```
In [ ]:
         WEEK 3: Assignment
         Q1.Calculate the Salary using Python Programming
         Read the question carefully and follow the input and output format.
         Karen got salary for this month and she spends 20% of her salary for food, 10% of he
         Input and Output Format: First line of input consists of an integer, salary. Next \mathbb 1
         which is saving.
          1. Print "Salary too large" when salary is greater than 10000.
          2. Print "Shifts too small" when the shift is less than 0.
          3. Print "Salary too small" when the salary is less than 0.
         Include a function named calculateSal(salary, shifts) to calcuate salary and print s
         - Sample Input 1:
           7000
           Sample Output 1:
           4200
         - Sample Input 2:
           80000
           Sample Output 2:
           Salary too large
          - Sample Input 2:
           6000
           -1
           Sample Output 2:
           Shift too small
In [1]:
          def sal(salary, shifts):
             if salary>8000:
                  print("Salary too large")
             elif shifts<0:</pre>
                  print("Shifts too small")
             elif salary<0:</pre>
                  print("Salary too small")
                  spend=int((salary*0.5)+(salary*0.02*shifts))
                  print(spend)
         sal(7000,5)
         sal(80000,0)
         sal(6000,-1)
        4200
         Salary too large
        Shifts too small
In [ ]:
         Q2.write python code to read n as integer, from STDIN. For all non-negative integers
         Example
         The list of non-negative integers that are less than n=3 is[0,1,2]. Print the square
         1
         4
         Input Format
         The first and only line contains the integer, n .
         Output Format
         Print n lines, one corresponding to each i .
```

```
Sample Input
         Sample Output
         1
         4
         9
         16
In [9]:
         n=int(input("Enter the number: "))
         for i in range(0,n):
             print(i**2)
        Enter the number: 5
        1
        4
        9
        16
In [ ]:
         Q3.An extra day is added to the calendar almost every four years as February 29, and
         In the Gregorian calendar, three conditions are used to identify leap years:
         The year can be evenly divided by 4, is a leap year, unless:
         The year can be evenly divided by 100, it is NOT a leap year, unless:
         The year is also evenly divisible by 400. Then it is a leap year.
         This means that in the Gregorian calendar, the years 2000 and 2400 are leap years, w
         Task
         Given a year, determine whether it is a leap year. If it is a leap year, return the
         Note that the code stub provided reads from STDIN and passes arguments to the is_lea
         Input Format
         Read , the year as integer to test.
         Output Format
         The function must return a Boolean value (True/False)
         Sample Input
         1990
         Sample Output
         False
In [1]:
         n=int(input("Enter the number: "))
         if n%4==0 and n%100!=0 or n%400==0:
             print("leap year")
             print(bool(n))
         else:
             print("false")
        Enter the number: 1900
        false
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
```