title: 'Combined R Markdown document'

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output:

pdf\_document: default html\_document: default

### 1. Link to Github repository:

https://github.com/B210741/B210741\_assessment.git

# 2. Constructing a data dictionary and appending it to the data

### Loading NHSRdatasets

5 2017-03-01 R1H

```
library(dataMeta)
library(NHSRdatasets)
library(tidyverse)
library(here)
library(knitr)
library(scales)
library(lubridate)
library(caret)

#Load the ae_attendances data.
data(ae_attendances)
```

Exploring the ae\_attendances data The dataset set I have chosen to manage from the NHSRdatasets package is the NHS England accident and emergency (A&E) attendances and admissions (ae\_attendances) data. The ae\_attendances data includes reported attendances, four-hour breaches and admissions for all A&E departments in England for 2016/17 through 2018/19 (Apr-Mar). We previously selected a subset of the variables needed for my data capture tool, including period, attendances and breaches, and subsetted the data into test and training data.

```
data(ae_attendances)
ae <- ae attendances
class(ae)
## [1] "tbl_df"
                     "tbl"
                                   "data.frame"
ae
## # A tibble: 12,765 x 6
##
      period
                  org_code type
                                  attendances breaches admissions
##
      <date>
                  <fct>
                           <fct>
                                        <dbl>
                                                  <dbl>
                                                              <dbl>
##
    1 2017-03-01 RF4
                           1
                                        21289
                                                   2879
                                                               5060
   2 2017-03-01 RF4
                           2
                                          813
                                                     22
                                                                  0
   3 2017-03-01 RF4
                                         2850
                                                                  0
                           other
                                                      6
    4 2017-03-01 R1H
                                        30210
                                                   5902
                                                               6943
```

