

GATE NM-54 2022

EE23BTECH11011- Batchu Ishitha*

Q: A system with two degrees of freedom, as shown in the figure, has masses $m_1 = 200\text{kg}$ and $m_2 = 100\text{kg}$ and stiffness coefficients $k_1 = k_2 = 200\text{N/m}$. Then the lowest natural frequency of the system is _____ rad/s (rounded off to one decimal place).

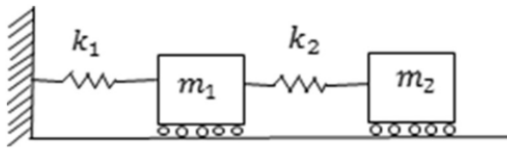


Fig. 0.

GATE NM 2022

Solution:

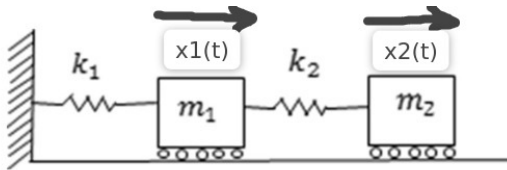


Fig. 0.

$$m_2 \ddot{x}_2(t) + k_2 (x_2(t) - x_1(t)) = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$m_1 \ddot{x}_1(t) - k_2 (x_2(t) - x_1(t)) + k_1 x_1(t) = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\ddot{x}_2(t) + 2(x_2(t) - x_1(t)) = 0 \quad (3)$$

$$\ddot{x}_1(t) + 2x_1(t) - x_2(t) = 0 \quad (4)$$

Substituting (3) in (4)

$$\ddot{x}_2(t) + 4\ddot{x}_2(t) + 2x_2(t) = 0 \quad (5)$$

Applying Laplace transform on both sides of (5)

$$\mathcal{L}(\ddot{x}_2(t) + 4\ddot{x}_2(t) + 2x_2(t)) = 0 \quad (6)$$

$$X_2(s)s^4 - s^3x_2(0) - s^2\dot{x}_2(0) - s\ddot{x}_2(0) - \ddot{x}_2(0) + 4(X_2(s)s^2 - sx_2(0) - \dot{x}_2(0)) + 2X_2(s) = 0 \quad (7)$$

$$X_2(s)s^4 - s^3x_2(0) - s^2\dot{x}_2(0) - s\ddot{x}_2(0) + 4(X_2(s)s^2 - sx_2(0) - \dot{x}_2(0)) + 2X_2(s) = 0 \quad (8)$$

$$X_2(s)(s^4 + 4s^2 + 2) - s^3x_2(0) - s^2\dot{x}_2(0) - s\ddot{x}_2(0) - 4sx_2(0) - 4\dot{x}_2(0) = 0 \quad (9)$$

Assuming $x_2(t) = 0$ and $\ddot{x}_2(t) = 0$ at $t=0$

$$X_2(s)(s^4 + 4s^2 + 2) - s^2\dot{x}_2(0) - 4\dot{x}_2(0) = 0 \quad (10)$$

$$X_2(s) = \dot{x}_2(0) \frac{(s^2 + 4)}{(s^4 + 4s^2 + 2)} \quad (11)$$

$$X_2(s) = \dot{x}_2(0) \frac{(s^2 + 4)}{(s^2 + (2 + \sqrt{2}))(s^2 + (2 - \sqrt{2}))} \quad (12)$$

$$\Rightarrow X_2(s) = \dot{x}_2(0) \left(\left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{2}}{2(s^2 + (2 + \sqrt{2}))} \right) + \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{2}}{2(s^2 + (2 - \sqrt{2}))} \right) \right) \quad (13)$$

$$\frac{a}{s^2 + a^2} \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{L}^{-1}} \sin at \quad (14)$$

Applying Inverse Laplace Transform on both sides of (13)

$$x_2(t) = \dot{x}_2(0) \left(\frac{(1 - \sqrt{2}) \sin(2 + \sqrt{2})t}{2((2 + \sqrt{2}))} + \frac{(1 + \sqrt{2}) \sin(2 - \sqrt{2})t}{2((2 - \sqrt{2}))} \right) \quad (15)$$

$$= \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} (-\cos 2t \sin \sqrt{2}t + \sqrt{2} \sin 2t \cos \sqrt{2}t) \quad (16)$$