

```
In [163]: # Standard imports
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from pandas import DataFrame

# Visualization Libraries
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
plt.style.use('ggplot')

# Scikit-Learn
import sklearn
from sklearn import datasets
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
from sklearn import preprocessing
from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error as MAE
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error as MSE

# Import model, splitting method & metrics from sklearn
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.model_selection import KFold
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_predict
```

```
In [164]: #Load the dataset
df = pd.read_csv("medical_clean 1.1.23.csv")
```

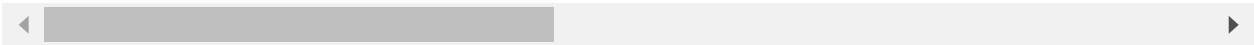
In [165]:

#examine the first 5 records of data
df.head()

Out[165]:

	CaseOrder	Customer_id	Interaction	UID	City	State
0	1	C412403	8cd49b13-f45a-4b47-a2bd-173ffa932c2f	3a83ddb66e2ae73798bdf1d705dc0932	Eva	AL
1	2	Z919181	d2450b70-0337-4406-bdbb-bc1037f1734c	176354c5eef714957d486009feabf195	Marianna	FL
2	3	F995323	a2057123-abf5-4a2c-abad-8ffe33512562	e19a0fa00aeda885b8a436757e889bc9	Sioux Falls	SD Mii
3	4	A879973	1dec528d-eb34-4079-adce-0d7a40e82205	cd17d7b6d152cb6f23957346d11c3f07	New Richland	MN
4	5	C544523	5885f56b-d6da-43a3-8760-83583af94266	d2f0425877b10ed6bb381f3e2579424a	West Point	VA

5 rows × 50 columns



```
In [166]: #view describe
df.info
```

```
Out[166]: <bound method DataFrame.info of          CaseOrder Customer_id
Interaction \
0          1      C412403  8cd49b13-f45a-4b47-a2bd-173ffa932c2f
1          2      Z919181  d2450b70-0337-4406-bdbb-bc1037f1734c
2          3      F995323  a2057123-abf5-4a2c-abad-8ffe33512562
3          4      A879973  1dec528d-eb34-4079-adce-0d7a40e82205
4          5      C544523  5885f56b-d6da-43a3-8760-83583af94266
...          ...          ...          ...
9995       9996      B863060  a25b594d-0328-486f-a9b9-0567eb0f9723
9996       9997      P712040  70711574-f7b1-4a17-b15f-48c54564b70f
9997       9998      R778890  1d79569d-8e0f-4180-a207-d67ee4527d26
9998       9999      E344109  f5a68e69-2a60-409b-a92f-ac0847b27db0
9999      10000      I569847  bc482c02-f8c9-4423-99de-3db5e62a18d5

          UID          City State          County \
0  3a83ddb66e2ae73798bdf1d705dc0932      Eva    AL      Morgan
1  176354c5eef714957d486009feabf195  Marianna  FL      Jackson
2  e19a0fa00aeda885b8a436757e889bc9  Sioux Falls  SD      Minnehaha
3  cd17d7b6d152cb6f23957346d11c3f07  New Richland  MN      Waseca
4  d2f0425877b10ed6bb381f3e2579424a  West Point  VA      King William
...          ...          ...          ...          ...
9995  39184dc28cc038871912ccc4500049e5      Norlina  NC      Warren
9996  3cd124ccd43147404292e883bf9ec55c      Milmay  NJ      Atlantic
9997  41b770ae97a5b9e7f69c906a8119d7      Southside  TN      Montgomery
9998  2bb491ef5b1beb1fed758cc6885c167a      Quinn  SD      Pennington
9999  95663a202338000abdf7e09311c2a8a1  Coraopolis  PA      Allegheny

          Zip          Lat          Lng  ... TotalCharge Additional_charges Item1 \
0      35621  34.34960  -86.72508  ...  3726.702860      17939.403420      3
1      32446  30.84513  -85.22907  ...  4193.190458      17612.998120      3
2      57110  43.54321  -96.63772  ...  2434.234222      17505.192460      2
3      56072  43.89744  -93.51479  ...  2127.830423      12993.437350      3
4      23181  37.59894  -76.88958  ...  2113.073274      3716.525786      2
...          ...          ...          ...          ...          ...          ...
9995  27563  36.42886  -78.23716  ...  6850.942000      8927.642000      3
9996   8340  39.43609  -74.87302  ...  7741.690000      28507.150000      3
9997  37171  36.36655  -87.29988  ...  8276.481000      15281.210000      3
9998  57775  44.10354 -102.01590  ...  7644.483000      7781.678000      5
9999  15108  40.49998  -80.19959  ...  7887.553000      11643.190000      4

          Item2 Item3 Item4 Item5 Item6 Item7 Item8
0           3     2     2     4     3     3     4
1           4     3     4     4     4     3     3
2           4     4     4     3     4     3     3
3           5     5     3     4     5     5     5
4           1     3     3     5     3     4     3
...          ...     ...     ...     ...     ...     ...
9995        2     2     3     4     3     4     2
9996        3     4     2     5     3     4     4
9997        3     3     4     4     2     3     2
9998        5     3     4     4     3     4     3
9999        3     3     2     3     6     4     3
```

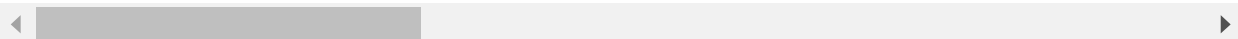
[10000 rows x 50 columns]>

```
In [167]: #descriptive stats
df.describe()
```

Out[167]:

	CaseOrder	Zip	Lat	Lng	Population	Children	
count	10000.00000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000
mean	5000.50000	50159.323900	38.751099	-91.243080	9965.253800	2.097200	53
std	2886.89568	27469.588208	5.403085	15.205998	14824.758614	2.163659	20
min	1.00000	610.000000	17.967190	-174.209700	0.000000	0.000000	18
25%	2500.75000	27592.000000	35.255120	-97.352982	694.750000	0.000000	36
50%	5000.50000	50207.000000	39.419355	-88.397230	2769.000000	1.000000	53
75%	7500.25000	72411.750000	42.044175	-80.438050	13945.000000	3.000000	71
max	10000.00000	99929.000000	70.560990	-65.290170	122814.000000	10.000000	89

8 rows × 23 columns

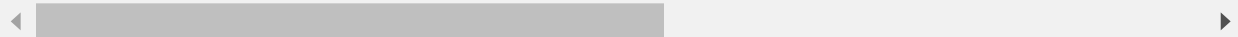


```
In [168]: #check for null values
df.isnull()
```

Out[168]:

	CaseOrder	Customer_id	Interaction	UID	City	State	County	Zip	Lat	Lng	...	Tc
0	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...	...
1	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...	...
2	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...	...
3	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...	...
4	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...	...
...
9995	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...	...
9996	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...	...
9997	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...	...
9998	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...	...
9999	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	...	...

