Predicting Atlanta Falcons NFL Touchdowns with Regression Modelling

Bhargav Ashok

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0. Setup - Install Packages: tidyr, readxl, dplyr, car, glmnet, Metrics, 3dscatterplot

Loading our Atlanta Falcons Data

```
Atlanta_Falcons_data <- read_excel("Atlanta_Falcons_data.xlsx")</pre>
head(Atlanta_Falcons_data)
## # A tibble: 6 x 18
##
        Rk Player
                                       G Pos
                                                  AV
                                                              Rec 'Ctch%'
                                                                            Yds 'Y/R'
                                To
                                                        Tgt
                       From
##
     <dbl> <chr>
                      <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                                    <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                       2011
## 1
         1 Julio Jon~
                              2020
                                     135 WR
                                                  119
                                                       1320
                                                              848
                                                                    0.642 12896
                                                                                 15.2
## 2
         2 Roddy Whi~
                       2005
                              2015
                                     171 WR
                                                  107
                                                       1377
                                                              808
                                                                    0.587 10863
                                                                    0.579
## 3
         3 Terance M~
                       1994 2001
                                     126 WR
                                                  67
                                                        989
                                                                           7349 12.8
                                                              573
         4 Alfred Je~
                       1975 1983
                                                  61
                                                              360
                                                                   NA
                                                                            6267
                                     110 WR
                                                         NA
         5 Andre Ris~
                       1990 1994
                                                        463
                                                              423
                                                                            5633 13.3
## 5
                                      78 WR
                                                  53
                                                                   NA
         6 Jim Mitch~
                       1969 1979
                                     155 TE
                                                   47
                                                         NA
                                                              305
                                                                   NA
                                                                            4358 14.3
## # i 6 more variables: TD <dbl>, Lng <dbl>, 'Y/Tgt' <dbl>, 'R/G' <dbl>,
```

Preparing our data, cleaning extensively and training

'Y/G' <dbl>, Fmb <dbl>

Here, we are cleaning our data with the tidyr package, filtering by specific offensive positions and then splitting our data into a trained and tested set.

Fitting our Model (regular MLR)

Next, we fit our model using the equation: Y = (Beta)0 + (Beta)1X1 + (Beta)2X2 + ... + (Beta)nXn + error (assuming normal distribution)

```
mlr_fit <- lm((TD) ~ Tgt + Rec + `Ctch%` + Yds, data = train_df)
summary(mlr_fit)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = (TD) ~ Tgt + Rec + 'Ctch%' + Yds, data = train_df)
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -7.6585 -0.6978 0.1129 0.5897
                                   7.8258
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -0.530806
                           0.722703
                                    -0.734
                                              0.4641
               -0.028128
                           0.015728
                                    -1.788
                                              0.0763
## Tgt
## Rec
                0.012559
                           0.015881
                                      0.791
                                              0.4306
## 'Ctch%'
                0.415199
                           1.030521
                                      0.403
                                              0.6877
                0.009374
## Yds
                           0.001537
                                      6.100 1.36e-08 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2.09 on 119 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8945, Adjusted R-squared: 0.891
## F-statistic: 252.3 on 4 and 119 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

The summary statistics are displayed above. Note the coefficients for the MLR equation and the adjusted R-squared Value.

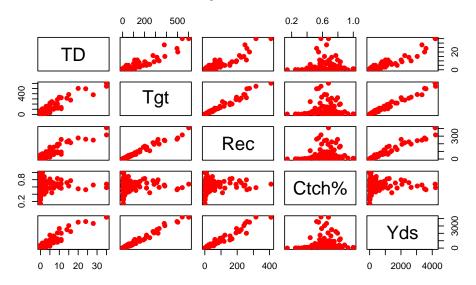
The MLR equation can be identified and written as: "TD = -0.531 + 0.028 Tgt + 0.013 Rec + 0.415 Ctch% + 0.009 Yds".

This equation suggests that Catch percentage has the largest positive effect on Touchdowns, with Receptions being second, followed by Yards.

Data Visualization of the Matrix Scatterplot

Here we see that the scatter plot compares all the different variables together to check for linearity and how each variable influences each other. We may see non-linearity between some variables but that will be accounted for later on.

Matrix Scatterplot of MLR Variables

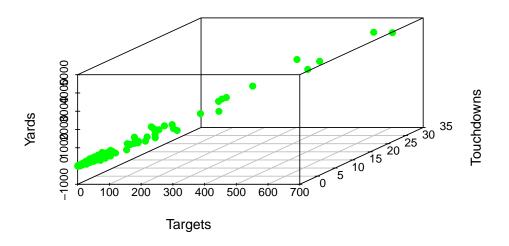


Data visualization of the 3d scatterplot

Here we are taking the top two linearly correlated variables (not largest positive effect) and plotting them on a 3d scatterplot using the R 3d scatterplot package.

