



All Contests > APL-2017-W7 > Dijk or Dyck?

Dijk or Dyck?

locked

by volmahesh

Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Discussions

Given a undirected simple graph G with positive integer weights, and a vertex $s \in G$, count the number of shortest paths from s to each vertex $v \in G$.

Standard notations for Graphs are followed.

There are N vertices and M edges in G .

Vertices are labelled 0 to $N-1$.

You will be given the number of edges in G and the edge list.

Try to implement this as efficiently as possible.

Input Format

```
N M s
u1 v1 w1
u2 v2 w2
. . .
. . .
. . .
uM vM wM
```

Here, an edge (u_i, v_i) has weight w_i .

s is the source vertex.

Constraints

$$1 \leq N \leq 50,000$$

$$w_i > 0 \quad (\text{Most } w_i \text{ are small})$$

$$\forall v \in G, \quad d_{SP}(s, v) < 2^{32}$$

$$\forall v \in G, \quad \sigma_{SP}(s, v) < 2^{32}$$

Here,

$d_{SP}(u, v)$ denotes distance of the shortest path from u to v .

$\sigma_{SP}(u, v)$ denotes the number of shortest paths from u to v .

Output Format

```
c0 c1 c2 ... cN-1
```

Here, c_i is the number of shortest paths from s to v_i .

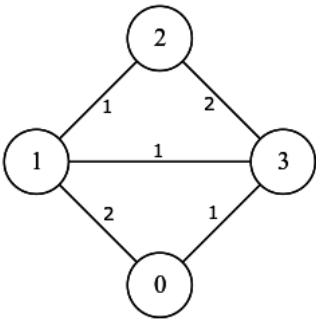
Sample Input

```
4 5 0
0 1 2
0 3 1
1 2 1
1 3 1
3 2 2
```

Sample Output

1 2 3 1

Explanation



From v_0 ,

v_1 : There are 2 shortest paths. (0--1) & (0--3--1).

v_2 : There are 3 shortest paths. (0--1--2), (0--3--2) & (0--3--1--2).

v_3 : There is a unique shortest path. (0--3).

f t in

Submissions: 61
Max Score: 50
Difficulty: Hard

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```
1 #include <cmath>
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <vector>
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <algorithm>
6 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
7
8 using namespace std;
9
10
11 int main() {
12     int N,M,s,u1,v1,w,uQc;
13     cin >> N;
14     cin >> M;
15     cin >> s;
16
17     vector<int> distance(N,INT_MAX);
18     vector<int> paths(N,0);
19     priority_queue< pair<int,int> , vector<pair<int, int>> , greater<pair<int, int>> > prQ;
20     int check[N]={};
21     list< pair<int, int> > *adjList;
22     adjList = new list< pair<int, int> > [N];
23     for(int i=0;i<M;i++){
24         cin >> u1;
25         cin >> v1;
26         cin >> w;
27         adjList[u1].push_back(make_pair(v1,w));
28         adjList[v1].push_back(make_pair(u1,w));
29     }
30
31     prQ.push(make_pair(0,s));
32     distance[s] = 0;
33     paths[s] = 1;
34     check[s] = 1;
35     while(prQ.empty()==false){
```

```
36     uQc = prQ.top().second;
37     int wt = prQ.top().first;
38     prQ.pop();
39     if(wt==distance[uQc]){
40         check[uQc] = 1;
41     }
42     else{
43         if(check[uQc]==1){
44             continue;
45         }
46     }
47
48
49     list< pair<int, int> >::iterator itr;
50     for(itr = adjList[uQc].begin();itr!=adjList[uQc].end();itr++){
51         int v1 = (*itr).first;
52         int w = (*itr).second;
53
54         if(distance[v1] > distance[uQc]+w){
55             distance[v1] = distance[uQc]+w;
56             paths[v1] = paths[uQc];
57             prQ.push(make_pair(distance[v1],v1));
58         }
59         else if(distance[v1] == (distance[uQc]+w)){
60             paths[v1] = paths[uQc] + paths[v1];
61         }
62     }
63 }
64
65
66 }
67 vector<int>::iterator i;
68 for(i=paths.begin();i!=paths.end();i++){
69     cout<<*i<<" ";
70 }
71
72
73 return 0;
74 }
75
```

Line: 1 Col: 1

[Upload Code as File](#) ☐ Test against custom input

Run Code

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