### mxload

# A Portable Package For Reading Multics Backup Tapes

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## **Data Migration**

- What is the problem?
- How is migration done today?
- How does mxload do better?
- Features of mxload

# **Data Migration Situations**

- Wholesale move
- Move a single user/project
- Move specific files
- Selective retrieval

## **Migration Techniques**

- Today's Solutions
  - backup dump
  - tape\_archive
  - tape\_out
  - kermit
- Migrate from Multics not to other systems
- Common Drawbacks
  - Special tape format
  - Losing Multics file attributes
  - Requiring explicit migration tape

## Migration with mxload

- Uses standard backup dump tapes
- Preserves Multics hierarchy structure
- Translates *to* other systems
- Supports all migration styles
- Does not require Multics system
  - Can use old backup\_dump tapes

## mxload Summary

• mxload Load Multics hierarchy

from tape

mxmapMake map of tape

• mxarc Unpack archive

• mxmbx Unpack mailbox

• mxforum Unpack Forum meeting

• mxascii Convert ASCII segment

## mxload Interactive Style

• Example: Reload a single user's hierarchy

```
mxmap /dev/rmt0
mxload /dev/rmt0 '>udd>Project>Person' /usr/person
```

- Can reload directories, individual files
- Can optionally use a batch-style control file to adjust conversion defaults
- Use **mxmap** to locate data, then **mxload** to reload it

## mxload Batch Style

• Example: Reload a pre-planned set of directories

mxload -c migration plan.mxl /dev/rmt0

- Control file specifies pathnames and translations
  - Old Multics pathname  $\Rightarrow$  New pathname
  - Attribute mappings (Owner, ACL, etc.)
  - Adjust conversion defaults (for instance, leave archives for manual conversion)

### mxload Features

#### Data format translation

- ASCII: 9-bit  $\Rightarrow$  8-bit
- Archives  $\Rightarrow$  directories
- Mailboxes  $\Rightarrow$  files
- Forum meetings  $\Rightarrow$  files

#### Attribute translation

- Person/Project ⇒ owner/group
- ACL  $\Rightarrow$  permissions

#### • Name translation

- Multics  $\Rightarrow$  UNIX names
- Relocate hierarchies

### **Archive Conversion**

- Automatic for ASCII archives
- Manually with mxarc
- Common Options
  - mxarc -t for table of contents
  - mxarc -u for to unpack completely
  - mxarc -x to extract individual archive components

### Forum and Mailbox Conversion

#### Manually only

- mxforum for Forum meetings
- mxmbx for mailboxes

#### Common Options

- mxmbx -t for table of contents
- mxmbx -u to unpack into individual files, one for each message
- mxmbx -r to re-pack into single file with all messages

### **Name Translation**

#### Special Characters

- → /
- / ⇒ -
- ' ⇒ -
- " ⇒ -

#### Short Names

- System V has maximum of 14 characters per name
- mxload truncates and makes unique with #N suffix
- Can cause problems with directories, especially archive directories

## Input to mxload

- Normally a Multics backup\_dump tape
- Also can be a file
  - Disk copy of tape file
    - If tape is hard to read
    - For more efficient random access
  - Multics backup\_dump file
    - Created with backup preattach

#### **Product Details**

- Available for UNIX® systems
- Readily Portable
  - MS-DOS<sup>®</sup> version created by Oxford Systems for development purposes
  - VM/CMS<sup>®</sup> version created by by customer (with considerable difficulty due to VM/CMS idiosyncracies)
- Available today

## **Customer Experience**

#### Universities of Bath and Bristol

- Generic 4.2 BSD version on Gould NP1
- Special CMS version on IBM 3090
- Complete migration from Multics to other systems

#### Massachusetts Institute of Technology

- Generic 4.2BSD version on DEC Ultrix
- Archival recovery only, no Multics available

#### • Bull HN (Billerica)

- Generic System V version on XPS-100
- For migration from BCO–Multics