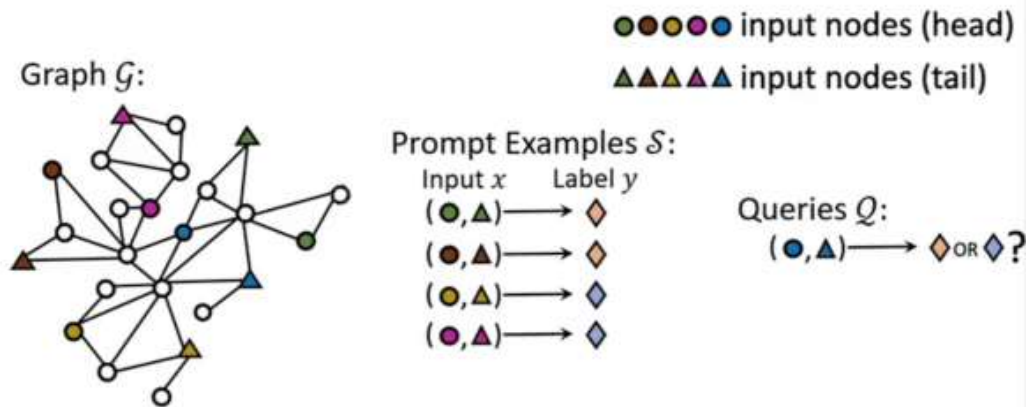
interconnects inputs and labels across examples to form context for queries

Reflects what is the task using examples
(commonalities and differences)

