

# **Extracting Stock Data Using a Web Scraping**

Not all stock data is available via API in this assignment; you will use web-scraping to obtain financial data. You will be guizzed on your results.\ Using beautiful soup we will extract historical share data from a web-page.

## **Table of Contents**

- Downloading the Webpage Using Requests Library
- Parsing Webpage HTML Using BeautifulSoup
- Extracting Data and Building DataFrame

Estimated Time Needed: 30 min

### In [1]:

```
#!pip install pandas
#!pip install requests
!pip install bs4
!pip install html5lib
!pip install lxml
#!pip install plotly
```

Requirement already satisfied: bs4 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (0.0.1)
Requirement already satisfied: beautifulsoup4 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from bs4) (4.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: soupsieve>1.2 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from beautifulsoup4->bs4) (2.3.1)
Requirement already satisfied: html5lib in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (1.1)
Requirement already satisfied: webencodings in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from html5lib) (0.5.1)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.9 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from html5lib) (1.16.0)
Requirement already satisfied: lxml in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (4.6.3)

```
In [2]:
```

```
import pandas as pd
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
```

## **Using Webscraping to Extract Stock Data Example**

First we must use the request library to downlaod the webpage, and extract the text. We will extract Netflix stock data <a href="https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/netflix\_data\_webpage.html">https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/netflix\_data\_webpage.html</a>).

### In [3]:

```
url = "https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkil
lsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/netflix_data_webpage.html"
data = requests.get(url).text
```

Next we must parse the text into html using beautiful\_soup

```
In [4]:
```

```
soup = BeautifulSoup(data, 'html5lib')
```

Now we can turn the html table into a pandas dataframe

#### In [5]:

```
netflix_data = pd.DataFrame(columns=["Date", "Open", "High", "Low", "Close", "Volume"])
# First we isolate the body of the table which contains all the information
# Then we loop through each row and find all the column values for each row
for row in soup.find("tbody").find_all('tr'):
    col = row.find_all("td")
    date = col[0].text
    Open = col[1].text
    high = col[2].text
    low = col[3].text
    close = col[4].text
    adj_close = col[5].text
    volume = col[6].text

# Finally we append the data of each row to the table
    netflix_data = netflix_data.append({"Date":date, "Open":Open, "High":high, "Low":low,
"Close":close, "Adj Close":adj_close, "Volume":volume}, ignore_index=True)
```

## We can now print out the dataframe

## In [6]:

```
netflix_data.head()
```

### Out[6]:

	Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume	Adj Close
0	Jun 01, 2021	504.01	536.13	482.14	528.21	78,560,600	528.21
1	May 01, 2021	512.65	518.95	478.54	502.81	66,927,600	502.81
2	Apr 01, 2021	529.93	563.56	499.00	513.47	111,573,300	513.47
3	Mar 01, 2021	545.57	556.99	492.85	521.66	90,183,900	521.66
4	Feb 01, 2021	536.79	566.65	518.28	538.85	61,902,300	538.85

We can also use the pandas read\_html function using the url

## In [7]:

```
read_html_pandas_data = pd.read_html(url)
```

Or we can convert the BeautifulSoup object to a string

### In [8]:

```
read_html_pandas_data = pd.read_html(str(soup))
```

Beacause there is only one table on the page, we just take the first table in the list returned

## In [9]:

```
netflix_dataframe = read_html_pandas_data[0]
netflix_dataframe.head()
```

### Out[9]:

	Date	Open	High	Low	Close*	Adj Close**	Volume
0	Jun 01, 2021	504.01	536.13	482.14	528.21	528.21	78560600
1	May 01, 2021	512.65	518.95	478.54	502.81	502.81	66927600
2	Apr 01, 2021	529.93	563.56	499.00	513.47	513.47	111573300
3	Mar 01, 2021	545.57	556.99	492.85	521.66	521.66	90183900
4	Feb 01, 2021	536.79	566.65	518.28	538.85	538.85	61902300

## Using Webscraping to Extract Stock Data Exercise

Use the requests library to download the webpage <a href="https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-">https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-</a>

<u>SkillsNetwork/labs/project/amazon\_data\_webpage.html (https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-</u>

<u>SkillsNetwork/labs/project/amazon\_data\_webpage.html</u>). Save the text of the response as a variable named html\_data .

