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# Photometric variations and period determination of eight southern CP stars (\*)

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Summary. — We discuss the photometric variations in the Geneva System of eight southern CP stars. Improved values for the periods of HD 28843, HD 56455, HD 81009, and HD 175362 are determined; the periods of HD 34797, HD 98457, HD 133880, and HD 191287 are derived for the first time. Both HD 98457 and HD 191287 present variations of exceptionally large amplitude. HD 133880 is a remarkable CP star in view of its short period, its large magnetic field, and the extreme variability of its peculiarity index. The stars HD 28843, HD 34797, and HD 56455 also have a variable peculiarity index.

**Key words**: CP stars — photometry — stellar rotation — magnetic fields.

#### 1. Introduction.

Mostly as a result of the many systematic surveys carried out over the last two decades, the photometric variability of the chemically peculiar stars is now well documented in the literature (see Catalano and Renson, 1984, and the references therein). The behaviour of these stars is to be understood within the framework of the oblique rotator model: for virtually all CP stars, the variations are strictly periodic, and the periods are the rotation periods of these stars.

In view of the wealth of data already available, the astrophysical interest of adding new objects to the list of known variable CP stars may be questioned. Current surveys are mostly motivated by interest in the distribution of the rotation periods. The study of CP stars in clusters and associations (e.g. North, 1984; Maitzen, 1982) gives clues for our understanding of the dependence of angular momentum on stellar age, and so of the breaking mechanism at work in CP stars. Other recent research focuses on the long-period tail of the distribution (Hensberge et al., 1984).

The stars we discuss in the present paper were not selected for such specific purposes. Our decision to monitor some of the stars stemmed from the large scatter of their previous measurements in the Geneva Photometric System. The two other stars, HD 56455 and HD 81009, have been used for some time as standard stars in this system. The periods of four of the program stars were already known, but we could slightly improve their values; the variability

of the remaining four stars has, to our knowledge, not been studied in detail before. Some of these objects turned out to be of exceptional interest, so that their relevance merits special discussion.

#### 2. Observations

All observations were obtained with the Geneva Photometer attached at the Swiss Telescope, La Silla Observatory, Chile, mostly from 1981 to 1983. All eight stars had already been observed at earlier opportunities with the same equipment. We observed these stars as part of a broader program concerning the photometric variability of early-type stars. We did not work with fixed comparison stars but instead increased the number of standard star measurements in order to improve the precision.

We are planning to discuss the observational techniques and the accuracy that could be achieved in a forthcoming paper. The following short overview will suffice for our present purposes. The typical scatter of the V-magnitude data in the Geneva Catalogue (Rufener, 1981) is 0.008 mag (Rufener and Bartholdi, 1982). This scatter is partly caused by instrumental error sources on a long time scale and is lowered to about 0.006 mag when only the data of a few subsequent seasons, taken with the same instrument, are considered (e.g. HD 56455 below). It must also be realized that the average program carried out in the Geneva photometry does not require better precision; the attained accuracy of the data is a compromise between the astrophysical relevance of high precision and the efficiency of data acquisition. It is clear that an enlargement of the number of standard star measurements results in a significant improvement of the precision. Such an approach is desirable for the study of variable stars and has been followed by us. For most of the data considered here, the uncertainties are of the order of 0.003-0.004 mag.

<sup>(\*)</sup> Based on observations made with the Swiss Telescope at the European Southern Observatory, Chile.

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## 3. Analysis of the observations.

The eight program stars are listed in table I. We give the names and the HR and HD numbers. The reddening-free parameters X, Y, and Z that are of interest for the description of the B stars (Cramer and Maeder, 1979) can be written as

$$X = 0.3788 + 1.3764 (U-B1) + 0.1602 (B1-B2) - 0.6896 (B2-V1) - 0.8450 (V1-G)$$

$$Y = -0.8288 + 0.3235 (U-B1) - 1.9993 (B1-B2) + 0.3370 (B2-V1) + 1.0865 (V1-G)$$

$$Z = -0.4572 + 0.0255 (U-B1) - 0.1485 (B1-B2) + 0.3211 (B2-V1) - 0.7994 (V1-G).$$

In the context of the Bp stars, the parameter Z is of importance, since it is an estimator of the 5300 Å-feature, and so of the magnetic field (Cramer and Maeder, 1980): it differs from zero only for the magnetic CP stars. We also list in table I the mean values of the parameters X, Y, and Z, the MK spectral type as inferred from the colors, and the mean visual brightness of each star.

For A-F stars, changes in physical parameters affect all color indices in an intricate way, so that it is impossible to develop for them a formalism similar to the XYZ-formalism, which allows a clear-cut distinction between different physical effects (Golay, 1980; Nicolet and Cramer, 1983). Still, Ap stars like HD 81009 can be recognized in the Geneva system by means of the parameter  $\Delta(V1-G)$ , defined (Hauck and North, 1982) as

$$\Delta(V1-G) = (V1-G) - 0.289 (B2-G) + 0.302.$$

The periods are listed in the last column of table I. They have been determined in two steps: first, we applied Deeming's (1975) and Stellingwerf's (1978) methods on the new observations, and, second, we used the older data in order to refine the value of the period. Our estimates of the errors on the periods are given in the next section, the accuracy of the periods depending in each case on the accuracy of the data and especially on that of the oldest data.

## 4. Discussion of the individual stars.

The individual data for all the stars are listed in tables II to IX. The phase diagrams for the mB- and mV-variations are shown in figure 1, and the variations of the color indices are plotted in figure 2.

#### HD 28843

The photometric and spectroscopic variability of HD 28843 was first studied by Pedersen and Thomsen (1977) and by Pedersen (1979), who derived a period of 1.37375 days. The time base of our data is much longer, and an improved value for the period of  $1.37381 \pm 0.00001$  days could be derived. This period fits into the error box given by Manfroid and Mathys (1984). An epoch of maximum visual brightness is JD 2445287.35  $\pm$  0.02. The color and light curves are not in phase. Maximum light in the *U*-band

occurs later than maximum visual light (at phase 0.07) while maximum blue light occurs earlier (at phase 0.98).