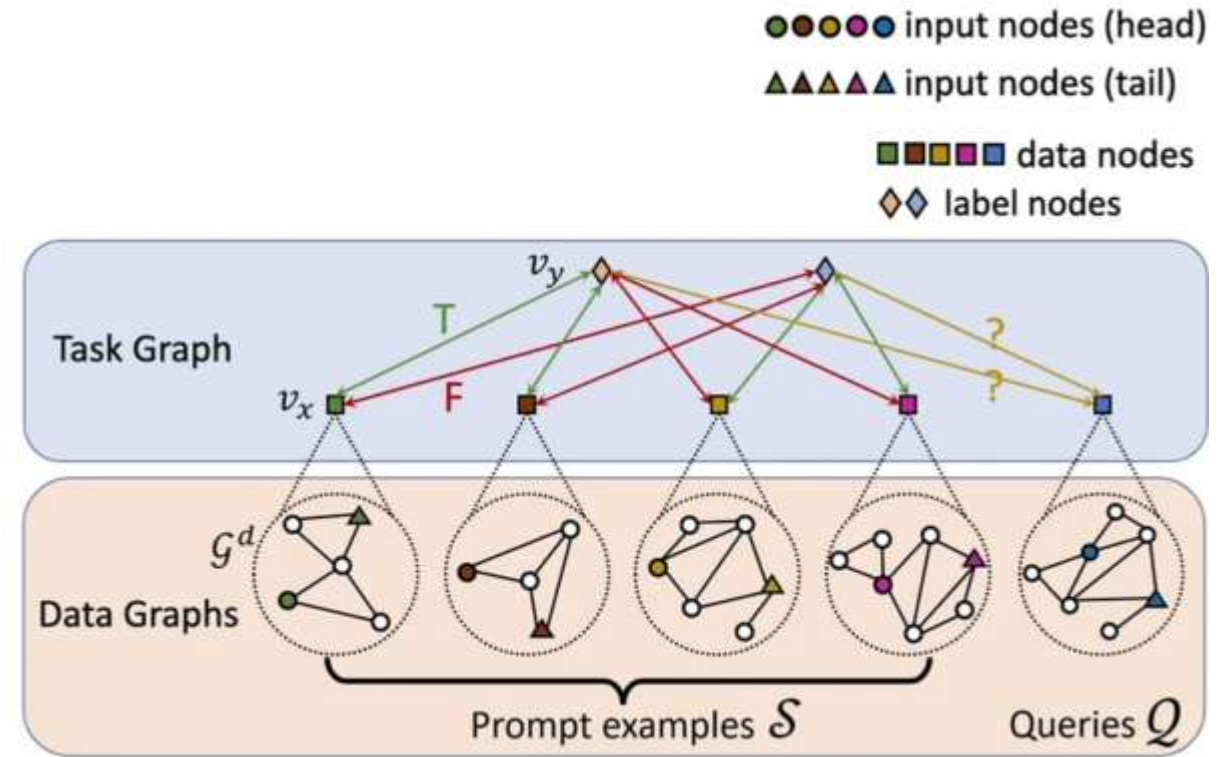


Step2:Task Graph

How to use PromptGraph for in-context learning?



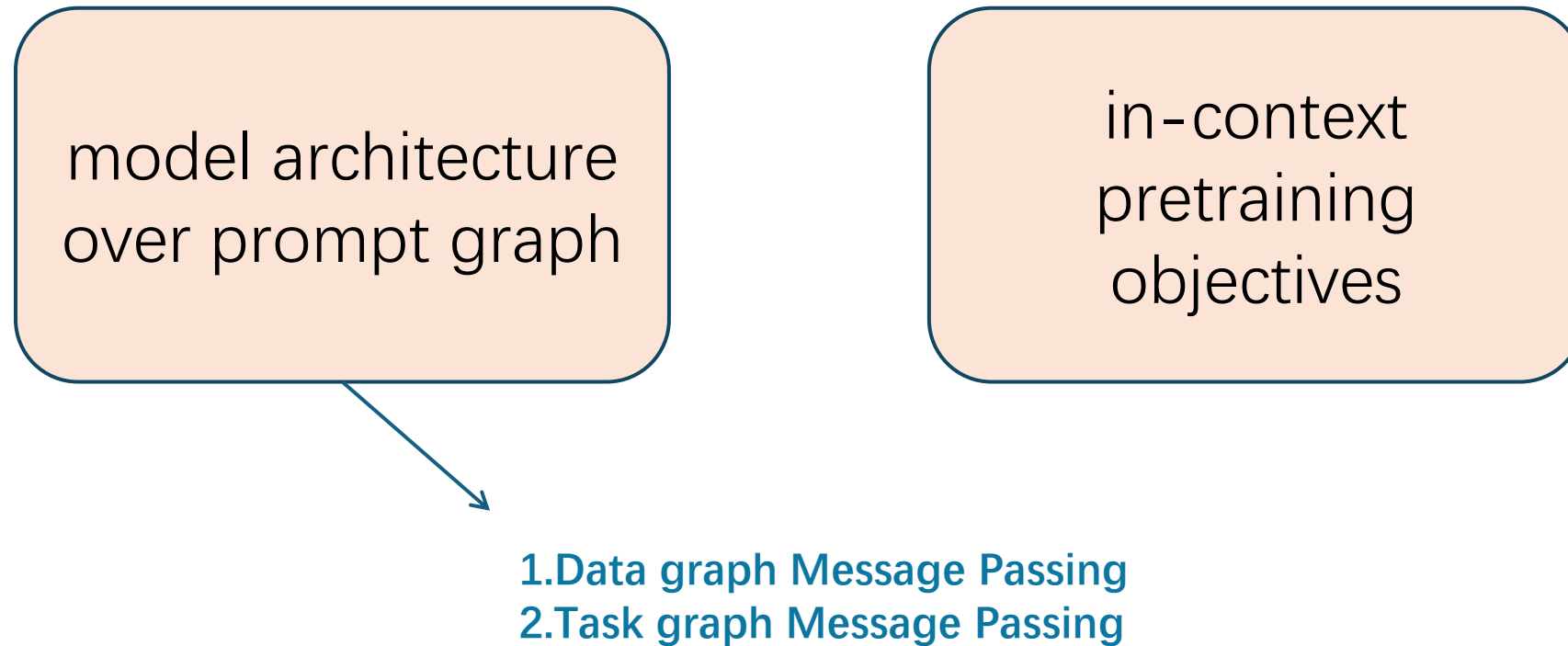
In-context learning over graph



inductive **link prediction** over hierarchical graph

Pretraining to Enable In-context Learning

framework:

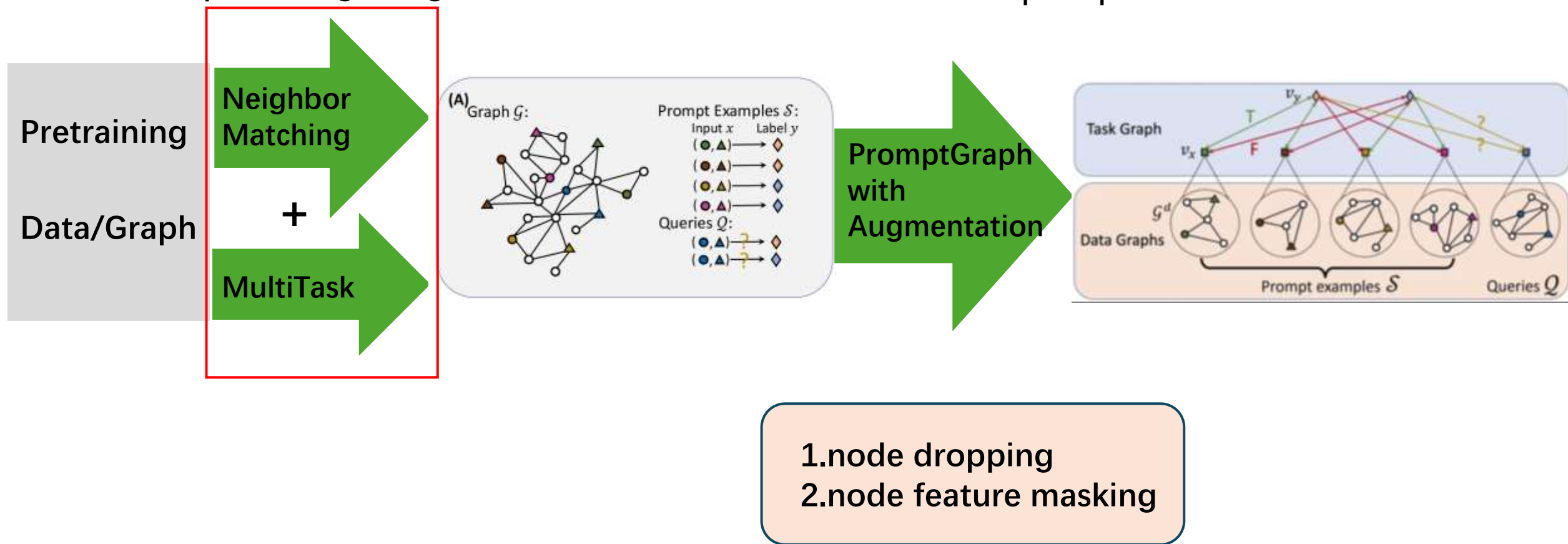


In-context Pretraining Objectives

Two stages:

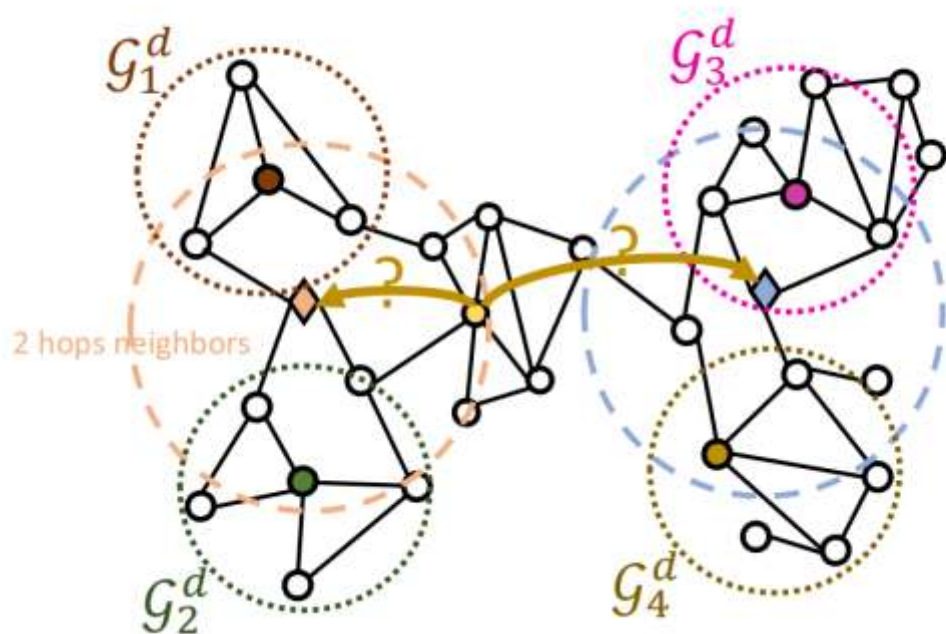
pretraining task generation

convert to PromptGraph



Self-supervised Task Example: Neighbor Matching

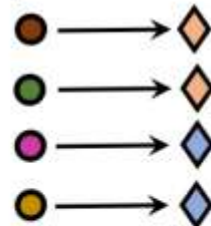
Idea: the task is to classify which neighborhood a node is in, where each neighborhood is defined by other nodes in it.



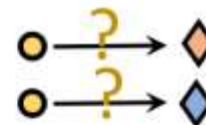
$$(\mathcal{G}_{\text{pretrain}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{NM}}, \mathcal{Q}_{\text{NM}}) \sim \text{NM}_{k,m}(\mathcal{G}_{\text{pretrain}})$$

Prompt Examples \mathcal{S} :

Input x Label y



Queries \mathcal{Q} :



Multi-task: $(\mathcal{G}_{\text{pretrain}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{MT}}, \mathcal{Q}_{\text{MT}}) \sim \text{MT}_{k,m}(\mathcal{G}_{\text{pretrain}}, f)$

In-context Learning Results

Paper category classification: pretrain on MAG- > in-context learning on Arxiv

Classes	NoPretrain	Contrastive	PG-NM	PG-MT	PRODIGY		Finetune
3	33.16 \pm 0.30	65.08 \pm 0.34	72.50 \pm 0.35	65.64 \pm 0.33	73.09 \pm 0.36		65.42 \pm 5.53
5	18.33 \pm 0.21	51.63 \pm 0.29	61.21 \pm 0.28	51.97 \pm 0.27	61.52 \pm 0.28		53.49 \pm 4.61
10	9.19 \pm 0.11	36.78 \pm 0.19	46.12 \pm 0.19	37.23 \pm 0.20	46.74 \pm 0.20		30.22 \pm 3.77
20	4.72 \pm 0.06	25.18 \pm 0.11	33.71 \pm 0.12	25.91 \pm 0.12	34.41 \pm 0.12		17.68 \pm 1.15
40	2.62 \pm 0.02	17.02 \pm 0.07	23.69 \pm 0.06	17.19 \pm 0.08	25.13 \pm 0.07		8.04 \pm 3.00

Result1: PRODIGY improves performance in all cases, up to 48% over Contrastive.

Result2: PRODIGY can induce strong in-context learning with very different self-supervised pretraining tasks.

Pretraining has no idea about classifying paper categorie!

