Benjamin Belden Dr. Dong CSCI 4560-001 Homework 2 September 25, 2014

CSCI 4/5560: Database Management Systems

Requirement: You **MUST** type your answer. Handwriting is not acceptable. You can use SELECT, PROJECT, RENAME, UNION, INTERSECTION, JOIN instead of Greek symbols to represent the operators.

Submission: Print it and enclose the hardcopy in an envelope/folder (at least 9"x12"), and put your name, instructor name on the envelope. (**Note**: Please do not seal envelope. You can use the same envelope for all your assignments.)

1. For each of the following queries on the COMPANY relational database schema shown in the following figure, please specify the relational algebra expression as well as the SQL statement. In addition, **show the number of tuples in the query result as it would apply to the database state**. (for each query, 6 points for relational algebra expression, and 2 points for # of tuples in the result. Total 80)

EMPLOYEE

Fname	Minit	Lname	San	Bdate	Address	Sex	Salary	Super_ssn	Dno
John .	В	Smith	123456789	1965-01-09	731 Fondren, Houston, TX	М	30000	333445555	5
Franklin	Т	Wong	333445555	1955-12-08	638 Voss, Houston, TX	М	40000	888665555	5
Alicia	J	Zelaya	999887777	1968-01-19	3321 Castle, Spring, TX	F	25000	987654321	4
Jennifer	S	Wallace	987654321	1941-06-20	291 Berry, Bellaire, TX	F	43000	888665555	4
Ramesh	K	Narayan	666884444	1962-09-15	975 Fire Oak, Humble, TX	м	38000	333445555	5
Joyce	A	English	453453453	1972-07-31	5631 Rice, Houston, TX	F	25000	333445555	5
Ahmad	٧	Jabbar	987987987	1969-03-29	980 Dallas, Houston, TX	М	25000	987654321	4
James	E	Borg	888665555	1937-11-10	450 Stone, Houston, TX	M	55000	NULL	1

DEPARTMENT

Dname	Dnumber	Mgr_ssn	Mgr_start_date	
Research	5	333445555	1988-05-22	
Administration	4	987654321	1995-01-01	
Headquarters	1	888665555	1981-06-19	

DEPT_LOCATIONS

Dnumber	Diocation	
1	Houston	
4	Stafford	
5	Bellaire	
5	Sugarland	
5	Houston	

WORKS_ON

Essn	Pno	Hours
123456789	1	32.5
123456789	2	7.5
666884444	3	40.0
453453453	1	20.0
453453453	2	20.0
333445555	2	10.0
333445555	3	10.0
333445555	10	10.0
333445555	20	10.0
999887777	30	30.0
999887777	10	10.0
987987987	10	35.0
987987987	30	5.0
987654321	30	20.0
987654321	20	15.0
888665555	20	NULL

PROJECT

Pname	Pnumber	Plocation	Dnum
ProductX	1	Bellaire	5
ProductY	2	Sugarland	5
ProductZ	3	Houston	5
Computerization	10	Stafford	-4
Reorganization	20	Houston	1
Newbenefits	30	Stafford	4

DEPENDENT

Essn	Dependent_name	Sex	Bdate	Relationship
333445555	Alice	F	1986-04-05	Daughter
333445555	Theodore	M	1983-10-25	Son
333445555	Joy	F	1958-05-03	Spouse
987654321	Abner	M	1942-02-28	Spouse
123456789	Michael	M	1988-01-04	Son
123456789	Alice	F	1988-12-30	Daughter
123456789	Elizabeth	F	1967-05-05	Spouse

a. Retrieve the names of all employees in department 5 who work more than 10 hours per week on the ProductX project.

```
algebra:
    r1 \leftarrow (\sigma_{Pname} = ProductX, (project))
    r2 \leftarrow (r1) \bowtie Pnumber = Pno (works on)
    r3 \leftarrow (employee) * _{ssn = essn} (\sigma _{hours > 10} (r2))
    result \leftarrow \pi_{\text{Fname, Lname}} (\sigma_{\text{Dno}} = 5 (r3))
    query:
    select fname, lname
    from employee e
    where e.dno = 5
    and e.ssn in
       select essn
       from works on w
       where w.hours > 10
       and w.pno in
          select pnumber
          from project p
          where p.pname = 'ProductX'
       )
    )
    results: 2 tuples
    John Smith
    Joyce English
b. List the names of all employees who have a dependent with the same first name as
    themselves.
    algebra:
    r1 \leftarrow (employee) \bowtie (ssn = essn) and (Fname = Dependent name) (dependent)
    result \leftarrow \pi Fname, Lname (r1)
    query:
    select fname, lname
    from employee e, dependent d
    where e.ssn = d.essn
    and e.fname = d.dependent name
    results: 0 tuples
```

c. Find the names of all employees who are directly supervised by "Franklin Wong".

```
algebra:
r1 \leftarrow \pi_{ssn} (\sigma_{Fname} = `Franklin', and_{Lname} = `Wong', (employee))
r2 \leftarrow (employee) \bowtie super\_ssn = ssn (r1)
result \leftarrow \pi_{\text{Fname, Lname}}(r2)
query:
select fname, lname
from employee e where super ssn in
(
  select ssn
  from employee m
  where m.fname = 'Franklin'
   and m.lname = 'Wong'
)
results: 3 tuples
John Smith
Joyce English
Ramesh Narayan
```