Borra et al. (1983) claim that if a magnetic field is present on the surface of HD 28843 it is likely not to exceed a few hundred Gauss. Their statement is confirmed by the mean value of the Z-parameter, which does not deviate strongly from zero.

#### HD 34797

The peculiarity of HD 34797 is not well documented in the literature. This star is classified «  $\lambda$  Boo? » in the Bright Star Catalogue. However, the Z-parameter of HD 34797 is clearly that of a magnetic star, which was already noted by Hauck and North (1982).

The most significant period in our data for HD 34797 is  $2.28704 \pm 0.00004$  days. An epoch of maximum light is JD 2445257.70  $\pm$  0.02. The light and color variations are in phase and the amplitude is largest in the *U*-band.

The remaining scatter is somewhat larger than expected for observations that were all gathered during the same season. It cannot be excluded that some part of the residual scatter is due to stray light from HD 34798, another sixth magnitude (variable) B star, which forms a visual pair with HD 34797 with a mutual separation of 39 arcseconds.

### HD 56455

Light and color variations of HD 56455 were first observed by Renson *et al.* (1976); these authors derived a period of 2.24 days. The Geneva data cannot be represented with a period near that value. The most significant period is  $1.9346 \pm 0.0001$  days. An epoch of maximum brightness is JD 2444549.77  $\pm$  0.03.

The photometric variations of HD 56455 are similar to those of HD 34797. Also, both stars are close to each other in the HR diagram. The residual scatter of the light and color curves of HD 56455, 0.006 mag, is quite typical for data obtained in three subsequent observation seasons.

#### HD 81009

HD 81009 is the only A star in our sample. It was last discussed by Hensberge *et al.* (1981), who found a period of 33.97 days in their own and the published four-color data. The most significant period in the Geneva data,  $33.96 \pm 0.01$  days, fits into the error box determined by Hensberge *et al.* (1981). An epoch of maximum brightness (in the *B*1-band, see below) is JD 2444480.7  $\pm$  0.5.

The wavelength dependence of the variability of HD 81009 is striking. This star is only slightly variable in the U-band and hardly varies at all in the visual band; the amplitude is maximal in the B1-band, near the 4100 Å-feature caused by the rare earth elements. It would probably be of much interest to monitor HD 81009 in the near UV or redwards of the V-band.

#### HD 98457

Although rather faint, HD 98457 is an interesting object for further investigation. Its period of  $11.535 \pm 0.002$  days, is fairly long, so that even long exposures would hardly be smeared out over the phase. An epoch of maximum brightness is JD 2445019.0  $\pm$  0.2.

The amplitude amounts to 0.12 mag in the visual, and to 0.21 mag in the *U*-band, one of the largest values for any known CP star. The dependence of the amplitude

on the wavelength is rather exceptional: between the U-band (mean wavelength = 3460 Å) and the B1-band (4020 Å) the amplitude drops by 0.19 mag! A detailed spectral analysis of this wavelength region might prove worthwhile, especially since the lines must be very sharp.

N° 1

HD 133880 is classified as an « Ap Si 4200 » star in the Bright Star Catalogue, and it is noted there that it has a magnetic field. This last remark is probably based on the appearance of HD 133880 in Babcock's (1958) list of magnetic stars. It is largely confirmed by the record value of the peculiarity parameter, Z = -0.074. Application of Cramer and Maeder's Z-versus-Hs calibration gives a value of 5.4 kG for the mean surface field of this star. Even this value could be only a lower limit, since saturation of Z sometimes occurs for large values of the magnetic field strength. Borra and Landstreet (1975) determined three values for the effective field, which show a range of about 6 kG, between -2.8 kG and +3.7 kG.

The period of HD 133880 is short,  $0.87746 \pm 0.00001$  days. An epoch of maximum visual brightness is JD 2445472.07 ± 0.01; the maximum in the B-band then occurs at the phase 0.90.

The shortness of the period is probably why HD 133880 has not been studied intensively previously, despite its apparent visual brightness, the large value of its magnetic field, the amplitude of its variations, and its possible membership to the Scorpius-Centaurus association. The spectral lines must indeed be quite broad, so that the peculiarities are somewhat smeared out. Variations with such large amplitudes (0.15 mag in the U-band) are in fact exceptional for broad-lined CP-stars and can perhaps only be explained by the presence of a very strong magnetic field.

#### HD 175362

HD 175362 is a well-known He abnormal star. It is one of the best studied cases, since it is one of the hottest magnetic helium-weak stars known (Borra et al., 1983). Borra et al. derived a period of  $3.6740 \pm 0.0015$  days from He line strength maxima and magnetic field measurements. Our data have enabled us to refine the value of the period to  $3.6733 \pm 0.0001$  days. An epoch of maximum light is JD 2445509.6  $\pm$  0.1.

## HD 191287

HD 191287 is another example of a large amplitude variable with a rather short period of 1.62345  $\pm$  0.00002 days. An epoch of maximum visual brightness is JD 2445504.12  $\pm$ 

The amplitude in the visual band exceeds 0.2 mag, and is thus larger than that of any known variable CP star. The amplitude in the *U*-band amounts to 0.23 mag. The wavelength dependence of the amplitude and the shape of the curves are similar to those observed for HD 98457; the (U-B1)-variation has an amplitude of 0.15 mag peakto-peak. The amplitude is smallest in the B1-band, and we conjecture that the spectrum of HD 191287 has a pronounced depletion at 4200 Å. This feature would also explain the anomalously low value of the parameter Y, which places this star about 0.07 mag below the reference sequence of class V stars in the X-Y-diagram, even though the parameters X and Y normally are hardly affected by the peculiarities (Cramer and Maeder, 1979).