```
scatterplot3d(
    x = train_df$Tgt,
    y = train_df$TD,
    z = train_df$Yds,
    main = "3D Scatterplot: TD ~ Tgt + Yds",
    xlab = "Targets",
    ylab = "Touchdowns",
    zlab = "Yards",
    color = "green",
    pch = 19
)
```

3D Scatterplot: TD ~ Tgt + Yds

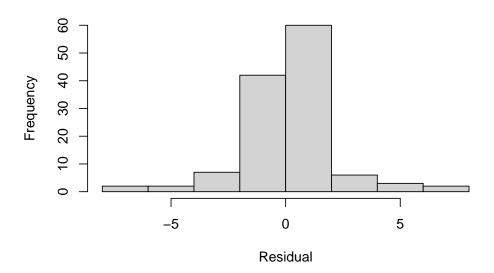


MLR fit data display (looking at model data)

Then, we display plots for our fitted data (qqnorm and histogram of residuals)

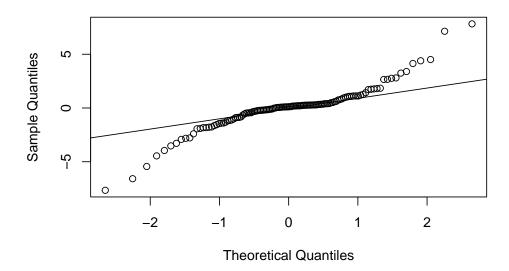
hist(resid(mlr_fit), main="OLS Train Residuals", xlab="Residual")

OLS Train Residuals



qqnorm(resid(mlr_fit)); qqline(resid(mlr_fit))

Normal Q-Q Plot



From the plots, we see that our trained residual data is roughly normal along with the qqplot being roughly normal as well (with deviation in the extreme values or outliers).

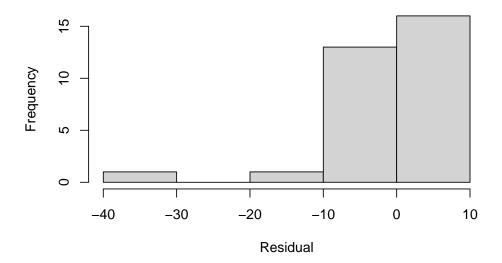
test data display (looking at unseen test data)

After that, we look at our unseen test data plots.

```
test_df$pred_ols <- predict(mlr_fit, newdata = test_df)
resid_test_ols <- test_df$TD - test_df$pred_ols

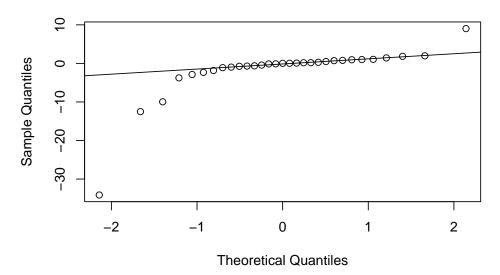
# Plots
hist(resid_test_ols, main="OLS Test Residuals", xlab="Residual")</pre>
```

OLS Test Residuals



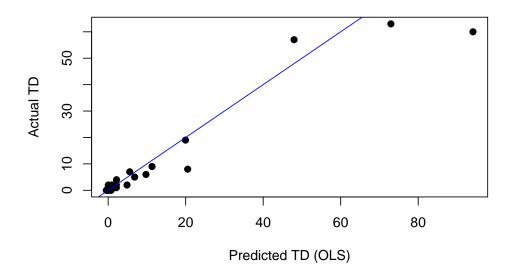
qqnorm(resid_test_ols); qqline(resid_test_ols)

Normal Q-Q Plot



```
plot(
  test_df$pred_ols, test_df$TD,
  xlab="Predicted TD (OLS)", ylab="Actual TD",
  main="Test: OLS Pred vs Actual", pch=19
)
abline(0,1,col="blue")
```

Test: OLS Pred vs Actual



We see the linear regression line on our predicted test data above along with the qqnorm and residual plots. While normality and non-skewed data is important in general, the trained data is a more accurate representation of it compared to the tested data (as the model uses the trained data for statistical analysis) so the plots here don't matter as much for inference (but it can help us check how our ML model is performing).

Using Cross validation + Ridge/Lasso Regression

```
vif(mlr_fit)
```

Tgt Rec 'Ctch%' Yds ## 100.409011 41.539915 1.140006 53.222809

Our VIF (Variance Inflation Factor, found using car package in R) is displayed above. An accurate explanation from Statsmodels can be found here:

"The variance inflation factor is a measure for the increase of the variance of the parameter estimates if an additional variable is added to linear regression. It is a measure for multicollinearity of the design matrix".

We see that the VIF > 10 (a rule of thumb is that if the VF is greater than 5-10, it indicates high multicollinearity). This is not ideal for this scenario because the variables need to be standardized to account for the number inflation in multicollinearity (since they are supposed to be statistically significant, which is not reflected in the regular MLR).

Due to this, we need to switch to a new type of regression model for even more accurate results. We use a technique called K-folds cross validation, where the data is split into multiple subsets and is iterated more than once in order to account for the multicollinearity inflation which is indicated above, as well improving the model to see how accurately it can predict unseen data points. This involves putting our train/test data into matrices, and then running regularized models called Ridge and Lasso regression respectively.

Lasso regression accounts for the absolute value of the important coefficients and shrinks them using a penalty factor. Ridge regression accounts for the squared value of the coefficients and shrinks them with a

similar penalty factor (all in the means of regularizing our data (also called hyper parameter tuning)). We use the glmnet package for this.

```
# Prepare matrices
x_train <- model.matrix(TD~Tgt+Rec+`Ctch%`+Yds, train_df)[,-1]</pre>
y_train <- train_df$TD</pre>
x_test <- model.matrix(TD~Tgt+Rec+`Ctch%`+Yds, test_df)[,-1]</pre>
y_test <- test_df$TD</pre>
# Ridge
cv_ridge <- cv.glmnet(x_train,y_train,alpha=0)</pre>
best_ridge<- cv_ridge$lambda.min</pre>
ridge_mod <- glmnet(x_train,y_train,alpha=0,lambda=best_ridge)</pre>
test_df$pred_ridge <- as.numeric(predict(ridge_mod,x_test))</pre>
summary(cv ridge)
##
              Length Class Mode
## lambda
              100
                     -none- numeric
              100
## cvm
                    -none- numeric
## cvsd
            100 -none- numeric
           100 -none- numeric
## cvup
             100
## cvlo
                    -none- numeric
             100 -none- numeric
## nzero
## call
              4 -none- call
## name
              1 -none- character
## glmnet.fit 12
                    elnet list
## lambda.min 1 -none- numeric
## lambda.1se 1 -none- numeric
              2
## index
                     -none- numeric
# Lasso
cv_lasso <- cv.glmnet(x_train,y_train,alpha=1)</pre>
best_lasso<- cv_lasso$lambda.min
lasso_mod <- glmnet(x_train,y_train,alpha=1,lambda=best_lasso)</pre>
test_df$pred_lasso <- as.numeric(predict(lasso_mod,x_test))</pre>
summary(cv_lasso)
```

```
##
            Length Class Mode
## lambda
            59 -none- numeric
           59
                  -none- numeric
## cvm
## cvsd
          59
                 -none- numeric
          59
## cvup
                -none- numeric
## cvlo
           59
                -none- numeric
## nzero
           59
                 -none- numeric
## call
            4
                 -none- call
## name
            1
                -none- character
## glmnet.fit 12 elnet list
                -none- numeric
## lambda.min 1
## lambda.1se 1 -none- numeric
## index 2
                -none- numeric
```

```
# RMSE
cat("Ridge RMSE:", rmse(y_test, test_df$pred_ridge), "\n")

## Ridge RMSE: 4.000079

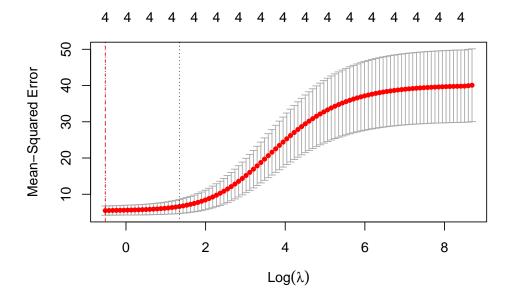
cat("Lasso RMSE:", rmse(y_test, test_df$pred_lasso), "\n")
```

Lasso RMSE: 5.685224

We do a Cross Validation of Ridge and Lasso regression to see which one is more accurate. As we can see, Ridge regression has a lower RMSE which is more accurate for our model, so we will plot the Cross validation curve. We get the RSME score from the Metrics Package.

Plotting Ridge regression CV plot