11

0

807

```
## 6 2017-03-01 R1H
                       other
                                    11352
                                               136
## 7 2017-03-01 AD913
                                     4381
                                                2
                         other
## 8 2017-03-01 RYX
                         other
                                    19562
                                               258
                                                            0
                                              2030
## 9 2017-03-01 RQM
                                    17414
                                                         3597
## 10 2017-03-01 RQM
                         other
                                     7817
                                                86
                                                           0
## # ... with 12,755 more rows
## # A tibble: 12,765 × 6
     period
              org_code type attendances breaches admissions
##
     <date>
                <fct> <fct>
                                  <dbl>
                                             <dbl>
## 1 2017-03-01 RF4
                                     21289
                                              2879
                                                         5060
                         1
## 2 2017-03-01 RF4
                         2
                                      813
                                                22
                                                           0
## 3 2017-03-01 RF4
                         other
                                     2850
                                                6
                                                            0
## 4 2017-03-01 R1H
                         1
                                    30210
                                              5902
                                                         6943
## 5 2017-03-01 R1H
                         2
                                     807
                                               11
                                                            0
## 6 2017-03-01 R1H
                                    11352
                                               136
                                                            0
                       other
## 7 2017-03-01 AD913 other
                                    4381
                                               2
## 8 2017-03-01 RYX
                         other
                                    19562
                                               258
                                                           0
## 9 2017-03-01 RQM
                                    17414
                                              2030
                                                         3597
## 10 2017-03-01 RQM
                                     7817
                                                86
                                                            0
                         other
## # ... with 12,755 more rows
glimpse(ae)
## Rows: 12,765
## Columns: 6
                <date> 2017-03-01, 2017-03-01, 2017-03-01, 2017-03-01, 2017-03-0~
## $ period
## $ org_code
                <fct> RF4, RF4, RF4, R1H, R1H, R1H, AD913, RYX, RQM, RQM, RJ6, R~
## $ type
                <fct> 1, 2, other, 1, 2, other, other, other, 1, other~
## $ attendances <dbl> 21289, 813, 2850, 30210, 807, 11352, 4381, 19562, 17414, 7~
                <dbl> 2879, 22, 6, 5902, 11, 136, 2, 258, 2030, 86, 1322, 140, 0~
## $ breaches
## $ admissions <dbl> 5060, 0, 0, 6943, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3597, 0, 2202, 0, 0, 0, 3360~
head(ae)
## # A tibble: 6 x 6
    period
               org_code type attendances breaches admissions
                                                       <dbl>
##
    <date>
               <fct>
                        <fct>
                                   <dbl>
                                            <dbl>
## 1 2017-03-01 RF4
                        1
                                    21289
                                             2879
                                                        5060
## 2 2017-03-01 RF4
                        2
                                                           0
                                     813
                                               22
                                    2850
                                                           0
## 3 2017-03-01 RF4
                        other
                                                6
                                                        6943
## 4 2017-03-01 R1H
                       1
                                    30210
                                             5902
## 5 2017-03-01 R1H
                                     807
                                              11
                                                           0
## 6 2017-03-01 R1H
                        other
                                    11352
                                              136
                                                           0
tail(ae, n=4)
## # A tibble: 4 x 6
    period
            org_code type attendances breaches admissions
    <date>
               <fct>
                        <fct>
                                   <dbl>
                                            <dbl>
                                                       <dbl>
## 1 2018-04-01 RA3
                                    3825
                                              476
                                                        1016
                        other
## 2 2018-04-01 AXG
                                    2980
                                               24
                                                           0
## 3 2018-04-01 NLX24
                                                0
                                                           0
                        other
                                    1538
## 4 2018-04-01 RA4
                                     4388
                                               82
                                                        1292
                        1
# Missing value
ae %>%
```

```
map(is.na) %>%
map(sum)
## $period
## [1] 0
##
## $org_code
## [1] 0
##
## $type
## [1] 0
## $attendances
## [1] 0
##
## $breaches
## [1] 0
## $admissions
## [1] 0
#There are no missing data. The data is complete.
#Add an index link column to ae attendances data
ae <- rowid_to_column(ae, "index")</pre>
#Tabulate the raw data for the report
ae %>%
  # Set the period column to show in month-year format
  mutate_at(vars(period), format, "%b-%y") %>%
  # Set the numeric columns to have a comma at the 1000's place
  mutate_at(vars(attendances, breaches, admissions), comma) %>%
  # Show the first 10 rows
  head(10) %>%
  # Format as a table
  kable()
```

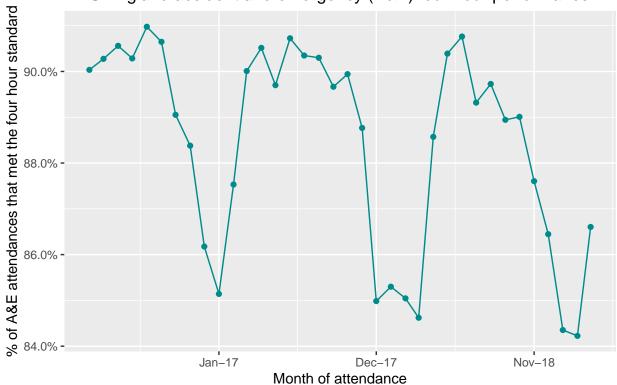
index	period	${\rm org\_code}$	type	attendances	breaches	admissions
1	Mar-17	RF4	1	21,289.0	2,879.0	5,060.0
2	Mar-17	RF4	2	813.0	22.0	0.0
3	Mar-17	RF4	other	2,850.0	6.0	0.0
4	Mar-17	R1H	1	30,210.0	5,902.0	6,943.0
5	Mar-17	R1H	2	807.0	11.0	0.0
6	Mar-17	R1H	other	11,352.0	136.0	0.0
7	Mar-17	AD913	other	4,381.0	2.0	0.0
8	Mar-17	RYX	other	$19,\!562.0$	258.0	0.0
9	Mar-17	RQM	1	$17,\!414.0$	2,030.0	$3,\!597.0$
10	Mar-17	RQM	other	7,817.0	86.0	0.0

```
#Calculate monthly four hour waiting time target performance for England as a whole

ENG_performance <- ae %>%
```

```
group_by(period) %>%
  summarise_at(vars(attendances, breaches), sum) %>%
  mutate(performance = 1 - breaches / attendances)
glimpse(ENG_performance)
## Rows: 36
## Columns: 4
                 <date> 2016-04-01, 2016-05-01, 2016-06-01, 2016-07-01, 2016-08-0~
## $ period
## $ attendances <dbl> 1867781, 2070340, 1958802, 2079034, 1932901, 1952464, 2001~
                 <dbl> 186122, 201329, 184912, 201973, 174419, 182597, 219137, 22~
## $ performance <dbl> 0.9003513, 0.9027556, 0.9055994, 0.9028525, 0.9097631, 0.9~
#Visualise monthly four hour waiting time target
ggplot(ENG_performance, aes(period, performance)) +
  geom_line(color = "darkcyan") +
  geom_point(color = "darkcyan") +
  scale_y_continuous(labels = percent) +
  scale_x_date(date_labels = "%b-%y", date_breaks = "11 month")+
  labs(x = "Month of attendance",
      y = "% of A&E attendances that met the four hour standard",
      title = "NHS England accident and emergency (A&E) four hour performance",
       caption = "Source: NHSRdatasets")
```