#### 5. Discussion.

5.1 Interpretation of the photometric variations. The explanation for the photometric variations of the CP stars has been discussed frequently in the recent literature; it has last been reviewed by Schöneich (1981). The now classical hypothesis, first proposed by Peterson (1970), is the so-called line blocking-backwarming hypothesis. It is assumed that the bolometric energy radiated through each surface element is constant over the star. The nonhomogeneous distribution of the different elements over the surface, however, causes different parts of the stellar surface to have a different spectral appearance; in particular, the radiation is blocked at the specific wavelengths corresponding to the lines of the enhanced elements. and is radiated away at other wavelengths. The hypothesis gained some support from UV photometry (Molnar, 1973; Leckrone, 1974): it was discovered that the variations of some stars changed sign for wavelengths shorter than some « null wavelength », so that it seemed indeed possible that the variability of the bolometric brightness was vanishingly small for these stars.

The line blocking-backwarming hypothesis has been challenged by authors who performed detailed model atmosphere calculations (e.g. Muthsam and Stepién, 1981). It would seem that at least for some stars the abundance variations alone cannot explain the observed photometric behaviour, so that additional effects, such as effective temperature variations and the influence of the magnetic field, must be invoked.

It is evident that ultraviolet observations are needed in order to test these ideas for early type stars: these stars radiate most of their energy in the UV, and most of the interesting lines occur short of 3000 Å. The interest of optical observations, such as ours, is that of selecting the best candidates for further study. We feel that at least three large amplitude stars deserve further attention: HD 133880 because of its large field, and HD 98457 and HD 191287 because of the remarkable behaviour of their amplitudes with wavelength. For the latter two stars, the variations do not change sign in the optical region, but the amplitude rises sharply towards shorter and longer wavelengths. For the sake of completeness, we list in table X the amplitudes for the five intermediate passbands of the Geneva System for all eight program stars.

5.2 The variability of the peculiarity index. — We mentioned in section 3 above that, in the Geneva system, the early type stars are best described with the XYZformalism. For normal stars, the parameters X and Y are indicators of the effective temperature and the luminosity; the calibrations apply reasonably well to the peculiar B stars, unless the peculiarities are extreme, as in the case of HD 191287. However, even when the mean values of these photometric parameters may be interpreted in physical terms, it is highly unlikely that the variations of X and Y for Bp stars may be interpreted as variations of the temperature and of the gravity. Were that the case, the spectral type of HD 98457 would vary from B6V at maximum to B8III at minimum: the absolute magnitude would remain roughly constant, while the effective temperature would vary with an amplitude of 2600 K!

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One should then also be cautious when interpreting variations of Z in terms of variations of the surface magnetic field strength. For most of the stars considered here, the variations of (V1-G) have lower amplitudes than those of the other indices, so the terms in the other colors also play their role in the variation of Z, which is then not so easily interpreted as a variation of the 5300 Å-feature. To settle this point, it might be useful to compare the behaviour of some CP stars in the Geneva system with their behaviour in Maitzen's  $\Delta a$ -photometric system (Maitzen, 1982).

Unfortunately, surface field measurements are not available for our program stars. Effective fields have been measured for HD 133880 (Borra and Landstreet, 1975), HD 28843 and HD 175362 (Borra et al., 1983). The effective fields of HD 133880 and HD 175362 are variable. We present the phase diagrams for the parameter Z of the seven B stars and the phase diagram for  $\Delta(V1-G)$  of HD 81009 in figure 3. It is striking that the variation of Z is negligibly small for both large amplitude variables HD 98457 and HD 191287. As a matter of fact, for these stars, the term in (V1-G) is almost exactly canceled by the term in (B2-V1). The Z-variations are also vanishingly small for the effective field variable HD 175362. On the other hand, slight Z-variations are observed for HD 28843 and also for HD 34797 and HD 56455.

The most interesting object again appears to be HD 133880. A pronounced variability of Z, with an amplitude slightly exceeding 0.04 mag, is observed for this star. If this variability could be interpreted as a variability of the field strength, it would indicate a range of 3.8 to 7.8 kG for the surface field. In this reasoning, we have ignored saturation effects, an assumption which could be realistic because of the important rotational broadening of the lines. As to the effective field, our ephemeris and

Borra and Landstreet's data indicate that it reaches its most negative value at the maximum of Z and of the visual brightness.

#### 6. Concluding remarks.

The sample of CP stars discussed here was constructed merely as a byproduct of other investigations and is, as such, quite heterogeneous. It is worthwhile to consider the reasons why some of these stars were not studied more intensively before and why their variability was detected in the Geneva system. These reasons, indeed, illustrate different aspects of the usefulness of a photometric approach to the CP phenomenon.

- (1) HD 34797 had not been recognized previously as a CP star and was detected as such by purely photometric means.
- (2) The definitely interesting object HD 133880 has only now been saved from a relative anonymity, since its large rotational velocity acts as a counter-selection effect in spectroscopic methods of detection.
- (3) Photometry is an effective tool for selecting the more spectacular objects among the fainter CP stars, such as HD 98457 and HD 191287.

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TABLE II. — The data for HD 28843. The time is expressed in Heliocentric Julian Days. The phases are computed with the ephemeris given in the text.

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v1-G	537	505	518	/10	521	513	521	525	509	516	513	516	517	518	513	519	519	515	512	517	518	515	515	519	516	512	512	522	519	514	522
B2-V1	222	268	259	977-	223	229	220	252	244	261	254	263	224	226	260	246	261	261	225	231	228	214	249	257	221	232	270	232	248	254	227
B1-B2	772	764	771	79/-	756	757	755	762	760	766	762	760	755	-,753	767	766	763	764	754	751	757	752	770	761	755	756	764	759	763	762	756
U-Bl	960*-	780*-	077	860*-	990*-	083	080	089	760	056	680*-	030	059	091	067	101	030	050	053	052	078	078	084	023	072	095	050	056	047	036	085
mV	5.745	5.697	5.714	29/05	5.798	5.778	5.781	5.699	5.717	5.727	5.709	5.729	5.786	5.750	5.709	5.720	5.726	5.724	5.783	5.793	5.770	5.781	5.702	5.747	5.789	5.738	5.720	5.786	5.763	5.768	5.794
шВ	4.614	4.565	4.578	4.652	4.686	699.4	4.678	4.562	4.595	4.578	4.581	4.585	4.687	979.7	4.568	4.589	4.581	4.580	4.680	789.4	4.659	4.682	4.563	4.609	4.690	4.624	4.571	4.672	4.630	4.621	4.691
Phase	.186	.933	.958	.213	797	.335	.370	.033	.148	668.	.055	.800	.521	.251	.936	.114	808	.828	.559	.590	.290	.327	.028	.756	.480	.199	.858	.605	699.	.718	.380
JD - 2400000	41259.594	289.471	671.425	44534./95	544.756	890.779	890.827	891.738	891,896	45219.894	244.837	245.861	246.852	247.855	270.777	273,768	274.722	274.749	275,753	275.796	276.758	276.809	277.772	278.772	279.766	280,755	314.631	315,657	322,614	322.681	356.562

1.37381 2.28704 1.9346 33.96 11.5355 .87746 3.6733 P(days) è SP(X,Y) B5111 B6V B7111 B7111 B7111 B31V B7? -.012 -.019 .006 -.025 -.024 -.024 2 × 28843 34797 56455 81009 98457 133880 175362 쥪 표 V686 CrA Pup Hya DZ Eri Name K PR

TABLE I. — Identifications of the program stars, mean photometric parameters, inferred spectral types, and periods.

TABLE X. — Peak-to-peak amplitudes of the program stars for the five intermediate bands of the Geneva system.

HD \ \ (A)	3458	4022	4480	5408	5814
28843	.15	.13	.12	60.	60.
34797	.10	• 05	• 05	•04	•05
56455	60.	•05	•05	•03	•00
81009	.02	90•	•00	.01	00.
98457	.21	•02	•05	.11	.13
133880	.14	.10	60.	• 05	80.
175362	.10	.07	.07	90.	90.
191287	.22	.07	.13	.19	.21

TABLE III. — The data for HD 34797.

Z	
V1-G	
B2-V1	220 232 238 231 227 227 224 225
в1-в2	721 715 733 734 726 728 726 727 727
U-Bl	.036 .022 .032 .034 .032 .048 .083
Λm	6.506 6.508 6.486 6.501 6.501 6.533 6.543 6.543 6.569 6.509
ШВ	5.423 5.413 5.405 5.405 5.420 5.439 5.439 5.457 5.457 5.458
Phase	.794 .138 .818 .872 .815 .673 .545 .383 .398
JD -	2743.772 753.707 766.697 795.858 813.869.733 44890.733 5244.887 244.887 245.854 245.854

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2	017	021	024	024	026	013	011	025	026	023	018	021	016	020	020	016
V1-G	504	501	495	500	495	507	512	965-	667	499	506	501	507	503	503	507
B2-V1	227	231	226	235	232	222	226	230	235	230	230	228	226	228	230	228
B1-B2	730	728	738	727	732	730	727	732	723	729	724	727	727	725	730	729
U-Bl	990.	.058	.027	.027	.034	.084	.072	.036	.032	•046	.051	•045	.039	.037	.033	.029
м	6.534	6.536	6.509	6.510	6.511	6.551	6.546	6.520	6.510	6.528	6.534	6.538	6.535	905-9	6.509	6.536
mB	5.440	5.446	5.418	5.416	5.417	5.464	5,458	5.429	5.420	5.436	5.444	5.450	5.449	5.413	5.415	5.442
Phase		-	-	966.		-	-	-	-		-		-			
JD - 2400000	45359,547	359,628	360,544	360,607	360.696	361,550	361,637	362,548	362.662	365.542	365,639	366.584	366.690	367,543	367,602	413.526

TABLE IV. — The data for HD 56455.

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2	022	017	004	015	013	900	012	004	001	021	019	• 005	004	005	012	011	000.	011	023	003	018	•004	- 003	007	004	008	007	.001	010	014	.00.
vl-G	500	506	526	508	513	517	512	526	520	502	505	528	516	517	505	509	523	510	501	526	503	527	519	515	518	517	520	523	514	508	524
B2-v1	233	230	239	229	234	232	237	245	223	236	235	223	222	229	219	226	227	228	236	240	232	230	226	227	226	230	239	224	228	228	223
B1-B2	736	733	723	729	725	739	737	727	739	738	735	737	746	749	748	745	739	741	726	729	745	748	742	741	735	730	735	733	734	736	731
U-Bl	.045	.028	.074	.058	.047	.109	.113	.091	.097	.032	.042	860.	670.	•056	.044	.042	.083	.047	090.	.106	.030	.112	•064	0.070	.088	.051	.101	.109	.034	.046	080
Λm	5.703	5.697	5.722	5.728	5.715	•	5.730	5.739	5.727	5.697	5.710	5.723	5.707	5.716	5.697	5.702	5.731	5.706	5.713	5.731	5.710	5.728	5.726	•	5.735	5.732	•	5.738	٠	5.707	5.731
шВ	4.603	4.614	4.631	4.639	4.616	4.668	4.635	4.639	4.631	4.614	4.614	4.628	4.612	4.614	4.613	4.604	4.636	4.603	4.621	4.633	4.609	4.626	4.628	4.630	4.640	4.644	4.631	4.639	4.615	4.610	4.630
Phase	.186	070	.685	.260	.803	.510	.647	799.	. 705	.007	.194	.712	.260	.802	670.	.950	.445	.144	.218	.613	.126	.653	.287	.318	905.	.970	.473	.622	.138	.214	.439
JD - 2400000	44203.837	226.769	235.756	240,737	243.722	254.763	264.700	266.669	268.682	286.677	298.647	299.648	302,645	307,561	323.516	543.869	573.846	586.806	592.753	614.798	615.790	616.810	627.710	629.703	635.678	638,703	639.676	649.637	650,637	654.652	668.629

JD - 2400000	Phase	шВ	Λm	U-Bl	B1-B2	B2-V1	V1-G	2
246.802	.235	5.443	6.527	.068	723	229	509	
247.856	969.	5.430	: -:	040	726	225	502	019
248.836	.124	5.418	-:	.045	٠.	٠,	4	0.
270.768	.714	5.431	-:	0.044	٠. ٠	٠,٠	r;	5
74. 723	570.	5.401	• -	050.	• "	•	., r	₫6
74.736	644	5,453	:	690.		: ::	, "	5 5
74.750	.455	5,450	٠.	.068	٠.		. "	014
75.725	.881	5,415	٦.	.033	٠.		5	0
12.760	.897	5.408	~	.034	٠.	٠,	4.	023
15.797	.913	5.409	-:	.039	٠.	٠,	64.	-:025
75.836	.930	5.410	-:	.038	٠.	٠,	.50	9
75.865	.943	5.409	-:	.032	٠.	٠,		025
76.734	.323	5.445	-;	.082	٠.	٠,	.51	s.
76.773	.340	5.463	٠;	060.	٠.	٠,	r.	015
76.827	.363	5.457	٠;	980.	٠.	٠,	r.	2
998.97	.380	5.468	٠.	.071	٠.	٠,	.51	8
77.728	.757	5.424	-:	.041	٠.	٠,	49	9
377.806	.791	5.424	٠:	.043	٠.	٠,	4	.0
178,776	.215	5,433	٠.	790			.50	5
78.844	.245	5.452		70.			50	5
279.720	.628	5.429		055		: ``	. "	; 5
79.846	.683	5.444		.052	•	•	•	5
80.740	0.74	5.404	` `	039	. ' .	: ``	•	: 5
80.798	00	5.412		860	• '	• •	•	3 5
80.851	123	5 425	: -	200.	• '	• "	000	5 5
111.689	909	5 443	: -	350	• '	•	•	3 5
12 707	200.	ייני מלילי מלילי	: -	900.	•	•	•	2 5
12 758	70.	5 / 23		650.	` '	•	499	3 5
790	100	7.420	: -	50.0	•	•	•	024
12.190	00.	2.432		050.	•	•	•	022
270.61	200	7.404		4,0.	``	•	•	3 8
13.709	064.	754.0	•	0,0.	•	•	•	012
10'-CT	120	204.0	•	900	` '	"	•	010
14.020	160.	101.7	•	20.0	` '	•	•	38
14.709	200	2.411	٠. ٠	970.	``	٠,٠	•	025
2/0.01	95.	7.44	٠	470.	``	•	٠; ٠	3
17.77	465.	1/5.0	٠. ٠	5/0.	``	٠,	• • •	9
16.633	89/	7.41/	•:	.032	``	~	٠,	018
27.615	385	5.444	٠:	.077	٠.	٧.	٠,	₽.
30,596	.874	5.426	٠:	.035	٠.	٧.	٠,	017
30,685	.912	5.409	٠:	.034	٦.	~	٧.	9
30,756	.943	5.405	٠,	.023	٦.	~	r.	023
30,808	996.	5.409	٠.	.032	٦.	~	٠,	.02
31.552	.292	5.458	4;	.073	٦.	~	٠,	2
31.631	.326	5.460	٠,	920.	Γ.	~	۳,	2
31.706	.359	5.450	41	.080	_	~	r.	2
31.770	.387	5,456	'n	.081	_	~	۲,	0
32.572	.738	5.449	'n.	.037	_	~	4	20
32.651	.772	5.427	'n	.035	_	~	٠,	.02
32.776	.827	5.428	'n.	.038	$\overline{}$	~	501	02
56.561	.227	5.449	ĸ.	.056	_	~	ď	10.
57.538	.654	5.445	'n	970.	_	~	٠,	5
57.629	769	5.439	'n	.041	_	~	ഗ	5
57.709	.729	5.433	ĸ.	040	_	~	4	.02
58.596	.116	5.432	'n	970.	_	~	64.	6
5 6 70		C / / u	٠		١			

TABLE V (continued).

TABLE IV (continued).

 JD Phase
 mB
 mV
 U-BI
 BI-B2
 B2-V1
 VI-C
 Z

 24600000
 44675.637
 .061
 4.615
 5.705
 .031
 -.738
 -.225
 -.516
 -.007

 677.548
 .049
 4.622
 5.700
 .042
 -.737
 -.224
 -.505
 -.015

 678.557
 .570
 4.618
 5.700
 .042
 -.737
 -.224
 -.501
 -.007

 710.505
 .119
 4.618
 5.700
 .048
 -.738
 -.224
 -.501
 -.008

 714.494
 .146
 4.611
 5.700
 .048
 -.738
 -.224
 -.501
 -.009

 714.494
 .146
 4.611
 5.703
 .051
 -.737
 -.225
 -.512
 -.009

 714.494
 .146
 4.611
 5.703
 .037
 -.735
 -.226
 -.016

 712.505
 .119
 4.618
 5.703
 .037
 -.735
 -.229
 -.512
 -.009

 <

TABLE V. — The data for HD 81009.

Δ(V1-G)	.005	•003	.024	900.	.010	900.	600.	003	005	900.	.002	003	.010	003	.005	.001	.015	.015	.005	600*	900.	900*	800.	• 005	900	600.
VI-G	418	423	397	413	408	417	415	424	434	422	423	-,425	410	423	422	428	411	410	416	412	419	419	412	-,413	424	418
B2-V1	001	900	016	.007	.007	003	007	.012	005	015	004	010	.002	.014	011	011	018	015	.005	000	007	008	.002	010	022	015
B1-B2	-,455	470	467	455	-,459	472	456	443	461	457	095	454	456	451	457	459	468	456	448	794	463	465	455	464	459	464
U-B1	.519	.540	.545	.520	.518	.542	.535	.510	.537	.542	.538	.527	.516	.512	.539	.531	.552	.537	.512	.535	.536	.544	.524	.528	.538	.540
шV	6.522	6.524	6.522	6.524	6.524	6.521	6.516	6.521	6.517	6.526	6.518	6.521	6.518	6.523	6.527	6.523	6.520	6.533	6.520	6.520	6.518	6.526	6.510	6.512	6.507	6.526
mB	5.825	5.807	5,800	5,833	5.837	5.804	5.805	5,831	5.804	5.805	5.805	5.825	5.823	5.833	5.800	5.804	5.803	5.804	5.829	5.819	5.803	5.804	5.816	5.820	5.795	5.800
Phase	.704	.910	•056	.261	.379	.879	.172	109*	.954	.043	.073	.307	.336	.395	.864	.893	.923	.041	659.	.833	.951	600	.274	.303	996.	966.
JD - 2440000	43929,680	936.686	941.639	609.876	952.616	969.577	979.556	44231.829	243.814	246.847	247.857	255.807	256.794	258.798	274.734	275.709	276.731	280.721	301.722	307.634	311.624	313,620	322,609	323,601	583,840	584.853

