

Practice





Leaderboard







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Betweenness Centrality

■ locked



by volmahesh

Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Discussions

This assignment expands on the concepts of Weekend 7 (Dijk or Dyck?).

Given a undirected simple graph G with positive integer weighted edges, calculate the Betweenness Centrality (henceforth abbreviated BC) metric for each node in G.

BC is defined as follows:

$$BC(v) = \sum_{s
eq v
eq t} rac{\sigma_{st}(v)}{\sigma_{st}}$$

where,

 $\sigma_{st}(v)$ = Number of shortest paths between s and t that pass through v.

 σ_{st} = Total number of shortest paths between s and t.

This assignment requires you to calculate **BC** for all v in G with a total worst case complexity of $O(N^3)$.

As in the previous assignment,

There are N vertices and M edges in G.

Vertices are labelled 0 to N-1.

You will be given the number of edges in ${m G}$ and the edge list.

Most test cases will deal with dense graphs i.e., M>>N

Hint: Try calculating all-pairs shortest paths.

Input Format

u1 v1 w1

u2 v2 w2

uM vM wM

Constraints

$$0 < w_i < 1000$$

$$orall u,v\in G, \quad d_{min}(u,v)<2^{32}$$

$$orall u,v\in G, \quad \sigma_{uv}<2^{32}$$

Output Format

BC(0)

BC(1)

BC(N-1)

NOTE 1: Your output precision must be at least 1e-5.

NOTE 2: Print 1 entry per line. Otherwise, you might get "Wrong Answer" because of HR limitations.

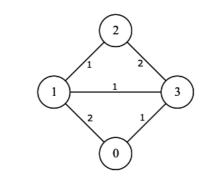
Sample Input

- 4 5
- 0 3 1
- 1 3 1
- 0 1 2
- 1 2 1

Sample Output

- 0.0
- 1.16666666666665
- 0.0
- 1.166666666666665

Explanation



$$BC(0) = \frac{\sigma_{12}(0)}{\sigma_{12}} + \frac{\sigma_{13}(0)}{\sigma_{13}} + \frac{\sigma_{23}(0)}{\sigma_{23}} = \frac{0}{1} + \frac{0}{1} + \frac{0}{2} = 0$$

$$BC(1) = \frac{\sigma_{02}(1)}{\sigma_{02}} + \frac{\sigma_{03}(1)}{\sigma_{03}} + \frac{\sigma_{23}(1)}{\sigma_{23}} = \frac{2}{3} + \frac{0}{1} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{6} = 1.1\overline{6}$$

$$BC(2) = rac{\sigma_{01}(2)}{\sigma_{01}} + rac{\sigma_{03}(2)}{\sigma_{03}} + rac{\sigma_{13}(2)}{\sigma_{13}} = rac{0}{2} + rac{0}{1} + rac{0}{1} = 0$$

$$BC(3) = \frac{\sigma_{01}(3)}{\sigma_{01}} + \frac{\sigma_{02}(3)}{\sigma_{02}} + \frac{\sigma_{12}(3)}{\sigma_{12}} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{0}{1} = \frac{7}{6} = 1.1\overline{6}$$

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Submissions: 60 Max Score: 10 Difficulty: Medium

Rate This Challenge: ☆☆☆☆☆

More

```
Current Buffer (saved locally, editable) &
                                                                                     C++
                                                                                                                       Ö
1 ▼ #include <cmath>
   #include <cstdio>
    #include <vector>
    #include <iostream>
   #include <algorithm>
    #define MAXLim 120000
    using namespace std;
9 ▼ int mini(int a,int b){
10 ▼
        if(a>b){
11
            return b;
12
        return a;
```

```
14
15
16
17 ▼ int main() {
18
         int N;
19
         int M;
         cin >> N;
20
21
         cin >> M;
         int ar[N][N],br[N][N],pa[N][N];
22 ▼
23
         int i=0,j=0,k=0,p=0,q=0;
24 🔻
         for(int i=0;i<N;i++){</pre>
             for(int j=0;j<N;j++){</pre>
25 ▼
26 ▼
                  ar[i][j] = MAXLim;
27 ▼
                  if(i==j){
28 ▼
                      ar[i][j] = 0;
29
30
             }
         }
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
         int u,v,w;
38 •
         for(i=0;i<M;i++){</pre>
39
             cin >> u;
40
             cin >> v;
41
             cin >> w;
42 ▼
             ar[u][v] = w;
43 ▼
             ar[v][u] = w;
44
         }
45
46 ▼
         for(i=0;i<N;i++){</pre>
47 ▼
              for(j=0;j<N;j++){</pre>
48 ▼
                  pa[i][j] = 1;
49 ▼
                  if(ar[i][j]==MAXLim){
50 ▼
                      pa[i][j] = 0;
51
                  }
52
             }
53
         }
54
55
56
57
58
59
60 ▼
         for(k=0;k<N;k++){</pre>
61 ▼
             for(p=0;p<N;p++){</pre>
                  for(q=0;q<N;q++){
62 ▼
63 ▼
                      br[p][q] = ar[p][q];
64
65
              for(i=0;i<N;i++){</pre>
66 ▼
67 ▼
                  for(j=0;j<N;j++){
                      if(i!=k && j!=k){
68 ▼
69
70 ▼
                           if(br[i][j]>(br[i][k]+br[k][j])){
                               pa[i][j] = (pa[i][k]*pa[k][j]);
71 ▼
72 ▼
                               ar[i][j] = mini(br[i][j],br[i][k]+br[k][j]);
73
74 ▼
                           else if(br[i][j]==(br[i][k]+br[k][j])){
75 ▼
                               pa[i][j] = pa[i][j] +(pa[i][k]*pa[k][j]);
76
                           }
77
78
                      }
79
80
                  }
81
             }
         }
82
83
84
85
86
87
88
89 ▼
         double ans[N];
90
```

```
92
 93 ▼
          for(v=0;v<N;v++){</pre>
 94 ▼
              ans[v]=0;
 95 ▼
              for(i=0;i<N;i++){</pre>
 96 ▼
                  for(j=i+1;j<N;j++){
                       if(i!=v && j!=v ){
 97 ▼
 98 ▼
                           if(ar[i][j] == (ar[i][v] + ar[v][j])){
 99 ▼
                           ans[v] = ans[v] + ((pa[i][v]*(pa[v][j]*(1.0)))/(pa[i][j]));
100
                           }
101
                       }
102
                  }
103
              }
              printf("%.27f\n",ans[v]);
104 ▼
105
          }
106
107
108
          return 0;
109
     }
110
                                                                                                                     Line: 1 Col: 1
```

<u>Lupload Code as File</u> Test against custom input

Run Code

Submit Code

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