

Developing NFC Applications for BlackBerry 10

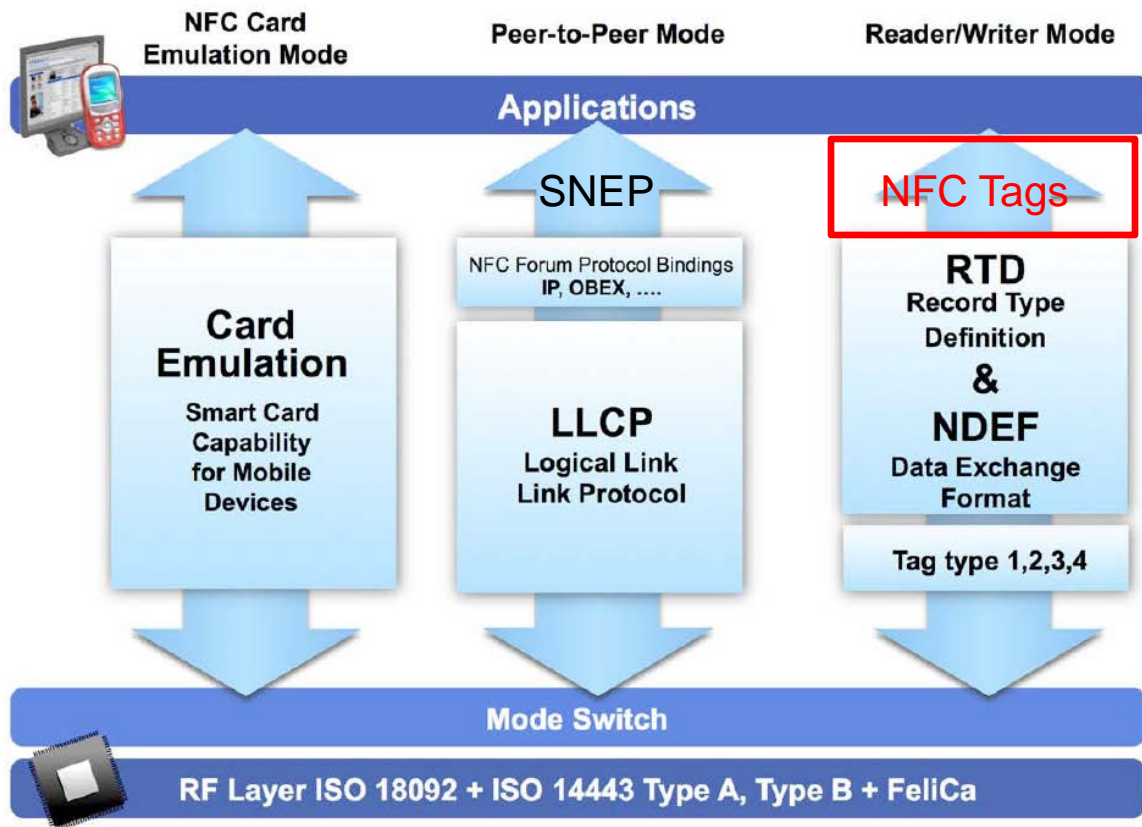
John Murray and Martin Woolley

DEV120

May 1-3, 2012

- Introductions
- Brief introduction to NFC
- Developing for the BlackBerry® 10 platform
- How to read NFC Tags
- How to write to NFC tags
- Close
- Q&A

NFC Forum Architecture



- We're going to talk about:
 - Reading NFC Tags
 - Writing NFC tags
- And general BlackBerry 10 development using the NDK

Developing for BlackBerry 10

Martin Woolley

- NFC can be exploited on BlackBerry today

Java	WebWorks
Tag reading and writing	Tag reading using open source extension
Peer to peer including LLCP and SNEP	
Card Emulation using a choice of 2 Secure Elements	

- How many of you have used these APIs?

- Here's what we're going to talk about:
 - ▶ Developing NFC applications for the BlackBerry 10 platform
 - ▶ The BlackBerry NDK with Cascades and Qt
 - ▶ The BlackBerry Platform Services (BPS)
- Our discussion will be based around a real application
“Tag Tool”

Reading NFC Tags

Martin Woolley

About NFC Tags

- A card that stores data
- They come in many forms
- The NFC Forum define 4 types
- Simple and standardised behaviour
- Data is stored in the **NDEF** format
- It's the standardisation that makes tags so useful



About NFC Tags

- Bus stops in Caen, France use NFC tags
- They provide easy access to bus arrival times
 - ▶ Browser opens at the transport company's web site and the next bus time is displayed
 - ▶ No special software from the bus company required
 - ▶ No extra infrastructure required at the bus stop



Developing your own tag reader

Initialise the BlackBerry Platform Services (BPS) library



Request NFC events from the BPS



Register for specific NDEF message types



Process NFC event objects in an event loop

This step requires a single function call to a standard BPS library function:

```
#include <bps/bps.h>
```

```
int rc = bps_initialize();
```

This step also requires a single function call only:

```
#include <nfc.h>
```

```
rc = nfc_request_events();
```

Here we register for three NDEF RTD types:

“U” (URI),

“T” (Text) and

“Sp” (Smart Poster).

```
nfc_register_ndef_reader(NDEF_TNF_WELL_KNOWN, "U");
```

```
nfc_register_ndef_reader(NDEF_TNF_WELL_KNOWN, "T");
```

```
nfc_register_ndef_reader(NDEF_TNF_WELL_KNOWN, "Sp");
```

This code should execute in a separate thread from the main UI thread since it involves blocking calls.

```
while (notInterrupted()) {  
    bps_event_t *event; int domain; int rc;  
    // Blocking call to wait for events with a timeout.  
    rc = bps_get_event(&event, BPS_EVENT_TIMEOUT); // BLOCKS  
    if (!rc) {  
        if (event) {  
            handleNfcEvent(event);  
        }  
    }  
    .....  
}
```

Handling an NFC Event Object (1)



```
void NfcManager::handleNfcEvent(bps_event_t *event) {  
  
    // get ndef target. Required to read ndef data.  
    nfc_target_t* target;  
    nfc_get_target(event, &target)  
  
    // count the number of messages available  
    int msg_count = 0;  
    nfc_get_ndef_message_count(target, &msg_count);  
}
```

Handling an NFC Event Object (2)



```
// We only want the first NDEF message for the moment
if(msg_count > 0) {
    nfc_ndef_message_t *message;
    nfc_get_ndef_message(target, 0, &message);

    // Check the number of NDEF records in this message
    int rec_count = 0;
    nfc_get_ndef_record_count(message, &rec_count);
```


Handling an NFC Event Object (3)



```
// We only want the first NDEF record for the moment
if(rec_count > 0) {

    // Get the first NDEF message record
    nfc_ndef_record_t *record;
    nfc_get_ndef_record(message, 0, &record);

    // Get the record payload
    uchar_t* data;
    int len;
    nfc_get_ndef_record_payload(record, &data, &len);
```

Handling an NFC Event Object (4)

```
// Obtain other attributes from the record
tnf_type_t *tnf;
nfc_get_ndef_record_tnf(record, &tnf);

char *type;
nfc_get_ndef_record_type(record, &type);

char *uri;
nfc_get_sp_uri(record, &uri)
```

Recap (1)

```
// initialisation  
  
int rc = bps_initialize();  
  
rc = nfc_request_events();  
  
nfc_register_ndef_reader(NDEF_TNF_WELL_KNOWN, "U");
```

Recap (2)

```
// in the event loop
```

```
rc = bps_get_event(&event, BPS_EVENT_TIMEOUT); // BLOCKS
nfc_get_target(event, &target)
nfc_get_ndef_message(target, 0, &message);
nfc_get_ndef_record(message, 0, &record);

nfc_get_ndef_record_payload(record, &data, &len);
nfc_get_ndef_record_tnf(record, &tnf);
nfc_get_ndef_record_type(record, &type);
nfc_get_sp_uri(record, &uri)
```

Sample Application Review #1

Martin Woolley

- There's more to developing an NFC application for the BlackBerry 10 platform than simply calling the NFC APIs
- Imagine what we could do with the NFC “Bus Stop” example?

Flow

- User Experience
- Simplify consumption of real-time bus arrival data by simply tapping a poster

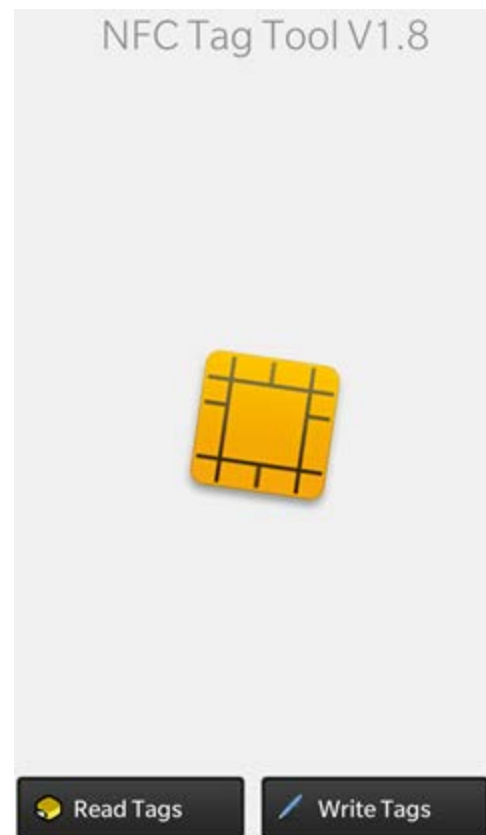
Share

- Imagine it's a child taking the bus
- The NFC tag could trigger your app to share the child's location/timestamp with the family BBM group

Extend

- Calculate expected time of arrival at destination and notify parent via BBM family group

- John and Martin are developing a sample application called “Tag Tool” which will be released as open source via GitHub
- Let’s look at some other aspects of Tag Tool briefly



Tag Tool Architecture

reader.qml

writer.qml

eventlog.qml

write_sp.qml

QML

ReaderControlMenu.cpp

WriterMenu.cpp

EventLog.cpp

WriterSp.cpp

Screen
Handler
Classes

DataModel.cpp

Data

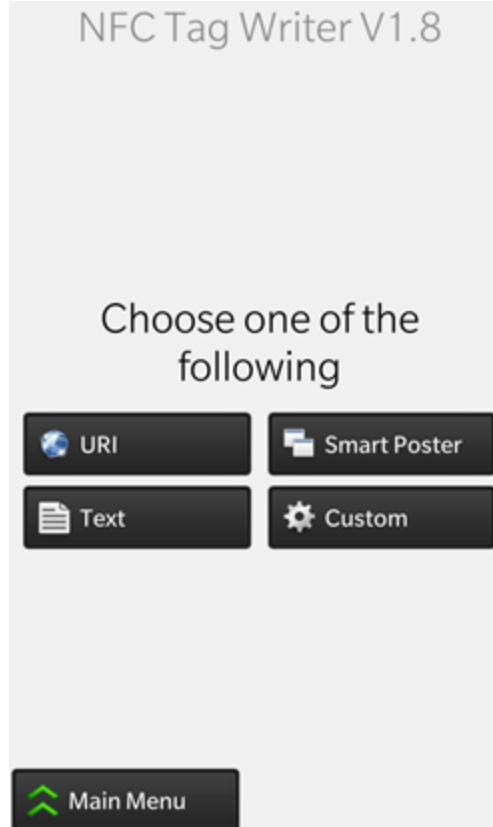
NfcManager.cpp

NfcWorker.cpp

Logger.cpp

Other
Classes

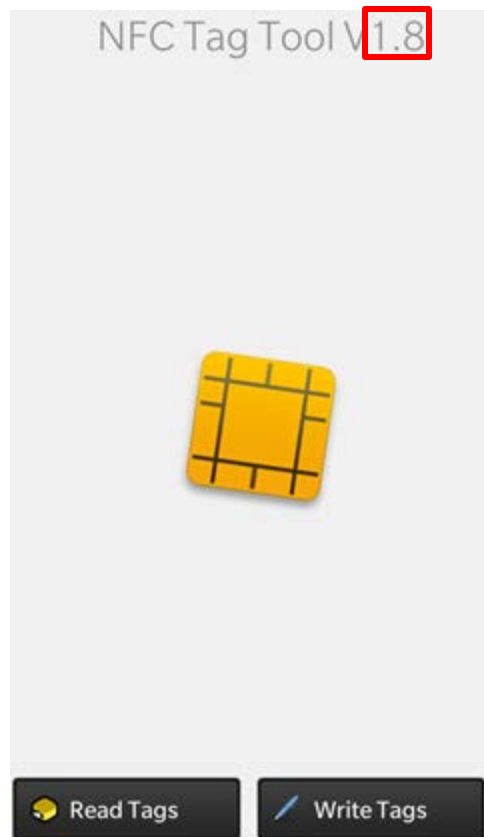
- Let's consider the following challenges:
 1. How to create the user interface
 2. How to integrate the UI with C++ components



- For the UI we used Cascades
- This is super-easy and involves writing QML, a declarative language for user interfaces, with JavaScript and attribute bindings
- QML is what gives your app its flow

```
animations: [  
    SequentialAnimation {  
        id: "animation"  
        animations: [  
            FadeTransition {  
                duration: 1000  
                fromOpacity: 0.0  
                toOpacity: 1.0  
            }  
        ]  
    }  
    .....  
]
```

- C++ objects can be stored in the context of a QML document and its properties exposed for use from JavaScript in the QML page
- Exposing properties involves use of the Qt `Q_PROPERTY` macro
- Let's look at an example involving the version number of our sample application



```
// MainMenu.hpp

class MainMenu : public QObject
{
    Q_OBJECT
    Q_PROPERTY(QString appVersion READ appVersion WRITE setAppVersion NOTIFY detectAppVersionChanged)

public:
    MainMenu();
    virtual ~MainMenu();

    QString appVersion() const;
    void setAppVersion(QString appVersion);

private:
    QString _appVersion;
    QmlDocument *_qml;

signals:
    void detectAppVersionChanged();

};
```

```
// MainMenu.cpp

MainMenu::MainMenu() : _appVersion(QString(Settings::AppVersion)) {
    _qml = QmlDocument::create("main.qml");
    _qml->setContextProperty("_mainMenu", this);
}

// maps to READ function in Q_PROPERTY
QString MainMenu::appVersion() const {
    return _appVersion;
}

// maps to WRITE function in Q_PROPERTY
void MainMenu::setAppVersion(QString appVersion) {
    _appVersion = appVersion;

    // "tell" QML that the value has changed by emitting a signal
    emit detectAppVersionChanged();
}
```

```
// main.qml

Label {
    layoutProperties: DockLayoutProperties {
        verticalAlignment: VerticalAlignment.Top
        horizontalAlignment: HorizontalAlignment.Center
    }

    // note use of object name as registered in call to setContextProperty in MainMenu.cpp
    //   _qml->setContextProperty("_mainMenu", this);

    text: "NFC Tag Tool V" + _mainMenu.appVersion
    textStyle.base: SystemDefaults.TextStyles.BigText
}
```

Writing NFC Tags

John Murray

Developing your own tag writer

Initialise the BlackBerry Platform Services (BPS) library



Request NFC events from the BPS



Register for NFC NDEF target detection events



Process NFC event objects in an event loop

Here we register for NFC tag detection.

In particular we refine this request to register for **NDEF_TAG** target detection events only.

