

# HKL Reference Manual

## 0.2

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# Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>HKL Hierarchical Index</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1	HKL Class Hierarchy . . . . .	1
<b>2</b>	<b>HKL Class Index</b>	<b>3</b>
2.1	HKL Class List . . . . .	3
<b>3</b>	<b>HKL Class Documentation</b>	<b>5</b>
3.1	angleConfiguration Class Reference . . . . .	5
3.2	constants Class Reference . . . . .	6
3.3	cristal Class Reference . . . . .	7
3.4	diffractometer Class Reference . . . . .	10
3.5	Error Class Reference . . . . .	16
3.6	eulerian_angleConfiguration4C Class Reference . . . . .	19
3.7	eulerian_angleConfiguration6C Class Reference . . . . .	21
3.8	eulerian_bisectorMode4C Class Reference . . . . .	24
3.9	eulerian_horizontal4CBisectorMode6C Class Reference . . . . .	27
3.10	eulerian_vertical4CBisectorMode6C Class Reference . . . . .	29
3.11	eulerianDiffractometer4C Class Reference . . . . .	31
3.12	eulerianDiffractometer6C Class Reference . . . . .	36
3.13	HKLException Class Reference . . . . .	40
3.14	kappa_angleConfiguration4C Class Reference . . . . .	43
3.15	kappaDiffractometer4C Class Reference . . . . .	45
3.16	mathematicalConstants Class Reference . . . . .	48
3.17	mode Class Reference . . . . .	50
3.18	physicalConstants Class Reference . . . . .	52
3.19	reflection Class Reference . . . . .	53
3.20	source Class Reference . . . . .	55



# Chapter 1

## HKL Hierarchical Index

### 1.1 HKL Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

angleConfiguration . . . . .	5
eulerian_angleConfiguration4C . . . . .	19
eulerian_angleConfiguration6C . . . . .	21
kappa_angleConfiguration4C . . . . .	43
constants . . . . .	6
mathematicalConstants . . . . .	48
physicalConstants . . . . .	52
cristal . . . . .	7
diffractometer . . . . .	10
eulerianDiffractometer4C . . . . .	31
eulerianDiffractometer6C . . . . .	36
kappaDiffractometer4C . . . . .	45
Error . . . . .	16
eulerian_bisectorMode4C . . . . .	24
eulerian_horizontal4CBisectorMode6C . . . . .	27
eulerian_vertical4CBisectorMode6C . . . . .	29
HKLException . . . . .	40
mode . . . . .	50
reflection . . . . .	53
source . . . . .	55



## Chapter 2

# HKL Class Index

### 2.1 HKL Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

<a href="#">angleConfiguration</a> (The base class to represent the different kinds of configurations whatever the diffractometer type is ) . . . . .	5
<a href="#">constants</a> . . . . .	6
<a href="#">cristal</a> . . . . .	7
<a href="#">diffractometer</a> . . . . .	10
<a href="#">Error</a> (The HKL exception abstraction base class ) . . . . .	16
<a href="#">eulerian_angleConfiguration4C</a> (A set of four angles to define the crystal and detector positions )	19
<a href="#">eulerian_angleConfiguration6C</a> (A set of six angles to define the crystal and detector positions )	21
<a href="#">eulerian_bisectorMode4C</a> . . . . .	24
<a href="#">eulerian_horizontal4CBisectorMode6C</a> (Using an eulerian 6-circle diffractometer as an horizontal 4C eulerian one in bisector mode ) . . . . .	27
<a href="#">eulerian_vertical4CBisectorMode6C</a> (Using an eulerian 6-circle diffractometer as an vertical 4C eulerian one in bisector mode ) . . . . .	29
<a href="#">eulerianDiffractometer4C</a> . . . . .	31
<a href="#">eulerianDiffractometer6C</a> . . . . .	36
<a href="#">HKLException</a> (The HKL exception abstraction base class ) . . . . .	40
<a href="#">kappa_angleConfiguration4C</a> . . . . .	43
<a href="#">kappaDiffractometer4C</a> (This class describes a four-circle Kappa diffractometer ) . . . . .	45
<a href="#">mathematicalConstants</a> (Store all the basic mathematical constants we need ) . . . . .	48
<a href="#">mode</a> . . . . .	50
<a href="#">physicalConstants</a> . . . . .	52
<a href="#">reflection</a> . . . . .	53
<a href="#">source</a> (The class source defines a light ray and its main characteristics ) . . . . .	55





## Chapter 3

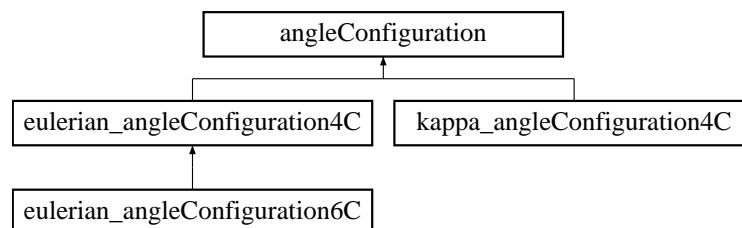
# HKL Class Documentation

### 3.1 angleConfiguration Class Reference

The base class to represent the different kinds of configurations whatever the diffractometer type is.

```
#include <angleconfig.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for angleConfiguration::



#### 3.1.1 Detailed Description

The base class to represent the different kinds of configurations whatever the diffractometer type is.

Store the current angle configuration according to the type of diffractometer.

Definition at line 9 of file `angleconfig.h`.

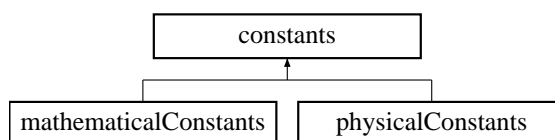
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/angleconfig.h`

## 3.2 constants Class Reference

```
#include <constants.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for constants::



### 3.2.1 Detailed Description

This file contains all the constants we use in the HKL project. They are stored as static variables so we do not have to create instances of such objects.

Definition at line 11 of file constants.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/constants.h

## 3.3 cristal Class Reference

```
#include <cristal.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- `cristal` (double *alpha1*, double *alpha2*, double *alpha3*, double *beta1*, double *beta2*, double *beta3*, double *a1*, double *a2*, double *a3*, double *b1*, double *b2*, double *b3*)
- `cristal` (double *alpha1*, double *alpha2*, double *alpha3*, double *a1*, double *a2*, double *a3*)
- `cristal` (const `cristal` &*C*)
- void `set` (double *alpha1*, double *alpha2*, double *alpha3*, double *a1*, double *a2*, double *a3*)  
*Reset the fields with new values and recompute the reciprocal lattice and B.*
- void `set` (const `cristal` &*C*)  
*Copy a cristal.*
- int `check_cristal` (const smatrix &*B*) const

### Static Public Member Functions

- int `test_crystals` ()

#### 3.3.1 Detailed Description

Class cristal to store direct and reciprocal lattice parameters and the matrix to move from the reciprocal lattice to the cristal cartesian system.

References :

William R. Busing and Henri A. Levy "Angle calculation for 3- and 4- Circle X-ray and Neutron Diffractometer" (1967) *Acta Cryst.*, **22**, 457-464.

A.J.C. Wilson "X-Ray Optics, The Diffraction of X-Rays By Finite and Imperfect Crystals" (1962) John Wiley & Sons Inc., 14-17.

Definition at line 21 of file cristal.h.

#### 3.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

##### 3.3.2.1 `cristal::cristal` (double *alpha1*, double *alpha2*, double *alpha3*, double *beta1*, double *beta2*, double *beta3*, double *a1*, double *a2*, double *a3*, double *b1*, double *b2*, double *b3*)

Constructor to fill the class with data from both the direct and reciprocal lattice. Length units for *a1*, *a2*, *a3*, *b1*, *b2*, *b3* have to be consistent with the wave length defined in the class source.

**Parameters:**

*alpha1* The direct space first angle.

*alpha2* The direct space second angle.

*alpha3* The direct space third angle.

*beta1* The reciprocal space first angle.

**beta2** The reciprocal space second angle.

**beta3** The reciprocal space third angle.

**a1** The direct space first length.

**a2** The direct space second length.

**a3** The direct space third length.

**b1** The reciprocal space first length.

**b2** The reciprocal space second length.

**b3** The reciprocal space third length.

Definition at line 14 of file cristal.cpp.

### 3.3.2.2 `cristal::cristal (double alpha1, double alpha2, double alpha3, double a1, double a2, double a3)`

Constructor to fill the class with data from the direct lattice and compute the reciprocal parameters with `computeReciprocalLattice()`, then call `computeB()`. Length units for *a1*, *a2*, *a3* have to be consistent with the wave length defined in the class source.

#### Parameters:

**alpha1** The direct space first angle.

**alpha2** The direct space second angle.

**alpha3** The direct space third angle.

**a1** The direct space first length.

**a2** The direct space second length.

**a3** The direct space third length.

Definition at line 39 of file cristal.cpp.

### 3.3.2.3 `cristal::cristal (const cristal & C)`

Copy constructor.

#### Parameters:

**C** The crystal we want to copy.

Definition at line 53 of file cristal.cpp.

References `m_a1`, `m_a2`, `m_a3`, `m_alpha1`, `m_alpha2`, `m_alpha3`, `m_B`, `m_b1`, `m_b2`, `m_b3`, `m_beta1`, `m_beta2`, `m_beta3`, and `set()`.

## 3.3.3 Member Function Documentation

### 3.3.3.1 `int cristal::check_cristal (const smatrix & B) const`

Check if the matrices *B* are the same in both crystals.

#### Returns:

0 if everything is OK, -1 otherwise.

Definition at line 177 of file cristal.cpp.

Referenced by `test_cristals()`.

### 3.3.3.2 void cristal::set (double *alpha1*, double *alpha2*, double *alpha3*, double *a1*, double *a2*, double *a3*)

Reset the fields with new values and recompute the reciprocal lattice and B.

Fill the class with data from the direct lattice and compute the reciprocal parameters with computeReciprocalLattice(), then call computeB(). Length units for a1,a2,a3 have to be consistent with the wave length defined in the class source.

#### Parameters:

- alpha1* The direct space first angle.
- alpha2* The direct space second angle.
- alpha3* The direct space third angle.
- a1* The direct space first length.
- a2* The direct space second length.
- a3* The direct space third length.

Definition at line 119 of file cristal.cpp.

Referenced by cristal(), set(), diffractometer::setCrystal(), and test\_cristals().

### 3.3.3.3 int cristal::test\_cristals () [static]

Test six different cristals (cubic, orthorombic, hexagonal, triclinic) to make sure the computations are OK.

#### Returns:

- 0 if everything's fine, otherwise return the number of the cristal whose reciprocal lattice or matrix is wrong.

Definition at line 213 of file cristal.cpp.

References check\_cristal(), and set().

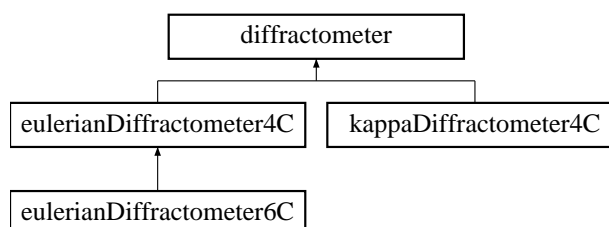
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/cristal.h
- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/cristal.cpp

### 3.4 diffractometer Class Reference

