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In [63]: '''OUESTION ONE
         Write a program that finds the maximum value of the given list, assuming that the list
Out[63]: 'QUESTION ONE\nWrite a program that finds the maximum value of the given list, assumi
         ng that the list contains at least one element.'
In [65]: def find_max_value(input_list):
             # Assuming the list is not empty
             max value = max(input list)
             return max value
         # Example usage:
         my_list = [2,4,7,4,23,5,1,4,8,9]
         max value = find max value(my list)
         print("Maximum value:", max_value)
         Maximum value: 23
In [66]: '''QUESTION TWO
         . Write a program that calculates the average value of the given list.
         SOLUTION
         111
Out[66]: 'QUESTION TWO\n\n. Write a program that calculates the average value of the given lis
         t.\n\nSOLUTION\n\n'
In [68]: def calculate average(input list):
             # Assuming the list is not empty
             sum_values = sum(input_list)
             average = sum_values / len(input_list)
             return average
         # Example usage:
         my list = [4,7,1,5,11,53,12,46,84,23]
         average_value = calculate_average(my_list)
         print("Average value:", average value)
         Average value: 24.6
In [ ]: | '''QUESTION THREE
         Write a program that prints the given list of integers in reverse order.
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In [70]: def print_reverse_order(input_list):
             input list.reverse()
             print("List in reverse order:", input list)
         # Example usage:
         my_list = [2,6,7,45,23,53,14,45,89,5]
         print_reverse_order(my_list)
         List in reverse order: [5, 89, 45, 14, 53, 23, 45, 7, 6, 2]
         100
In [ ]:
             QUESTION FOUR
         Write a program that accepts two lists of integers and prints true
         if each element in the first list is less than the element at the same index in the sec
         Your program should print false if the lists are not the same length.'''
In [73]: def compare lists(list1, list2): # accepting the two lists
             # Check if the lists have the same length
             if len(list1) != len(list2):
                 print("false")
                 return
             # Compare elements at each index
             for i in range(len(list1)):
                 if list1[i] >= list2[i]:
                     print("false")
                     return
             # If the loop completes without returning, all elements are less
             print("true")
         # Example usage:
         list1 = [1, 2, 3, 4]
         list2 = [5, 6, 7, 8]
         compare_lists(list1, list2)
         true
 In [ ]:
         QUESTION FIVE
         Write a program that accepts a list of integers and two indexes and swaps the elements
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In [34]: def swap_elements(my_list, index1, index2):
             # Check if the indexes are within the valid range
             if 0 <= index1 < len(my list) and 0 <= index2 < len(my list):</pre>
                 # Swap the elements at the given indexes
                 my_list[index1], my_list[index2] = my_list[index2], my_list[index1]
                 print("List after swapping:", my_list)
             else:
                 print("Invalid indexes")
         # Example usage:
         input_list = [5, 2, 3, 4, 5]
         index_to_swap1 = 1
         index_to_swap2 = 10
         print("Original list:", input_list)
         swap_elements(input_list, index_to_swap1, index_to_swap2)
         Original list: [5, 2, 3, 4, 5]
         Invalid indexes
 In [ ]:
         QUETION SIX
         Write a program that accepts two lists of integers and prints a new list containing all
         elements of the first list followed by all elements of the second.'''
In [74]: def acceptLists(list1,list2):
             list1.extend(list2)
             print(list1)
             return
         list1 = [1, 2, 3, 4]
         list2 = [5, 6, 7, 8]
         acceptLists(list1,list2)
         [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
 In [ ]: | '''
         QUESTION SEVEN
         Write a program that accepts a list of integers and an integer value as its parameters
         prints the last index at which the value occurs in the list. The program should print -
         For example, in the list [74, 85, 102, 99, 101, 85, 56], the last index of the value 85
```

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In [76]: def find_last_index(my_list, value):
    # Start from the end of the list and iterate backwards
    for i in range(len(my_list) - 1, -1, -1):
        if my_list[i] == value:
            print("The last index of", value, "is:", i)
            return

# If the value is not found
    print(value, "not found in the list. Last index is -1.")

# Example usage:
my_list = [74, 85, 102, 99, 101, 85, 56]
search_value = 85
find_last_index(my_list, search_value)
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The last index of 85 is: 5

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In [ ]:
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In [ ]:
    QUESTION EIGHT
    Write a program that prints the range of values in a list of integers.
    The range is defined as 1 more than the difference between the maximum and minimum values in the list. For example,
    if a list contains the values [36, 12, 25, 19, 46, 31, 22],
```

the program should return 35. You may assume that the list has at least one element.''

```
In [48]: def rangeValue(mylist):
    max_value=max(mylist)
    min_value=min(mylist)
    range_value=(max_value-min_value) + 1
    print(range_value)
    return
    myList =[36, 12, 25, 19, 46, 31, 22]
    rangeValue(myList)
```

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For example, in the list [14, 1, 22, 17, 36, 7, -43, 5], for minimum value 4 and maximum there are four elements whose values fall between 4 and 17.'''

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In [ ]:
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In [78]: | def count_elements_in_range(my_list, min_value, max_value):
             # Initialize a counter for elements in the range
             count = 0
             print("initial count" ,count)
             # Iterate through the list
             for i in my_list:
                 # Check if the element is within the specified range
                 if min value <= i <= max value:</pre>
                     count =count +1
                     print("my_list", i ,"count value",count)
             # Print the count of elements in the range
             print("Count of elements between", min_value, "and", max_value, "is:", count)
         # Example usage:
         my_list = [14, 1, 22, 17, 36, 7, -43, 5]
         min_value = 4
         max value = 17
         count elements in range(my list, min value, max value)
         initial count 0
         my_list 14 count value 1
         my_list 17 count value 2
         my list 7 count value 3
         my list 5 count value 4
         Count of elements between 4 and 17 is: 4
 In [ ]:
 In [ ]: '''
         QUESTION TEN
         Write a program that accepts a list of real numbers and prints true if the list is in
         order and false otherwise.
         For example, if lists named list1 and list2 store [16.1, 12.3, 22.2, 14.4]
         and [1.5, 4.3, 7.0, 19.5, 25.1, 46.2] respectively, the program should print false for
         Assume the list has at least one element. A one-element list is sorted.
```

In []:

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In [79]: def is_sorted(my_list):
             # Create a sorted copy of the list
             sorted_list = sorted(my_list)
             print(sorted_list)
             # Check if the original list is the same as the sorted list
             return my_list == sorted_list
         # Example usage:
         list1 = [16.1, 12.3, 22.2, 14.4]
         list2 = [1.5, 4.3, 7.0, 19.5, 25.1, 46.2]
         print("Is list1 sorted?", is_sorted(list1))
         print("Is list2 sorted?", is_sorted(list2))
         [12.3, 14.4, 16.1, 22.2]
         Is list1 sorted? False
         [1.5, 4.3, 7.0, 19.5, 25.1, 46.2]
         Is list2 sorted? True
In [ ]:
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In []:	
In []:	
In []:	