# NHS England accident and emergency (A&E) four hour performance



Source: NHSRdatasets

```
#Select the ae_attendances data subset for further exploratory analysis
ae %>%
```

```
# set the period column to show in Month-Year format
mutate_at(vars(period), format, "%b-%y") %>%
# set the numeric columns to have a comma at the 1000's place
mutate_at(vars(attendances, breaches), comma) %>%
# show the first 10 rows
head(10) %>%
# format as a table
kable()
```

index	period	$\operatorname{org\_code}$	$_{\mathrm{type}}$	attendances	breaches	admissions
1	Mar-17	RF4	1	21,289.0	2,879.0	5060
2	Mar-17	RF4	2	813.0	22.0	0
3	Mar-17	RF4	other	2,850.0	6.0	0
4	Mar-17	R1H	1	$30,\!210.0$	5,902.0	6943
5	Mar-17	R1H	2	807.0	11.0	0
6	Mar-17	R1H	other	11,352.0	136.0	0
7	Mar-17	AD913	other	4,381.0	2.0	0
8	Mar-17	RYX	other	$19,\!562.0$	258.0	0
9	Mar-17	RQM	1	17,414.0	2,030.0	3597
10	Mar-17	RQM	other	7,817.0	86.0	0

```
#save provisional subsetted ae_attendances data to the 'RawData' folder
write_csv(ae, here("RawData", "ae_attendances_ENG_4hr_perfom.csv"))
```

Separating provisional ae\_attendances\_ENG\_4hr\_perfom data into training and testing sets Splint the raw data into test and training data sets

#The ae\_attendances\_ENG\_4hr\_perfom dataset is large

```
nrow(ae) #rows of data

## [1] 12765

#[1] 12765
```