```
#include <diffractometer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for diffractometer::



#### Public Member Functions

- virtual [angleConfiguration](#) \* [computeAngles](#) (double h, double k, double l)=0  
*The main function to get a sample of angles from (h,k,l).*
- virtual [angleConfiguration](#) \* [computeAngles\\_Rafin](#) (double h, double k, double l)=0  
*Designed for testing with Rafin algorithm.*
- virtual void [computeHKL](#) (double &h, double &k, double &l, [angleConfiguration](#) \*ac)=0  
*Compute (h,k,l) from a sample of angles.*
- virtual smatrix [computeR](#) ()=0  
*Return the rotation matrix R for the current configuration.*
- virtual smatrix [computeR](#) ([angleConfiguration](#) \*ac1)=0  
*Return the rotation matrix R for the given configuration ac1.*
- virtual void [setAngleConfiguration](#) ([angleConfiguration](#) \*ac1)=0  
*Set the angle configuration and compute the corresponding rotation matrices.*
- virtual smatrix [computeU](#) ([angleConfiguration](#) \*ac1, double h1, double k1, double l1, [angleConfiguration](#) \*ac2, double h2, double k2, double l2)=0  
*Compute the orientation matrix from two basic non-parallel reflections.*
- virtual smatrix [computeU](#) ([reflection](#) &r1, [reflection](#) &r2)=0  
*Compute the orientation matrix from two basic non-parallel reflections.*
- virtual [~diffractometer](#) ()  
*The destructor.*
- virtual void [printOnScreen](#) () const  
*Print the content of the fields.*
- virtual void [setMode](#) (mode::diffractometer\_mode currentMode)=0  
*Change the current computational mode.*

- smatrix [get\\_U](#) () const  
*Return the orientation matrix.*
- smatrix [get\\_UB](#) () const  
*Return the product of the orientation matrix by the crystal matrix.*
- double [getReflection\\_h](#) (int index) const  
*Get h from the array of experimental reflections.*
- double [getReflection\\_k](#) (int index) const  
*Get k from the array of experimental reflections.*
- double [getReflection\\_l](#) (int index) const  
*Get l from the array of experimental reflections.*
- void [setCrystal](#) (double alpha1, double alpha2, double alpha3, double a1, double a2, double a3)  
*Change the crystal from the direct lattice parameters.*
- void [setCrystal](#) (const [cristal](#) &C)  
*Change the crystal where the reciprocal lattice and matrix have already been computed.*
- void [setWaveLength](#) (double wl)  
*Change the light source wave length as it is something usual in an experiment.*

## Protected Member Functions

- [diffractometer](#) ([cristal](#) currentCristal, [source](#) currentSource, [reflection](#) &reflection1, [reflection](#) &reflection2)
- [diffractometer](#) ([cristal](#) currentCristal, [source](#) currentSource)
- [diffractometer](#) ()

## Protected Attributes

- smatrix [m\\_U](#)  
*The orientation matrix.*
- smatrix [m\\_UB](#)  
*Product  $U * B$ .*
- [mode](#) \* [m\\_currentMode](#)  
*The mode describes the way we use the diffractometer.*
- [source](#) [m\\_currentSource](#)  
*The light source and its wave length.*
- [cristal](#) [m\\_currentCristal](#)  
*The crystal direct and reciprocal parameters and its matrix B.*

- `reflection * m_reflectionList`  
*The array to store up to 100 experiment results.*
- `const int m_sizeOfArray`  
*Size of the reflection array.*
- `int m_numberOfInsertedElements`  
*The number of reflections inserted into m\_reflectionList.*
- `angleConfiguration * m_currentConfiguration`  
*The current diffractometer angle configuration.*

### 3.4.1 Detailed Description

The abstract base class to define all different kinds of diffractometers and drive experiments.

Definition at line 13 of file diffractometer.h.

### 3.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 3.4.2.1 `diffractometer::diffractometer (cristal currentCristal, source currentSource, reflection & reflection1, reflection & reflection2)` [protected]

Commun constructor

- protected to make sure this class is abstract.

Definition at line 22 of file diffractometer.cpp.

References `reflection::get_h()`, `reflection::get_k()`, `reflection::get_l()`, `reflection::getAngleConfiguration()`, `reflection::getRelevance()`, `m_currentConfiguration`, and `m_reflectionList`.

#### 3.4.2.2 `diffractometer::diffractometer (cristal currentCristal, source currentSource)` [protected]

Constructor designed for testing purposes

- protected to make sure this class is abstract.

Definition at line 69 of file diffractometer.cpp.

References `m_reflectionList`.

#### 3.4.2.3 `diffractometer::diffractometer ()` [protected]

Default constructor

- protected to make sure this class is abstract.



Definition at line 59 of file diffractometer.cpp.

References `m_reflectionList`, `m_UB`, and `reflection::set()`.

### 3.4.3 Member Function Documentation

**3.4.3.1** `virtual angleConfiguration* diffractometer::computeAngles (double h, double k, double l)`  
[pure virtual]

The main function to get a sample of angles from (h,k,l).

**Parameters:**

- h* The scattering vector first element.
- k* The scattering vector second element.
- l* The scattering vector third element.

**Returns:**

The computed sample of angles.

Implemented in [eulerianDiffractometer4C](#), and [eulerianDiffractometer6C](#).

**3.4.3.2** `virtual angleConfiguration* diffractometer::computeAngles_Rafin (double h, double k, double l)` [pure virtual]

Designed for testing with Rafin algorithm.

**Parameters:**

- h* The scattering vector first element.
- k* The scattering vector second element.
- l* The scattering vector third element.

**Returns:**

The computed sample of angles.

Implemented in [eulerianDiffractometer4C](#).

**3.4.3.3** `virtual void diffractometer::computeHKL (double & h, double & k, double & l, angleConfiguration * ac)` [pure virtual]

Compute (h,k,l) from a sample of angles.

Solve a linear system  $Ax = b$  where  $A$  is the product of the rotation matrices OMEGA, CHI, PHI by the orientation matrix  $U$  and the crystal matrix  $B$ .  $b$  is the scattering vector (q,0,0) and  $x = (h,k,l)$ . Raise an exception when  $\det(A)=0$ .

**Parameters:**

- h* The scattering vector first element.
- k* The scattering vector second element.
- l* The scattering vector third element.

*ac* The diffractometer current angle configuration.

**Exceptions:**

*when*  $\det(A)=0$ .

Implemented in [eulerianDiffractometer4C](#), and [eulerianDiffractometer6C](#).

**3.4.3.4 virtual smatrix diffractometer::computeR () [pure virtual]**

Return the rotation matrix R for the current configuration.

Compute the matrix R describing a complex rotation involving all the diffractometer circles.

Implemented in [eulerianDiffractometer4C](#), [kappaDiffractometer4C](#), and [eulerianDiffractometer6C](#).

**3.4.3.5 virtual smatrix diffractometer::computeU (reflection & r1, reflection & r2) [pure virtual]**

Compute the orientation matrix from two basic non-parallel reflections.

**Parameters:**

*r1* The first reflection.

*r2* The second reflection.

**Returns:**

The orientation matrix U.

Implemented in [eulerianDiffractometer4C](#), [kappaDiffractometer4C](#), and [eulerianDiffractometer6C](#).

**3.4.3.6 virtual smatrix diffractometer::computeU (angleConfiguration \* ac1, double h1, double k1, double l1, angleConfiguration \* ac2, double h2, double k2, double l2) [pure virtual]**

Compute the orientation matrix from two basic non-parallel reflections.

**Parameters:**

*ac1* The first angle configuration corresponding to (h1,k1,l1).

*h1* The first reflection (h,k,l) first component.

*k1* The first reflection (h,k,l) second component.

*l1* The first reflection (h,k,l) third component.

*h2* The second reflection (h,k,l) first component.

*k2* The second reflection (h,k,l) second component.

*l2* The second reflection (h,k,l) third component.

*ac2* The second angle configuration corresponding to (h2,k2,l2).

**Returns:**

The orientation matrix U.

Implemented in [eulerianDiffractometer4C](#), [kappaDiffractometer4C](#), and [eulerianDiffractometer6C](#).

### 3.4.4 Member Data Documentation

#### 3.4.4.1 smatrix `diffractometer::m_U` [protected]

The orientation matrix.

This orthogonal matrix relates the crystal cartesian system to the phi-axis system. It is computed from at least two relevant reflections.

Definition at line 126 of file diffractometer.h.

Referenced by `printOnScreen()`.

#### 3.4.4.2 smatrix `diffractometer::m_UB` [protected]

Product  $U * B$ .

$UB = U*B$  where B defines the crystal matrix and U the orientation matrix. UB relates the reciprocal space to the PHI-axis system.

Definition at line 131 of file diffractometer.h.

