



# SOFTWARE TESTING

THE ROLE OF A TESTER IS TO BREAK THE SOFTWARE

**Prepared For :**  
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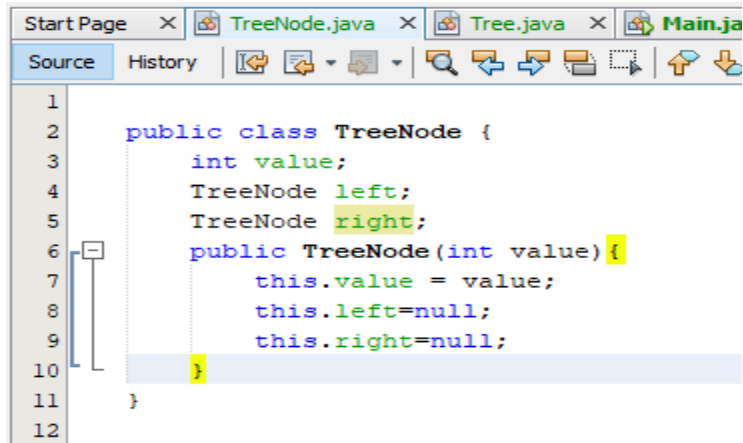
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## Question:

Implement the Inorder Traversal of the Tree....?

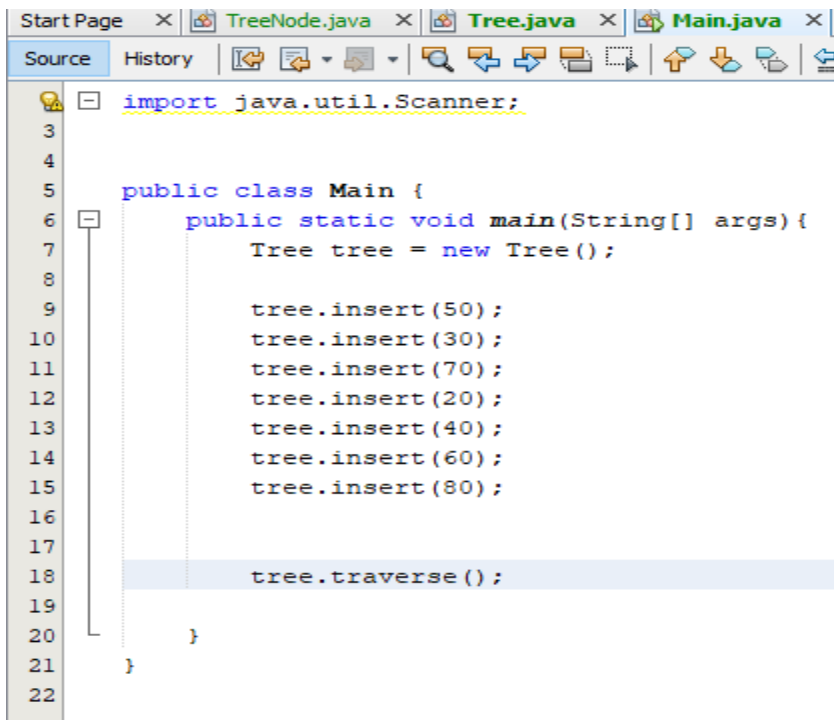
## Answer:

TreeNode.java




```
1
2 public class TreeNode {
3     int value;
4     TreeNode left;
5     TreeNode right;
6     public TreeNode(int value) {
7         this.value = value;
8         this.left=null;
9         this.right=null;
10    }
11 }
12
```