prop<-(1-(15/nrow(ae)))
#The proportion of the raw that needs to be assigned to the training data to ensure there is only 10 to
print(prop)</pre>

```
## Resample1
## [1,] 1
```

```
## [2,]
## [3,]
                3
## [4,]
                4
                5
## [5,]
## [6,]
                6
# All records that are in the trainIndex are assigned to the training data.
aeTrain <- ae[ trainIndex,]</pre>
nrow(aeTrain)
## [1] 12753
#[1] 12753 records
CollectedData=read_csv(here("RawData", "CollectedDataAll.csv"))
glimpse(CollectedData)
## Rows: 11
## Columns: 9
                <dbl> 1155, 2059, 3468, 4153, 4820, 7243, 8057, 8957, 10214, 103~
## $ index
## $ period
                <chr> "01/12/2016", "01/10/2016", "01/05/2016", "01/03/2018", "0~
                <chr> "C82010", "RDZ", "RVR", "RQM", "R1F", "RE9", "RQM", "RNL",~
## $ org_code
                 <chr> "other", "1", "2", "other", "other", "1", "1", "1", "other~
## $ type
## $ attendances <dbl> 200, 6452, 417, 9376, 245, 5170, 15957, 7258, 3197, 2033, ~
                 <dbl> 0, 360, 0, 112, 0, 235, 1309, 1374, 0, 8, 1
## $ breaches
## $ admissions <dbl> 0, 1814, 6, 0, 0, 1269, 3375, 1947, 0, 105, 0
## $ performance <dbl> 1.00, 0.94, 1.00, 0.99, 1.00, 0.95, 0.92, 0.81, 1.00, 1.00~
## $ consent
                 <lgl> TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE~
aeTrain %>%
  # set the period column to show in Month-Year format
 mutate_at(vars(period), format, "%b-%y") %>%
  # set the numeric columns to have a comma at the 1000's place
 mutate_at(vars(attendances, breaches), comma) %>%
  # show the first 10 rows
 head(10) %>%
  # format as a table
 kable()
```

Let's tabulate ae\_attendances\_ENG\_4hr\_perfom training data for your report

index	period	${ m org\_code}$	type	attendances	breaches	admissions
1	Mar-17	RF4	1	21,289.0	2,879.0	5060
2	Mar-17	RF4	2	813.0	22.0	0
3	Mar-17	RF4	other	2,850.0	6.0	0
4	Mar-17	R1H	1	30,210.0	5,902.0	6943
5	Mar-17	R1H	2	807.0	11.0	0
6	Mar-17	R1H	other	11,352.0	136.0	0
7	Mar-17	AD913	other	4,381.0	2.0	0
8	Mar-17	RYX	other	19,562.0	258.0	0
9	Mar-17	RQM	1	17,414.0	2,030.0	3597
10	Mar-17	RQM	other	7,817.0	86.0	0

```
write_csv(aeTrain, here("Data", "ae_attendances_ENG_4hr_perfom_train.csv"))
```

```
#All records that are not in the trainIndex (`-trainIndex`) are assigned to the test data.
aeTest <- ae[-trainIndex,]
nrow(aeTest)</pre>
```

Let's extract the ae\_attendances\_ENG\_4hr\_perfom test data

```
## [1] 12
```

```
#[1] 12
```

There are 12 records in your test data

```
aeTestMarker <- aeTest[1,]</pre>
```

Set aside the first record from the ae\_attendances\_ENG\_4hr\_perfom test data

```
aeTestMarker %>%
# set the period column to show in Month-Year format
mutate_at(vars(period), format, "%b-%y") %>%
# set the numeric columns to have a comma at the 1000's place
mutate_at(vars(attendances, breaches), comma) %>%
# show the first 10 rows
head(10) %>%
# format as a table
kable()
```

Tabulate ae\_attendances\_ENG\_4hr\_perfom marker test data for the report

index	period	$org\_code$	type	attendances	breaches	admissions
115	Mar-17	NLO12	other	309	1	0

```
write_csv(aeTestMarker, here("Data", "ae_attendances_ENG_4hr_perfom_test_marker.csv"))
```

Save the ae\_attendances\_ENG\_4hr\_perfom marker test data to the working data folder 'Data'

```
aeTest <- aeTest[2:nrow(aeTest),]</pre>
```

Setting aside the remaining records for testing data-capture tool.

```
aeTest %>%
# set the period column to show in Month-Year format
mutate_at(vars(period), format, "%b-%y") %>%
# set the numeric columns to have a comma at the 1000's place
mutate_at(vars(attendances, breaches), comma) %>%
# show the first 10 rows
```

```
head(10) %>%
# format as a table
kable()
```

Tabulate ae\_attendances\_ENG\_4hr\_perfom test data for the report

index	period	${ m org\_code}$	type	attendances	breaches	admissions
1155	Dec-16	C82010	other	200	0.0	0
2059	Oct-16	RDZ	1	6,452	360.0	1814
3468	May-16	RVR	2	417	0.0	6
4153	Mar-18	RQM	other	9,376	112.0	0
4820	Feb-18	R1F	other	245	0.0	0
7243	Jul-17	RE9	1	5,170	235.0	1269
8057	Apr-17	RQM	1	15,957	1,309.0	3375
8957	Feb-19	RNL	1	7,258	$1,\!374.0$	1947
10214	Oct-18	RJ1	other	3,197	0.0	0
10328	Oct-18	RKB	2	2,033	8.0	105

```
write_csv(aeTest, here("Data", "ae_attendances_test.csv"))
```

Save the ae\_attendances\_ENG\_4hr\_perfom test data to the working data folder 'Data'

### The CollectedData dataset contains:

index: the index column that allows us to link the data collected to the original ae\_attendances data in the 'RawData' folder.

**period**: the month that this activity relates to, stored as a date (1st of each month).

org\_code: the Organisation data service (ODS) code for the organisation. The ODS code is a unique code created by the Organisation data service within NHS Digital and used to identify organisations across health and social care. ODS codes are required in order to gain access to national systems like NHSmail and the Data Security and Protection Toolkit. If you want to know the organisation associated with a particular ODS code, you can look it up from the following address: https://odsportal.digital.nhs.uk/Organisation/Search. For example, the organisation associated with the ODS code 'AF003' is Parkway health centre.

type: the Department Type for this activity, either

- \*1: Emergency departments are a consultant-led 24-hour service with full resuscitation facilities and designated accommodation for the reception of accident and emergency patients,
- \*2: Consultant-led mono speciality accident and emergency service (e.g. ophthalmology, dental) with designated accommodation for the reception of patients, or
- \*other: Other types of A&E/minor injury activity with designated accommodation for the reception of accident and emergency patients. The department may be doctor-led or nurse-led and treats at least minor injuries and illnesses and can be routinely accessed without an appointment. A service mainly or entirely appointment-based (for example, a GP Practice or Outpatient clinic) is excluded even though it may treat a number of patients with minor illness or injury. Excludes NHS walk-in centres.(National Health Service, 2020)

attendances: the number of attendances for this department type at this organisation for this month. breaches: the number of attendances that breached the four-hour target.

admissions: the number of attendances that resulted in an admission to the hospital. (Chris Mainey, 2021) **performance**: the performance ([1 - breaches]/attendances) calculated for the whole of England.

consent: the consent from the end-user to process and share the data collected with the data capture tool.

## 3. Constructing a data dictionary and appending it to the data

#### Build a linker data frame

Variable descriptions Create a string vector representing the different variable descriptions

```
variable_description <- c("The index column that allows us to link the data collected to the original a
"The month that this activity relates to, stored as a date (1st of each month).",
"The Organisation data service (ODS) code for the organisation. If you want to know the organisation as
"The department type for this activity.",
"The number of attendances for this department type at this organisation for this month.",
"The number of attendances that breached the four-hour target.",
"The number of attendances that resulted in an admission to the hospital.",
"The performance ([1 - breaches]/attendances) calculated for the whole of England.",
"The consent from the end-user to process and share the data collected with the data capture tool.")
print(variable_description)
## [1] "The index column that allows us to link the data collected to the original ae_attendances data
## [2] "The month that this activity relates to, stored as a date (1st of each month)."
## [3] "The Organisation data service (ODS) code for the organisation. If you want to know the organisa
## [4] "The department type for this activity."
## [5] "The number of attendances for this department type at this organisation for this month."
## [6] "The number of attendances that breached the four-hour target."
## [7] "The number of attendances that resulted in an admission to the hospital."
## [8] "The performance ([1 - breaches]/attendances) calculated for the whole of England."
## [9] "The consent from the end-user to process and share the data collected with the data capture too
```