Referenced by `diffractometer()`, and `printOnScreen()`.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/diffractometer.h
- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/diffractometer.cpp

## 3.5 Error Class Reference

The HKL exception abstraction base class.

```
#include <HKLException.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [Error](#) (void)
- [Error](#) (const char \*[reason](#), const char \*[desc](#), const char \*[origin](#), int [severity](#)=ERR)
- [Error](#) (const std::string &[reason](#), const std::string &[desc](#), const std::string &[origin](#), int [severity](#)=ERR)
- [Error](#) (const [Error](#) &src)
- virtual [~Error](#) (void)
- [Error](#) & [operator=](#) (const [Error](#) &\_src)

### Public Attributes

- std::string [reason](#)
- std::string [desc](#)
- std::string [origin](#)
- int [severity](#)

#### 3.5.1 Detailed Description

The HKL exception abstraction base class.

Definition at line 40 of file HKLException.h.

#### 3.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

##### 3.5.2.1 Error::Error (void)

Initialization.

Definition at line 26 of file HKLException.cpp.

##### 3.5.2.2 Error::Error (const char \* *reason*, const char \* *desc*, const char \* *origin*, int *severity* = ERR)

Initialization.

Definition at line 38 of file HKLException.cpp.

##### 3.5.2.3 Error::Error (const std::string & *reason*, const std::string & *desc*, const std::string & *origin*, int *severity* = ERR)

Initialization.

Definition at line 53 of file HKLException.cpp.

#### 3.5.2.4 `Error::Error (const Error & src)`

Copy constructor.

Definition at line 68 of file HKLException.cpp.

#### 3.5.2.5 `Error::~~Error (void)` `[virtual]`

Error details: code

Definition at line 80 of file HKLException.cpp.

### 3.5.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.5.3.1 `Error & Error::operator= (const Error & _src)`

operator=

Definition at line 88 of file HKLException.cpp.

References desc, origin, reason, and severity.

### 3.5.4 Member Data Documentation

#### 3.5.4.1 `std::string Error::desc`

Error details: description

Definition at line 89 of file HKLException.h.

Referenced by operator=().

#### 3.5.4.2 `std::string Error::origin`

Error details: origin

Definition at line 94 of file HKLException.h.

Referenced by operator=().

#### 3.5.4.3 `std::string Error::reason`

Error details: reason

Definition at line 84 of file HKLException.h.

Referenced by operator=().

#### 3.5.4.4 `int Error::severity`

Error details: severity

Definition at line 99 of file HKLException.h.

Referenced by operator=().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

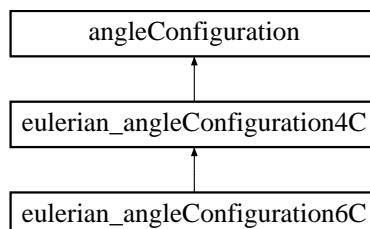
- `D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/HKLException.h`
- `D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/HKLException.cpp`

## 3.6 eulerian\_angleConfiguration4C Class Reference

A set of four angles to define the crystal and detector positions.

```
#include <angleconfig.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for eulerian\_angleConfiguration4C::



### Public Member Functions

- [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C \(\)](#)  
*Empty constructor setting all the fields to zero.*
- [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C \(double, double, double, double\)](#)  
*Constructor with an already made configuration.*
- [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C \(double o, double c, double p, double t, double oi, double os, double ci, double cs, double pi, double ps, double ti, double ts\)](#)  
*Constructor with an already made configuration and the angle intervals.*
- virtual [angleConfiguration \\* makeCopy \(\)](#) const  
*This redefined function builds a copy of the class.*
- virtual void [printOnScreen \(\)](#)  
*Print the angle values in radians.*
- virtual void [printDegreesOnScreen \(\)](#)  
*Print the angle values in degrees.*
- virtual void [printStaticOnScreen \(\)](#)  
*Print only static fields.*

### Protected Attributes

- double [m\\_omega](#)  
*The first angle in an eulerian 4-circle diffractometer.*
- double [m\\_chi](#)  
*The second angle in an eulerian 4-circle diffractometer.*
- double [m\\_phi](#)

*The third angle in an eulerian 4-circle diffractometer.*

- double `m_2theta`

*The detector angle in an eulerian 4-circle diffractometer.*

## Static Protected Attributes

- double `m_omegaInf` = 0.

*The first angle lower bound.*

- double `m_omegaSup` = 0.

*The first angle upper bound.*

- double `m_chiInf` = 0.

*The second angle lower bound.*

- double `m_chiSup` = 0.

*The second angle upper bound.*

- double `m_phiInf` = 0.

*The third angle lower bound.*

- double `m_phiSup` = 0.

*The third angle upper bound.*

- double `m_2thetaInf` = 0.

*The detector angle lower bound.*

- double `m_2thetaSup` = 0.

*The detector angle upper bound.*

### 3.6.1 Detailed Description

A set of four angles to define the crystal and detector positions.

The 4C eulerian diffractometer is defined by a set of 3 angles omega, chi and phi to move the crystal and also a fourth angle to move the detector by 2theta. Angles are in radians. Conventions are from William R. Busing and Henri A. Levy "Angle calculation for 3- and 4- Circle X-ray and Neutron Diffractometer" (1967) *Acta Cryst.*, **22**, 457-464.

Definition at line 27 of file angleconfig.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/angleconfig.h
- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/eulerian\_angleconfiguration4C.cpp

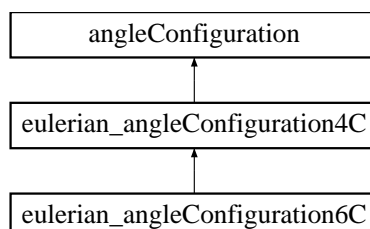


## 3.7 eulerian\_angleConfiguration6C Class Reference

A set of six angles to define the crystal and detector positions.

```
#include <angleconfig.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for eulerian\_angleConfiguration6C::



### Public Member Functions

- [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C](#) ()  
*Empty constructor setting all the fields to zero.*
- [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C](#) (double, double, double, double, double, double)  
*Constructor with an already made configuration.*
- [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C](#) (double m, double e, double c, double p, double n, double d, double mi, double ms, double ei, double es, double ci, double cs, double pi, double ps, double ni, double ns, double di, double ds)  
*Constructor with an already made configuration and the angle intervals.*
- virtual [angleConfiguration](#) \* [makeCopy](#) () const  
*This redefined function builds a copy of the class.*
- double [getEta](#) () const  
*Use the protected field omega as eta.*
- void [setEta](#) (double eta)  
*Use the protected field omega as eta.*
- double [getDelta](#) () const  
*Use the protected field 2theta as delta.*
- void [setDelta](#) (double delta)  
*Use the protected field 2theta as delta.*
- virtual void [printOnScreen](#) ()  
*Print the angle values in radians.*
- virtual void [printDegreesOnScreen](#) ()  
*Print the angle values in degrees.*

- virtual void `printStaticOnScreen` ()

*Print only static fields.*

## Static Public Member Functions

- void `setEtaInf` (double e)  
*Use the protected field omega as eta.*
- void `setEtaSup` (double e)  
*Use the protected field omega as eta.*
- void `setDeltaInf` (double t)  
*Use the protected field 2theta as delta.*
- void `setDeltaSup` (double t)  
*Use the protected field 2theta as delta.*

## Protected Attributes

- double `m_mu`  
*The new crystal angle in an eulerian 6-circle diffractometer.*
- double `m_nu`  
*The new detector angle in an eulerian 6-circle diffractometer.*

## Static Protected Attributes

- double `m_muInf` = 0.  
*m\_mu angle lower bound.*
- double `m_muSup` = 0.  
*m\_mu angle upper bound.*
- double `m_nuInf` = 0.  
*m\_nu angle lower bound.*
- double `m_nuSup` = 0.  
*m\_nu angle upper bound.*

### 3.7.1 Detailed Description

A set of six angles to define the crystal and detector positions.

The 6C eulerian diffractometer is defined by a set of 4 angles mu, eta, chi and phi to move the crystal and also nu and delta to move the detector. Angles are in radians. The angle omega previously defined in a

4-circle is now called eta and the detector angle 2theta has been renamed delta according to conventions from H. You "Angle calculations for a '4S+2D' six-circle diffractometer" (1999) *J. Appl. Cryst.*, **32**, 614-623.

Definition at line 113 of file angleconfig.h.

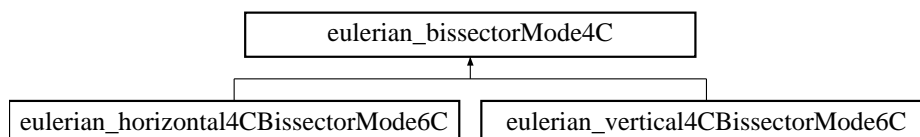
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/angleconfig.h
- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/eulerian\_angleConfiguration6C.cpp

## 3.8 eulerian\_bisectorMode4C Class Reference

```
#include <mode.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for eulerian\_bisectorMode4C::



### Public Member Functions

- [eulerian\\_bisectorMode4C](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- virtual [angleConfiguration](#) \* [computeAngles](#) (double h, double k, double l, const smatrix &UB, double lambda) const  
*The main function to get a sample of angles from (h,k,l).*
- [angleConfiguration](#) \* [computeAngles\\_Rafin](#) (double h, double k, double l, const smatrix &UB, double lambda) const  
*Designed for testing with Rafin algorithm. Based on a geometric approach.*
- virtual void [computeHKL](#) (double &h, double &k, double &l, const smatrix &UB, double lambda, [angleConfiguration](#) \*ac) const  
*Compute (h,k,l) from a sample of angles.*

### 3.8.1 Detailed Description

The eulerian 4-circle diffractometer in bisector mode. William R. Busing and Henri A. Levy "Angle calculation for 3- and 4- Circle X-ray and Neutron Diffractometer" (1967) *Acta Cryst.*, **22**, 457-464.

Definition at line 193 of file mode.h.

### 3.8.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.8.2.1 [angleConfiguration](#) \* eulerian\_bisectorMode4C::computeAngles (double h, double k, double l, const smatrix &UB, double lambda) const [virtual]

The main function to get a sample of angles from (h,k,l).

Solving equation (19) from : William R. Busing and Henri A. Levy "Angle calculation for 3- and 4- Circle X-ray and Neutron Diffractometer" (1967) *Acta Cryst.*, **22**, 457-464.