```
plot(cv_ridge)
abline(v=log(best_ridge),col="red",lty=2)
```

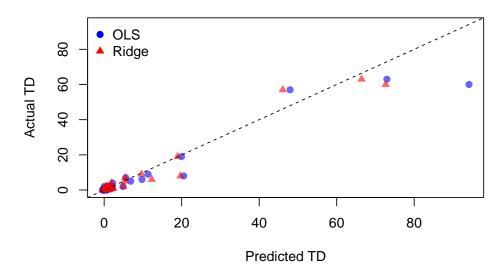


The cross validation ridge plot is shown above. According to "https://bookdown.org/ssjackson300/Machine-Learning-Lecture-Notes/choosing-lambda.html":

"What is plotted is the estimated CV MSE for each value of (log)lambda on the x-axis. The dotted line on the far left indicates the value of lambda which minimizes CV error. The dotted line roughly in the middle of the x-axis indicates the 1-standard-error lambda- recall that this is the maximum value that lambda can take while still falling within the on standard error interval of the minimum-CV lambda. The second line of code has manually added a dot-dash horizontal line at the upper end of the 1-standard deviation interval of the MSE at the minimum-CV lambda to illustrate this point further". These plots can change with randomization according to our seed number.

Plotting our Comparison graph between MLR and Ridge Regression MLR

OLS (blue) vs Ridge (red)



We can compare our MLR Ordinary Least Squares Regression Model with our Cross-Validated, Ridge Regression Model visually as shown above.

Summary of trained and tested data metrics

summary(train_df) ## Rk Player From To

```
Player
                                                                 То
          Rk
                                               From
##
           :
              8.00
                      Length: 124
                                          Min.
                                                  :1992
                                                          Min.
                                                                  :1993
    Min.
    1st Qu.: 78.75
                                                          1st Qu.:2002
##
                      Class : character
                                          1st Qu.:2001
   Median :155.50
                      Mode : character
                                          Median:2010
                                                          Median:2013
                                                  :2010
           :163.00
##
   Mean
                                          Mean
                                                          Mean
                                                                  :2011
##
    3rd Qu.:253.75
                                          3rd Qu.:2019
                                                          3rd Qu.:2021
           :326.00
                                                  :2024
                                                                  :2024
##
    Max.
                                          Max.
                                                          Max.
##
          G
                          Pos
                                                 AV
                                                                   Tgt
                      Length: 124
                                                     0.000
##
           : 1.00
                                          Min.
                                                                        1.00
    Min.
                                                             Min.
```

```
1st Qu.: 12.00
                     Class :character
                                        1st Qu.: 0.000
                                                          1st Qu.: 5.00
                                        Median : 2.000
##
   Median : 22.00
                                                         Median : 26.50
                     Mode : character
                                                          Mean : 76.27
   Mean : 32.19
                                        Mean : 9.911
   3rd Qu.: 49.00
##
                                        3rd Qu.: 11.000
                                                          3rd Qu.: 94.25
##
   Max. :222.00
                                        Max. :203.000
                                                          Max.
                                                                 :603.00
##
                                          Yds
                                                            Y/R
        Rec
                        Ctch%
   Min. : 1.00
                     Min.
                           :0.1430
                                     Min.
                                            : -7.00
                                                       Min.
                                                               :-7.00
   1st Qu.: 3.00
                                      1st Qu.: 24.75
##
                     1st Qu.:0.5248
                                                        1st Qu.: 7.70
##
   Median : 15.50
                     Median : 0.6565
                                      Median: 182.00
                                                       Median :10.15
##
   Mean : 48.98
                     Mean
                          :0.6622
                                      Mean : 544.14
                                                        Mean :10.14
    3rd Qu.: 59.50
                     3rd Qu.:0.7732
                                      3rd Qu.: 622.25
                                                        3rd Qu.:13.07
   Max. :409.00
                                      Max. :4212.00
                                                        Max. :26.00
##
                     Max.
                           :1.0000
                                                          R./G
##
         TD
                                        Y/Tgt
                         Lng
##
   Min.
                           :-5.00
                                                            :0.000
         : 0.000
                     Min.
                                     Min.
                                            :-7.000
                                                      Min.
##
   1st Qu.: 0.000
                     1st Qu.:14.00
                                     1st Qu.: 5.000
                                                      1st Qu.:0.300
##
   Median : 1.000
                     Median :27.00
                                     Median : 6.350
                                                      Median :0.800
##
   Mean : 3.315
                     Mean
                          :33.48
                                     Mean
                                          : 6.275
                                                      Mean
                                                           :1.280
    3rd Qu.: 3.000
                     3rd Qu.:52.25
                                     3rd Qu.: 8.000
                                                      3rd Qu.:1.825
   Max. :35.000
                                     Max.
##
                     Max.
                          :94.00
                                          :26.000
                                                     Max.
                                                            :5.100
##
        Y/G
                         Fmb
##
   Min.
          :-0.800
                    Min.
                           : 0.00
    1st Qu.: 2.875
                     1st Qu.: 0.00
                    Median: 0.00
##
   Median: 8.400
   Mean :14.139
                    Mean : 3.04
##
##
   3rd Qu.:20.075
                     3rd Qu.: 2.00
   Max.
          :68.200
                     Max.
                          :89.00
```

summary(test_df)