It's also possible to request notification of target types **ISO_14443_3** and **ISO_14443_4**

```
nfc_register_tag_readerwriter(NDEF_TAG);
```

Handling an NFC Event to Write(1)



```
void NfcManager::handleNfcEvent(bps_event_t *event) {  
  
    // Get Target to write to from the BPS event  
    nfc_target_t *target;  
    nfc_get_target(event, &target);  
  
    // Construct a URI("U") type NDEF Record  
    // from a uri of length uri_len (containing prefix)  
    nfc_ndef_record_t* record;  
    nfc_create_ndef_record(NDEF_TNF_WELL_KNOWN,  
                           "U", uri, uri_len, 0, &record );  
  
    ...  
}
```

Handling an NFC Event to Write(2)

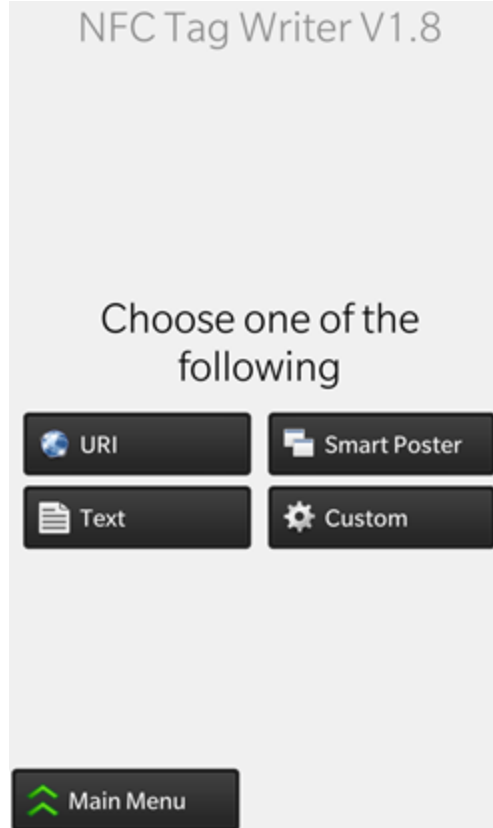


```
...  
  
// Create an empty NDEF Message  
nfc_ndef_message_t* message;  
nfc_create_ndef_message(&message));  
  
// Add the NDEF record to the NDEF message  
nfc_add_ndef_record(message, record));  
  
// Write the NDEF Message to the target  
nfc_write_ndef_message_to_tag(target, message, false);  
  
...
```