- $R_{11} * h_{\phi 1} + R_{12} * h_{\phi 2} + R_{13} * h_{\phi 3} = q$
- $R_{21} * h_{\phi 1} + R_{22} * h_{\phi 2} + R_{23} * h_{\phi 3} = 0$

- $R_{31} * h_{\phi 1} + R_{32} * h_{\phi 2} + R_{33} * h_{\phi 3} = 0$
- $h_{\phi 1} = q(-\sin(\omega) * \sin(\phi) + \cos(\omega) * \cos(\chi) * \cos(\phi))$
- $h_{\phi 2} = q(\sin(\omega) * \cos(\phi) + \cos(\omega) * \cos(\chi) * \sin(\phi))$
- $h_{\phi 3} = q * \cos(\omega) * \sin(\chi)$

If  $\omega$  is constant :

- $\chi = \arcsin(h_{\phi 3} / q * \cos(\omega))$
- $\sin(\phi) = (h_{\phi 1} * \sin(\omega) - h_{\phi 2} * \cos(\omega) * \cos(\chi)) / D$
- $\cos(\phi) = (h_{\phi 2} * \sin(\omega) + h_{\phi 1} * \cos(\omega) * \cos(\chi)) / D$

where  $D = q * [\cos(\omega) * \cos(\omega) * \cos(\chi) * \cos(\chi) + \sin(\omega) * \sin(\omega)]$

#### Parameters:

- h*** The scattering vector first element.
- k*** The scattering vector second element.
- l*** The scattering vector third element.
- UB*** The product of the orientation matrix U by the crystal matrix B.
- lambda*** The wave length.

#### Returns:

The computed sample of angles.

#### See also:

[computeAngles\\_Rafin\(\)](#), [eulerianDiffractionmeter4C::test\\_eulerian4C\(\)](#)

Reimplemented in [eulerian\\_horizontal4CBisectorMode6C](#), and [eulerian\\_vertical4CBisectorMode6C](#).

Definition at line 51 of file `eulerian_bisectormode4C.cpp`.

References [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::set2Theta\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::setChi\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::setOmega\(\)](#), and [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::setPhi\(\)](#).

#### 3.8.2.2 [angleConfiguration](#) \* `eulerian_bisectorMode4C::computeAngles_Rafin` (double *h*, double *k*, double *l*, const smatrix & *UB*, double *lambda*) const

Designed for testing with Rafin algorithm. Based on a geometric approach.

#### Parameters:

- h*** The scattering vector first element.
- k*** The scattering vector second element.
- l*** The scattering vector third element.
- UB*** The product of the orientation matrix U by the crystal matrix B.
- lambda*** The wave length.

#### Returns:

The computed sample of angles.

See also:

[computeAngles\(\)](#), [eulerianDiffractionmeter4C::test\\_eulerian4C\(\)](#)

Definition at line 181 of file `eulerian_bissectormode4C.cpp`.

References [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::set2Theta\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::setChi\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::setOmega\(\)](#), and [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::setPhi\(\)](#).

**3.8.2.3 void eulerian\_bissectorMode4C::computeHKL (double & *h*, double & *k*, double & *l*, const smatrix & *UB*, double *lambda*, [angleConfiguration](#) \* *ac*) const** [virtual]

Compute (h,k,l) from a sample of angles.

Solve a linear system  $Ax = b$  where  $A$  is the product of the rotation matrices OMEGA, CHI, PHI by the orientation matrix  $U$  and the crystal matrix  $B$ .  $b$  is the scattering vector (q,0,0) and  $x = (h,k,l)$ . Raise an exception when  $\det(A)=0$ .

**Parameters:**

*h* The scattering vector first element.

*k* The scattering vector second element.

*l* The scattering vector third element.

*UB* The product of the orientation matrix  $U$  by the crystal matrix  $B$ .

*lambda* The wave length.

*ac* The diffractometer current angle configuration.

**Exceptions:**

*when*  $\det(A)=0$ .

Reimplemented in [eulerian\\_horizontal4CBissectorMode6C](#), and [eulerian\\_vertical4CBissectorMode6C](#).

Definition at line 263 of file `eulerian_bissectormode4C.cpp`.

References [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::get2Theta\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::getChi\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::getOmega\(\)](#), and [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::getPhi\(\)](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

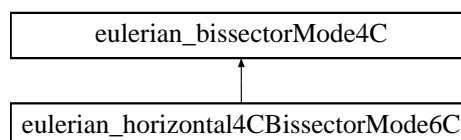
- `D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/mode.h`
- `D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/eulerian_bissectormode4C.cpp`

## 3.9 eulerian\_horizontal4CBisectorMode6C Class Reference

Using an eulerian 6-circle diffractometer as an horizontal 4C eulerian one in bisector mode.

```
#include <mode.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for eulerian\_horizontal4CBisectorMode6C::



### Public Member Functions

- [eulerian\\_horizontal4CBisectorMode6C](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- virtual [angleConfiguration](#) \* [computeAngles](#) (double h, double k, double l, const smatrix &UB, double lambda) const  
*The main function to get a sample of angles from (h,k,l).*
- virtual void [computeHKL](#) (double &h, double &k, double &l, const smatrix &UB, double lambda, [angleConfiguration](#) \*ac) const  
*Compute (h,k,l) from a sample of angles.*

### 3.9.1 Detailed Description

Using an eulerian 6-circle diffractometer as an horizontal 4C eulerian one in bisector mode.

The eulerian 6-circle diffractometer in horizontal bisector mode as described in

H. You "Angle calculations for a '4S+2D' six-circle diffractometer" (1999) *J. Appl. Cryst.*, **32**, 614-623.

In this mode  $\delta = \eta = 0$ , so the scattering vector formula becomes :

$Q = ||Q|| * (0., -\sin(\theta), \cos(\theta))$  where  $\theta$  comes from the Bragg relation :

$2\tau * \sin(\theta) = ||Q|| * \lambda$

Definition at line 273 of file mode.h.

### 3.9.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.9.2.1 [angleConfiguration](#) \* eulerian\_horizontal4CBisectorMode6C::computeAngles (double h, double k, double l, const smatrix & UB, double lambda) const [virtual]

The main function to get a sample of angles from (h,k,l).

Solving equation (11) from : H. You "Angle calculations for a '4S+2D' six-circle diffractometer" (1999) *J. Appl. Cryst.*, **32**, 614-623.  $MU.ETA.CHI.PHI.U.B.(h,k,l) = Q$

**Parameters:**

- h* The scattering vector first element.
- k* The scattering vector second element.
- l* The scattering vector third element.
- UB* The product of the orientation matrix U by the crystal matrix B.
- lambda* The wave length.

**Returns:**

The computed sample of angles.

**See also:**

[eulerianDiffraction4C::test\\_eulerian4C\(\)](#)

Reimplemented from [eulerian\\_bisectorMode4C](#).

Definition at line 36 of file eulerian\_mode6C.cpp.

References [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::setChi\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::setDelta\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::setEta\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::setMu\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::setNu\(\)](#), and [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::setPhi\(\)](#).

**3.9.2.2 void eulerian\_horizontal4CBisectorMode6C::computeHKL (double & h, double & k, double & l, const smatrix & UB, double lambda, [angleConfiguration](#) \* ac) const**  
[virtual]

Compute (h,k,l) from a sample of angles.

Solve a linear system  $Ax = b$  where A is the product of the rotation matrices MU, ETA, CHI, PHI by the orientation matrix U and the crystal matrix B. b is the scattering vector  $||Q|| * (0., -\sin(\theta), \cos(\theta))$  and x = (h,k,l). Raise an exception when  $\det(A)=0$ .

**Parameters:**

- h* The scattering vector first element.
- k* The scattering vector second element.
- l* The scattering vector third element.
- UB* The product of the orientation matrix U by the crystal matrix B.
- lambda* The wave length.
- ac* The diffractometer current angle configuration.

**Exceptions:**

*when*  $\det(A)=0$ .

Reimplemented from [eulerian\\_bisectorMode4C](#).

Definition at line 152 of file eulerian\_mode6C.cpp.

References [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::getChi\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::getDelta\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::getEta\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::getMu\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::getNu\(\)](#), and [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::getPhi\(\)](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/mode.h
- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/eulerian\_mode6C.cpp

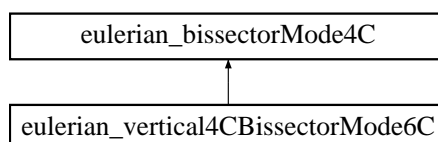


## 3.10 eulerian\_vertical4CBisectorMode6C Class Reference

Using an eulerian 6-circle diffractometer as an vertical 4C eulerian one in bisector mode.

```
#include <mode.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for eulerian\_vertical4CBisectorMode6C::



### Public Member Functions

- [eulerian\\_vertical4CBisectorMode6C](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- virtual [angleConfiguration](#) \* [computeAngles](#) (double h, double k, double l, const smatrix &UB, double lambda) const  
*The main function to get a sample of angles from (h,k,l).*
- virtual void [computeHKL](#) (double &h, double &k, double &l, const smatrix &UB, double lambda, [angleConfiguration](#) \*ac) const  
*Compute (h,k,l) from a sample of angles.*

### 3.10.1 Detailed Description

Using an eulerian 6-circle diffractometer as an vertical 4C eulerian one in bisector mode.

The eulerian 6-circle diffractometer in vertical bisector mode as described in

H. You "Angle calculations for a '4S+2D' six-circle diffractometer" (1999) *J. Appl. Cryst.*, **32**, 614-623.

In this mode  $\mu = \nu = 0$ , so the scattering vector formula becomes :

$Q = ||Q|| * (\cos(\theta), -\sin(\theta), 0.)$  where  $\theta$  comes from the Bragg relation :

$2\tau * \sin(\theta) = ||Q|| * \lambda$

Definition at line 326 of file mode.h.

### 3.10.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.10.2.1 [angleConfiguration](#) \* eulerian\_vertical4CBisectorMode6C::computeAngles (double h, double k, double l, const smatrix & UB, double lambda) const [virtual]

The main function to get a sample of angles from (h,k,l).