```
##
          Rk
                       Player
                                            From
                                                             Τо
##
   Min.
         : 1.0
                    Length:31
                                       Min.
                                              :1992
                                                       Min.
                                                              :1992
   1st Qu.: 53.5
                    Class : character
                                       1st Qu.:1999
                                                       1st Qu.:2002
##
   Median :140.0
                    Mode :character
                                       Median:2006
                                                       Median:2013
   Mean
         :135.9
                                              :2008
                                                       Mean
                                       Mean
##
   3rd Qu.:206.5
                                       3rd Qu.:2020
                                                       3rd Qu.:2020
##
   Max.
          :304.0
                                       Max.
                                              :2024
                                                       Max.
                                                              :2024
##
          G
                                              AV
                         Pos
                                                               Tgt
   Min. : 6.00
                     Length:31
                                        Min.
                                              : 0.00
                                                         Min. :
                                                                     1.0
   1st Qu.: 15.00
                     Class : character
                                        1st Qu.:
                                                          1st Qu.: 14.5
##
                                                  1.00
##
   Median : 27.00
                     Mode : character
                                        Median: 4.00
                                                         Median: 39.0
##
   Mean : 46.94
                                        Mean
                                              : 16.23
                                                          Mean : 189.0
   3rd Qu.: 84.00
                                        3rd Qu.: 8.00
                                                          3rd Qu.: 118.0
                                        Max.
                                                :119.00
                                                                 :1377.0
##
   Max.
          :171.00
                                                          Max.
##
         Rec
                        Ctch%
                                          Yds
                                                             Y/R
##
   Min. : 1.0
                    Min.
                           :0.2000
                                     Min.
                                                  5.0
                                                        Min.
                                                              : 3.70
   1st Qu.: 9.0
                                                66.0
                                                        1st Qu.: 9.05
                    1st Qu.:0.5470
                                     1st Qu.:
##
   Median: 22.0
                    Median : 0.6160
                                     Median: 235.0
                                                        Median :11.40
##
   Mean
           :114.7
                    Mean
                           :0.6389
                                     Mean
                                           : 1502.5
                                                             :10.90
                                                        Mean
    3rd Qu.: 72.0
                    3rd Qu.:0.7200
                                     3rd Qu.: 941.5
                                                        3rd Qu.:13.20
           :848.0
                           :1.0000
##
   Max.
                    Max.
                                     Max.
                                            :12896.0
                                                        Max.
                                                              :16.80
##
          TD
                                         Y/Tgt
                                                            R/G
                          Lng
##
   Min. : 0.000
                     Min. : 5.00
                                     Min. : 2.000
                                                       Min. :0.100
   1st Qu.: 0.500
                     1st Qu.:18.50
                                     1st Qu.: 4.850
                                                       1st Qu.:0.450
                                     Median : 7.300
   Median : 1.000
                     Median :40.00
                                                       Median : 0.900
```