### glimpse(CollectedData)

### Variable types

```
## Rows: 11
## Columns: 9
                <dbl> 1155, 2059, 3468, 4153, 4820, 7243, 8057, 8957, 10214, 103~
## $ index
                 <chr> "01/12/2016", "01/10/2016", "01/05/2016", "01/03/2018", "0~
## $ period
                 <chr> "C82010", "RDZ", "RVR", "RQM", "R1F", "RE9", "RQM", "RNL",~
## $ org_code
                 <chr> "other", "1", "2", "other", "other", "1", "1", "1", "other~
## $ type
## $ attendances <dbl> 200, 6452, 417, 9376, 245, 5170, 15957, 7258, 3197, 2033, ~
                 <dbl> 0, 360, 0, 112, 0, 235, 1309, 1374, 0, 8, 1
## $ breaches
## $ admissions <dbl> 0, 1814, 6, 0, 0, 1269, 3375, 1947, 0, 105, 0
## $ performance <dbl> 1.00, 0.94, 1.00, 0.99, 1.00, 0.95, 0.92, 0.81, 1.00, 1.00~
## $ consent
                 <lgl> TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE~
```

We have five quantitative values (measured values) variables and four fixed values (allowable values or codes) variables.

```
variable_type <- c(0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1)
print(variable_type)

## [1] 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1
linker<-build_linker(CollectedData, variable_description, variable_type)
print(linker)</pre>
```

```
##
        var_name
## 1
           index
## 2
          period
## 3
        org_code
## 4
            type
## 5 attendances
## 6
        breaches
## 7 admissions
## 8 performance
## 9
         consent
##
## 1
## 2
## 3 The Organisation data service (ODS) code for the organisation. If you want to know the organisation
## 5
## 6
## 7
## 8
## 9
##
     var_type
## 1
## 2
            1
## 3
            1
## 4
            1
## 5
## 6
            0
## 7
            0
## 8
            0
## 9
            1
```

## Data dictionary

Using the build\_dict() function from the dataMeta to constructs a data dictionary for a CollectedData data frame with the aid of the linker data frame between.

```
#dictionary <- build_dict(my.data = CollectedData, linker = linker)</pre>
dictionary <- build_dict(my.data = CollectedData, linker = linker, option_description = NULL,
prompt_varopts = FALSE)
glimpse(dictionary)
## Rows: 29
## Columns: 3
## $ variable_name
                          <chr> "admissions", "attendances", "breaches", "consent~
## $ variable_description <chr> "The number of attendances that resulted in an ad~
                          <chr> "0 to 3375", "200 to 15957", "0 to 1374", "TRUE",~
## $ variable_options
dictionary[6,4] <- "C82010: Prescribing Cost Centre - DAKHAM MEDICAL PRACTICE."
dictionary[7,4] <- "RDZ: NHS Trust - The Royal Bournemouth and Christchurch Hospitals NHS Foundation Trus
dictionary[8,4] <- "RVR: NHS Trust - EPSOM AND ST HELIER UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS NHS TRUST."
dictionary[9,4] <- "RQM: NHS Trust - CHELSEA AND WESTMINSTER HOSPITAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST."
dictionary[10,4]<-"R1F: NHS Trust - ISLE OF WIGHT NHS TRUST."
dictionary[11,4]<-"RE9: NHS Trust - SOUTH TYNESIDE NHS FOUNDATION TRUST."
dictionary[12,4] <- "RNL: NHS Trust - NORTH CUMBRIA UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS NHS TRUST."
```

```
dictionary[13,4]<-"RJ1 - NHS Trust - GUY'S AND ST THOMAS' NHS FOUNDATION TRUST."
dictionary[14,4]<-"RKB - NHS Trust - UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS COVENTRY AND WARWICKSHIRE NHS TRUST."
dictionary[15,4]<-"NL012 - Independent Sector H/c Provider Site - OAKHAM URGENT CARE CENTRE."
dictionary[27,4] <-"other: Other types of A&E/minor injury activity with designated accommodation for the dictionary[28,4] <-"1: Emergency departments are a consultant-led 24-hour service with full resuscitating dictionary[29,4] <-"2: Consultant-led mono speciality accident and emergency service (e.g. ophthalmological dictionary[29,4] <-"2: Consultant-led mono speciality accident and emergency service (e.g. ophthalmological dictionary[29,4] <-"2: Consultant-led mono speciality accident and emergency service (e.g. ophthalmological dictionary[29,4] <-"2: Consultant-led mono speciality accident and emergency service (e.g. ophthalmological dictionary[29,4] <-"2: Consultant-led mono speciality accident and emergency service (e.g. ophthalmological dictionary[29,4] <-"2: Consultant-led mono speciality accident and emergency service (e.g. ophthalmological dictionary[29,4] <-"2: Consultant-led mono speciality accident and emergency service (e.g. ophthalmological dictionary[29,4] <-"2: Consultant-led mono speciality accident and emergency service (e.g. ophthalmological dictionary[29,4] <-"2: Consultant-led mono speciality accident and emergency service (e.g. ophthalmological dictionary[29,4] <-"2: Consultant-led mono speciality accident and emergency service (e.g. ophthalmological dictionary[29,4] <-"2: Consultant-led mono speciality accident and emergency service (e.g. ophthalmological dictionary[29,4] <-"2: Consultant-led mono speciality accident and emergency service (e.g. ophthalmological dictionary[29,4] <-"2: Consultant-led mono speciality accident and emergency service (e.g. ophthalmological dictionary[29,4] <-"2: Consultant-led mono speciality accident and emergency service (e.g. ophthalmological dictionary[29,4] <-"2: Consultant-led mono speciali
```

```
write_csv(dictionary, here("RawData", "CollectedData_DataDictionary.csv"))
```