### In [10]:

```
url = "https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkil
lsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/amazon_data_webpage.html"
html_data = requests.get(url).text
```

Parse the html data using beautiful\_soup.

```
In [14]:
```

```
soup = BeautifulSoup(html_data, 'html.parser')
```

**Question 1** What is the content of the title attribute:

```
In [18]:
```

```
for link in soup.findAll('title'):
    print(link)
```

<title>Amazon.com, Inc. (AMZN) Stock Historical Prices & Data - Yahoo Fin ance</title>

Using beautiful soup extract the table with historical share prices and store it into a dataframe named amazon\_data. The dataframe should have columns Date, Open, High, Low, Close, Adj Close, and Volume. Fill in each variable with the correct data from the list col.

### In [19]:

```
amazon_data = pd.DataFrame(columns=["Date", "Open", "High", "Low", "Close", "Volume"])

for row in soup.find("tbody").find_all("tr"):
    col = row.find_all("td")
    date = col[0].text
    Open = col[1].text
    high = col[2].text
    low = col[3].text
    close = col[4].text
    adj_close = col[5].text
    volume = col[6].text

amazon_data = amazon_data.append({"Date":date, "Open":Open, "High":high, "Low":low, "Close":close, "Adj Close":adj_close, "Volume":volume}, ignore_index=True)
```

Print out the first five rows of the amazon data dataframe you created.

### In [20]:

```
amazon_data.head()
```

#### Out[20]:

	Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume	Adj Close
0	Jan 01, 2021	3,270.00	3,363.89	3,086.00	3,206.20	71,528,900	3,206.20
1	Dec 01, 2020	3,188.50	3,350.65	3,072.82	3,256.93	77,556,200	3,256.93
2	Nov 01, 2020	3,061.74	3,366.80	2,950.12	3,168.04	90,810,500	3,168.04
3	Oct 01, 2020	3,208.00	3,496.24	3,019.00	3,036.15	116,226,100	3,036.15
4	Sep 01, 2020	3,489.58	3,552.25	2,871.00	3,148.73	115,899,300	3,148.73

Question 2 What is the name of the columns of the dataframe

### In [22]:

```
amazon_data.columns
```

### Out[22]:

```
Index(['Date', 'Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Volume', 'Adj Close'], dtype
='object')
```

Question 3 What is the Open of the last row of the amazon data dataframe?

## In [31]:

amazon\_data.iloc[60][1]

### Out[31]:

'656.29'

## **About the Authors:**

Joseph Santarcangelo (https://www.linkedin.com/in/joseph-s-50398b136/?

utm\_medium=Exinfluencer&utm\_source=Exinfluencer&utm\_content=000026UJ&utm\_term=10006555&utm\_id=N/A

SkillsNetwork-Channel-SkillsNetworkCoursesIBMDeveloperSkillsNetworkPY0220ENSkillsNetwork23455606
2021-01-01) has a PhD in Electrical Engineering, his research focused on using machine learning, signal processing, and computer vision to determine how videos impact human cognition. Joseph has been working for IBM since he completed his PhD.

Azim Hirjani

∢ |

## **Change Log**

Date (YYYY-MM-DD) Version Changed By Change Description

2021-06-09 | 1.2 | Lakshmi Holla Added URL in question 3 |

| 2020-11-10 | 1.1 | Malika Singla | Deleted the Optional part | | 2020-08-27 | 1.0 | Malika Singla | Added lab to GitLab |

© IBM Corporation 2020. All rights reserved.