```
: 8.258
                              :41.42
                                                : 6.732
                                                                  :1.613
##
    Mean
                       Mean
                                        Mean
                                                           Mean
    3rd Qu.: 5.500
                       3rd Qu.:58.50
##
                                        3rd Qu.: 8.050
                                                          3rd Qu.:2.250
##
    Max.
            :63.000
                      Max.
                              :90.00
                                                :12.000
                                                          Max.
                                                                  :6.300
##
         Y/G
                           Fmb
                                           pred_ols
                                                              pred_ridge
##
    Min.
           : 0.30
                     Min.
                             : 0.000
                                        Min.
                                                :-0.4821
                                                           Min.
                                                                   :-0.3344
    1st Qu.: 3.85
                     1st Qu.: 0.000
                                        1st Qu.: 0.1247
                                                           1st Qu.: 0.2813
##
##
    Median :10.20
                     Median: 1.000
                                        Median: 1.1333
                                                            Median: 1.2900
                             : 2.742
##
    Mean
            :20.02
                     Mean
                                        Mean
                                                : 9.9430
                                                            Mean
                                                                   : 8.9724
##
    3rd Qu.:26.45
                     3rd Qu.: 4.000
                                        3rd Qu.: 6.2060
                                                            3rd Qu.: 5.3897
##
    Max.
            :95.50
                     Max.
                             :15.000
                                        Max.
                                                :94.1407
                                                            Max.
                                                                   :72.6609
##
      pred_lasso
            :-0.4926
##
    Min.
##
    1st Qu.: 0.1622
##
    Median: 1.2909
##
            : 9.6650
    Mean
##
    3rd Qu.: 5.9212
            :85.3247
##
    Max.
```

The summary shown by the trained/tested data are regularized and explain the scale of the variables within the ridge regression. We can use the test dataframe metrics to find the ideal candidate for the Atlanta Falcons on the offensive side of the ball.

Conclusion of Findings

We can now safely say that the Atlanta Falcons TDs can be predicted by multiple factors within a game such as catch percentage, receptions, yards, and other numerical factors.

We see that an ideal candidate for the Atlanta Falcons on the offensive side of the ball (particularly WRs, TEs and RBs) would have the optimal stats of:

Around 39 Receiving targets (Based on Median) (Tgt)

Approximately 63 Receptions (Based on IQR) (Rec)

62% catch percentage (based on Median) (Ctch%)

```
876 - 1500** yards (IQR and mean) (Yds)
```

** (note that the mean is not used as a measure of spread here, but rather a range of indication for players with the IQR fitting the offensive scheme of the falcons) **.

All of these stats would be preferred over a 69 game span (IQR) according to our model, which would be about 4 full seasons in the NFL (69 games from IQR divided by a 17 game NFL season in the modern era equals about 4 full seasons). This does not mean that the player should get these stats within 4 seasons, but rather, the player must **consistently** achieve these ranges of metrics for 4 **consecutive** seasons in order to be a good fit.

This means the player would have to be 25-26 years old to be considered for the Atlanta Falcons.

We can assume that a combination of these stats (with slight variability based on outliers with superstar potential) will lead to a productive increase (or stability in case of outliers) in Touchdowns for the Atlanta Falcons in the case of picking up free agents, resigning players, or trading for talent.

Keep in mind that these stats are based on my personal interpretation and can vary from person to person. I have used data online and interpreted the Falcons offensive scheme from Zac Robinson's (Falcons Offensive Coordinator) Air-Raid philosophy (based on what I've found online).

Future improvements

- 1. Automating roster/free agent/trade/recruiting data in future findings
- 2. Creating a classification model detailing other external factors (behavior, team chemistry, etc. modeled for binary classification (0 or 1) or other techniques) can also be used in tandem with this model in order to make an even more accurate decision.
- 3. Expanding the model to look at more advanced offensive stats/metrics like Y/G, Y/Tgt, etc.
- 4. Making an extensive ML regression workflow to determine team-fit with Free Agent data, NFL Trade data, or College NCAA data for drafts (NCAA data would have to be adjusted to NFL standards for accurate comparison specifically for the Falcons).
- 5. Creating multiple models and compare test statistics to figure out which results are more tangible to use based on directions from team scouts, front offices, coaches, etc.

References Used:

https://bookdown.org/ssjackson300/Machine-Learning-Lecture-Notes/choosing-lambda.html

https://www.pro-football-reference.com/teams/atl/career-receiving.htm

https://online.stat.psu.edu/stat462/node/180/

https://stats.stackexchange.com/questions/279300/how-to-interpret-cross-validation-plot-from-glmnet and the state of the control of the state of the control of the contr

https://www.datacamp.com/tutorial/tutorial-lasso-ridge-regression

https://online.stat.psu.edu/stat462/node/131/

 $https://www.reddit.com/r/AskStatistics/comments/ycjoy4/what_threshold_is_used_to_assess_multicollinearity/$

https://www.datacamp.com/doc/r/regression

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