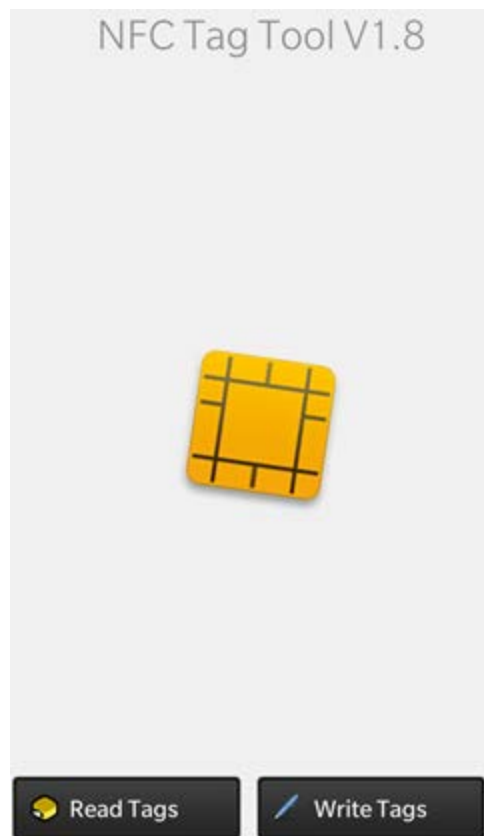
Sample Code Review #2

John Murray

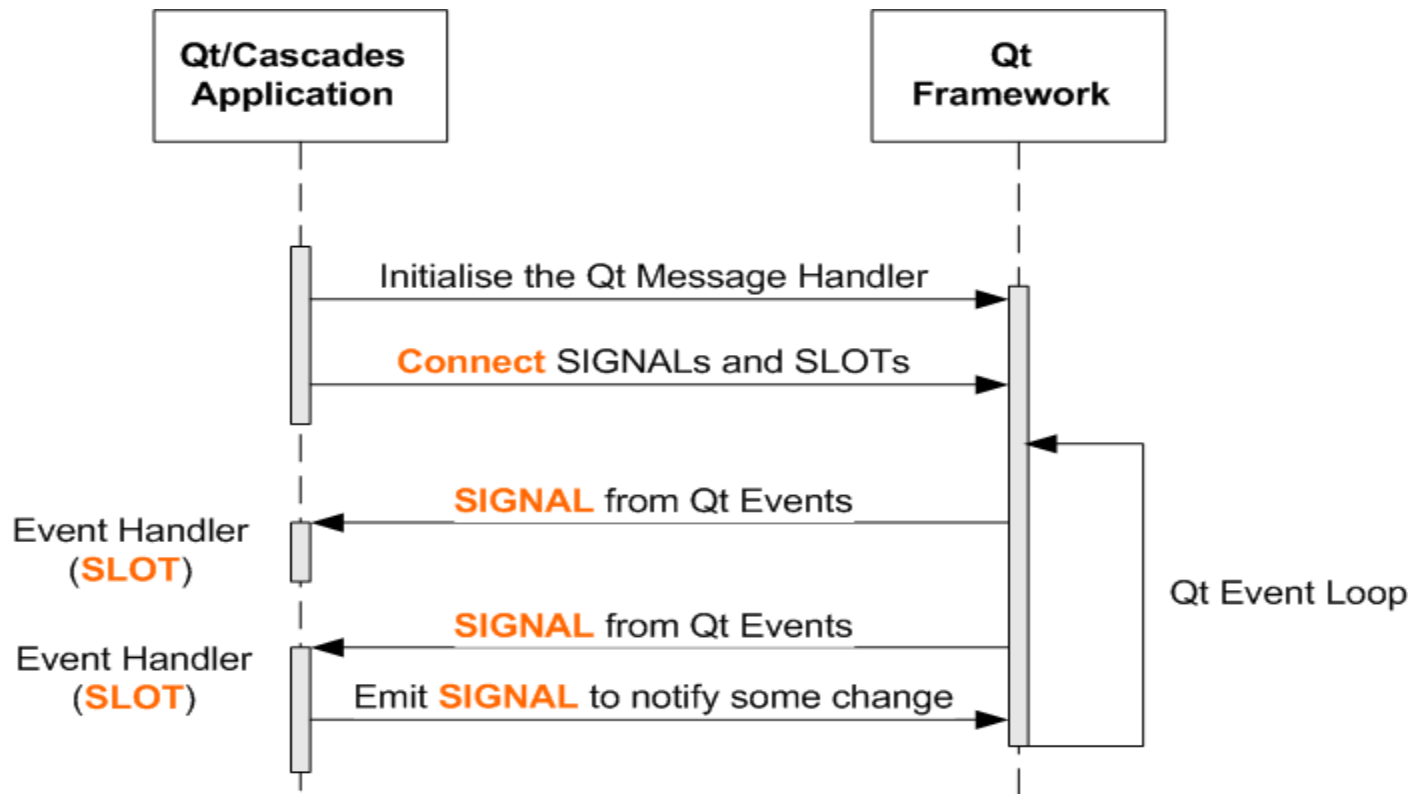
- Let's consider the following challenges:
 - ▶ **How to navigate within the UI and pass control around**
 - ▶ How to ensure your UI does not block when executing NFC operations



- Qt includes a powerful capability known as “**signals** and **slots**”.
- Objects can emit signals
- Slots are functions which are called when a connected signal is emitted elsewhere
- Signals and slots can be linked by connecting them in a potentially many:many configuration
- If you prefer to think of things visually ...