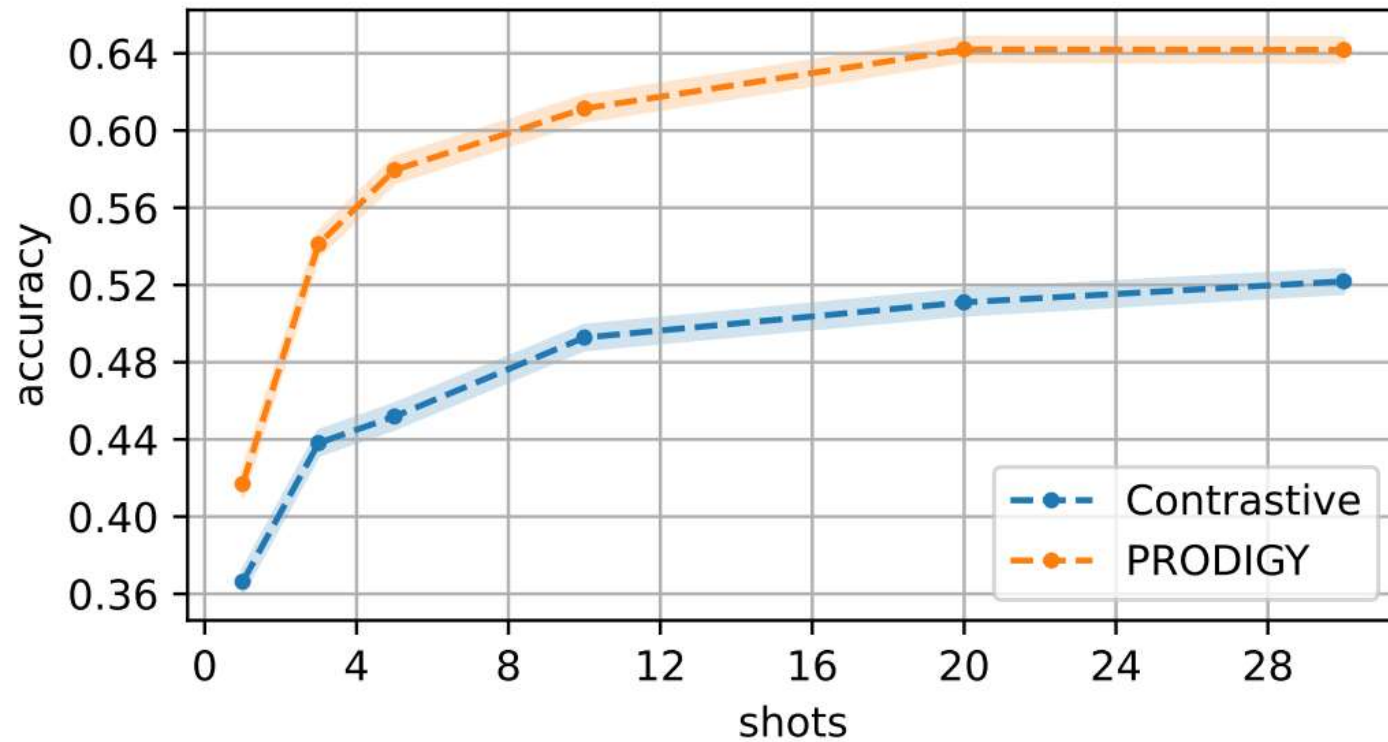
In-context Learning Results

KG Completion:pretrain on Wiki KG->in-context learning on ConceptNet,FB 15K-237,NELL

Classes	NoPretrain	Contrastive	PG-NM	PG-MT	PRODIGY		Finetune
4	30.4 ± 0.63	44.01 ± 0.61	46.94 ± 0.61	51.78 ± 0.63	53.97 ± 0.63		53.85 ± 9.29
5	33.54 ± 0.61	81.35 ± 0.58	80.35 ± 0.57	89.15 ± 0.46	88.02 ± 0.48		82.01 ± 12.83
10	20.0 ± 0.35	70.88 ± 0.48	71.68 ± 0.45	82.26 ± 0.40	81.1 ± 0.39		71.97 ± 6.16
20	9.2 ± 0.18	59.8 ± 0.35	59.9 ± 0.35	73.47 ± 0.32	72.04 ± 0.33		64.01 ± 4.66
40	2.5 ± 0.08	49.39 ± 0.23	46.82 ± 0.21	58.34 ± 0.22	59.58 ± 0.22		57.27 ± 3.33
5	20.95 ± 0.52	83.38 ± 0.5	82.39 ± 0.53	85.26 ± 0.48	88.09 ± 0.43		87.22 ± 12.75
10	11.0 ± 0.26	74.54 ± 0.46	75.14 ± 0.43	78.15 ± 0.41	82.47 ± 0.39		71.90 ± 5.90
20	5.34 ± 0.13	65.68 ± 0.34	65.68 ± 0.34	68.38 ± 0.33	74.72 ± 0.31		66.19 ± 8.46
40	2.5 ± 0.06	56.7 ± 0.23	54.91 ± 0.22	51.24 ± 0.25	60.04 ± 0.23		55.06 ± 4.19

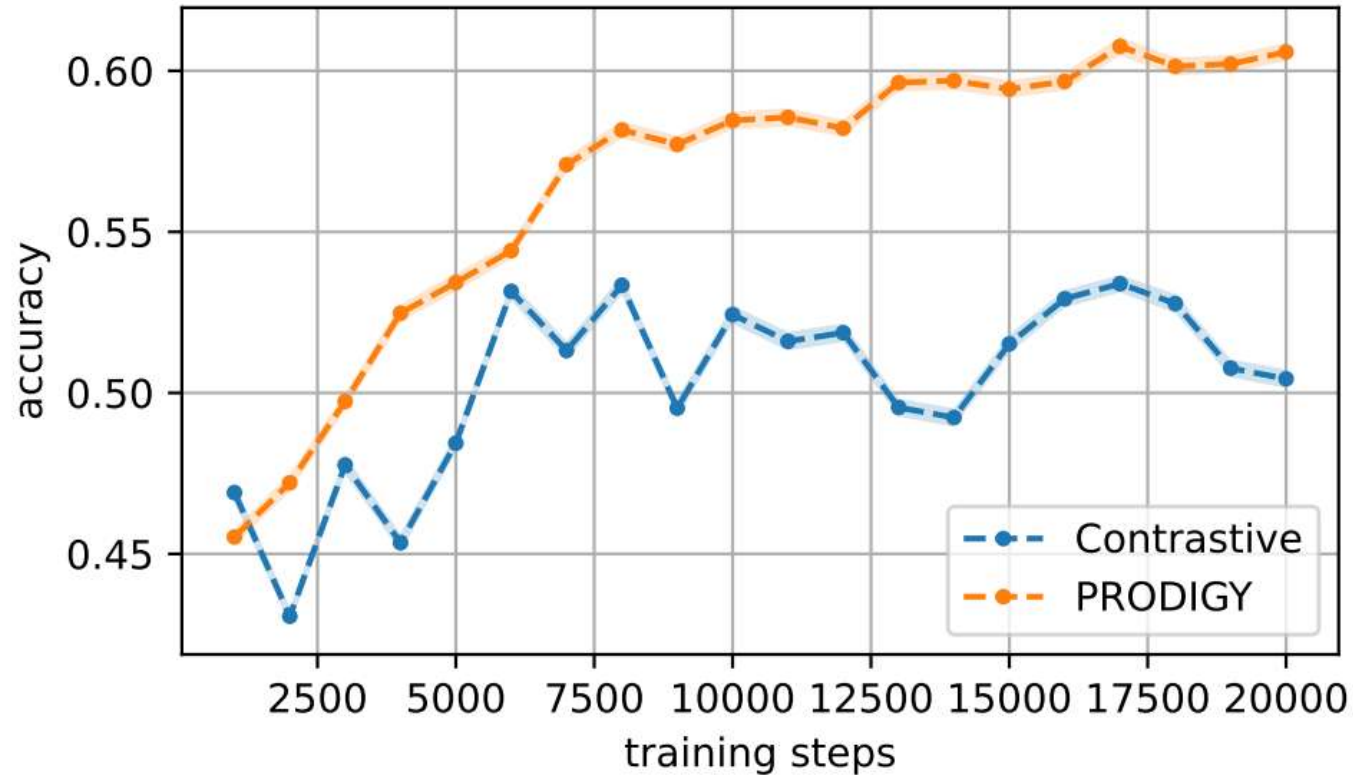
Performance Scaling with More Shots

ConceptNet -4 way



Pretraining with only 3 shots=>
model can learn from context
from much more than 3 shots

Data Scaling



Hard and diverse pretraining tasks generation pipeline allows the model to keep scaling with more training data