10000 rows × 50 columns



```
In [169]: # Getting data types of features  
df.dtypes
```

```
Out[169]: CaseOrder          int64  
Customer_id        object  
Interaction         object  
UID                object  
City               object  
State              object  
County             object  
Zip                int64  
Lat                float64  
Lng                float64  
Population          int64  
Area               object  
TimeZone           object  
Job                object  
Children           int64  
Age                int64  
Income             float64  
Marital            object  
Gender             object  
ReAdmis            object  
VitD_levels        float64  
Doc_visits         int64  
Full_meals_eaten   int64  
vitD_supp          int64  
Soft_drink         object  
Initial_admin      object  
HighBlood          object  
Stroke             object  
Complication_risk  object  
Overweight         object  
Arthritis          object  
Diabetes           object  
Hyperlipidemia     object  
BackPain           object  
Anxiety            object  
Allergic_rhinitis  object  
Reflux_esophagitis object  
Asthma             object  
Services           object  
Initial_days       float64  
TotalCharge        float64  
Additional_charges float64  
Item1              int64  
Item2              int64  
Item3              int64  
Item4              int64  
Item5              int64  
Item6              int64  
Item7              int64  
Item8              int64  
dtype: object
```

```
In [170]: #change to integers
df['TotalCharge'] = df['TotalCharge'].astype(int)
df['Initial_days'] = df['Initial_days'].astype(int)
#Change object to category
df["Gender"] = df["Gender"].astype('category')
df["ReAdmis"] = df["ReAdmis"].astype('category')
df["Soft_drink"] = df["Soft_drink"].astype('category')
df["Initial_admin"] = df["Initial_admin"].astype('category')
df["HighBlood"] = df["HighBlood"].astype('category')
df["Stroke"] = df["Stroke"].astype('category')
df["Overweight"] = df["Overweight"].astype('category')
df["Arthritis"] = df["Arthritis"].astype('category')
df["Diabetes"] = df["Diabetes"].astype('category')
df["Hyperlipidemia"] = df["Hyperlipidemia"].astype('category')
df["BackPain"] = df["BackPain"].astype('category')
df["Anxiety"] = df["Anxiety"].astype('category')
df["Allergic_rhinitis"] = df["Allergic_rhinitis"].astype('category')
df["Reflux_esophagitis"] = df["Reflux_esophagitis"].astype('category')
df["Services"] = df["Services"].astype('category')
df["Asthma"] = df["Asthma"].astype('category')
df["Marital"] = df["Marital"].astype('category')
df["Complication_risk"] = df["Complication_risk"].astype('category')
```

```
In [171]: #drop columns not being used
to_drop = ['CaseOrder', 'Customer_id', 'Marital', 'Age', 'Hyperlipidemia', 'Asthma']
df.drop(to_drop, inplace=True, axis=1)
```

```
In [172]: #check data types
df.dtypes
```

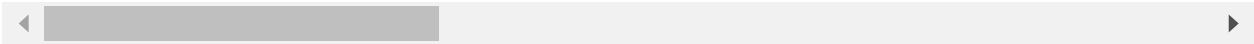
```
Out[172]: ReAdmis           category
Doc_visits           int64
Full_meals_eaten     int64
Soft_drink           category
HighBlood            category
Stroke               category
Overweight           category
Arthritis            category
Diabetes             category
BackPain             category
Anxiety              category
dtype: object
```

```
In [173]: dummies on categorical  
mmies(df, columns = ['ReAdmis', 'HighBlood', 'Overweight','Soft_drink', 'Stroke'],
```

Out[173]:

	Doc_visits	Full_meals_eaten	ReAdmis_No	ReAdmis_Yes	HighBlood_No	HighBlood_Yes	On
0	6	0	1	0	0	1	
1	4	2	1	0	0	1	
2	4	1	1	0	0	1	
3	4	1	1	0	1	0	
4	5	0	1	0	1	0	
...
9995	4	2	1	0	0	1	
9996	5	0	0	1	0	1	
9997	4	2	0	1	0	1	
9998	5	2	0	1	1	0	
9999	5	0	0	1	1	0	

10000 rows × 20 columns



```
In [174]: the get dummies responses  
mmies(df, columns = ['ReAdmis', 'HighBlood', 'Overweight','Soft_drink', 'Stroke'],
```



```
In [175]: #check data types
df_ready.dtypes
```

```
Out[175]: Doc_visits          int64
Full_meals_eaten      int64
ReAdmis_No            uint8
ReAdmis_Yes           uint8
HighBlood_No          uint8
HighBlood_Yes         uint8
Overweight_No         uint8
Overweight_Yes        uint8
Soft_drink_No         uint8
Soft_drink_Yes        uint8
Stroke_No             uint8
Stroke_Yes            uint8
Arthritis_No          uint8
Arthritis_Yes         uint8
Diabetes_No           uint8
Diabetes_Yes          uint8
BackPain_No           uint8
BackPain_Yes          uint8
Anxiety_No            uint8
Anxiety_Yes           uint8
dtype: object
```

```
In [176]: #drop multiple columns by name
df_ready.drop(['ReAdmis_No', 'HighBlood_No', 'Overweight_No', 'Soft_drink_No', 'A
```



```
In [177]: #check data types
df_ready.dtypes
```

```
Out[177]: Doc_visits          int64
Full_meals_eaten      int64
ReAdmis_Yes           uint8
HighBlood_Yes         uint8
Overweight_Yes        uint8
Soft_drink_Yes        uint8
Stroke_Yes            uint8
Arthritis_Yes         uint8
Diabetes_Yes          uint8
BackPain_Yes          uint8
Anxiety_Yes           uint8
dtype: object
```



```
In [178]: #view histograms to get a feel for the data
plt.style.use('ggplot')
```

```
X = df_ready.drop('ReAdmis_Yes', 1).values
```

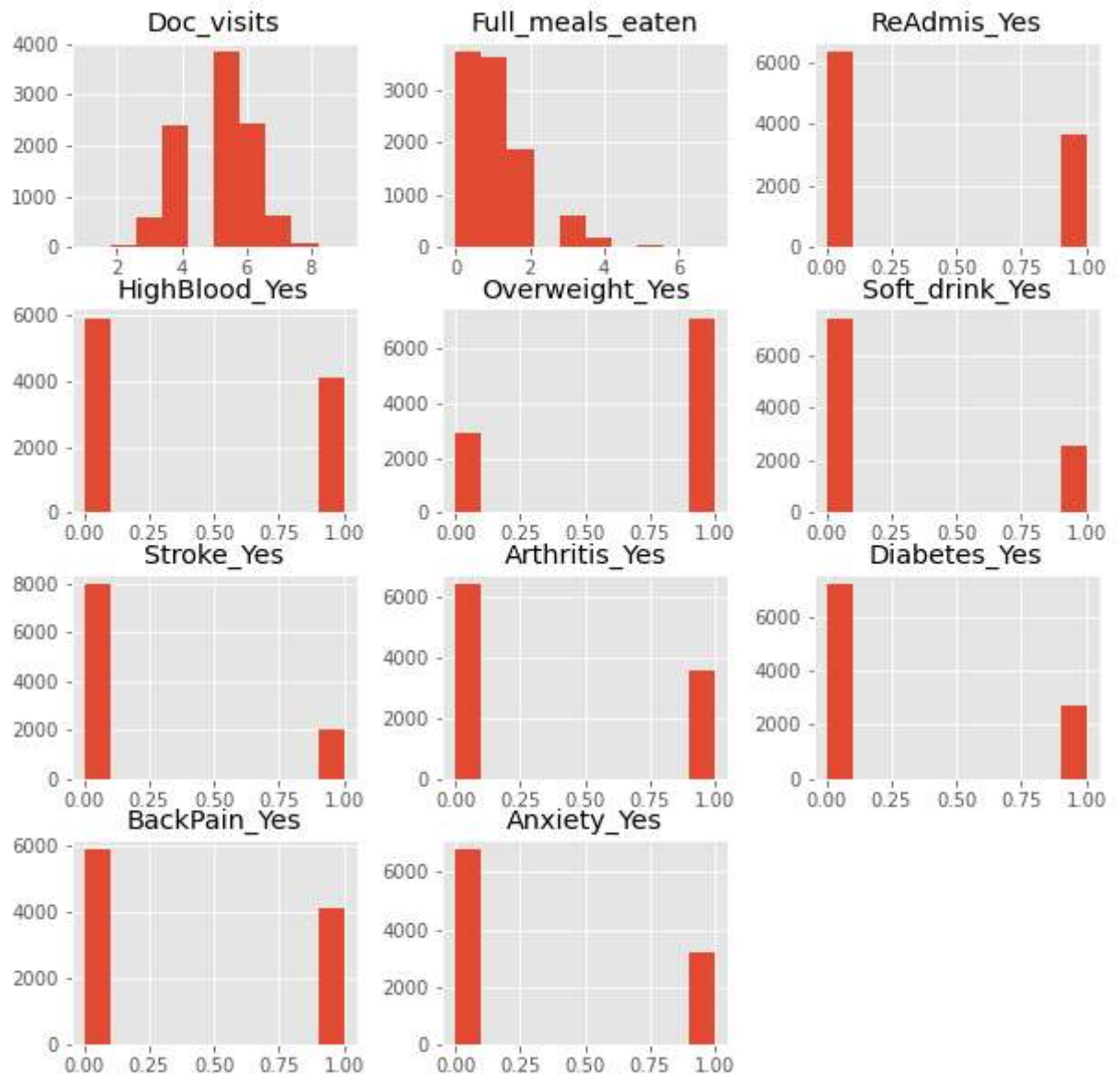
```
# drop target variable
```

```
y1 = df_ready['ReAdmis_Yes'].values
```