d. For each project, list the project name and the total hours per week (by all employees) spent on that project.

```
algebra:
```

```
r1_{Pno, tot\_hrs} \leftarrow_{Pno} f_{sum hours} (works\_on)
result \leftarrow \pi Pname, tot hrs ((r1) \bowtie Pno = Pnumber (project))
query:
select pname, sum(hours)
from project p, works on w
where p.pnumber = w.pno
group by pname
results: 6 tuples
Computerization
                    55.0
Newbenefits
                     55.0
                     52.5
ProductX
                    37.5
ProductY
ProductZ
                    50.0
Reorganization
                    25.0
```

```
e. Retrieve the names of all employees who work on every project.
    algebra:
    r1_{Pno, ssn} \leftarrow \pi_{Pno, essn} (works on)
    r2_{Pno} \leftarrow \pi_{Pnumber}(project)
    r3 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{ Fname, Lname}}(r1 \div r2)
    result \leftarrow \pi Fname, Lname (employee * r3)
    query:
    select fname, lname
    from employee e
    where not exists
      select pnumber
      from project p
      where not exists
         select *
         from works_on w
         where p.pnumber = w.pno
         and w.essn = e.ssn
      )
    )
    results: 0 tuples
f. Retrieve the names of all employees who do not work on any project.
    algebra:
    r1 \leftarrow \pi ssn (employee)
    r2_{ssn} \leftarrow \pi_{essn} (works on)
    r3 ←r1 - r2
    result \leftarrow \pi Fname, Lname (employee*r3)
    query:
    select fname, lname
    from employee e
    where not exists
      select *
      from works on w
      where w.essn = e.ssn
    results: 0 tuples
```

g. For each department, retrieve the department name and the average salary of all employees working in that department.

```
algebra:
```

```
r1D<sub>number</sub>, avg_{sal} \leftarrow D_{no} f avg_{salary} (employee)
result \leftarrow \pi_{Dnumber}, avg_{sal} (r1 * department)
```

query:

select dname, avg(salary) from department d, employee e where d.dnumber = e.dno group by dname

results: 3 tuples

 Administration
 31000.000000

 Headquarters
 55000.000000

 Research
 34500.000000

h. Retrieve the average salary of all female employees.

algebra:

```
result<sub>avg_f_sal</sub> \leftarrow f_{avg salary}(\sigma_{sex = 'F'}(employee))
```

query:

select avg(salary) from employee e where e.sex = 'F'

result: 1 tuple 32666.66667

i. Find the names and addresses of all employees who work on at least one project located in Houston but whose department has no location in Houston.

```
algebra:
r1_{ssn} \leftarrow \pi_{essn}((works\_on) \bowtie P_{no} = P_{number}(\sigma_{Plocation} = 'Houston', (project))))
r2 \leftarrow \pi_{Dnumber} (department) - \pi_{Dnumber} (\sigma_{Plocation} = 'Houston' (department))
r3 \leftarrow \pi_{ssn} ((employee) \bowtie Pno = Dnumber (r2)
r4 \leftarrow r1 - r3
result \leftarrow \pi Fname, Lname, address (employee * r4)
query:
select distinct fname, lname, Address
from project p
join works on w on p.pnumber = w.pno and p.plocation = 'Houston'
join employee e on w.essn = e.ssn
join department d on e.dno = d.dnumber
join dept locations I on d.dnumber = l.dnumber and e.dno not in
(
  select dnumber
  from dept locations o
  where o.dlocation = 'Houston'
)
```

results: 1 tuple Jennifer Wallace 291 Berry, Bellaire, TX j. List the last names of all department managers who have no dependents.

```
algebra:
r1_{ssn} \leftarrow \pi_{mgr\_ssn} (department)
r2_{ssn} \leftarrow \pi_{essn} (dependent)
r3 ←r1 - r2
result \leftarrow \pi Fname, Lname (employee * r3)
query:
select lname
from employee e
where not exists
  select *
  from dependent d
  where d.essn = e.ssn
)
and exists
  select *
  from department t
  where t.mgr_ssn = e.ssn
)
results: 1 tuple
Borg
```

2. Consider the two tables T1 and T2 shown in the Figure below. Show the results of the following operations: (5 points each. Total 20 points)

Table T1						
P	Q	R				
10	Α	5				
15	В	8				
25	Α	6				

Table T2						
A	В	С				
10	В	6				
25	С	3				
10	В	5				

• T1 JOIN T1.P = T2.A T2 results:

<u>P</u>	Q	R	Α	В	<u>C</u>
10	A	5	10	B	6
25	A	6	25	\mathbf{C}	3
10	A	5	10	В	5

• T1 (LEFT OUTER JOIN) T1.P = T2.A T2 results:

• T1 (RIGHT OUTER JOIN) T1.Q = T2.B T2 results:

• T1 JOIN (T1.P = T2.A AND T1.R = T2.C) T2 results: