

# GATE IN-13 2022

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Q: A periodic function  $f(x)$ , with period 2, is defined as

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -1 - x & -1 \leq x < 0 \\ 1 - x & 0 < x \leq 1 \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

The Fourier series of this function contains

- A. Both  $\cos(n\pi x)$  and  $\sin(n\pi x)$  where  $n=1,2,3\dots$
- B. Only  $\sin(n\pi x)$  where  $n=1,2,3\dots$
- C. Only  $\cos(n\pi x)$  where  $n=1,2,3\dots$
- D. Only  $\cos(2n\pi x)$  where  $n=1,2,3\dots$

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**Solution:**

Parameter	Description
$f(x)$	Polynomial function
$2L$	Period of the Polynomial function
$c(n)$	Complex Fourier Coefficients

TABLE 4  
INPUT PARAMETERS

The complex exponential Fourier Series of  $f(x)$  is,

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n e^{jn\omega x} \quad (2)$$

$$\Rightarrow c_n = \frac{1}{2L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) e^{-jn\omega x} dx \quad (3)$$

$$(4)$$

For  $n \neq 0$ ;

$$c(n) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 f(x) e^{-jn\omega x} dx \quad (5)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \int_{-1}^0 (-1 - x) e^{-jn\omega x} dx + \int_0^1 (1 - x) e^{-jn\omega x} dx \right) \quad (6)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( - \int_{-1}^0 e^{-jn\omega x} dx - \int_{-1}^1 x e^{-jn\omega x} dx + \int_0^1 e^{-jn\omega x} dx \right) \quad (7)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{-1}{jn\omega} \left[ - (1 - e^{+jn\omega}) + (e^{-jn\omega} - 1) \right] - \int_{-1}^1 x e^{-jn\omega x} dx \right] \quad (8)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{-1}{jn\omega} \left[ -2 + e^{+jn\omega} + e^{-jn\omega} \right] + \left( \frac{e^{-jn\omega x}}{jn\omega} \left[ x + \frac{1}{jn\omega} \right] \right) \Big|_{-1}^1 \right] \quad (9)$$

$$= \frac{-1}{jn\omega} [-1 + \cos(n\omega)] + \frac{1}{2(jn\omega)^2} \left[ (e^{-jn\omega})(1 + jn\omega) - (e^{jn\omega})(-jn\omega + 1) \right] \quad (10)$$

$$\Rightarrow c(n) = \frac{-1}{(jn\omega)^2} [-jn\omega + j \sin(n\omega)] \quad (11)$$

For  $n = 0$ ;

$$c(0) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 f(x) dx \quad (12)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \int_{-1}^0 (-1 - x) dx + \int_0^1 (1 - x) dx \right] \quad (13)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \left( -x - \frac{x^2}{2} \right)_{-1}^0 + \left( x - \frac{x^2}{2} \right)_0^1 \right] \quad (14)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ 0 - 1 + \frac{1}{2} + 1 - \frac{1}{2} - 0 \right] \quad (15)$$

$$= 0 \quad (16)$$

$\therefore$  The Fourier series of this function contains only  $\sin(n\pi x)$  where  $n=1,2,3,\dots$

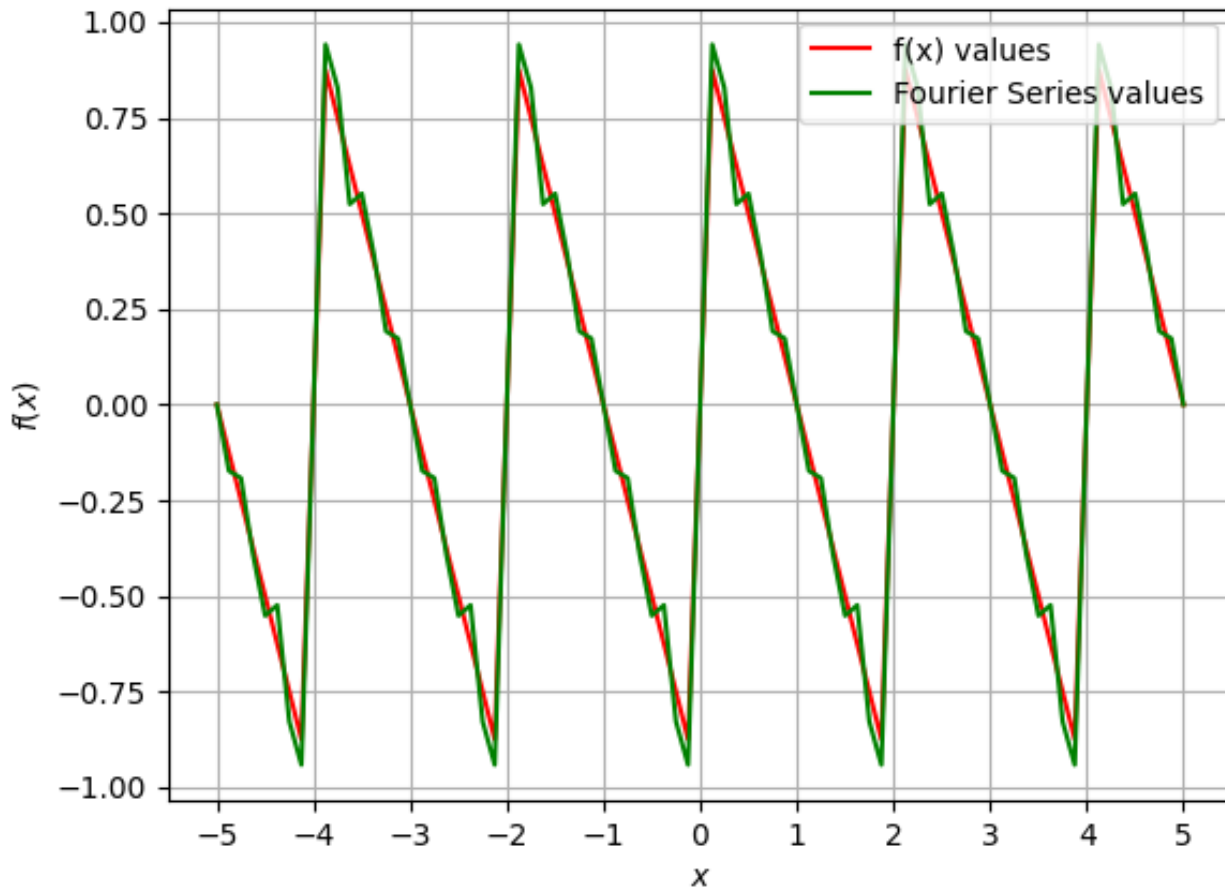


Fig. 4.