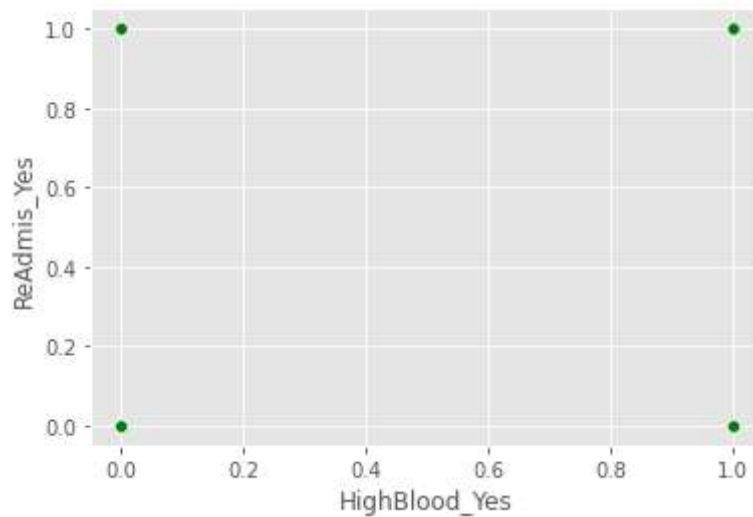
```
pd.DataFrame.hist(df_ready, figsize = [10,10]);
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\Brittany\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_14284\3692946228.py:4: FutureWarning: In a future version of pandas all arguments of DataFrame.drop except for the argument 'labels' will be keyword-only.

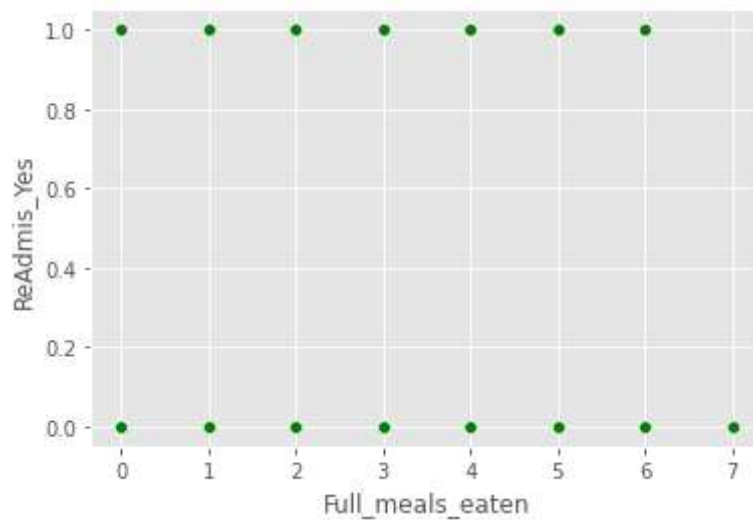
```
X = df_ready.drop('ReAdmis_Yes', 1).values
```



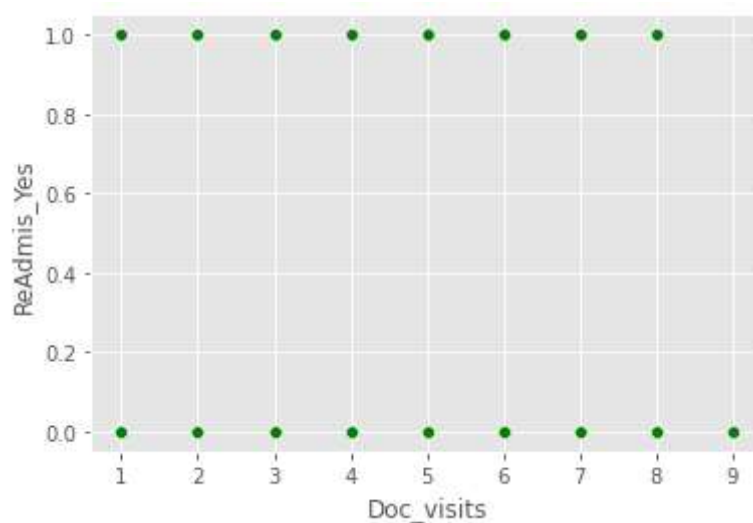
```
In [179]: # A scatterplot to get an idea of correlations between potentially related variables
sns.scatterplot(x=df_ready['HighBlood_Yes'], y=df_ready['ReAdmis_Yes'], color='green')
plt.show()
```



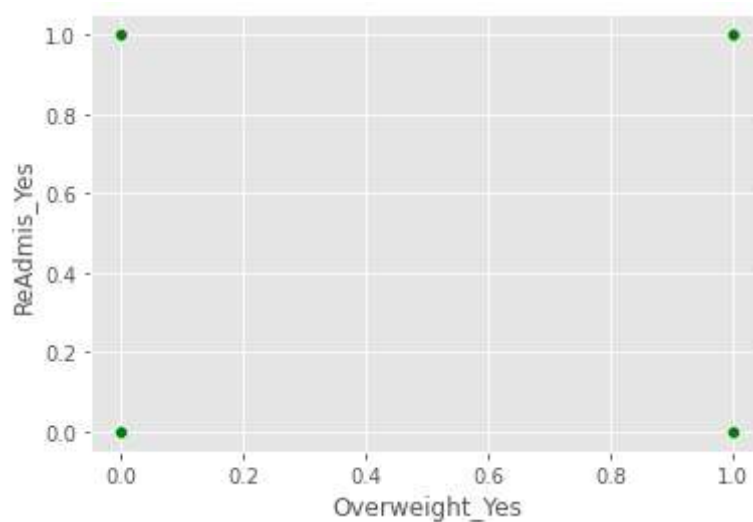
```
In [180]: # A scatterplot to get an idea of correlations between potentially related variables
sns.scatterplot(x=df_ready['Full_meals_eaten'], y=df_ready['ReAdmis_Yes'], color='green')
plt.show()
```



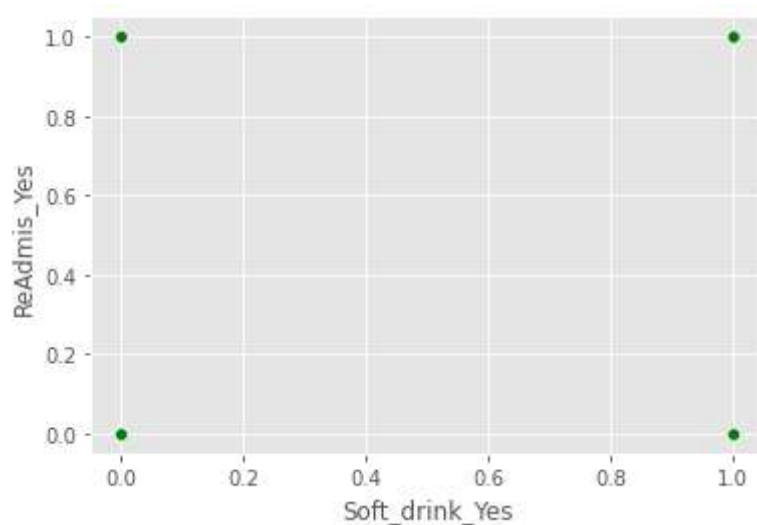
```
In [181]: # A scatterplot to get an idea of correlations between potentially related variables
sns.scatterplot(x=df_ready['Doc_visits'], y=df_ready['ReAdmis_Yes'], color='green')
plt.show()
```



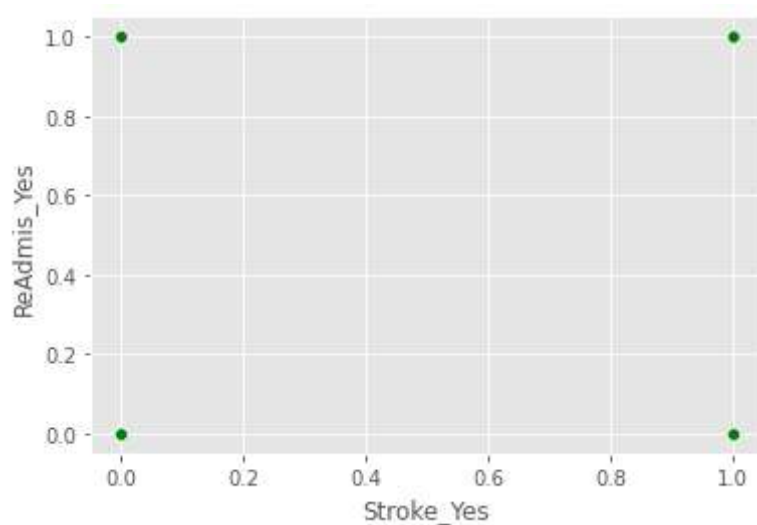
```
In [182]: # A scatterplot to get an idea of correlations between potentially related variables
sns.scatterplot(x=df_ready['Overweight_Yes'], y=df_ready['ReAdmis_Yes'], color='green')
plt.show()
```



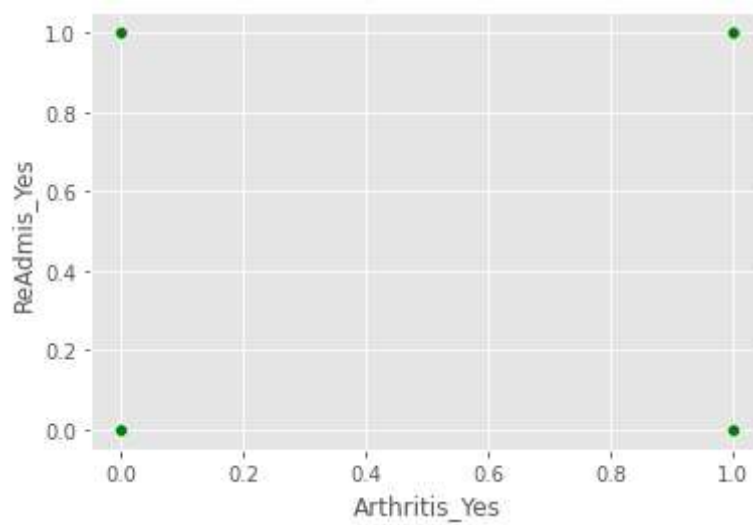
```
In [183]: # A scatterplot to get an idea of correlations between potentially related variables
sns.scatterplot(x=df_ready['Soft_drink_Yes'], y=df_ready['ReAdmis_Yes'], color='green')
plt.show()
```



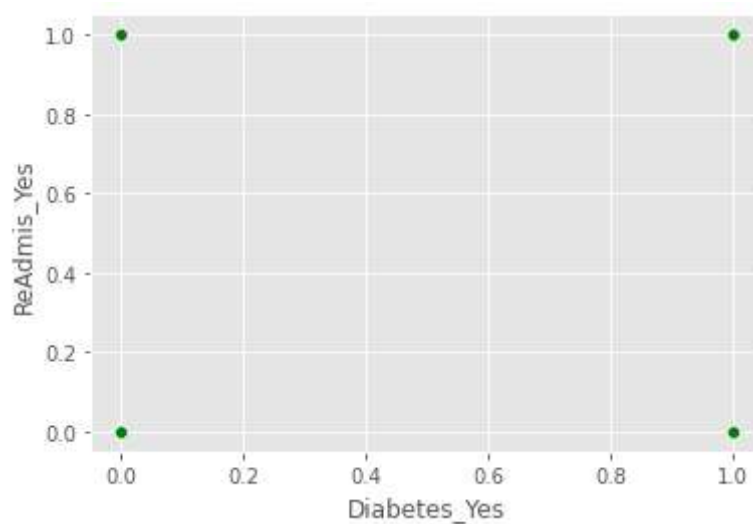
```
In [184]: # A scatterplot to get an idea of correlations between potentially related variables
sns.scatterplot(x=df_ready['Stroke_Yes'], y=df_ready['ReAdmis_Yes'], color='green')
plt.show()
```



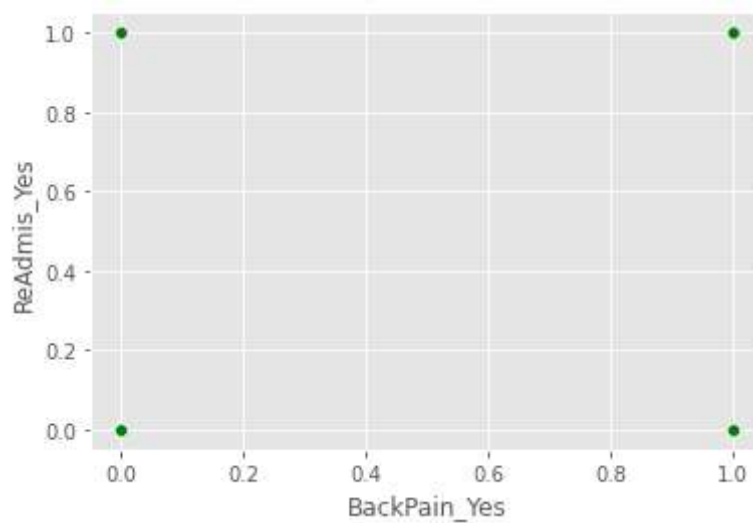
```
In [185]: # A scatterplot to get an idea of correlations between potentially related variables
sns.scatterplot(x=df_ready['Arthritis_Yes'], y=df_ready['ReAdmis_Yes'], color='green')
plt.show()
```



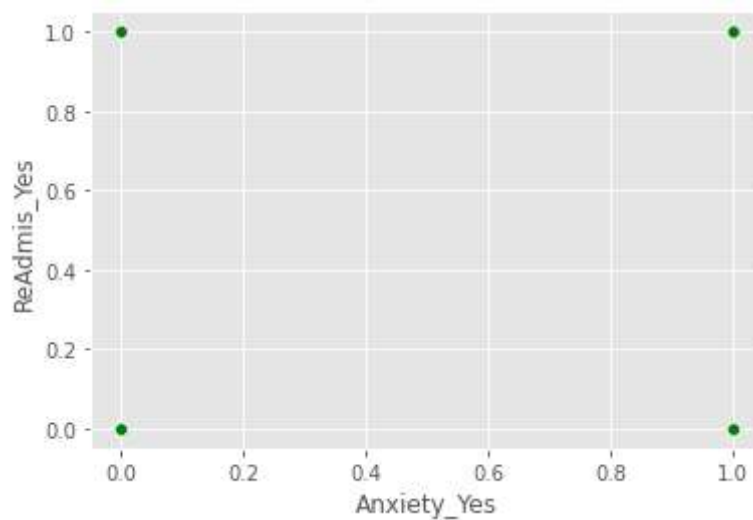
```
In [186]: # A scatterplot to get an idea of correlations between potentially related variables
sns.scatterplot(x=df_ready['Diabetes_Yes'], y=df_ready['ReAdmis_Yes'], color='green')
plt.show()
```