Δ(V1-G)	.018	.002	.002	600.	003	.003	•004	800.	.011	000	.005	004	.003	900.	.017	.014	.012	.013	.002	.002	.005	600.	• 005	600.	.002	600.	*008	900.	.007	.005	.016	900.	000.	600.	000.	.007	.005	<b>*00</b>	.007	.012	900.
V1-G	907	422	419	905	430	417	420	412	605	420	419	429	424	411	401	410	413	401	424	423	421	417	420	415	425	414	604	415	416	454	410	410	421	409	423	416	419	420	419	414	419
B2-v1	016	000.	.008	.015	003	.007	003	.005	.001	.011	002	•00	007	.012	.001	011	013	.015	004	003	007	012	007	007	006	004	.011	·007	003	015	018	.016	600.	.007	•000	001	002	001	600°-	015	008
B1-B2	464	466	465	435	460	455	454	452	440	448	977-	462	461	437	434	462	456	-,444	454	455	464	463	462	462	454	455	437	777-	457	447	460	436	445	452	456	451	464	466	458	468	465
U-Bl	.542	.538	.534	.502	.531	.535	.510	.523	.507	.513	.525	.536	.540	• 206	.512	.541	.543	.504	.543	.551	.548	.545	.542	.548	.540	.532	.512	.517	.542	.541	.528	.515	.517	.517	.521	.527	.539	.542	.544	.552	.541
	517	22	522	20	520	25	50	523	520	523	520	520	514	16	519	524	519	521	524	216	523	523	522	.524	50	519	.517	505	521	515	.515	222	.519	.519	.527	.514	523	.522	.523	.514	509
Λm	9	•	•	•			•		•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	9	9	9	•	9	•	•	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
m B		5.811	5.816		5.812					5.838	5.824	5.816	8	83	5.836	5.807	5.812	5.843	5.816	5.809	5.808	5.808	5.805	5.814	5.810	5.808	5.843	5.818	5.814	5.801	•	•	5.837	•	5.830	5.819	•	5.813	.81	5.790	5.788
Phase	.114	.261	.290	867.	202	.318	.348	.376	.435	.465	.729	.788	906.	.582	.642	.847	.231	797.	.845	.844	.067	960.	.126	.155	.185	.244	.450	.714	.801	990.	•005	.450	.653	.682	.710	.741	662.	.858	.887	976.	.033
JD - 2440000	44588.855	593,853	594.826	601.876	625.787	629.747	630.762	631.714	633,721	634.739	643.688	645.697	649.720	672.651	904.706	681.679	69, 690	702,561	715.552	749.483	926.852	927.851	928.850	929.855	930.848	966.824	973.809	982.777	985.734	994.757	995.742	45007.775	048.622	049.623	050.584	051.609	053,580	055.585	056.596	058.593	095.484
															_												_	_					_								

TABLE VI. — The data for HD 98457.

2	039 020 026 009 021 009
v1-G	475 487 491 495 482 509
B2-v1	216 182 231 162 164 220
B1-B2	690 687 711 686 682 705
U-Bl	.204 .172 .275 .122 .084
пV	7.940 7.909 7.982 7.886 7.865 8.001
шВ	6.898 6.882 6.906 6.882 6.923 6.923
Phase	.225 .836 .564 .915 .994 .425
JD - 2400000	13925.722 932.772 952.699 44625.809 649.790 654.769

TABLE VIII. — The data for HD 175362.

V1-G

B2-V1

B1-B2

U-B1

ě

띹

JD -2400000

TABLE VII (continued).

TABLEAU VI (continued).

0.022 0.033 2 V1-G -.188
-.167
-.167
-.198
-.198
-.198
-.198
-.198
-.198
-.197
-.197
-.197
-.197
-.197
-.197
-.197 B2-V1 B1-B2 ...677 ...671 ...686 ...686 ...687 ...683 ...694 ...694 ...694 ...696 .. U-Bl 1143 1099 7.910 7.886 7.885 7.895 7.995 7.997 7.993 7.954 7.959 ě 6.900 6.879 6.893 6.893 6.895 6.909 6.895 6.895 6.897 6.907 띹 44659,838 672,675 738,548 738,548 45008,837 047,715 069,656 094,586 101,565 359,716 359,716 361,721 361,864 362,844 362,844 362,844 362,846 367,776 397,629 398,646 397,776 397,629 398,646 397,776 397,629 398,646 397,776 JD -2400000

-.077 -.064 -.074 -.063 -.063 -.061 -.061 -.067 -.088 -.088

-.459 -.472 -.464 -.465 -.465 -.471 -.470 -.463 -.463 -.474 -.474

-.287 -.287 -.287 -.297 -.277 -.273 -.273 -.273 -.273 -.273 -.291 -.291 -.293 -.293

-.713 -.709 -.711 -.711 -.710 -.710 -.710 -.713 -.713 -.713 -.714 -.715 -.715

.113 .120 .1120 .1120 .122 .131 .140 .140 .140 .140 .140 .131 .101 .101 .105

.224 .303 .214 .2564 .324 .324 .365 .401 .445 .445 .990 .990 .037 .108

45483.674 483.743 484.586 484.639 485.682 485.682 485.682 485.682 485.682 485.682 533.483 533.587 533.587 535.554

5.767 5.788 5.771 5.780 5.795 5.803

4.626 4.656 4.627 4.643 4.665 4.685

5.808 5.811 5.799 5.789 5.754 5.751 5.768 5.768

4.692 4.693 4.693 4.652 4.600 4.600 4.620 4.673

— The data for HD 133880. TABLE VII.

