

BARATH.P

192121147

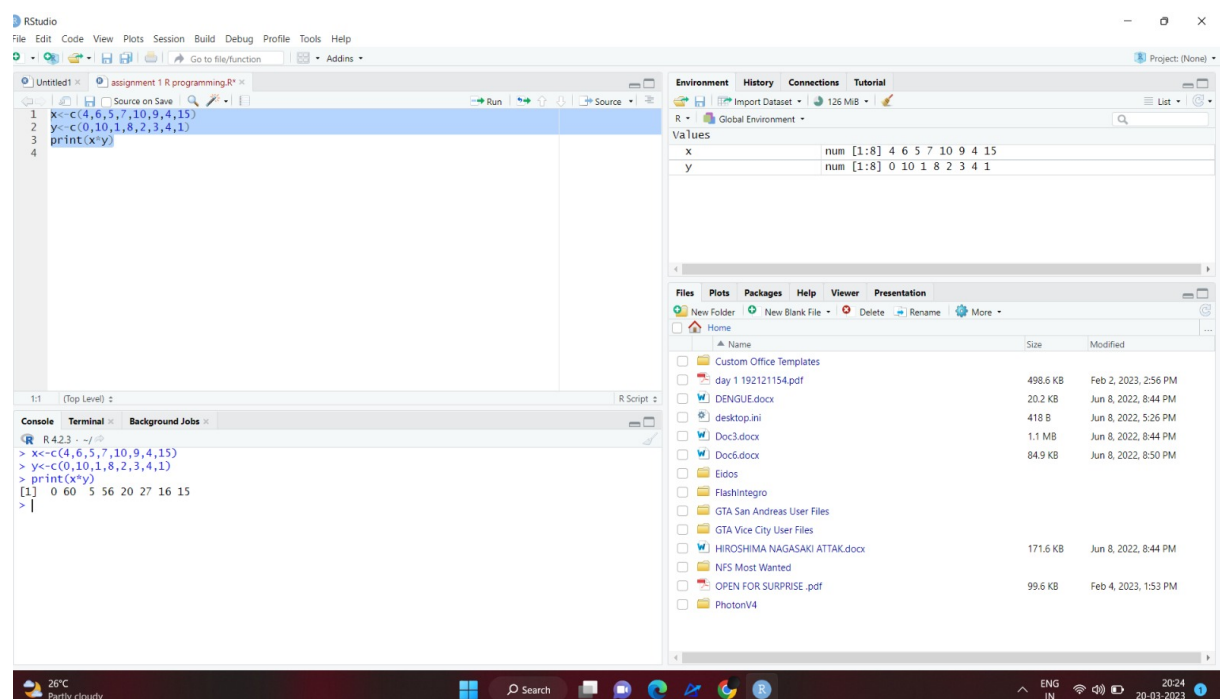
R PROGRAMMING

1. Consider two vectors, x, y $x=c(4,6,5,7,10,9,4,15)$ $y=c(0,10,1,8,2,3,4,1)$ What is the value of:

$x*y$

2 Consider two vectors, a, b

$a=c(1,2,4,5,6)$ $b=c(3,2,4,1,9)$ What is the value of: $cbind(a,b)$



OUTPUT:

$> x=c(4,6,5,7,10,9,4,15)$

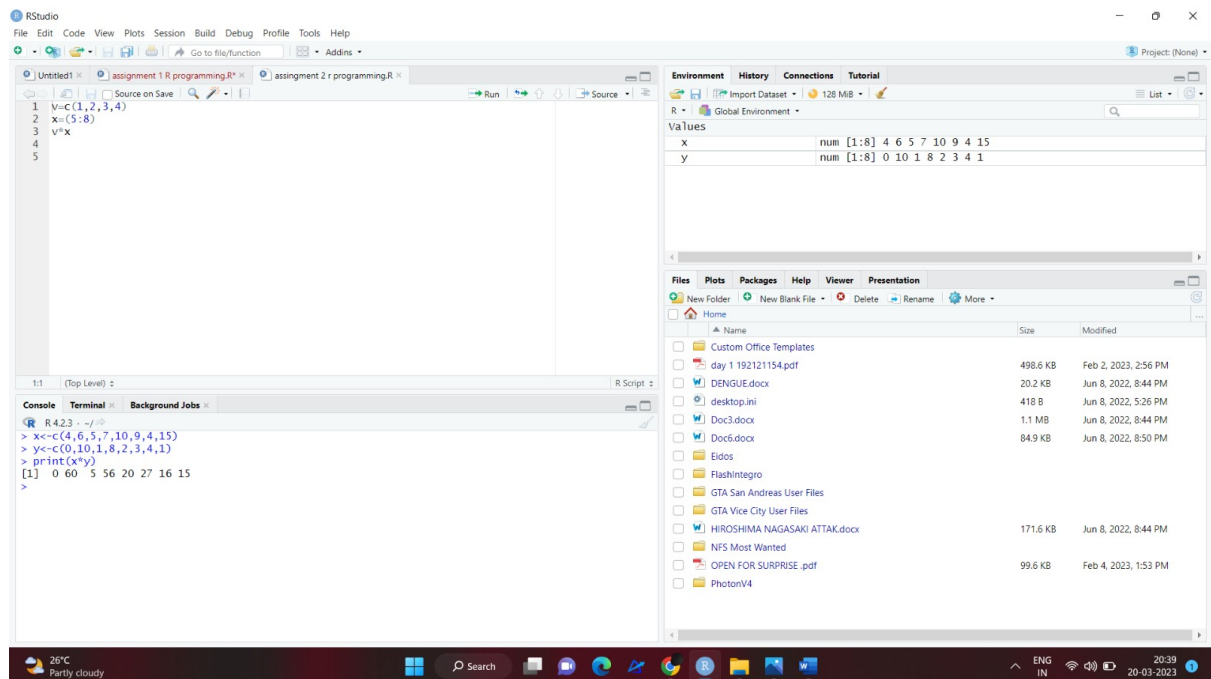
$> y=c(0,10,1,8,2,3,4,1)$

```
> x*y
```

```
[1] 0 60 5 56 20 27 16 15
```

```
>.
```

2. Vector v is c(1,2,3,4) and list x is list(5:8), what is the output of v*x[1]?



OUTPUT:

```
>X<-C(4,6,5,7,10,9,4,15)
```

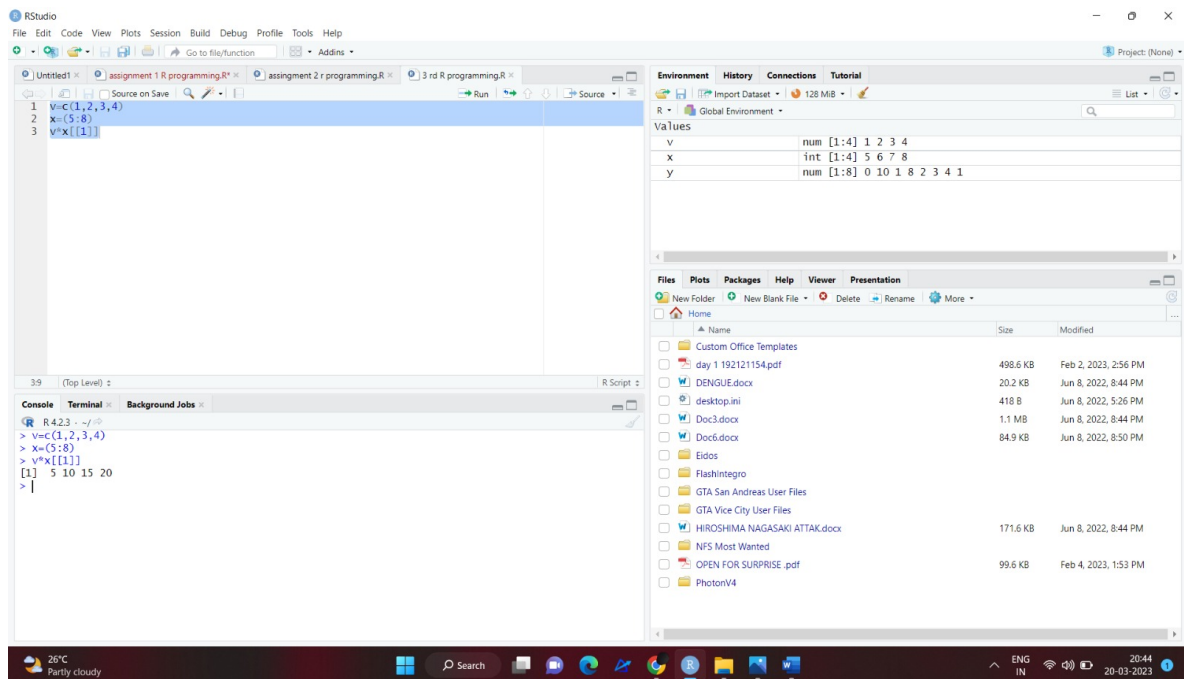
```
>Y<-C(0,10,1,8,2,3,4,1)
```

```
>Print(x*y)
```

```
[1] 0 60 5 56 20 27 16 15
```

```
>
```