```
In [187]: # A scatterplot to get an idea of correlations between potentially related variables
sns.scatterplot(x=df_ready['BackPain_Yes'], y=df_ready['ReAdmis_Yes'], color='green')
plt.show()
```

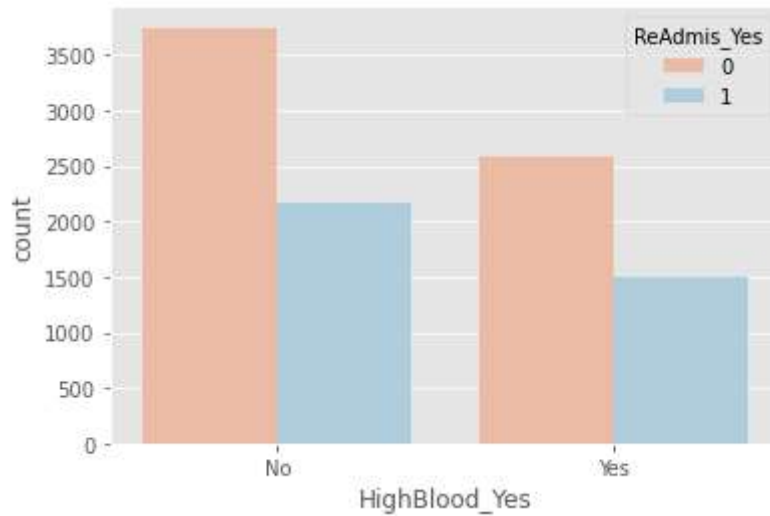