2

V1-G

B2-V1

B1-B2

U-B1

Ž.

Phase

JD -2400000

2	023	021	023	030	022	019	023	021	024	024	027	024	021	024	024	016	024	023	023	022	024	025	018	028	026	024	021	019	027	026	027
VI-G	506	510	510	506	509	512	512	512	512	511	508	511	510	508	507	517	507	511	512	513	510	507	517	507	507	511	511	514	507	509	507
B2-v1	252	249	254	269	252	247	259	255	263	264	260	257	252	257	251	250	254	257	259	261	258	255	256	265	264	263	254	254	260	262	261
B1-B2	785	768	766	774	771	769	766	768	772	777	767	764	770	776	767	769	775	770	767	775	767	769	764	773	783	777	772	774	773	771	772
U-B1	241	226	219	247	223	229	223	217	227	241	228	228	211	211	219	220	231	229	226	239	209	211	213	241	237	246	221	230	240	240	242
Λш	5.333	5.374	5,366	5.332	5.362	5,369	5.372	5.374	5.354	5.323	5,353	5.362	5.377	5.382	5.372	5.376	5.342	5.343	5.362	5.332	5.384	5.378	5.380	5.343	5.337	5.334	5.365	5.360	5.327	5.324	5.327
шВ	4.183	4.239	4.228	4.183	4.221	4.232	4.230	4.234	4.209	4.171	4.213	4.226	4.239	4.245	4.235	4.236	4.197	4.201	4.217	4.181	4.241	4.236	4.240	4.198	4.184	4.181	4.225	4.213	4.181	4.175	4.185
Phase	070	.410	.349	766.	.317	.344	.361	747.	.285	.078	.321	.348	009.	.626	.401	77.7	.217	.250	.790	.153	.610	.634	.655	.885	<b>506.</b>	.926	.786	.832	.055	.078	.103
JD - 2400000	42908.859	935.822	968,660	44748.915	834.579	45183.639	451.854	456.932	458.920	483.874	484.766	484.866	485.791	485.886	488,733	488.891	491.730	491.850	493,834	498.843	533,579	533.670	533,747	534.590	534.661	534.741	541.573	541.741	542.563	542.646	542.738
	-																														

Z	023 023 023 024 024 024 024 024 024 024 024 024 026
v1-G	506 506 506 506 507 508 508 508 507 507 507 507 507 507 507 507
B2-v1	255 254 254 254 255 255 255 255 257 257 257 257 257 257
B1-B2	785 786 777 777 777 777 777 777 777
U-Bl	241 251 252 253 253 253 253 253 253 253 253 253
мV	5.333333333333333333333333333333333333
шВ	4 183 4 238 4 238 4 238 6 232 6 232 6 233 6 233 7
Phase	
JD - 2400000	42908.859 935.825 936.660 4,488.915 451.854 456.892 458.932 458.932 458.932 458.932 458.933 458.891 491.730

...477 ...481 ...467 ...467 ...467 ...463 ...467 ...463 ...463 ...463 ...463 ...463

2.285 2.273 2.273 2.276 2.276 2.303 2.303 2.315 2.316 2.317 2.317 2.317 2.318

55.779 56.811 56.802 56.802 56.758 56.758 56.758 56.758 56.758 56.758 56.758 56.758 56.758 56.758

4.647 4.676 4.684 4.684 4.688 4.646 4.646 4.616 4.616 4.616 4.617 4.618

43584,855 585,860 443,886 443,886 443,886 403,886 403,888 403,888 403,888 444,817 444,817 450,771 450,771 451,74 451,74 451,74 451,74 451,74 451,74 451,74 451,74 451,74 461,74 4

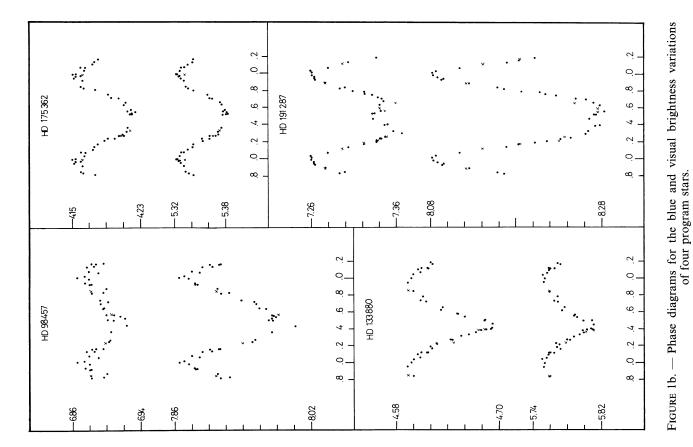
TABLE VIII (continued).

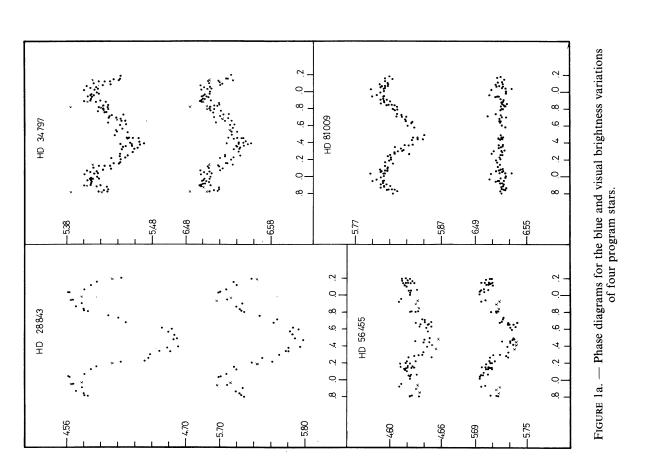
JD - 2400000	Phase	шВ	Λш	U-Bl	B1-B2	B2-V1	V1-G	2
45546.583 546.716 548.651 564.497 564.579	.150 .186 .713 .027 .049	4.186 4.195 4.232 4.173 4.175 4.241	5.329 5.336 5.376 5.328 5.326 5.381	240 243 217 246 242 212	773 766 770 779 777	260 263 252 264 264 262	507 511 513 512 507	027 026 019 023 027

TABLE IX. — The data for HD 191287.

