# Operating Procedure – Round Robin Instructions for HYBRID 1



Page 1 of 9 Date: 2022-01-20

Printing date: **2022-01-20** 

# Operating Procedure for a Round Robin Test on Hybrid Dust/Gas-Mixtures in the 1 m³

# "Hybrid-1"

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#### 1 Goal

This standard procedure is a first approach to obtain comparable data of hybrid mixtures. The goal of this procedure is to narrow all technical parameters to a reasonable range, within which all test facilities will obtain comparable results. In this first round robin tests on hybrid mixtures ever the multiphase system consists of methane and corn starch. The methane shall have a purity of more than 99 %. The corn starch will be handed out by BAM shortly before the tests start. We will perform particle size distribution tests and moisture tests before shipping. These tests should be repeated by the receiving facility to assure the corn starch still has the same properties.

This Standard operating procedure is aimed for facilities, that already test dusts according to EN 14034 or ASTM 1226. If a facility is starting all new in determining safety characteristics this Operating Procedure might be too short to be applicable. In this case please contact the author.

## 2 Modifications to the 1m³ for dust testing

- Additional pressure sensor. 1 bar pressure sensor that can be shutoff with a valve would be the optimum (PIR 4 in the schematic), otherwise a 10 bar pressure sensor (PIR3 in the schematic) without valve
- Gas analyzer for CH4 or CO2, resolution of 0,1% or better and a vacuum pump to suck the gas-mixture out of the 1m³ and push it to the gas analyzer
  - Vacuum pump to evacuate the  $1m^3$  down to  $\sim 0.8$  bar absolute.

First of all, another piezo-resistive pressure sensor must be added to the 1m<sup>3</sup>, to measure all the pressures before and after injection (see Figure 1, PIR 3 or 4). The two piezo-electric pressure sensors can't measure static pressures so for hybrid mixtures they are not sufficient (see Figure 1, PIR 1 & PIR 2). The piezo-resistive pressure sensor should have a range between 0-1 bar and a resolution of at least 0,1 mbar. This one must be separated while conducting the explosion tests with an extra valve.

We added two pressure sensors, one with the stated features and another one with a range between 0-10 bars and a resolution of 1 mbar (PIR 3).

For measuring the amount of gas an analyzing system must be connected to the 1m<sup>3</sup>, as well separated by a valve.

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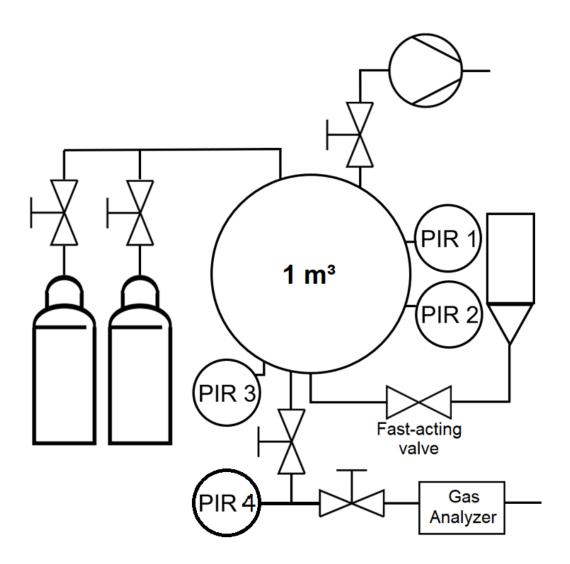


Figure 1: 1 m<sup>3</sup> with modifications for testing hybrid mixtures

Normally the 1 m<sup>3</sup> is not evacuated prior to the tests. For hybrid mixtures this is crucial because there has to be enough "space" for the methane. A vacuum pump must be added to evacuate the 1 m<sup>3</sup> to at least 0,81 bar absolute.

## 3 Pre-Test 1 – Leakage Rate

It takes about 3-5 minutes to fill in all the partial pressure fractions of the different gases. So, the accuracy and the precision of the amount of gases is dependent on the leakage-rate of the 1 m<sup>3</sup>. The leakage rate should be lower than 1mbar/minute.

- Evacuate the 1m<sup>3</sup> to 800 mbar.
- Close all valves (except for the one leading to PIR 4)
- Note the pressure according to PIR 3 and/or PIR 4 and note the time
- After the given times note pressure according to PIR 3 and/or PIR 4

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| Time spent | PIR 3 and/or 4 | Time     | PIR 3 and/or 4 | Time     |
|------------|----------------|----------|----------------|----------|
| [seconds]  | [mbar]         | hh:mm:ss | [mbar]         | hh:mm:ss |
| 0          |                | : :      |                | : :      |
| 60         |                | : :      |                | : :      |
| 120        |                | : :      |                | : :      |
| 180        |                | : :      |                | : :      |
| 300        |                | : :      |                | : :      |
| 600        |                | : :      |                | : :      |

### 4 Pre-Test 2 - Gas amount - deviation and scattering

These tests are conducted without ignition source or dust.