```
In [188]: # A scatterplot to get an idea of correlations between potentially related variables
sns.scatterplot(x=df_ready['Anxiety_Yes'], y=df_ready['ReAdmis_Yes'], color='green')
plt.show()
```

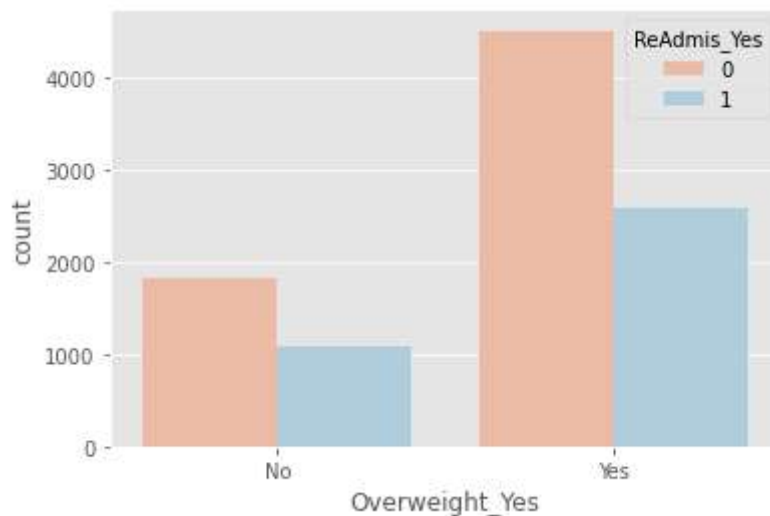


```
In [189]: # set the plot style to ggplot
plt.style.use('ggplot')
```

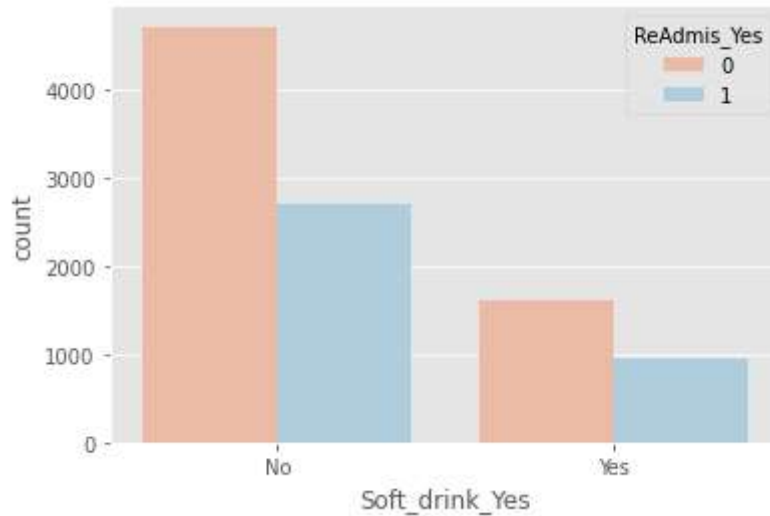
```
In [190]: # Countplots of categorical variables
plt.figure()
sns.countplot(x='HighBlood_Yes', hue='ReAdmis_Yes', data=df_ready, palette='RdBu')
plt.xticks([0,1], ['No', 'Yes'])
plt.show()
```



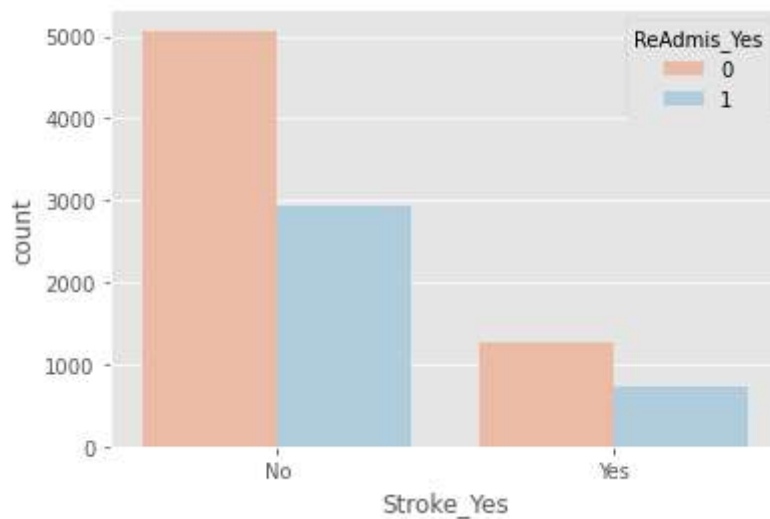
```
In [191]: # Countplots of categorical variables
plt.figure()
sns.countplot(x='Overweight_Yes', hue='ReAdmis_Yes', data=df_ready, palette='RdBu')
plt.xticks([0,1], ['No', 'Yes'])
plt.show()
```



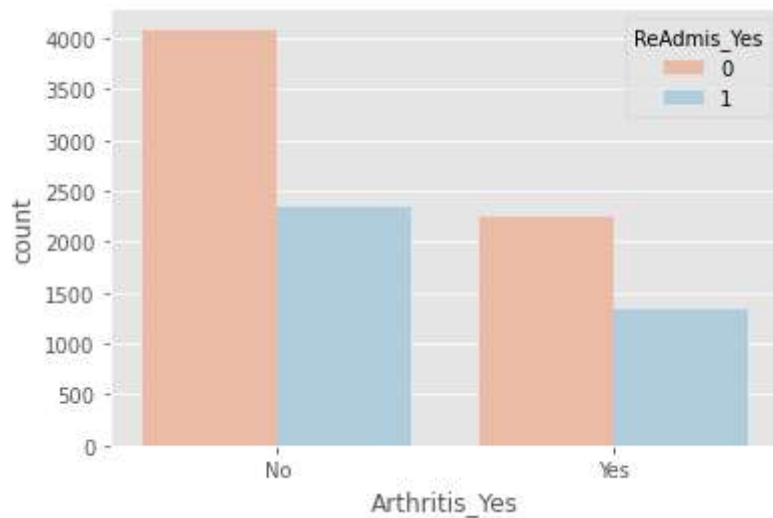
```
In [192]: # Countplots of categorical variables
plt.figure()
sns.countplot(x='Soft_drink_Yes', hue='ReAdmis_Yes', data=df_ready, palette='RdBu')
plt.xticks([0,1], ['No', 'Yes'])
plt.show()
```



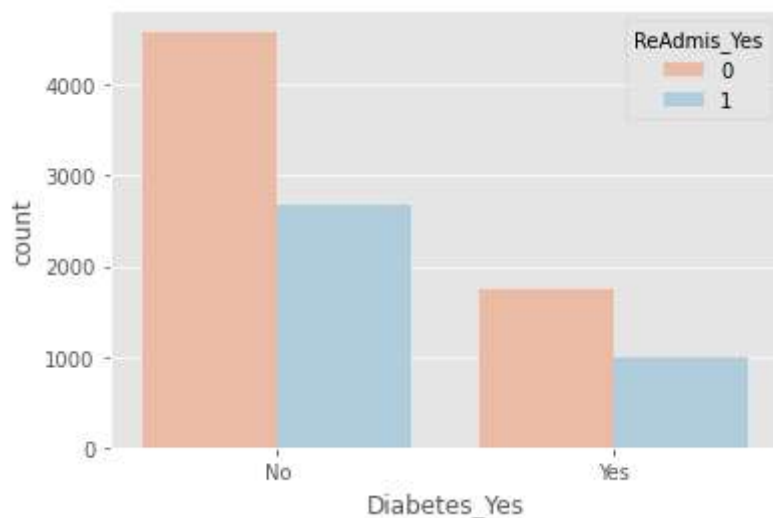
```
In [193]: # Countplots of categorical variables
plt.figure()
sns.countplot(x='Stroke_Yes', hue='ReAdmis_Yes', data=df_ready, palette='RdBu')
plt.xticks([0,1], ['No', 'Yes'])
plt.show()
```



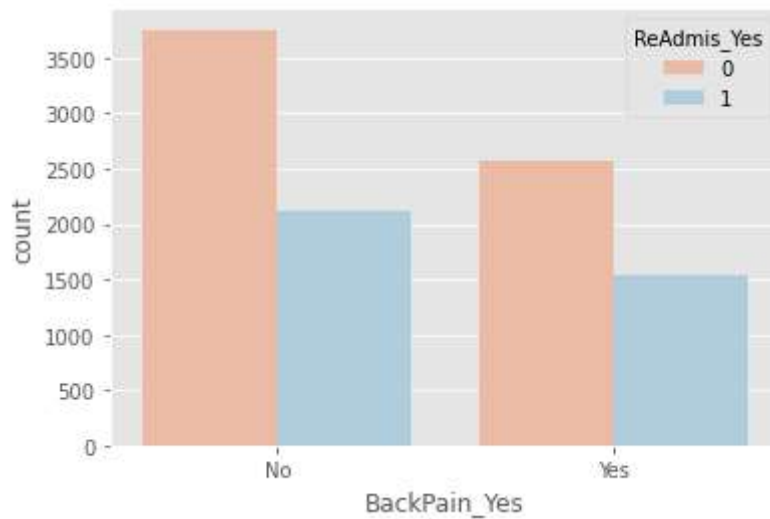