Solving equation (11) from : H. You "Angle calculations for a '4S+2D' six-circle diffractometer" (1999) *J. Appl. Cryst.*, **32**, 614-623.  $MU.ETA.CHI.PHI.U.B.(h,k,l) = Q$

**Parameters:**

- h* The scattering vector first element.
- k* The scattering vector second element.
- l* The scattering vector third element.
- UB* The product of the orientation matrix U by the crystal matrix B.
- lambda* The wave length.

**Returns:**

The computed sample of angles.

**See also:**

[eulerianDiffractionmeter4C::test\\_eulerian4C\(\)](#)

Reimplemented from [eulerian\\_bisectorMode4C](#).

Definition at line 304 of file eulerian\_mode6C.cpp.

References [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::setChi\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::setDelta\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::setEta\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::setMu\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::setNu\(\)](#), and [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::setPhi\(\)](#).

**3.10.2.2 void eulerian\_vertical4CBisectorMode6C::computeHKL (double & *h*, double & *k*, double & *l*, const smatrix & *UB*, double *lambda*, [angleConfiguration](#) \* *ac*) const**  
[virtual]

Compute (h,k,l) from a sample of angles.

Solve a linear system  $Ax = b$  where A is the product of the rotation matrices MU, ETA, CHI, PHI by the orientation matrix U and the crystal matrix B. b is the scattering vector  $||Q|| * (\cos(\theta), -\sin(\theta), 0)$  and x = (h,k,l). Raise an exception when  $\det(A)=0$ .

**Parameters:**

- h* The scattering vector first element.
- k* The scattering vector second element.
- l* The scattering vector third element.
- UB* The product of the orientation matrix U by the crystal matrix B.
- lambda* The wave length.
- ac* The diffractometer current angle configuration.

**Exceptions:**

*when*  $\det(A)=0$ .

Reimplemented from [eulerian\\_bisectorMode4C](#).

Definition at line 422 of file eulerian\_mode6C.cpp.

References [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::getChi\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::getDelta\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::getEta\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::getMu\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::getNu\(\)](#), and [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::getPhi\(\)](#).

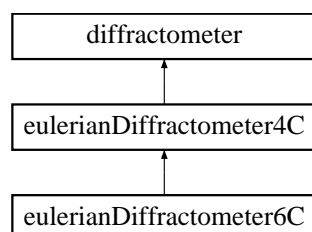
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/mode.h
- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/eulerian\_mode6C.cpp

## 3.11 eulerianDiffractionmeter4C Class Reference

```
#include <diffractionmeter.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for eulerianDiffractionmeter4C::



### Public Member Functions

- [eulerianDiffractionmeter4C](#) ([crystal](#) currentCristal, [source](#) currentSource, [reflection](#) &reflection1, [reflection](#) &reflection2, mode::diffractionmeter\_mode currentMode)  
*Commun constructor.*
- [eulerianDiffractionmeter4C](#) ([crystal](#) currentCristal, [source](#) currentSource, mode::diffractionmeter\_mode currentMode)  
*Constructor designed for testing purposes.*
- [eulerianDiffractionmeter4C](#) ([crystal](#) currentCristal, [source](#) currentSource)  
*Constructor designed for the 6C diffractionmeter.*
- [eulerianDiffractionmeter4C](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- virtual smatrix [computeR](#) ()  
*Compute the rotation matrix R for the current configuration.*
- virtual smatrix [computeR](#) ([angleConfiguration](#) \*ac1)  
*Compute the rotation matrix R for a given configuration.*
- virtual void [setMode](#) (mode::diffractionmeter\_mode currentMode)  
*Change the current computational mode.*
- virtual void [setAngleConfiguration](#) ([angleConfiguration](#) \*ac1)  
*Set the angle configuration and compute the corresponding rotation matrices.*
- virtual smatrix [computeU](#) ([angleConfiguration](#) \*ac1, double h1, double k1, double l1, [angleConfiguration](#) \*ac2, double h2, double k2, double l2)  
*Compute the orientation matrix from two non-parallel reflections and set the UB matrix.*
- virtual smatrix [computeU](#) ([reflection](#) &r1, [reflection](#) &r2)  
*Compute the orientation matrix U from two non-parallel reflections and set the UB matrix.*
- virtual [angleConfiguration](#) \* [computeAngles](#) (double h, double k, double l)

*The main function to compute a diffractometer configuration from a given (h, k, l).*

- `angleConfiguration * computeAngles_Rafin` (double h, double k, double l)  
*Test function to compute a diffractometer configuration from a given (h, k, l).*
- virtual void `computeHKL` (double &h, double &k, double &l, `angleConfiguration *ac`)  
*Compute (h,k,l) from a sample of angles.*
- virtual void `printOnScreen` () const  
*Print the content of the fields.*

## Static Public Member Functions

- int `test_eulerian4C` ()  
*Test all the main fonctionnalities.*

## Protected Attributes

- smatrix `m_OMEGA`  
*The matrix corresponding to the first circle.*
- smatrix `m_CHI`  
*The matrix corresponding to the second circle.*
- smatrix `m_PHI`  
*The matrix corresponding to the third circle.*
- smatrix `m_2THETA`  
*The matrix corresponding to the fourth circle i.e. the detector.*
- bool `m_directOmega`  
*To reverse the first circle rotation sense.*
- bool `m_directChi`  
*To reverse the second circle rotation sense.*
- bool `m_directPhi`  
*To reverse the third circle rotation sense.*
- bool `m_direct2Theta`  
*To reverse the fourth circle rotation sense i.e. the detector.*

### 3.11.1 Detailed Description

The eulerian 4-circle diffractometer. William R. Busing and Henri A. Levy "Angle calculation for 3- and 4- Circle X-ray and Neutron Diffractometer" (1967) *Acta Cryst.*, **22**, 457-464.

Definition at line 168 of file diffractometer.h.

### 3.11.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.11.2.1 [angleConfiguration](#) \* eulerianDiffractometer4C::computeAngles (double *h*, double *k*, double *l*) [virtual]

The main function to compute a diffractometer configuration from a given (h, k, l).

**Parameters:**

- h* The scattering vector first element.
- k* The scattering vector second element.
- l* The scattering vector third element.

**Returns:**

The computed sample of angles.

**See also:**

[eulerian\\_bisectorMode4C::computeAngles\(\)](#)

Implements [diffractometer](#).

Reimplemented in [eulerianDiffractometer6C](#).

Definition at line 241 of file diffractometer.cpp.

#### 3.11.2.2 [angleConfiguration](#) \* eulerianDiffractometer4C::computeAngles\_Rafin (double *h*, double *k*, double *l*) [virtual]

Test function to compute a diffractometer configuration from a given (h, k, l).

**Parameters:**

- h* The scattering vector first element.
- k* The scattering vector second element.
- l* The scattering vector third element.

**Returns:**

The computed sample of angles.

**See also:**

[eulerian\\_bisectorMode4C::computeAngles\\_Rafin\(\)](#)

Implements [diffractometer](#).

Definition at line 276 of file diffractometer.cpp.

#### 3.11.2.3 void eulerianDiffractometer4C::computeHKL (double & *h*, double & *k*, double & *l*, [angleConfiguration](#) \* *ac*) [virtual]

Compute (h,k,l) from a sample of angles.

Solve a linear system  $Ax = b$  where A is the product of the rotation matrices OMEGA, CHI, PHI by the orientation matrix U and the crystal matrix B. b is the scattering vector (q,0,0) and x = (h,k,l). Raise an exception when  $\det(A)=0$ .

**Parameters:**

- h* The scattering vector first element.
- k* The scattering vector second element.
- l* The scattering vector third element.
- ac* The diffractometer current angle configuration.

**Exceptions:**

- when*  $\det(A)=0$ .

Implements [diffractometer](#).

Reimplemented in [eulerianDiffractometer6C](#).

Definition at line 311 of file diffractometer.cpp.

### 3.11.2.4 smatrix eulerianDiffractometer4C::computeU ([reflection](#) & *r1*, [reflection](#) & *r2*) [virtual]

Compute the orientation matrix U from two non-parallel reflections and set the UB matrix.

William R. Busing and Henri A. Levy "Angle calculation for 3- and 4- Circle X-ray and Neutron Diffractometer" (1967) *Acta Cryst.*, **22**, 457-464. Compute h1c and h2c from equation (17)

h1c = B.h1

h2c = B.h2

h1phi = U.h1c

h2phi = U.h2c

u1phi = R1t.(1,0,0)

u2phi = R2t.(1,0,0)

h1phi // u1phi

h2phi // P(u1phi,u2phi)

**Parameters:**

- r1* The first reflection.
- r2* The second reflection.

**Returns:**

The orientation matrix U.

Implements [diffractometer](#).

Reimplemented in [eulerianDiffractometer6C](#).

Definition at line 344 of file diffractometer.cpp.

References [computeR\(\)](#), [cristal::get\\_B\(\)](#), [reflection::get\\_h\(\)](#), [reflection::get\\_k\(\)](#), [reflection::get\\_l\(\)](#), [reflection::getAngleConfiguration\(\)](#), and [reflection::set\(\)](#).

### 3.11.2.5 smatrix eulerianDiffractometer4C::computeU ([angleConfiguration](#) \* *ac1*, double *h1*, double *k1*, double *l1*, [angleConfiguration](#) \* *ac2*, double *h2*, double *k2*, double *l2*) [virtual]

Compute the orientation matrix from two non-parallel reflections and set the UB matrix.

William R. Busing and Henri A. Levy "Angle calculation for 3- and 4- Circle X-ray and Neutron Diffractometer" (1967) *Acta Cryst.*, **22**, 457-464. Compute h1c and h2c from equation (17)

$h1c = B.h1$

$h2c = B.h2$

$h1phi = U.h1c$

$h2phi = U.h2c$

$u1phi = R1t.(1,0,0)$

$u2phi = R2t.(1,0,0)$

$h1phi // u1phi$

$h2phi // P(u1phi,u2phi)$

#### Parameters:

**ac1** The first angle configuration corresponding to (h1,k1,l1).

**h1** The first reflection (h,k,l) first component.

**k1** The first reflection (h,k,l) second component.

**l1** The first reflection (h,k,l) third component.

**h2** The second reflection (h,k,l) first component.

**k2** The second reflection (h,k,l) second component.

**l2** The second reflection (h,k,l) third component.

**ac2** The second angle configuration corresponding to (h2,k2,l2).

#### Returns:

The orientation matrix U.

Implements [diffractometer](#).

Reimplemented in [eulerianDiffractometer6C](#).

Definition at line 335 of file diffractometer.cpp.

Referenced by [eulerianDiffractometer4C\(\)](#).

#### 3.11.2.6 int eulerianDiffractometer4C::test\_eulerian4C () [static]

Test all the main fonctionnalités.

Tests from 01 to 10 are basic tests to make sure computing B, U and angles from (h,k,l) are OK.

Tests from 11 to 20 are the same with differed settings.

Tests from 21 to 30 use Rafin algorithm to perform checks.

Tests from 31 to 40 compute angles from (h,k,l) and then (h,k,l) from these angles.

#### Returns:

0 if everything's fine, otherwise the number of the failing test.

Definition at line 2698 of file diffractometer.cpp.

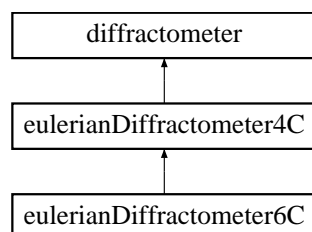
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/diffractometer.h
- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/diffractometer.cpp

## 3.12 eulerianDiffractionmeter6C Class Reference

```
#include <diffractometer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for eulerianDiffractionmeter6C::



### Public Member Functions

- **eulerianDiffractionmeter6C** (**crystal** currentCristal, **source** currentSource, **reflection** &reflection1, **reflection** &reflection2, mode::diffractometer\_mode currentMode)  
*Commun constructor.*
- **eulerianDiffractionmeter6C** ()  
*Default constructor.*
- virtual smatrix **computeR** ()  
*Compute the rotation matrix R for the current configuration.*
- virtual smatrix **computeR** (**angleConfiguration** \*ac1)  
*Compute the rotation matrix R for a given configuration.*
- virtual void **setMode** (mode::diffractometer\_mode currentMode)  
*Change the current computational mode.*
- virtual void **setAngleConfiguration** (**angleConfiguration** \*ac1)  
*Set the angle configuration and compute the corresponding rotation matrices.*
- virtual smatrix **computeU** (**angleConfiguration** \*ac1, double h1, double k1, double l1, **angleConfiguration** \*ac2, double h2, double k2, double l2)  
*Compute the orientation matrix from two non-parallel reflections and set the UB matrix.*
- virtual smatrix **computeU** (**reflection** &r1, **reflection** &r2)  
*Compute the orientation matrix U from two non-parallel reflections and set the UB matrix.*
- virtual **angleConfiguration** \* **computeAngles** (double h, double k, double l)  
*The main function to compute a diffractometer configuration from a given (h, k, l).*
- virtual void **computeHKL** (double &h, double &k, double &l, **angleConfiguration** \*ac)  
*Compute (h,k,l) from a sample of angles.*
- virtual void **printOnScreen** () const  
*Print the content of the fields.*



## Static Public Member Functions

- `int test_eulerian6C ()`  
*Test all the main fonctionnalities.*

## Protected Attributes

- `smatrix m_MU`  
*The matrix corresponding to the fourth circle.*
- `smatrix m_NU`  
*The matrix corresponding to the detector second circle.*
- `bool m_directMu`  
*To reverse the fourth circle rotation sense.*
- `bool m_directNu`  
*To reverse the rotation sense of the detector second circle.*

### 3.12.1 Detailed Description

The eulerian 6-circle diffractometer as described in H. You "Angle calculations for a '4S+2D' six-circle diffractometer" (1999) *J. Appl. Cryst.*, **32**, 614-623. Two circles have been added from a 4C diffractometer, MU for the crystal and NU for the detector. According to H. You conventions the circle previously called Omega has been renamed Eta and the detector circle called 2Theta has been renamed Delta.

Definition at line 370 of file diffractometer.h.

### 3.12.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.12.2.1 `angleConfiguration * eulerianDiffractometer6C::computeAngles (double h, double k, double l) [virtual]`

The main function to compute a diffractometer configuration from a given (*h*, *k*, *l*).

#### Parameters:

- h* The scattering vector first element.
- k* The scattering vector second element.
- l* The scattering vector third element.

#### Returns:

The computed sample of angles.

#### See also:

`eulerian_bisectorMode4C::computeAngles()`

Reimplemented from [eulerianDiffractometer4C](#).

Definition at line 59 of file `eulerian_diffractometer6C.cpp`.

Referenced by `test_eulerian6C()`.

### 3.12.2.2 `void eulerianDiffractometer6C::computeHKL (double & h, double & k, double & l, angleConfiguration * ac) [virtual]`

Compute (h,k,l) from a sample of angles.

Solve a linear system  $Ax = b$  where A is the product of the rotation matrices MU, ETA, CHI, PHI by the orientation matrix U and the crystal matrix B. b is the scattering vector and  $x = (h,k,l)$ . Raise an exception when  $\det(A)=0$ .

#### Parameters:

- h* The scattering vector first element.
- k* The scattering vector second element.
- l* The scattering vector third element.
- ac* The diffractometer current angle configuration.

#### Exceptions:

- when*  $\det(A)=0$ .

Reimplemented from [eulerianDiffractometer4C](#).

Definition at line 81 of file `eulerian_diffractometer6C.cpp`.

### 3.12.2.3 `smatrix eulerianDiffractometer6C::computeU (reflection & r1, reflection & r2) [virtual]`

Compute the orientation matrix U from two non-parallel reflections and set the UB matrix.

#### Parameters:

- r1* The first reflection.
- r2* The second reflection.

#### Returns:

- The orientation matrix U.

Reimplemented from [eulerianDiffractometer4C](#).

Definition at line 109 of file `eulerian_diffractometer6C.cpp`.

References `computeR()`, `cristal::get_B()`, `reflection::get_h()`, `reflection::get_k()`, `reflection::get_l()`, `reflection::getAngleConfiguration()`, and `source::getWaveLength()`.

### 3.12.2.4 `smatrix eulerianDiffractometer6C::computeU (angleConfiguration * ac1, double h1, double k1, double l1, angleConfiguration * ac2, double h2, double k2, double l2) [virtual]`

Compute the orientation matrix from two non-parallel reflections and set the UB matrix.

**Parameters:**

- ac1* The first angle configuration corresponding to (h1,k1,l1).
- h1* The first reflection (h,k,l) first component.
- k1* The first reflection (h,k,l) second component.
- l1* The first reflection (h,k,l) third component.
- h2* The second reflection (h,k,l) first component.
- k2* The second reflection (h,k,l) second component.
- l2* The second reflection (h,k,l) third component.
- ac2* The second angle configuration corresponding to (h2,k2,l2).

**Returns:**

The orientation matrix U.

Reimplemented from [eulerianDiffractionmeter4C](#).

Definition at line 100 of file eulerian\_diffractionmeter6C.cpp.

Referenced by eulerianDiffractionmeter6C().

**3.12.2.5 int eulerianDiffractionmeter6C::test\_eulerian6C () [static]**

Test all the main functionalities.

**Returns:**

0 if everything's fine, otherwise the number of the failing test.

Definition at line 314 of file eulerian\_diffractionmeter6C.cpp.

References [computeAngles\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::getChi\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::getDelta\(\)](#), [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration6C::getEta\(\)](#), and [eulerian\\_angleConfiguration4C::getPhi\(\)](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/diffractometer.h
- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/eulerian\_diffractionmeter6C.cpp

## 3.13 HKLException Class Reference

The HKL exception abstraction base class.

```
#include <HKLException.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [HKLException](#) (void)
- [HKLException](#) (const char \*reason, const char \*desc, const char \*origin, int severity=ERR)
- [HKLException](#) (const std::string &reason, const std::string &desc, const std::string &origin, int severity=ERR)
- [HKLException](#) (const [Error](#) &error)
- [HKLException](#) (const [HKLException](#) &src)
- [HKLException](#) & operator= (const [HKLException](#) &\_src)
- virtual ~[HKLException](#) (void)
- void [push\\_error](#) (const char \*reason, const char \*desc, const char \*origin, int severity=ERR)
- void [push\\_error](#) (const std::string &reason, const std::string &desc, const std::string &origin, int severity=ERR)
- void [push\\_error](#) (const [Error](#) &error)

### Public Attributes

- ErrorList [errors](#)

#### 3.13.1 Detailed Description

The HKL exception abstraction base class.

Definition at line 115 of file [HKLException.h](#).

#### 3.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

##### 3.13.2.1 [HKLException::HKLException](#) (void)

Initialization.

Definition at line 106 of file [HKLException.cpp](#).

References [push\\_error\(\)](#).

##### 3.13.2.2 [HKLException::HKLException](#) (const char \* *reason*, const char \* *desc*, const char \* *origin*, int *severity* = ERR)

Initialization.

Definition at line 115 of file [HKLException.cpp](#).

References [push\\_error\(\)](#).

### 3.13.2.3 **HKLException::HKLException** (const std::string & *reason*, const std::string & *desc*, const std::string & *origin*, int *severity* = ERR)

Initialization.

Definition at line 127 of file HKLException.cpp.

References `push_error()`.

### 3.13.2.4 **HKLException::HKLException** (const **Error** & *error*)

Initialization.

### 3.13.2.5 **HKLException::HKLException** (const **HKLException** & *src*)

Copy constructor.

Definition at line 139 of file HKLException.cpp.

References `errors`, and `push_error()`.

### 3.13.2.6 **HKLException::~~HKLException** (void) [virtual]

Release resources.

Definition at line 169 of file HKLException.cpp.

References `errors`.

## 3.13.3 Member Function Documentation

### 3.13.3.1 **HKLException** & **HKLException::operator=** (const **HKLException** & *\_src*)

`operator=`

Definition at line 150 of file HKLException.cpp.

References `errors`, and `push_error()`.

### 3.13.3.2 **void HKLException::push\_error** (const **Error** & *error*)

Push the specified error into the errors list.

Definition at line 200 of file HKLException.cpp.

References `errors`.

### 3.13.3.3 **void HKLException::push\_error** (const std::string & *reason*, const std::string & *desc*, const std::string & *origin*, int *severity* = ERR)

Push the specified error into the errors list.

Definition at line 189 of file HKLException.cpp.

References `errors`.

#### 3.13.3.4 void HKLException::push\_error (const char \* *reason*, const char \* *desc*, const char \* *origin*, int *severity* = ERR)

Push the specified error into the errors list.

Definition at line 178 of file HKLException.cpp.

References errors.

Referenced by HKLException(), and operator=().

### 3.13.4 Member Data Documentation

#### 3.13.4.1 ErrorList [HKLException::errors](#)

The errors list

Definition at line 185 of file HKLException.h.

Referenced by HKLException(), operator=(), push\_error(), and ~HKLException().

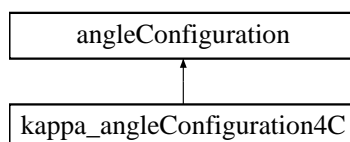
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/HKLException.h
- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/HKLException.cpp

## 3.14 kappa\_angleConfiguration4C Class Reference

```
#include <angleconfig.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for kappa\_angleConfiguration4C::



### Public Member Functions

- [kappa\\_angleConfiguration4C](#) ()  
*Empty constructor which sets everything to zero.*
- [kappa\\_angleConfiguration4C](#) (double, double, double, double)  
*Constructor with an already made Configuration.*
- [kappa\\_angleConfiguration4C](#) (double o, double c, double p, double t, double oi, double os, double ci, double cs, double pi, double ps, double ti, double ts)  
• [angleConfiguration](#) \* [makeCopy](#) () const  
*This redefined function builds a copy of the class.*
- void [printStaticOnScreen](#) ()  
*Print only static fields.*

### Protected Attributes

- double [m\\_omega](#)  
*The four angles.*

### Static Protected Attributes

- double [m\\_omegaInf](#) = 0.  
*The intervals associated to the angles.*

#### 3.14.1 Detailed Description

A space position in a 4C Kappa diffractometer is also defined by a set of three angles omega, kappa and phi but the geometry axes are different. The fourth angle to move the detector is 2theta. Angles are in radians.

Definition at line 195 of file angleconfig.h.

### 3.14.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 3.14.2.1 `kappa_angleConfiguration4C::kappa_angleConfiguration4C` (double *o*, double *c*, double *p*, double *t*, double *oi*, double *os*, double *ci*, double *cs*, double *pi*, double *ps*, double *ti*, double *ts*)

Constructor with an already made configuration and the angle intervals.

Definition at line 54 of file `kappa_angleconfiguration4C.cpp`.

References `m_omega`, and `m_omegaInf`.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- `D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/angleconfig.h`
- `D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/kappa_angleconfiguration4C.cpp`

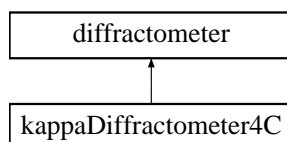


## 3.15 kappaDiffractometer4C Class Reference

This class describes a four-circle Kappa diffractometer.

```
#include <diffractometer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for kappaDiffractometer4C::



### Public Member Functions

- virtual smatrix [computeR](#) ()  
*Compute the rotation for the current configuration.*
- virtual smatrix [computeR](#) ([angleConfiguration](#) \*ac1)  
*Compute the rotation for a given configuration.*
- virtual void [setAngleConfiguration](#) ([angleConfiguration](#) \*ac1)  
*Set the angle configuration and compute the corresponding rotation matrices.*
- virtual smatrix [computeU](#) ([angleConfiguration](#) \*ac1, double h1, double k1, double l1, [angleConfiguration](#) \*ac2, double h2, double k2, double l2)  
*Compute the orientation matrix from two basic non-parallel reflections.*
- virtual smatrix [computeU](#) ([reflection](#) &r1, [reflection](#) &r2)  
*Compute the orientation matrix from two basic non-parallel reflections.*
- virtual void [printOnScreen](#) () const  
*Print the content of the fields.*

### Protected Attributes

- smatrix [m\\_OMEGA](#)  
*The matrix corresponding to the first circle.*
- smatrix [m\\_KAPPA](#)  
*The matrix corresponding to the second circle.*
- smatrix [m\\_PHI](#)  
*The matrix corresponding to the third circle.*
- smatrix [m\\_2THETA](#)  
*The matrix corresponding to the detector circle.*

- smatrix [m\\_ALPHA](#)  
*The matrix corresponding to the diffractometer inclination.*
- smatrix [m\\_OPP\\_ALPHA](#)  
*The opposite matrix corresponding to the diffractometer inclination  $m\_OPP\_ALPHA = -m\_ALPHA$ .*
- bool [m\\_directOmega](#)  
*To reverse the first circle rotation sense.*
- bool [m\\_directKappa](#)  
*To reverse the second circle rotation sense.*
- bool [m\\_directPhi](#)  
*To reverse the third circle rotation sense.*
- bool [m\\_direct2Theta](#)  
*To reverse the detector circle rotation sense.*
- double [m\\_kappa](#)  
*The incident angle.*

### 3.15.1 Detailed Description

This class describes a four-circle Kappa diffractometer.

The 4C Kappa diffractometer can be seen as a 4C eulerian one provided that we use some formula from the MHATT-CAT, Advanced Photon Source, Argonne National Laboratory ( [MHATT-CAT146s Newport Kappa Diffractometer](#) written by Donald A. Walko). Other interesting documentation can be found at the [Brookhaven National Laboratory](#)

Definition at line 311 of file diffractometer.h.

### 3.15.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.15.2.1 smatrix kappaDiffractometer4C::computeU ([reflection](#) & *r1*, [reflection](#) & *r2*) [virtual]

Compute the orientation matrix from two basic non-parallel reflections.

##### Parameters:

- r1* The first reflection.
- r2* The second reflection.

##### Returns:

The orientation matrix U.

Implements [diffractometer](#).

Definition at line 2759 of file diffractometer.cpp.

### 3.15.2.2 smatrix kappaDiffractometer4C::computeU ([angleConfiguration](#) \* *ac1*, double *h1*, double *k1*, double *l1*, [angleConfiguration](#) \* *ac2*, double *h2*, double *k2*, double *l2*) [virtual]

Compute the orientation matrix from two basic non-parallel reflections.

#### Parameters:

- ac1* The first angle configuration corresponding to (h1,k1,l1).
- h1* The first reflection (h,k,l) first component.
- k1* The first reflection (h,k,l) second component.
- l1* The first reflection (h,k,l) third component.
- h2* The second reflection (h,k,l) first component.
- k2* The second reflection (h,k,l) second component.
- l2* The second reflection (h,k,l) third component.
- ac2* The second angle configuration corresponding to (h2,k2,l2).

#### Returns:

The orientation matrix U.

Implements [diffractometer](#).

Definition at line 2765 of file diffractometer.cpp.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

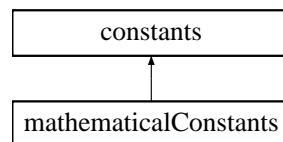
- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/diffractometer.h
- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/diffractometer.cpp

## 3.16 mathematicalConstants Class Reference

Store all the basic mathematical constants we need.

```
#include <constants.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for mathematicalConstants::



### Static Protected Attributes

- double `m_PI` = 3.14159265358979323846  
*The usual value of pi 3.14159265358979323846.*
- double `m_EPSILON_0` = 1.e-6  
*The first precision factor.*
- double `m_EPSILON_1` = 1.e-10  
*The second precision factor.*
- double `m_convertAnglesToDegrees` = 57.2957795130823208  
*To convert an angle in degrees (180 / PI).*
- double `m_convertAnglesToRadians` = 0.01745329251994330  
*To convert an angle in radians (PI / 180).*

### 3.16.1 Detailed Description

Store all the basic mathematical constants we need.

Definition at line 40 of file constants.h.

### 3.16.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 3.16.2.1 double `mathematicalConstants::m_convertAnglesToDegrees` = 57.2957795130823208 [static, protected]

To convert an angle in degrees (180 / PI).

All the computations are performed in radians, however if we want to have them in degrees (to print them out for example) we just need to multiply them by its value.

Definition at line 21 of file constants.cpp.

**3.16.2.2** double `mathematicalConstants::m_EPSILON_0` = 1.e-6 [static, protected]

The first precision factor.

This precision factor is used to test if two angles are the same.

Definition at line 11 of file constants.cpp.

**3.16.2.3** double `mathematicalConstants::m_EPSILON_1` = 1.e-10 [static, protected]

The second precision factor.

This precision factor is used to test if a double precision number is null.

Definition at line 15 of file constants.cpp.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/constants.h
- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/constants.cpp

## 3.17 mode Class Reference

```
#include <mode.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- virtual [angleConfiguration](#) \* [computeAngles](#) (double *h*, double *k*, double *l*, const smatrix &UB, double *lambda*) const =0

*The main function to get a sample of angles from (h,k,l).*

- virtual [angleConfiguration](#) \* [computeAngles\\_Rafin](#) (double *h*, double *k*, double *l*, const smatrix &UB, double *lambda*) const =0

*Designed for testing with Rafin algorithm.*

- virtual void [computeHKL](#) (double &*h*, double &*k*, double &*l*, const smatrix &UB, double *lambda*, [angleConfiguration](#) \*ac) const =0

*Compute (h,k,l) from a sample of angles.*

### Protected Member Functions

- [mode](#) ()

#### 3.17.1 Detailed Description

This file defines the mode telling how to use the diffractometer.

Definition at line 26 of file mode.h.

#### 3.17.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

##### 3.17.2.1 `mode::mode ()` [protected]

Default constructor.

- protected to make sure this class is abstract.

Definition at line 9 of file eulerian\_bissectormode4C.cpp.

#### 3.17.3 Member Function Documentation

##### 3.17.3.1 `virtual angleConfiguration* mode::computeAngles (double h, double k, double l, const smatrix &UB, double lambda) const` [pure virtual]

The main function to get a sample of angles from (h,k,l).

##### Parameters:

*h* The scattering vector first element.

*k* The scattering vector second element.

*l* The scattering vector third element.

*UB* The product of the orientation matrix U by the crystal matrix B.

*lambda* The wave length.

**Returns:**

The computed sample of angles.

**3.17.3.2** `virtual angleConfiguration* mode::computeAngles_Rafin (double h, double k, double l,  
const smatrix & UB, double lambda) const` [pure virtual]

Designed for testing with Rafin algorithm.

**Parameters:**

*h* The scattering vector first element.

*k* The scattering vector second element.

*l* The scattering vector third element.

*UB* The product of the orientation matrix U by the crystal matrix B.

*lambda* The wave length.

**Returns:**

The computed sample of angles.

**3.17.3.3** `virtual void mode::computeHKL (double & h, double & k, double & l, const smatrix &  
UB, double lambda, angleConfiguration * ac) const` [pure virtual]

Compute (h,k,l) from a sample of angles.

**Parameters:**

*h* The scattering vector first element.

*k* The scattering vector second element.

*l* The scattering vector third element.

*UB* The product of the orientation matrix U by the crystal matrix B.

*lambda* The wave length.

*ac* The diffractometer current angle configuration.

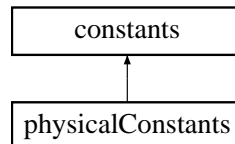
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/mode.h
- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/eulerian\_bissectormode4C.cpp

## 3.18 physicalConstants Class Reference

```
#include <constants.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for physicalConstants::



### Static Protected Attributes

- double `m_tau` = 1.

#### 3.18.1 Detailed Description

Store all the basic physical constants we need to define conventions.

Definition at line 20 of file constants.h.

#### 3.18.2 Member Data Documentation

##### 3.18.2.1 double `physicalConstants::m_tau` = 1. [static, protected]

We have to deal with two different conventions, if (a1,a2,a3) is the direct lattice and (b1,b2,b3) the reciprocal one,  $a_1 * b_1 = 1$  or  $a_1 * b_1 = 2\pi$  so we introduce  $\tau = 1$  or  $2\pi$  according to the user's choice.

Definition at line 3 of file constants.cpp.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/constants.h
- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/constants.cpp



## 3.19 reflection Class Reference

```
#include <reflection.h>
```

### Public Types

- enum [relevance](#)

### Public Member Functions

- [reflection](#) ([angleConfiguration](#) \*this\_angleConfiguration, double h, double k, double l, [relevance](#) this\_relevance)
- double [computeAngle](#) (double h2, double k2, double l2) const
- void [set](#) ([angleConfiguration](#) \*this\_angleConfiguration, double h, double k, double l, [relevance](#) this\_relevance)

### Static Public Member Functions

- double [test\\_computeAngle](#) ()  
*Designed to test [computeAngle\(\)](#).*

#### 3.19.1 Detailed Description

The class reflection defines a configuration where a diffraction occurs. It is defined by a set of angles, the 3 integers associated to the reciprocal lattice and its relevance to make sure we only take into account significant reflections.

Definition at line 12 of file reflection.h.

#### 3.19.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

##### 3.19.2.1 enum [reflection::relevance](#)

The enumeration "relevance" to make sure we only take into account significant reflections.

Definition at line 17 of file reflection.h.

#### 3.19.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

##### 3.19.3.1 [reflection::reflection](#) ([angleConfiguration](#) \* this\_angleConfiguration, double h, double k, double l, [relevance](#) this\_relevance)

Make a copy of the angle configuration to make sure we don't share it in memory.

Definition at line 19 of file reflection.cpp.

References [angleConfiguration::makeCopy\(\)](#).

### 3.19.4 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.19.4.1 `double reflection::computeAngle (double h2, double k2, double l2) const`

Compute the angle between two reflections to get an idea about their level of relevance (return the absolute value). As an example it can detect if (*m\_h*, *m\_k*, *m\_l*) and (*h2*, *k2*, *l2*) are parallel.

Definition at line 47 of file reflection.cpp.

Referenced by test\_computeAngle().

#### 3.19.4.2 `void reflection::set (angleConfiguration * this_angleConfiguration, double h, double k, double l, relevance this_relevance)`

Make a copy of the angle configuration to make sure we don't share it in memory.

Definition at line 32 of file reflection.cpp.

References `angleConfiguration::makeCopy()`.

Referenced by `eulerianDiffractometer4C::computeU()`, `diffractometer::diffractometer()`, and `eulerianDiffractometer4C::setAngleConfiguration()`.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/reflection.h
- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/reflection.cpp

## 3.20 source Class Reference

The class source defines a light ray and its main characteristics.

```
#include <source.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [source](#) ([source](#) &S)  
*Check if S units are consistent with the crystal units for the diffractometry computations.*
- [source](#) (double \_waveLength, double \_monoAngle, double \_undGap)  
*\_waveLength unit must be consistent with the crystal length units.*
- void [setWaveLength](#) (double \_wl)  
*\_wl unit must be consistent with the crystal length units.*

### 3.20.1 Detailed Description

The class source defines a light ray and its main characteristics.

Definition at line 6 of file source.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/source.h
- D:/DS-sources/HKL/src/source.cpp

# Index

- ~Error
  - Error, [17](#)
- ~HKLException
  - HKLException, [41](#)
- angleConfiguration, [5](#)
- check\_cristal
  - cristal, [8](#)
- computeAngle
  - reflection, [54](#)
- computeAngles
  - diffractometer, [13](#)
  - eulerian\_bisectorMode4C, [24](#)
  - eulerian\_horizontal4CBisectorMode6C, [27](#)
  - eulerian\_vertical4CBisectorMode6C, [29](#)
  - eulerianDiffractometer4C, [33](#)
  - eulerianDiffractometer6C, [37](#)
  - mode, [50](#)
- computeAngles\_Rafin
  - diffractometer, [13](#)
  - eulerian\_bisectorMode4C, [25](#)
  - eulerianDiffractometer4C, [33](#)
  - mode, [51](#)
- computeHKL
  - diffractometer, [13](#)
  - eulerian\_bisectorMode4C, [26](#)
  - eulerian\_horizontal4CBisectorMode6C, [28](#)
  - eulerian\_vertical4CBisectorMode6C, [30](#)
  - eulerianDiffractometer4C, [33](#)
  - eulerianDiffractometer6C, [38](#)
  - mode, [51](#)
- computeR
  - diffractometer, [14](#)
- computeU
  - diffractometer, [14](#)
  - eulerianDiffractometer4C, [34](#)
  - eulerianDiffractometer6C, [38](#)
  - kappaDiffractometer4C, [46](#)
- constants, [6](#)
- cristal, [7](#)
  - check\_cristal, [8](#)
  - cristal, [7](#), [8](#)
- set, [8](#)
- test\_cristals, [9](#)
- desc
  - Error, [17](#)
- diffractometer, [10](#)
  - computeAngles, [13](#)
  - computeAngles\_Rafin, [13](#)
  - computeHKL, [13](#)
  - computeR, [14](#)
  - computeU, [14](#)
  - diffractometer, [12](#)
  - m\_U, [15](#)
  - m\_UB, [15](#)
- Error, [16](#)
  - ~Error, [17](#)
  - desc, [17](#)
  - Error, [16](#)
  - operator=, [17](#)
  - origin, [17](#)
  - reason, [17](#)
  - severity, [17](#)
- errors
  - HKLException, [42](#)
- eulerian\_angleConfiguration4C, [19](#)
- eulerian\_angleConfiguration6C, [21](#)
- eulerian\_bisectorMode4C, [24](#)
- eulerian\_bisectorMode4C
  - computeAngles, [24](#)
  - computeAngles\_Rafin, [25](#)
  - computeHKL, [26](#)
- eulerian\_horizontal4CBisectorMode6C, [27](#)
- eulerian\_horizontal4CBisectorMode6C
  - computeAngles, [27](#)
  - computeHKL, [28](#)
- eulerian\_vertical4CBisectorMode6C, [29](#)
- eulerian\_vertical4CBisectorMode6C
  - computeAngles, [29](#)
  - computeHKL, [30](#)
- eulerianDiffractometer4C, [31](#)
- eulerianDiffractometer4C
  - computeAngles, [33](#)
  - computeAngles\_Rafin, [33](#)
  - computeHKL, [33](#)

- computeU, 34
- test\_eulerian4C, 35
- eulerianDiffractionmeter6C, 36
- eulerianDiffractionmeter6C
  - computeAngles, 37
  - computeHKL, 38
  - computeU, 38
  - test\_eulerian6C, 39
- HKLException, 40
  - ~HKLException, 41
  - errors, 42
  - HKLException, 40, 41
  - operator=, 41
  - push\_error, 41
- kappa\_angleConfiguration4C, 43
  - kappa\_angleConfiguration4C, 44
- kappa\_angleConfiguration4C
  - kappa\_angleConfiguration4C, 44
- kappaDiffractionmeter4C, 45
- kappaDiffractionmeter4C
  - computeU, 46
- m\_convertAnglesToDegrees
  - mathematicalConstants, 48
- m\_EPSILON\_0
  - mathematicalConstants, 48
- m\_EPSILON\_1
  - mathematicalConstants, 49
- m\_tau
  - physicalConstants, 52
- m\_U
  - diffractionmeter, 15
- m\_UB
  - diffractionmeter, 15
- mathematicalConstants, 48
- mathematicalConstants
  - m\_convertAnglesToDegrees, 48
  - m\_EPSILON\_0, 48
  - m\_EPSILON\_1, 49
- mode, 50
  - computeAngles, 50
  - computeAngles\_Rafin, 51
  - computeHKL, 51
  - mode, 50
- operator=
  - Error, 17
  - HKLException, 41
- origin
  - Error, 17
- physicalConstants, 52
- physicalConstants
  - m\_tau, 52
- push\_error
  - HKLException, 41
- reason
  - Error, 17
- reflection, 53
  - computeAngle, 54
  - reflection, 53
  - relevance, 53
  - set, 54
- relevance
  - reflection, 53
- set
  - crystal, 8
  - reflection, 54
- severity
  - Error, 17
- source, 55
- test\_crystals
  - crystal, 9
- test\_eulerian4C
  - eulerianDiffractionmeter4C, 35
- test\_eulerian6C
  - eulerianDiffractionmeter6C, 39