Save the data dictionary for CollectedData to the 'RawData' folder

```
main_string <- "This data describes the NHS England accident and emergency (A&E) attendances and breach main_string
```

Incorporating attributes as metadata to the CollectedData as metadata using the 'incorporate\_attr()' function from the dataMeta package.

## [1] "This data describes the NHS England accident and emergency (A&E) attendances and breaches of for

Incorporate attributes as metadata Using the 'incorporate\_attr()' function to return an R dataset containing metadata stored in its attributes. The attributes we are going to add include: \* a data dictionary \* number of columns \* number of rows \* the name of the author who created the dictionary and added it, \* the time when it was last edited \* a brief description of the original dataset.

```
complete_CollectedData <- incorporate_attr(my.data = CollectedData, data.dictionary = dictionary,
main_string = main_string)

#Change the author name
attributes(complete_CollectedData)$author[1]<-"B210741"
complete_CollectedData</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 11 x 9
##
      index period
                       org_code type attendances breaches admissions performance
                                             <dbl>
                                                      <dbl>
                                                                  <dbl>
                                                                              <dbl>
##
    * <dbl> <chr>
                       <chr>
                                 <chr>>
  1 1155 01/12/2016 C82010
                                 other
                                               200
                                                          0
                                                                      0
                                                                               1
## 2 2059 01/10/2016 RDZ
                                              6452
                                                        360
                                                                   1814
                                                                               0.94
## 3 3468 01/05/2016 RVR
                                 2
                                               417
                                                          0
                                                                      6
                                                                               1
## 4 4153 01/03/2018 RQM
                                 other
                                              9376
                                                        112
                                                                      0
                                                                               0.99
## 5 4820 01/02/2018 R1F
                                                          0
                                                                      0
                                 other
                                               245
                                                                               1
## 6 7243 01/07/2017 RE9
                                              5170
                                                        235
                                                                   1269
                                                                               0.95
## 7 8057 01/04/2017 RQM
                                 1
                                             15957
                                                       1309
                                                                   3375
                                                                               0 92
## 8 8957 01/02/2019 RNL
                                                       1374
                                                                   1947
                                                                               0.81
                                              7258
## 9 10214 01/10/2018 RJ1
                                              3197
                                                          0
                                                                      0
                                                                               1
                                 other
## 10 10328 01/10/2018 RKB
                                              2033
                                                          8
                                                                    105
                                                                               1
## 11 11767 01/06/2018 NL012
                                               336
                                                          1
                                                                      0
                                                                               1
                                 other
## # ... with 1 more variable: consent <lgl>
```

```
## $row.names
## [1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
```