The amount of gas is calculated after the following equation:

$$Cgas=Pgas/(PV+PIPR-PIPD)$$
 (1)

Cgas = Concentration of gas [Mol-%]

Pgas = Partial pressure fraction of gas inside the 1m<sup>3</sup>

PV = partial vacuum; 900 mbar ± 2 mbar

PIPR = pre-ignition pressure rise; 0,1 bar ± 0,01 bar

PIPD = Post-injection pressure drop

There is a pressure-drop after injecting the air due to the increased temperature because of the fast compression (Post-injection pressure drop, PIPD, see Figure 2). This should always be recorded in these tests for at least three minutes. Normally the ignition takes place at the peak pressure. Due to the explosion this pressure drop after equilibration cannot be recorded so for the explosion tests the obtained values are averaged. With the 1m³ this effect is not very big but should still be recorded and stated before the tests.

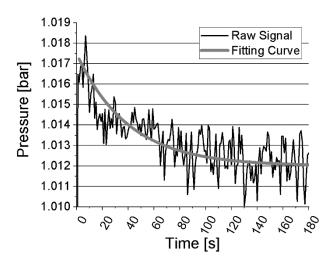


Figure 2: Recorded pressure against time after opening the fast-acting valve without igniter and without dust

Take the Table at the end of this SOP for the pre-tests aswell.

The measured and the calculated values might be different, in this case the following equation should be used

$$C_{gas} = P_{gas} / (PV + PIPR - PIPD) - Deviation_{conc.}$$
 (2)

with the concentration dependent deviation subtracted at the end.

|         | C <sub>gas</sub> | C <sub>gas</sub> | Difference <sub>calc.</sub> - | Difference <sub>meanvalue</sub> | PIPD            |
|---------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
|         | (calculated)     | (measured)       | measued                       | measured                        |                 |
|         | Mol-%            | Mol-%            | Mol-%                         | Mol-%                           | [bar]           |
| Test 1  |                  |                  |                               |                                 |                 |
| Test 2  |                  |                  |                               |                                 |                 |
| Test 3  |                  |                  |                               |                                 |                 |
|         | Mean value       | Mean value       | Mean value                    | Max. value                      |                 |
| Tost 4  |                  |                  |                               |                                 |                 |
| Test 4  |                  |                  |                               |                                 |                 |
| Test 5  |                  |                  |                               |                                 |                 |
| Test 6  |                  |                  |                               |                                 |                 |
|         | Mean value       | Mean value       | Mean value                    | Max. value                      |                 |
|         |                  |                  |                               |                                 |                 |
| Test 7  |                  |                  |                               |                                 |                 |
| Test 8  |                  |                  |                               |                                 |                 |
| Test 9  |                  |                  |                               |                                 |                 |
|         | Mean value       | Mean value       | Mean value                    | Max. value                      |                 |
|         |                  |                  |                               |                                 |                 |
| Test 10 |                  |                  |                               |                                 |                 |
| Test 11 |                  |                  |                               |                                 |                 |
| Test 12 |                  |                  |                               |                                 |                 |
|         | Mean value       | Mean value       | Mean value                    | Max. value                      | Overall Average |
|         |                  |                  |                               |                                 |                 |

**Operating Procedure** 

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The values in light green are the concentration-dependent deviation, the maximum of the three values in light blue is the highest possible scattering.

This step shall be repeated, and the amount of gas adjusted to a higher or lower level (according to the deviation), so that the desired amount of gas (here 3 % and 9 %) is measured in the end. In table 1 the green spaces are for these tests with the adjusted partial pressures.

Note: For safety reasons we took CO2 instead of methane for this pre-test. Considering the low pressures and being far away from boiling temperatures ideal gas behavior was assumed for all the mixture components Take the mean value deviation (light green) and the overall average of the PIPD (light red) for the calculation of the gas concentration in the tests

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#### 5 Explosion Tests - measuring hybrid safety characteristics

#### Parameters:

- Moisture content between 7 and 8 %.
  If this can not be measured this should be stated in the data
- Methane purity > 99%
- Ignition type: chemical igniter
- Ignition energy: 2 x 5000 J
- Ignition delay time: 600 ms
- Partial vacuum before injection (PV): 900 mbar ± 2 mbar
- Pre-ignition pressure rise (PIPR or Pd): 0,1 bar ± 0,01 bar

Calculation of concentration:

Cgas=Pgas/(PV+PIPR-PIPDmean)-Deviationconc.