																											_														
2	043	9.5	9.5	017	03	9	039	050	034	041	058	03	70	03	9	- 037	•		•	046	940	02	023	044	038	035	052	038	052	044	039	045	042	036	043	033	036	042	033	043	027
v1-G	452	451	451	461	974-	655-	443	436	674	443	419	452			•		•	•	452	204	[44]	462	462	442	877	453	423	451	432	434	440	434	437	457	442	455	451	436	447	877-	457
B2-V1	144	139	 !!!!	086	-108	106	080	133	100	095	079	060	071	143	060	000		101-	141	136	145	120	112	-,115	107	121	070	130	078	990	065	068	073	094	106	111	112	091	073		104
B1-B2	618	626	579	619	602	617	575	626	603	585	570	577	625	627	577	- 611	603	- 630	623	- 627	616	633	626	609	009	616	575	624	554	•	559	559	569	590	•	•	604	606	576	618	61
U-Bl	.307	.318	.235	.273	.263	.273	.188	.316	.267	.232	.188	227	306	312	510	258	230	312	312	310	303	297	.290	.264	.250	.290	.177	305	.172	.161	.161	.176	.180	.237	.254	.263	.257	.234	.190	300	.280
mV	8.277 8.142	۲.	╗	7.	~	۲.	∹	~	۲,	٦.	9				! -	••	:-	•			•	•		•	8.209	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
mB	7.341		•	•	•	•	•		•	•						•	•	•	•	7 333	7.37.5	7.344	7,339	7,332	7,323	7.357	7.264	7.347	7.264	7.261	7.261	7.260	7.280	7.337	7.337	7.342	7.347	7.294	7.277	7.352	7.367
Phase	.590	.559	.175	.259	.213	•656	.885	.531	.229	.840	924	164	524	559	135	792	707	2.5	15	104.	. 473	202	713	97.	.784	.322	076.	.396	.955	.983	.012	.034	790.	.192	.212	.236	.254	.822	.889	.400	.299
JD - 2400000	44022.859 044.821	061.771	062.771	403.834	778,799	808.720	810.716	45444.914	450.918	451,910	456.917	628 657	483 866	483.922	484.857	464.037	785 930	488 909	787 167	491.784	471.007	493.896	498, 784	498,838	498.899	499,773	500,776	530,738	531.645	531.691	531,738	531.774	531.823	533,654	533,686	533,725	533,754	534.676	534,785	548.602	564.673

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FIGURE 2a. — The color variations of HD 28843, HD 34797, and HD 56455. Shown are, respectively, the phase diagrams for the indices *U-BI*, *BI-B2*, *B2-VI*, and *VI-G*.

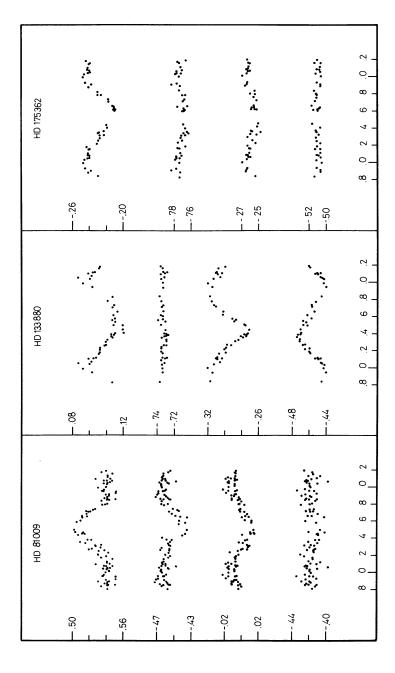


FIGURE 2b. — The same as figure 2a for HD 81009, HD 133880, and HD 175362.

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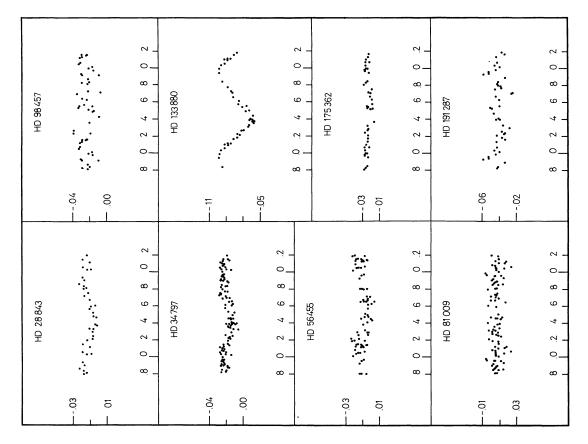
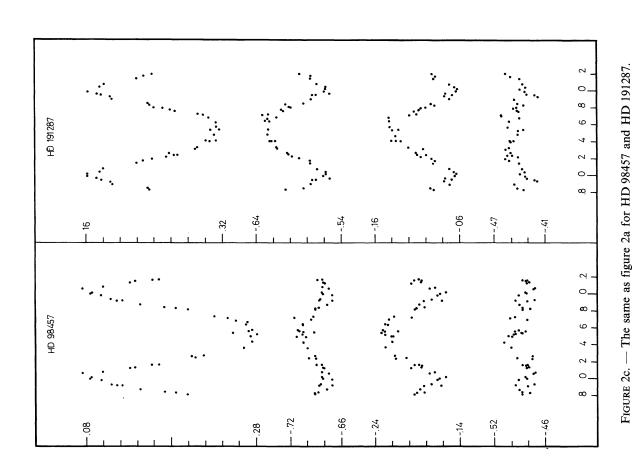


FIGURE 3. — The variability of the peculiarity indices of the program stars.



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