attributes(complete\_CollectedData)

```
##
## $names
## [1] "index"
                     "period"
                                                                 "attendances"
                                    "org_code"
                                                   "type"
## [6] "breaches"
                      "admissions"
                                    "performance" "consent"
## $spec
## cols(
     index = col_double(),
##
##
     period = col_character(),
##
     org_code = col_character(),
     type = col_character(),
     attendances = col_double(),
##
     breaches = col_double(),
##
##
     admissions = col_double(),
##
     performance = col_double(),
##
     consent = col_logical()
## )
##
## $problems
## <pointer: 0x5592f9dd5e90>
##
## $class
## [1] "spec_tbl_df" "tbl_df"
                                    "tbl"
                                                   "data.frame"
## $main
## [1] "This data describes the NHS England accident and emergency (A&E) attendances and breaches of fo
## $dictionary
##
      variable_name
## 1
         admissions
## 2
        attendances
## 3
           breaches
## 4
            consent
## 5
              index
## 6
           org_code
## 7
## 8
## 9
## 10
## 11
## 12
## 13
## 14
## 15
## 16
        performance
## 17
             period
## 18
## 19
## 20
## 21
## 22
## 23
## 24
## 25
```

```
## 26
## 27
               type
## 28
## 29
##
## 1
## 2
## 3
## 4
## 5
      The Organisation data service (ODS) code for the organisation. If you want to know the organisati
## 7
## 8
## 9
## 10
## 11
## 12
## 13
## 14
## 15
## 16
## 17
## 18
## 19
## 20
## 21
## 22
## 23
## 24
## 25
## 26
## 27
## 28
## 29
##
      variable_options
## 1
             0 to 3375
## 2
          200 to 15957
## 3
             0 to 1374
                   TRUE
## 4
## 5
         1155 to 11767
                 C82010
## 6
## 7
                    RDZ
## 8
                    RVR
## 9
                    RQM
## 10
                    R1F
## 11
                    RE9
## 12
                    RNL
## 13
                    RJ1
## 14
                    RKB
## 15
                  NL012
## 16
             0.81 to 1
## 17
            01/12/2016
## 18
            01/10/2016
## 19
            01/05/2016
```

```
## 20
            01/03/2018
## 21
            01/02/2018
## 22
            01/07/2017
## 23
            01/04/2017
## 24
            01/02/2019
## 25
            01/10/2018
## 26
            01/06/2018
                 other
## 27
## 28
                     1
## 29
                     2
##
## 1
## 2
## 3
## 4
## 5
## 6
## 7
                                                                                                      RDZ:
## 8
## 9
## 10
## 11
## 12
## 13
## 14
## 15
## 16
## 17
## 18
## 19
## 20
## 21
## 22
## 23
## 24
## 25
## 26
## 27
                                                        other: Other types of A&E/minor injury activity w
## 28 1: Emergency departments are a consultant-led 24-hour service with full resuscitation facilities
## 29
                                2: Consultant-led mono speciality accident and emergency service (e.g. o
##
## $last_edit_date
## [1] "2022-06-20 18:06:43 UTC"
##
## $author
## [1] "B210741"
save_it(complete_CollectedData, here("RawData", "complete_CollectedData"))
complete_CollectedData<-readRDS(here("RawData", "complete_CollectedData.rds"))</pre>
```

Save the CollectedData with attributes

# 4. Data capture tool: Colleting data using interactive Jupyter widgets

<sup>\*</sup>Description of the code: Language (Python) in Jupyter The data is collected using interactive widgets The data is stored in the RawData folder