



Cynthia L. Chandler<sup>1</sup>, Molly D. Allison<sup>2</sup>, Robert C. Groman<sup>2</sup>, Theresa McKee<sup>3</sup>, Peter H. Wiebe<sup>2</sup>, and David M. Glover<sup>1</sup>  
1 ~ Marine Chemistry and Geochemistry, Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution (WHOI), Woods Hole, MA 2 ~ Biology Department, WHOI 3 ~ Physical Oceanography Department, WHOI

<http://bco-dmo.org>

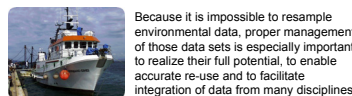
## Abstract

The Carbon Retention in a Colored Ocean (CARIACO) Time Series site, located off the coast of Venezuela, has been conducting monthly ship-based data collection since November 1995. Because it is impossible to resample environmental data, proper management of those data sets is especially important to realize their full potential, to enable data re-use, and to facilitate integration of data from multiple disciplines and the synthesis of data from time-series collections. In recognition of this, in 2006 the US National Science Foundation funded the Biological and Chemical Oceanography Data Management Office (BCO-DMO) to serve the data management requirements of investigators funded by the NSF's Biological and Chemical Oceanography Sections. BCO-DMO staff members collaborate with investigators ensuring that data are documented, stored, disseminated, and protected long after the research is completed. Highlighting the available CARIACO project data and related biogeochemical data, we describe the capabilities of the BCO-DMO data system: geospatial and text-based data discovery and access systems; recent enhancements to data search tools; data export and download utilities; and strategic use of controlled vocabularies to facilitate data integration and improve interoperability.

See related BCO-DMO poster # 402 in Special Session 30 "Management of Plankton Distribution and Abundance Data"

## BCO-DMO and CARIACO

The Biological and Chemical Oceanography Data Management Office (BCO-DMO) is located at Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution and is funded to serve the data management requirements of investigators funded by the NSF's Biological and Chemical Oceanography Sections and Office of Polar Programs (OPP) Antarctic Sections (ANT) Organisms & Ecosystems Program. Data managers at BCO-DMO work closely with Laura Lorenzoni, one of the CARIACO project investigators, to create data sets from the data gathered during the monthly cruises aboard the R/V Hermano Gines to the CARIACO time-series site at 10.5° N, 64.67° W. Cruises have been conducted since November 1995 to examine the hydrography, primary production, zooplankton, biogeochemistry and settling flux of particulate material.



Because it is impossible to resample environmental data, proper management of those data sets is especially important to realize their full potential, to enable accurate re-use and to facilitate integration of data from many disciplines.

## Acknowledgments

We work closely with CARIACO researchers to:  
• generate consistent data products from the research data sets  
• collect documentation, including sampling and analytical protocols  
• record sufficient metadata to support accurate reuse of the data  
• complement data quality control done by originating investigators  
• ensure public availability and efficient access to the data  
• ensure permanent archive of the data at the US National Oceanographic Data Center

## Data Discovery

A variety of interfaces provide access to the data. All are driven by the metadata for each data set recorded in the BCO-DMO database. Documentation describing the who, what, where, when and why of each data set provides essential information used to discover the data in the BCO-DMO system.

### Text-based Access to CARIACO Data

The screenshot shows the BCO-DMO website interface. On the left, there is a 'Database' menu with options like Welcome, Programs, Projects, Deployments, Instruments, Currencies, People, Affiliations, Funding, and Parameters. The 'Projects' option is selected, showing a list of projects including CARIACO. The main content area displays details for the CARIACO project, including its location (Carbon Retention in a Colored Ocean Project), project goals, and a map of the study area off the coast of Venezuela.

## Data Access and Display

### Online Directory Listing of CARIACO Data

The screenshot shows the online directory listing for CARIACO data. It includes a search bar, a list of data sets, and a table of data sets with columns for Name, Date, and Description. A red box highlights the 'Select to display the metadata' button.

### Data Set Documentation Metadata

The screenshot shows the data set documentation metadata for the 'Niskin\_bottle' data set. It includes a 'Dataset description' section, a 'Metadata' table, and a 'Metadata' section. A red box highlights the 'Select to view the data listing' button.

## Data Export

### Data Listing

The screenshot shows the data listing for CARIACO data. It includes a table of data sets with columns for Name, Date, and Description. A red box highlights the 'From the data display view, Other Operations' button.

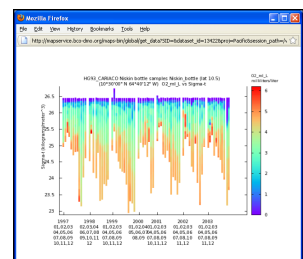
Data can be exported in a variety of user selected formats including comma or tab-separated values, Matlab, NetCDF, or Ocean Data View and then read into the display or analysis application of choice.

## Geospatial MapServer for Data Discovery Access and Display

The Geospatial MapServer, shown below, provides data discovery (steps 1-4), data access (step 5) and data display (step 6: 'graph it' that generates the graph below and to the right or 'get it' to generate the data listing below, far right).

The screenshot shows the Geospatial MapServer interface. It includes a map of the study area off the coast of Venezuela. The interface is divided into several sections: 'Available Data', 'Map Layers', 'Map Tools', 'Map View', and 'Map Data'. The 'Map Layers' section shows a list of data sets, and the 'Map View' section shows a map of the study area. The 'Map Data' section shows a table of data sets.

Locate the data of interest using the geospatial interface, then create 'quick-view' plots or listings.



Example of CARIACO Niskin bottle data exported from BCO-DMO and opened in Ocean Data View