Navigation and Control



- Example: clicking the Write Tag button must trigger the tag writing process
- Our QML contains the Write Tag button

```
Button {  
    id: btn_start_write_operation  
    objectName: "btn_start_write_operation"  
    text: "Write Tag"  
    imageSource: "images/write.png"  
}
```



- Our C++ header file defines a slot called “startWriteProcess”

public slots:

```
void show( );
```

```
void onMainMenuTriggered( );
```

```
void onBackTriggered( );
```

```
void startWriteProcess();
```

```
void onUriChanged(QString uri);
```

- The QML Button object has a signal called “clicked” defined as standard

NFC Tag Writer V1.8

Enter the URI you wish to write to your tag in the field below.

<http://www.bbc.co.uk>

 Write Tag

 Main Menu

 Back

- Our C++ object connects:
 - ▶ the “clicked()” **signal** of the Button
 - ▶ to the “startWriteProcess()” **slot** which it implements

```
Button* btnStartWrite =  
    _root->findChild<Button*>(  
        "btn_start_write_operation"  
    );  
  
QObject::connect(  
    btnStartWrite, SIGNAL(clicked()),  
    this, SLOT(startWriteProcess())  
);
```

NFC Tag Writer V1.8

Enter the URI you wish to
write to your tag in the field
below.

<http://www.bbc.co.uk>

 Write Tag

 Main Menu

 Back

- “startWriteProcess()” kicks off the NFC operation and then calls a function to cause the next screen to be displayed

```
void WriteURI::startWriteProcess() {  
    NfcManager* nfc = NfcManager::getInstance();  
    nfc->writeUri(&_uri);  
    _eventLog->show();  
}
```



- Showing the next screen

```
// elsewhere we create the QmlDocument
qml = QmlDocument::create("eventlog.qml");

// our show() function actually displays it

void EventLog::show() {
    _root = qml->createRootNode<AbstractPane>();
    Application::setScene(_root);
    ....
}
```

NFC Tag Tool V1.8

Bring a tag close.....

Event log (newest items first)

Tag Type Written URI: <http://www.bbc.co.uk>

Handling an NFC event

Preparing to write URI: <http://www.bbc.co.uk>

Registered for NFC BPS events OK



Main Menu



Back

- Let's consider the following challenge:
 - ▶ **How to ensure your UI does not block when executing NFC operations**

NFC Tag Writer V1.8

Enter the URI you wish to write to your tag in the field below.

Enter some text for your smart poster in the field below.

 Write Tag

 Main Menu

 Back

- Reading events from the BPS event queue will block.
- If you perform BPS operations in the main UI thread then this will impact the user experience.
- So, we need to run NFC operations in a different thread to the main UI thread

NFC Tag Tool V1.8

Tag reading events...

Event log (newest items first)

URI: <http://news.bbc.co.uk>

Title: BBC

Language: en

Id:

Type: Sp

Payload (Hex): 91010f55036e6577732e626263

Handling an NFC event

Registering TNF: 1 Type: Sp

Registered for NFC BPS events OK



Main Menu



Back

- The Qt Framework has a rich set of classes that can be used to run NFC operations in a separate thread such as:
 - ▶ **Qthread, QtConcurrent**
- Many of the Qt examples on the web focus on sub-classing QThread which can result in more convoluted code.
- There is, in fact, a very simple pattern for using QThread without sub-classing. There is a very good tutorial covering this pattern (see link below) which we use in our own code sample.
 - ▶ <http://mayaposch.wordpress.com/2011/11/01/how-to-really-truly-use-qthreads-the-full-explanation/>

Closing Remarks

Martin Woolley

- Articles and open source code:
 - ▶ <http://supportforums.blackberry.com/t5/Java-Development/NFC-Article-and-Code-Index/ta-p/1538775>
- Twitter
 - ▶ Martin - @mdwrim
 - ▶ John - @jcmrim
 - ▶ @blackberrydev
- Come and talk to us here at the event!
 - ▶ Ask the Experts
- BlackBerry Developer Blog - <http://devblog.blackberry.com>

THANK YOU

John Murray and Martin Woolley

DEV120

May 1-3, 2012