```
In [194]: # Countplots of categorical variables
plt.figure()
sns.countplot(x='Arthritis_Yes', hue='ReAdmis_Yes', data=df_ready, palette='RdBu')
plt.xticks([0,1], ['No', 'Yes'])
plt.show()
```



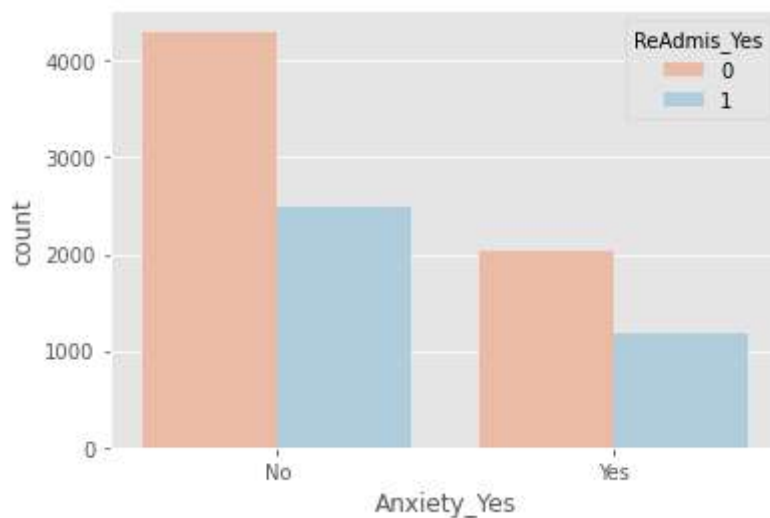
```
In [195]: # Countplots of categorical variables
plt.figure()
sns.countplot(x='Diabetes_Yes', hue='ReAdmis_Yes', data=df_ready, palette='RdBu')
plt.xticks([0,1], ['No', 'Yes'])
plt.show()
```



```
In [196]: # Countplots of categorical variables
plt.figure()
sns.countplot(x='BackPain_Yes', hue='ReAdmis_Yes', data=df_ready, palette='RdBu')
plt.xticks([0,1], ['No', 'Yes'])
plt.show()
```

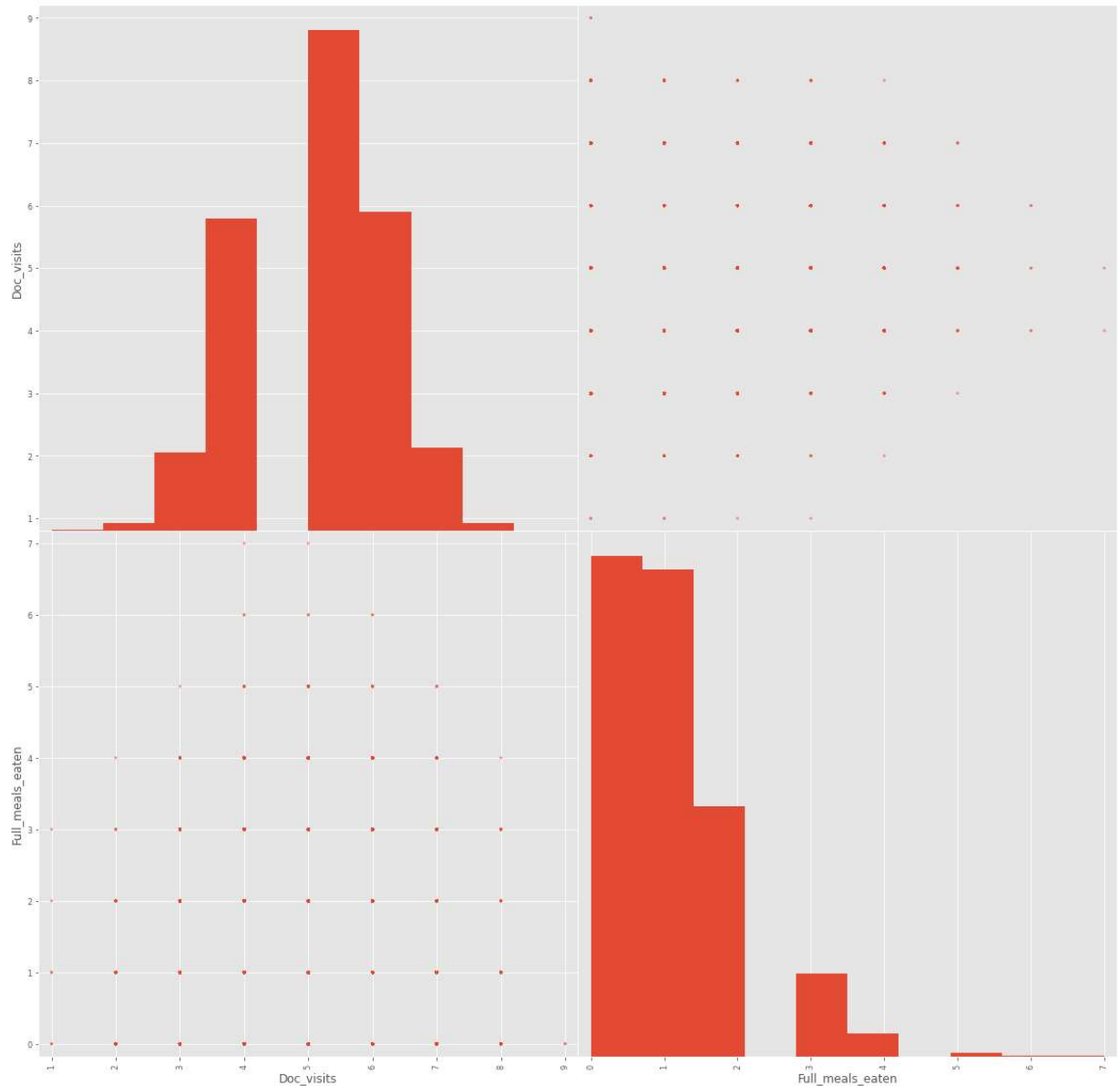