Main.java

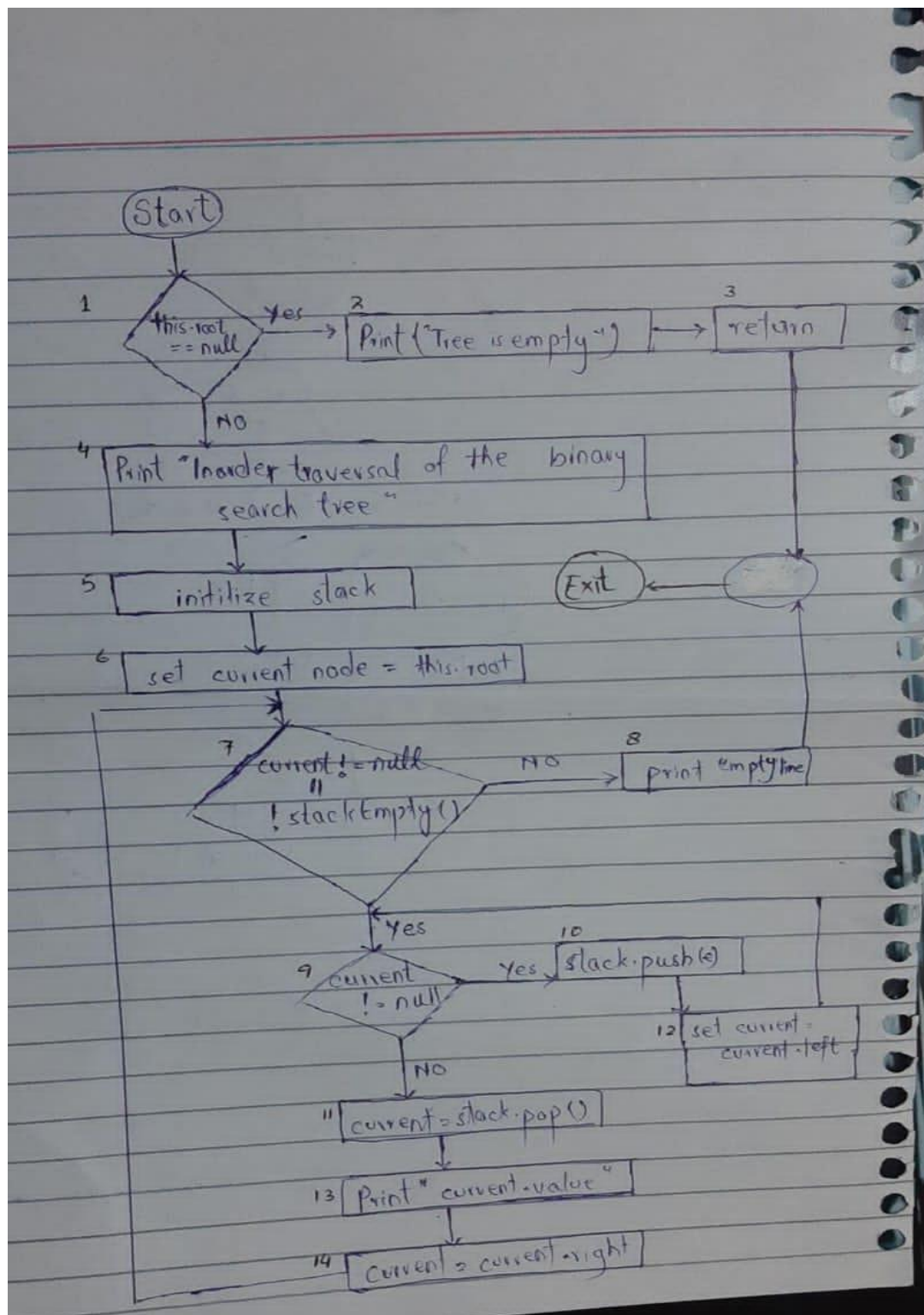


```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2
3
4
5 public class Main {
6     public static void main(String[] args) {
7         Tree tree = new Tree();
8
9         tree.insert(50);
10        tree.insert(30);
11        tree.insert(70);
12        tree.insert(20);
13        tree.insert(40);
14        tree.insert(60);
15        tree.insert(80);
16
17
18        tree.traverse();
19    }
20 }
21
22
```

Tree.java:

```
Source History 
1
2 import java.util.Stack;
3
4 public class Tree {
5     public TreeNode root;
6
7     public Tree() {
8         this.root = null;
9     }
10    public void insert(int element) {
11        this.root = insertRecursive(this.root, element);
12    }
13    private TreeNode insertRecursive(TreeNode root, int element) {
14        if (root == null) {
15            return new TreeNode(element);
16        }
17        if (element < root.value) {
18            root.left = insertRecursive(root.left, element);
19        }
20        else {
21            root.right = insertRecursive(root.right, element);
22        }
23        return root;
24    }
25    public void traverseInOrderIterative() {
26        if (this.root == null) {
27            System.out.println("Tree is empty");
28            return;
29        }
30
31        System.out.println("Inorder traversal of the binary search tree (iterative):");
32        Stack<TreeNode> stack = new Stack<>();
33        TreeNode current = this.root;
34
35        while (current != null || !stack.isEmpty()) {
36            while (current != null) {
37                stack.push(current);
38                current = current.left;
39            }
40            current = stack.pop();
41            System.out.print(current.value + " ");
42            current = current.right;
43        }
44
45        System.out.println();
46    }
47 }
48
```

# Control Flow Graph:



## Paths:

Path 1 → 1, 2, 3.

Path 2 → 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8.

Path 3 → 1,4,5,6,7,9,10,12,9,11,13,14,7,8.

Path 4 → 1,4,5,6,7,9,11,13,14,7,8.

## Test Cases:

Test Case ID	Description	Input Data	Expected Output	Actual Output	Status
TC_001	The root of the tree is "null" (i.e the tree is empty)		Display Msg: "Tree is Empty"	Display Msg: "Tree is empty"	Pass
TC_002	The stack has some element (i.e node) in it.		Display Msg: "Inorder traversal of the binary search tree (iterative):"  and an empty line is printed.		
TC_003	The tree has some elements in it. Now when this method will be called the elements will be printed.		Display Msg: "Inorder traversal of the binary search tree (iterative):"  and all the elements of the tree.	Display Msg: "Inorder traversal of the binary search tree (iterative):"  and all the elements of the tree.	Pass
TC_004	Current is equal to null but the stack is not empty and has some element..		Display Msg: "Inorder traversal of the binary search tree (iterative):" and one element that	Display Msg: "Inorder traversal of the binary search tree (iterative):" and one element that	Pass

			was in stack is printed.	was in stack is printed.	
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