The tests, that should be conducted are in the following table.

| Corn Starch | Methane Concentration |   |   |  |  |  |
|-------------|-----------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| g/m³        | Mol-%                 |   |   |  |  |  |
|             | 0                     | 3 | 9 |  |  |  |
| 0           | 0                     |   |   |  |  |  |
| 20          | 0                     |   |   |  |  |  |
| 60          | 0                     |   |   |  |  |  |
| 125         | 0                     |   |   |  |  |  |
| 250         | 0                     |   |   |  |  |  |
| 500         | 0                     |   |   |  |  |  |
| 750         | 0                     |   |   |  |  |  |
| 1000        | 0                     |   |   |  |  |  |

Each test shall be conducted once. At the maximum pressure and maximum rate of pressure rise for each Methane concentration the tests shall be repeated twice to an overall number of 3 tests. The last test for 0 % and 3 % of methane, that did not show an ignition phenomenon ( $p_{ex} < 0.5$  bar) shall be repeated as well twice to an overall number of 3 tests. The tests shall be saved with the following names-structure:

NAME OF COMPANY - Dust concentration per cubic meter - Methane Concentration - series

Example: BAM - 60g - 3percent-1

**Note 1:** The pressure in the dust container must be adjusted for higher amounts of dust. The PIPR should always be around 0,1 bar  $\pm$  0,01 bar so that the calculated amount of gas is right.

**Note 2:** All the data, the excel-File and all the pressure time-curves shall be handed over for a better comparison.

#### 6 Sources

Deprecated standards for hybrid mixtures:

ISO 6184-3:1985 - Explosion protection systems - Part 3: Determination of explosion indices of fuel/air mixtures other than dust/air and gas/air mixtures - officially under review since 2005

Standards for dusts

DIN EN 14034 –1: 2004 - Determination of explosion characteristics of dust clouds - Part 1: Determination of the maximum explosion pressure  $p_{max}$  of dust clouds

DIN EN 14034 –2: 2006 - Determination of explosion characteristics of dust clouds – Part 2: Determination of the maximum rate of explosion pressure rise  $(dp/dt)_{max}$  of dust clouds

DIN EN 14034 –3: 2006 - Determination of explosion characteristics of dust clouds – Part 3: Determination of the lower explosion limit LEL of dust clouds

ASTM 1226-12a: Standard Test Method for Explosibility of Dust Clouds

About 20L-spheres and 1m<sup>3</sup>:

https://cesana-ag.ch/download/B000\_071.pdf

https://cesana-ag.ch/download/B000\_081.pdf

https://www.ozm.cz/files/explosion-and-detonation-chambers/dust-and-gas-explosion-chambers/dust-and-gas-explosion-chambers.pdf

Spitzer et. al. (2021) - Comparative study on standardized ignition sources used for explosion testing; *Journal of Loss Prevention in the Process Industries*; doi.org/10.1016/j.jlp.2021.104516

Spitzer et. al. (2021) - Influence of pre-ignition pressure rise on safety characteristics of dusts and hybrid mixtures; *FUEL*; doi.org/10.1016/j.fuel.2021.122495

Spitzer et. al. (2021) - Influence of the mixing procedure on safety characteristics of hybrid mixtures, dx.doi.org/10.13140/RG.2.2.18025.62561, pre-print, will be published soon

SOP - Online Version: https://shspitzersen.github.io/Round-Robin-Hybrid-Mixtures/SOP.html

About the Project: https://shspitzersen.github.io/Round-Robin-Hybrid-Mixtures/about.html

# 7 Table for Pre-test

| Test | Air      | Air          | burnable gas | burnable gas | PIPR (target) | PIPR         | PIPD after  | Cgas    | Cgas       |
|------|----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|---------|------------|
|      | (target) | (real value) | (target)     | (real value) |               | (real value) | 180 seconds | (calc.) | (measured) |
|      | [mbar]   | [mbar]       | [mbar]       | [mbar]       | [mbar]        | [mbar]       | [mbar]      | Mol-%   | Mol-%      |
| 3 %  | 870      |              | 900          | ,            | 100           |              |             |         |            |
| 3 %  | 870      |              | 900          | ,            | 100           |              |             |         |            |
| 3 %  | 870      |              | 900          | ,            | 100           |              |             |         |            |
| 3 %  |          |              |              | ,            |               |              |             |         |            |
| 3 %  |          |              |              | ,            |               |              |             |         |            |
| 3 %  |          |              |              | ,            |               |              |             |         |            |
| 9 %  | 810      |              | 900          | ,            | 100           |              |             |         |            |
| 9 %  | 810      |              | 900          | ,            | 100           |              |             |         |            |
| 9 %  | 810      |              | 900          | ,            | 100           |              |             |         |            |
| 9 %  |          |              |              | ,            |               |              |             |         |            |
| 9 %  |          |              |              | ,            |               |              |             |         |            |
| 9 %  |          |              |              | ,            |               |              |             |         |            |

**Note:** the green fields only have to be filled, if the deviation is above 0,1 Mol-%.