```
In [197]: # Countplots of categorical variables
plt.figure()
sns.countplot(x='Anxiety_Yes', hue='ReAdmis_Yes', data=df_ready, palette='RdBu')
plt.xticks([0,1], ['No', 'Yes'])
plt.show()
```



```
In [198]: # A scatter matrix of the discrete variables for high level overview of potential
df_discrete = df_ready[['Doc_visits', 'Full_meals_eaten']]
pd.plotting.scatter_matrix(df_discrete, figsize = [20, 20])
```

```
Out[198]: array([[<AxesSubplot:xlabel='Doc_visits', ylabel='Doc_visits'>,
<AxesSubplot:xlabel='Full_meals_eaten', ylabel='Doc_visits'>],
[<AxesSubplot:xlabel='Doc_visits', ylabel='Full_meals_eaten'>,
<AxesSubplot:xlabel='Full_meals_eaten', ylabel='Full_meals_eaten'>]],
dtype=object)
```



```
In [199]: #save prepared data
df_ready.to_csv('Documents/PreparedData D209 Task2.csv')
```

```
In [200]: # List features for analysis
features = (list(df_ready.columns[:-1]))
print('Features for analysis include: \n', features)
```

```
Features for analysis include:
 ['Doc_visits', 'Full_meals_eaten', 'ReAdmis_Yes', 'HighBlood_Yes', 'Overweight_Yes', 'Soft_drink_Yes', 'Stroke_Yes', 'Arthritis_Yes', 'Diabetes_Yes', 'BackPa_in_Yes']
```

```
In [201]: # Re-read fully numerical prepared dataset
df_ready = pd.read_csv("PreparedData D209 Task2.csv")
```

```
In [202]: # Set predictor features & target variable
X = df_ready.drop('ReAdmis_Yes', axis=1).values
y = df_ready['ReAdmis_Yes'].values
```

```
In [203]: # Create training and test sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.20, random_state=1)
```

```
In [204]: # Export y_test dataset
y_test_df_ready = pd.DataFrame(X_test)
y_test_df_ready.to_csv('Documents/PreparedData D209 y_test Task2.csv')
```

```
In [205]: # Export y train dataset
y_train_df_ready = pd.DataFrame(X_train)
y_train_df_ready.to_csv('Documents/PreparedData D209 y_train Task2.csv')
```

```
In [206]: # Export X train dataset
X_train_df_ready = pd.DataFrame(X_train)
X_train_df_ready.to_csv('Documents/PreparedData D209 X_train Task2.csv')
```

```
In [207]: # Export X test dataset
X_test_df_ready = pd.DataFrame(X_test)
X_test_df_ready.to_csv('Documents/PreparedData D209 X_test Task2.csv')
```

```
In [267]: # Instantiate Decision Tree Regressor model
dt = DecisionTreeRegressor(max_depth = 8, min_samples_leaf = 0.1, random_state = 1)
```

```
In [268]: # Fit dataframe to Decision Tree Regressor model
dt.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[268]: DecisionTreeRegressor
DecisionTreeRegressor(max_depth=8, min_samples_leaf=0.1, random_state=1)
```

```
In [269]: # Predict Outcomes from test set
y_pred = dt.predict(X_test)
```

```
In [270]: # Compute test set MSE
mse_dt = MSE(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
In [271]: # Compute test set RMSE
rmse_dt = mse_dt**(1/2)
```

```
In [272]: # Print initial RMSE
print('Initial RMSE score Decision Tree Regressor model: {:.3f}'.format(rmse_dt))

Initial RMSE score Decision Tree Regressor model: 0.302
```

```
In [273]: # Compute the coefficient of determination (R-squared)
scores = cross_val_score(dt, X, y, scoring='r2')
```

```
In [274]: # Print R-squared value
print('Cross validation R-squared values: ', scores)

Cross validation R-squared values: [ 1.          1.          0.56957248 -0.005
45571 -0.00253707]
```

```
In [275]: # Print Mean Squared Error
print('With a manual calculation, the Mean Squared Error: {:.3f} '.format(sum(abs
With a manual calculation, the Mean Squared Error: 0.091
```

```
In [276]: print('Using scikit-learn, the Mean Squared Error: {:.3f}'.format(MSE(y_test, y_pr
Using scikit-learn, the Mean Squared Error: 0.091
```

```
In [277]: # Calculate & print the Root Mean Squared Error
RMSE = MSE(y_test, y_pred)**(1/2)
```

```
In [278]: # Print the Root Mean Squared Error
print('Root Mean Squared Error: {:.3f} '.format(RMSE))

Root Mean Squared Error: 0.302
```

```
In [279]: # Get parameters of Decision Tree Regression model for cross validation
dt.get_params()
```

```
Out[279]: {'ccp_alpha': 0.0,
'criterion': 'squared_error',
'max_depth': 8,
'max_features': None,
'max_leaf_nodes': None,
'min_impurity_decrease': 0.0,
'min_samples_leaf': 0.1,
'min_samples_split': 2,
'min_weight_fraction_leaf': 0.0,
'random_state': 1,
'splitter': 'best'}
```

