

So to give us a platform to somewhat build off of I went ahead and put together something for us to build off of. I have tried to include directions that make sense. I didn't go into setting up MySQL, there are tutorials online. I use DBeaver, it's pretty straightforward. I tried to follow our statement in the docs where SQL for database, Python for back end, HTML/CSS for front. This shows basic integration so we can expand from here.

Setting up test environment:

Using a database management software; set up MySQL

Once connected to your localhost, use this script to make the database and fill it with some basic values:

-- Step 1: Create Database

CREATE DATABASE soft_project;

USE soft_project;

-- Step 2: Create Users Table (Student Registry)

CREATE TABLE student_information (

id **INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY**,

name **VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL**,

email **VARCHAR(255) UNIQUE NOT NULL**,

password_hash **VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL**, -- Store hashed passwords

created_at **TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP**,

updated_at **TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP ON UPDATE CURRENT_TIMESTAMP**

);

-- Step 3: Create Subjects Table (List of Available Subjects)

CREATE TABLE available_subjects (

id **INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY**,

subject_name **VARCHAR(255) UNIQUE NOT NULL**

);

-- Step 4: Create Student-Subjects Table (Many-to-Many Relationship)

CREATE TABLE student_subjects (

student_id **INT**,

subject_id **INT**,

PRIMARY KEY (student_id, subject_id),

FOREIGN KEY (student_id) **REFERENCES** student_information(id) **ON DELETE CASCADE**,

FOREIGN KEY (subject_id) **REFERENCES** available_subjects(id) **ON DELETE CASCADE**

);

-- Step 5: Create Availability Table (Stores Student Available Times)

CREATE TABLE student_availability (

id **INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY**,

student_id **INT NOT NULL**,

day_of_week **ENUM**('Monday', 'Tuesday', 'Wednesday', 'Thursday', 'Friday', 'Saturday', 'Sunday') **NOT**

NULL,

start_time **TIME NOT NULL**,

end_time **TIME NOT NULL**,

timezone **VARCHAR(50) DEFAULT 'UTC'**,

```

    FOREIGN KEY (student_id) REFERENCES student_information(id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
-- Step 6: Insert Sample Data (Optional)
INSERT INTO student_information (name, email, password_hash)
VALUES
('Alice Johnson', 'alice@example.com', 'hashedpassword1'),
('Bob Smith', 'bob@example.com', 'hashedpassword2');
INSERT INTO available_subjects (subject_name)
VALUES
('Mathematics'),
('Physics'),
('Computer Science');
INSERT INTO student_subjects (student_id, subject_id)
VALUES
(1, 1), -- Alice studies Mathematics
(1, 2), -- Alice studies Physics
(2, 3); -- Bob studies Computer Science
INSERT INTO student_availability (student_id, day_of_week, start_time, end_time, timezone)
VALUES
(1, 'Monday', '14:00:00', '16:00:00', 'UTC'), -- Alice available Monday 2-4 PM
(2, 'Wednesday', '10:00:00', '12:00:00', 'UTC'); -- Bob available Wednesday 10AM-12PM

```

Hosting API Functions locally:

Install fastapi, uvicorn, mysql connector, sqlalchemy

```
pip install fastapi uvicorn mysql-connector-python sqlalchemy
```

Inside your project folder use the main.py. This main file will contain all the api calls to the database

You need to open a python terminal and run (make sure you are trying to run this from the same folder main.py is in)

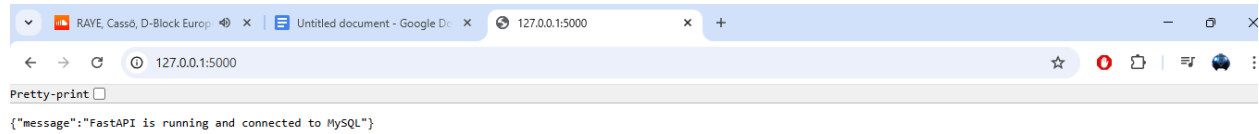
```
uvicorn main:app --host 127.0.0.1 --port 5000 --reload
```

```

PS C:\Users\jahma\OneDrive\Desktop\Projects\study_buddy_api> uvicorn main:app --host 127.0.0.1 --port 5000 --reload
INFO: Will watch for changes in these directories: ['C:\Users\jahma\OneDrive\Desktop\Projects\study_buddy_api']
INFO: Uvicorn running on http://127.0.0.1:5000 (Press CTRL+C to quit)
INFO: Started reloader process [15996] using StatReload
INFO: Started server process [11752]
INFO: Waiting for application startup.
INFO: Application startup complete.
INFO: 127.0.0.1:54412 - "GET /subjects HTTP/1.1" 200 OK
INFO: 127.0.0.1:54894 - "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 OK
INFO: 127.0.0.1:55805 - "GET /subjects HTTP/1.1" 200 OK

```

To locally host the api. After that you should be able to type in that IP(127.0.0.1) into your browser and see the connection message.



From there you should be able to open the index.html in a browser and see the available subjects.

Sqlalchemy commands are being used in lieu of direct sql calls.

<https://docs.sqlalchemy.org/en/20/orm/quickstart.html>

A screenshot of a web browser window displaying a table titled 'Available Subjects'. The table has two columns: 'ID' and 'Subject Name'. It contains three rows of data: ID 3 for Computer Science, ID 1 for Mathematics, and ID 2 for Physics.

ID	Subject Name
3	Computer Science
1	Mathematics
2	Physics