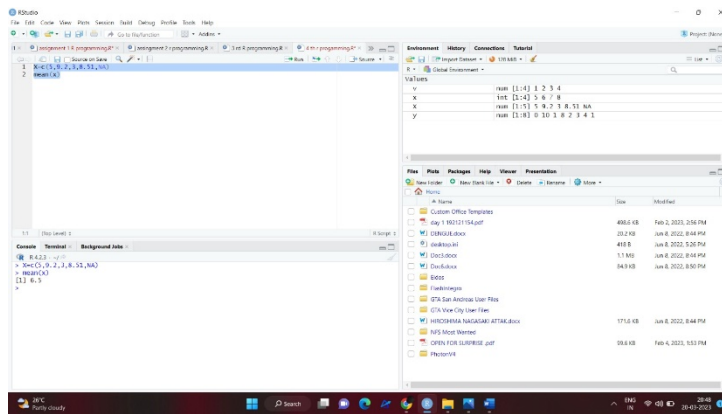
3. Vector v is c(1,2,3,4) and list x is list(5:8), what is the output of v*x[[1]]?



OUTPUT:

```
> v=c(1,2,3,4)
> x=(5:8)
> v*x[[1]]
[1] 5 10 15 20
```

4. X is the vector c(5,9.2,3,8.51,NA), What is the output of mean(x)?



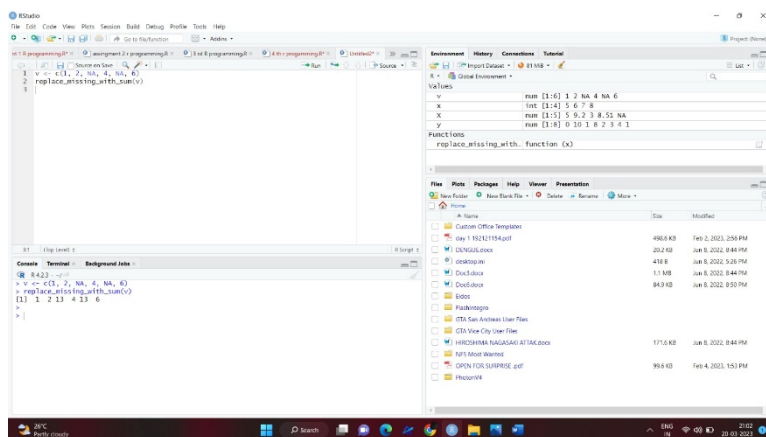
OUTPUT:

```
> X=c(5,9.2,3,8.51,NA)
```

```
> mean(x)
```

```
[1] 6.5
```

5. Give a function in R that replaces all missing values of a vector x with the sum of elements of that vector?



OUTPUT:

```
> v <- c(1, 2, NA, 4, NA, 6)
```

```
> replace_missing_with_sum(v)
```

```
[1] 1 2 13 4 13 6
```

```
>
```